

The NUBASE2012 evaluation of nuclear properties*

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Abstract This paper presents the NUBASE2012 evaluation that contains the recommended values for nuclear and decay properties of nuclides in their ground and excited isomeric ($T_{1/2} \geq 100$ ns) states. All nuclides for which some experimental information is known are considered. NUBASE2012 covers all up to date experimental data published in primary (journal articles) and secondary (mainly laboratory reports and conference proceedings) references, together with the corresponding bibliographical information. During the development of NUBASE2012, the data available in the “Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File” (ENSDF) database were consulted, and critically assessed of their validity and completeness. Furthermore, a large amount of new and somewhat older experimental results that were missing in ENSDF were compiled, evaluated and included in NUBASE2012. The atomic mass values were taken from the “Atomic Mass Evaluation” (AME2012, second and third parts of the present issue). In cases where no experimental data were available for a particular nuclide, trends in the behavior of specific properties in neighboring nuclei (TNN) were examined. This approach allowed to estimate, whenever possible, values for a range of properties, and are labeled in NUBASE2012 as “non-experimental” (flagged “#”). Evaluation procedures and policies that were used during the development of this database are presented, together with a detailed table of recommended values and their uncertainties.

AMDC: <http://amdc.in2p3.fr/> and <http://amdc.impcas.ac.cn/>

1 Introduction

The NUBASE2012 evaluation responds to the needs expressed by the broader nuclear physics community, from fundamental physics to applied nuclear sciences, for a database that contains values of the main nuclear properties such as masses, excitation energies of isomers, half-lives, spins and parities, decay modes and their intensities, for all known nuclei in their ground and excited isomeric states. The information presented in NUBASE2012 represents the fundamental building blocks of the modern nuclear physics, and specifically, of the nuclear structure and nuclear astrophysics research.

The main application of NUBASE2012 is the “Atomic Mass Evaluation” (AME2012, second and third parts of this issue) where it is imperative to have an unambiguous identification of all states involved in a particular decay, reaction or mass-spectrometer measurement. This is the primary reason for which the two evaluations are coupled

together in the present issue, for the second time since the existence of the “Atomic Mass Evaluation”.

Furthermore, with the advances of modern mass-spectrometry techniques (see for example Ref. [1] for a recent review) and the availability of intense stable and rare-isotope beams, a large number of unstable nuclei can be produced in a single experiment in their ground and/or isomeric states, and their masses measured with high precision. Thus, NUBASE2012 can be particularly useful for future mass measurements, where an unambiguous identification of complex mass-spectrometry data would be required.

Applications of this database in astrophysics network calculations and in theoretical studies of nuclear properties, where complete and reliable data for all known nuclei are needed, are also envisioned.

Least, but not last, the evaluated data presented in NUBASE2012 could also be useful for specialists in a

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number of applied nuclear fields, such as reactor engineering and design, fuel manufacture and transport, waste management, material analysis, medical diagnostics and radiotherapy, and anywhere when one needs to access basic information on any nuclide.

The information presented in NUBASE2012 fulfills several user-demanded requirements, namely that it is: a) *complete* – includes all measured quantities and their uncertainties, b) *up-to-date* – results from the most recent publications are included, c) *credible and reliable* – identifies and resolves contradictory results that exist in the scientific literature, as well as in other nuclear physics databases, d) *properly referenced* – provides comprehensive information on the validity of all included data.

Most of the data included in NUBASE2012 are in principle available in two other evaluated databases: the “Evaluated Nuclear Structure Data File” (ENSDF) [2] and the “Atomic Mass Evaluation” (AME2012). Therefore, the demand for NUBASE could be partially fulfilled by combining these two databases into a single, ‘horizontal’ structure, which exists in AME, but not in ENSDF. Therefore, NUBASE2012 could be considered, at a first level, as a critical compilation of those two evaluations.

During the development of the present version of NUBASE, it was imperative to examine all available literature for several nuclides in order to revise results adopted in ENSDF, and to ensure that the recommended data are presented in a consistent way (*credibility and reliability* requirement). It was also necessary to include all the available experimental data, i.e. not only results that were published recently (*up-to-date* requirement), but also somewhat older data that were missing in ENSDF (*completeness* requirement). This implied that some extra evaluation work was carried out, and the corresponding conclusions are added as remarks in the NUBASE2012 table, and in the discussions below. Complete bibliographical references are given for all added experimental data in Table I (see Section 2.7).

There is no strict literature cut-off date for the results presented in the NUBASE2012 evaluation: all data available to the authors until the material was sent for publication (November 18, 2012) have been included. Results that were not incorporated for special reasons, e.g. the need for a heavy revision of the evaluation at a too late stage of development, are added, whenever possible, in remarks to the relevant data.

Note added in proof: ref. [2012Ku.1] reports a large amount of important information, in particular the identification of a series of $N - Z = 42$ nuclides between Eu and Yb that we include without any estimated mass, half-life or spin/parity.

The contents of NUBASE2012 are described below,

together with the adopted policies that were used during the development of this database. Section 3 presents the updating procedures, while the electronic distribution and interactive display of NUBASE2012 contents by means of a World Wide Web Java program, and by a stand-alone PC-program are described in Section 4.

The present publication includes and updates all the information given in the previous versions of NUBASE: NUBASE1997 [3], and NUBASE2003 [4].

2 Contents of NUBASE2012

The NUBASE2012 evaluation contains recommended values for some of the basic nuclear ground state properties, for 3350 nuclides, derived from all available experimental results, together with some values estimated by extrapolating neighboring ones.

NUBASE2012 also contains data on isomeric states (see Section 2.2 for our current definition). We presently know 1256 nuclides which have one, or more, excited isomers in accordance with our definition. In the very first version, NUBASE1997, we used a limited definition of isomers where only states with half-lives greater than 1 millisecond were considered. In NUBASE2003 we started to extend the definition of isomers to nuclidic species living longer than 100 ns. Now, in NUBASE 2012, we include all isomers that have half-lives beyond 100 ns. We also include the description of those states that are involved in mass measurements and thus found in AME2012, see there, Part I, Section 1.1, p. 1288).

NUBASE2012 also contains data on 186 isobaric analog states (IAS), which have their excitation energies determined either through an “internal relation” and taken from ENSDF, or through an “external relation” and then determined by the AME2012 evaluation.

For each nuclide (A, Z), and for each state (ground or excited isomer), the following properties were compiled and, when necessary, evaluated: mass excess, excitation energy of excited isomeric states, half-life, spin and parity, decay modes and their intensities, isotopic abundance (for a stable nuclide), year of discovery and the corresponding bibliographical information for all experimental values of the above items.

References to published articles in the description sections below are given by means of the keynumber style used in the “Nuclear Science Reference” (NSR) bibliographical database [5]. However, references quoted in the NUBASE2012 tables are abbreviated with the first two digits of the year of publication being omitted from the NSR keynumbers. The complete reference list is given at the end of this issue, together with the references used in AME (see AME2012, Part II, p. 1863 in this issue).

In NUBASE1997, the names and chemical symbols used for elements 104 to 109 were those recommended by the Commission on Nomenclature of Inorganic Chemistry of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC) [6] at that time. Unfortunately, those names were changed shortly before the publication of NUBASE2003, and two of them were displaced, thus resulting in some confusion (see also AME2012, Part I, Section 6.8, p. 1317). Therefore, the users should be careful when comparing results between NUBASE1997, NUBASE2003 and the present NUBASE2012 evaluations for nuclides with $Z \geq 104$. The final adopted names and symbols, as recommended by IUPAC are:

104	rutherfordium	(Rf),
105	dubnium	(Db),
106	seaborgium	(Sg),
107	bohrium	(Bh),
108	hassium	(Hs),
109	meitnerium	(Mt),
110	darmstadtium	(Ds),
111	roentgenium	(Rg),
112	copernicium	(Cn),
114	flerovium	(Fl), and
116	livermorium	(Lv).

The provisional symbols Ed, Ef, Eh, and Ei are used in NUBASE2012 for yet unnamed elements with $Z = 113$, 115, 117, and 118, respectively.

NUBASE2012 contains numerical and bibliographical data for all known nuclides for which at least one property is known experimentally, in their ground state, excited isomeric states with $T_{1/2} \geq 100$ ns, and isobaric analog states. However, it also includes information on, as yet, unobserved nuclides. These were estimated from the observed trends in experimental data of neighboring nuclei (TNN), in order to ensure continuity in the set of considered nuclides simultaneously in N , in Z , in A and in $N - Z$. The chart of nuclides defined in this way has a smooth contour.

For the yet experimentally unknown properties, values were estimated, here also, from the observed trends in experimental data of neighboring nuclei (TNN). Similarly to AME2012, where masses estimated from trends in the mass surface (TMS) are flagged with the symbol '#', the same symbol is used in NUBASE2012 to indicate TNN non-experimental information.

Such an approach allowed to follow the behavior of a particular nuclear property as a function of N and Z in a consistent way, and it proved beneficial in deducing values for other relevant properties. For example, the excitation energy of the $J^\pi = 11/2^-$ ($h_{11/2}$) isomer in ^{179}Tl is not

known experimentally. However, from the extrapolation of values known for the same configuration in the neighboring $^{177}\text{Tl}^m$, $^{181}\text{Tl}^*$ and $^{183}\text{Tl}^m$ nuclides, one can estimate $E_x = 825\#(10\#)$ keV for $^{179}\text{Tl}^m$. This value, together with the known decay properties of the daughter ($^{175}\text{Au}^m$) and grand-daughter ($^{171}\text{Ir}^m$) nuclides, allowed to obtain estimates of the excitation energies of similar isomers in the latter nuclides at $E_x = 167\#(12\#)$ and $160\#(14\#)$ keV, respectively, which are not directly measured yet.

As a rule, one standard deviation (1σ) are used in NUBASE2012 to represent the uncertainties associated with the quoted experimental values. Unfortunately, authors of research articles do not always define the meaning of their reported uncertainties and, under such circumstances, those values were assumed to be one standard deviation. In many cases, uncertainties are not even given at all. They are estimated by us, considering the limitations of the experimental method.

Values and corresponding uncertainties for properties given in NUBASE2012 are rounded off, even if unrounded values were given in the literature or in ENSDF. In cases where the two furthest-left significant digits in the uncertainty were larger than a given limit (set to 30 for the energy levels, and to be consistent with AME2012, and set at 25 for all other quantities, as used in ENSDF), values and uncertainties were rounded off accordingly (see examples in the 'Explanation of table'). In a few cases, that were deemed essential for traceability purposes (e.g. isotopic abundances), the original (unrounded) value is also provided in the associated comment.

2.1 Mass excess

In NUBASE2012 the mass excess values (in keV), defined as being differences between the atomic mass (in mass units) and the mass number, together with their one standard deviation uncertainty, are taken from the mass tables of the AME2012 evaluation (in the third part of this issue, see p. 1608).

In general, knowledge of masses can provide valuable information on decay modes, and in particular on particle-decay instability, or beta-delayed particle-decay, for nuclei far from the line of stability. Such information is used in NUBASE2012, and can be seen, for example, in ^{10}He , ^{39}Sc , ^{62}As , or ^{63}As . In some cases, the claimed observations of decay modes were rejected when it was found that they were not allowed through simple energetics.

Fig. 1 is a complement of the main table, and displays the mass precisions, in a color-coded chart, as a function of N and Z .

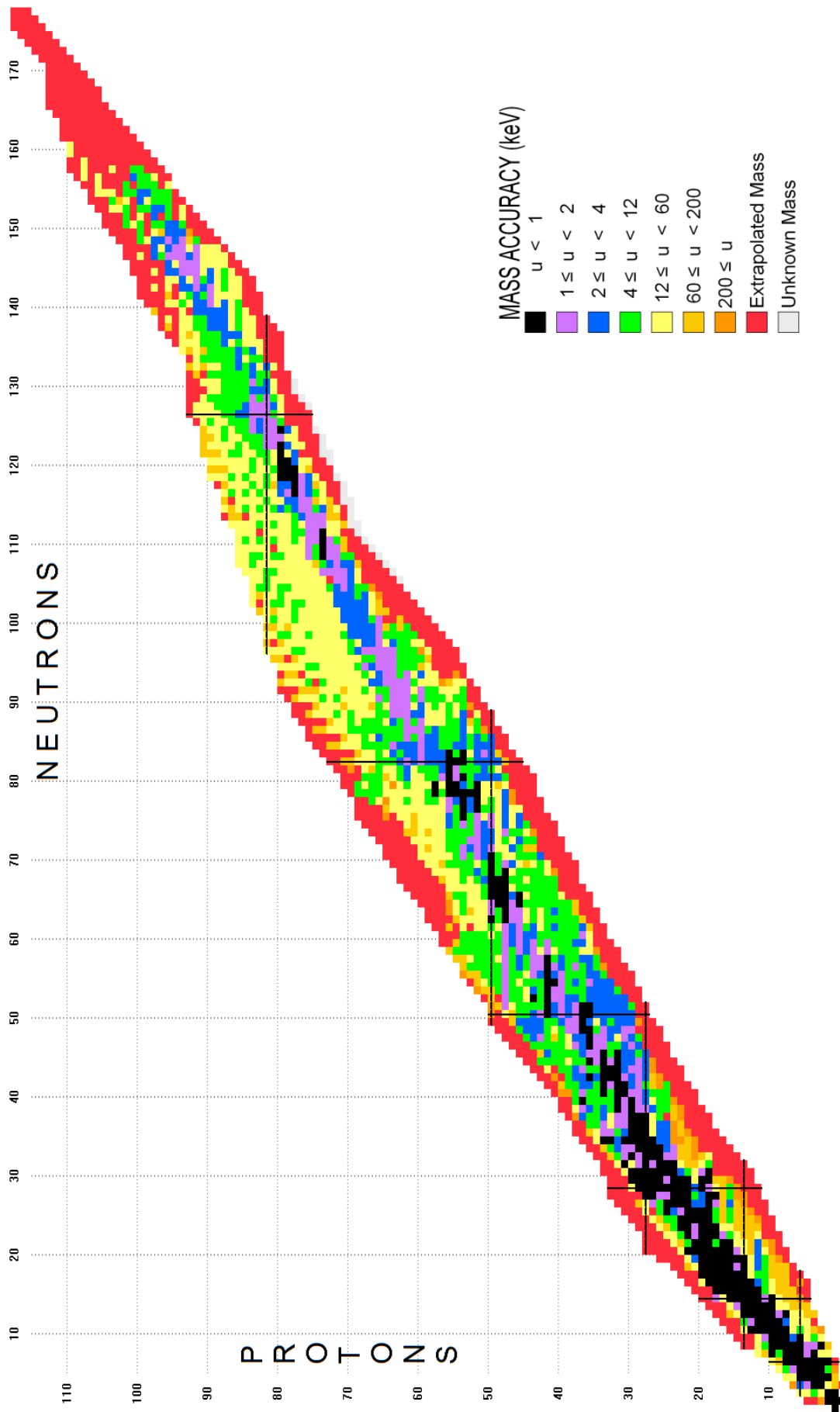


Figure 1: Chart of the nuclides displaying the accuracy 'u' of masses (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

2.2 Isomers

In the very first version of NUBASE in 1997 [3], a simple definition for excited isomers, as being excited states with a half-life longer than 1 millisecond, was adopted. All β -decaying states were included in this category, since they have a lower half-life limit of ~ 1 millisecond (the shortest-lived known β -decaying nuclide is ^{35}Na with a half-life of 1.5 millisecond). However, already at that time, it was noticed that such a definition had several drawbacks, particularly for neutron-deficient alpha- and proton-decaying nuclides, where much shorter-lived states were known to exist. Moreover, several cases are known where isomers with half-lives far below 1 millisecond survive longer than the ground state itself (e.g. ^{216}Fr).

In NUBASE2003, the definition of isomers was extended to include excited states with half-lives longer than 100 ns, and in this new edition all such states are now included. The main reasons for this change were to include: a) all shorter-lived proton- and alpha-decaying states observed in many neutron-deficient nuclei, b) short-lived isomers that may be detected in mass-spectrometry experiments performed at accelerator facilities following the immediate detection of the produced nuclei, and c) all possible isomers that may be detected in such experiments in the future.

In NUBASE2012, isomers are given in order of increasing excitation energy, and identified by appending the letters 'm', 'n', 'p', 'q', or 'r' to the nuclide name, e.g. ^{90}Nb for the ground state, $^{90}\text{Nb}^m$ for the first excited isomer, $^{90}\text{Nb}^n$ for the second one, and $^{90}\text{Nb}^p$, $^{90}\text{Nb}^q$, and $^{90}\text{Nb}^r$ for the third, fourth and fifth ones, respectively. In only two instances, ^{179}Ta and ^{214}Ra , a sixth isomer had to be included. They were labeled provisionally with the letter 'x'.

The excitation energy of a given isomer can be determined using different experimental methods, which, in general, belong to the category of either internal or external relations. A typical internal relation is via the γ -ray decay energy, or a combination of such γ -ray energies. The most accurate values for the excitation energies of isomers that are deduced by this approach can be found in ENSDF, where a least-squares fitting procedure is applied to all γ rays along the decay path of a particular isomer. However, when no such internal relations can be established, then the relation to other nuclides (external relations) can be used to deduce the mass (or energy) difference between excited and ground state isomers. In all such cases, the most accurate values can only be derived using the AME evaluation procedure. The values are therefore taken from AME2012. The origin (the method used to establish the

external relation) of each isomer data element is then indicated by a two-letter code, next to the isomer excitation energy, in the NUBASE2012 table (see the Explanation of Table I, p. 1176). For internal relations, the origin field is left blank and the numerical values are taken either from ENSDF or from literature updates. In the latter case, a least-squares fit to the measured γ -ray decay energies from complex level schemes was applied, in accordance with the current ENSDF policies.

An interesting example is the proton decay of ^{167}Ir , studied using a parent-daughter correlation technique [1997Da07], where the excitation energy of the isomer was determined as $E_x = 175.3(2.2)$ keV. This information is displayed by the 'p' symbol in the origin field. In addition, recent α -decay studies of proton-rich nuclides using a spatial and time correlation technique with highly-segmented silicon strip detectors not only showed that a number of α lines assigned earlier to ground states belong in reality to isomers, but they also determined values for their excitation energies.

Another example is ^{181}Pb , where the α -decay half-life that was previously assigned to $^{181}\text{Pb}^m$ is now associated with the ground state [1996To01]. More recent work [2005Ca.A, 2005Ca43, 2009An20] established that the main α line feeds the 77 keV excited state in ^{177}Hg , and subsequently decays to the ground state via γ -ray emission.

It also happens that connections between excited and ground state isomers can be obtained by both internal relations and one, or more, external relations with comparable accuracies. All relations are then combined within the AME2012 data by adding an equation that relates the excitation energy obtained from ENSDF (or from literature), so that the AME2012 derives the best combination of all data. For example, the AME2012 derives the mass of $^{178}\text{Lu}^m$ at 66% from $E_x(\text{IT})=120(3)$ keV [1993Bu02] and at 34% from $^{176}\text{Lu}(\text{t,p})^{178}\text{Lu}^m=4482(5)$ keV [1981Gi01]. The adjusted excitation energy is thus 123.8(2.6) keV.

In some cases excitation energies known from internal relations are essential in order to determine the mass of the ground state. Those values are labeled in the NUBASE table with 'IT' in the origin field. They are entered as an equation in AME2012 so that the ground state mass can be derived (e.g. $^{72}\text{Zn}^m$, $^{197}\text{Pb}^m$, or $^{234}\text{Pa}^m$). Similarly, when the precision of the excitation energy is not much higher than that deduced from the energy relation to another nuclide, the internal relation is then added to the AME2012 dataset, in order to use this accuracy (e.g. $^{181}\text{Hg}^m$ or $^{185}\text{Tl}^m$). An interesting case is the mass and excitation energy of the second excited isomer of ^{186}Tl ($^{186}\text{Tl}^n$), where only its mass is experimentally known from a Penning trap (ISOLTRAP) measurement [2012Bo.A]. However, the well

known transition from $^{186}\text{Tl}^n$ to $^{186}\text{Tl}^m$ allows to determine not only the mass of the latter isomer, but also the excitation energy of the α -decaying isomer in the parent nuclide, $^{190}\text{Bi}^m$.

When the existence of an isomer is under discussion, it is flagged with ‘EU’ (“existence uncertain”) in the origin field (e.g. $^{73}\text{Zn}^n$). A comment is generally added to indicate why this existence is questioned, or where this matter is discussed in more detail. Depending on the degree of confidence in the existence of a particular state, the mass excess and excitation energy values can be given or omitted in the NUBASE table (e.g. $^{138}\text{Pm}^n$). In the latter case, the label “non existent” appears in the place of the excitation energy field.

When a particular isomer was initially reported as “discovered”, but later it was proved to be an error, it is flagged with ‘RN’ in the origin field, indicating “reported, non existent” (e.g. $^{248}\text{Es}^m$). In such cases, no mass excess or excitation energy values are given, and, similarly to the ‘EU’ choice above, a “non existent” label is added.

Note: the use of the two flags, ‘EU’ and ‘RN’, was extended to cases where the discovery of a nuclide is questioned (e.g. ^{260}Fm or ^{289}Lv). However, an estimate for the ground state mass, derived from trends in the mass surface (TMS), is always given in AME2012 and NUBASE2012.

In several instances, lower and higher limits for the excitation energy of a particular isomer are presented in ENSDF. The policy of NUBASE2012 is that a uniform distribution of probabilities is assumed, which yields a mid-range value and a 1σ uncertainty correspondent to 29% of the range (see Appendix B of the AME2012, Part I, p. 1326, for a complete description of this procedure). For example, the excitation energy of the $^{162}\text{Tm}^m$ isomer is known from ENSDF to be above the 66.90 keV level. However, there is also solid experimental evidence that it is below the 192 keV level, and so this information is presented (after rounding off) as $E_x = 130(40)$ keV in NUBASE2012. When such a value is based on theoretical considerations, or from TNN, the resulting E_x is considered as a non-experimental quantity and the value is consequently flagged with the ‘#’ symbol.

In cases where the uncertainty of the excitation energy, σ , is relatively large as compared to the E_x value, the assignment of the level as a ground or isomeric state is uncertain. If $\sigma > E_x/2$, a ‘*’ flag is added in the NUBASE2012 table.

The ordering of several ground and excited isomeric states were reversed as compared to the recommendations in ENSDF. These cases are flagged with the ‘&’ symbol in the NUBASE2012 table. In several other instances, evidence was found for states located below the adopted ground state in ENSDF. There are also cases where the

trends in neighboring nuclides, with the same parities in N and Z , strongly suggest that such a lower state should exist. Such results were added in the NUBASE2012 table and are easily located, as they are flagged with the ‘&’ symbol. In a growing number of cases, new experimental information on masses led to a reversal of the ordering between previously assigned ground and excited isomeric states.

Thanks to the coupling of the NUBASE2012 and AME2012 evaluations, all changes in the ordering of nuclear levels have been carefully synchronized.

Finally, there are cases where data exist on the order of the isomers, e.g. if one of them is known to decay into the other one, or if the Gallagher-Moszkowski rule [7] for relative positions of combinations points strongly to one of the two as being the ground-state. Detailed discussions can be found in Ref. [8]. Only for ^{256}Md , we discovered too late, relative to the publication deadline, that the adopted ordering had to be reversed, we only added a remark to $^{256}\text{Md}^m$ (see p. 1278).

2.2.a Isobaric analog states (IAS)

The recent revived interest in isomeric states has naturally led to taking a closer look at the historically very popular subject of isobaric analog states (see AME2012, Part I, Section 6.4, p. 1314). In NUBASE2012 we have included mainly the $T = 3/2$ to $T = 3$ experimentally observed IAS. These states are generally labelled with i or j superscripts, for members of successively higher multiplets.

Some nuclides belong simultaneously to several categories, for example, they may be in their ground state but they may also be the IAS of some other ground state nucleus, as is the general case for ground state mirror nuclei. Here, the IAS label is not present since these nuclides are already naturally included in the database. Another exception is the set of $N = Z$ $T = 1$ odd-odd ground state nuclides, accessible via super-allowed beta decay, and which are also already part of the original dataset of ground state masses. They are: $^{34}\text{Cl}_{17}$, $^{42}\text{Sc}_{21}$, $^{46}\text{V}_{23}$, $^{50}\text{Mn}_{25}$, $^{54}\text{Co}_{27}$, $^{62}\text{Ga}_{31}$ and $^{70}\text{Br}_{35}$. The reader might note that only the $Z = 29$ and $Z = 33$ do not show up in this series, since their ground states are $T = 0$, as expected from theory. Finally, there are eight excited isomers, $^{16}\text{N}^m$, $^{26}\text{Al}^m$, $^{34}\text{Cl}^m$, $^{38}\text{K}^m$, $^{46}\text{V}^m$, $^{50}\text{Mn}^m$, $^{54}\text{Co}^m$ and $^{72}\text{Ga}^m$ which are also IAS. In such cases, the isomer labels (‘m’, ‘n’, ...) are used preferentially over the IAS labels. Here we note with interest that five of them have experimental excitation energies determined, at least partly, by the JYFLTRAP-Jyvaskylä Penning trap (see AME2012, Part I, Section 6.2, p. 1311).

In NUBASE2012 there are roughly 180 unique IAS

masses, of which 107 are evaluated in the AME via external relations, and 70 cases previously evaluated through internal relations and published in ENSDF. There are a remaining seven cases where no clear experimental data is available, and although some Isobaric Multiplet Mass Equation (IMME) [9] and Coulomb Displacement Energy (CDE) [10] calculations point to a likely IAS state, their existence cannot yet be certified experimentally (see for example $^{56}\text{Zn}^i$ and the discussion in [2007Do17]).

The isospin multiplet appartenance given in the table is the logical IAS multiplet value, and has not necessarily been deduced experimentally.

2.3 Half-life

For some light nuclei, the half-life ($T_{1/2}$) is deduced from the total level width (Γ_{cm}) by the equation $\Gamma_{\text{cm}} T_{1/2} \simeq \hbar \times \ln 2$:

$$T_{1/2} (\text{s}) \simeq 4.562 \cdot 10^{-22} / \Gamma_{\text{cm}} (\text{MeV}).$$

The following units are used for a convenient display: seconds (s) and its sub-units, minutes (m), hours (h), days (d) and years (y) and its sub-units. Conversion between years and seconds or days could follow various definitions: Julian year, Gregorian year, tropical year 1900, epoch 2000, . . . , differing only slightly from each other. A fixed value of:

$$1 \text{ y} = 31\,556\,926 \text{ s} \quad \text{or}$$

$$1 \text{ y} = 365.2422 \text{ d}$$

was adopted in NUBASE2012.

Asymmetric uncertainties for half-lives, $T_{1/2}^{+a}_{-b}$, are often presented in the literature. However, in order for these values to be used in practical applications, they need to be symmetrized. A rough symmetrization procedure was used earlier (see AME1995) where the central value was taken as the mid-value between the upper and lower 1σ -equivalent limits, $T_{1/2} + (a-b)/2$, and the uncertainty was defined to be the average of the two uncertainties, $(a+b)/2$. A strict statistical derivation (see Appendix A) shows that a better approximation for the central value can be obtained by using

$$T_{1/2} + 0.64 \times (a-b).$$

The exact expression for asymmetric uncertainties, adopted in NUBASE2012, is presented in Appendix A.

When two or more independent measurements were reported in the literature, the corresponding values were weighted by their reported precisions and then averaged. While doing this, the NORMALIZED CHI, χ_n (or ‘consistency factor’ or ‘Birge ratio’), as defined in AME2012, Part I, Section 5.2, p. 1306) is considered. Only when χ_n

is larger than 2.5, departure from the statistical result is allowed, and the external uncertainty for the average result is adopted. This follows the same policy that is discussed and adopted in AME2012, Part I, Section 5.4, p. 1307. Very rarely, when χ_n is so large that all individual uncertainties can be considered as irrelevant, the arithmetic (unweighed) average is adopted and the corresponding uncertainty is based on the dispersion of the values. In such cases, the list of values that were averaged, together with the χ_n value (when relevant) and the reason for this choice, are given in the NUBASE2012 table. When contradictory (conflicting) results were identified in the literature, a great deal of attention was focused on establishing the reason for such discrepancies, and consequently, to reject the corresponding bad data. The reasons for such decisions are given as comments in the NUBASE2012 table.

In experiments where extremely rare events are detected and where the results are very asymmetric (e.g. studies of super-heavy nuclei), the half-life values reported in different publications were not directly averaged. Instead, when the information presented in the literature was sufficient (e.g. ^{264}Hs or ^{269}Hs), the delay times associated with the individual events were combined, as prescribed by Schmidt *et. al.* [1984Sc13].

Some experimental results are reported in the literature as a range of values with a most probable lower and upper limit. These are treated, as in the case of isomer excitation energies (see preceding page), as a uniform distribution of probabilities.

In the NUBASE2012 table, an upper or a lower limit on the half-life value is given for nuclides identified using a time-of-flight technique. The following policies were considered:

i) For *observed* nuclides, the lower limit for the half-life is given in place of the uncertainty (see ^{44}Si , p. 1188). However, such limits should be used with caution, since it may be far below the actual half-life. In order to avoid confusion, a somewhat more realistic estimate (flagged with #), derived from trends in the half-life values of neighboring nuclides (TNN), is also given.

ii) For nuclides that were sought for, but *not observed*, the upper limit is given in place of the actual half-life uncertainty. Upper limits for a dozen of undetected nuclides were evaluated by F. Pougheon [1993Po.A], based on the time-of-flight of the experimental setup and the production yields expected from TNN (e.g. ^{21}Al).

When ground state half-lives for nuclides with the same parities in Z and N are found to vary smoothly (see Fig. 2), interpolation or extrapolation procedure is used to obtain reasonable estimates for unknown nuclei.

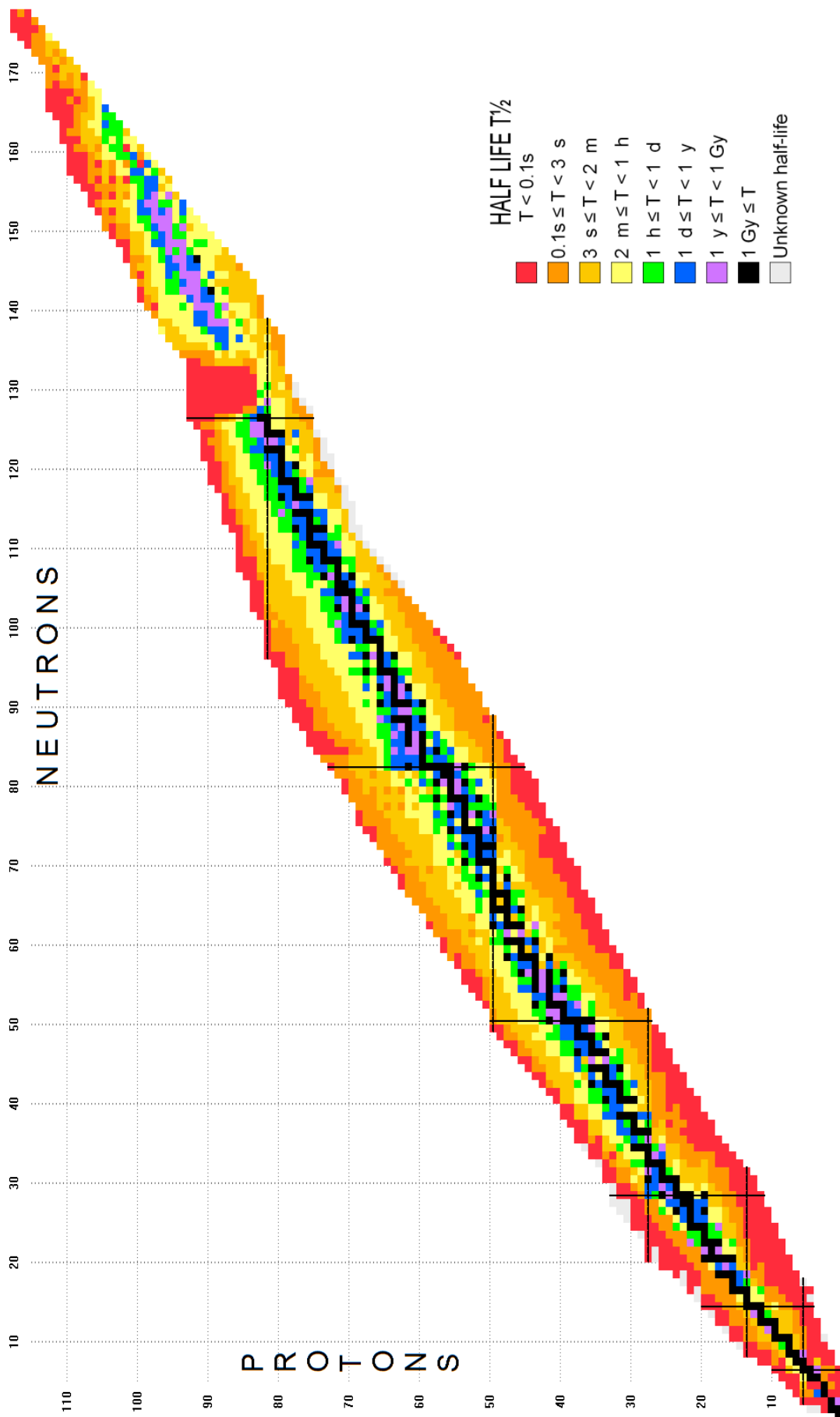


Figure 2: Chart of the nuclides displaying half-lives (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

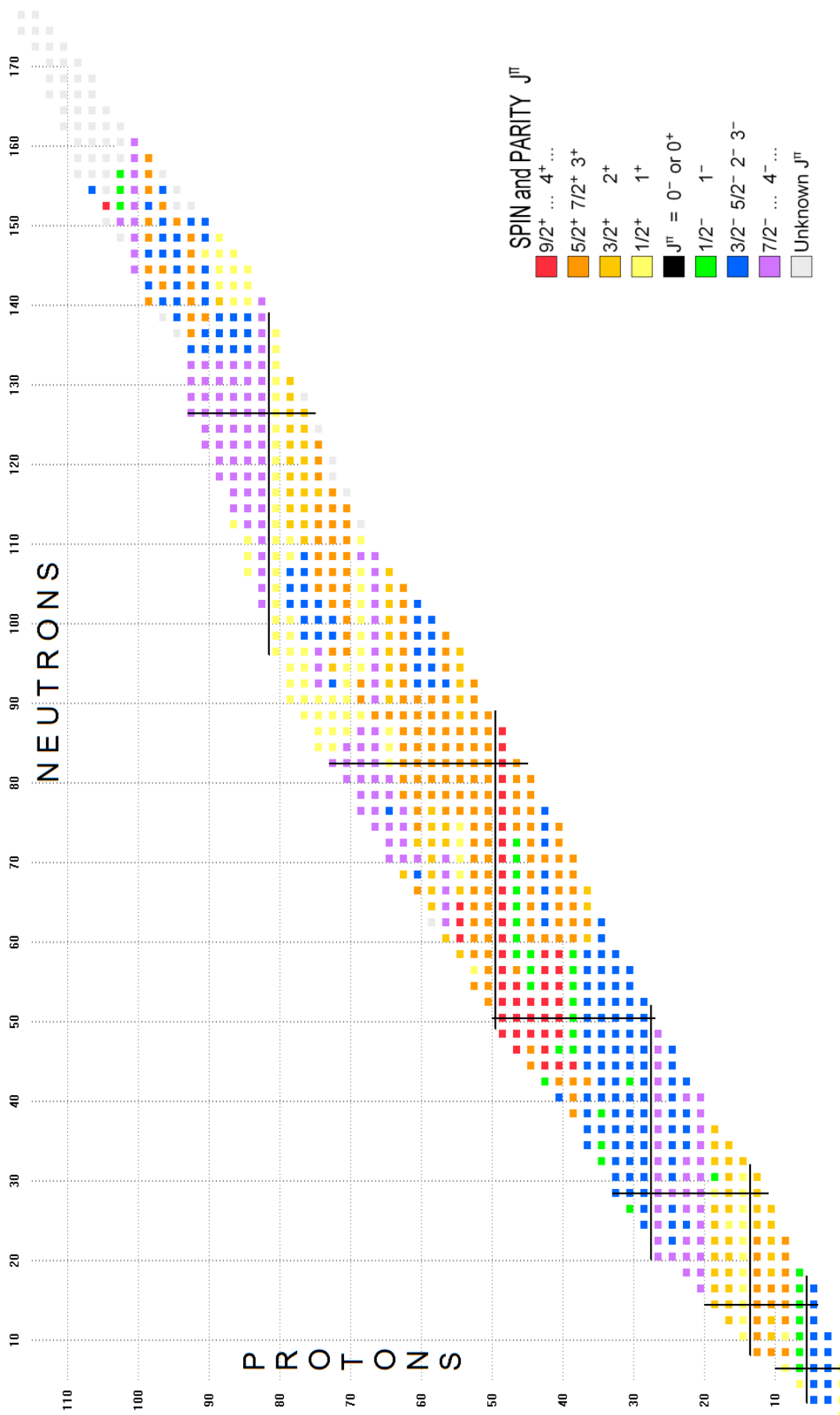


Figure 3: Chart of the nuclides displaying spins and parities. Only the odd-Z even-N nuclides are shown (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

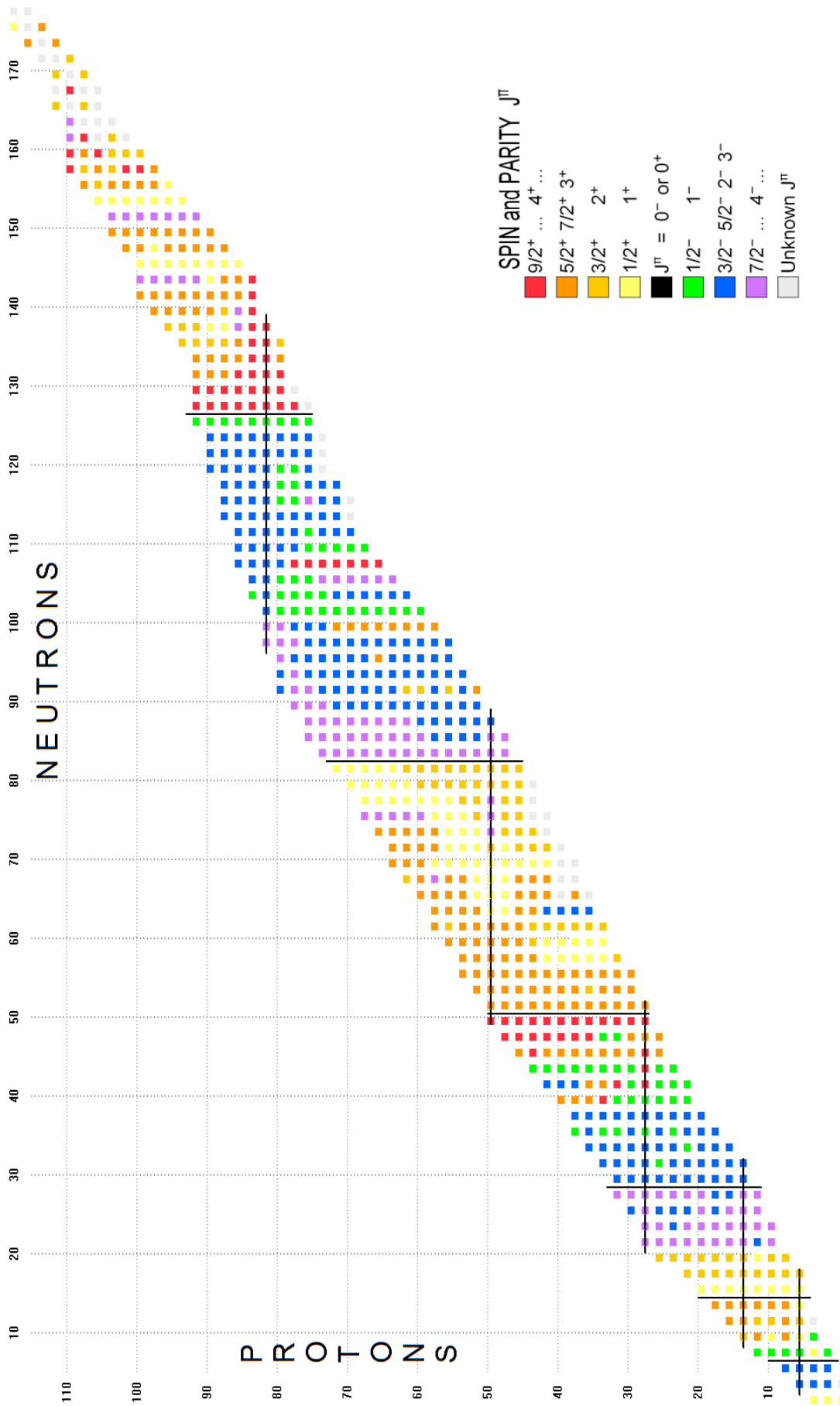


Figure 4: Chart of the nuclides displaying spins and parities. Only the even-Z odd-N nuclides are shown (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

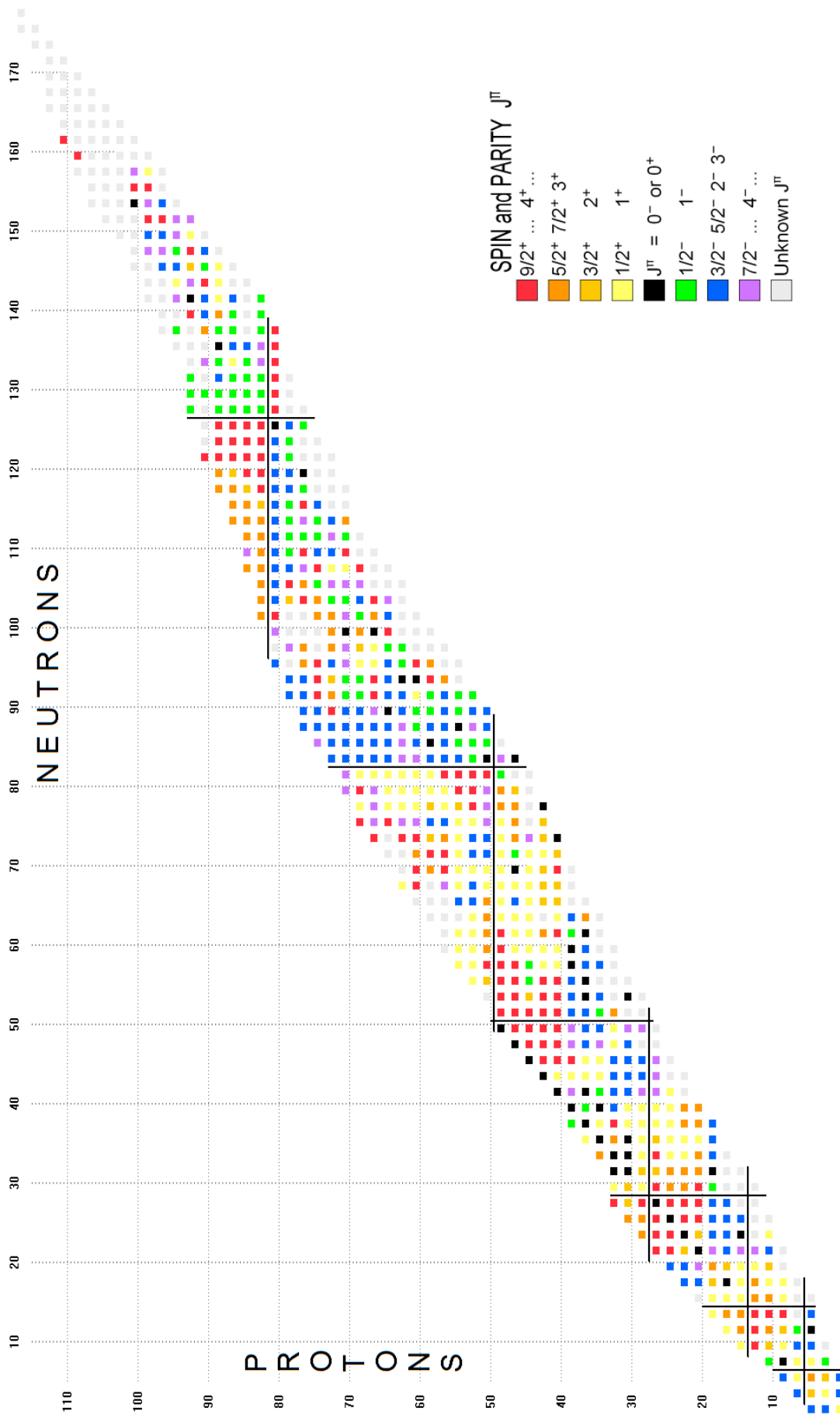


Figure 5: Chart of the nuclides displaying spins and parities. Only the odd-Z odd-N nuclides are shown (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

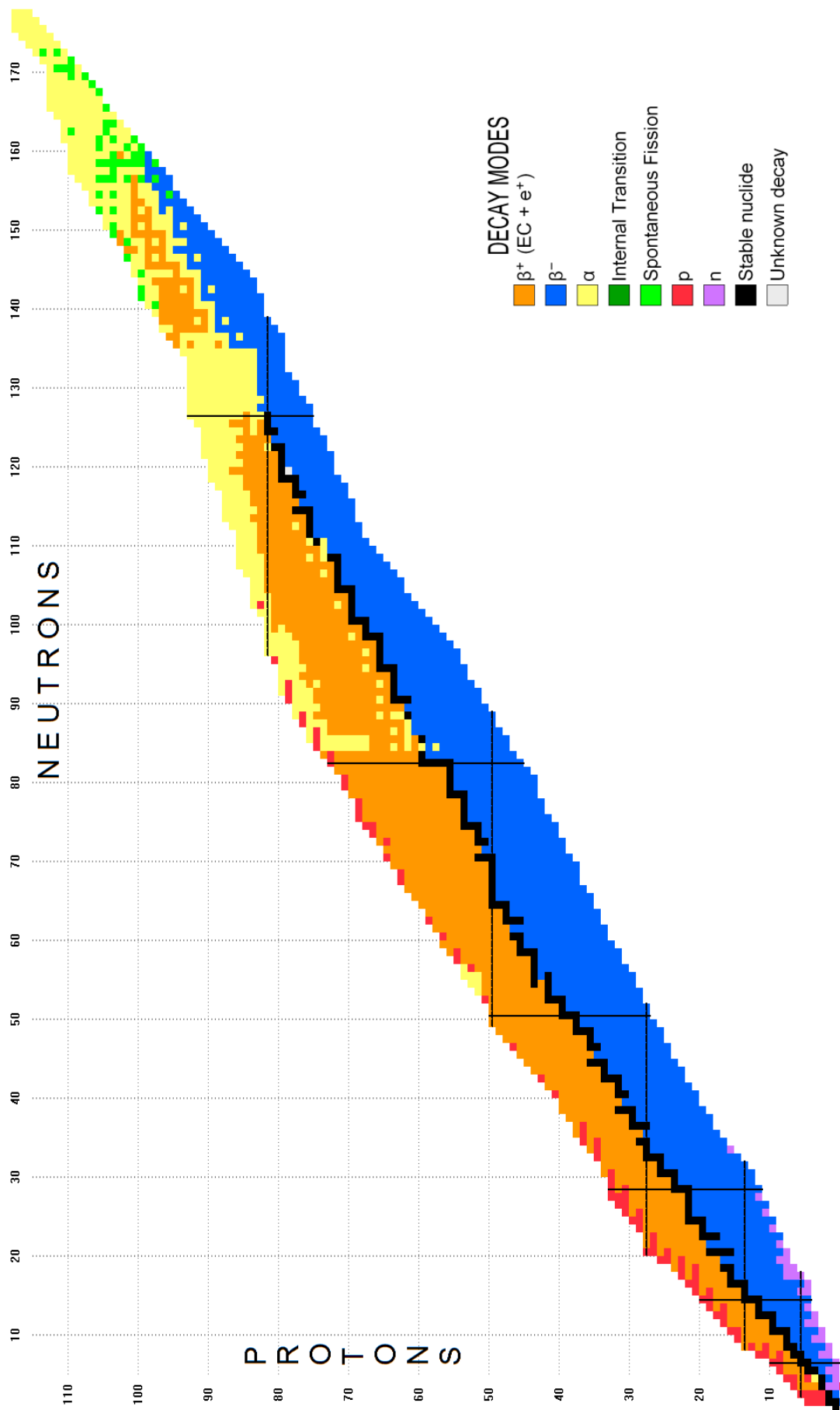


Figure 6: Chart of the nuclides displaying decay modes (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

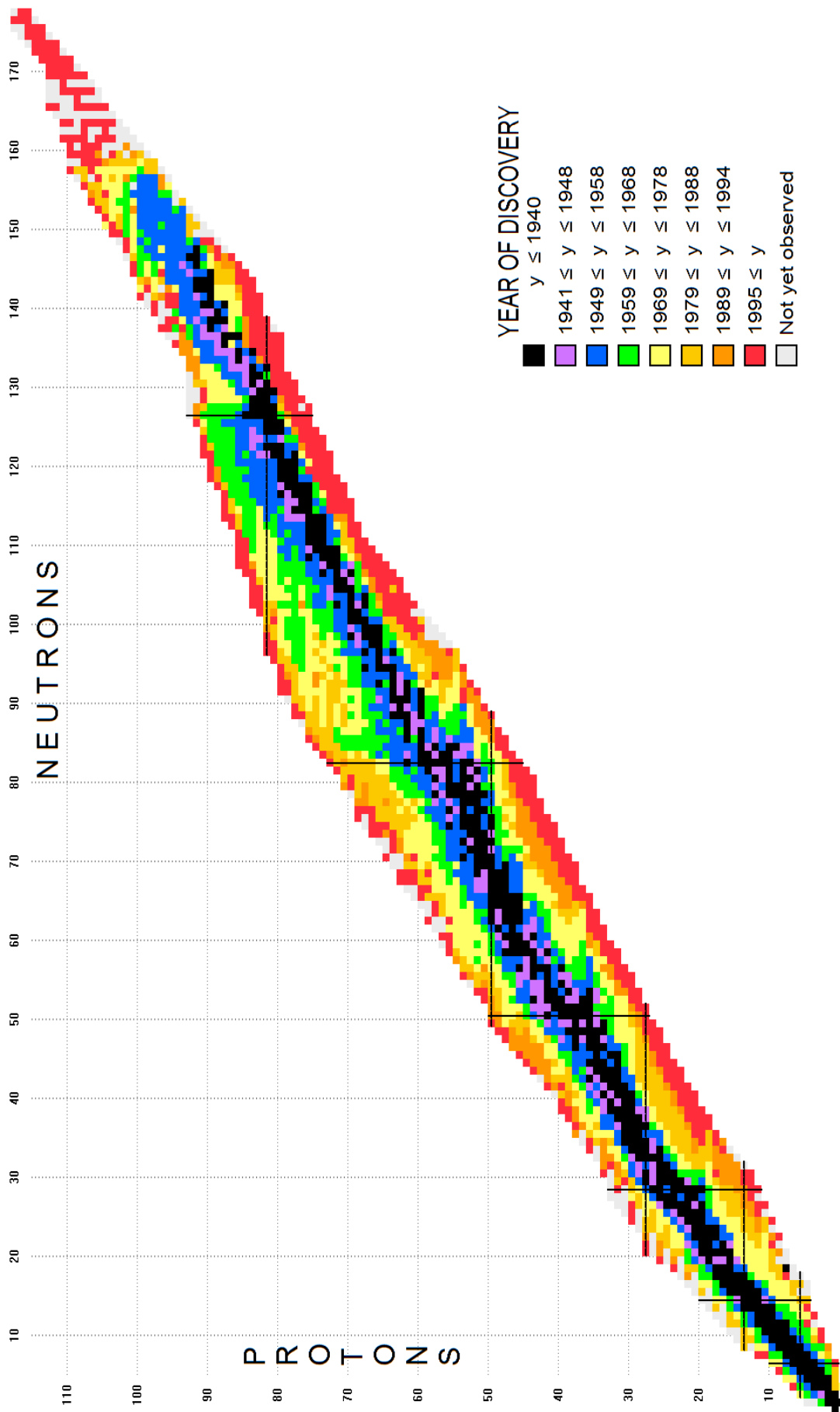


Figure 7: Chart of the nuclides displaying the years of discovery (created by NUCLEUS-AMDC).

2.4 Spin and parity

Similarly to ENSDF, spin and parity values are presented with and without parentheses, based on strong and weak assignment arguments, respectively (see the introductory pages of Ref. [11]). Unfortunately, the latter include estimates from theory or from TNN (trends in neighboring nuclides). In NUBASE2012, following our policy of making a clear distinction between experimental and non-experimental information, parentheses are used if the so-called “weak” argument is based on experimental observations, while the symbol ‘#’ is used for the other cases. It should also be noted that despite the well defined evaluation policies [11], there are a number of inconsistencies in ENSDF regarding the spins and parities for excited states. Often, proposed assignments reflect the interpretation of a particular ENSDF evaluator, rather than that of firm policy rules. As a result, assignments to similar states in neighboring nuclei are put in parenthesis by one evaluator, but not by other, although similar experimental information is available. We have tried to use a consistent approach in assigning spins and parities to excited states, but the survey is still far from complete and the reader may still find inconsistencies. The authors would gratefully appreciate feedback from users on such cases, in order to improve future versions of NUBASE.

If spins and parities are not determined experimentally, they can be estimated from trends in neighboring nuclides (TNN) with the same parities in N and Z . Although, this is frequently the case for odd- A nuclides (see Fig. 3 and Fig. 4), such trends are also sometimes valid for odd-odd isotopes, especially in the neighborhood of magic numbers, as can be seen in Fig. 5. In all cases, the estimated values are flagged with the ‘#’ symbol.

The review of nuclear radii and moments of Otten [1989Ot.A], in which the spins were compiled, was used to check and complete the spin values in NUBASE2012.

Note added in proof : A novel technique based on a condensed-matter device allows to determine absolute values for the spin [2012Vi.1], similarly to the hyperfine method. This technique was applied to ^{159}Tb and confirmed the well known spin of $3/2$.

2.5 Decay modes and their intensities

The most important policy in assembling the information for the decay modes was to establish a very clear distinction between a decay mode that is energetically allowed, but not experimentally observed yet (represented by a question mark alone, which thus refers to the decay mode itself), and a decay mode which is actually observed, but for which the intensity could not be determined (represented by ‘=?’, the question mark referring here to

the quantity after the equal sign).

Similarly to ENSDF, no corrections were made to normalize the primary intensities to 100%.

In addition to applying direct updates from the literature, partial evaluations completed by other authors were also considered, which are properly referenced. Those cases are mentioned below, when discussing some particular decay modes.

β^+ decay

In the course of this work some definitions and notations for β^+ decay were refined, in order to provide a clearer presentation of the available information. Specifically, β^+ denotes the decay process that includes both electron capture, labeled ε , and decay by positron emission, labeled e^+ . One can then symbolically write: $\beta^+ = \varepsilon + e^+$. It is well known that for an available energy below 1022 keV, only electron capture, ε , is allowed, whilst above that value the two processes are in competition.

Remark: this notation is **not** the same as the one used implicitly in ENSDF, where the combination of both modes is denoted “ $\varepsilon + \beta^+$ ”.

When both modes compete, the separated intensities are not always experimentally available and frequently they are deduced from model calculations, as is the policy in ENSDF. In continuation of one of the general NUBASE policies, in which only experimental information is used whenever possible, it was decided not to retain the separated values calculated in ENSDF (which are scarce and not always updated). Only in a few very specific cases, where the distinction is of importance, such as in the case of rare or extremely rare processes (e.g. ^{91}Nb , ^{54}Mn , $^{119}\text{Te}^m$), separate values are given.

By the same token, both electron capture-delayed fission (εSF) and positron-delayed fission ($e^+\text{SF}$) are given with the same symbol $\beta^+\text{SF}$.

Double- β decay

In the course of this work it was found that half-lives for double β -decaying nuclides were not always consistently given in ENSDF. Since the two-neutrino gs-gs transition is the dominant decay process (one exception may be ^{98}Mo , for which the neutrinoless decay is predicted to be faster, see [2002Tr04]), only those half-life values or their upper-limits were presented in the NUBASE2012 table. No attempt was made to convert the half-life values to the same statistical confidence level (CL) upper limit results given by different authors.

The excellent compilation of Tretyak and Zdesenko [2002Tr04] was of great help in covering such decays.

β -delayed particle decays

For delayed particle decays, intensity relations have to be carefully considered. By definition, the intensity of a decay mode is the percentage of decaying parent nuclei in that mode. But traditionally, the intensities of the pure β decay are summed with those of the delayed particles in order to give an intensity that is assigned to the pure β decay. For example, if the (A, Z) nuclide has a decay described traditionally by ' $\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 20$ ', this means that for 100 decays of the parent, 80 $(A, Z+1)$ and 20 $(A-1, Z+1)$ daughter nuclei are produced and that 100 electrons and 20 delayed neutrons are emitted. A strict notation in this case, using the definition above, would be ' $\beta^- = 80; \beta^- n = 20$ '. However, in the present work, it has been decided to follow the traditional notation, and so we write: ' $\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 20$ '.

This also holds for more complex delayed emissions. For example, a decay described by: ' $\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 30; \beta^- 2n = 20; \beta^- \alpha = 10$ ' corresponds to the emission of 100 electrons, $(30+2 \times 20=70)$ delayed-neutrons and 10 delayed- α particles; and in terms of residual nuclides, to 40 $(A, Z+1)$, 30 $(A-1, Z+1)$, 20 $(A-2, Z+1)$ and 10 $(A-4, Z-1)$. More generally, the number of emitted neutrons per 100 decays, P_n , can be written as:

$$P_n = \sum_i i \times \beta_{in}^-;$$

and similar expressions can be written for α and proton emission. The number of residual daughter nuclides $(A, Z+1)$ populated via β^- decay is then:

$$\beta^- - \sum_i \beta_{in}^- - \sum_j \beta_{j\alpha}^- - \dots$$

Another special remark concerns the intensity of a particular β -delayed mode. In general, the primary (parent) β decay populates several excited states in the daughter nuclide, which can further decay by particle emission. However, in a case where the ground state of the daughter nuclide decays also by the same particle emission, some authors included its decay in the value for the corresponding β -delayed intensity. It has been decided to not use such an approach in NUBASE2012 for two main reasons. First, the energies of delayed particles emitted from excited states are generally much higher than those emitted from the ground state, hence implying different subsequent processes. Secondly, since the characteristic decay times from excited states are related to the parent, whereas decays from the daughter's ground state are connected to the daughter nuclide itself. For example ${}^9\text{C}$ decays via β^+ with an intensity of 100% of which 12% and 11% populate two excited proton-emitting states in ${}^9\text{B}$, and 17% goes to an α -emitting state. Thus, $\beta^+ p = 23\%$ and $\beta^+ \alpha = 17\%$, from which the user of the NUBASE2012

table can derive a 60% direct feeding of the ground state of ${}^9\text{B}$. In a slightly different example, ${}^8\text{B}$ decays to only two excited states in ${}^8\text{Be}$, which in turn decay by α - and γ -ray emissions, but not to the ${}^8\text{Be}$ ground state. Thus, one may write $\beta^+ = 100\%$ and $\beta^+ \alpha = 100\%$, the difference of which leaves 0% for the feeding of the daughter's ground state.

Finally, the users should be aware that the percentages given in the NUBASE2012 table are related to 100 parent decaying nuclei, rather than to the primary beta-decay fraction. An illustrative example is given by the decay of ${}^{228}\text{Np}$, for which the delayed-fission probability is given in the original paper as 0.020(9)% [1994Kr13], but this value is relative to the ϵ process, which has an intensity of 59(7)%. Thus, the renormalized delayed-fission intensity is $0.020(9)\% \times 0.59(7) = 0.012(6)\%$ of the total decay intensity.

In compiling the data for delayed proton and α activities, the remarkable work of Hardy and Hagberg [1989Ha.A], in which the corresponding physics was reviewed and discussed in detail, was consulted. The review of Honkanen, Äystö and Eskola [12] on delayed proton decays has also been used.

Similarly, the review of delayed neutron emission by Hansen and Jonson [13] was carefully examined and used in the NUBASE2012 table, together with the evaluation of Rudstam, Aleklett and Sihver [1993Ru01].

2.6 Isotopic abundances

Isotopic abundances are taken from the compilation of M. Berglund and M.E. Wieser [2011Be53] and the values are listed in the decay field with the symbol *IS*. These data are given in the NUBASE2012 table as presented originally in [2011Be53], and so in this case the rounding off policy was not applied.

2.7 References

The year of the archival file for the nuclides evaluated in ENSDF is indicated, otherwise this entry is left blank.

References for all of the experimental updates are given by the NSR keynumber style [5], and are listed at the end of this issue (p. 1863). They are followed by one, two or three one-letter codes which specify the added or modified physical quantities (see the Explanation of Table I, p. 1176). In cases where more than one reference is needed to describe a particular update, they are given as a remark. No reference is given for estimated values. The initials of the present authors, AHW, FGK, GAU, JBL, MMC, WGM, are used as reference keys in cases where it may not be precisely clear that the re-interpretation of data were made by the present authors.

3 Updating procedure

In general, NUBASE is updated via two routes: from ENSDF after each new *A*-chain evaluation is published (or from the bi-annual releases), and directly from the literature. Data available in the “Unevaluated Nuclear Data List” (XUNDL) are also regularly consulted [14].

ENSDF files are retrieved from NNDC using the on-line service [2]. The programs, originally developed by O. Bersillon and one of the present authors (JB) [15], are used to successively:

- check that each *Z* in the *A*-chain has an ‘adopted levels’ data set; if not, a corresponding data set is generated from the ‘decay’ or ‘reaction’ data set,
- extract the ‘adopted levels’ data sets from ENSDF,
- extract the required physical quantities from these data sets, and convert them into the NUBASE format.

The processed data are used to manually update the previous version of NUBASE. This step is repeated independently by two, and sometimes by three, of the present authors, and cross-checked until complete agreement is reached.

ENSDF is updated generally by *A*-chains and more recently also by individual nuclides. Its contents, however, are very large, since it encompasses all of the complex nuclear structure and decay properties. This is a huge effort, and it is not surprising that occasionally some older data (in particular annual reports, conference proceedings, and theses) are missing, and that some recent data have not yet been included. When such cases were revealed, they were analyzed and evaluated, as described above, and the NUBASE2012 database was updated accordingly. In principle, these new data will be included in future ENSDF evaluations and the corresponding references can then be removed from future NUBASE distributions. Unfortunately, it has been observed in the past that such a procedure was not always adhered to. In fact, in some newer ENSDF files, quotations to earlier NUBASE publications were found, which leads to an undesirable loop resulting in non-traceable information.

4 Distribution and displays of NUBASE2012

The full contents of the present evaluation is available on-line at the web site of the Atomic Mass Data Center (AMDC) [16]. An electronic ASCII file for the NUBASE2012 table is also distributed by the AMDC website. These files will **not** be updated, to allow stable reference data for various calculations. Any work using those files should make reference to the present paper and not to the electronic files.

The contents of NUBASE2012 can be displayed by a stand-alone PC-program called “NUCLEUS” [17], which

can also be downloaded from the AMDC website. It will be updated on regular basis to allow users to check for the latest available information in NUBASE database.

5 Conclusions

The ‘horizontal’ evaluated database, NUBASE2012, which contains the recommended values for the main properties of all known nuclides in their ground and excited isomeric states, was developed. This has been completed for the first time by the inclusion of all available IAS data. These data originate from a compilation of two evaluated databases: ENSDF, followed by a critical assessment of the validity and completeness of those data, including new updates from the literature, and AME2012. The main requirement in developing NUBASE2012 was to cover as completely as possible all the available experimental data and to provide proper references to them, especially for cases that are not already included in ENSDF. This traceability allows any user to check the recommended data and, if necessary, to undertake a re-evaluation.

As a result of this ‘horizontal’ work, better homogeneity in handling and presentation of all data was obtained for all known nuclides. Furthermore, isomeric assignments and their excitation energies were reconsidered on a firmer basis and their data improved.

It is expected to follow up this third version of NUBASE with improved treatments in the future. A foreseeable implementation would be to provide the main α , γ , conversion electrons and X-ray lines accompanying particular decays, as well as to include even shorter-lived excited nuclear isomers. NUBASE could also be extended to other nuclear properties, such as energies of the first 2^+ states in even-even nuclides, radii, moments, etc.

A new feature that was implemented in the present version of NUBASE is the compilation of the year of discovery for each nuclide in its ground or isomeric state. For the former, recent evaluations performed by a group at Michigan State University [18] were adopted. Similar criteria was used when assigning the year of discovery for isomeric states. However, we would like to make the users aware that this feature for excited isomers is not fully checked and that there are still some cases missing.

6 Acknowledgments

We wish to thank many colleagues who answered our questions about their experiments and those who sent us preprints of their papers. We appreciate the help provided by J.K. Tuli in solving some of the puzzles we encountered in ENSDF. Continuous interest, discussions, sug-

gestions and encouragements from K. Blaum, D. Lunney, G. Savard, Zhang Yuhu, Zhongzhou Ren, and Ch. Scheidenberger were highly appreciated. Special thanks to Darian Jenkins for his interest in our work and discussions about the “Year of Discovery” that we finally added to NUBASE, and to Nicolas Savard for helping in its implementation.

This work was performed in the frame and with the

help of the French-Chinese collaboration under the PICS programme. M.W. acknowledges support from the Max-Planck Society, from the International Atomic Energy Agency, IAEA-Vienna and from the National Natural Science Foundation of China through Grant No.10925526, 11035007. The work at ANL was supported by the U.S. Department of Energy, Office of Nuclear Physics, under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH1357.

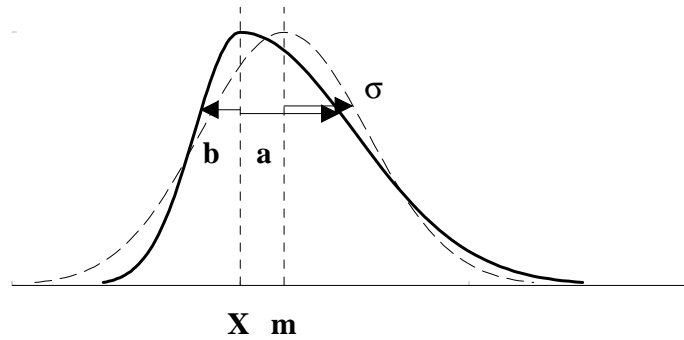


Figure 8: Simulated asymmetric probability density function (heavy solid line) and the equivalent symmetric one (dashed line).

Appendix A Symmetrization of asymmetric uncertainties

Experimental data are sometimes given with asymmetric uncertainties, X_{-b}^{+a} . If these data are to be used in some practical applications, their uncertainties may need to be symmetrized. A simple method (Method 1) that was developed earlier, uses the central value to be in the middle between the upper and lower 1σ -equivalent limits

$$X + (a - b)/2, \text{ with the uncertainty defined}$$

to be the average of the two uncertainties

$$(a + b)/2.$$

An alternative method (Method 2) considers the random variable x associated with the measured quantity. For this random variable, one assumes that the probability density function is an asymmetric normal distribution having a modal (most probable) value of $x = X$, a standard deviation b for $x < X$, and a standard deviation a for $x > X$ (Fig. 8). Then the average value of this distribution is

$$\langle x \rangle = X + \sqrt{2/\pi} (a - b),$$

with variance

$$\sigma^2 = (1 - 2/\pi)(a - b)^2 + ab. \quad (1)$$

The median value m which divides the distribution into two equal areas is given, for $a > b$, by

$$\operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{m - X}{\sqrt{2}a}\right) = \frac{a - b}{2a}, \quad (2)$$

and by a similar expression for $b > a$.

One can then define the equivalent symmetric normal distribution that have a mean value equal to the median value m of the previous distribution with same variance σ .

If the shift $m - X$ of the central value is small compared to a or b , expression (2) can be written [19]:

$$m - X \simeq \sqrt{\pi/8} (a - b)$$

$$m - X \simeq 0.6267 (a - b).$$

In order to allow for a small non-linearity that appears for higher values of $m - X$, the relation

$$m - X = 0.64 (a - b).$$

was adopted for Method 2.

Table A illustrates the results from both methods. In NUBASE2012, Method 2 is used for the symmetrization of asymmetric half-lives and decay intensities.

Table A. Examples of two different treatments of asymmetric half-life uncertainties.

Method 1 is the classical method, used previously, as in the AME1995.

Method 2 is the one developed in NUBASE2003, described in this Appendix.

Nuclide	Original $T_{1/2}$		Method 1	Method 2
^{54}Zn	3.2+1.8–0.8	ms	3.7 ± 1.3	3.8 ± 1.3
^{80}Cu	170+110–50	ms	200 ± 80	208 ± 83
^{83}Mo	6+30–3	ms	20 ± 17	23 ± 19
^{100}Kr	7+11–3	ms	11 ± 7	12 ± 8
^{115}Mo	51+79–19	ms	81 ± 49	89 ± 53
^{222}U	1.0+1.0–0.4	μs	1.3 ± 0.7	1.4 ± 0.7
^{264}Hs	327+448–120	μs	490 ± 280	540 ± 300
^{265}Rf	105+503–48	s	332 ± 275	400 ± 320
^{266}Mt	1.01+0.47–0.24	ms	1.1 ± 0.4	1.2 ± 0.4
^{267}Db	73+350–33	m	230 ± 190	280 ± 220

References

References quoted in the text as [1993Po.A] or [2011Be53] (NSR style) are listed under “References used in the AME2012 and the NUBASE2012 evaluations”, p. 1863.

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Table I. The NUBASE2012 table of nuclear and decay properties**EXPLANATION OF TABLE**

Data are presented in groups ordered according to increasing mass number A .

Nuclide	Nuclidic name: mass number $A = N + Z$ and element symbol (for $Z > 109$ see Section 2). Elements with upper suffix ‘ m ’, ‘ n ’, ‘ p ’, ‘ q ’, ‘ r ’ or ‘ x ’ indicate assignments to excited isomeric states (defined as higher states with half-lives greater than 100 ns). Suffixes ‘ p ’ and ‘ q ’ also indicate non-isomeric levels, but used in the AME2012. Suffix ‘ r ’ also indicates a state from a proton resonance occurring in (p, γ) reactions (e.g. $^{28}\text{Si}^r$). Suffix ‘ x ’ also applies to mixtures of levels (with relative ratio R , given in the ‘Half-life’ column), e.g. occurring in spallation reactions (indicated ‘ spmix ’ in the ‘ J^π ’ column) or fission (‘ fsmix ’).																						
Mass excess	Mass excess $[M(\text{in u}) - A]$, in keV, and its one standard deviation uncertainty as given in the ‘Atomic Mass Evaluation’ (AME2012, in the second part of this volume). Rounding-off policy: in cases where the furthest-left significant digit in the error is larger than 3, values and errors are rounded-off, but not to more than tens of keV. (Examples: $2345.67 \pm 2.78 \rightarrow 2345.7 \pm 2.8$, $2345.67 \pm 4.68 \rightarrow 2346 \pm 5$, but $2346.7 \pm 468.2 \rightarrow 2350 \pm 470$). # instead of a decimal point: value and uncertainty are not derived only from experimental data, but at least partly with estimates from TMS (see AME2012).																						
Excitation energy	For excited isomers only: energy difference, in keV, between levels adopted as higher level isomer and ground state isomer, and its one standard deviation uncertainty, as given in AME2012 when derived from the AME, otherwise as given by ENSDF. The rounding-off policy is the same as for the mass excesses (see above). # instead of a decimal point: value and uncertainty derived from trends in neighboring nuclides. The excitation energy is followed by its origin code when derived from a method other than γ -ray spectrometry: <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr><td>MD</td><td>mass doublet</td></tr> <tr><td>RQ</td><td>reaction Q-value</td></tr> <tr><td>AD</td><td>α energy difference</td></tr> <tr><td>BD</td><td>β energy difference</td></tr> <tr><td>p, 2p</td><td>one-, two-proton decay</td></tr> <tr><td>IT</td><td>combination of AME and γ-ray data</td></tr> <tr><td>Nm</td><td>estimated value derived using the Nilsson model</td></tr> </table> When the existence of an isomer is questionable the following codes are used: <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr><td>EU</td><td>existence of isomer is under discussion (e.g. $^{73}\text{Zn}^n$). If existence is strongly doubted, no excitation energy and no mass are given. They are replaced by the mention “non existent” (e.g. $^{138}\text{Pm}^n$).</td></tr> <tr><td>RN</td><td>isomer has been proven not to exist (e.g. $^{248}\text{Es}^m$). Excitation energy and mass are replaced by the mention “non existent”.</td></tr> </table> Remark: codes EU and RN are also used when the discovery of a nuclide (e.g. ^{260}Fm or ^{289}Lv) is questioned. In this case an estimate derived from trends in the mass surface is always given for the ground state mass. Isomeric assignment: <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr><td>*</td><td>if the uncertainty σ on the excitation energy E is greater than half the excitation energy ($\sigma > E/2$), these quantities are followed by an asterisk (e.g. ^{130}In and $^{130}\text{In}^m$).</td></tr> <tr><td>&</td><td>when the ordering of the ground state isomer and the excited isomer are reversed as compared to ENSDF, an ampersand sign is added (e.g. ^{102}Y and $^{102}\text{Y}^m$).</td></tr> </table>	MD	mass doublet	RQ	reaction Q -value	AD	α energy difference	BD	β energy difference	p, 2p	one-, two-proton decay	IT	combination of AME and γ -ray data	Nm	estimated value derived using the Nilsson model	EU	existence of isomer is under discussion (e.g. $^{73}\text{Zn}^n$). If existence is strongly doubted, no excitation energy and no mass are given. They are replaced by the mention “non existent” (e.g. $^{138}\text{Pm}^n$).	RN	isomer has been proven not to exist (e.g. $^{248}\text{Es}^m$). Excitation energy and mass are replaced by the mention “non existent”.	*	if the uncertainty σ on the excitation energy E is greater than half the excitation energy ($\sigma > E/2$), these quantities are followed by an asterisk (e.g. ^{130}In and $^{130}\text{In}^m$).	&	when the ordering of the ground state isomer and the excited isomer are reversed as compared to ENSDF, an ampersand sign is added (e.g. ^{102}Y and $^{102}\text{Y}^m$).
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*	if the uncertainty σ on the excitation energy E is greater than half the excitation energy ($\sigma > E/2$), these quantities are followed by an asterisk (e.g. ^{130}In and $^{130}\text{In}^m$).																						
&	when the ordering of the ground state isomer and the excited isomer are reversed as compared to ENSDF, an ampersand sign is added (e.g. ^{102}Y and $^{102}\text{Y}^m$).																						

Half-life	s = seconds; m = minutes; h = hours; d = days; y = years; 1 y = 31 556 926 s or 365.2422 d adopted values for NUBASE (see text) STABLE = stable nuclide, or nuclide for which no finite half-life value has been found. # value estimated from trends in neighboring nuclides with the same Z and N parities. subunits: ms : 10^{-3} s millisecond ky : 10^3 y kiloyear μ s : 10^{-6} s microsecond My : 10^6 y megayear ns : 10^{-9} s nanosecond Gy : 10^9 y gigayear ps : 10^{-12} s picosecond Ty : 10^{12} y terayear fs : 10^{-15} s femtosecond Py : 10^{15} y petayear as : 10^{-18} s attosecond Ey : 10^{18} y exayear zs : 10^{-21} s zeptosecond Zy : 10^{21} y zettayear ys : 10^{-24} s yoctosecond Yy : 10^{24} y yottayear R: For isomeric mixtures only, it is the production ratio of the excited isomer state to the ground state isomer.
J^π	Spin and parity: () uncertain spin and/or parity. # values estimated from trends in neighboring nuclides with the same Z and N parities. high high spin. low low spin. am same J^π as α -decay parent T Isopin multiplet for isobaric analog states (IAS). For isomeric mixtures only: mix (spmix and fsmix if observed in spallation and fission, respectively).
Ens	Year of the ENSDF file archive (in order to reduce the width of the Table, the two century digits are omitted).
Reference	Reference keys: (in order to reduce the width of the Table, the two century digits are omitted. However, at the end of this volume the full reference key-number is given, ie. 2010Cr02 as opposed to 10Cr02) 10Cr02 updates to ENSDF derived from a regular journal. These keys are taken from Nuclear Data Sheets. Where not yet available, the style 12Ma.1 is provisionally adopted. 12Dr.A updates to ENSDF derived from an abstract, preprint, private communication, conference, thesis or annual report. AHW (or FGK, GAU, JBL, MMC, WGM), re-interpretation by one of the evaluators of NUBASE. Mirror deduced from mirror nuclide properties. Imme deduced from Isobaric Multiplet Mass Equation. The reference key-numbers are followed by one, two or three letter codes which specifies the added or modified physical quantities: E for the isomer excitation energy T for half-life J for spin and/or parity D for decay mode and/or intensity I for identification
Year of discovery	for ground states [15] and for excited isomers (see text).

Decay modes and intensities	Decay modes followed by their intensities (in %), and their one standard deviation uncertainties. The special notation 1.8e-12 stands for 1.8×10^{-12} . The uncertainties are given - only in this field - in the ENSDF-style: $\alpha=25.9\ 23$ stands for $\alpha=25.9 \pm 2.3\ %$ The ordering is according to decreasing intensities. $\alpha\ ?$ means α decay is energetically allowed. $\alpha=?$ means α decay has been observed but not yet quantified.																																																																		
	<table border="0"> <tr><td>α</td><td>α emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>p 2p</td><td>proton emission</td><td>2-proton emission</td></tr> <tr><td>n 2n</td><td>neutron emission</td><td>2-neutron emission</td></tr> <tr><td>ϵ</td><td>electron capture</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>e^+</td><td>positron emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^+</td><td>β^+ decay</td><td>($\beta^+ = \epsilon + e^+$)</td></tr> <tr><td>β^-</td><td>β^- decay</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>$2\beta^-$</td><td>double β^- decay</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>$2\beta^+$</td><td>double β^+ decay</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^-n</td><td>β^- delayed neutron emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^-2n</td><td>β^- delayed 2-neutron emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^+p</td><td>β^+ delayed proton emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^+2p</td><td>β^+ delayed 2-proton emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>$\beta^-\alpha$</td><td>β^- delayed α emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>$\beta^+\alpha$</td><td>β^+ delayed α emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^-d</td><td>β^- delayed deuteron emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>IT</td><td>internal transition</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>SF</td><td>spontaneous fission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^+SF</td><td>β^+ delayed fission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>β^-SF</td><td>β^- delayed fission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>^{24}Ne</td><td>heavy cluster emission</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>...</td><td colspan="2">list is continued in a remark, at the end of the A-group</td></tr> </table>	α	α emission		p 2p	proton emission	2-proton emission	n 2n	neutron emission	2-neutron emission	ϵ	electron capture		e^+	positron emission		β^+	β^+ decay	($\beta^+ = \epsilon + e^+$)	β^-	β^- decay		$2\beta^-$	double β^- decay		$2\beta^+$	double β^+ decay		β^-n	β^- delayed neutron emission		β^-2n	β^- delayed 2-neutron emission		β^+p	β^+ delayed proton emission		β^+2p	β^+ delayed 2-proton emission		$\beta^-\alpha$	β^- delayed α emission		$\beta^+\alpha$	β^+ delayed α emission		β^-d	β^- delayed deuteron emission		IT	internal transition		SF	spontaneous fission		β^+SF	β^+ delayed fission		β^-SF	β^- delayed fission		^{24}Ne	heavy cluster emission		...	list is continued in a remark, at the end of the A-group	
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	For long-lived nuclides:																																																																		
	IS Isotopic abundance (from [2011Be53])																																																																		

* A remark on the corresponding nuclide is given below the block of data corresponding to the same A.

Remarks. For nuclides marked with an asterisk at the end of the line, extra comments have been added. They are collected in groups at the end of each block of data corresponding to the same A. They start with a letter code, similar the ones following the reference key-number, as given above, indicating to which quantity the remark applies. They give:

- i) Continuation for the list of decays. In this case, the remark starts with three dots.
- ii) Information explaining how a value has been derived.
- iii) Reasons for changing a value or its uncertainty as given by the authors, or for rejecting it.
- iv) Complementary references to updated data.
- v) Separate values used in the adopted average.

TNN : Trends from neighboring nuclides.

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
^1_0n	8071.3171	0.0005			613.9 s 0.6	$1/2^+$	06		1932	β^- =100	*
^1_1H	7288.9705	0.0001			STABLE	$1/2^+$	06	11Be53 D	1920	IS=99.9885 70	
* ^1_0n	T : also 12Ar05=611.1(1.5) mean life=881.6(2.1)										**
^2_1H	13135.7217	0.0001			STABLE	1^+	03		1932	IS=0.0115 70	
^3_1H	14949.8061	0.0022			12.32 y 0.02	$1/2^+$	00		1934	β^- =100	
^3_2He	14931.2155	0.0023			STABLE	$1/2^+$	98		1934	IS=0.000134 3	
^3_3Li	28670#	2000#			p-unstable		98		1969	p ?	*
* ^3_3Li	I : identification in 69Wi13 not accepted, see ENSDF'98										**
^4_1H	24620	100			139 ys 10	2^-	98	03Me11 T	1981	n=100	*
^4_2He	2424.9156	0.0001			STABLE	0^+	98		1908	IS=99.999866 3	
^4_3Li	25320	210			91 ys 9	2^-	98	65Ce02 T	1965	p=100	
* ^4_1H	T : width=3.28(0.23) MeV; also 91Go19=4.7(1.0) outweighed, not used										**
^5_1H	32890	90			> 910 ys	$(1/2^+)$	02	03Go11 T	1987	2n=100	*
^5_2He	11231	20			700 ys 30	$3/2^-$	02		1937	n=100	
^5_3Li	11680	50			370 ys 30	$3/2^-$	02		1941	p=100	
^5_4Be	37140#	2000#				$1/2^+\#$	02			p ?	
* ^5_1H	T : from width < 0.5 MeV; conflicting with 01Ko52=280(50) ys, width=1.9(0.4)										**
* ^5_2He	T : (same authors) but with instrumental resolution=1.3 MeV										**
* ^5_3Li	T : others 91Go19=66(25) ys 95Al31=110 ys probably for higher state										**
* ^5_4Be	J : from angular distribution consistent with $l = 0$										**
^6_1H	41880	250			290 ys 70	$2^- \#$	02		1984	n ?; 3n ?	
^6_2He	17592.09	0.05			806.92 ms 0.24	0^+	02	09Ra33 D	1936	β^- =100; β^- -d=0.000165 10	*
^6_3Li	14086.8789	0.0014			STABLE	1^+	02		1921	IS=7.59 4	
$^6_4\text{Li}^i$	17649.76	0.10	3562.88	0.10	56 as 14	$0^+T=1$	02	81Ro02 E	1981	IT=100	
^6_5Be	18375	5			5.0 zs 0.3	0^+	02		1958	2p=100	
^6_6B	47320#	2000#			p-unstable#	$2^- \#$				2p ?	
* ^6_5Be	T : symmetrized from 12Kn01=806.89(0.11)+(0.23-0.19)										**
^7_1H	49140#	1000#			500# ys	$1/2^+\#$			2003	2n ?	
^7_2He	26073	8			3.1 zs 0.4	$(3/2)^-$	03	08De29 T	1967	n=100	*
^7_3Li	14907.105	0.004			STABLE	$3/2^-$	03		1921	IS=92.41 4	
$^7_4\text{Li}^i$	26150	30	11250	30	RQ	$3/2^-T=3/2$	03				
^7_5Be	15769.00	0.07			53.22 d 0.06	$3/2^-$	03		1938	ϵ =100	
$^7_6\text{Be}^i$	26750	30	10980	30	RQ	$3/2^-T=3/2$	03			p ?; 3He ?; α ?	
^7_7B	27677	25			570 ys 140	$(3/2^-)$	03	11Ch32 T	1967	p=100	*
* ^7_5Be	T : average 08De29=125(+40-15) 02Me07=150(80) 69St02=160(30) \rightarrow 150(21) keV										**
* ^7_7B	T : from width 0.80(0.20) MeV 570(143) ys										**
^8_2He	31609.68	0.09			119.1 ms 1.2	0^+	05		1965	β^- =100; β^- -n=16 1; β^- -t=0.9 1	
^8_3Li	20945.80	0.05			839.40 ms 0.36	2^+	05	10Fl01 T	1935	β^- =100; β^- - α =100	*
$^8_4\text{Li}^i$	31768	5	10822	5	RQ	$0^+T=2$	05				
^8_5Be	4941.67	0.04			81.9 as 3.7	0^+	05		1932	α =100	
$^8_6\text{Be}^i$	21568	3	16626	3		2^+ frg. T=1	04	Ti06 E	2004	α \approx 100	*
$^8_7\text{Be}^i$	32436.0	2.0	27494.3	2.0	RQ	$0^+T=2$	05			n=39.4; d=27.0; 3H=11.7; α =7.9; ...	
^8_8B	22921.6	1.0			770 ms 3	2^+	05		1950	β^+ =100; β^+ - α =100	*
$^8_9\text{Bx}^i$	33546	8	10624	8	RQ	$0^+T=2$	05		1975		
^8_0C	35064	18			3.5 zs 1.4	0^+	05	11Ch32 T	1974	2p=100	*
* ^8_2He	D : β^- decay to first 2^+ state in ^8Be , which decays 100% in 2α										**
* $^8_4\text{Li}^i$	E : strongest frg; other: 296(3) higher I(16626)/I(16922)=1.22 in $^6\text{Li}(^6\text{Li},\alpha)$										**
* $^8_6\text{Be}^i$	E : and 1.15 in $^{10}\text{B}(d,\alpha)$; see 04Ti06 p.213										**
* $^8_7\text{Be}^i$	D : β^+ to 2 excited states in ^8Be , then α and γ , but not to ^8Be ground-state										**
* ^8_8B	T : from width 130(50) keV 3.51(1.35) zs										**
^9_2He	40940	50			8 zs 5	$1/2^-$	06		1987	n=100	*
^9_3Li	24954.90	0.19			178.3 ms 0.4	$3/2^-$	06	95Re.A D	1951	β^- =100; β^- -n=50.8 2	
^9_4Be	11348.45	0.08			STABLE	$3/2^-$	06		1921	IS=100.	
$^9_5\text{Be}^i$	25738.9	1.8	14390.5	1.8	RQ	1.25 as 0.10 $3/2^-T=3/2$	06		1976		
^9_6B	12416.5	0.9			800 zs 300	$3/2^-$	06		1940	p=100	
$^9_7\text{Bx}^i$	27071.1	2.3	14654.7	2.5	RQ	$3/2^-T=3/2$	06				
^9_8C	28911.0	2.1			126.5 ms 0.9	$(3/2^-)$	06		1964	β^+ =100; β^+ -p=61.6; β^+ - α =38.4	
* ^9_2He	T : derived from width 99Bo26=100(60) keV hence $T=4.6(+6.8-1.8)$ zs										**
* ^9_3Li	I : $1/2^+$, width 01Ch31=60 keV was assigned to ground-state with s-wave scattering										**
* $^9_7\text{Bx}^i$	I : length as=-10 fm, questioned in 10Jo06, where as=-3.17(66) fm										**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)				Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹⁰ He	49170	100				3.1 zs 2.0	0 ⁺	07		1994	2n=100	*
¹⁰ Li	33053	13				2.0 zs 0.5	(1 ⁻ , 2 ⁻)	07 94Yo01 TJ	1975		n=100	
¹⁰ Li ^m	33250	40	200	40	RQ	3.7 zs 1.5	1 ⁺	07 97Zi04 T	1994		IT=100	*
¹⁰ Li ⁿ	33530	40	480	40	RQ	1.35 zs 0.24	(2 ⁺)	07 94Yo01 T	1993		IT=100	*
¹⁰ Be	12607.49	0.08				1.51 My 0.04	0 ⁺	07		1935	β^- =100	
¹⁰ Be ⁱ	33787	20	21179	20	RQ		(2 ⁻)T=2	07			n ?; p ?; 3H ?	
¹⁰ B	12050.7	0.4				STABLE	3 ⁺	07		1920	IS=19.9 7	
¹⁰ B ⁱ	13790.8	0.4	1740.05	0.04			0 ⁺ T=1	07			IT=100	
¹⁰ C	15698.8	0.4				19.306 s 0.004	0 ⁺	07 09Ba04 T	1949		β^+ =100	*
¹⁰ N	38800	400				200 ys 140	(2 ⁻)	07 02Le16 TJ	2002		p ?	
* ¹⁰ He	D : most probably 2 neutron emitter from $S_{2n}=-1420(100)$ keV											**
* ¹⁰ Li ^m	T : average 97Zi04=120(+100-50) 94Yo01=100(70) keV											**
* ¹⁰ Li ⁿ	T : average 94Yo01=358(23) 93Bo03=150(70) keV, Birge ratio B=2.8											**
* ¹⁰ C	T : average 09Ba04=19.282(0.011) 08Ia01=19.310(0.004) 90Ba02=19.295(0.015)											**
¹¹ Li	40728.3	0.6				8.75 ms 0.14	3/2 ⁻	12 12Ke01 D	1966		β^- =100; β^- n=86.3 9; ...	*
¹¹ Be	20177.17	0.24				13.76 s 0.07	1/2 ⁺	12 81Al03 D	1958		β^- =100; β^- α =2.9 4; β^- n ?	
¹¹ B	8667.9	0.4				STABLE	3/2 ⁻	12		1920	IS=80.1 7	
¹¹ B ⁱ	21228	9	12560	9	RQ	T=3/2	1/2 ⁺ , (3/2 ⁺)	12		1963		
¹¹ C	10650.3	0.9				20.364 m 0.014	3/2 ⁻	12		1934	β^+ =100	
¹¹ C ⁱ	22810	40	12160	40	RQ		1/2 ⁺ T=3/2	12 71Wa21 D	1971		p=?	
¹¹ N	24300	50				550 ys 20	1/2 ⁺	12		1974	p=100	*
¹¹ N ^m	25040	80	740	60		690 ys 80	1/2 ⁻	12 96Ax01 ETJ	1974		p=100	
* ¹¹ Li	D : ...; β^- 2n=4.1 4; β^- 3n=1.9 2; β^- α =1.7 3; β^- d=0.0130 13; β^- t=0.0093 8											**
* ¹¹ Li	D : total β^- delayed neutron emission Pn=100.3(1.4)%											**
* ¹¹ N	T : from ENSDF : width=830(30) keV											**
¹² Li	48920	15				< 10 ns		00 74Bo05 I	2008		n ?	
¹² Be	25077.8	1.9				21.50 ms 0.04	0 ⁺	00 01Be53 T	1966		β^- =100; β^- n=0.50 3	*
¹² Be ^m	27328.8	2.1	2251	1		229 ns 8	0 ⁺	07Sh37 EJT	2007		IT=100	
¹² B	13369.4	1.3				20.20 ms 0.02	1 ⁺	00 66Sc23 D	1935		β^- =100; β^- α =1.6 3	
¹² B ⁱ	26088	19	12719	19	RQ		0 ⁺ T=2	00 08Ch28 J				*
¹² C	0.0	0.0				STABLE	0 ⁺	00		1919	IS=98.93 8	
¹² C ⁱ	15108	3	15108	3	RQ		1 ⁺ T=1	00			IT=?; α ?	
¹² C ^j	27595.0	2.4	27595.0	2.4	RQ		0 ⁺ T=2	00				
¹² N	17338.1	1.0				11.000 ms 0.016	1 ⁺	00 66Sc23 D	1949		β^+ =100; β^+ α =3.5 5	
¹² O	31915	24				> 6.3 zs	0 ⁺	00 12Ja11 T	1978		2p=60 30	
* ¹² Be	D : from 99Be53; also 95Re.A=0.52(0.09)% outweighed, not used											**
* ¹² B ⁱ	J : 08Ch28 "suggests that the 12.75-MeV, ... was a T=1 state, not the IAS"											**
* ¹² O	T : from width 12Ja11<72 keV; others 09Su14=600(500)keV 95Kr03t=578(205)keV											**
¹³ Li	58340	350					3/2 ⁻ #	08Ak03 D	2008		2n=100	
¹³ Be	33659	10				1.0 zs 0.7	(1/2 ⁻)	10Ko17 TJ	1983		n ?	*
¹³ Be ^p	35160	50	1500	50	RQ		(5/2 ⁺)			1992		
¹³ B	16562.1	1.1				17.33 ms 0.17	3/2 ⁻	00		1956	β^- =100; β^- n=0.28 4	
¹³ C	3125.0087	0.0002				STABLE	1/2 ⁻	01		1929	IS=1.07 8	
¹³ C ⁱ	18233.8	1.1	15108.8	1.1	RQ		3/2 ⁻ T=3/2	00			IT=0.82 7; N ?; α ?	
¹³ N	5345.48	0.27				9.965 m 0.004	1/2 ⁻	00		1934	β^+ =100	
¹³ N ⁱ	20410.59	0.18	15065.1	0.3	RQ		3/2 ⁻ T=3/2	00			IT=4.9 3; P ?; α ?	
¹³ O	23115	10				8.58 ms 0.05	(3/2 ⁻)	00 70Es03 D	1963		β^+ =100; β^+ p=10.9 20	
* ¹³ Be	T : from width 10Ko17=450(30) MeV; other 95Pe12=300(200) keV											**
* ¹³ Be	J : 1/2 ⁺ assigned to ground state in 01Th01 and 08Ch07, questioned in 10Ko17											**
* ¹³ Be	J : see discussion in AME2012, Part I, Section≈6.3, p.1313											**
¹⁴ Be	39950	130				4.35 ms 0.17	0 ⁺	01 02Je11 D	1973		β^- =100; β^- n=98 2; ...	*
¹⁴ Be ^p	41470	60	1520	150	RQ		(2 ⁺)	95Bo10	1995			
¹⁴ B	23664	21				12.5 ms 0.5	2 ⁻	01 95Re.A D	1966		β^- =100; β^- n=6.04 23; β^- 2n ?	
¹⁴ C	3019.893	0.004				5.70 ky 0.03	0 ⁺	01		1936	β^- =100	
¹⁴ C ⁱ	25120	100	22100	100			(2 ⁻)T=2	01		1989	IT=100	
¹⁴ N	2863.4166	0.0001				STABLE	1 ⁺	01		1920	IS=99.636 20	
¹⁴ N ⁱ	5176.007	0.010	2312.590	0.010			0 ⁺ T=1	01 01Ba06 E	1963		IT=100	
¹⁴ O	8007.46	0.11				70.621 s 0.014	0 ⁺	01 04Ba78 T	1949		β^+ =100	*
¹⁴ F	31960	40				500 ys 60	2 ⁻	10Go16 TJ	2010		p ?	
* ¹⁴ Be	D : ...; β^- 2n=0.8 08; β^- 3n=0.2 2; β^- t=0.02 1; β^- α <0.004											**
* ¹⁴ Be	D : supersedes 99Be53, same group											**
* ¹⁴ O	T : average 04Ba78=70.641(0.020) 78Wi04=70.613(0.025) 73Cl12=70.590(0.030);											**
* ¹⁴ O	T : other unweighed : 06Bu12=70.696(0.052) 01Ga59=70.560(0.049)											**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹⁵ Be	49760#	400#	<200 ns			03Ba47	I	n ?	
¹⁵ B	28958	21	9.93 ms 0.07	3/2 ⁻		02 95Re.A	D	1966	β^- =100; β^- n=93.6 12; β^- 2n=0.4 2
¹⁵ C	9873.1	0.8	2.449 s 0.005	1/2 ⁺		02		1950	β^- =100
¹⁵ N	101.4387	0.0006	STABLE	1/2 ⁻		02		1929	IS=0.364 20
¹⁵ N ⁱ	11717	4	11615 4 RQ	1/2 ⁺ T=3/2		02			n ?; p ?; IT=0.00523 19
¹⁵ O	2855.6	0.5	122.24 s 0.16	1/2 ⁻		02		1934	β^+ =100
¹⁵ O ⁱ	14020#	40#	11165# 35#	(1/2 ⁺)T=3/2		02 Imme	E		p=100
¹⁵ F	16810	60	410 ys 60	1/2 ⁺		02 04Go15	J	1978	p=100
* ¹⁵ B	D : β^- 2n intensity is from 89Re.A		J : given in 91Aj01						**
* ¹⁵ B	T : also 03Ye02=9.86(+0.15-0.19)								**
* ¹⁵ F	T : average 01Ze.A=1.23(0.22)MeV 78Be16=1.2(0.3) 78Ke06=0.8(0.3)								**
¹⁶ Be	57450	170	650 ys 130	0 ⁺		12Sp02	TD	2012	2n=100
¹⁶ B	37112	25	< 190 ps	0 ⁻ #		99		2000	n ?
¹⁶ C	13694	4	747 ms 8	0 ⁺		99 89Re.A	D	1961	β^- =100; β^- n=97.9 23
¹⁶ N	5683.9	2.3	7.13 s 0.02	2 ⁻		99 74Ne10	D	1933	β^- =100; β^- α =0.00100 7
¹⁶ N ^m	5804.3	2.3	120.42 0.12	5.25 μ s 0.06		0 ⁻ T=1	99	1993	IT=100
¹⁶ N ⁱ	15613	7	9929 7 RQ	0 ⁺ T=2		99			
¹⁶ O	-4737.0013	0.0001	STABLE	0 ⁺		99		1919	IS=99.757 16
¹⁶ O ⁱ	8059	4	12796 4 RQ	0 ⁻ T=1		99			IT=100
¹⁶ O ^j	17984	4	22721 4 RQ	0 ⁺ T=2		99			
¹⁶ F	10680	8	11 zs 6	0 ⁻		99		1964	p=100
¹⁶ Ne	23986	20	9 zs	0 ⁺		99		1977	2p=100
* ¹⁶ Be	T : from decay width 0.8(+0.1-0.2) MeV								**
¹⁷ B	43770	170	5.08 ms 0.05	(3/2 ⁻)		99 88Du09	D	1973	β^- =100; β^- n=63 1; ...
¹⁷ C	21031	17	193 ms 5	(3/2 ⁺)		99 01Ma08	J	1968	β^- =100; β^- n=28.4 13; β^- 2n ?
¹⁷ N	7870	15	4.173 s 0.004	1/2 ⁻		99 94Do08	D	1949	β^- =100; β^- n=95 1; β^- α =0.0025 4
¹⁷ O	-808.7636	0.0006	STABLE	5/2 ⁺		99		1925	IS=0.038 1
¹⁷ O ⁱ	10270.02	0.17	11078.78 0.17 RQ	1/2 ⁻ T=3/2		99			β^- ?; N ?; IT=0.42 14
¹⁷ F	1951.70	0.25	64.49 s 0.16	5/2 ⁺		99		1934	β^+ =100
¹⁷ F ⁱ	13144.7	1.9	11193.0 1.9 RQ	1/2 ⁻ T=3/2		99			
¹⁷ Ne	16500.5	0.4	109.2 ms 0.6	1/2 ⁻		99 88Bo39	D	1963	β^+ =100; β^+ p=96.0 9; β^+ α =2.7 9
* ¹⁷ B	D : ...; β^- 2n=11 7; β^- 3n=3.5 7; β^- 4n=0.4 3								**
* ¹⁷ C	T : average 95Sc03=193(6) 95Re.A=188(10) 86Cu01=202(17)								**
* ¹⁷ C	D : β^- n intensity is from 95Re.A								**
¹⁸ B	51850	170	< 26 ns	(2 ⁻)		10Sp02	J	2010	n ?
¹⁸ C	24920	30	92 ms 2	0 ⁺		96		1969	β^- =100; β^- n=31.5 15; β^- 2n ?
¹⁸ N	13113	19	619.2 ms 1.9	1 ⁻		96 05Li60	TD	1964	β^- =100; β^- n=7.0 15; β^- α =12.2 6; β^- 2n ?
¹⁸ O	-782.8156	0.0007	STABLE	0 ⁺		96		1929	IS=0.205 14
¹⁸ O ⁱ	15495	20	16278 20	1 ⁻ T=2		AHW	E		*
¹⁸ F	873.1	0.5	109.771 m 0.020	1 ⁺		96 02Un02	T	1937	β^+ =100
¹⁸ F ^m	1994.5	0.5	1121.36 0.15	5 ⁺		96			IT=100
¹⁸ F ⁱ	1914.7	0.5	1041.55 0.08	0 ⁺ T=1		96			IT=100
¹⁸ Ne	5317.6	0.4	1.6656 s 0.0019	0 ⁺		96 07Gr18	T	1954	β^+ =100
¹⁸ Na	25040	110	1.3 zs 0.4	1 ⁻ #		04Ze05	TD	2004	p=?
* ¹⁸ B	I : 93Po.A<26 ns; 84Mu27 ¹⁸ B n-unstable								**
* ¹⁸ N	D : β^- α intensity from 89Zh04								**
* ¹⁸ N	D : other β^- n 94Sc01=2.2(0.4)% 95Re.A=10.9(0.9) 91Re02=14.3(2.0)(same group)								**
* ¹⁸ N	T : average 05Li60=619(2) 99Og03=620(14) 82O101=624(12) 64Ch19=630(30)								**
* ¹⁸ O ⁱ	E : assuming 16399(5), 17025(10) levels to be IAS's of 114.90(0.18), 747(10)								**
* ¹⁸ O ^j	E : levels in ¹⁸ N (see 95Ti07)								**
¹⁹ B	58780#	400#	2.92 ms 0.13	3/2 ⁻ #		96 03Yo02	TD	1984	β^- =100; β^- n=71 9; β^- 2n=17 5; β^- 3n<9.1
¹⁹ C	32410	100	46.2 ms 2.3	(1/2 ⁺)		96 88Du09	TD	1974	β^- =100; β^- n=47 3; β^- 2n=7 3
¹⁹ N	15856	16	336 ms 3	1/2 ⁻		96 06Su12	TJD	1968	β^- =100; β^- n=41.8 9
¹⁹ O	3332.9	2.6	26.464 s 0.009	5/2 ⁺		96 94It.A	T	1936	β^- =100
¹⁹ F	-1487.4443	0.0009	STABLE	1/2 ⁺		96		1920	IS=100.
¹⁹ F ⁱ	6052.2	0.9	7539.6 0.9	5/2 ⁺ T=3/2		96			IT=100
¹⁹ Ne	1752.05	0.16	17.262 s 0.007	1/2 ⁺		96 12Tr06	T	1939	β^+ =100
¹⁹ Ne ⁱ	9368	16	7616 16	(5/2 ⁺)T=3/2		96 MMC127	J		*
¹⁹ Na	12929	11	> 1 as	5/2 ⁺ #		96 10Mu12	TD	1969	p=100
¹⁹ Mg	31830	50	5 ps 3	1/2 ⁻ #		96 09Mu17	TD	2007	2p=100
* ¹⁹ B	D : symmetrized from 71.8(+8.3-9.1)% 16.0(+5.6-4.8)%								**
* ¹⁹ C	T : average 88Du09=49(4) 95Re.A=44(4) 95Oz02=45.5(4.0)								**
* ¹⁹ C	J : from 01Ma08, 99Na27 and 95Ba28								**
* ¹⁹ Ne	T : also 94Ko.A=17.296(0.005) conflicting, not used								**
* ¹⁹ Ne	T : 92Ge08=18.5(0.6) for q=10 ⁺ (bare ion)								**
* ¹⁹ Ne ⁱ	J : if this is the IAS of ¹⁹ O ground-state 5/2 ⁺ ; not yet confirmed								**
* ¹⁹ Na	T : from upper limit of 40 keV, dominated by resolution: <1 eV suggested								**
* ¹⁹ Na	D : proton emission measured in 10Mu12 and 04Ze05								**
* ¹⁹ Mg	T : symmetrized from 6(+2-4); supersedes 07Mu15=4.0(1.5) ps								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
^{20}B	67130#	700#						$n?$; $\beta^-n?$; $\beta^-2n?$	
^{20}C	37560	240	16 ms 3	0^+		98 90Mu06 TD	1981	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 70.11$; ...	*
^{20}N	21770	60	136 ms 3			98 06Su12 TD	1969	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 42.9$ 14; $\beta^-2n?$	
^{20}O	3796.2	0.9	13.51 s 0.05	0^+		98	1959	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{20}F	-17.463	0.030	11.163 s 0.008	2^+		98 98Ti06 T	1935	$\beta^- = 100$	
$^{20}\text{F}^i$	6503	3		$0^+T=2$		98			
^{20}Ne	-7041.9306	0.0016			STABLE		1913	IS=90.48 3	
$^{20}\text{Ne}^i$	3230.5	2.0	10272.5 2.0	RQ		$2^+T=1$	98	IT=100	
$^{20}\text{Ne}^j$	9690.9	2.8	16732.8 2.8	RQ		$0^+T=2$	98	IT=100	
^{20}Na	6850.6	1.1	447.9 ms 2.3			2^+	98 89Cl02 D	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+\alpha = 25.0$ 4	
$^{20}\text{Na}^i$	13375	14	6525 14	p		$0^+T=2$	98	p=100	
^{20}Mg	17559	27	90 ms 6	0^+		98 95Pi03 TD	1974	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p = 30.4$ 16	*
* ^{20}C	D : ...; $\beta^-2n < 18.6$								**
* ^{20}C	D : average β^-n 03Yo02=65(+19-18)% 90Mu06=72(14)%								**
* ^{20}C	T : average 90Mu06=14(+6-5) 95Re.A 16.7(3.5); also 03Yo02=21.8(+15.0-7.4)								**
* ^{20}Mg	T : average 95Pi03=95(3) 92Go10=82(4), with Birge ratio $B=2.6$								**
^{21}B	75720#	900#	<260 ns	$3/2^-$ #		04 03Oz01 I		$n?$	
^{21}C	45640#	400#	<30 ns			04 93Po.A I		$n?$	
^{21}N	25250	100	83 ms 8	$1/2^-$ #		10	1970	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 90.5$ 42; $\beta^-2n?$	
^{21}O	8062	12	3.42 s 0.10	$(5/2^+)$		04	1968	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n?$	
^{21}F	-47.6	1.8	4.158 s 0.020	$5/2^+$		04	1955	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{21}Ne	-5731.78	0.04			STABLE	$3/2^+$	04	IS=0.27 1	
$^{21}\text{Ne}^i$	3127.4	1.4	8859.2 1.4			$T=3/2$ ($3/2, 5/2$) $^+$	04		
^{21}Na	-2184.64	0.28	22.49 s 0.04			$3/2^+$	04	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{21}\text{Na}^i$	6790	4	8975 4	p		$5/2^+T=3/2$	04		
^{21}Mg	10914	16	122 ms 2			$5/2^+$	04	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p = 32.6$ 10; ...	*
^{21}Al	26990#	400#	<35 ns	$5/2^+$ #		04 93Po.A I		p?	
* ^{21}Mg	D : ...; $\beta^+\alpha < 0.5$								**
^{22}C	53590	250	6.2 ms 1.3	0^+		05	1986	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 61$ 14; ...	*
^{22}N	32040	190	24 ms 5			05	1979	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 36.5$; $\beta^-2n < 13$	
^{22}O	9280	60	2.25 s 0.09	0^+		05	1969	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n < 22$	
^{22}F	2793	12	4.23 s 0.04	(4^+)		05	1965	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n < 11$	
^{22}Ne	-8024.714	0.018			STABLE	0^+	05	IS=9.25 3	
$^{22}\text{Ne}^i$	6035	20	14060 20			$(4^+)T=2$	05 87Wi03 E		*
^{22}Na	-5181.52	0.17	2.6027 y 0.0010	3^+		05	1935	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{22}\text{Na}^m$	-4598.41	0.19	583.11 0.09			1^+	05	IT=100	
$^{22}\text{Na}^i$	-4524.36	0.21	657.16 0.12			$0^+T=1$	05	IT=100	
^{22}Mg	-399.9	0.3	3.8755 s 0.0012	0^+		05	1961	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{22}\text{Mg}^i$	13648	14	14048 14	p		$(4^+)T=2$	05 MMC12 J	$\alpha=?$; p=?	*
^{22}Al	18200#	400#	91.1 ms 0.5			$(4)^+$	05 06Ac04 TJD	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p = 55.2$; ...	*
^{22}Si	33340#	500#	29 ms 2	0^+		05 96Bi11 D	1987	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p = 32.4$	
* ^{22}C	D : ...; $\beta^-2n < 37$								**
* ^{22}C	T : symmetrized from 6.1(+1.4-1.2) D : symmetrized from $\beta^-n = 61(+14-13)%$								**
* $^{22}\text{Ne}^i$	E : from 87Wi03; assigned to IAS in 90En08 J : IAS of ^{22}Al and ^{22}F ground-state								**
* $^{22}\text{Mg}^i$	J : IAS of ^{22}Al and ^{22}F ground-state								**
* ^{22}Al	D : ...; $\beta^+2p = 1.10$ 11; $\beta^+\alpha = 0.038$ 17								**
^{23}C	64170#	1000#				$3/2^+$ #		$n?$	
^{23}N	38320#	300#	13.9 ms 1.4	$1/2^-$ #		07 03Yo02 TD	1985	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 42.6$; $\beta^-2n = 8.4$; $\beta^-3n < 3.4$	*
^{23}O	14620	90	97 ms 8	$1/2^+$		07 07Su05 TD	1970	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n = 7.2$	
^{23}F	3310	50	2.23 s 0.14	$5/2^+$		07 95Re.A D	1970	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^-n < 14$	
^{23}Ne	-5154.04	0.10	37.14 s 0.05	$5/2^+$		07 07Gr18 T	1936	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{23}Na	-9529.8525	0.0018			STABLE	$3/2^+$	07	IS=100.	
$^{23}\text{Na}^i$	-1638.66	0.15	7891.19 0.15			$5/2^+T=3/2$	07	IT=100	
^{23}Mg	-5473.3	0.7	11.317 s 0.011			$3/2^+$	07	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{23}\text{Mg}^i$	2328.9	1.6	7802.2 1.4			$5/2^+T=3/2$	07 00Pe28 D	IT \approx 100; p=0.17 8	
^{23}Al	6748.1	0.3	470 ms 30			$5/2^+$	07	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p = 0.46$ 23	
$^{23}\text{Al}^i$	18530	60	11780 60	p		$(5/2)^+T=5/2$	07	p=0.10 5; 2p=3.6 4	
^{23}Si	23700#	500#	42.3 ms 0.4			$3/2^+$ #	07 97Bi04 TD	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+p \approx 88$; ...	*
* ^{23}N	T : symmetrized from 14.1(+1.2-1.5)								**
* ^{23}N	D : symmetrized from 42.2(+6.3-6.5)% 8.0(+3.8-3.4)%								**
* ^{23}Ne	T : average 07Gr18=37.11(0.06) 74Al03=37.24(0.12)								**
* ^{23}Si	D : ...; $\beta^+2p = 3.6$ 3								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{24}N	46940#	400#		<52 ns		07 93Po.A	I	n ?
^{24}O	18500	110		65 ms	5	07		$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 58$ 12
^{24}F	7560	70		384 ms	16	(1,2,3) ⁺	07 07Su05	T 1970 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n < 5.9$
^{24}Ne	-5951.6	0.5		3.38 m	0.02	0 ⁺	07	1956 $\beta^- = 100$
^{24}Na	-8417.96	0.04		14.997 h	0.012	4 ⁺	07	1934 $\beta^- = 100$
$^{24}\text{Na}^m$	-7945.75	0.04	472.2074	20.18 ms	0.10	1 ⁺	07	1961 $\Gamma \approx 100$; $\beta^- = 0.05$
$^{24}\text{Na}^i$	-2450.59	0.14	5967.37			0 ⁺ T=2	07	
^{24}Mg	-13933.569	0.013		STABLE		0 ⁺	07	1920 IS=78.99 4
$^{24}\text{Mg}^f$	-4417.29	0.04	9516.28		0.04	(4 ⁺)T=1	07	
$^{24}\text{Mg}^j$	1502.8	0.6	15436.4		0.6	0 ⁺ T=2	07	
^{24}Al	-47.6	1.1		2.053 s	0.004	4 ⁺	07	1953 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ \alpha = 0.035$ 6; ... *
$^{24}\text{Al}^m$	378.2	1.1	425.8	130 ms	3	1 ⁺	07	1968 $\Gamma = 82.5$ 30; $\beta^+ = 17.5$ 30; ... *
$^{24}\text{Al}^i$	5900	3	5948		4	0 ⁺ T=2	07	
^{24}Si	10744	19		140 ms	8	0 ⁺	07 98Cz01	D 1979 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 37.6$ 25
^{24}P	33320#	500#				1+#		$p ?$; $\beta^+ ?$; $\beta^+ p ?$
* ^{24}Al	D : ... ; $\beta^+ p = 0.0016$ 3 **							
* $^{24}\text{Al}^m$	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha = 0.028$ 6 **							
^{25}N	55980#	500#		<260 ns		1/2 ⁻ #	09 99Sa06	ID 2008 n ?; 2n ?; $\beta^- = 0$ *
^{25}O	27350	110		2.8 zs	0.5	3/2 ⁺ #	09 08Ho03	TD 2008 n=100 *
^{25}F	11360	80		80 ms	9	(5/2 ⁺)	09	1970 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 23.1$ 45; $\beta^- 2n ?$ *
^{25}Ne	-2060	40		602 ms	8	1/2 ⁺	09	1970 $\beta^- = 100$
^{25}Na	-9357.8	1.2		59.1 s	0.6	5/2 ⁺	09	1943 $\beta^- = 100$
^{25}Mg	-13192.77	0.05		STABLE		5/2 ⁺	09	1920 IS=10.00 1
$^{25}\text{Mg}^f$	-5405.8	0.3	7787.0		0.3	5/2 ⁺ T=3/2	09	
^{25}Al	-8916.2	0.5		7.183 s	0.012	5/2 ⁺	09	1953 $\beta^+ = 100$
$^{25}\text{Al}^i$	-1015.0	1.9	7901.2		1.8	5/2 ⁺ T=3/2	09	
^{25}Si	3827	10		220 ms	3	5/2 ⁺	09	1963 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 35$ 2
^{25}P	19740#	400#		<30 ns		1/2 ⁺ #	09 93Po.A	I 1963 p ?
* ^{25}N	D : in 99Sa06 experiment, 240 ^{25}N events expected, none observed **							
* ^{25}O	T : from decay width 170(30) keV **							
^{26}O	34730	160		90 zs		0 ⁺	00 12Lu07	TD 2012 2n=100 *
^{26}F	18670	80		9.7 ms	0.7	(1 ⁺)	09	1979 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 11$ 4; $\beta^- 2n ?$ *
^{26}Ne	479	18		197 ms	1	0 ⁺	09	1970 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 0.13$ 3
^{26}Na	-6861	4		1.0713 s	0.0002	3 ⁺	00 05Gr07	T 1958 $\beta^- = 100$ *
$^{26}\text{Na}^m$	-6779	4	82.5	9 μs	2	1 ⁺	00	1987 $\Gamma = 100$
^{26}Mg	-16214.546	0.030		STABLE		0 ⁺	00	1920 IS=11.01 3
^{26}Al	-12210.11	0.06		717 ky	24	5 ⁺	00	1934 $\beta^+ = 100$
$^{26}\text{Al}^m$	-11981.81	0.07	228.305	6.3465 s	0.0008	0 ⁺ T=1	00 11Fi01	T 1934 $\beta^+ = 100$ *
^{26}Si	-7140.98	0.11		2.2283 s	0.0027	0 ⁺	00 08Ma39	T 1960 $\beta^+ = 100$
$^{26}\text{Si}^i$	5926	11	13067		11	3 ⁺ T=2	00	
^{26}P	10970#	200#		43.7 ms	0.6	(3 ⁺)	00 04Th09	TD 1983 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 39$ 2; ... *
^{26}S	27080#	600#		<79 ns		0 ⁺	11Fo.A	I 2p ?
* ^{26}O	T : from decay width 5 keV, while the fit was insensitive to the width **							
* ^{26}Na	T : 05Gr07=1.07128 (0.00013 stat) (0.00021 sys) **							
* $^{26}\text{Al}^m$	T : unrounded 6.34654(0.00076); others 11Sc22=6.3478(25) 83Ko22=6.3462(26) **							
* ^{26}P	D : ... ; $\beta^+ 2p = 2.16$ 24 **							
^{27}O	44450#	500#		<260 ns		3/2 ⁺ #	99Sa06	I n ?; 2n ?
^{27}F	24630	190		4.9 ms	0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	11 98No.A	T 1981 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 77$ 21; $\beta^- 2n ?$ *
^{27}Ne	7040	70		31.5 ms	1.3	(3/2 ⁺)	11	1977 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 2.0$ 5; $\beta^- 2n ?$ *
^{27}Na	-5518	4		301 ms	6	5/2 ⁺	11	1968 $\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 0.13$ 4
^{27}Mg	-14586.61	0.05		9.458 m	0.012	1/2 ⁺	11	1934 $\beta^- = 100$
^{27}Al	-17196.75	0.10		STABLE		5/2 ⁺	11	1922 IS=100.
$^{27}\text{Al}^i$	-10383.0	0.7	6813.8		0.7	1/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11	$\Gamma = 100$
^{27}Si	-12384.39	0.14		4.15 s	0.04	5/2 ⁺	11	1939 $\beta^+ = 100$
$^{27}\text{Si}^i$	-5759.5	2.3	6624.9		2.3	1/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11	1977 $\Gamma ?$
^{27}P	-722	26		260 ms	80	1/2 ⁺	11	1977 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 0.07$
$^{27}\text{P}^i$	12010	30	12730		40	5/2 ⁺ T=5/2	11	1991 $\Gamma ?$
^{27}S	17030#	400#		15.5 ms	1.5	(5/2 ⁺)	11	1986 $\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 2.3$ 9; ... *
* ^{27}F	T : others not used: 99Re16=6.5(1.1) 97Ta22=5.3(0.9) outweighed; and **							
* ^{27}F	T : 99D101=5.2(0.3) same data as in 99Re16 **							
* ^{27}S	D : ... ; $\beta^+ 2p = 1.1$ 5 **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
²⁸ O	52080#	700#			<100 ns	0 ⁺		98Po.A I		n ?; 2n ?; β ⁻ =0	*
²⁸ F	32920	200			<40 ns			09 93Po.A I		n ?	
²⁸ Ne	11290	100			18.9 ms 0.4	0 ⁺	08		1979	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =11.9 7; β ⁻ _{2n} =3.6 5	
²⁸ Na	-988	10			30.5 ms 0.4	1 ⁺	09		1969	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =0.58 12	
²⁸ Mg	-15018.7	2.0			20.915 h 0.009	0 ⁺	09		1953	β ⁻ =100	
²⁸ Al	-16850.53	0.12			2.2414 m 0.0012	3 ⁺	01		1934	β ⁻ =100	
²⁸ Al ⁱ	-10858.1	0.4	5992.4	0.4		0 ⁺ T=2	01				
²⁸ Si	-21492.7946	0.0004			STABLE	0 ⁺	01		1920	IS=92.223 19	
²⁸ Si ^r	-8951.64	0.11	12541.16	0.11	RQ	3 ⁺	01				
²⁸ Si ⁱ	-6265.8	1.0	15227	1		0 ⁺ T=2	01	68Mc12 D	1968	α=90 11; p=10 11	
²⁸ Si ^j	-12176.87	0.10	9315.92	0.10		3 ⁺ T=1	01				
²⁸ P	-7147.7	1.2			270.3 ms 0.5	3 ⁺	01	79Ho27 D	1953	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ _p =0.0013 4; ...	*
²⁸ P ⁱ	-1260	20	5887	20	p	0 ⁺ T=2	01				
²⁸ S	4070	160			125 ms 10	0 ⁺	06		1982	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ _p =20.7 19	
²⁸ Cl	27520#	600#				1 ⁺ #				p ?	
* ²⁸ O	D : in 97Ta22 and 99Sa06, 11 and 37 ²⁸ O events expected, none observed										**
* ²⁸ P	D : ...; β ⁺ α=0.00086 25										**
²⁹ F	39630#	500#			2.5 ms 0.3	5/2 ⁺ #	12	99Dl01 D	1989	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =60 40; ...	*
²⁹ Ne	18400	100			14.7 ms 0.4	3/2 ⁺ #	12	05Tr13 T	1985	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =28 5; β ⁻ _{2n} =4 1	*
²⁹ Na	2680	7			44.1 ms 0.9	3/2 ⁺ (+ [#])	12	95Re.A D	1969	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =25.9 23; β ⁻ _{2n} ?	*
²⁹ Mg	-10603	11			1.30 s 0.12	3/2 ⁺	12		1971	β ⁻ =100	
²⁹ Al	-18204.7	0.9			6.56 m 0.06	5/2 ⁺	12		1939	β ⁻ =100	
²⁹ Si	-21895.0787	0.0005			STABLE	1/2 ⁺	12		1920	IS=4.685 8	
²⁹ Si ⁱ	-13605	5	8290	5		5/2 ⁺ T=3/2	12			IT=100	
²⁹ P	-16952.5	0.6			4.142 s 0.015	1/2 ⁺	12		1941	β ⁺ =100	
²⁹ P ⁱ	-8570.7	2.5	8381.7	2.4	RQ	5/2 ⁺ T=3/2	12		1969	IT=100	
²⁹ S	-3160	50			188 ms 4	5/2 ⁺ #	12	79Vi01 D	1964	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ _p =46.4 10	
²⁹ Cl	13770#	400#			<20 ns	3/2 ⁺ #	12	93Po.A I		p ?	
* ²⁹ F	D : ...; β ⁻ _{2n} ?										**
* ²⁹ F	D : β ⁻ _n from 99Dl01=100(80)%										**
* ²⁹ Ne	T : average 05Tr13=13.8(0.5) 97No.A=15.6(0.5); others outweighed, not used;										**
* ²⁹ Ne	T : 06Tr02=15.1(2.6) 16.4(1.3) 99Dl01=15(4) 99Re16=19(9) 97Ta22=15(3)										**
* ²⁹ Na	D : β ⁻ _n : average 95Re.A=27.1(1.6)% 84La03=21.5(3.0)%										**
³⁰ F	48110#	600#			<260 ns			10 99Sa06 I		n ?	
³⁰ Ne	23040	280			7.3 ms 0.3	0 ⁺	10		1985	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =13 4; β ⁻ _{2n} =8.9 23	
³⁰ Na	8475	5			48.4 ms 1.7	2 ⁺	10	99Dl01 T	1969	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =30 4; ...	*
³⁰ Mg	-8884	3			313 ms 4	0 ⁺	10	84La03 D	1971	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n <0.06	*
³⁰ Al	-15872	14			3.62 s 0.06	3 ⁺	10		1961	β ⁻ =100	
³⁰ Si	-24432.961	0.022			STABLE	0 ⁺	10		1924	IS=3.092 11	
³⁰ P	-20200.6	0.3			2.498 m 0.004	1 ⁺ T=0	10		1934	β ⁺ =100	*
³⁰ P ⁱ	-19523.6	0.3	677.01	0.03		0 ⁺ T=1	10				
³⁰ S	-14059.0	0.4			1.1759 s 0.0017	0 ⁺	10	11So11 T	1961	β ⁺ =100	
³⁰ Cl	4440#	200#			<30 ns	3 ⁺ #	10	93Po.A I		p ?	
³⁰ Ar	21490#	500#			<20 ns	0 ⁺		93Po.A I		p ?; 2p ?	
* ³⁰ Na	D : ...; β ⁻ _{2n} =1.15 25; β ⁻ α=5.5e-5 2										**
* ³⁰ Na	T : average 99Dl01=50(4) 97Ta22=48(5) 84La02=48(2)										**
* ³⁰ Mg	T : average 08Hi05=314(5) and 312(7)										**
* ³⁰ P	D : first observed radionuclide, in 1934										**
³¹ F	55620#	530#			1# ms (>260 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	06	99Sa06 I	1999	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ _n ?; β ⁻ _{2n} ?	
³¹ Ne	30820	1620			3.4 ms 0.8	7/2 ⁺ #	06		1996	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n ?; β ⁻ _{2n} ?	
³¹ Na	12261	23			17.0 ms 0.4	3/2 ⁺ (+ [#])	06	93Kl02 J	1969	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =37 5; ...	*
³¹ Mg	-3122	3			232 ms 15	1/2 ⁺	07	08Ko05 J	1977	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n =6.2 20	*
³¹ Al	-14955	20			644 ms 25	5/2 ⁺	01	06Hi18 J	1971	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ _n <1.6	
³¹ Si	-22949.04	0.04			157.3 m 0.3	3/2 ⁺	01		1934	β ⁻ =100	
³¹ P	-24440.5411	0.0007			STABLE	1/2 ⁺	01		1920	IS=100.	
³¹ P ⁱ	-18059.7	1.7	6380.8	1.7		3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	01			IT=100	
³¹ S	-19042.52	0.23			2.572 s 0.013	1/2 ⁺	01		1940	β ⁺ =100	
³¹ S ⁱ	-12775	10	6268	10		3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	01				
³¹ Cl	-7070	50			150 ms 25	3/2 ⁺	01	85Ay02 D	1977	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ _p =0.7	*
³¹ Cl ⁱ	5256	3	12320	50	RQ	3/2 ⁺ T=5/2	01				
³¹ Ar	11290#	210#			14.4 ms 0.6	5/2 ⁺ (+ [#])	06		1986	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ _p =63 7; ...	*
* ³¹ Na	D : ...; β ⁻ _{2n} =0.87 24; β ⁻ _{3n} <0.05										**
* ³¹ Mg	D : strongly conflicting with earlier 84La03=1.7(0.3)%										**
* ³¹ Cl	D : β ⁺ _p =0.44% for 986 keV protons. Total: 165/100×0.44=0.726%										**
* ³¹ Ar	D : ...; β ⁺ _{2p} =7.2 11; β ⁺ _{3p} <1.4; β ⁺ _p α<0.38; β ⁺ α<0.03										**
* ³¹ Ar	D : from 98Ax02										**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
³² Ne	37000#	500#			3.5 ms 0.9	0 ⁺	11		1990	β^- =100; β^- n=27#; β^- 2n=7#
³² Na	18810	120			12.9 ms 0.3	(3 ⁻)	11	08Tr04 TJ	1972	β^- =100; β^- n=24 7; ... *
³² Mg	-829	3			86 ms 5	0 ⁺	11		1977	β^- =100; β^- n=5.5 5
³² Al	-11099	12			33.0 ms 0.2	1 ⁺	11		1971	β^- =100; β^- n=0.7 5
³² Al ^m	-10142	12	956.6	0.5	200 ns 20	(4 ⁺)	11		1996	IT=100
³² Si	-24077.69	0.30			153 y 19	0 ⁺	11		1953	β^- =100
³² P	-24304.87	0.04			14.263 d 0.003	1 ⁺	11		1934	β^- =100
³² P ⁱ	-19232.43	0.07	5072.44	0.06		0 ⁺ T=2	11			IT=100
³² S	-26015.5335	0.0013			STABLE	0 ⁺	11		1920	IS=94.99 26
³² S ⁱ	-19014.1	0.4	7001.4	0.4		1 ⁺ T=1	11			IT=100
³² S ^j	-13967.57	0.28	12047.96	0.28		0 ⁺ T=2	11			IT=100
³² Cl	-13334.7	0.6			298 ms 1	1 ⁺	11		1953	β^+ =100; β^+ α =0.054 8; ... *
³² Cl ⁱ	-8288.4	0.7	5046.3	0.3		0 ⁺ T=2	11			IT=100
³² Ar	-2200.4	1.8			98 ms 2	0 ⁺	11		1977	β^+ =100; β^+ p=35.58 0.22
³² K	21100#	500#				1 ⁺ #				p ?
³² K ^m	22050#	510#	950#	100#		4 ⁺ #		Mirror I		p ?
* ³² Na	D : ... ; β^- 2n=8 2 **									
* ³² Na	T : average 08Tr04=13.1(0.5) and 11.5(1.2) 98No.A=11.5(0.8) 84La03=13.2(0.4) **									
* ³² Cl	D : ... ; β^+ p=0.026 5 **									
³³ Ne	46000#	600#			<260 ns	7/2 ⁻ #	11	02No11 I		n ? *
³³ Na	23970#	600#			8.2 ms 0.4	(3/2 ⁺)	11		1972	β^- =100; β^- n=47 6; ... *
³³ Mg	4962.2	2.9			90.5 ms 1.6	3/2 ⁻	11		1979	β^- =100; β^- n=14 2; β^- 2n ?
³³ Al	-8470	80			41.7 ms 0.2	(5/2) ⁺	11		1971	β^- =100; β^- n=8.5 7
³³ Si	-20514.3	0.7			6.18 s 0.18	3/2 ⁺	11		1971	β^- =100
³³ P	-26337.3	1.1			25.35 d 0.11	1/2 ⁺	11		1951	β^- =100
³³ S	-26585.8543	0.0014			STABLE	3/2 ⁺	11		1926	IS=0.75 2
³³ S ⁱ	-21106.06	0.13	5479.79	0.13		1/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11			IT=100
³³ Cl	-21003.3	0.4			2.511 s 0.004	3/2 ⁺	11		1940	β^+ =100
³³ Cl ⁱ	-15454.9	0.5	5548.4	0.4	RQ	1/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11			IT=100
³³ Ar	-9384.3	0.4			173.0 ms 2.0	1/2 ⁺	11		1964	β^+ =100; β^+ p=38.7 10
³³ K	7040#	200#			<25 ns	3/2 ⁺ #	11	93Po.A I		p ?
* ³³ Ne	T : estimated half-life 1# ms for β^- decay I : also 02Le.A < 1.5 μ s **									
* ³³ Na	D : ... ; β^- 2n=13 3 **									
³⁴ Ne	52840#	510#			1# ms (>1.5 μ s)	0 ⁺	12	02Le.A I	2002	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁴ Na	31290#	500#			5.5 ms 1.0	1 ⁺	12	GAu03 D	1983	β^- =100; β^- 2n \approx 50; β^- n \approx 15 *
³⁴ Mg	8323	29			20 ms 10	0 ⁺	12		1979	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁴ Al	-3070	70			56.3 ms 0.5	(4 ⁻)	12		1977	β^- =100; β^- n=12.5 25; β^- 2n ?
³⁴ Al ^m	-2520#	120#	550#	100#	26 ms 1	(1 ⁺)		12Ro25 TJ	2012	β^- \approx 100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁴ Si	-19957	14			2.77 s 0.20	0 ⁺	12		1971	β^- =100
³⁴ Si ^m	-15701	14	4256.1	0.4	< 210 ns	(3 ⁻)	12		1989	IT=100
³⁴ P	-24548.7	0.8			12.43 s 0.10	1 ⁺	12		1945	β^- =100
³⁴ S	-29931.69	0.04			STABLE	0 ⁺	12		1926	IS=4.25 24
³⁴ Cl	-24440.09	0.05			1.5266 s 0.0004	0 ⁺ T=1	12		1934	β^+ =100
³⁴ Cl ^m	-24293.73	0.05	146.360	0.027	MD	3 ⁺ T=0	12		1965	β^+ =55.4 6; IT=44.6 6
³⁴ Ar	-18378.29	0.08			843.8 ms 0.4	0 ⁺	12		1966	β^+ =100
³⁴ Ar ⁱ	-10444	5	7934	5	RQ	1 ⁺ #T=3	12		1969	β^+ ?; IT ?
³⁴ K	-1220#	300#			<40 ns	1 ⁺ #	12	93Po.A I		p ?
³⁴ Ca	13850#	300#			<35 ns	0 ⁺	12	93Po.A I		2p ?
* ³⁴ Na	D : β^- n \approx 15%, β^- 2n \approx 50% estimated from $P_n = \beta^-$ n + 2 \times β^- 2n=115(20)% in 84La03 **									
* ³⁴ Na	D : assuming β^- n/ β^- 2n=0.3 from trends in the ³⁰ Na- ³³ Na series: 26 41 3 4 **									
³⁵ Na	37840#	590#			1.5 ms 0.5	3/2 ⁺ #	11		1983	β^- =100; β^- n=?; β^- 2n ?
³⁵ Mg	15640	180			70 ms 40	7/2 ⁻ #	11		1989	β^- =100; β^- n=52 46; β^- 2n ?
³⁵ Al	-220	70			37.2 ms 0.8	5/2 ⁺ #	11		1979	β^- =100; β^- n=38 2; β^- 2n ?
³⁵ Si	-14360	40			780 ms 120	7/2 ⁻ #	11	95Re.A D	1971	β^- =100; β^- n<5
³⁵ P	-24857.8	1.9			47.3 s 0.8	1/2 ⁺	11		1971	β^- =100
³⁵ S	-28846.22	0.04			87.37 d 0.04	3/2 ⁺	11		1936	β^- =100
³⁵ S ⁱ	-19691	10	9155	10	RQ	T=5/2	(1/2 : 9/2) ⁺	11	1975	
³⁵ Cl	-29013.54	0.04			STABLE	3/2 ⁺	11		1919	IS=75.76 10
³⁵ Cl ⁱ	-23359.06	0.22	5654.48	0.22		3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11			IT=100
³⁵ Ar	-23047.4	0.7			1.7756 s 0.0010	3/2 ⁺	11		1940	β^+ =100
³⁵ Ar ⁱ	-17474.7	0.7	5572.66	0.15		3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	11			IT=100
³⁵ K	-11172.9	0.5			178 ms 8	3/2 ⁺	11	06Me04 J	1976	β^+ =100; β^+ p=0.37 15
³⁵ K ⁱ	-2110	40	9060	40	2p	3/2 ⁺ T=5/2	11			
³⁵ Ca	4790#	200#			25.7 ms 0.2	1/2 ⁺ #	11		1985	β^+ =100; β^+ p=95.9 14; ... *
* ³⁵ Ca	D : ... ; β^+ 2p=4.1 6 **									

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
³⁶ Na	45910#	590#	<180 ns			12		n ?
³⁶ Mg	20380	460	3.9 ms 1.3	0 ⁺	12		1989	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁶ Al	5950	100	90 ms 40		12		1979	β^- =100; β^- n<30; β^- 2n ?
³⁶ Si	-12390	70	450 ms 60	0 ⁺	12	95Re.A D	1971	β^- =100; β^- n=12.5
³⁶ P	-20251	13	5.6 s 0.3	(4 ⁻)	12		1971	β^- =100; β^- n ?
³⁶ S	-30664.12	0.19	STABLE	0 ⁺	12		1938	IS=0.01 1
³⁶ Cl	-29522.02	0.04	301.3 ky 1.5	2 ⁺	12		1941	β^- =98.1 1; β^+ =1.9 1
³⁶ Cl ⁱ	-25222.35	0.04	4299.667 0.014	(0 ⁺)T=2	12			IT=100
³⁶ Ar	-30231.540	0.027	STABLE	0 ⁺	12		1920	IS=0.3336 21; 2 β^+ ?
³⁶ Ar ⁱ	-23620.5	0.3	6611.0 0.3	2 ⁺ T=1	12			IT=100
³⁶ Ar ^j	-19379.4	1.2	10852.1 1.2	RQ	0 ⁺ T=2	12		IT=100
³⁶ K	-17417.1	0.3	341 ms 3	2 ⁺	12		1967	β^+ =100; β^+ p=0.048 14; ...
³⁶ K ⁱ	-13134.6	2.4	4282.4 2.4	p	0 ⁺ T=2	12		p=100
³⁶ Ca	-6450	40	101.2 ms 1.5	0 ⁺	12	07Do17 T	1977	β^+ =100; β^+ p=51.2 10
³⁶ Sc	15350#	300#						p ?
* ³⁶ K	D : ... ; β^+ α =0.0034 13							**
* ³⁶ K ⁱ	E : ENSDF2012 finds 4281.9(0.8) as IAS of ³⁶ Ca ground-state							**
* ³⁶ Ca	T : average 07Do17=100.1(2.3) 95Tr02=102(2)							**
³⁷ Na	53140#	610#	1# ms (>1.5 μ s)	3/2 ⁺ #	12	02Le.A I	2002	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁷ Mg	28290#	500#	8 ms 4	7/2 ⁻ #	12		1996	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁷ Al	9810	120	10.7 ms 1.3	3/2 ⁺ #	12		1979	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁷ Si	-6590	80	90 ms 60	7/2 ⁻ #	12		1979	β^- =100; β^- n=17 13; β^- 2n ?
³⁷ P	-19000	40	2.31 s 0.13	1/2 ⁺ #	12		1971	β^- =100; β^- n=0.02#
³⁷ S	-26896.41	0.20	5.05 m 0.02	7/2 ⁻	12		1945	β^- =100
³⁷ Cl	-31761.52	0.05	STABLE	3/2 ⁺	12		1919	IS=24.24 10
³⁷ Cl ⁱ	-21539.7	0.3	10221.8 0.3	RQ	7/2 ⁻ T=5/2	12	1984	IT=100
³⁷ Ar	-30947.65	0.21	35.011 d 0.019	3/2 ⁺	12		1941	ϵ =100
³⁷ Ar ⁱ	-25956	6	4992 6	RQ	3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	12	1973	
³⁷ K	-24800.20	0.09	1.225 s 0.007	3/2 ⁺	12		1958	β^+ =100
³⁷ K ⁱ	-19749.9	0.8	5050.3 0.8	RQ	3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	12	1973	IT=100
³⁷ Ca	-13136.1	0.6	181.1 ms 1.0	3/2 ⁺ #	12		1964	β^+ =100; β^+ p=82.1 7
³⁷ Sc	3480#	300#		7/2 ⁻ #				p ?
* ³⁷ Ca	TD : also 07Do17=181.7(3.6) ms; 72.2(4.3)% ; also β^+ p=74.5(0.7)% from 95Tr03							**
³⁸ Mg	34070#	500#	1# ms (>260 ns)	0 ⁺	08		2002	β^- =100#; β^- n=76#; β^- 2n=7.4#
³⁸ Al	16210	250	7.6 ms 0.6	0 ⁺	08		1989	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁸ Si	-4170	70	90 ms (>1 μ s)	0 ⁺	08		1979	β^- =100#; β^- n ?
³⁸ P	-14670	90	640 ms 140	(0 ⁻ to4 ⁻)	08		1971	β^- =100; β^- n=12.5
³⁸ S	-26861	7	170.3 m 0.7	0 ⁺	08		1958	β^- =100
³⁸ Cl	-29798.09	0.10	37.24 m 0.05	2 ⁻	08		1940	β^- =100
³⁸ Cl ^m	-29126.73	0.10	671.365 0.008	7/5	08		1954	IT=100
³⁸ Cl ⁱ	-21590	24	8208 24	RQ	0 ⁺ T=3	08		
³⁸ Ar	-34714.82	0.19	STABLE	0 ⁺	08		1934	IS=0.0629 7
³⁸ Ar ⁱ	-24083.9	0.9	10630.9 0.9	RQ	(2 ⁻)T=2	08		
³⁸ Ar ^j	-15940	30	18780 30	RQ	0 ⁺ T=3	08		
³⁸ K	-28800.75	0.20	7.636 m 0.018	3 ⁺ T=0	08		1937	β^+ =100
³⁸ K ^m	-28670.61	0.20	130.15 0.04	MD	0 ⁺ T=1	08	10Ba43 T	1953
³⁸ K ⁿ	-25342.61	0.26	3458.14 0.17		(7 ⁺)	08	1971	IT=100
³⁸ Ca	-22058.50	0.19	443.77 ms 0.36	0 ⁺	08	11Pa38 T	1966	β^+ =100
³⁸ Sc	-4550#	200#	<300 ns	2 ⁻ #	08	94B110 I		p ?
³⁸ Sc ^m	-3880#	220#	670# 100#		5 ⁻ #			IT ?; p ?
³⁸ Ti	10670#	300#	<120 ns	0 ⁺	08	96B121 I		2p ?
* ³⁸ Ca	T : other recent 10B109=443.8(1.9) ms							**
³⁹ Mg	42280#	510#	<180 ns	7/2 ⁻ #	07			n ?
³⁹ Al	21000#	500#	7.6 ms 1.6	3/2 ⁺ #	11		1989	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁹ Si	2320	90	47.5 ms 2.0	7/2 ⁻ #	06		1979	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
³⁹ P	-12830	90	282 ms 24	1/2 ⁺ #	06	04Gr20 T	1977	β^- =100; β^- n=26 8
³⁹ S	-23160	50	11.5 s 0.5	(7/2 ⁻)	06		1971	β^- =100
³⁹ Cl	-29800.2	1.7	56.2 m 0.6	3/2 ⁺	06		1949	β^- =100
³⁹ Ar	-33242	5	269 y 3	7/2 ⁻	06		1950	β^- =100
³⁹ Ar ⁱ	-24161	7	9081 9	RQ	T=5/2	(3/2,5/2) ⁺	06	
³⁹ K	-33807.190	0.005	STABLE	3/2 ⁺	06		1921	IS=93.2581 44
³⁹ K ⁱ	-27261.2	2.0	6546 2		7/2 ⁻ T=3/2	06		IT=100
³⁹ Ca	-27282.7	0.6	860.3 ms 0.8	3/2 ⁺	06	10B109 T	1943	β^+ =100
³⁹ Ca ⁱ	-20917#	9#	6366# 9#		3/2 ⁺ T=3/2	Imme E		
³⁹ Sc	-14173	24	< 300 ns	7/2 ⁻ #	06	GAu128 D	1988	p=100
³⁹ Sc ⁱ	-5344	28	8830 40	2p	(3/2 ⁻)T=5/2			
³⁹ Ti	2200#	210#	28.5 ms 0.9	3/2 ⁺ #	06	07Do17 TD	1990	β^+ =100; β^+ p=93.7 28; ...
* ³⁹ Mg	T : estimated half-life 1# ms for β^- decay							**
* ³⁹ P	T : average 04Gr20=250(80) 98Wi.A=320(30) 95Re.A=190(50)							**
* ³⁹ Ca	T : average 10B109=860.7(1.0) 77Az01=859.4(1.6) 73Al11=860.4(3.0)							**
* ³⁹ Sc	D : most probably proton emitter from $S_p=-597(24)$ keV							**
* ³⁹ Ti	D : ... ; β^+ 2p=15# D : β^+ 2p decay observed in 92Mo15							**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...									
⁴³ Ti	-29321	7		509 ms	5		01	1948	$\beta^+=100$
⁴³ Ti ^m	-29008	7	313.0	11.9 μ s	0.3		01 11Ho02 T	1978	IT=100
⁴³ Ti ⁿ	-26255	7	3066.4	556 ns	5		01 11Ho02 T	1978	IT=100
⁴³ Ti ⁱ	-24605	9	4716						
⁴³ V	-17920	40		79.3 ms	2.4		01 07Do17 TD	1987	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p<2.5$
⁴³ Vi	-9718	15	8200						RQ
⁴³ Cr	-2300#	400#		21.1 ms	0.3		01 11Po01 TD	1992	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=81.4$; ...
⁴³ P	T: average 04Gr20=36.5(1.5) 95So03=33(3)								
⁴³ S	T: average 04Gr20=282(27) 98Wi.A=260(15); other 89Le16=220(+80-50)								
⁴³ Sm	T: others recent 12Ka.B=201(+140-70) E=320.9 keV, 00Sa21=478(48) E=319 keV								
⁴³ Sc ^m	T: average 77Mi10=438(7) 65De15=470(20) 64Ho14=435(7)								
⁴³ Sc ⁿ	T: average 08Fe02=481(9) 81Da06=469(4) 78Ha07=473(5)								
⁴³ Sc ⁿ	J: from measured magnetic moment, transitions multipolarity and transfer								
⁴³ Sc ⁿ	J: reaction L values, as compiled in ENSDF								
⁴³ Ti ^m	T: average 11Ho02=11.7(0.3) 78Me15=12.6(0.6)								
⁴³ Ti ⁿ	T: average 11Ho02=551(7) 81Da06=553(21) 78Ha07=560(6)								
⁴³ Cr	D: ...; $\beta^+2p=7.1$ 4; $\beta^+3p=0.08$ 3; $\beta^+\alpha$?								
⁴³ Cr	T: average 11Po01=20.6(0.9) 07Do17=21.1(0.4) 01Gi01=21.6(0.7)								
⁴³ Cr	D: other 07Do17 92.5(2.8) for $\beta^+p + \beta^+2p + \dots$; β^+2p (IAS in ⁴³ Vi)=5.6(0.7)								
⁴⁴ Si	28510#	600#		10# ms	(>360 ns)		11	2007	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁴⁴ P	10440#	500#		18.5 ms	2.5		11	1989	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=18$ #; $\beta^-2n=71$
⁴⁴ S	-9204	5		100 ms	1		11	1979	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=18$ 3
⁴⁴ Sm	-7839	5	1365.0	2.619 μ s	0.026		11	2005	IT=100
⁴⁴ Cl	-20610	190		560 ms	110		11	1979	β^- =100; $\beta^-n<8$
⁴⁴ Ar	-32673.3	1.6		11.87 m	0.05		11	1969	β^- =100
⁴⁴ K	-35781.5	0.4		22.13 m	0.19		11	1954	β^- =100
⁴⁴ Ca	-41468.7	0.3		STABLE			11	1922	IS=2.09 11
⁴⁴ Ca ⁱ	-29619	10	11850				11		2 ⁻ T=3
⁴⁴ Sc	-37816.0	1.8		3.97 h	0.04		11	1937	$\beta^+=100$
⁴⁴ Sc ^m	-37748.1	1.8	67.8679	154.8 ns	0.8		11	1967	IT=100
⁴⁴ Sc ⁿ	-37669.8	1.8	146.1914	51.0 μ s	0.3		11	1963	IT=100
⁴⁴ Sc ^p	-37544.8	1.8	271.240	58.61 h	0.10		11	1940	IT=98.80 7; $\beta^+=1.20$ 7
⁴⁴ Sc ⁱ	-35038.2	2.5	2778				11		0 ⁺ T=2
⁴⁴ Ti	-37548.6	0.7		59.1 y	0.3		11	1954	$\varepsilon=100$
⁴⁴ Ti ⁱ	-30942.2	0.9	6606.4				11		2 ⁺ T=1
⁴⁴ Ti ^j	-28210.6	2.1	9338				11		0 ⁺ frg.T=2
⁴⁴ V	-24120	180		111 ms	7		11	1971	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+\alpha=?$; β^+p ?
⁴⁴ V ^m	-23850#	210#	270#	150 ms	3		11	1997	$\beta^+=100$
⁴⁴ V ⁿ	-23970#	210#	150#				11		0 ⁻ #
⁴⁴ Vi	-21124	13	2990				11		0 ⁺ #T=2
⁴⁴ Cr	-13640#	300#		42.8 ms	0.6		11 07Do17 D	1987	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=14.0$ 9
⁴⁴ Mn	6660#	500#		<105 ns			11		p ?
⁴⁴ Ti ^j	E: strongest fragment 9338(2); other 40(2) lower								
⁴⁵ Si	37210#	700#		1# ms					β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁴⁵ P	15320#	600#		8# ms	(>200 ns)		08	1990	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁴⁵ S	-3990	690		68 ms	2		08	1989	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=54$; β^-2n ?
⁴⁵ Cl	-18360	100		413 ms	25		08	1979	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=24$ 4
⁴⁵ Ar	-29770.8	0.5		21.48 s	0.15		08	1974	β^- =100
⁴⁵ K	-36615.6	0.5		17.8 m	0.6		08	1964	β^- =100
⁴⁵ Ca	-40812.2	0.4		162.61 d	0.09		08	1940	β^- =100
⁴⁵ Sc	-41071.2	0.7		STABLE			08	1923	IS=100
⁴⁵ Sc ^m	-41058.8	0.7	12.40	318 ms	7		08	1964	IT=100
⁴⁵ Sc ⁱ	-34372	15	6699				08		7/2 ⁻ T=5/2
⁴⁵ Ti	-39009.1	0.9		184.8 m	0.5		08	1941	$\beta^+=100$
⁴⁵ Ti ^m	-38972.6	0.9	36.53	3.0 μ s	0.2		08	2006	IT=100
⁴⁵ Ti ⁱ	-34290	3	4719				08		7/2 ⁻ T=3/2
⁴⁵ V	-31881	8		547 ms	6		08	1975	$\beta^+=100$
⁴⁵ V ^m	-31824	8	56.8	512 ns	13		08 11Ho02 T	1980	IT=100
⁴⁵ Vi	-27090	9	4791				08		p=100
⁴⁵ Cr	-19510	40		60.9 ms	0.4		08	1974	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=34.4$ 8
⁴⁵ Cr ^m	-19400	40	107	> 80 μ s			11 11Ho02 ETJ	2011	IT=100
⁴⁵ Mn	-5130#	400#		<70 ns			08 92Bo37 I		p ?
⁴⁵ Fe	13430#	400#		2.2 ms	0.3		08 05Do20 T	1996	2p=57 10; $\beta^+<43$; $\beta^+p<43$
⁴⁵ V ^m	T: average 11Ho02=468(23) 87Ha.B=430(80) 82Ho11=539(18) 82Al.C=610(80) and								
⁴⁵ V ^m	T: 80Gr.A=510(50)								
⁴⁵ Fe	D: ...; $\beta^+p=25$ 5								
⁴⁵ Fe	T: average 05Do20=1.6(+0.5-0.3) 02Gi09=4.7(+3.4-1.4) 02Pf02=3.2(+2.6-1.0)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
⁴⁶ P	22780#	700#	4# ms (>200 ns)		00	90Le03	I	1990	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁶ S	40#	500#	50 ms	8	0+	10		1989	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁶ Cl	-13810	160	232 ms	2	00	04Gr20	T	1989	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n =60.9; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁶ Ar	-29730	40	8.4 s	0.6	0+	00		1974	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁶ K	-35413.9	0.7	105 s	10	2(-)	00	82To02	J	1965	$\beta^- =100$
⁴⁶ Ca	-43138.4	2.3	STABLE	(>100 Ey)	0+	00	99Be64	T	1938	IS=0.004 3; $2\beta^- ?$
⁴⁶ Sc	-41760.5	0.7	83.79 d	0.04	4+	00		1936	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁶ Sc ^m	-41708.5	0.7	52.011 μ s	0.001	6+	00		1966	IT=100	
⁴⁶ Sc ⁿ	-41618.0	0.7	142.528 s	0.007	1-	00		1948	IT=100	
⁴⁶ Sc ⁱ	-36747	4	5014	4	RQ	0+T=3				
⁴⁶ Ti	-44127.0	0.3	STABLE		0+	00		1934	IS=8.25 3	
⁴⁶ Ti ⁱ	-34961	7	9166	7	RQ	4+T=2				
⁴⁶ Ti ^j	-29976	6	14151	6	RQ	0+T=3				
⁴⁶ V	-37074.6	0.3	422.64 ms	0.05	0+T=1	00	12Pa07	T	1952	$\beta^+ =100$
⁴⁶ V ^m	-36273.1	0.3	1.02 ms	0.07	3+T=0	00		1962	IT=100	
⁴⁶ Cr	-29474	20	257 ms	55	0+	10	05On03	T	1972	$\beta^+ =100$
⁴⁶ Cr ⁱ	-20323	15	9151	25	RQ	(4+)T=2		10	p=?	
⁴⁶ Mn	-12960#	400#	36.2 ms	0.4	*	(4+)	10	1987	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =57.0 8; \dots$	
⁴⁶ Mn ^m	-12810#	410#	1# ms		*	1#			$\beta^+ ?$	
⁴⁶ Mn ⁱ	-7470	50	5480#	400#	p	T=3				
⁴⁶ Fe	590#	500#	13.0 ms	2.0	0+	10	07Do17	TD	1992	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =78.7 38$
* ⁴⁶ Ca	T : limit is for 0v- $\beta\beta$ decay									
* ⁴⁶ V	T : average 12Pa07=422.66(0.06) 97Ko65=422.57(0.13)									
* ⁴⁶ Cr	T : average 05On03=240(140) 72Zi02=260(60)									
* ⁴⁶ Mn	D : ... ; $\beta^+ 2p \approx 18; \beta^+ \alpha ?$									
* ⁴⁶ Mn	T : others 92Bo37=41(+7-6) 01Gi01=34.0(+4.5-3.5)									
* ⁴⁶ Mn	D : $\beta^+ 2p \approx 18\%$ estimated from $P_p = \beta^+ p + 2 \times \beta^+ 2p = 57(1)\%$									
* ⁴⁶ Fe	T : other 01Gi01=9.7(+3.5-4.3) D : other 01Gi01=36(20)%									
⁴⁷ P	29240#	800#	2# ms		3/2+#				$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁷ S	7410#	500#	20# ms (>200 ns)		3/2-#	07	89Gu03	I	1989	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$
⁴⁷ Cl	-10100#	400#	101 ms	5	3/2+#	07		1989	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n < 3; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁷ Ar	-25210	90	1.23 s	0.03	(3/2)-	07		1985	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n < 0.2$	
⁴⁷ K	-35712.0	1.4	17.50 s	0.24	1/2+	07		1964	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁷ Ca	-42343.5	2.2	4.536 d	0.003	7/2-	07		1951	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁷ Sc	-44335.6	2.0	3.3492 d	0.0006	7/2-	07		1945	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁷ Sc ^m	-43568.8	2.0	766.83 s	0.09	(3/2)+	07		1968	IT=100	
⁴⁷ Ti	-44936.4	0.4	STABLE		5/2-	07		1934	IS=7.44 2	
⁴⁷ Ti ⁱ	-37587.4	0.8	7349.0	0.7	7/2-T=5/2	07				
⁴⁷ V	-42005.8	0.3	32.6 m	0.3	3/2-	07		1942	$\beta^+ =100$	
⁴⁷ V ⁱ	-37855.5	0.3	4150.35 s	0.11	5/2(-)T=3/2	07			IT=100	
⁴⁷ Cr	-34561	7	500 ms	15	3/2-	07		1972	$\beta^+ =100$	
⁴⁷ Cr ⁱ	-29801	21	4760	20	(5/2-)T=5/2					
⁴⁷ Mn	-22570	30	88.0 ms	1.3	5/2-#	07	07Do17	TD	1987	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p < 1.7$
⁴⁷ Mn ⁱ	-15193	24	7370	40	RQ	7/2-#T=5/2		2001	p=100	
⁴⁷ Fe	-7590#	500#	21.9 ms	0.2	7/2-#	07	07Do17	TD	1992	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =88.4 9$
⁴⁷ Fe ^m	-6820#	510#			3/2+#				IT ?	
⁴⁷ Co	9850#	800#			7/2-#	07			p ?	
⁴⁸ S	12760#	600#	10# ms (>200 ns)		0+	06		1990	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁸ Cl	-4060#	500#	100# ms (>200 ns)		06	89Gu03	I	1989	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
⁴⁸ Ar	-22440#	300#	475 ms	40	0+	10		2004	$\beta^- =?; \beta^- n ?$	
⁴⁸ K	-32284.5	0.8	6.8 s	0.2	(1-)	06	11Bi.A	J	1972	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n =1.14 15$
⁴⁸ Ca	-44224.76	0.12	53 Ey	17	0+	06	00Br63	T	1938	IS=0.187 21; ...
⁴⁸ Sc	-44503	5	43.67 h	0.09	6+	06		1937	$\beta^- =100$	
⁴⁸ Ti	-48491.7	0.4	STABLE		0+	06		1923	IS=73.72 3	
⁴⁸ Ti ⁱ	-37766	6	10726	6	(6+)T=3	06				
⁴⁸ V	-44476.8	1.0	15.9735 d	0.0025	4+	06		1937	$\beta^+ =100$	
⁴⁸ V ⁱ	-41457.9	0.4	3018.9 s	0.9	RQ	(0)+T=2			IT=100	
⁴⁸ Cr	-42822	7	21.56 h	0.03	0+	06		1952	$\beta^+ =100$	
⁴⁸ Cr ⁱ	-37029	7	5792.77 s	0.24	4+T=1	06		1987	IT=100	
⁴⁸ Cr ^j	-34062	15	8760	17	RQ	0+ frg. T=2				
⁴⁸ Mn	-29320	170	158.1 ms	2.2	4+	06		1987	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =0.28 4; \dots$	
⁴⁸ Mn ⁱ	-26259	14	3060	170	p	0+T=2	06	MMC12	J	p=100
⁴⁸ Fe	-18420#	400#	45.3 ms	0.6	0+	06	07Do17	TD	1987	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =15.9 6$
⁴⁸ Co	870#	800#			6+#	06			p ?	
⁴⁸ Ni	16480#	510#	2.8 ms	0.8	0+	06	11Po09	TD	2000	$2p =70 20; \beta^+ =30 20; \beta^+ p ?$
* ⁴⁸ Ca	D : ... ; $2\beta^- =75 +25-38; \beta^- ?$									
* ⁴⁸ Ca	T : average 00Br63=42(33-13) 96Ba80=43(+24-11 statistics + 14 systematics)									
* ⁴⁸ Ca	T : also $T > 36$ Ey from 70Ba61. Single β^- decay: $T > 6$ Ey (95% CL), from 85A117									
* ⁴⁸ Cr ^j	E : strongest frg; other: 10(15)keV lower									
* ⁴⁸ Mn	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha =6e-4$									
* ⁴⁸ Ni	T : average 05Do20=2.1(+2.1-0.7) 11Po09=2.1(+1.4-0.4)									

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
⁴⁹ S	21200# 670#		<200 ns	3/2 ⁻ #	08	90Le03 I		n ⁻ ?; β^- -n ⁻ ?; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	*
⁴⁹ Cl	1150# 600#		50# ms (>200 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	08	89Gu03 I	1989	β^- -?; β^- -n ⁻ ?; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁴⁹ Ar	-16860# 400#		170 ms 50	3/2 ⁻ #	08		1989	β^- =100; β^- -n=65 20; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁴⁹ K	-29611.5 0.8		1.26 s 0.05	1/2 ⁽⁻⁾	11	11Bi.A J	1972	β^- =100; β^- -n=86 9	
⁴⁹ Ca	-41299.89 0.21		8.718 m 0.006	3/2 ⁻	08		1950	β^- =100	
⁴⁹ Sc	-46561.1 2.7		57.18 m 0.13	7/2 ⁻	08		1940	β^- =100	
⁴⁹ Ti	-48562.8 0.4		STABLE	7/2 ⁻	08		1934	IS=5.41 2	
⁴⁹ V	-47961.0 0.9		330 d 15	7/2 ⁻	08		1940	ϵ =100	
⁴⁹ V ⁱ	-41529 4	6432 4	RQ	7/2 ⁻ T=5/2					
⁴⁹ Cr	-45332.7 2.4		42.3 m 0.1	5/2 ⁻	08		1942	β^+ =100	
⁴⁹ Cr ⁱ	-40569 6	4764 5		(7/2 ⁻)T=3/2	08	85Fu03 E	1969	IT=100	*
⁴⁹ Mn	-37637 10		382 ms 7	5/2 ⁻	08		1970	β^+ =100	
⁴⁹ Mn ⁱ	-32804 18	4833 20	p	(7/2 ⁻)T=3/2	08			p=100	
⁴⁹ Fe	-24751 24		64.7 ms 0.3	(7/2 ⁻)	08	96Fa09 J	1970	β^+ =100; β^+ p=56.7 4	
⁴⁹ Co	-10330# 700#		<35 ns	7/2 ⁻ #	08	94B110 I		p?	
⁴⁹ Ni	7170# 800#		7.5 ms 1.0	7/2 ⁻ #	08		1996	β^+ =100; β^+ p=83 13	
* ⁴⁹ S	I : statistics precludes any conclusion, say authors								**
* ⁴⁹ Cr ⁱ	E : strongest component surrounded by several weak l=3 lines								**
* ⁴⁹ Cr ⁱ	E : 85Fu03 cannot confirm IAS identity and frgs								**
⁵⁰ Cl	8430# 600#		20# ms (>620 ns)		10	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- -?; β^- -n ⁻ ?; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁵⁰ Ar	-12920# 500#		85 ms 30	0 ⁺	10		1989	β^- =100; β^- -n=35 10; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁵⁰ K	-25728 8		472 ms 4	0 ⁽⁻⁾	10	11Bi.A J	1972	β^- =100; β^- -n=29 3; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁵⁰ K ^m	-25557 8	171.4 0.4	125 ns 40	(2 ⁻)	10	FGK127 J	1999	IT=100	*
⁵⁰ Ca	-39589.2 1.6		13.9 s 0.6	0 ⁺	10		1964	β^- =100	
⁵⁰ Sc	-44548 15		102.5 s 0.5	5 ⁺	10		1959	β^- =100	
⁵⁰ Sc ^m	-44291 15	256.895 0.010	350 ms 40	(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁺)	10		1963	IT>97.5; β^- <2.5	
⁵⁰ Ti	-51430.7 0.4		STABLE	0 ⁺	10		1934	IS=5.18 2	
⁵⁰ V	-49223.9 0.9		150 Py 40	6 ⁺	10		1949	IS=0.250 4; β^+ =83 11; ...	*
⁵⁰ V ⁱ	-44409.5 0.4	4814.4 0.9	RQ	0 ⁺ T=3	10				
⁵⁰ Cr	-50261.7 0.9		STABLE (>1.3 Ey)	0 ⁺	10		1930	IS=4.345 13; 2 β^+ ?	*
⁵⁰ Cr ⁱ	-41835 7	8427 7	RQ	6 ⁺ T=2	10				
⁵⁰ Cr ^j	-37038 6	13224 6	RQ	0 ⁺ T=3	10				
⁵⁰ Mn	-42627.2 0.9		283.19 ms 0.10	0 ⁺ T=1	10		1952	β^+ =100	
⁵⁰ Mn ^m	-42401.9 0.9	225.31 0.07	MD	5 ⁺ T=0	10		1962	β^+ =100	
⁵⁰ Fe	-34490 60		155 ms 11	0 ⁺	10		1977	β^+ =100; β^+ p \approx 0	*
⁵⁰ Fe ⁱ	-26016 14	8470 60	RQ	(6 ⁺)T=2	10				
⁵⁰ Co	-17780# 600#		38.8 ms 0.2	(6 ⁺)	10	96Fa09 J	1987	β^+ =100; β^+ p=70.5 7; β^+ 2p?	
⁵⁰ Co ^j	-12770 170	5010# 620#	2p	(0 ⁺)T=3	10	07Do17 D		p=100	
⁵⁰ Ni	-4900# 800#		18.5 ms 1.2	0 ⁺	10	07Do17 TD	1994	β^+ =100; β^+ p=86.7 39; β^+ 2p?	*
* ⁵⁰ K ^m	J : E2 to ground-state								**
* ⁵⁰ K ^m	T : others recent 12Ka.B=138(+50-41) 09Cr03<500 ns; discovered in 99Le68								**
* ⁵⁰ V	D : ...; β^- =17 11 T : symmetrized from 140(+40-30)								**
* ⁵⁰ Cr	T : 03Bi05>1.3Ey 85No03>0.18Ey								**
* ⁵⁰ Fe	T : from 97Ko46=155(11)								**
* ⁵⁰ Ni	T : other 03Ma34=12(+3-2) D : other 03Ma34=70(20)%								**
⁵¹ Cl	14480# 700#		2# ms (>200 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	06		1990	β^- -?; β^- -n ⁻ ?; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁵¹ Ar	-5870# 600#		60# ms (>200 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	06	89Gu03 I	1989	β^- -?; β^- -n ⁻ ?; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	
⁵¹ K	-22516 13		365 ms 5	(3/2 ⁺)	06	06Pe16 JD	1983	β^- =100; β^- -n=65 6; β^- -2n ⁻ ?	*
⁵¹ Ca	-36339 22		10.0 s 0.8	(3/2 ⁻)	06	06Pe16 J	1980	β^- =100; β^- -n?	
⁵¹ Sc	-43229 20		12.4 s 0.1	(7/2 ⁻)	06		1966	β^- =100; β^- -n?	
⁵¹ Ti	-49731.9 0.6		5.76 m 0.01	3/2 ⁻	06		1947	β^- =100	
⁵¹ V	-52203.7 0.9		STABLE	7/2 ⁻	06		1924	IS=99.750 4	
⁵¹ Cr	-51451.1 0.9		27.7010 d 0.0011	7/2 ⁻	06		1940	ϵ =100	
⁵¹ Cr ⁱ	-44838 5	6613 5	RQ	7/2 ⁻ T=5/2	06				
⁵¹ Mn	-48243.5 0.9		46.2 m 0.1	5/2 ⁻	06		1938	β^+ =100	
⁵¹ Mn ⁱ	-43792.1 1.7	4451.4 1.5	RQ	7/2 ⁻ T=3/2	06			IT=100	*
⁵¹ Fe	-40202 9		305 ms 5	5/2 ⁻	06		1972	β^+ =100	
⁵¹ Co	-27340 50		68.8 ms 1.9	7/2 ⁻ #	06	07Do17 TD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+ p<3.8	
⁵¹ Co ^j	-21050 60	6300 80	p	7/2 ⁻ #T=5/2	07	Do17 D		p=100	
⁵¹ Ni	-12940# 800#		23.8 ms 0.2	7/2 ⁻ #	06	07Do17 TD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+ p=87.2 8	
* ⁵¹ K	D : average 06Pe16=63(8)% 83La23=68(10)%; other 82Ca04=47(5)%								**
* ⁵¹ Mn ⁱ	E : NDS916 gives 4450.0(0.6) may be based on mis-interpretation of 86Di01								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{52}Ar	-970# 600#		10# ms	0 ⁺			2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{52}K	-16540# 400#		110 ms 4	(2 ⁻)	07	06Pe16 TJD	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =74.9; β^-2n =2.3 3 *
^{52}Ca	-34260 60		4.6 s 0.3	0 ⁺	07		1985	β^- =100; β^-n <2
^{52}Sc	-40170 140		8.2 s 0.2	3 ⁽⁺⁾	07		1980	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{52}Ti	-49469 7		1.7 m 0.1	0 ⁺	07		1966	β^- =100
^{52}V	-51443.6 0.9		3.743 m 0.005	3 ⁺	07		1934	β^- =100
^{52}Cr	-55418.1 0.6		STABLE	0 ⁺	07		1923	IS=83.789 18
$^{52}\text{Cr}^i$	-44153.2 0.7	11264.9	0.4	3 ⁺ T=3	07			IT=100
^{52}Mn	-50706.9 1.9		5.591 d 0.003	6 ⁺	07		1938	β^+ =100
$^{52}\text{Mn}^m$	-50329.2 1.9	377.749	0.005	2 ⁺	07		1937	β^+ =98.25 2; IT=1.75 2 *
$^{52}\text{Mn}^i$	-47784 5	2923	5 RQ	0 ⁺ T=2	07			IT=100
^{52}Fe	-48332 7		8.275 h 0.008	0 ⁺	07		1948	β^+ =100 *
$^{52}\text{Fe}^m$	-41374 7	6958.0	0.4	12 ⁺	07	05Ga20 D	1979	β^+ \approx 100; IT=0.021 5
$^{52}\text{Fe}^i$	-42677 7	5655.4	0.5	6 ⁺ T=1	07			IT=100
$^{52}\text{Fe}^j$	-39775 6	8557	9 RQ	0 ⁺ frg. T=2	07			*
^{52}Co	-33990# 200#		115 ms 23	(6 ⁺)	07		1987	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
$^{52}\text{Co}^m$	-33610# 220#	380#	100#	2 ⁺ #		97Ha04 TD	1997	β^+ =?; IT ?; β^+p ? *
$^{52}\text{Co}^i$	-31564 13	2430#	200# RQ	0 ⁺ T=2				
^{52}Ni	-23470# 700#		40.8 ms 0.2	0 ⁺	07	07Do17 TD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+p =31.4 15
^{52}Cu	-3070# 800#			3 ⁺ #				p ?
^{52}K	T : average 06Pe16=118(6) 85Hu03=110(30) 83La23=105(5)							
$^{52}\text{Mn}^m$	T : other: 95Ir01=22.7(3.0) for q=25 ⁺ (bare ion)							
^{52}Fe	T : other: 95Ir01=12.5(+1.5-1.2) for q=26 ⁺ (bare ion)							
$^{52}\text{Fe}^j$	E : probably fragmented, unresolved doublet separated by \approx 4 keV							
$^{52}\text{Co}^m$	I : tentative: no specific evidence for $^{52}\text{Co}^m$, say authors in 97Ha04							
^{53}Ar	6790# 700#		3# ms (>620 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	11	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{53}K	-11680# 500#		30 ms 5	(3/2 ⁺)	09	06Pe16 JD	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =64 11; β^-2n \approx 10 5 *
^{53}Ca	-28460# 400#		461 ms 90	3/2 ⁻ #	09	10Cr02 T	1983	β^- =100; β^-n >30 *
^{53}Sc	-38110 270		2.4 s 0.6	(7/2 ⁻)	09	10Cr02 TJ	1980	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{53}Ti	-46830 100		32.7 s 0.9	(3/2 ⁻)	09		1977	β^- =100
^{53}V	-51850 3		1.543 m 0.014	7/2 ⁻	09		1960	β^- =100
^{53}Cr	-55285.9 0.6		STABLE	3/2 ⁻	09		1930	IS=9.501 17
^{53}Mn	-54689.0 0.6		3.7 My 0.4	7/2 ⁻	09	71Ho24 T	1955	ϵ =100 *
$^{53}\text{Mn}^i$	-47715 4	6974	4 RQ	3/2 ⁻ T=5/2	09		1976	
^{53}Fe	-50946.7 1.7		8.51 m 0.02	7/2 ⁻	09		1938	β^+ =100 *
$^{53}\text{Fe}^m$	-47906.3 1.7	3040.4	0.3	19/2 ⁻	09		1967	IT=100
$^{53}\text{Fe}^i$	-46697 3	4250	3	7/2 ⁻ T=3/2	09			
^{53}Co	-42658.6 1.8		242 ms 8	7/2 ⁻ #	09	02Lo13 T	1970	β^+ =100 *
$^{53}\text{Co}^m$	-39484.4 1.9	3174.3	0.9 MD	(19/2 ⁻)	09		1970	β^+ \approx 98.5; p \approx 1.5 *
$^{53}\text{Co}^i$	-38264 18	4395	18 p	(7/2 ⁻)T=3/2	09		1976	p=100
^{53}Ni	-29631 25		55.2 ms 0.7	7/2 ⁻ #	09	07Do17 TD	1976	β^+ =100; β^+p =23.4 10
^{53}Cu	-14350# 800#		<300 ns	3/2 ⁻ #	09	93Bl.A I		p ?
^{53}Ca	D : β^-n =40(10)% is a lower limit (see ENSDF)							
^{53}Ca	T : others not used 08Ma01=230(60) 83La23=90(15) ms							
^{53}Mn	T : 3.74(0.04) My as given in ENSDF2009 is typo							
^{53}Fe	T : other: 95Ir01=8.5(0.3) for q=26 ⁺ (bare ion)							
^{53}Co	T : average 02Lo13=240(9) 89Ho13=240(20) 73Ko10=262(25)							
$^{53}\text{Co}^m$	D : p \approx 1.5 from ENSDF'90							
^{54}K	-5000# 600#		10 ms 5	2 ⁻ #	06		1983	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{54}Ca	-24780# 500#		90 ms 6	0 ⁺	06	08Ma01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{54}Sc	-33600 360		526 ms 15	(3) ⁺	06	10Cr02 TJD	1990	β^- =100; β^-n =16 9
$^{54}\text{Sc}^m$	-33490 360	110.5	0.3	(4,5) ⁺	06	10Cr02 ETJ	1998	IT=100 *
^{54}Ti	-45600 120		1.5 s 0.4	0 ⁺	06		1980	β^- =100
^{54}V	-49892 15		49.8 s 0.5	3 ⁺	06		1970	β^- =100
$^{54}\text{V}^m$	-49784 15	108	3	(5) ⁺	06	98Gr14 E	1998	IT=100
^{54}Cr	-56933.7 0.6		STABLE	0 ⁺	06		1930	IS=2.365 7
^{54}Mn	-55556.5 1.2		312.05 d 0.04	3 ⁺	06		1938	ϵ =100; β^- =0.93e-4; ... *
$^{54}\text{Mn}^i$	-49410.3 2.9	6146.2	3.0 RQ	0 ⁺ T=3				
^{54}Fe	-56253.9 0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	06		1923	IS=5.845 35; $2\beta^+$?
$^{54}\text{Fe}^m$	-49726.8 1.2	6527.1	1.1 RQ	10 ⁺	06		1983	IT=100
$^{54}\text{Fe}^j$	-41385 20	14869	20 RQ	0 ⁺ T=3	06			
^{54}Co	-48009.3 0.5		193.28 ms 0.07	0 ⁺ T=1	06		1952	β^+ =100
$^{54}\text{Co}^m$	-47811.7 0.5	197.57	0.10 MD	7 ⁺ T=0	06		1962	β^+ =100
^{54}Ni	-39220 50		104 ms 7	0 ⁺	06		1977	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
$^{54}\text{Ni}^m$	-32760 50	6457	3	10 ⁺		08Ru09 ETJ	2008	IT=64 2; p=36 2
^{54}Cu	-21740# 500#		<75 ns	3 ⁺ #	06			p ?
^{54}Zn	-7420# 700#		1.8 ms 0.5	0 ⁺	06	11As08 TD	2005	2p=87 7
^{54}Ca	T : average 10Cr02=107(14) 08Ma01=86(7)							
$^{54}\text{Sc}^m$	T : other recent 12Ka.B=2.78(+31-26)							
^{54}Mn	D : ... ; e ⁺ =1.28e-7 25							
^{54}Mn	D : e ⁺ average 98Wu01=1.20(0.26)e-7% 97Za07=2.2(0.9)e-7%							
^{54}Zn	T : symmetrized from 11As08=1.59(+0.60-0.35); other 05Bl15=3.2(+1.8-0.8)							
^{54}Zn	D : averaged from 11As08=92(+6-13)% 05Bl15=87(+10-17)%							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
⁵⁵ K	710# 700#		3# ms (>620 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	09	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁵ Ca	-18350# 500#		22 ms 2	5/2 ⁻ #	09		1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁵ Sc	-29980 460		96 ms 2	(7/2) ⁻	08	10Cr02 TJD	1990	β^- =100; β^-n =17.7; β^-2n ?
⁵⁵ Ti	-41670 160		1.3 s 0.1	(1/2) ⁻	10		1980	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁵⁵ V	-49140 100		6.54 s 0.15	7/2 ⁻ #	08		1977	β^- =100
⁵⁵ Cr	-55108.6 0.6		3.497 m 0.003	3/2 ⁻	08		1952	β^- =100
⁵⁵ Mn	-57711.7 0.4		STABLE	5/2 ⁻	08		1923	IS=100.
⁵⁵ Fe	-57480.6 0.5		2.744 y 0.009	3/2 ⁻	09		1939	ϵ =100
⁵⁵ Fe ⁱ	-49847 6	7633 6	RQ	5/2 ⁻ T=5/2	09			
⁵⁵ Co	-54029.3 0.5		17.53 h 0.03	7/2 ⁻	09		1938	β^+ =100
⁵⁵ Co ⁱ	-49307.9 0.5	4721.44 0.10		3/2 ⁻ frg. T=3/2	09		1981	IT=100
⁵⁵ Ni	-45335.2 0.8		204.7 ms 1.7	7/2 ⁻	08	02Lo13 T	1972	β^+ =100
⁵⁵ Cu	-31640 160		27 ms 8	3/2 ⁻ #	08	07Do17 TD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+p =15.0 43
⁵⁵ Zn	-14920# 700#		19.8 ms 1.3	5/2 ⁻ #	08	07Do17 TD	2001	β^+ =100; β^+p =91.0 51
* ⁵⁵ Sc	T: others 04Li75=115(15) 02Sh43=103(7) 98So03=120(40)							
* ⁵⁵ Co ⁱ	E: strongest frg (spectr. factor 0.45); other 26.69(0.15) higher (sf=0.37)							
* ⁵⁵ Ni	T: average 02Lo13=196(5) 99Re06=204(3) 87Ha.A=212.1(3.8) 84Ay01=208(5)							
* ⁵⁵ Ni	T: and 77Ho25=189(5) 76Ed.A=219(6); 97Wo06=204(3) superseded by 99Re06							
⁵⁶ K	7930# 800#		1# ms (>620 ns)	2 ⁻ #	11	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁶ Ca	-13900# 600#		11 ms 2	0 ⁺	11		1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁶ Sc	-24730# 400#		26 ms 6	(1 ⁺)	11	10Sc02 J	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁶ Sc ^m	-24730# 410#	0# 100#	*	75 ms 6	(6 ⁺ , 5 ⁺)	11 10Sc02 J	2004	β^- =100; β^-n >14.2; β^-2n ?
⁵⁶ Sc ⁿ	-23960# 400#	774.9 0.3		290 ns 30	(4 ⁺)	11	2004	IT=100
⁵⁶ Ti	-39210 140		200 ms 5	0 ⁺	11	98Am04 D	1980	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁵⁶ V	-46120 180		216 ms 4	(1 ⁺)	11	98Am04 D	1980	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁵⁶ Cr	-55281.2 1.9		5.94 m 0.10	0 ⁺	11	60Dr03 D	1960	β^- =100
⁵⁶ Mn	-56910.8 0.5		2.5789 h 0.0001	3 ⁺	11		1934	β^- =100
⁵⁶ Fe	-60606.4 0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	11		1923	IS=91.754 36
⁵⁶ Fe ⁱ	-49102.7 0.6	11503.7 0.3		3 ⁺ T=3	11			
⁵⁶ Co	-56039.8 0.6		77.236 d 0.026	4 ⁺	11		1941	β^+ =100
⁵⁶ Co ⁱ	-52447 9	3593 9	RQ	(0 ⁺) frg. T=2	11			
⁵⁶ Ni	-53906.9 0.5		6.075 d 0.010	0 ⁺	11		1952	β^+ =100
⁵⁶ Ni ⁱ	-47475.0 0.9	6431.9 0.7		4 ⁺ T=1	11			
⁵⁶ Ni ^j	-43963 4	9944 4	RQ	0 ⁺ frg. T=2				
⁵⁶ Cu	-38240# 200#		93 ms 3	(4 ⁺)	11	01Bo54 TJD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.40 12
⁵⁶ Cu ⁱ	-35120 30	3120# 200#	p	T=2		07Do17 D	2007	p=100
⁵⁶ Zn	-25580# 500#		30.0 ms 1.7	0 ⁺	11	07Do17 TD	2001	β^+ =100; β^+p =86.0 49
⁵⁶ Zn ⁱ	-21720# 710#	3860# 510#		3 ⁺ # T=3				p?
⁵⁶ Ga	-4320# 600#			3 ⁺ #				p?
* ⁵⁶ Sc ⁿ	T: other 12Ka.B=350(+260-120)							
* ⁵⁶ Co ⁱ	E: strongest frg (cross section 115); other 70(9) keV lower (xs=55)							
* ⁵⁶ Ni ^j	E: strongest frg; others 68(6) and 98(6) keV higher							
* ⁵⁶ Zn	T: other 95Wa.A=36(10) ms derived from experimental (p,n) cross sections							
⁵⁷ Ca	-6870# 600#		5# ms (>620 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	10	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n =22#; β^-2n =2#
⁵⁷ Sc	-20710# 500#		22 ms 2	7/2 ⁻ #	10	10Sc02 T	1997	β^- =100; β^-n =33#; β^-2n =1#
⁵⁷ Ti	-33870 250		95 ms 8	5/2 ⁻ #	10	99So20 T	1985	β^- =100; β^-n =0.3#
⁵⁷ V	-44230 230		350 ms 10	(3/2) ⁻	10	03Ma02 TJ	1980	β^- =100; β^-n =0.4#
⁵⁷ Cr	-52524.1 1.9		21.1 s 1.0	(3/2) ⁻	10		1978	β^- =100
⁵⁷ Mn	-57486.1 1.5		85.4 s 1.8	5/2 ⁻	98		1954	β^- =100
⁵⁷ Fe	-60181.2 0.5		STABLE	1/2 ⁻	98		1935	IS=2.119 10
⁵⁷ Co	-59344.9 0.6		271.74 d 0.06	7/2 ⁻	98		1941	ϵ =100
⁵⁷ Co ⁱ	-52091.6 0.6	7253.4 0.6	RQ	1/2 ⁻ T=5/2		MMC12 J		
⁵⁷ Ni	-56083.2 0.7		35.60 h 0.06	3/2 ⁻	98		1938	β^+ =100
⁵⁷ Ni ⁱ	-50844.4 1.0	5238.8 0.7		7/2 ⁻ frg. T=3/2	98			
⁵⁷ Cu	-47308.3 0.6		196.3 ms 0.7	3/2 ⁻	98		1976	β^+ =100
⁵⁷ Cu ⁱ	-42009 25	5299 25	p	7/2 ⁻ T=3/2				
⁵⁷ Zn	-32550# 210#		38 ms 4	7/2 ⁻ #	98	02Lo13 T	1976	β^+ =100; β^+p ≈65
⁵⁷ Ga	-15650# 300#			1/2 ⁻ #				p?
* ⁵⁷ Sc	T: other 03So21=13(4)							
* ⁵⁷ Ti	T: average 05Li53=98(5) 99So20=67(25) 96Do23=56(20)							
* ⁵⁷ Ti	T: 98Am04=180(30) conflicting, not used							
* ⁵⁷ Ni ⁱ	E: strongest frg; 79Ik04 others 98(7) keV lower (5.5%) 128(7) keV higher (10.0%)							
* ⁵⁷ Ni ⁱ	E: strongest frg; 78Na11 others 104(5) keV lower, 129(5) keV higher							
* ⁵⁷ Zn	T: average 02Lo13=37(5) 76Vi02=40(10)							
⁵⁸ Ca	-1920# 700#		3# ms (>620 ns)	0 ⁺	10		2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁸ Sc	-14880# 600#		12 ms 5	3 ⁺ #	10		1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁵⁸ Ti	-31110# 400#		55 ms 6	0 ⁺	10	11Da08 T	1992	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁵⁸ V	-40320 130		191 ms 10	(1 ⁺)	10		1980	β^- =100; β^-n =0.8#
⁵⁸ Cr	-51830 200		7.0 s 0.3	0 ⁺	10		1980	β^- =100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...								
^{58}Mn	-55827.6	2.7	3.0 s 0.1	1 ⁺	10		1961	β^- =100
$^{58}\text{Mn}^m$	-55755.8	2.7	71.77 0.05	65.4 s 0.5	4 ⁺	10	1961	β^- =?; IT=20#
^{58}Fe	-62154.5	0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	10	1935	IS=0.282 4
^{58}Co	-59846.6	1.2		70.86 d 0.06	2 ⁺	10	1941	β^+ =100
$^{58}\text{Co}^m$	-59821.7	1.2	24.95 0.06	9.10 h 0.09	5 ⁺	10	1950	IT=100
$^{58}\text{Co}^n$	-59793.5	1.2	53.15 0.07	10.5 μs 0.3	4 ⁺	10	1964	IT=100
$^{58}\text{Co}^i$	-54094	8	5753 8 RQ		0 ⁺ frg.T=3	10		
^{58}Ni	-60228.2	0.5		STABLE (>700 Ey)	0 ⁺	10	1921	IS=68.077 19; 2 β^+ ?
$^{58}\text{Ni}^i$	-51400	40	8830 40 RQ		2 ⁺ T=2	10		
$^{58}\text{Ni}^j$	-45689	7	14539 7 RQ		0 ⁺ T=3	10	MMC12 J	
^{58}Cu	-51667.1	0.7		3.204 s 0.007	1 ⁺ T=0	10	1952	β^+ =100
$^{58}\text{Cu}^i$	-51464.1	0.7	202.99 0.24		0 ⁺ T=1	10		
^{58}Zn	-42300	50		86 ms 8	0 ⁺	10	1986	β^+ =100; β^+ p<3
^{58}Ga	-23490# 200#		*		2 ⁺ #			p ?
$^{58}\text{Ga}^m$	-23460# 220#	30# 100#	*		5 ⁺ #			p ?
^{58}Ge	-7710# 400#				0 ⁺			2p ?
^{58}Ti	T : average 11Da08=57(10) 03So21=59(9) 99So20=47(10)							
$^{58}\text{Co}^i$	E : strongest fragment (cross section 98); other 20(8) keV lower (xs=90)							
^{58}Ni	T : >400 Ey to 2 ⁺ level of ^{58}Fe , >700 Ey to ground-state							
^{59}Sc	-10300# 600#			10# ms (>620 ns)	7/2 ⁻ #	09 09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
^{59}Ti	-25640# 400#			28.5 ms 1.9	5/2 ⁻ #	02 11Da08 T	1997	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
$^{59}\text{Ti}^m$	-25530# 400#	109.0 0.5		590 ns 50	(1/2 ⁻)	12Ka.B ETJ	2012	IT=100
^{59}V	-37830 160			95 ms 6	(5/2 ⁻)	02 05Li53 TJ	1985	β^- =100; β^- n ?
^{59}Cr	-47890 240			1050 ms 90	(1/2 ⁻)	02 05Li53 TJ	1980	β^- =100
$^{59}\text{Cr}^m$	-47390 240	503.0 1.7		96 μs 20	(9/2 ⁺)	02	1998	IT=100
^{59}Mn	-55525.3 2.3			4.59 s 0.05	(5/2 ⁻)	02	1976	β^- =100
^{59}Fe	-60664.2 0.5			44.495 d 0.009	3/2 ⁻	02	1938	β^- =100
^{59}Co	-62229.1 0.5			STABLE	7/2 ⁻	02	1923	IS=100.
^{59}Ni	-61156.1 0.5			101 ky 13	3/2 ⁻	02 94Ru19 T	1951	β^+ =100
$^{59}\text{Ni}^i$	-53814.2 2.2	7341.9 2.1 RQ			7/2 ⁻ frg.T=5/2			
^{59}Cu	-56357.7 0.6			81.5 s 0.5	3/2 ⁻	02	1947	β^+ =100
$^{59}\text{Cu}^i$	-52472.2 2.2	3885.5 2.1			3/2 ⁻ frg.T=3/2	02		IT=100
^{59}Zn	-47215.0 0.8			182.0 ms 1.8	3/2 ⁻	03	1981	β^+ =100; β^+ p=0.10 3
^{59}Ga	-33970# 170#			<43 ns	3/2 ⁻ #	05St29 T		p ?
^{59}Ge	-16310# 300#				7/2 ⁻ #			2p ?
^{59}Ti	T : average 11Da08=27.5(2.5) 03So21=30(3); other 99So20=58(17)							
$^{59}\text{Ti}^m$	T : symmetrized from 587(+57-51)							
^{59}V	T : average 05Li53=97(2) 99So20=75(7) (supersedes 98So03=70(40))							
^{59}V	T : 98Am04=130(20) conflicting, not used							
^{59}Cr	T : others 96Do23=460(50), 88Bo06=600(300), 85Bo49=1000(400)							
^{59}Ni	T : unweighed average 94Ru19=108(13) 94Ru19(meteorite)=120(22) 81Ni08=76(5)							
^{59}Ni	T : (Birge ratio B=2.05)							
$^{59}\text{Ni}^i$	E : strongest frg(100%); 3 others 40.1(0.3)keV higher (0.140%), 17.7(0.3)keV							
$^{59}\text{Ni}^i$	E : higher (0.122%) and 36.3(0.2)keV lower (0.110%)							
$^{59}\text{Cu}^i$	E : 76Ga19 strongest fragment (sp.factor 0.6); other 21(6) (sf 0.4) higher							
^{60}Sc	-4050# 700#			3# ms (>620 ns)	3 ⁺ #	09 09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
^{60}Ti	-22330# 500#			22.2 ms 1.6	0 ⁺	03 11Da08 T	1997	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
^{60}V	-33240 220		* &	122 ms 18	3 ⁺ #	03	1985	β^- =100; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
$^{60}\text{V}^m$	-33240# 270#	0# 150#	* &	40 ms 15	1 ⁺ #	03	1999	β^- =?; IT ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
$^{60}\text{V}^n$	-33040 220	203.7 0.7		230 ns 24	(4 ⁺)	03 12Ka.B ET	1999	IT=100
^{60}Cr	-46500 210			490 ms 10	0 ⁺	03	1980	β^- =100; β^- n ?
^{60}Mn	-52967.9 2.3			280 ms 20	1 ⁺	03	1978	β^- =100
$^{60}\text{Mn}^m$	-52696.0 2.3	271.90 0.10		1.77 s 0.02	4 ⁺	03	1978	β^- =88.5 8; IT=11.5 8
^{60}Fe	-61412 3			2.62 My 0.04	0 ⁺	93 09Ru08 T	1957	β^- =100
^{60}Co	-61649.7 0.5			5.2712 y 0.0004	5 ⁺	03	1941	β^- =100
$^{60}\text{Co}^m$	-61591.1 0.5	58.59 0.01		10.467 m 0.006	2 ⁺	03	1963	IT=100; β^- =0.24 3
^{60}Ni	-64472.5 0.5			STABLE	0 ⁺	03	1921	IS=26.223 15
$^{60}\text{Ni}^i$	-53346 4	11126 4 RQ			5 ⁺ T=3			
^{60}Cu	-58344.6 1.6			23.7 m 0.4	2 ⁺	03	1947	β^+ =100
$^{60}\text{Cu}^i$	-55803 5	2541 5 RQ			(0 ⁺)T=2	03		IT=100
^{60}Zn	-54173.7 0.6			2.38 m 0.05	0 ⁺	03	1955	β^+ =100
$^{60}\text{Zn}^i$	-49321.5 0.9	4852.2 0.7			(2 ⁺)T=1	03		IT=100
$^{60}\text{Zn}^j$	-46806 24	7367 24 RQ			0 ⁺ T=2	03		
^{60}Ga	-39780# 200#			70 ms 10	(2 ⁺)	03 01Ma96 TJ	1995	β^+ =100; β^+ p=1.6 7; β^+ α <0.023 20
$^{60}\text{Ga}^i$	-37240# 210#	2540# 50#						
^{60}Ge	-27610# 200#			30# ms (>110 ns)	0 ⁺	09	2005	β^+ ?; β^+ p ?
^{60}As	-5700# 400#				5 ⁺ #			p ?
$^{60}\text{As}^m$	-5640# 400#	60# 20#			2 ⁺ #			p ?
^{60}Ti	T : average 11Da08=22.4(2.5) 03So21=22(2)							
$^{60}\text{V}^n$	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=229(+25-23); others 10Da06=320(90) 99Da.A=320(90)							
$^{60}\text{Mn}^m$	I : also an isomer T=1.0(+0.3-0.2) μs decay by 114 keV γ -rays to ground-state or $^{60}\text{Mn}^m$							
^{60}Ga	T : average 02Lo13=70(13) 01Ma96=70(15)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
⁶¹ Sc	930# 800#			2# ms (>620 ns)	7/2 ⁻ #	09	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁶¹ Ti	-16350# 600#			15 ms 4	1/2 ⁻ #	09	11Da08 T	1997	β^- =100; β^-n =0.8#; β^-2n =0.7#
⁶¹ V	-30510 890			47.0 ms 1.2	3/2 ⁻ #	09		1992	β^- =100; β^-n >6; β^-2n ?
⁶¹ Cr	-42460 130			243 ms 9	(5/2 ⁻)	09	09Cr02 T	1985	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁶¹ Mn	-51742.1 2.3			670 ms 40	(5/2 ⁻)	09	99Ha05 D	1980	β^- =100; β^-n =?
⁶¹ Fe	-58920.5 2.6			5.98 m 0.06	3/2 ⁻	99	08Ho05 J	1957	β^- =100
⁶¹ Fe ^m	-58058.7 2.6	861.80	0.15	241.2 ns 4.5	9/2 ⁺	99	08Ho05 EJ	1998	IT=100
⁶¹ Co	-62897.6 0.9			1.650 h 0.005	7/2 ⁻	99		1947	β^- =100
⁶¹ Ni	-64221.3 0.5			STABLE	3/2 ⁻	99		1934	IS=1.1399 13
⁶¹ Cu	-61983.8 1.0			3.333 h 0.005	3/2 ⁻	99		1937	β^+ =100
⁶¹ Cu ⁱ	-55610 7	6374	7	RQ	3/2 ⁻ frg, T=5/2				*
⁶¹ Zn	-56349 16			89.1 s 0.2	3/2 ⁻	99		1955	β^+ =100
⁶¹ Zn ^m	-56261 16	88.4	0.1	< 430 ms	1/2 ⁻	99		1999	IT=100
⁶¹ Zn ⁿ	-55931 16	418.10	0.15	140 ms 70	3/2 ⁻	99		1999	IT=100
⁶¹ Zn ^p	-55593 16	756.02	0.18	< 130 ms	5/2 ⁻	99		1999	IT=100
⁶¹ Zn ⁱ	-53190# 100#	3160#	100#		3/2 ⁻ T=3/2				
⁶¹ Zn ^j	-46360 70	9990	70		3/2 ⁻ T=5/2				
⁶¹ Ga	-47130 40			168 ms 3	3/2 ⁻	09	02We07 TD	1987	β^+ =100; β^+p ≈0
⁶¹ Ga ^m	-47040# 110#	90#	100#		1/2 ⁻ #				
⁶¹ Ga ⁱ	-43770 30	3360	50	p	(3/2 ⁻) T=3/2	09		1987	p=100
⁶¹ Ge	-33730# 300#			44 ms 6	3/2 ⁻ #	09		1987	β^+ =100; β^+p >58
⁶¹ As	-17590# 300#				3/2 ⁻ #				p?
* ⁶¹ Cr	T: average 09Cr02=233(11) 99So20=251(22) 98Am04=270(20)								
* ⁶¹ Mn	D: delayed neutrons observed in 99Ha05								
* ⁶¹ Fe ^m	T: average 04Ma80=239(5) 98Gr14=250(10)								
* ⁶¹ Fe ^m	E: derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies Eg using 08Ho05 level scheme								
* ⁶¹ Cu ⁱ	E: strongest frg (xs=55); other 18(7) keV higher (xs=35)								
⁶² Ti	-12570# 700#			10# ms (>620 ns)	0 ⁺	12		2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁶² V	-25480# 300#			33.6 ms 2.3	3 ⁺ #	12		1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁶² Cr	-40890 150			206 ms 12	0 ⁺	12		1985	β^- =100; β^-n =1#
⁶² Mn	-48480# 150#			92 ms 13	(1 ⁺)	12	99So20 JD	1983	β^- =100; β^-n ≈0
⁶² Mn ^m	-48181.0 2.6	300#	150#	*	671 ms 5	(3 ⁺)	12 99Ha05 D	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =?; IT?
⁶² Fe	-58878.0 2.8			68 s 2	0 ⁺	12		1975	β^- =100
⁶² Co	-61424 19			1.54 m 0.10	(2 ⁺)	12		1949	β^- =100
⁶² Co ^m	-61402 20	22	5		13.86 m 0.09	(5 ⁺)	12	1957	β^- >99; IT<1
⁶² Ni	-66745.9 0.5			STABLE	0 ⁺	12		1934	IS=3.6346 40
⁶² Cu	-62787.0 0.7			9.67 m 0.03	1 ⁺	12		1936	β^+ =100
⁶² Cu ⁱ	-58173 6	4614	6	RQ	(0 ⁺) T=3	12			*
⁶² Zn	-61167.5 0.7			9.193 h 0.015	0 ⁺	12		1948	β^+ =100
⁶² Ga	-51986.4 0.7			116.121 ms 0.021	0 ⁺ T=1	12		1978	β^+ =100
⁶² Ga ^j	-51415.2 0.7	571.2	0.1		1 ⁽⁺⁾ T=2	12	98Vi06 EJ	1998	IT=100
⁶² Ge	-41900# 140#			129 ms 35	0 ⁺	12		1991	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
⁶² As	-24580# 300#				1 ⁺ #				p=100#
* ⁶² Cu ⁱ	E: ENSDF=4628(10)								
* ⁶² As	D: most probably p-unstable from estimated S_p =-1860#(420#) keV								
⁶³ Ti	-5820# 700#			3# ms (>620 ns)	1/2 ⁻ #	09	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁶³ V	-21990# 400#			18.3 ms 1.9	7/2 ⁻ #	09	11Da08 T	1997	β^- =100; β^-n >35; β^-2n ?
⁶³ Cr	-35720 460			129 ms 2	1/2 ⁻ #	09		1992	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁶³ Mn	-46887 4			275 ms 4	5/2 ⁻ #	09		1985	β^- =100; β^-n =?
⁶³ Fe	-55636 4			6.1 s 0.6	(5/2 ⁻)	09		1980	β^- =100
⁶³ Co	-61851 19			26.9 s 0.4	7/2 ⁻	09	94It.A T	1960	β^- =100
⁶³ Ni	-65512.3 0.5			101.2 y 1.5	1/2 ⁻	09		1951	β^- =100
⁶³ Ni ^m	-65425.2 0.5	87.15	0.11		1.67 μ s 0.03	5/2 ⁻	09	1978	IT=100
⁶³ Cu	-65579.3 0.5			STABLE	3/2 ⁻	09		1923	IS=69.15 15
⁶³ Zn	-62213.1 1.6			38.47 m 0.05	3/2 ⁻	09		1937	β^+ =100
⁶³ Zn ⁱ	-56723 6	5490	6	RQ	3/2 ⁻ T=5/2	09			
⁶³ Ga	-56547.1 1.3			32.4 s 0.5	(3/2 ⁻)	09		1965	β^+ =100
⁶³ Ge	-46920 40			142 ms 8	3/2 ⁻ #	09	02Lo13 TD	1991	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
⁶³ As	-33630# 200#			<43 ns	3/2 ⁻ #	09			p=100#
* ⁶³ V	T: average 11Da08=19.2(2.4) 03So02=17(3)								
* ⁶³ Cr	T: other 11Da08=128(8)								
* ⁶³ Co	T: average 94It.A=26.41(0.27) 72Jo08=27.5(0.3) 69Wa15=26(1)								
* ⁶³ Ge	T: average 02Lo13=150(9) 93Wi03=95(+23-20)								
* ⁶³ As	D: most probably p-unstable from estimated S_p =-980#(240#) keV								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{67}Cr	-18480# 500#		10# ms (>300 ns)	$1/2^-$ #	05	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{67}Mn	-33310# 400#		46.7 ms 2.3	$5/2^-$ #	05	11Da08 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n =10 5; β^-2n ? *
^{67}Fe	-46070 220		394 ms 9	$(1/2^-)$	05	02So.A TD	1985	β^- =100; β^-n ? *
$^{67}\text{Fe}^m$	-45670 220 402 9		64 μs 17	$(5/2^+, 7/2^+)$	05	11Da08 EJ	1998	IT =100 *
$^{67}\text{Fe}^n$	-45620# 240# 450# 100#		75 μs 21	$(9/2^+)$		08B105 TJ	2008	IT ? *
^{67}Co	-55322 6		329 ms 28	$(7/2^-)$	05	08Pa33 TJ	1985	β^- =100; β^-n ? *
$^{67}\text{Co}^m$	-54830 6 491.6 1.0		496 ms 33	$(1/2^-)$		09Pa16 E	2008	IT >80; β^- ? *
^{67}Ni	-63742.7 2.9		21 s 1	$1/2^-$	05	00Ri14 J	1978	β^- =100
$^{67}\text{Ni}^m$	-62736 3 1007.2 1.0		13.3 μs 0.2	$(9/2^+)$	05		1998	IT =100
^{67}Cu	-67318.8 1.2		61.83 h 0.12	$3/2^-$	05		1948	β^- =100
^{67}Zn	-67880.1 0.9		STABLE	$5/2^-$	05		1928	IS =4.04 16
$^{67}\text{Zn}^m$	-67786.8 0.9 93.312 0.005		9.07 μs 0.04	$1/2^-$	05		1972	IT =100
$^{67}\text{Zn}^n$	-67275.6 0.9 604.48 0.05		333 ns 14	$9/2^+$	05		1973	IT =100
^{67}Ga	-66878.9 1.2		3.2617 d 0.0005	$3/2^-$	05		1938	ϵ =100
^{67}Ge	-62658 5		18.9 m 0.3	$1/2^-$	05		1950	β^+ =100
$^{67}\text{Ge}^m$	-62640 5 18.20 0.05		13.7 μs 0.9	$5/2^-$	05		1978	IT =100
$^{67}\text{Ge}^n$	-61906 5 751.70 0.06		109.1 ns 3.8	$9/2^+$	05	00Ch07 T	1973	IT =100 *
^{67}As	-56587.2 0.4		42.5 s 1.2	$(5/2^-)$	05		1980	β^+ =100
^{67}Se	-46580 70		133 ms 11	$5/2^-$ #	05	95B123 T	1991	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.5 1 *
^{67}Br	-32930# 500#			$1/2^-$ #				p ? *
$^{*67}\text{Mn}$	T : average 11Da08=51(4) 03So21=47(4) 99Ha05=42(4)							
$^{*67}\text{Fe}$	T : others recent 11Da08=304(81) 08Pa33=416(29), outweighed, not used							
$^{*67}\text{Fe}^m$	T : average 03Sa02=75(21) 98Gr14=43(30), same authors, different experiment							
$^{*67}\text{Fe}^n$	E : less than 30 keV above 387.7 level							
$^{*67}\text{Co}^m$	E : 09Pa16=491.55(0.11) γ ray; 08Pa33=491.6(1.0) D : from 08Pa33							
$^{*67}\text{Ge}^n$	T : average 00Ch07=101(3) 79Al04=110.9(1.4); Birge ratio B =2.99							
$^{*67}\text{Se}$	T : average 02Lo13=136(12) 94Ba50=107(35)							
$^{*67}\text{Se}$	T : values from 95B123 for ^{67}Se =60(+17-11) and ^{71}Kr questioned in 97O101							
^{68}Cr	-14880# 700#		5# ms (>620 ns)	0^+	12	09Ta24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n =15#; β^-2n ?
^{68}Mn	-28300# 500#		28.4 ms 2.7		12	11Da08 T	1995	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{68}Fe	-43830 370		188 ms 4	0^+	12		1985	β^- =100; $\beta^-n>0$
^{68}Co	-51920 150		* 200 ms 20	(7^-)	12		1985	β^- =100; β^-n ? *
$^{68}\text{Co}^m$	-51770# 210# 150# 150#		* 1.6 s 0.3	(1^+)	12		1998	β^- =100
$^{68}\text{Co}^n$	-51730# 210# 195# 150#		* 101 ns 10	$(0, 1)$	12	10Da06 T	2010	IT =100
^{68}Ni	-63463.8 3.0		29 s 2	0^+	12		1977	β^- =100
$^{68}\text{Ni}^m$	-61694 3 1770.0 1.0		270 ns 5	0^+	12		1984	IT =100
$^{68}\text{Ni}^n$	-61262 3 non existing RN		230 ns 60	0^+		12Di03 TJD		IT =100 *
$^{68}\text{Ni}^p$	-60615 3 2849.1 0.3		860 μs 50	5^-	12		1995	IT =100
^{68}Cu	-65567.0 1.6		30.9 s 0.6	1^+	12		1953	β^- =100
$^{68}\text{Cu}^m$	-64845.7 1.6 721.26 0.08		3.75 m 0.05	6^-	12		1969	IT =86 2; β^- =14 2
^{68}Zn	-70006.8 0.9		STABLE	0^+	12		1922	IS =18.45 63
^{68}Ga	-67085.7 1.5		67.71 m 0.08	1^+	12		1937	β^+ =100
^{68}Ge	-66978.8 1.9		270.93 d 0.13	0^+	12		1948	ϵ =100
^{68}As	-58894.5 1.8		151.6 s 0.8	3^+	12		1971	β^+ =100
$^{68}\text{As}^m$	-58469.4 1.8 425.1 0.2		111 ns 20	1^+	12		1994	IT =100 *
^{68}Se	-54189.4 0.5		35.5 s 0.7	0^+	12		1990	β^+ =100
^{68}Br	-38440# 310#		<1.5 μs	3^+ #	12	95B106 I		p ? *
$^{*68}\text{Mn}$	T : average 11Da08=29(4) 03So21=28(8) 99Ha05=28(4)							
$^{*68}\text{Co}^n$	J : $12\text{Li}02$ strong feeding in β^- of ^{68}Fe (0^+)							
$^{*68}\text{Ni}^n$	I : reported in 12Di03 at 2202 keV, 168(1) keV above first 2^+ (at 2034.08)							
$^{*68}\text{Ni}^n$	I : with half-life=216(+66-50)ns. Not confirmed in 12Ch.B using Gammasphere							
$^{*68}\text{As}^m$	T : symmetrized from 94Ba50=107(+23-16)							
^{69}Mn	-24540# 600#		16.0 ms 2.8	$5/2^-$ #	00	11Da08 T	1995	β^- =100; β^-n =24#; β^-2n ? *
^{69}Fe	-39060# 400#		110 ms 5	$1/2^-$ #	00	11Da08 T	1992	β^- =100; β^-n =7#; β^-2n ? *
^{69}Co	-50170 190		227 ms 11	$7/2^-$ #	00	11Da08 T	1985	β^- =100; β^-n =1# *
^{69}Ni	-59979 4		11.5 s 0.3	$9/2^+$	00	99Pr10 T	1984	β^- =100 *
$^{69}\text{Ni}^m$	-59658 4 321 2		3.5 s 0.4	$(1/2^-)$	00	98Gr14 E	1998	β^- \approx 100; IT ? *
$^{69}\text{Ni}^n$	-57278 4 2701.0 1.0		439 ns 3	$(17/2^-)$	00		1998	IT =100
^{69}Cu	-65736.2 1.4		2.85 m 0.15	$3/2^-$	00		1966	β^- =100
$^{69}\text{Cu}^m$	-62994.4 1.7 2741.8 1.0		360 ns 16	$(13/2^+)$	00	12Di03 T	1997	IT =100 *
^{69}Zn	-68417.6 0.9		56.4 m 0.9	$1/2^-$	00		1937	β^- =100
$^{69}\text{Zn}^m$	-67979.0 0.9 438.636 0.018		13.76 h 0.02	$9/2^+$	00		1970	IT \approx 100; β^- =0.033 3
^{69}Ga	-69327.8 1.2		STABLE	$3/2^-$	00		1923	IS =60.108 9
^{69}Ge	-67100.7 1.3		39.05 h 0.10	$5/2^-$	00		1938	β^+ =100
$^{69}\text{Ge}^m$	-67013.9 1.3 86.765 0.014		5.1 μs 0.2	$1/2^-$	00		1978	IT =100
$^{69}\text{Ge}^n$	-66702.8 1.3 397.944 0.018		2.81 μs 0.05	$9/2^+$	00		1978	IT =100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...										
⁶⁹ As	-63110	30		15.2 m 0.2	5/2 ⁻	00		1955	$\beta^+=100$	
⁶⁹ Se	-56434.7	1.5		27.4 s 0.2	(1/2 ⁻)	00	95Po01 J	1974	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=0.045$ 10	
⁶⁹ Se ^m	-56395.3	1.5	39.4 0.1	2.0 μ s 0.2	(5/2 ⁻)	00		1988	IT=100	
⁶⁹ Se ⁿ	-55860.8	1.8	573.9 1.0	955 ns 16	9/2 ⁺	00	00Ch07 T	1988	IT=100 *	
⁶⁹ Br	-46110	40		< 24 ns	(1/2 ⁻)	00	11Ro18 D	1988	p=100	
⁶⁹ Br ^m	-46070#	110#	40# 100#		5/2 ⁻ #					
⁶⁹ Br ⁿ	-45540#	110#	570# 100#		9/2 ⁺ #					
⁶⁹ Br ⁱ	-42770	50	3340 60		(5/2 ⁻)T=3/2		11Ro47 I	2011	p=100	
⁶⁹ Kr	-32440#	400#		27.4 ms 2.9	(5/2 ⁻)	00	11Ro47 TJ	1995	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$ *	
* ⁶⁹ Mn	T : average 11Da08=18(4) 99Ha05=14(4)			D : β^-n observed in 99Ha05						**
* ⁶⁹ Fe	T : average 11Da08=110(6) 03So21=109(9)									**
* ⁶⁹ Co	T : average 11Da08=229(24) 02So.A=232(17) 99Mu17=220(20)									**
* ⁶⁹ Ni	T : average 99Pr10=11.7(0.6) 85Bo49=11.4(0.3); not used 98Fr15=11.2(0.9)									**
* ⁶⁹ Ni ^m	T : average 99Mu17=3.5(0.5) 99Pr10=3.4(0.7)									**
* ⁶⁹ Ni ^m	E : 9/2 ⁺ level in isotones: ⁷³ Ge=-66 ⁷¹ Zn=157(1) ⁶⁹ Ni=-321(2) exhibits									**
* ⁶⁹ Ni ^m	E : unusually strong variations									**
* ⁶⁹ Cu ^m	T : average 12Di03=360(20) 98Gr14=360(50) 97Is13=360(30)									**
* ⁶⁹ Se ⁿ	T : average 00Ch07=950(21) 95Po01=960(23)									**
* ⁶⁹ Kr	T : average 11Ro47=27(3) 97Xu01=32(10)									**
⁷⁰ Mn	-19220#	700#		10# ms (>620 ns)		09	09Ta24 I	2009	$\beta^- ?; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$	
⁷⁰ Fe	-36310#	500#		77 ms 9	0 ⁺	04	11Da08 T	1997	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n ?$ *	
⁷⁰ Co	-46920	300		112.7 ms 4.5	(6 ⁻)	04	11Da08 T	1985	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$ *	
⁷⁰ Co ^m	-46720#	360#	200# 200#	500 ms 180	3 ⁺ #	04		1998	$\beta^-\approx 100; IT ?; \beta^-n ?$	
⁷⁰ Ni	-59213.9	2.1		6.0 s 0.3	0 ⁺	04		1987	$\beta^-=100$	
⁷⁰ Ni ^m	-56353.9	2.9	2860 2	232 ns 1	(8 ⁺)	04		1997	IT=100	
⁷⁰ Cu	-62976.4	1.1		44.5 s 0.2	6 ⁻	04	10Vi07 J	1971	$\beta^-=100$	
⁷⁰ Cu ^m	-62875.3	1.1	101.1 0.3	33 s 2	3 ⁻	04	10Vi07 J	2002	$\beta^-=52$ 9; IT=48 9	
⁷⁰ Cu ⁿ	-62733.8	1.2	242.6 0.5	6.6 s 0.2	1 ⁺	04		1971	$\beta^-=93.2$ 9; IT=6.8 9	
⁷⁰ Zn	-69564.7	1.9		STABLE	0 ⁺	04		1922	IS=0.61 10; 2 $\beta^- ?$ *	
⁷⁰ Ga	-68910.1	1.2		21.14 m 0.03	1 ⁺	04		1937	$\beta^-\approx 100; \epsilon=0.41$ 6	
⁷⁰ Ge	-70561.8	0.8		STABLE	0 ⁺	04		1923	IS=20.57 27	
⁷⁰ As	-64340	50		52.6 m 0.3	4 ⁽⁺⁾ #	04		1950	$\beta^+=100$	
⁷⁰ As ^m	-64310	50	32.008 0.002	96 μ s 3	2 ⁽⁺⁾ #	04		1979	IT=100	
⁷⁰ Se	-61929.9	1.6		41.1 m 0.3	0 ⁺	04		1950	$\beta^+=100$	
⁷⁰ Br	-51426	15		79.1 ms 0.8	0 ⁺ T=1	04		1978	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p ?$	
⁷⁰ Br ^m	-49134	15	2292.3 0.8	2.2 s 0.2	9 ⁺	04		1981	$\beta^+=?; IT ?; \beta^+p ?$	
⁷⁰ Kr	-40950#	200#		52 ms 17	0 ⁺	04		1995	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p<1.3$	
* ⁷⁰ Fe	T : average 11Da08=71(10) 03So21=94(17)									**
* ⁷⁰ Co	T : average 11Da08=108(7) 03So21=121(8) 03Sa40=110(9)									**
* ⁷⁰ Zn	T : >13 Py in ENSDF is for 0v- $\beta\beta$ decay									**
⁷¹ Mn	-15200#	700#		5# ms (>400 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	10	10Oh02 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$	
⁷¹ Fe	-31000#	600#		28 ms 5	7/2 ⁺ #	10	11Da08 T	1997	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$	
⁷¹ Co	-44370	470		80 ms 3	7/2 ⁻ #	10	05Ma95 D	1992	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n>3$ 1	
⁷¹ Ni	-55406.2	2.2		2.56 s 0.03	(9/2 ⁺)	10		1987	$\beta^-=100$	
⁷¹ Ni ^m	-55406.0	2.3	499 5	2.3 s 0.3	(1/2 ⁻)	10		2009	$\beta^-=100$	
⁷¹ Cu	-62711.1	1.5		19.4 s 1.4	3/2 ⁻	10	10Vi07 J	1983	$\beta^-=100$ *	
⁷¹ Cu ^m	-59955.4	1.6	2755.7 0.6	271 ns 13	(19/2 ⁻)	10	98Gr14 TJ	1998	IT=100 *	
⁷¹ Zn	-67328.8	2.7		2.45 m 0.10	1/2 ⁻	10		1955	$\beta^-=100$	
⁷¹ Zn ^m	-67171.1	2.4	157.7 1.3 MD	4.125 h 0.007	9/2 ⁺	10	12Re05 T	1958	$\beta^-\approx 100; IT\leq 0.05$	
⁷¹ Ga	-70139.1	0.8		STABLE	3/2 ⁻	10		1923	IS=39.892 9	
⁷¹ Ge	-69906.5	0.8		11.43 d 0.03	1/2 ⁻	10		1941	$\epsilon=100$	
⁷¹ Ge ^m	-69708.1	0.8	198.354 0.014	20.41 ms 0.18	9/2 ⁺	10		1959	IT=100	
⁷¹ As	-67893	4		65.30 h 0.07	5/2 ⁻	10		1939	$\beta^+=100$	
⁷¹ Se	-63146.5	2.8		4.74 m 0.05	(5/2 ⁻)	10		1957	$\beta^+=100$	
⁷¹ Se ^m	-63097.7	2.8	48.79 0.05	5.6 μ s 0.7	(1/2 ⁻)	10		1982	IT=100	
⁷¹ Se ⁿ	-62886.0	2.8	260.48 0.10	19.0 μ s 0.5	(9/2 ⁺)	10		1982	IT=100	
⁷¹ Br	-56502	5		21.4 s 0.6	(5/2 ⁻)	10		1981	$\beta^+=100$	
⁷¹ Kr	-46330	130		100 ms 3	(5/2 ⁻)	10		1981	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=2.1$ 7 *	
⁷¹ Rb	-32300#	500#		*	5/2 ⁻ #				p ?	
⁷¹ Rb ^m	-32250#	510#	50# 100#	*	1/2 ⁻ #					
⁷¹ Rb ⁿ	-32040#	510#	260# 100#	*	9/2 ⁺ #					
* ⁷¹ Cu	T : average 99Pr10=19(3) 83Ru06=19.5(1.6)									**
* ⁷¹ Cu ^m	T : average 98Is11=250(30) 98Gr14=275(14)									**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{72}Fe	-28100#	700#	10# ms (>300 ns)	0^+	10	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{72}Co	-39780#	400#	59.9 ms 1.7	6^- #	10	05Ma95 D	1992	β^- =100; β^-n >6 2; β^-2n ?
^{72}Ni	-54226.1	2.2	1.57 s 0.05	0^+	10		1987	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{72}Cu	-59783.0	1.4	6.63 s 0.03	2^-	10	10FI02 J	1983	β^- =100
$^{72}\text{Cu}^m$	-59512.7	1.7	270.3	1.0	1.76 μs 0.03	(6^-)	10	IT=100
^{72}Zn	-68145.5	2.1	46.5 h 0.1	0^+	10		1951	β^- =100
^{72}Ga	-68588.3	0.8	14.10 h 0.02	3^-	10		1939	β^- =100
$^{72}\text{Ga}^m$	-68468.6	0.8	119.66	0.05	39.68 ms 0.13	(0^+)T=1	10	IT=100
^{72}Ge	-72585.90	0.08	STABLE		0^+		1923	IS=27.45 32
$^{72}\text{Ge}^m$	-71894.47	0.09	691.43	0.04	444.2 ns 0.8	0^+	10	IT=100
^{72}As	-68230	4	26.0 h 0.1	2^-	10		1939	β^+ =100
^{72}Se	-67868.2	2.0	8.40 d 0.08	0^+	10		1948	ϵ =100
^{72}Br	-59067	7	78.6 s 2.4	1^+	10		1970	β^+ =100
$^{72}\text{Br}^m$	-58966	7	100.76	0.15	10.6 s 0.3	(3^-)	10	IT \approx 100; β^+ =?
^{72}Kr	-53941	8	17.16 s 0.18	0^+	10	03Pi03 T	1973	β^+ =100
^{72}Rb	-38120#	500#	*	*	<1.5 μs	1^+ #	95BI06 I	p ?
$^{72}\text{Rb}^m$	-38020#	510#	100#	100#	1# μs	3^- #		p ?
* ^{72}Cu	J : using collinear laser spectroscopy at the CERN ISOLDE facility							
* $^{72}\text{Cu}^m$	D : no β^- -decay observed in 05Th.A							
* ^{72}Kr	T : average 03Pi03=17.1(0.2) 73Da22=17.4(0.4)							
^{73}Fe	-22620#	700#	5# ms (>400 ns)	$7/2^+$ #	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{73}Co	-36900#	500#	41 ms 3	$7/2^-$ #	04	11Da08 T	1995	β^- =100; β^-n >9 4; β^-2n ?
^{73}Ni	-50108.2	2.4	840 ms 30	($9/2^+$)	04		1987	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{73}Cu	-58987.4	1.9	4.2 s 0.3	$3/2^-$	04	10Vi07 J	1983	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{73}Zn	-65593.4	1.9	23.5 s 1.0	($1/2^-$)	04		1972	β^- =100
$^{73}\text{Zn}^m$	-65397.9	1.9	195.5	0.2	13.0 ms 0.2	($5/2^+$)	04	IT=100
$^{73}\text{Zn}^n$	-65355.8	2.8	237.6	2.0	5.8 s 0.8	($9/2^+$)	04	IT=?; β^- =?
^{73}Ga	-69699.3	1.7	4.86 h 0.03	$1/2^-$	04	11Ch16 J	1949	β^- =100
^{73}Ge	-71297.52	0.06	STABLE		$9/2^+$	04	1933	IS=7.75 12
$^{73}\text{Ge}^m$	-71284.24	0.06	13.2845	0.0015	2.92 μs 0.03	$5/2^+$	04	IT=100
$^{73}\text{Ge}^n$	-71230.79	0.06	66.726	0.009	499 ms 11	$1/2^-$	04	IT=100
^{73}As	-70953	4	80.30 d 0.06	$3/2^-$	04		1948	ϵ =100
$^{73}\text{As}^m$	-70525	4	427.906	0.021	5.7 μs 0.2	$9/2^+$	04	IT=100
^{73}Se	-68227	7	7.15 h 0.08	$9/2^+$	04		1948	β^+ =100
$^{73}\text{Se}^m$	-68201	7	25.71	0.04	39.8 m 1.3	$3/2^-$	04	IT=72.6 3; β^+ =27.4 3
^{73}Br	-63648	7	3.4 m 0.2	$1/2^-$	04		1970	β^+ =100
^{73}Kr	-56552	7	27.3 s 1.0	$3/2^-$	04		1972	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.25 3
$^{73}\text{Kr}^m$	-56118	7	433.66	0.12	107 ns 10	($9/2^+$)	04	IT=100
^{73}Rb	-46080#	100#	<30 ns		$3/2^-$ #	04	96Pr01 I	p ?
$^{73}\text{Rb}^m$	-45650#	140#	430#	100#	$9/2^+$ #			
$^{73}\text{Rb}^i$	-42850	40	3230#	110#	p	$1/2^-$ T=3/2	93Ba61 JD	p=100
^{73}Sr	-31950#	400#	> 25 ms		$1/2^-$ #	04	1993	β^+ =100; β^+p =?
* ^{73}Co	T : average 11Da08(=04Sa59)=41(4) 10Ho12=41(6)							
* ^{73}Co	D : β^-n >9(4)% is from 05Ma95; however β^-n <7.9% in 10Ho12							
* $^{73}\text{Zn}^n$	E : if 42.1 keV γ feeds $^{73}\text{Zn}^m$, EU: see discussion in ENSDF ⁰⁴							
^{74}Fe	-19240#	800#	2# ms (>400 ns)	0^+	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{74}Co	-32460#	600#	30 ms 3		06	05Ma95 D	1995	β^- =100; β^-n >26 9; β^-2n ?
^{74}Ni	-48460#	400#	680 ms 120	0^+	06	98Fr15 T	1987	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{74}Cu	-56006	6	1.63 s 0.05	2^-	06	10FI02 J	1987	β^- =100; β^-n =?
^{74}Zn	-65756.7	2.5	95.6 s 1.2	0^+	06		1972	β^- =100
^{74}Ga	-68049.6	3.0	8.12 m 0.12	3^-	06	11Ma45 J	1956	β^- =100
$^{74}\text{Ga}^m$	-67990	3	59.571	0.014	9.5 s 1.0	(0) ⁽⁺⁾ #	06	IT=75 25; β^- ?
^{74}Ge	-73422.442	0.013	STABLE		0^+	06	1923	IS=36.50 20
^{74}As	-70860.1	1.7	17.77 d 0.02	2^-	06		1938	β^+ =66 2; β^- =34 2
^{74}Se	-72213.202	0.015	STABLE		0^+	06	1922	IS=0.89 4; $2\beta^+$?
^{74}Br	-65288	6	25.4 m 0.3	(0^-)	06		1952	β^+ =100
$^{74}\text{Br}^m$	-65274	6	13.58	0.21	46 m 2	4 ⁽⁺⁾ #	06	β^+ =100
^{74}Kr	-62331.8	2.0	11.50 m 0.11	0^+	06		1960	β^+ =100
$^{74}\text{Kr}^i$	-61790	30	540	30		98Gr.A E	1998	IT=100
^{74}Rb	-51916	3	64.776 ms 0.030	0^+	06		1977	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
^{74}Sr	-40830#	100#	50# ms (>1.5 μs)	0^+	06		1995	β^+ ?; β^+p ?
* ^{74}Co	T : others recent 11Da08=19(7) 10Ho12=34(+6-9)							
* ^{74}Ni	T : average 98Fr15=900(200) 98Am04=540(160)							
* $^{74}\text{Kr}^i$	E : $E(\text{g})$ <85 to 2^+ level at 455.61(0.10) keV							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
⁷⁵ Co	-29100#	700#	30 ms	11		7/2 ⁻ # 99 11Ho21 TD	1995	β^- ?; $\beta^-_{n<16}$; β^-_{2n} ?	
⁷⁵ Ni	-44250#	300#	341 ms	22		7/2 ⁺ # 99 10Ho12 D	1992	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=10}$ 2.8	
⁷⁵ Cu	-54471.3	2.3	1.2238 s	0.0028		5/2 ⁻ 99 09Fi03 J	1985	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=3.5}$ 6	
⁷⁵ Cu ^m	-54409.2	2.3	62.1	0.4		370 ns 40 (1/2 ⁻) 10Da06 ETJ	2010	IT=100	
⁷⁵ Cu ⁿ	-54342.5	2.4	128.8	0.5		160 ns 12 (3/2 ⁻) 10Da06 ETJ	2010	IT=100	
⁷⁵ Zn	-62558.9	2.0	10.2 s	0.2		(7/2 ⁺) 99 11Ho1 J	1974	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Zn ^m	-62431.9	2.0	127.01	0.09		5# s (1/2 ⁻) 11Ho1 EJ	2011	β^- ?; IT ?	
⁷⁵ Ga	-68464.6	2.4	126 s	2		3/2 ⁻ 99 11Ch16 J	1960	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Ge	-71856.96	0.05	82.78 m	0.04		1/2 ⁻ 99	1939	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Ge ^m	-71717.27	0.06	139.69	0.03		47.7 s 0.5 7/2 ⁺ 99	1952	IT \approx 100; $\beta^-_{=0.030}$ 6	
⁷⁵ Ge ⁿ	-71664.78	0.09	192.18	0.07		216 ns 5 5/2 ⁺ 99	1982	IT=100	
⁷⁵ As	-73034.2	0.9	STABLE			3/2 ⁻ 99	1920	IS=100.	
⁷⁵ As ^m	-72730.3	0.9	303.9241	0.0007		17.62 ms 0.23 9/2 ⁺ 99	1957	IT=100	
⁷⁵ Se	-72169.48	0.07	119.779 d	0.004		5/2 ⁺ 99	1947	ϵ =100	
⁷⁵ Br	-69107	4	96.7 m	1.3		3/2 ⁻ 99	1948	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Kr	-64324	8	4.29 m	0.17		5/2 ⁺ 99	1960	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Rb	-57218.7	1.2	19.0 s	1.2		(3/2 ⁻) 99	1975	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁵ Sr	-46620	220	88 ms	3		(3/2 ⁻) 99 03Hu01 TJD	1991	$\beta^+_{=100}$; $\beta^+_{p=5.2}$ 9	
* ⁷⁵ Ni	T : symmetrized from 05Ho08=344(+20-24)ms, also 98Am04=600(200)ms								
* ⁷⁵ Cu	T : average 11Ho1=1.222(8) 91Kr15=1.224(3) J : 10Vi07 same authors								
* ⁷⁵ Cu ^m	E : average 12Ka.B=62.5(0.5) 10Da06=61.8(0.5, estimated by NUBASE)								
* ⁷⁵ Cu ^m	E : average 12Ka.B=129.3(0.7) 10Da06=128.3(0.7, estimated by NUBASE)								
* ⁷⁵ Cu ⁿ	T : average 12Ka.B=134(+25-20) 10Da06=170(15)								
⁷⁶ Co	-24100#	800#	20# ms	(>400 ns)		10 100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-_{n} ?; β^-_{2n} ?	
⁷⁶ Ni	-41610#	500#	236 ms	17		0 ⁺ 07 10Ho12 D	1995	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=14}$ 3.6	
⁷⁶ Ni ^m	-39190#	500#	2418.7	1.0		410 ns 50 (8 ⁺) 07 12Ka.B ET	2005	IT=100	
⁷⁶ Cu	-50976	7	637.7 ms	5.5		(3,4) 95 09Wi03 D	1987	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=7.2}$ 5	
⁷⁶ Cu ^m	-50980#	200#	0#	200#	*	1.27 s 0.30 (1,3) 95 90Wi12 J	1990	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ Zn	-62303.0	1.5	5.7 s	0.3		0 ⁺ 95	1974	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ Ga	-66296.6	2.0	32.6 s	0.6		2 ⁻ 95 11Ma45 J	1961	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ Ge	-73212.889	0.018	1.58 Zy	0.17		0 ⁺ 95 01K111 T	1933	IS=7.73 12; 2 $\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ As	-72291.4	0.9	1.0778 d	0.0020		2 ⁻ 95	1934	$\beta^-_{\approx 100}$; $\epsilon < 0.02$	
⁷⁶ As ^m	-72247.0	0.9	44.425	0.001		1.84 μ s 0.06 (1) ⁺ 95	1966	IT=100	
⁷⁶ Se	-75251.950	0.016	STABLE			0 ⁺ 95	1922	IS=9.37 29	
⁷⁶ Br	-70289	9	16.2 h	0.2		1 ⁻ 95	1952	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ Br ^m	-70186	9	102.58	0.03		1.31 s 0.02 (4) ⁺ 95	1979	IT>99.4; $\beta^+ < 0.6$	
⁷⁶ Kr	-69014	4	14.8 h	0.1		0 ⁺ 95	1954	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁶ Rb	-60479.1	0.9	36.5 s	0.6		1 ⁽⁻⁾ 95	1969	$\beta^+_{=100}$; $\beta^+_{\alpha=3.8e-7}$ 10	
⁷⁶ Rb ^m	-60162.2	0.9	316.93	0.08		3.050 μ s 0.007 (4) ⁺ 95	00Ch07 T	1986	IT=100
⁷⁶ Sr	-54250	30	7.89 s	0.07		0 ⁺ 11	1990	$\beta^+_{=100}$; $\beta^+_{p=3.4e-5}$ 8	
⁷⁶ Y	-38600#	500#	500# ns	(>200 ns)		1 [#] 07 01Ki13 I	2001	$\beta^+ ?$; $p ?$; $\beta^+_{p ?}$	
* ⁷⁶ Ni	T : symmetrized from 238(+15-18)								
* ⁷⁶ Cu	T : average 10Ho12=599(18) 05Va19=653(24) 91Kr15=641(6)								
* ⁷⁶ Cu	J : from 05Va19 and 90Wi12								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	T : from 01K111=1.55(+0.19-0.15); other results from same group:								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	T : 97Gu13=1.77(+0.13-0.11) 94Ba15=1.42(0.13)								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	T : other groups 93Br22=0.84(+0.10-0.08)(2 σ) 90Va18=0.90(0.10)								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	T : and 90Mi23=1.1(+0.6-0.3)(2 σ)								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	TD : claim for 0v- $\beta\beta$ 01K113=15 Yy 04K103=11.2 Yy not trusted. See also								
* ⁷⁶ Ge	TD : 02Aa.A and 02Zd02								
* ⁷⁶ Y	I : also 00We.A.>170 ns same group								
⁷⁷ Ni	-36750#	500#	124 ms	30		9/2 ⁺ # 12 10Ho12 D	1995	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=30}$ 24; β^-_{2n} ?	
⁷⁷ Cu	-48510#	150#	467.9 ms	2.1		5/2 ⁻ 12	1987	$\beta^-_{=100}$; $\beta^-_{n=30.3}$ 20	
⁷⁷ Zn	-58789.2	2.0	2.08 s	0.05		(7/2 ⁺) 12	1977	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Zn ^m	-58016.8	2.0	772.440	0.015		1.05 s 0.10 (1/2 ⁻) 12 09Pa35 J	1986	$\beta^-_{=66}$ 7; IT=34 7	
⁷⁷ Ga	-65992.3	2.4	13.2 s	0.2		3/2 ⁽⁻⁾ 12	1968	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Ge	-71212.86	0.05	11.211 h	0.003		7/2 ⁺ 12	1939	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Ge ^m	-71053.15	0.08	159.71	0.06		53.7 s 0.6 1/2 ⁻ 12	1947	$\beta^-_{=81}$ 2; IT=19 2	
⁷⁷ As	-73916.3	1.7	38.79 h	0.05		3/2 ⁻ 12	1951	$\beta^-_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ As ^m	-73440.8	1.7	475.48	0.04		114.0 μ s 2.5 9/2 ⁺ 12	1957	IT=100	
⁷⁷ Se	-74599.48	0.06	STABLE			1/2 ⁻ 12	1922	IS=7.63 16	
⁷⁷ Se ^m	-74437.56	0.06	161.9223	0.0010		17.36 s 0.05 7/2 ⁺ 12	1947	IT=100	
⁷⁷ Br	-73234.8	2.8	57.04 h	0.12		3/2 ⁻ 12	1948	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Br ^m	-73128.9	2.8	105.86	0.08		4.28 m 0.10 9/2 ⁺ 12	1961	IT=100	
⁷⁷ Kr	-70169.4	2.0	74.4 m	0.6		5/2 ⁺ 12	1948	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Kr ^m	-70102.9	2.0	66.50	0.05		118 ns 12 3/2 ⁻ 12	1975	IT=100	
⁷⁷ Rb	-64830.5	1.3	3.78 m	0.04		3/2 ⁻ 12	1972	$\beta^+_{=100}$	
⁷⁷ Sr	-57803	8	9.0 s	0.2		5/2 ⁽⁺⁾ 12	1976	$\beta^+_{=100}$; $\beta^+_{p=0.08}$ 3	
⁷⁷ Y	-46780#	60#	63 ms	17		5/2 ⁺ # 12 00We.A D	1999	$\beta^+_{=?}$; $\beta^+_{p ?}$; $p < 10$	
* ⁷⁷ Ni	T : symmetrized from 05Ho08=128(+27-33)								
* ⁷⁷ Y	D : limit for p is from 00We.A T : symmetrized from 01Ki13=57(+22-12)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
⁷⁸ Ni	-34130#	800#	140 ms	80	0 ⁺	09	1995	β^- =100; β^- -n=49#; β^- -2n ? *		
⁷⁸ Cu	-44500	500	335 ms	11	(6 ⁻)	09 11Ko36	J 1991	β^- =100; β^- -n=65 8; β^- -2n ? *		
⁷⁸ Zn	-57483.2	1.9	1.47 s	0.15	0 ⁺	09	1977	β^- =100; β^- -n ? *		
⁷⁸ Zn ^m	-54807.9	2.1	2675.3	1.0	(8 ⁺)	09 12Ka.B	ET 1998	IT=100 *		
⁷⁸ Ga	-63705.9	1.9	5.09 s	0.05	2 ⁻	09 11Ma45	J 1972	β^- =100 *		
⁷⁸ Ga ^m	-63207.0	2.0	498.9	0.5	110	ns 3	09 10Da06	ET 2010	IT=100 *	
⁷⁸ Ge	-71862	4	88.0 m	1.0	0 ⁺	09	1953	β^- =100 *		
⁷⁸ As	-72817	10	90.7 m	0.2	2 ⁻	09	1937	β^- =100 *		
⁷⁸ Se	-77025.91	0.18	STABLE		0 ⁺	09	1922	IS=23.77 28		
⁷⁸ Br	-73452	4	6.45 m	0.04	1 ⁺	09	1937	β^+ ≈100; β^+ <0.01		
⁷⁸ Br ^m	-73271	4	180.89	0.13	119.4	μs 1.0	(4 ⁺)	09 1958	IT=100	
⁷⁸ Kr	-74179.6	0.7	STABLE	(>110Ey)	0 ⁺	09 94Sa31	T 1920	IS=0.355 3; 2β ⁺ ? *		
⁷⁸ Rb	-66935	3	17.66 m	0.03	0 ⁽⁺⁾	09	1968	β^+ =100		
⁷⁸ Rb ^m	-66888	3	46.84	0.14	910	ns 40	(1 ⁻)	09 1996	IT=100	
⁷⁸ Rb ⁿ	-66824	3	111.19	0.22	5.74	m 0.03	4 ⁽⁻⁾	09 1968	β^+ =91 2; IT=9 2	
⁷⁸ Rb ^x	-66861	12	74	12	R = 2.0	0.5	spmix			
⁷⁸ Sr	-63174	7	156.1 s	2.7	0 ⁺	09 11Pe29	T 1982	β^+ =100 *		
⁷⁸ Y	-52530#	400#	54 ms	5	(0 ⁺)	09 01Ga24	TJ 1992	β^+ =100; β^+ p ? *		
⁷⁸ Y ^m	-52530#	640#	5.8 s	0.6	(5 ⁺)	09	1998	β^+ =100; β^+ p ? *		
⁷⁸ Zr	-41300#	500#	50# ms	(>200 ns)	0 ⁺	09 01Ki13	I 2001	β^+ ?; β^+ p ? *		
* ⁷⁸ Ni	T : symmetrized from 05Ho08=110(+100-60)									
* ⁷⁸ Cu	D : β^- -n other 10Ho12=44.0(5.4)%									
* ⁷⁸ Zn ^m	T : average 12Ka.B=321(9) 00Da07=319(9)									
* ⁷⁸ Ga ^m	E : this is level 559.6(0.7) <500 ns in ENSDF'09									
* ⁷⁸ Kr	T : limit given here is for the K-e ⁺ decay (theoretically faster)									
* ⁷⁸ Sr	T : average 11Pe29=155(3) 97Mu02=168(12) 92Gr09=159(8)									
* ⁷⁸ Y	T : average 01Ga24=50(8) 01Ki13=55(+9-6)									
* ⁷⁸ Zr	I : also 00We.A>170 ns same group									
⁷⁹ Ni	-27710#	800#	100# ms	(>400 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	10 100h02	I 2010	β^- ?; β^- -n ?; β^- -2n ?		
⁷⁹ Cu	-41900#	400#	220 ms	19	5/2 ⁻ #	02 10Ho12	TD 1991	β^- =100; β^- -n=66 10; β^- -2n ? *		
⁷⁹ Zn	-53432.3	2.2	995 ms	19	(9/2 ⁺)	02	1981	β^- =100; β^- -n=1.3 4 *		
⁷⁹ Ga	-62547.7	1.9	2.847 s	0.003	3/2 ⁻	02 11Ch16	J 1974	β^- =100; β^- -n=0.089 19		
⁷⁹ Ge	-69530	40	18.98 s	0.03	(1/2 ⁻)	02	1970	β^- =100		
⁷⁹ Ge ^m	-69340	40	39.0 s	1.0	7/2 ⁺ #	02	1970	β^- =96 1; IT=4 1		
⁷⁹ As	-73636	5	9.01 m	0.15	3/2 ⁻	02	1950	β^- =100		
⁷⁹ As ^m	-72863	5	772.81	0.06	1.21	μs 0.01	(9/2 ⁺)	02 98Gr14	T 1998	IT=100 *
⁷⁹ Se	-75917.42	0.23	75917.42	0.23	335	ky 18	7/2 ⁺	02 10Jo09	T 1950	β^- =100 *
⁷⁹ Se ^m	-75821.65	0.23	95.77	0.03	3.92	m 0.01	1/2 ⁻	02	1950	IT≈100; β^- =0.056 11
⁷⁹ Br	-76068.1	1.3	STABLE		3/2 ⁻	02	1920	IS=50.69 7		
⁷⁹ Br ^m	-75860.5	1.3	207.61	0.09	4.86	s 0.04	9/2 ⁺	02 09Mu15	J 1954	IT=100 *
⁷⁹ Kr	-74442	4	35.04 h	0.10	1/2 ⁻	02	1948	β^+ =100		
⁷⁹ Kr ^m	-74312	4	129.77	0.05	50	s 3	7/2 ⁺	02	1940	IT=100
⁷⁹ Rb	-70803.0	2.1	22.9 m	0.5	5/2 ⁺	02	1957	β^+ =100		
⁷⁹ Sr	-65477	8	2.25 m	0.10	3/2 ⁽⁻⁾	02	1972	β^+ =100		
⁷⁹ Y	-58360	450	14.8 s	0.6	5/2 ⁺ #	02	1992	β^+ =100		
⁷⁹ Zr	-47060#	400#	56 ms	30	5/2 ⁺ #	02	1999	β^+ =100; β^+ p ? *		
* ⁷⁹ Cu	T : average 10Ho12=257(+29-26) 91Kr15=188(25)									
* ⁷⁹ Cu	D : β^- -n average 10Ho12=72(12)% 91Kr15=55(17)%									
* ⁷⁹ Zn	T : other 10Ho12=746(42) not used D : β^- -n 10Ho12=2.2(1.4)% not used									
* ⁷⁹ As ^m	T : 11Ru.A=1.18(0.03) 98Ho15=0.87(0.06) outweighed, not used									
* ⁷⁹ Se	T : average 10Jo09=327(8) 07Bi01=377(19)									
* ⁷⁹ Br ^m	J : 207.2 keV E3 γ ray to 3/2 ⁻									
⁸⁰ Cu	-36430#	600#	210 ms	80	05	10Ho12	T 1995	β^- ?; β^- -n ?; β^- -2n ? *		
⁸⁰ Zn	-51648.6	2.6	550 ms	11	0 ⁺	05 10Ho12	T 1981	β^- =100; β^- -n=1.0 5 *		
⁸⁰ Ga	-59223.7	2.9	2.03 s	0.09	(6 ⁻)	05 11Ve.B	TJ 1974	β^- =100; β^- -n=0.86 7		
⁸⁰ Ga ^m	-59220#	100#	1.4 s	0.1	(3 ⁻)	11Ve.B	TJ 2011	β^- ?; β^- -n ? *		
⁸⁰ Ge	-69535.3	2.1	29.5 s	0.4	0 ⁺	05	1972	β^- =100		
⁸⁰ As	-72214	3	15.2 s	0.2	1 ⁺	05	1954	β^- =100		
⁸⁰ Se	-77759.5	1.2	STABLE		0 ⁺	05	1922	IS=49.61 41; 2β ⁻ ?		
⁸⁰ Br	-75889.0	1.3	17.68 m	0.02	1 ⁺	05	1937	β^- =91.7 2; β^+ =8.3 2		
⁸⁰ Br ^m	-75803.2	1.3	85.843	0.004	4.4205	h 0.0008	5 ⁻	05 1937	IT=100	
⁸⁰ Kr	-77893.3	0.7	STABLE		0 ⁺	05	1920	IS=2.286 10		
⁸⁰ Rb	-72175.5	1.9	33.4 s	0.7	1 ⁺	05 93Al03	T 1961	β^+ =100		
⁸⁰ Rb ^m	-71681.6	2.0	493.9	0.5	1.63	μs 0.04	(6 ⁺)	05 92Do10	E 1980	IT=100
⁸⁰ Sr	-70311	3	106.3 m	1.5	0 ⁺	05	1961	β^+ =100		
⁸⁰ Y	-61147	6	30.1 s	0.5	4 ⁻	05	1981	β^+ =100		
⁸⁰ Y ^m	-60919	6	228.5	0.1	4.8	s 0.3	1 ⁻	05 01No07	J 1998	IT=81 2; β^+ =19 2 *
⁸⁰ Y ⁿ	-60834	6	312.6	0.9	4.7	μs 0.3	(2 ⁺)	05	1997	IT=100
⁸⁰ Zr	-55520	1490	4.6 s	0.6	0 ⁺	05 01Ki13	T 1987	β^+ =100 *		
* ⁸⁰ Cu	T : symmetrized from 10Ho12=170(+110-50)									
* ⁸⁰ Zn	T : average 10Ho12=578(21) 91Kr15=540(30) 86Gi07=550(20) 86Ek01=530(20)									
* ⁸⁰ Zn	D : β^- -n other 10Ho12<1.8%									
* ⁸⁰ Y ^m	J : 228.5 M3 γ ray to 4 ⁻ level									
* ⁸⁰ Zr	T : average 01Ki13=5.3(+1.1-0.9) 00Re03=4.1(+0.8-0.6)									

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
⁸¹ Cu	-31790#	800#	50# ms (>400 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	10	100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁸¹ Zn	-46200	5	304 ms 13	(5/2 ⁺)	08	10Pa33 T	1991	β^- =100; β^-n =9.1 24; β^-2n ? *
⁸¹ Ga	-57628	3	1.217 s 0.005	5/2 ⁻	08	11Ch16 J	1976	β^- =100; β^-n =11.9 7
⁸¹ Ge	-66291.7	2.1	8 s 2	9/2 ⁺ #	08		1972	β^- =100 *
⁸¹ Ge ^m	-65612.6	2.1	679.14	0.04	8 s 2	(1/2 ⁺)	08	1981 β^- ≈100; IT<1
⁸¹ As	-72533.3	2.7	33.3 s 0.8	3/2 ⁻	08		1960	β^- =100
⁸¹ Se	-76389.0	1.3	18.45 m 0.12	1/2 ⁻	08		1948	β^- =100
⁸¹ Se ^m	-76286.0	1.3	103.00	0.06	57.28 m 0.02	7/2 ⁺	08	1971 IT≈100; β^- =0.051 14
⁸¹ Br	-77975.7	1.3	STABLE		3/2 ⁻	08	1920	IS=49.31 7
⁸¹ Br ^m	-77439.5	1.3	536.20	0.09	34.6 μs 2.8	9/2 ⁺	08	1967 IT=100
⁸¹ Kr	-77694.8	1.4	229 ky 11	7/2 ⁺	08		1950	ϵ =100
⁸¹ Kr ^m	-77504.2	1.4	190.64	0.04	13.10 s 0.03	1/2 ⁻	08	1940 IT≈100; ϵ =0.0025 4
⁸¹ Rb	-75457	5	4.572 h 0.004	3/2 ⁻	08		1949	β^+ =100
⁸¹ Rb ^m	-75371	5	86.31	0.07	30.5 m 0.3	9/2 ⁺	08	1956 IT=97.6 6; β^+ =2.4 6
⁸¹ Sr	-71528	3	22.3 m 0.4	1/2 ⁻	08		1952	β^+ =100
⁸¹ Sr ^m	-71449	3	79.23	0.04	390 ns 50	(5/2 ⁻)	08	1983 IT=100
⁸¹ Sr ⁿ	-71439	3	89.05	0.07	6.4 μs 0.5	(7/2 ⁺)	08	1989 IT ?
⁸¹ Y	-65712	5	70.4 s 1.0	(5/2 ⁺)	08		1981	β^+ =100
⁸¹ Zr	-58400	160	5.5 s 0.4	(3/2 ⁻)	08		1997	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.12 2
⁸¹ Nb	-46950#	400#	<44 ns	3/2 ⁻ #	08	00We.A I		$p?$; $\beta^+?$; $\beta^+p?$ *
* ⁸¹ Zn	T : others 12Ma37=304(13) 10Ho12=474(+93-83) 07Ve08=390(70) 91Kr15=290(50) **							
* ⁸¹ Zn	D : β^-n average 12Ma37=12(4) 91Kr15=7.5(3.0)%; other 10Ho12=30(13)% not used **							
* ⁸¹ Ge	T : derived from 7.6(0.6), for mixture of ground-state and isomer with almost same half-life **							
* ⁸¹ Nb	I : also 99Ja02<80 01Ki13<200 ns T : estimated half-life for β^+ : 100# ms **							
⁸² Cu	-25670#	800#	50# ms (>400 ns)		10	100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁸² Zn	-42610#	300#	228 ms 10	0 ⁺	03	12Ma37 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n =?; β^-2n ?
⁸² Ga	-52930.7	2.4	599 ms 2	(1,2,3)	03	93Ru01 D	1976	β^- =100; β^-n =21.3 13; β^-2n ? *
⁸² Ga ^m	-52789.7	2.5	141.0	0.5	99 ns 10	2 ⁻ #	12Ka.B ETJ	2009 IT=100 *
⁸² Ge	-65415.1	2.2	4.56 s 0.26	0 ⁺	11		1972	β^- =100
⁸² As	-70103	4	19.1 s 0.5	(1 ⁺)	03		1968	β^- =100
⁸² As ^m	-69975	4	128	6	BD *	13.6 s 0.4	(5 ⁻)	03 1970 β^- =100
⁸² Se	-77593.9	1.4	97 Ey 5	0 ⁺	03	99Pi08 T	1922	IS=8.73 22; 2 β^- =100 *
⁸² Br	-77497.3	1.3	35.282 h 0.007	5 ⁻	03		1937	β^- =100
⁸² Br ^m	-77451.4	1.3	45.9492	0.0010	6.13 m 0.05	2 ⁻	03	1965 IT=97.6 3; β^- =2.4 3
⁸² Kr	-80590.3	0.9	STABLE		0 ⁺	03	1920	IS=11.593 31
⁸² Rb	-76188	3	1.273 m 0.002	1 ⁺	03		1949	β^+ =100
⁸² Rb ^m	-76118.8	2.6	69.0	1.5	6.472 h 0.006	5 ⁻	03	1957 β^+ ≈100; IT<0.33
⁸² Sr	-76010	6	25.36 d 0.03	0 ⁺	03	87Ho06 T	1952	ϵ =100 *
⁸² Y	-68063	6	8.30 s 0.20	1 ⁺	03		1980	β^+ =100
⁸² Y ^m	-67660	6	402.63	0.14	258 ns 22	4 ⁻	03	94Mu02 T 1994 IT=100 *
⁸² Y ⁿ	-67556	6	507.50	0.13	147 ns 7	6 ⁺	03	1994 IT=100
⁸² Zr	-63940#	200#	32 s 5	0 ⁺	03		1982	β^+ =100
⁸² Nb	-52200#	300#	50 ms 5	(0 ⁺)	08		1992	β^+ =100; $\beta^+p?$
⁸² Nb ^m	-51020#	300#	1180	1	92 ns 17	(5 ⁺)	08	08Ga04 ETJ 2008 IT=100
* ⁸² Ga	D : average 93Ru01=31.1(4.4)% 86Wa17=19.8(1.7)% 80Lu04=21.4(2.2)% **							
* ⁸² Ga ^m	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=98(+10-9); other 09Fo05<500 ns **							
* ⁸² Se	T : average 99Pi08=83(+9-7) 98Ar10=83(12) 92Ei07=108(+26-6) 88Li11=120(10) **							
* ⁸² Sr	T : average 87Ho06=25.36(0.03) 87Ju02=25.342(0.053) **							
* ⁸² Y ^m	T : average 94Mu02=220(50) 93Wo04=268(25) **							
⁸³ Zn	-36740#	500#	127 ms 20	5/2 ⁺ #	09	12Ma37 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n =90#; β^-2n ?
⁸³ Ga	-49257.1	2.6	308.1 ms 1.0	3/2 ⁻ #	09		1976	β^- =100; β^-n =62.8 25; β^-2n ?
⁸³ Ge	-60976.4	2.4	1.85 s 0.06	(5/2 ⁺)	09		1972	β^- =100; β^-n =0.1#
⁸³ As	-69669.3	2.8	13.4 s 0.3	3/2 ⁻ #	01		1968	β^- =100
⁸³ Se	-75341	3	22.3 m 0.3	9/2 ⁺	01		1937	β^- =100
⁸³ Se ^m	-75113	3	228.50	0.20	70.1 s 0.4	1/2 ⁻	01	1969 β^- =100
⁸³ Br	-79013	4	2.40 h 0.02	3/2 ⁻	01		1937	β^- =100
⁸³ Br ^m	-75944	4	3068.8	0.6	729 ns 77	(19/2 ⁻)	01	11Ru.A T 1989 IT=100 *
⁸³ Kr	-79990.03	0.30	STABLE		9/2 ⁺	01	1920	IS=11.500 19
⁸³ Kr ^m	-79980.6	0.3	9.4053	0.0008	156.94 ns 0.32	7/2 ⁺	01	09Ka30 T 1963 IT=100
⁸³ Kr ⁿ	-79948.5	0.3	41.5569	0.0010	1.830 h 0.013	1/2 ⁻	01	10Li13 T 1971 IT=100
⁸³ Rb	-79070.6	2.3	86.2 d 0.1	5/2 ⁻	01		1950	ϵ =100
⁸³ Rb ^m	-79028.5	2.3	42.11	0.04	7.8 ms 0.7	9/2 ⁺	01	68Ei01 T 1968 IT=100
⁸³ Sr	-76798	7	32.41 h 0.03	7/2 ⁺	01		1952	β^+ =100
⁸³ Sr ^m	-76539	7	259.15	0.09	4.95 s 0.12	1/2 ⁻	01	1972 IT=100
⁸³ Y	-72205	19	7.08 m 0.06	9/2 ⁺	01		1962	β^+ =100
⁸³ Y ^m	-72143	19	61.98	0.11	2.85 m 0.02	(3/2 ⁻)	01	1972 β^+ =60 5; IT=40 5

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...									
^{83}Zr	-65911	6		41.6 s 2.4	1/2 ⁻ #	01		1974	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
$^{83}\text{Zr}^m$	-65858	6	52.72 0.05	530 ns 120	(5/2 ⁻)	01		1988	IT=100
$^{83}\text{Zr}^n$	-65834	6	77.04 0.07	132 ns 55	(7/2 ⁺)	01		1988	IT=100
$^{83}\text{Zr}^p$			non existent	RN	8 s 1	high	01 87Ra06	I	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
^{83}Nb	-58410	300		4.1 s 0.3	(5/2 ⁺)	01		1988	$\beta^+=100$
^{83}Mo	-46690#	400#		23 ms 19	3/2 ⁻ #	01 01Ki13	TD	1999	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p ?$
$^{83}\text{Br}^m$	T : average 11Ru.A=862(148) 97Is13=700(100) 89Wi01=600(200)								
$^{83}\text{Zr}^p$	D : 6(4)% of total β^+p go to first excited state in ^{82}Sr								
$^{83}\text{Zr}^p$	I : mis-assigned: absence of any radiation suggests no isomer with E>18 keV								
^{83}Mo	T : symmetrized from 6(+30-3)								
^{84}Zn	-32410#	600#		50# ms (>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10 10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$
^{84}Ga	-44280#	400#		85 ms 10	0 ⁻ #	09 10Wi03	D	1991	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=72 10; \beta^-2n ?$
^{84}Ge	-58148	3		954 ms 14	0 ⁺	09 93Ru01	TD	1972	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=10.7 6$
^{84}As	-65854	3		4.02 s 0.03	(3) ^(+#)	09 93Ru01	TD	1968	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=0.28 4$
$^{84}\text{As}^m$	-65850#	100#	0# 100#	650 ms 150		09		1974	$\beta^- =100$
^{84}Se	-75947.7	2.0		3.26 m 0.10	0 ⁺	09		1960	$\beta^- =100$
^{84}Br	-77783	26		31.76 m 0.08	2 ⁻	09		1943	$\beta^- =100$
$^{84}\text{Br}^m$	-77470	100	310 100	6.0 m 0.2	(6) ⁻	09		1957	$\beta^- =100$
$^{84}\text{Br}^n$	-77375	26	408.2 0.4	< 140 ns	1 ⁺	09		1970	IT=100
^{84}Kr	-82439.335	0.004		STABLE	0 ⁺	09		1920	IS=56.987 15
$^{84}\text{Kr}^m$	-79203.27	0.18	3236.07 0.18	1.83 μ s 0.04	8 ⁺	09		1982	IT=100
^{84}Rb	-79759.0	2.2		32.82 d 0.07	2 ⁻	09		1947	$\beta^+=96.1 20; \beta^- =3.9 20$
$^{84}\text{Rb}^m$	-79295.4	2.2	463.59 0.08	20.26 m 0.04	6 ⁻	09		1940	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ < 0.0012$
^{84}Sr	-80649.6	1.2		STABLE	0 ⁺	09		1936	IS=0.56 1; 2 $\beta^+ ?$
^{84}Y	-73893	4		39.5 m 0.8	(6 ⁺)	09		1962	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{84}\text{Y}^m$	-73826	4	67.0 0.2	4.6 s 0.2	1 ⁺	09		1976	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{84}\text{Y}^n$	-73683	4	210.42 0.16	292 ns 10	(4 ⁻)	09		2005	IT=100
^{84}Zr	-71421	6		25.8 m 0.5	0 ⁺	09		1977	$\beta^+ =100$
^{84}Nb	-61020#	300#		9.8 s 0.9	(1 ⁺)	09 09St04	J	1977	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{84}\text{Nb}^m$	-60970#	300#	48 1	176 ns 46	(3 ⁺)	09 09Ga40	ETJ	2009	IT=100
$^{84}\text{Nb}^n$	-60680#	300#	337.7 0.4	92 ns 5	(5 ⁻)	09 09Ga40	T	2000	IT=100
^{84}Mo	-54500#	400#		2.3 s 0.3	0 ⁺	09		1991	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+p ?$
^{84}Ga	D : β^-n average 10Wi03=74(14)% 91Kr15=70(15)%								
^{84}Ga	I : a β^- decaying isomer was identified in 09Le26 and adopted in ENSDF'2009,								
^{84}Ga	I : questioned in 10Wi03								
^{84}Ge	T : average 93Ru01=947(11) 91Kr15=984(23)								
^{84}Ge	D : average 93Ru01=10.8(0.6)% 91Kr15=9.5(2.0)%								
$^{84}\text{As}^m$	I : identification discussed in ENSDF2009								
^{85}Zn	-25840#	700#		50# ms (>400 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	10 10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^-n ?; \beta^-2n ?$
^{85}Ga	-40060#	300#		93 ms 7	3/2 ⁻ #	97 12Ma37	TD	1997	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=?; \beta^-2n ?$
^{85}Ge	-53123	4		540 ms 50	5/2 ⁺ #	97		1991	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=14 3; \beta^-2n ?$
^{85}As	-63189	3		2.021 s 0.010	3/2 ⁻ #	97		1967	$\beta^- =100; \beta^-n=59.4 24$
^{85}Se	-72413.6	2.6		31.7 s 0.9	5/2 ⁺ #	97		1960	$\beta^- =100$
^{85}Br	-78575	3		2.90 m 0.06	3/2 ⁻	91		1943	$\beta^- =100$
^{85}Kr	-81480.3	2.0		10.776 y 0.003	9/2 ⁺	91 02Un02	T	1940	$\beta^- =100$
$^{85}\text{Kr}^m$	-81175.4	2.0	304.871 0.020	4.480 h 0.008	1/2 ⁻	91		1937	$\beta^- =78.6 4; IT=21.4 4$
$^{85}\text{Kr}^n$	-79488.5	2.4	1991.8 1.3	1.82 μ s 0.05	(17/2 ⁺)	91 11Ru.A	T	1989	IT=100
^{85}Rb	-82167.330	0.005		STABLE	5/2 ⁻	91		1921	IS=72.17 2
$^{85}\text{Rb}^m$	-81653.322	0.005	514.0083 0.0019	1.015 μ s 0.001	9/2 ⁺	91		1964	IT=100
^{85}Sr	-81103.3	2.8		64.853 d 0.008	9/2 ⁺	91 02Un02	T	1940	$\epsilon=100$
$^{85}\text{Sr}^m$	-80864.6	2.8	238.66 0.06	67.63 m 0.04	1/2 ⁻	91		1940	IT=86.6 4; $\beta^+=13.4 4$
^{85}Y	-77842	19		2.68 h 0.05	(1/2) ⁻	94		1952	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{85}\text{Y}^m$	-77822	19	19.8 0.5	4.86 h 0.13	9/2 ⁺	94		1952	$\beta^+ \approx 100; IT < 0.002$
$^{85}\text{Y}^n$	-77576	19	266.30 0.20	178 ns 6	5/2 ⁻	94		1977	IT=100
^{85}Zr	-73174	6		7.86 m 0.04	7/2 ⁺	94		1963	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{85}\text{Zr}^m$	-72882	6	292.2 0.3	10.9 s 0.3	(1/2 ⁻)	94		1976	IT \leq 92; $\beta^+ > 8$
^{85}Nb	-66280	4		20.9 s 0.7	(9/2 ⁺)	91		1988	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{85}\text{Nb}^m$	-66130#	80#	150# 80#	3.3 s 0.9	(1/2 ⁻)	91 05Ka39	TJ	1988	$\beta^+ =100$
^{85}Mo	-57510	16		3.2 s 0.2	(1/2 ⁻)	97 97Hu15	TD	1992	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+p=?$
^{85}Tc	-46030#	400#		<110 ns	1/2 ⁻ #	00We.A	I		p ?
$^{85}\text{Nb}^m$	E : 05Ka39 > 69 keV								
$^{85}\text{Nb}^m$	ET : 759.0(1.0) 12(5) s in NUBASE2003 is mis-interpretation of 98Oi02								
^{85}Mo	J : from 05Xu04								
^{85}Tc	I : also 99Ja02 < 100 ns T : estimated half-life for β^+ decay: 100# ms								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{86}Ga	-34460#	700#	30# ms (>300 ns)			11 97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{86}Ge	-49760#	300#	219 ms 40	0^+		11 12Ma.A TD	1994	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{86}As	-58962	3	945 ms 8			11	1973	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=26$ 7; β^-2n ?
^{86}Se	-70503.2	2.5	14.3 s 0.3	0^+		11	1973	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{86}Br	-75632	3	55.1 s 0.4	(1^-)		11	1962	β^- =100
^{86}Kr	-83265.665	0.004	STABLE	0^+		01	1920	IS=17.279 41; $2\beta^-$?
^{86}Rb	-82747.01	0.20	18.642 d 0.018	2^-		01	1941	β^- \approx 100; $\epsilon=0.0052$ 5
$^{86}\text{Rb}^m$	-82190.96	0.27	556.05 0.18	1.017 m 0.003		6 $^-$	01	IT \approx 100; β^- <0.3
^{86}Sr	-84523.2	1.1	STABLE	0^+		01	1931	IS=9.86 1
$^{86}\text{Sr}^m$	-81567.5	1.1	2955.68 0.21	455 ns 7		8 $^+$	01	IT=100
^{86}Y	-79283	14	14.74 h 0.02	4 $^-$		01	1951	β^+ =100
$^{86}\text{Y}^m$	-79065	14	218.30 0.20	47.2 m 0.4		(8 $^+$)	01	10Ru07 T 1962
$^{86}\text{Y}^n$	-78981	14	302.2 0.5	125 ns 6		6 $^+$	01	10Ru07 J 2000
^{86}Zr	-77969	4	16.5 h 0.1	0 $^+$		01	1951	β^+ =100
^{86}Nb	-69133	6	*	88 s 1		(6 $^+$)	01	1974
$^{86}\text{Nb}^m$	-68880#	160#	250# 160#	56.3 s 8.3		high	01	94Sh07 TJD 1994
^{86}Mo	-64110	4	*	19.6 s 1.1		0 $^+$	01	1991
^{86}Tc	-51300#	300#	55 ms 6	(0^+)		08 01Ga24 T	1992	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
$^{86}\text{Tc}^m$	-49780#	300#	1524 10	1.10 μ s 0.12		(6 $^+$)	08 08Ga04 T	2000
$^{86}\text{Nb}^m$	I : existence considered as uncertain in ENSDF'01; needs confirmation							
^{86}Tc	T : average 01Ga24=44(12) 01Ki13=59(+8-7)							
$^{86}\text{Tc}^m$	T : average 08Ga04=1.10(0.14) 00Ch07=1.11(0.21) E : unc. estimated by GAU							
^{87}Ga	-29580#	800#	10# ms (>400 ns)	$3/2^-$		10 10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{87}Ge	-44080#	400#	150# ms (>300 ns)	$5/2^+$		02 97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{87}As	-55617.9	3.0	610 ms 120	$3/2^-$		02 93Ru01 T	1970	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=15.4$ 22; β^-2n ? *
^{87}Se	-66426.1	2.2	5.50 s 0.12	$5/2^+$		02	1968	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=0.20$ 4
^{87}Br	-73892	3	55.65 s 0.13	$(5/2^-)$		02 06Po09 J	1943	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=2.60$ 4
^{87}Kr	-80709.52	0.25	76.3 m 0.5	$5/2^+$		02	1940	β^- =100
^{87}Rb	-84597.790	0.006	49.23 Gy 0.22	$3/2^-$		02 82Mi14 T	1921	IS=27.83 2; β^- =100 *
^{87}Sr	-84880.0	1.1	STABLE	$9/2^+$		02	1931	IS=7.00 1
$^{87}\text{Sr}^m$	-84491.5	1.1	388.533 0.003	2.815 h 0.012		$1/2^-$	02	1940
^{87}Y	-83018.3	1.6	79.8 h 0.3	1/2 $^-$		02	1940	β^+ =100
$^{87}\text{Y}^m$	-82637.5	1.6	380.82 0.07	13.37 h 0.03		$9/2^+$	02	1940
^{87}Zr	-79347	4	1.68 h 0.01	$(9/2)^+$		02	1948	β^+ =100
$^{87}\text{Zr}^m$	-79011	4	335.84 0.19	14.0 s 0.2		$(1/2)^-$	02	1972
^{87}Nb	-73873	7	3.75 m 0.09	$(1/2^-)$		02	1971	β^+ =100
$^{87}\text{Nb}^m$	-73869	7	3.84 0.14	2.6 m 0.1		$9/2^+$	02	1972
^{87}Mo	-66884.8	2.9	14.05 s 0.23	$7/2^+$		02 97Hu07 TD	1977	β^+ =100; $\beta^+p=15$ 5 *
^{87}Tc	-57690	4	*	2.18 s 0.16		$9/2^+$	02 00We.A TD	1991
$^{87}\text{Tc}^m$	-57683	4	7 1	2# s		$1/2^-$	09Ga40 E	
$^{87}\text{Tc}^n$	-57619	4	71 1	647 ns 24		$7/2^+$	09Ga40 ETJ	2009
^{87}Ru	-45930#	400#	50# ms (>1.5 μ s)	$1/2^-$		02 95Ry03 I	1995	β^+ ?; β^+p ?
^{87}As	T : unweighed average 93Ru01=485(40) 78Cr03=730(60) (Birge ratio $B=3.4$)							
^{87}As	T : other 12Qu01=1450(550)(+3900-1100)							
^{87}Rb	T : average 82Mi14=49.44(0.28) 74Ne14=48.8(0.8) 77Da22=48.9(0.4) obtained by							
^{87}Rb	T : three methods, respectively: geochronology, decay counting, chemical							
^{87}Rb	T : 77Da22 supersedes 66Mc12=47.2(0.4) using the same material							
^{87}Mo	T : average 97Hu07=13.6(1.1) 91Mi15=14.5(0.3) 83Ha06=13.3(0.4)							
^{87}Mo	D : average 97Hu07=15(6)% (through 3 levels) 83Ha06=15(8)% first 2^+ state							
$^{87}\text{Tc}^m$	E : observed 64 keV γ ray in parallel to 71 keV one depopulating $^{87}\text{Tc}^n$							
$^{87}\text{Tc}^n$	E : observed 71 keV γ ray; trend of $7/2^+$ in Tc: $^{89}\text{Tc}=179$ $^{91}\text{Tc}=395$							
^{88}Ge	-40140#	500#	100# ms (>300 ns)	0^+		05 97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{88}As	-50720#	200#	270 ms 150			12 12Qu01 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{88}Se	-63884	3	1.53 s 0.06	0^+		08	1970	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=0.67$ 30 *
^{88}Br	-70716	3	16.29 s 0.06	(2^-)		05	1948	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=6.58$ 18
$^{88}\text{Br}^m$	-70446	3	270.1 1.1	5.51 μ s 0.04		$(4^-, 5^-)$	05 11Ru.A T	1970
^{88}Kr	-79691.3	2.6	2.84 h 0.03	0^+		05	1939	β^- =100
^{88}Rb	-82608.99	0.16	17.773 m 0.011	2^-		05	1939	β^- =100
$^{88}\text{Rb}^m$	-81235.8	0.6	1373.2 0.6	123 ns 13		7^+	09 09Po10 ETJ	2000
^{88}Sr	-87921.4	1.1	STABLE	0^+		05	1923	IS=82.58 1
^{88}Y	-84298.8	1.9	106.626 d 0.021	4 $^-$		05	1948	β^+ =100
$^{88}\text{Y}^m$	-83905.9	1.9	392.86 0.09	301 μ s 3		1^+	05	1955
$^{88}\text{Y}^n$	-83624.3	1.9	674.55 0.04	13.97 ms 0.18		8 $^+$	05 07Ch07 J	1962
^{88}Zr	-83628	5	83.4 d 0.3	0^+		05	1951	$\epsilon=100$
$^{88}\text{Zr}^m$	-80740	5	2887.79 0.06	1.320 μ s 0.025		(8 $^+$)	05	1978
^{88}Nb	-76180	60	*	14.55 m 0.06		(8 $^+$)	05	1964
$^{88}\text{Nb}^m$	-76040	100	140 120	7.78 m 0.05		(4 $^-$)	05	1971
^{88}Mo	-72687	4	8.0 m 0.2	0^+		06	1971	β^+ =100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
... A-group continued ...												
⁸⁸ Tc	-61680	150										
⁸⁸ Tc ^m	-61680#	340#	0#	300#	*	6.4 s	0.8	(6 ⁺)	05	1991	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ?	
⁸⁸ Tc ⁿ	-61580#	160#	100#	50#	*	5.8 s	0.2	(3 ⁺)	05	1993	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ? *	
⁸⁸ Ru	-54400#	300#				146 ns	12	(4 ⁺)	09	09Ga40 TJD	2009	IT=100
* ⁸⁸ As						1.3 s	0.3	0 ⁺	05		1994	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ? *
* ⁸⁸ Se						T : symmetrized from 12Qu01=200(5)(+200-90)					**	
* ⁸⁸ Tc ^m						T : other 12Qu01=650(35)(+175-140)ms					**	
* ⁸⁸ Tc ^m						J : 09Ga40 suggest this state to be 2 ⁺ , plus existence of an isomer 95 keV					**	
* ⁸⁸ Tc ^m						J : above this 2 ⁺ , that decays by E2, with half-life=146(12)ns					**	
* ⁸⁸ Ru						T : symmetrized from 01Ki13=1.2(+0.3-0.2)					**	
⁸⁹ Ge	-33730#	600#				50# ms	(>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	98	97Be70 I	1997	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n?; β ⁻ 2n?
⁸⁹ As	-46800#	300#				200# ms	(>150 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	98	94Be24 I	1994	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n?; β ⁻ 2n?
⁸⁹ Se	-58992	4				410 ms	40	5/2 ⁺ #	98		1971	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ n=7.8 25 *
⁸⁹ Br	-68274	3				4.40 s	0.03	(3/2 ⁻ , 5/2 ⁻)	98		1959	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ n=13.8 4 *
⁸⁹ Kr	-76535.8	2.1				3.15 m	0.04	3/2 ⁺	98	95Ke04 J	1940	β ⁻ =100 *
⁸⁹ Rb	-81712	5				15.15 m	0.12	3/2 ⁻	98		1940	β ⁻ =100
⁸⁹ Sr	-86208.7	1.1				50.53 d	0.07	5/2 ⁺	98		1937	β ⁻ =100
⁸⁹ Y	-87709.2	2.2				STABLE		1/2 ⁻	98		1923	IS=100.
⁸⁹ Y ^m	-86800.2	2.2	908.97	0.03		15.663 s	0.005	9/2 ⁺	98	94It.A T	1951	IT=100
⁸⁹ Zr	-84876	3				78.41 h	0.12	9/2 ⁺	98		1948	β ⁺ =100
⁸⁹ Zr ^m	-84288	3	587.82	0.10		4.161 m	0.017	1/2 ⁻	98		1953	IT=93.77 12; β ⁺ =6.23 12 *
⁸⁹ Nb	-80625	24				*	2.03 h	0.07	(9/2 ⁺)	98	1954	β ⁺ =100
⁸⁹ Nb ^m	-80630#	40#	0#	30#	*	1.10 h	0.03	(1/2 ⁻)	98		1954	β ⁺ =100
⁸⁹ Mo	-75015	4				2.11 m	0.10	(9/2 ⁺)	98		1980	β ⁺ =100
⁸⁹ Mo ^m	-74628	4	387.5	0.2		190 ms	15	(1/2 ⁻)	98		1980	IT=100
⁸⁹ Tc	-67395	4				12.8 s	0.9	(9/2 ⁺)	04		1991	β ⁺ =100
⁸⁹ Tc ^m	-67332	4	62.6	0.5		12.9 s	0.8	(1/2 ⁻)	04		1991	β ⁺ ≈100; IT<0.01
⁸⁹ Ru	-58110#	300#				1.5 s	0.2	(9/2 ⁺)	07	12Lo08 D	1992	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p=3.1 18 *
⁸⁹ Rh	-46030#	360#				10# ms	(>1.5 μs)	7/2 ⁺ #	04		1995	β ⁺ ?; β ⁺ p ?
* ⁸⁹ Se						T : others 12Qu01=345(20)(+95-75) 82Re08=560(80)					**	
* ⁸⁹ Br						T : ENSDF averages 8 values. Also 93Ru01=4.348(0.022)					**	
* ⁸⁹ Kr						J : positive parity, since no β ⁻ transition to ⁸⁹ Rb ground-state					**	
* ⁸⁹ Ru						D : β ⁺ p symmetrized from 3.0(+1.9-1.7)% T : other recent 12Lo08=2.2(1.2)					**	
⁹⁰ Ge	-29220#	700#				50# ms	(>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n?; β ⁻ 2n?
⁹⁰ As	-41330#	600#				80# ms	(>300 ns)		09	97Be70 I	1997	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n?; β ⁻ 2n?
⁹⁰ As ^m	-41210#	600#	124.5	0.5		220 ns	100			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100 *
⁹⁰ Se	-55800	330				210 ms	80	0 ⁺	12	12Qu01 TD	1994	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ n? *
⁹⁰ Br	-64000	3				1.910 s	0.010		98	93Ru01 T	1959	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ n=25.2 9 *
⁹⁰ Kr	-74959.2	1.9				32.32 s	0.09	0 ⁺	98		1951	β ⁻ =100
⁹⁰ Rb	-79365	7				158 s	5	0 ⁻	98		1951	β ⁻ =100
⁹⁰ Rb ^m	-79258	7	106.90	0.03		258 s	4	3 ⁻	98		1967	β ⁻ =97.4 4; IT=2.6 4
⁹⁰ Rb ^x	-79294	14	71	12		R = 2	1	fsmix				
⁹⁰ Sr	-85948.9	2.6				28.79 y	0.06	0 ⁺	98		1948	β ⁻ =100
⁹⁰ Y	-86494.9	2.2				64.00 h	0.21	2 ⁻	98		1937	β ⁻ =100
⁹⁰ Y ^m	-85813.2	2.2	681.67	0.10		3.19 h	0.06	7 ⁺	98		1961	IT≈100; β ⁻ =0.0018 2
⁹⁰ Zr	-88773.6	1.8				STABLE		0 ⁺	98		1924	IS=51.45 40
⁹⁰ Zr ^m	-86454.6	1.8	2319.000	0.010		809.2 ms	2.0	5 ⁻	98		1972	IT=100
⁹⁰ Zr ⁿ	-85184.2	1.8	3589.419	0.016		131 ns	4	8 ⁺	98		1977	IT=100
⁹⁰ Nb	-82662	4				14.60 h	0.05	8 ⁺	98		1951	β ⁺ =100
⁹⁰ Nb ^m	-82540	4	122.370	0.022		63 μs	2	6 ⁺	98		1967	IT=100
⁹⁰ Nb ⁿ	-82537	4	124.67	0.25		18.81 s	0.06	4 ⁻	98		1969	IT=100
⁹⁰ Nb ^p	-82491	4	171.10	0.10		< 1 μs		7 ⁺	98		1981	IT=100
⁹⁰ Nb ^q	-82280	4	382.01	0.25		6.19 ms	0.08	1 ⁺	98		1967	IT=100
⁹⁰ Nb ^r	-80782	4	1880.21	0.20		472 ns	13	(11 ⁻)	98	05Ch65 TJ	1978	IT=100 *
⁹⁰ Mo	-80173	4				5.56 h	0.09	0 ⁺	98		1953	β ⁺ =100
⁹⁰ Mo ^m	-77298	4	2874.73	0.15		1.12 μs	0.05	8 ⁺ #	98		1971	IT=100
⁹⁰ Tc	-70724.7	1.0				49.2 s	0.4	(8 ⁺)	98	93Ru03 J	1974	β ⁺ =100
⁹⁰ Tc ^m	-70580.7	1.3	144.0	1.7	MD	8.7 s	0.2	1 ⁺	98		1974	β ⁺ =100
⁹⁰ Ru	-64884	4				11 s	3	0 ⁺	98		1991	β ⁺ =100
⁹⁰ Rh	-51960#	400#				15 ms	7	0 ⁺ #	98	01Ki13 TD	1994	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ? *
⁹⁰ Rh ^m	-51960#	640#	0#	500#	*	1.1 s	0.3	9 ⁺ #		01Ki13 TD	2001	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ? *
* ⁹⁰ As ^m						T : symmetrized from 199(+120-85)					**	
* ⁹⁰ Se						T : symmetrized from 12Qu01=195(7)(+95-65)					**	
* ⁹⁰ Br						T : supersedes 80Al15=1.92(0.02) same grp; other 12Qu01=1850(110)(+190-170)					**	
* ⁹⁰ Nb ^r						T : average 05Ch65=470(10) 81F02=440(20) 78Ha52=477(8)					**	
* ⁹⁰ Rh						T : symmetrized from 12(+9-4)					**	
* ⁹⁰ Rh ^m						T : symmetrized from 1.0(+0.3-0.2)					**	

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
⁹¹ As	-36900# 600#		50# ms (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	99	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁹¹ Se	-50340# 500#		270 ms 50	1/2 ⁺ #	99		1975	β^- =100; β^-n =21 10; β^-2n ?
⁹¹ Br	-61107 4		541 ms 5	5/2 ⁻ #	99		1974	β^- =100; β^-n =20 3
⁹¹ Kr	-70974.0 2.2		8.57 s 0.04	5/2 ⁽⁺⁾	01		1951	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁹¹ Rb	-77745 8		58.4 s 0.4	3/2 ⁽⁻⁾	99		1951	β^- =100; β^-n ?
⁹¹ Sr	-83652 6		9.63 h 0.05	5/2 ⁺	01		1943	β^- =100
⁹¹ Y	-86351.9 2.6		58.51 d 0.06	1/2 ⁻	99		1943	β^- =100
⁹¹ Y ^m	-85796.3 2.6	555.58 0.05	49.71 m 0.04	9/2 ⁺	99		1953	IT>98.5; β^- <1.5
⁹¹ Zr	-87896.2 1.8		STABLE	5/2 ⁺	01		1934	IS=11.22 5
⁹¹ Zr ^m	-84728.9 1.8	3167.3 0.4	4.35 μ s 0.14	(21/2 ⁺)	01		1985	IT=100
⁹¹ Nb	-86639 3		680 y 130	9/2 ⁺	99	91Hi.A D	1951	ϵ \approx 100; ϵ^+ =0.0138 25
⁹¹ Nb ^m	-86534 3	104.60 0.05	60.86 d 0.22	1/2 ⁻	99	91Hi.A D	1950	IT=96.6 5; ϵ =3.4 5; ...
⁹¹ Nb ⁿ	-84605 3	2034.35 0.19	3.76 μ s 0.12	(17/2 ⁻)	99		1974	IT=100
⁹¹ Mo	-82209 6		15.49 m 0.01	9/2 ⁺	99		1948	β^+ =100
⁹¹ Mo ^m	-81556 6	653.01 0.09	64.6 s 0.6	1/2 ⁻	99		1953	IT=50.0 16; β^+ =50.0 16
⁹¹ Tc	-75986.3 2.4		3.14 m 0.02	(9/2 ⁺)	99		1974	β^+ =100
⁹¹ Tc ^m	-75847.0 2.4	139.3 0.3	3.3 m 0.1	(1/2 ⁻)	99		1975	β^+ >99; IT<1
⁹¹ Ru	-68239.5 2.2		9 s 1	(9/2 ⁺)	99		1983	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
⁹¹ Ru ^m	-68580 500	-340 500	7.6 s 0.8	(1/2 ⁻)	99		1983	β^+ \approx 100; β^+p =?; IT ?
⁹¹ Rh	-58800# 400#		1.60 s 0.15	7/2 ⁺ #	99	12Lo08 D	1994	β^+ =100; β^+p =1.3 5
⁹¹ Pd	-46280# 500#		10# ms (>1.5 μ s)	7/2 ⁺ #	99	95Ry03 I	1995	β^+ ?; β^+p ?
* ⁹¹ Br	T : other 12Qu01=615(35)(+60-50) ms							
* ⁹¹ Nb ^m	D : ... ; ϵ^+ =0.0028 2							
* ⁹¹ Rh	T : average 04De40=1.7(0.2) 01Ki13=1.47(0.22); 00We.A(same group)=1.74(0.14)							
⁹² As	-30980# 700#		30# ms (>300 ns)		01	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁹² Se	-46720# 600#		100# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	01	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
⁹² Se ^m	-44780# 600#	1940 50	12 μ s 4			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100
⁹² Br	-56233 7		343 ms 15	(2 ⁻)	01		1974	β^- =100; β^-n =33.1 25; β^-2n ?
⁹² Br ^m	-55571 7	662 1	88 ns 8			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100
⁹² Br ⁿ	-55095 7	1138 1	85 ns 10			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100
⁹² Kr	-68769.3 2.7		1.840 s 0.008	0 ⁺	04		1951	β^- =100; β^-n =0.0332 25
⁹² Rb	-74773 6		4.492 s 0.020	0 ⁻	01		1960	β^- =100; β^-n =0.0107 5
⁹² Sr	-82867 3		2.66 h 0.04	0 ⁺	03		1956	β^- =100
⁹² Y	-84817 9		3.54 h 0.01	2 ⁻	01		1940	β^- =100
⁹² Y ^m	-84010 50	807 50	3.7 μ s 0.5			11Ru.A ET	2009	IT=100
⁹² Zr	-88459.6 1.8		STABLE	0 ⁺	01		1924	IS=17.15 8
⁹² Nb	-86453.7 2.4		34.7 My 2.4	(7 ⁺)	01		1938	β^+ \approx 100; β^- <0.05
⁹² Nb ^m	-86318.2 2.4	135.5 0.4	10.15 d 0.02	(2 ⁺)	01		1959	β^+ =100
⁹² Nb ⁿ	-86228.0 2.4	225.7 0.4	5.9 μ s 0.2	(2 ⁻)	01		1958	IT=100
⁹² Nb ^p	-84250.4 2.4	2203.3 0.4	167 ns 4	(11 ⁻)	01		1989	IT=100
⁹² Mo	-86807.8 0.8		STABLE (>190 Ey)	0 ⁺	01	97Ba35 T	1930	IS=14.53 30; 2 β^+ ?
⁹² Mo ^m	-84047.3 0.8	2760.46 0.16	190 ns 3	8 ⁺	01		1964	IT=100
⁹² Tc	-78926 3		4.25 m 0.15	(8 ⁺)	01		1964	β^+ =100
⁹² Tc ^m	-78656 3	270.15 0.11	1.03 μ s 0.07	(4 ⁺)	01		1976	IT=100
⁹² Tc ⁿ	-78397 3	529.47 0.15	< 0.1 μ s	(3 ⁺)	01		1976	IT=100
⁹² Tc ^p	-78215 3	711.39 0.16	< 0.1 μ s	1 ⁺	01		1976	IT=100
⁹² Ru	-74301.2 2.7		3.65 m 0.05	0 ⁺	01		1971	β^+ =100
⁹² Rh	-62999 4		4.66 s 0.25	(6 ⁺)	01	04De40 TJ	1994	β^+ =100; β^+p =1.9 1
⁹² Rh ^m	-62950# 100#	50# 100#	0.53 s 0.37	(2 ⁺)		04De40 TJD	2004	β^+ =100; β^+p =?
⁹² Pd	-55070# 500#		1.1 s 0.3	0 ⁺	01	01Ki13 TD	1994	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
* ⁹² Se ^m	T : symmetrized from 10.3(+5.5-2.8)							
* ⁹² Br	T : other 12Qu01=290(15)(+70-55) ms							
* ⁹² Br	I : also an isomer with T<500 ns decaying by γ -rays 1039, 780, 301... keV							
* ⁹² Br ^m	T : symmetrized from 89(+7-8)							
* ⁹² Br ⁿ	T : symmetrized from 84(+10-9); other 09Fo05<500 ns assuming single isomer							
* ⁹² Y ^m	T : average 11Ru.A=3.3(0.6) 09Fo05=4.2(+0.8-0.6)							
* ⁹² Y ^m	E : observed 315 and 419 γ rays; low energy transition may directly							
* ⁹² Y ^m	E : depopulate the isomer							
* ⁹² Mo	T : T>190 Ey (2 σ)							
* ⁹² Rh	T : other 12Lo08=5.7(0.1) 01Ki13=5.6(0.5); 01Xu05=3.0(0.8) for gs+m mixture							
* ⁹² Rh	D : from 12Lo08							
* ⁹² Rh ^m	I : this state is not observed in 12Lo08							
* ⁹² Pd	T : symmetrized from 1.0(+0.3-0.2)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{93}Se	-40720# 800#		50# ms (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	11	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
$^{93}\text{Se}^m$	-40040# 800#	678.2 0.7	420 ns 100			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100
^{93}Br	-52970 450		102 ms 10	5/2 ⁻ #	11		1981	β^- =100; β^-n =68.7; β^-2n ?
^{93}Kr	-64136.0 2.5		1.286 s 0.010	1/2 ⁺	11		1951	β^- =100; β^-n =1.95 11
^{93}Rb	-72620 8		5.84 s 0.02	5/2 ⁻	11		1960	β^- =100; β^-n =1.39 7
$^{93}\text{Rb}^m$	-72367 8	253.39 0.03	57 μ s 15	3/2 ⁻	11	FGK126 J	1970	IT=100
$^{93}\text{Rb}^n$	-68197 8	4423.1 1.5	111 ns 11	(27/2 ⁻)	11		2010	IT=100
^{93}Sr	-80086 8		7.43 m 0.03	5/2 ⁺	11		1959	β^- =100
^{93}Y	-84228 11		10.18 h 0.08	1/2 ⁻	11		1948	β^- =100
$^{93}\text{Y}^m$	-83469 11	758.719 0.021	820 ms 40	9/2 ⁺	11	07Ch07 J	1974	IT=100
^{93}Zr	-87122.7 1.8		1.61 My 0.05	5/2 ⁺	11		1950	β^- =100
^{93}Nb	-87213.0 1.8		STABLE	9/2 ⁺	11		1932	IS=100.
$^{93}\text{Nb}^m$	-87182.2 1.8	30.77 0.02	16.12 y 0.12	1/2 ⁻	11		1965	IT=100
$^{93}\text{Nb}^n$	-79753 17	7460 17	1.5 μ s 0.5		11		2007	IT ?
^{93}Mo	-86806.3 0.8		4.0 ky 0.8	5/2 ⁺	11		1946	ϵ =100
$^{93}\text{Mo}^m$	-84381.4 0.8	2424.95 0.04	6.85 h 0.07	21/2 ⁺	11		1950	IT \approx 100; β^+ =0.12 1
$^{93}\text{Mo}^n$	-77111 17	9695 17	1.8 μ s 1.0	(39/2 ⁻)	11		2005	IT ?
^{93}Tc	-83605.4 1.3		2.75 h 0.05	9/2 ⁺	11		1948	β^+ =100
$^{93}\text{Tc}^m$	-83213.6 1.3	391.84 0.08	43.5 m 1.0	1/2 ⁻	11		1939	IT=77.4 6; β^+ =22.6 6
$^{93}\text{Tc}^n$	-81420.2 1.3	2185.16 0.15	10.2 μ s 0.3	(17/2 ⁻)	11		1973	IT=100
^{93}Ru	-77216.7 2.1		59.7 s 0.6	(9/2 ⁺)	11		1972	β^+ =100
$^{93}\text{Ru}^m$	-76482.3 2.1	734.40 0.10	10.8 s 0.3	(1/2 ⁻)	11		1983	β^+ =78.0 23; ...
$^{93}\text{Ru}^n$	-75134.2 2.3	2082.5 0.9	2.49 μ s 0.15	(21/2 ⁺)	11		1983	IT=100
^{93}Rh	-69011.8 2.6		13.9 s 1.6	9/2 ⁺ #	11		1994	β^+ =100
^{93}Pd	-59140# 400#		1.15 s 0.05	(9/2 ⁺)	11	12Lo08 TD	1994	β^+ =100; β^+p =7.5 5
^{93}Ag	-46270# 500#		5# ms (>1.5 μ s)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	95Ry03 I	1994	p ?; β^+ ?; β^+p ?
$^{93}\text{Se}^m$	T : symmetrized from 393(+120-84)							
$^{93}\text{Rb}^m$	J : 253.4 keV M1 (and E2) γ ray to 5/2 ⁻ ; β^- feeding from 1/2 ⁺ ^{93}Kr							
$^{93}\text{Rb}^n$	J : low log ft value is inconsistent with 5/2 ⁻ ; in ENSDF J=(3/2 ⁻ , 5/2 ⁻)							
$^{93}\text{Nb}^n$	E : ENSDF2011 : x keV above 7435.3(2.1) 37/2 ⁻ level; NUBASE assumes x<50							
$^{93}\text{Mo}^n$	E : ENSDF2011 : x keV above 9670.0(2.3) (35/2,37/2) level; NUBASE assumes x<50							
$^{93}\text{Mo}^n$	T : symmetrized from 1.1(+1.5-0.4)							
$^{93}\text{Ru}^m$	D : ... ; IT=22.0 23; β^+p =0.027 5							
^{93}Ag	I : the few events reported in $^{94}\text{He}28$ are not trusted by NUBASE							
^{93}Ag	I : 10St.A>0.2 μ s							
^{93}Ag	T : estimated half-life is for β^+ decay; p-decay would be much shorter							
^{94}Se	-36800# 800#		20# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	06	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{94}Br	-47600# 400#		70 ms 20		06		1981	β^- =100; β^-n =68.16; β^-2n ?
$^{94}\text{Br}^m$	-47310# 400#	294.5 0.7	530 ns 15			12Ka.B ET	2012	IT=100
^{94}Kr	-61348 12		212 ms 5	0 ⁺	11		1972	β^- =100; β^-n =1.11 7
^{94}Rb	-68562.8 2.0		2.702 s 0.005	3 ⁽⁻⁾	11		1961	β^- =100; β^-n =10.5 4
$^{94}\text{Rb}^m$	-66487.9 2.4	2074.9 1.4	107 ns 16	(10 ⁻)	11		2008	IT=100
^{94}Sr	-78845.7 1.7		75.3 s 0.2	0 ⁺	11		1959	β^- =100
^{94}Y	-82353 6		18.7 m 0.1	2 ⁻	06		1948	β^- =100
$^{94}\text{Y}^m$	-81151 6	1202.3 1.0	1.295 μ s 0.005	(5 ⁺)	06	11Ru.A T	1999	IT=100
^{94}Zr	-87270.9 1.9		STABLE (>110 Py)	0 ⁺	06	99Ar25 T	1924	IS=17.38 28; 2 β^- ?
^{94}Nb	-86369.2 1.8		20.3 ky 1.6	6 ⁺	06		1938	β^- =100
$^{94}\text{Nb}^m$	-86328.3 1.8	40.892 0.012	6.263 m 0.004	3 ⁺	06		1962	IT=99.50 6; β^- =0.50 6
^{94}Mo	-88412.8 0.4		STABLE	0 ⁺	06		1930	IS=9.15 9
^{94}Tc	-84157 4		293 m 1	7 ⁺	06		1948	β^+ =100
$^{94}\text{Tc}^m$	-84081 5	76 3	52.0 m 1.0	(2) ⁺	06		1948	$\beta^+\approx$ 100; IT<0.1
^{94}Ru	-82584 3		51.8 m 0.6	0 ⁺	06		1952	β^+ =100
$^{94}\text{Ru}^m$	-79940 3	2644.1 0.4	71 μ s 4	8 ⁺	06		1971	IT=100
^{94}Rh	-72908 3		70.6 s 0.6	(4 ⁺)	06	06Ba55 J	1979	β^+ =100; β^+p =1.8 5
$^{94}\text{Rh}^m$	-72853 3	54.60 0.20	480 ns 30	(2 ⁺)	06		2004	IT=100
$^{94}\text{Rh}^n$	-72610# 200#	300# 200#	25.8 s 0.2	(8 ⁺)	06		1973	β^+ =100
^{94}Pd	-66101 4		9.0 s 0.5	0 ⁺	06		1982	β^+ =100
$^{94}\text{Pd}^m$	-61218 4	4883.1 0.4	511.0 ns 7.3	(14 ⁺)	06	11Br01 T	1995	IT=100
$^{94}\text{Pd}^n$	-58892 4	7209.1 1.8	197 ns 22	(19 ⁻)	06	11Br01 TJ	2011	IT=100
^{94}Ag	-52410# 640#		37 ms 18	0 ⁺ #	06		1994	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
$^{94}\text{Ag}^m$	-51060# 760#	1350# 400#	550 ms 60	(7 ⁺)	06		1994	β^+ =100; β^+p =20
$^{94}\text{Ag}^n$	-46060# 400#	6350# 500#	400 ms 40	(21 ⁺)	06		2002	β^+ =95.4 7; β^+p =27; ...
$^{94}\text{Pd}^m$	T : average 11Br01=499(13) 09Ga40=468(19) 02La18=530(10)							
$^{94}\text{Pd}^n$	E : from 4883.1(0.4) for the 14 ⁺ state and 1651(1), 267(1) and 408(1) keV							
$^{94}\text{Pd}^n$	E : γ rays in a cascade from (19 ⁻); uncertainties added in quadrature							
^{94}Ag	T : symmetrized from 26(+26-9)							
$^{94}\text{Ag}^n$	D : ... ; p=4.1 6; 2p=0.5 3							
$^{94}\text{Ag}^n$	D : p=1.9(5)+2.2(4) from 2005Mu15, 2p from 2006Mu03							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Table with columns: Nuclide, Mass excess (keV), Excitation energy (keV), Half-life, Jpi, Ens, Reference, Year of discovery, Decay modes and intensities (%). Rows include nuclides from 95Se to 96Cd and their decay properties.

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
⁹⁹ Kr	-38760# 500#		40 ms 11	5/2 ⁻ #	11	03Be05 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^- n=11.7; β^- 2n? *
⁹⁹ Rb	-51210 110		54 ms 4	(5/2 ⁺)	11		1971	β^- =100; β^- n=15.8 24; β^- 2n? *
⁹⁹ Sr	-62512 4		269 ms 1	3/2 ⁺	11		1975	β^- =100; β^- n=0.100 19
⁹⁹ Y	-70656 7		1.484 s 0.007	5/2 ⁺	11	07Ch07 J	1975	β^- =100; β^- n=1.7 4
⁹⁹ Y ^m	-68514 7	2141.65 0.19	8.6 μ s 0.8	(17/2 ⁺)	11		1985	IT=100
⁹⁹ Zr	-77624 11		2.1 s 0.1	1/2 ⁺	11	02Ca37 J	1970	β^- =100
⁹⁹ Zr ^m	-77372 11	251.96 0.09	293 ns 10	7/2 ⁺	11	FGK126 J	1970	IT=100 *
⁹⁹ Nb	-82332 12		15.0 s 0.2	9/2 ⁺	11		1950	β^- =100
⁹⁹ Nb ^m	-81967 12	365.27 0.08	2.5 m 0.2	1/2 ⁻	11		1960	β^- ?; IT<3.8
⁹⁹ Mo	-85969.0 0.5		65.976 h 0.024	1/2 ⁺	11		1948	β^- =100
⁹⁹ Mo ^m	-85871.2 0.5	97.785 0.003	15.5 μ s 0.2	5/2 ⁺	11		1958	IT=100
⁹⁹ Mo ⁿ	-85284.9 0.5	684.10 0.19	760 ns 60	11/2 ⁻	11		1975	IT=100
⁹⁹ Tc	-87326.8 1.0		211.1 ky 1.2	9/2 ⁺	11		1938	β^- =100
⁹⁹ Tc ^m	-87184.1 1.0	142.6832 0.0011	6.0067 h 0.0005	1/2 ⁻	11		1958	IT \approx 100; β^- =0.0037 6
⁹⁹ Ru	-87621.8 1.1		STABLE	5/2 ⁺	11		1931	IS=12.76 14
⁹⁹ Rh	-85578 7		16.1 d 0.2	(1/2 ⁻)	11		1952	β^+ =100
⁹⁹ Rh ^m	-85513 7	64.6 0.5	4.7 h 0.1	9/2 ⁺	11		1952	β^+ \approx 100; IT<0.16
⁹⁹ Pd	-82181 5		21.4 m 0.2	(5/2 ⁺)	11		1955	β^+ =100
⁹⁹ Ag	-76712 6		2.07 m 0.05	(9/2 ⁺)	11		1967	β^+ =100
⁹⁹ Ag ^m	-76206 6	506.1 0.4	10.5 s 0.5	1/2 ⁻ #	11		1978	IT=100
⁹⁹ Cd	-69931.1 1.6		16 s 3	5/2 ⁺ #	11		1978	β^+ =100; β^+ p=0.21 8; ... *
⁹⁹ In	-61380# 200#		3.1 s 0.2	9/2 ⁺ #	11	12Lo08 TD	1994	β^+ =100; β^+ p=0.9 4 *
⁹⁹ In ^m	-60980# 250#	400# 150#	1# s	1/2 ⁻ #				β^+ ?; IT? *
⁹⁹ Sn	-47940# 500#		5# ms (>0.2 μ s)	9/2 ⁺ #		10St.A I	2011	β^+ ?; β^+ p? *
⁹⁹ Sn ^m	-47540# 510#	400# 100#		1/2 ⁻ #				
* ⁹⁹ Kr	T: also 11Ni01=13(+34-6) **							
* ⁹⁹ Rb	T: ENSDF is weighted average of 6 scattered results; also 11Ni01=54.2(1.3) **							
* ⁹⁹ Zr ^m	J: 130.2 γ ray, E2 to 3/2 ⁺ and 121.7 keV, γ ray, M1 to 1/2 ⁺ **							
* ⁹⁹ Cd	D: ...; β^+ α < 1e-4 D: symmetrized from β^+ p=0.17(+11-5)% **							
* ⁹⁹ In	T: recent not used 01Ki13=3.0(+0.8-0.7) **							
* ⁹⁹ Sn	I: the 3 events reported in 95Ry03 are not trusted by NUBASE **							
¹⁰⁰ Kr	-35050# 400#		12 ms 8	0 ⁺	11	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^- n?; β^- 2n? *
¹⁰⁰ Rb	-46550# 200#		48 ms 3	(3 ⁺), 4 ⁻ #	08	11Ni01 T	1978	β^- =100; β^- n=6 3; ... *
¹⁰⁰ Sr	-59830 10		202 ms 3	0 ⁺	08		1978	β^- =100; β^- n=0.78 13
¹⁰⁰ Sr ^m	-58211 10	1618.72 0.20	122 ns 9	(4 ⁻)		12Ka.B T	1995	
¹⁰⁰ Y	-67333 11		735 ms 7	(1 ⁻)	08	83Wo10 J	1977	β^- =100; β^- n=0.92 8 *
¹⁰⁰ Y ^m	-67189 11	144 16 MD	940 ms 30	4 ⁺	08	10Ba31 J	1977	β^- =100; β^- n? *
¹⁰⁰ Zr	-76382 8		7.1 s 0.4	0 ⁺	08		1970	β^- =100
¹⁰⁰ Nb	-79803 8		1.5 s 0.2	1 ⁺	08		1967	β^- =100
¹⁰⁰ Nb ^m	-79490.6 2.8	313 8 MD	2.99 s 0.11	(5 ⁺)	08		1967	β^- =100
¹⁰⁰ Nb ⁿ	-79456 11	347 8	460 ns 60	(4 ⁻ , 5 ⁻ , 6 ⁻)	08		1986	IT=100 *
¹⁰⁰ Nb ^p	-79069 11	734 8	12.43 μ s 0.26	(8 ⁻)	08	11Ru.A T	1980	IT=100 *
¹⁰⁰ Mo	-86189.5 1.0		7.3 Ey 0.4	0 ⁺	08		1930	IS=9.82 31; 2 β^- =100
¹⁰⁰ Tc	-86019.9 1.4		15.46 s 0.19	1 ⁺	08		1952	β^- \approx 100; ϵ =0.0018 9
¹⁰⁰ Tc ^m	-85819.2 1.4	200.67 0.04	8.32 μ s 0.14	(4 ⁺)	08		1958	IT=100
¹⁰⁰ Tc ⁿ	-85776.0 1.4	243.95 0.04	3.2 μ s 0.2	(6 ⁺)	08		1967	IT=100
¹⁰⁰ Ru	-89223.8 1.1		STABLE	0 ⁺	08		1931	IS=12.60 7
¹⁰⁰ Rh	-85588 18		20.8 h 0.1	1 ⁻	08		1948	β^+ =100; ϵ^+ =4.9 5
¹⁰⁰ Rh ^m	-85513 18	74.782 0.014	214.0 ns 2.0	(2 ⁺)	08		1965	IT=100
¹⁰⁰ Rh ⁿ	-85480 18	107.6 0.2	4.6 m 0.2	(5 ⁺)	08		1973	IT \approx 98.3; β^+ \approx 1.7
¹⁰⁰ Rh ^p	-85368 18	219.61 0.22	130 ns 10	(7 ⁺)	08		1984	IT=100
¹⁰⁰ Pd	-85227 18		3.63 d 0.09	0 ⁺	08		1948	ϵ =100
¹⁰⁰ Ag	-78138 5		2.01 m 0.09	(5 ⁺)	08		1970	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁰ Ag ^m	-78122 5	15.52 0.16	2.24 m 0.13	(2 ⁺)	08		1980	β^+ ?; IT?
¹⁰⁰ Cd	-74194.6 1.7		49.1 s 0.5	0 ⁺	10		1970	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁰ In	-64310 180		5.85 s 0.16	6 ⁺ #	10	12Lo08 TD	1982	β^+ =100; β^+ p=1.64 24 *
¹⁰⁰ Sn	-57280 300		1.11 s 0.15	0 ⁺	10	12Hi07 T	1994	β^+ =100; β^+ p<17 *
¹⁰⁰ Sn ^m	-52780# 360#	4500# 200#	100# ns	6 ⁺ #				p? *
* ¹⁰⁰ Kr	T: symmetrized from 11Ni01=7(+11-3) **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Rb	D: ...; β^- 2n=0.16 8 **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Sr ^m	T: other 95Pf04=85(7) **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Y	J: ENSDF=1 ⁻ , 2 ⁻ ; but 1 ⁻ is favored from (p5/2[303]+n3/2[411]), see 83Wo10 **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Nb ⁿ	E: 34.3 keV above 5 ⁺ isomer **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Nb ^p	E: 420.7 keV above 5 ⁺ isomer **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Nb ^p	J: 28 keV, (E2) γ to (6 ⁻). Mult. from intensity balances **							
* ¹⁰⁰ In	D: β^+ p average 12Lo08=1.7(0.4) 02Pi03=1.6(0.3) **							
* ¹⁰⁰ In	T: average 12Lo08=5.7(0.3) 02Pi03=5.9(0.2) 95Sz01=6.1(0.9) **							
* ¹⁰⁰ Sn	T: average 12Hi07=1.16(0.20) 08Ba53=0.86(+0.37-0.20) 96Ki23=0.94(+0.54-0.26) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁰¹ Kr	-29130# 500#		5# ms (>400 ns)		10	100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
¹⁰¹ Rb	-42810# 220#		31.8 ms 3.3	3/2 ⁺ #	06	11Ni01 T	1992	β^- =100; β^-n =28 4; β^-2n ? *
¹⁰¹ Sr	-55560 80		113.8 ms 1.7	(5/2 ⁻)	06	11Ni01 T	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =2.37 14 *
¹⁰¹ Y	-65067 7		426 ms 20	5/2 ⁺	06	07Ch07 J	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =1.94 18 *
¹⁰¹ Y ^m	-64736 7	331.5 0.7	190 ns 40			12Ka.B ETD	2012	IT=100 *
¹⁰¹ Y ⁿ	-63860 7	1207.0 1.6	870 ns 90			09Fo05 ETD	2009	IT=100 *
¹⁰¹ Zr	-73171 8		2.3 s 0.1	3/2 ⁺	06	02Ca37 J	1972	β^- =100
¹⁰¹ Nb	-78888 4		7.1 s 0.3	(5/2 [#]) ⁺	06		1970	β^- =100 *
¹⁰¹ Mo	-83516.4 1.1		14.61 m 0.03	1/2 ⁺	06		1941	β^- =100
¹⁰¹ Mo ^m	-83502.9 1.1	13.497 0.009	226 ns 7	3/2 ⁺	06		1977	IT=100
¹⁰¹ Mo ⁿ	-83459.4 1.1	57.015 0.011	133 ns 70	5/2 ⁺	06		1977	IT=100
¹⁰¹ Tc	-86341 24		14.22 m 0.01	9/2 ⁺	06		1941	β^- =100
¹⁰¹ Tc ^m	-86133 24	207.526 0.020	636 μ s 8	1/2 ⁻	06		1964	IT=100
¹⁰¹ Ru	-87954.6 1.1		STABLE	5/2 ⁺	06		1931	IS=17.06 2
¹⁰¹ Ru ^m	-87427.0 1.1	527.56 0.10	17.5 μ s 0.4	11/2 ⁻	06		1974	IT=100
¹⁰¹ Rh	-87411 6		3.3 y 0.3	1/2 ⁻	06		1948	ϵ =100
¹⁰¹ Rh ^m	-87254 6	157.32 0.03	4.34 d 0.01	9/2 ⁺	06		1944	ϵ =92.80 25; IT=7.20 25
¹⁰¹ Pd	-85431 5		8.47 h 0.06	5/2 ⁺	06		1948	β^+ =100
¹⁰¹ Ag	-81334 5		11.1 m 0.3	9/2 ⁺	06		1966	β^+ =100
¹⁰¹ Ag ^m	-81060 5	274.1 0.3	3.10 s 0.10	(1/2 ⁻)	06		1975	IT=100 *
¹⁰¹ Cd	-75836.5 1.5		1.36 m 0.05	5/2 ⁺ #	06		1969	β^+ =100
¹⁰¹ In	-68610# 300#		15.1 s 1.1	9/2 ⁺ #	06	97Sz04 T	1988	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
¹⁰¹ In ^m	-68060# 320#	550# 100#	10# s	1/2 ⁻ #				β^+ =95#; IT=5#
¹⁰¹ Sn	-60310 300		1.97 s 0.16	(7/2 ⁺)	07	12Lo08 TD	1994	β^+ =100; β^+p =21.0 7 *
* ¹⁰¹ Rb	T: average 11Ni01=31(+5-4) 95Lh04=32(5) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Sr	T: average 11Ni01=113(2) 86Wa17=114(4) 83Wo10=121(6) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Y	T: average 96Me09=400(20) 86Wa17=440(20) 83Wo10=500(50) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Y	T: ⁹³ Ru01=279(9) conflicting, not used **							
* ¹⁰¹ Y ^m	T: symmetrized from 187(+49-38) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Y ⁿ	T: symmetrized from 860(+90-80) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Y ⁿ	E: from a least-squares fit to Eg using 09Fo05 level scheme **							
* ¹⁰¹ Nb	J: + due to M1 ⁺ E2 γ from a + exc. level **							
* ¹⁰¹ Ag ^m	J: from ENSDF: E3 γ to (7/2 ⁺) ⁺ level **							
* ¹⁰¹ In	T: average 97Sz04=14.9(1.2) 88Hu07=16(3) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Sn	T: average 12Lo08=2.1(0.2) 07Se04=1.3(0.5) 07Ka15=1.9(0.3) **							
* ¹⁰¹ Sn	D: β^+p average 12Lo08=22(1) 10St.A=20(1) J: from 10Da17 **							
¹⁰² Rb	-37710# 300#		37 ms 3		09		1995	β^- =100; β^-n =18 8; β^-2n ? *
¹⁰² Sr	-52360 70		69 ms 6	0 ⁺	09		1986	β^- =100; β^-n =5.5 15 *
¹⁰² Y	-61173 4		298 ms 9	(2 ⁻)	09	11Ha48 J	1983	β^- =100; β^-n =4.9 12 *
¹⁰² Y ^m	-60970# 200#	200# 200#	360 ms 40	(> 5)	09	11Ha48 J	1980	β^- =100; β^-n =4.9 12
¹⁰² Zr	-71594 9		2.9 s 0.2	0 ⁺	09		1970	β^- =100
¹⁰² Nb	-76311 3		4.3 s 0.4	(4 ⁺)	09		1972	β^- =100
¹⁰² Nb ^m	-76216 8	94 7 MD	1.3 s 0.2	1 ⁺	09		1976	β^- =100
¹⁰² Mo	-83570 8		11.3 m 0.2	0 ⁺	09		1954	β^- =100
¹⁰² Tc	-84571 9		5.28 s 0.15	1 ⁺	09		1954	β^- =100
¹⁰² Tc ^m	-84551 13	20 10 *	4.35 m 0.07	(4,5)	09		1954	β^- =98 2; IT=2 2
¹⁰² Ru	-89102.9 1.1		STABLE	0 ⁺	09		1931	IS=31.55 14
¹⁰² Rh	-86780 5		207.0 d 1.5	(1 ⁻ , 2 ⁻)	09	98Sh21 T	1941	β^+ =78 5; β^- =22 5 *
¹⁰² Rh ^m	-86639 5	140.73 0.09	3.742 y 0.010	6 ⁺	09	99Gi14 J	1962	β^+ \approx 100; IT=0.233 24
¹⁰² Pd	-87931.0 2.6		STABLE	0 ⁺	09		1935	IS=1.02 1; 2 β^+ ?
¹⁰² Ag	-82247 8		12.9 m 0.3	5 ⁽⁺⁾	09		1960	β^+ =100
¹⁰² Ag ^m	-82238 8	9.40 0.07	7.7 m 0.5	2 ⁺	09		1967	β^+ =51 5; IT=49 5
¹⁰² Cd	-79659.5 1.7		5.5 m 0.5	0 ⁺	09		1969	β^+ =100
¹⁰² In	-70694 5		23.3 s 0.1	(6 ⁺)	09	95Sz01 J	1981	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.0093 13
¹⁰² Sn	-64930 100		3.8 s 0.2	0 ⁺	09		1994	β^+ =100 *
¹⁰² Sn ^m	-62910 100	2017 2	367 ns 8	(6 ⁺)	09	98Li50 E	1996	IT=100 *
* ¹⁰² Rb	T: also 11Ni01=35(+15-8) **							
* ¹⁰² Sr	T: also 11Ni01=85(15) **							
* ¹⁰² Y	J: in 11Ha48, combining 07Ch07=(2,3) with spectroscopy data from 91Hill **							
* ¹⁰² Rh	T: average 98Sh21=207.3(1.7) 61Hi06=206(3) **							
* ¹⁰² Sn	T: 95Fa.A=4.6(1.4) supersedes 95Sc28=4.5(0.7), preliminary from same group **							
* ¹⁰² Sn ^m	T: from 11Hi.A **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{103}Rb	-33610# 400#		20# ms (>400 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{103}Sr	-47420# 200#		90 ms 40	5/2 ⁺ #	09	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{103}Y	-58458 11		239 ms 12	5/2 ⁺ #	09	11Ni01 T	1994	β^- =100; β^-n =8.0 17 *
^{103}Zr	-67821 9		1.38 s 0.07	5/2 ⁺ #	09	09Pe06 TD	1987	β^- =100; β^-n <1
^{103}Nb	-75025 4		1.5 s 0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	09		1971	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{103}Mo	-80967 9		67.5 s 1.5	3/2 ⁺	09	09Ch09 J	1963	β^- =100
^{103}Tc	-84602 10		54.2 s 0.8	5/2 ⁺	09		1957	β^- =100
^{103}Ru	-87263.6 1.1		39.247 d 0.013	3/2 ⁺	09		1945	β^- =100 *
$^{103}\text{Ru}^m$	-87025.4 1.3	238.2 0.7	1.69 ms 0.07	11/2 ⁻	09		1964	IT=100
^{103}Rh	-88028.1 2.4		STABLE	1/2 ⁻	09		1934	IS=100.
$^{103}\text{Rh}^m$	-87988.3 2.4	39.753 0.006	56.114 m 0.009	7/2 ⁺	09		1943	IT=100
^{103}Pd	-87485.0 2.5		16.991 d 0.019	5/2 ⁺	09		1950	ϵ =100
^{103}Ag	-84800 4		65.7 m 0.7	7/2 ⁺	09		1954	β^+ =100
$^{103}\text{Ag}^m$	-84666 4	134.45 0.04	5.7 s 0.3	1/2 ⁻	09		1962	IT=100
^{103}Cd	-80652.0 1.8		7.3 m 0.1	5/2 ⁺ #	09		1960	β^+ =100
^{103}In	-74630 9		60 s 1	9/2 ⁺ #	09	97Sz04 T	1978	β^+ =100
$^{103}\text{In}^m$	-73998 9	631.7 0.1	34 s 2	1/2 ⁻ #	09		1988	β^+ =67; IT=33
^{103}Sn	-66970 70		7.0 s 0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	09		1981	β^+ =100; β^+p =1.2 1
^{103}Sb	-56180# 300#		<50 ns	5/2 ⁺ #		11Hi.A I		p ? *
* ^{103}Sr	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=68(+48-20) **							
* ^{103}Y	T : average 11Ni01=234(+18-15) 09Pe06=260(+40-20) 96Me09=230(20) and **							
* ^{103}Y	T : 96Lh04=190(50) D : average 09Pe06=8(2)% 96Me09=8(3)% **							
* ^{103}Ru	T : other recent 09Go29=39.210(0.038) **							
* ^{103}Sb	I : 10St.A<200ns 95Ry03>1.5 μ s **							
^{104}Sr	-44110# 300#		44 ms 8	0 ⁺	07	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{104}Y	-54060# 400#		197 ms 4		07	11Ni01 T	1994	β^- =100; β^-n =34 10; β^-2n ? *
^{104}Zr	-65730 10		920 ms 28	0 ⁺	07	09Pe06 TD	1990	β^- =100; β^-n <1
^{104}Nb	-71825 3		4.9 s 0.3	(1 ⁺)	07		1971	β^- =100; β^-n =0.06 3 *
$^{104}\text{Nb}^m$	-71610 120	220 120	940 ms 40	high	07		1976	β^- =100; β^-n =0.05 3 *
^{104}Mo	-80356 9		60 s 2	0 ⁺	07		1962	β^- =100
^{104}Tc	-82507 25		18.3 m 0.3	(3 ⁺)	07		1956	β^- =100
$^{104}\text{Tc}^m$	-82437 25	69.7 0.2	3.5 μ s 0.3	(5 ⁺)	07		1981	IT=100 *
$^{104}\text{Tc}^n$	-82401 25	106.1 0.3	400 ns 20	(+)	07		1999	IT=100
^{104}Ru	-88093.7 2.6		STABLE	0 ⁺	07		1931	IS=18.62 27; 2 β^- ?
^{104}Rh	-86955.7 2.4		42.3 s 0.4	1 ⁺	07		1939	β^- \approx 100; β^+ =0.45 10
$^{104}\text{Rh}^m$	-86826.7 2.4	128.9679 0.0005	4.34 m 0.03	5 ⁺	07		1939	IT \approx 100; β^- =0.13 1
^{104}Pd	-89395.0 1.3		STABLE	0 ⁺	07		1935	IS=11.14 8
^{104}Ag	-85116 4		69.2 m 1.0	5 ⁺	07		1955	β^+ =100
$^{104}\text{Ag}^m$	-85109 4	6.90 0.22	33.5 m 2.0	2 ⁺	07		1959	β^+ \approx 100; IT<0.07
^{104}Cd	-83968.2 1.7		57.7 m 1.0	0 ⁺	07		1955	β^+ =100
^{104}In	-76183 6		1.80 m 0.03	(6 ⁺)	07		1977	β^+ =100
$^{104}\text{In}^m$	-76090 6	93.48 0.10	15.7 s 0.5	(3 ⁺)	07		1988	IT=80; β^+ =20
^{104}Sn	-71627 6		20.8 s 0.5	0 ⁺	07		1985	β^+ =100
^{104}Sb	-59170 120		470 ms 130		07	95Fa.A D	1995	β^+ =?; β^+p <7; p <7; α ? *
* ^{104}Sr	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=43(+9-7) **							
* ^{104}Y	D : from 09Pe06 **							
* ^{104}Nb	D : β^-n =0.71% of 83En03, conflicting, not used **							
* $^{104}\text{Tc}^m$	J : E2 γ to (3 ⁺) level (from ENSDF) **							
* ^{104}Sb	T : symmetrized from 440(+150-110) D : 95Fa.A supersedes 95Sc28 p <1% **							
^{105}Sr	-38610# 500#		50 ms 30		05	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{105}Y	-50820# 500#		84 ms 5	5/2 ⁺ #	05	09Pe06 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^-n <82; β^-2n ? *
^{105}Zr	-61471 12		670 ms 28		05	09Pe06 TD	1992	β^- =100; β^-n <2
^{105}Nb	-69912 4		2.95 s 0.06	5/2 ⁺ #	05		1984	β^- =100; β^-n =1.7 9
^{105}Mo	-77343 9		35.6 s 1.6	(5/2 ⁻)	05		1962	β^- =100
^{105}Tc	-82290 40		7.6 m 0.1	(3/2 ⁻)	05		1955	β^- =100
^{105}Ru	-85932.5 2.6		4.44 h 0.02	3/2 ⁺	05		1945	β^- =100
$^{105}\text{Ru}^m$	-85911.9 2.6	20.610 0.013	340 ns 15	(5/2 ⁺)	05		1974	IT=100
^{105}Rh	-87850.6 2.5		35.357 h 0.037	7/2 ⁺	05	09Go29 T	1945	β^- =100
$^{105}\text{Rh}^m$	-87720.8 2.5	129.782 0.004	42.9 s 0.3	1/2 ⁻	05		1950	IT=100
^{105}Pd	-88417.8 1.1		STABLE	5/2 ⁺	05		1935	IS=22.33 8
$^{105}\text{Pd}^m$	-87928.7 1.1	489.14 0.04	36.1 μ s 0.4	11/2 ⁻	05		1970	IT=100
^{105}Ag	-87071 5		41.29 d 0.07	1/2 ⁻	05		1939	β^+ =100
$^{105}\text{Ag}^m$	-87046 5	25.479 0.016	7.23 m 0.16	7/2 ⁺	05		1969	IT \approx 100; β^+ =0.34 7
^{105}Cd	-84333.8 1.4		55.5 m 0.4	5/2 ⁺	05		1950	β^+ =100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...									
¹⁰⁵ In	-79641	10	5.07 m	0.07	9/2 ⁺	05	1975	β^+ =100	
¹⁰⁵ In ^m	-78967	10	48 s	6	(1/2) ⁻	05	1975	IT=?; β^+ =25#	
¹⁰⁵ Sn	-73338	4	34 s	1	(5/2 ⁺)	05	85De08 J	β^+ =100; β^+ p=?	
¹⁰⁵ Sb	-64016	22	1.12 s	0.16	(5/2 ⁺)	05	95Fa.A T	β^+ ?; p<0.1; β^+ p?	
¹⁰⁵ Te	-52810	300	633 ns	66	(7/2 ⁺)	06	06Se08 T	α ≈100	
* ¹⁰⁵ Sr	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=40(+36-13)								
* ¹⁰⁵ Y	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=83(+5-4); other not used 09Pe06=160(+85-60)								
* ¹⁰⁵ Sb	T : 95Fa.A supersedes 95Sc28=1.30(0.15), preliminary from same group								
* ¹⁰⁵ Sb	D : p 05Li47<0.1% above 430 keV disagrees with 94Ti03≈1%								
* ¹⁰⁵ Te	T : average 06Li41=620(70) 06Se08=700(+250-170)								
* ¹⁰⁵ Te	J : same spin as 171.7 state in ¹⁰¹ Sn								
¹⁰⁶ Sr	-34790#	600#	20# ms	(>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10	100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^- n?; β^- 2n?
¹⁰⁶ Y	-46050#	500#	72 ms	20		08	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^- n?; β^- 2n?
¹⁰⁶ Zr	-58910#	200#	187 ms	11	0 ⁺	11	09Pe06 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^- n<7
¹⁰⁶ Nb	-66200	4	1050 ms	100	2 ⁺ #	08	09Pe06 T	1976	β^- =100; β^- n=4.5 3
¹⁰⁶ Nb ^m	-65780	100	416	100			12Ka.B ET	1999	IT=100
¹⁰⁶ Mo	-76141	9	8.73 s	0.12	0 ⁺	08		1969	β^- =100
¹⁰⁶ Tc	-79775	12	35.6 s	0.6	(1,2)	08		1965	β^- =100
¹⁰⁶ Ru	-86322	5	371.8 d	0.18	0 ⁺	08		1948	β^- =100
¹⁰⁶ Rh	-86362	5	30.07 s	0.35	1 ⁺	08		1947	β^- =100
¹⁰⁶ Rh ^m	-86230	10	131	11	BD			1955	β^- =100
¹⁰⁶ Pd	-89907.4	1.1	STABLE		0 ⁺	08		1935	IS=27.33 3
¹⁰⁶ Ag	-86942	3	23.96 m	0.04	1 ⁺	08		1937	β^+ ?; β^- ≈0.5
¹⁰⁶ Ag ^m	-86852	3	89.66	0.07		08		1938	β^+ =100; IT≤4.2e-6
¹⁰⁶ Cd	-87132.0	1.1	STABLE	(>410 Ey)	0 ⁺	08	02Tr04 T	1935	IS=1.25 6; 2 β^+ ?
¹⁰⁶ In	-80608	12	6.2 m	0.1	7 ⁺	08		1962	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁶ In ^m	-80579	12	5.2 m	0.1	(2) ⁺	08		1966	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁶ Sn	-77354	5	1.92 m	0.08	0 ⁺	08		1975	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁶ Sb	-66473	7	600 ms	200	(2 ⁺)	08		1981	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁶ Sb ^m	-66370	7	103.5	0.3		08	99So08 T	1998	IT=100
¹⁰⁶ Te	-58220	100	80 μ s	13	0 ⁺	08	05Ja03 T	1981	α =100
* ¹⁰⁶ Y	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=62(+25-14)								
* ¹⁰⁶ Zr	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=186(+11-10); other not used 09Pe06=260(+40-36)								
* ¹⁰⁶ Nb	T : unweighed average 09Pe06=1240(20) 96Me09=900(20) 83Sh06=1020(50)								
* ¹⁰⁶ Nb ^m	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=661(+110-97); other 99Ge01=840(40)								
* ¹⁰⁶ Sb ^m	T : average 99So08=232(21) 98Li50=220(20)								
* ¹⁰⁶ Te	T : average 05Ja03=85(+25-15) 94Pa11=60(+40-20) 81Sc17=60(+30-10)								
¹⁰⁷ Sr	-28900#	700#	10# ms	(>400 ns)		10	100h02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^- n?; β^- 2n?
¹⁰⁷ Y	-42360#	500#	45 ms	12	5/2 ⁺ #	08	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^- n?; β^- 2n?
¹⁰⁷ Zr	-54270#	300#	138 ms	4		08	11Ni01 T	1994	β^- =100; β^- n<23
¹⁰⁷ Nb	-63720	8	296 ms	7	5/2 ⁺ #	08	96Me09 TD	1992	β^- =100; β^- n=7.4 8
¹⁰⁷ Mo	-72558	9	3.5 s	0.5	(5/2 ⁺)	08		1972	β^- =100
¹⁰⁷ Mo ^m	-72493	9	65.4	0.2		08		1976	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Tc	-78748	9	21.2 s	0.2	3/2 ⁻ #	08		1965	β^- =100
¹⁰⁷ Tc ^m	-78718	9	30.1	0.1		08		2007	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Tc ⁿ	-78682	9	65.72	0.14		08		1974	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Ru	-83860	9	3.75 m	0.05	(5/2 ⁺)	08		1951	β^- =100
¹⁰⁷ Rh	-86864	12	21.7 m	0.4	7/2 ⁺	08		1951	β^- =100
¹⁰⁷ Rh ^m	-86596	12	268.36	0.04		08		1986	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Pd	-88372.5	1.2	6.5 My	0.3	5/2 ⁺	08		1958	β^- =100
¹⁰⁷ Pd ^m	-88256.8	1.2	115.74	0.12		08		1969	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Pd ⁿ	-88157.9	1.2	214.6	0.3		08		1952	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Ag	-88406.6	2.4	STABLE		1/2 ⁻	08		1924	IS=51.839 8
¹⁰⁷ Ag ^m	-88313.5	2.4	93.125	0.019		08		1940	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Cd	-86990.2	1.7	6.50 h	0.02	5/2 ⁺	08		1946	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁷ In	-83564	11	32.4 m	0.3	9/2 ⁺	08		1949	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁷ In ^m	-82886	11	678.5	0.3		08		1973	IT=100
¹⁰⁷ Sn	-78512	5	2.90 m	0.05	(5/2 ⁺)	08		1976	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁷ Sb	-70653	4	4.0 s	0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	08		1994	β^+ =100
¹⁰⁷ Te	-60540	70	3.1 ms	0.1	5/2 ⁺ #	08		1979	α =70 30; β^+ ?; β^+ p?
¹⁰⁷ I	-49570#	300#	20# μ s		5/2 ⁺ #				α ?
* ¹⁰⁷ Y	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=41(+15-9)								
* ¹⁰⁷ Zr	D : from 09Pe06								
* ¹⁰⁷ Nb	T : average 09Pe06=290(11) 96Me09=300(30) 91Hi02=300(10)								
* ¹⁰⁷ Nb	D : average 09Pe06=8(1)% 96Me09=6.0(1.5)%								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
^{108}Y	-37300# 600#		60 ms 40			10 11Ni01 TD	2010	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
^{108}Zr	-51350# 400#		73 ms 4	0^+		11 11Ni01 TD	1997	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?$	*
$^{108}\text{Zr}^m$	-49280# 400#	2074.5	540 ns 30	(6^+)		11 12Ka.B EJT	2011	$\text{IT} \approx 100$	*
^{108}Nb	-59546 8		210 ms 5	(2^+)		08 09Pe06 T	1994	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 6.2 \text{ 5}; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
$^{108}\text{Nb}^m$	-59380 8	166.5	109 ns 2	$(4^-, 5)$		12Ka.B ETJ	2012	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{108}Mo	-70762 9		1.105 s 0.010	0^+		08 09Pe06 TD	1972	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n < 0.5$	*
^{108}Tc	-75921 9		5.17 s 0.07	(2^+)			1970	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{108}Ru	-83659 9		4.55 m 0.05	0^+		08	1955	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{108}Rh	-85032 14		16.8 s 0.5	1^+		08	1955	$\beta^- = 100$	*
$^{108}\text{Rh}^m$	-84917 12	115	6.0 m 0.3	$(5)^{(+\#)}$		08	1969	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{108}Pd	-89524.4 1.1		STABLE			08	1935	$\text{IS} = 26.46 \text{ 9}$	*
^{108}Ag	-87606.7 2.4		2.382 m 0.011	1^+		08	1937	$\beta^- = 97.15 \text{ 20}; \beta^+ = 2.85 \text{ 20}$	*
$^{108}\text{Ag}^m$	-87497.2 2.4	109.466	438 y 9	6^+		08	1969	$\beta^+ = 91.3 \text{ 9}; \text{IT} = 8.7 \text{ 9}$	*
^{108}Cd	-89252.6 1.1		STABLE ($> 410 \text{ Py}$)			08 95Ge14 T	1935	$\text{IS} = 0.89 \text{ 3}; 2\beta^+ ?$	*
^{108}In	-84120 9		58.0 m 1.2	7^+		08	1949	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
$^{108}\text{In}^m$	-84090 9	29.75	39.6 m 0.7	2^+		08	1955	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
^{108}Sn	-82070 5		10.30 m 0.08	0^+		08	1968	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
^{108}Sb	-72445 5		7.4 s 0.3	(4^+)		08	1976	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
^{108}Te	-65782 5		2.1 s 0.1	0^+		08 85Ti02 D	1974	$\beta^+ = 51 \text{ 4}; \alpha = 49 \text{ 4}; \dots$	*
^{108}I	-52650 130		36 ms 6	$1^{\#}$		08 94Pa12 D	1991	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ = 9\#; p < 1; \beta^+ p ?$	*
* ^{108}Y	T: symmetrized from 11Ni01=25(+66-10)								
* $^{108}\text{Zr}^m$	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=536(+26-25); other 11Su11=620(150)								
* ^{108}Mo	T: average 09Pe06=1.110(0.011) 95Jo02=1.090(0.020) D: $\beta^- n$ not allowed								
* ^{108}Te	D: $\dots; \beta^+ p = 2.4 \text{ 10}; \beta^+ \alpha < 0.065$								
* ^{108}I	D: $\beta^+ = 9\% \#$ estimated in 94Pa12 using theoretical β^+ half-life $\approx 400 \text{ ms}$								
^{109}Y	-33200# 700#		15# ms ($> 400 \text{ ns}$)	$5/2^{\#}$		10 10Oh02 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
^{109}Zr	-46190# 500#		80 ms 30			06 11Ni01 TD	1997	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
^{109}Nb	-56620 530		101 ms 9	$5/2^{\#}$		06 11Ni01 T	1994	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 31 \text{ 5}$	*
$^{109}\text{Nb}^m$	-56310 530	312.2	115 ns 8			12Ka.B ET	2011	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Mo	-66672 11		700 ms 14	$5/2^{\#}$		06 09Pe06 TD	1992	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 1.3 \text{ 6}$	*
$^{109}\text{Mo}^m$	-66602 11	69.7	210 ns 60	$(1/2^+)$		12Ka.B ET	2012	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Tc	-74281 10		1.14 s 0.03	$3/2^{\#}$		06 09Pe06 T	1976	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 0.08 \text{ 2}$	*
^{109}Ru	-80736 9		34.5 s 1.0	$5/2^{\#}$		06	1967	$\beta^- = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Ru}^m$	-80640 9	96.2	680 ns 30	$(5/2^-)$		06	1976	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Rh	-85000 4		80 s 2	$7/2^+$		06	1972	$\beta^- = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Rh}^m$	-84774 4	225.974	1.66 μs 0.04	$3/2^+$		06 FGK127 J	1987	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Pd	-87606.6 1.1		13.7012 h 0.0024	$5/2^+$		06	1937	$\beta^- = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Pd}^m$	-87493.2 1.1	113.400	380 ns 50.	$1/2^+$		06	1978	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Pd}^m$	-87417.6 1.1	188.990	4.696 m 0.003	$11/2^-$		06	1957	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Ag	-88719.9 1.3		STABLE	$1/2^-$		06	1924	$\text{IS} = 48.161 \text{ 8}$	*
$^{109}\text{Ag}^m$	-88631.9 1.3	88.0341	39.6 s 0.2	$7/2^+$		06	1967	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Cd	-88504.4 1.5		461.4 d 1.2	$5/2^+$		06	1950	$\epsilon = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Cd}^m$	-88444.9 1.5	59.49	12 μs 2	$1/2^+$		06	1956	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{Cd}^m$	-88040.9 1.5	463.5	10.9 μs 0.5	$11/2^-$		06	1964	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}In	-86488 4		4.167 h 0.018	$9/2^+$		06	1948	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{In}^m$	-85838 4	650.1	1.34 m 0.07	$1/2^-$		06	1966	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
$^{109}\text{In}^m$	-84386 4	2101.8	209 ms 6	$(19/2^+)$		06	1963	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
^{109}Sn	-82631 8		18.0 m 0.2	$5/2^{(+\#)}$		06	1966	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
^{109}Sb	-76251 5		17.0 s 0.7	$5/2^{\#}$		06	1976	$\beta^+ = 100$	*
^{109}Te	-67715 4		4.6 s 0.3	$(5/2^+)$		06	1967	$\beta^+ = 96.1 \text{ 13}; \alpha = 3.9 \text{ 13}; \dots$	*
^{109}I	-57673 6		103 μs 5	$1/2^+$		06 07Ma35 D	1984	$p = 100; \alpha = 0.014 \text{ 4}$	*
^{109}Xe	-46170 300		13 ms 2	$7/2^{\#}$		06 Li41 TDJ	2006	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$	*
* ^{109}Zr	T: symmetrized from 11Ni01=63(+38-17)								
* ^{109}Nb	T: symmetrized from 11Ni01=100(+9-8); others 09Pe06=130(20) 96Me09=190(30)								
* ^{109}Nb	D: 09Pe06 $\beta^- n < 15\%$ conflicting								
* $^{109}\text{Nb}^m$	E: other 11Wa03=313.1(0.5) keV								
* $^{109}\text{Nb}^m$	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=114(+8-7); other 11Wa03=150(30)								
* $^{109}\text{Rh}^m$	J: 225.9 keV E2 γ ray to $7/2^+$								
* ^{109}Te	D: $\dots; \beta^+ p = 9.4 \text{ 31}; \beta^+ \alpha < 0.005$								
* ^{109}Xe	J: same as 150 level in ^{105}Te								
^{110}Zr	-42890# 600#		42 ms 13	0^+		12	1997	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
^{110}Nb	-52140# 200#		82 ms 4	$(5)^{(+\#)}$		12	1994	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 40 \text{ 8}; \beta^- 2n ?$	*
^{110}Mo	-64549 24		296 ms 17	0^+		12	1992	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 2.0 \text{ 7}$	*
^{110}Tc	-71032 10		900 ms 13	$(2^+, 3^+)$		12	1976	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 0.04 \text{ 2}$	*
^{110}Ru	-80071 9		12.04 s 0.17	0^+		12	1970	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{110}Rh	-82829 18		3.35 s 0.12	(1^+)		12	1963	$\beta^- = 100$	*
$^{110}\text{Rh}^m$	-82610# 150#	220#	28.5 s 1.3	(6^+)		12	1969	$\beta^- = 100$	*
^{110}Pd	-88331.5 0.7		STABLE ($> 600 \text{ Py}$)	0^+		12 52Wi26 T	1935	$\text{IS} = 11.72 \text{ 9}; 2\beta^- ?$	*
^{110}Ag	-87457.8 1.3		24.56 s 0.11	1^+		12	1937	$\beta^- \approx 100; \epsilon = 0.30 \text{ 6}$	*
$^{110}\text{Ag}^m$	-87456.7 1.3	1.112	660 ns 40	2^-		12	1975	$\text{IT} = 100$	*
$^{110}\text{Ag}^m$	-87340.2 1.3	117.59	249.83 d 0.04	6^+		12	1938	$\beta^- = 98.67 \text{ 8}; \text{IT} = 1.33 \text{ 8}$	*
^{110}Cd	-90348.8 0.6		STABLE	0^+		12	1925	$\text{IS} = 12.49 \text{ 18}$	*

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...											
¹¹⁰ In	-86471	12			4.92 h	0.08	7+	12	1939	$\beta^+=100$	
¹¹⁰ In ^m	-86409	12	62.08	0.04	69.1 m	0.5	2+	12	1962	$\beta^+=100$	
¹¹⁰ Sn	-85842	14			4.154 h	0.004	0+	12	1965	$\epsilon=100$	
¹¹⁰ Sb	-77450	6			23.6 s	0.3	(3+)	12	1972	$\beta^+=100$	
¹¹⁰ Te	-72230	7			18.6 s	0.8	0+	12	1977	$\beta^+\approx 100; \alpha=0.003\%$	
¹¹⁰ I	-60460	50			664 ms	24	(1+)	12	1977	$\beta^+=83.4; \alpha=17.4; \dots$	
¹¹⁰ Xe	-51920	100			93 ms	3	0+	12	1981	$\alpha=64.35; \beta^+?; \beta^+p?$	
* ¹¹⁰ Zr	T : symmetrized from ¹¹ Ni01=37(+17-9)										
* ¹¹⁰ I	D : ...; $\beta^+p=11.3; \beta^+\alpha=1.1.3$										
¹¹¹ Zr	-37560#	700#			30# ms	(>400 ns)		10	10Oh02 I	2010	$\beta^-?; \beta^-n?; \beta^-2n?$
¹¹¹ Nb	-48880#	300#			52 ms	6	5/2+#	09	11Ni01 TD	1997	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n?; \beta^-2n?$
¹¹¹ Mo	-59938	13			186 ms	9	1/2+#	09	11Ku16 T	1994	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n<12$
¹¹¹ Mo ^m	-59840#	50#	100#	50#	200 ms		7/2-#		11Ku16 TD	2011	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹¹ Tc	-69023	11			350 ms	11	3/2-#	09	09Pe06 T	1988	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=0.85.20$
¹¹¹ Ru	-76783	10			2.12 s	0.07	5/2+	09		1971	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹¹ Rh	-82305	7			11 s	1	(7/2+)	09		1975	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹¹ Pd	-85986.5	0.8			23.4 m	0.2	5/2+	09		1937	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹¹ Pd ^m	-85814.3	0.8	172.18	0.08	5.5 h	0.1	11/2-	09		1952	IT=73.3; $\beta^+=27.3$
¹¹¹ Ag	-88216.3	1.5			7.45 d	0.01	1/2-	09		1937	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹¹ Ag ^m	-88156.5	1.5	59.82	0.04	64.8 s	0.8	7/2+	09		1957	IT=99.3.2; $\beta^-n=0.7.2$
¹¹¹ Cd	-89253.1	0.6			STABLE		1/2+	09		1925	IS=12.80.12
¹¹¹ Cd ^m	-88856.9	0.6	396.214	0.021	48.50 m	0.09	11/2-	09		1945	IT=100
¹¹¹ In	-88391	4			2.8047 d	0.0004	9/2+	09		1947	$\epsilon=100$
¹¹¹ In ^m	-87854	4	536.99	0.07	7.7 m	0.2	1/2-	09		1966	IT=100
¹¹¹ Sn	-85940	5			35.3 m	0.6	7/2+	09		1949	$\beta^+=100$
¹¹¹ Sn ^m	-85685	5	254.71	0.04	12.5 μ s	1.0	1/2+	09		1972	IT=100
¹¹¹ Sb	-80837	9			75 s	1	(5/2+)	09		1972	$\beta^+=100$
¹¹¹ Te	-73587	6			26.2 s	0.6	(5/2)+	09	05Sh24 T	1967	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
¹¹¹ I	-64954	5			2.5 s	0.2	5/2+#	09		1977	$\beta^+\approx 100; \alpha\approx 0.1; \beta^+p?$
¹¹¹ Xe	-54390	90			740 ms	200	5/2+#	09	12Ca03 D	1979	$\beta^+?; \alpha=10.4.1.9; \beta^+p?$
¹¹¹ Xe ^m			non existent	RN	900 ms	200			90Tu.A T		*
* ¹¹¹ Nb	T : symmetrized from ¹¹ Ni01=51(+6-5)										
* ¹¹¹ Mo	T : other 09Pe06=200(+41-36)										
* ¹¹¹ Te	T : others 67Ka01=19.0(7) 67Bo41=19.5(5) conflicting, not used										
* ¹¹¹ Xe ^m	I : from assigning α decay to isomer in older version of ENSDF										
¹¹² Zr	-33810#	700#			15# ms	(>400 ns)	0+	10	10Oh02 I	2010	$\beta^-?; \beta^-n?; \beta^-2n?$
¹¹² Nb	-44270#	300#			35 ms	8	2+#	97	11Ni01 TD	1997	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n?; \beta^-2n?$
¹¹² Mo	-57460#	200#			121 ms	12	0+	97	11Ni01 TD	1994	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n?$
¹¹² Tc	-65255	6			290 ms	11	2+#	97	09Pe06 TD	1990	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=1.5.2$
¹¹² Tc ^m	-64903	6	352.3	0.7	150 ns	17		97	10Br15 T	2010	IT=100
¹¹² Ru	-75629	10			1.75 s	0.07	0+	97		1970	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹² Rh	-79730	40			3.4 s	0.4	1+	97	99Lh01 T	1972	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹² Rh ^m	-79390	60	340	70	6.73 s	0.15	>3	97	99Lh01 T	1987	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹² Pd	-86322	7			21.03 h	0.05	0+	97		1951	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹² Ag	-86583.7	2.4			3.130 h	0.009	2(-)	97		1938	$\beta^-=100$
¹¹² Cd	-90575.8	0.6			STABLE		0+	97		1925	IS=24.13.21
¹¹² In	-87991	4			14.97 m	0.10	1+	97		1947	$\beta^+=56.3; \beta^-=44.3$
¹¹² In ^m	-87834	4	156.59	0.05	20.56 m	0.06	4+	97		1953	IT=100
¹¹² In ⁿ	-87640	4	350.76	0.09	690 ns	50	7+	97		1976	IT=100
¹¹² In ^p	-87377	4	613.69	0.14	2.81 μ s	0.03	8-	97	87Eb02 J	1976	IT=100
¹¹² Sn	-88656.0	0.6			STABLE		0+	97		1927	IS=0.97.1; $2\beta^+?$
¹¹² Sb	-81599	18			51.4 s	1.0	3+	97		1959	$\beta^+=100$
¹¹² Sb ^m	-80803	18	796.4	0.3	560 ns	120	8-#	97		1976	IT=100
¹¹² Te	-77568	8			2.0 m	0.2	0+	97		1976	$\beta^+=100$
¹¹² I	-67063	10			3.42 s	0.11	1+#	97	78Ro19 D	1977	$\beta^+\approx 100; \alpha=0.0012; \dots$
¹¹² Xe	-60026	8			2.7 s	0.8	0+	97	94Pa11 D	1978	$\beta^+\approx 100; \alpha=0.9.8; \beta^+p?$
¹¹² Cs	-46290	90			490 μ s	35	1+#	02	12Ca03 TD	1994	$p\approx 100; \alpha<0.26$
* ¹¹² Nb	T : symmetrized from ¹¹ Ni01=33(+9-6)										
* ¹¹² Mo	T : symmetrized from ¹¹ Ni01=120(+13-11)										
* ¹¹² Tc	D : $\beta^-n=1.5(0.2)\%$ from 99Wa09; other 09Pe06=4(1)%										
* ¹¹² Tc	I : also an isomer with $T=150(17)$ ns decaying by γ -rays of 258, 92 keV										
* ¹¹² Tc ^m	E : 12Ka.B=93.1(0.5) keV and 259.2(0.5) keV γ rays in cascade to 2+# ground-state										
* ¹¹² Tc ^m	T : other 12Ka.B=218(+60-43)										
* ¹¹² Rh	T : supersedes 91Jo11=2.1(0.3) and 88Ay02=3.8(0.6) of same group										
* ¹¹² Rh ^m	T : supersedes 88Ay02=6.8(0.2)										
* ¹¹² Sn	T : >1.3 Zy for neutrinoless $\epsilon\epsilon$ transition to 0 ₃ ⁺ state in ¹¹² Cd										
* ¹¹² I	D : ...; $\beta^+p=0.88.10; \beta^+\alpha=0.104.12$										
* ¹¹² I	D : β^+p and $\beta^+\alpha$ are derived from $\beta^+p/\alpha=735(80) \beta^+p/\beta^+\alpha=8.5(2)$, in ⁸⁵ Ti02										
* ¹¹² Xe	D : α intensity is estimated from 94Pa11=0.8(+1.1-0.5)% and 78Ro19=0.84%										
* ¹¹² Cs	T : average 12Ca03=506(55) 12Wa10=470(50) 94Pa12=500(100)										

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{113}Nb	-40510# 400#		20# ms (>300 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	10	97Be70 I	1997	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{113}Mo	-52770# 300#		79 ms 6	3/2 ⁺ #	10	11Ni01 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{113}Tc	-62812 3		169 ms 18	5/2 ⁺ #	10	09Pe06 T	1992	β^- =100; β^-n =2.1 3
$^{113}\text{Tc}^m$	-62698 3	114.4 0.5	527 ns 16	(5/2 ⁻)		12Ka.B ET	2010	IT=100
^{113}Ru	-71870 40		800 ms 50	(1/2 ⁺)	10		1988	β^- =100
$^{113}\text{Ru}^m$	-71740 40	130 18	510 ms 30	(7/2 ⁻)	10	98Ku17 E	1998	IT=?; β^- =?
^{113}Rh	-78768 7		2.80 s 0.12	(7/2 ⁺)	10	93Pe11 J	1971	β^- =100
^{113}Pd	-83591 7		93 s 5	(5/2 ⁺)	10		1954	β^- =100
$^{113}\text{Pd}^m$	-83510 7	81.1 0.3	300 ms 100	(9/2 ⁻)	10		1993	IT=100
^{113}Ag	-87027 17		5.37 h 0.05	1/2 ⁻	10		1949	β^- =100
$^{113}\text{Ag}^m$	-86984 17	43.50 0.10	68.7 s 1.6	7/2 ⁺	10		1958	IT=64 7; β^- =36 7
^{113}Cd	-89043.3 0.4		8.04 Py 0.05	1/2 ⁺	10		1925	IS=12.22 12; β^- =100
$^{113}\text{Cd}^m$	-88779.8 0.4	263.54 0.03	13.89 y 0.11	11/2 ⁻	10	11Ko01 TD	1965	β^- =99.9036 19; IT=0.0964 19
^{113}In	-89365.8 0.9		STABLE	9/2 ⁺	10		1934	IS=4.29 5
$^{113}\text{In}^m$	-88974.1 0.9	391.699 0.003	1.6579 h 0.0004	1/2 ⁻	10		1939	IT=100
^{113}Sn	-88328.2 1.6		115.09 d 0.03	1/2 ⁺	10		1939	β^+ =100
$^{113}\text{Sn}^m$	-88250.8 1.6	77.389 0.019	21.4 m 0.4	7/2 ⁺	10		1961	IT=91.1 23; β^+ =8.9 23
^{113}Sb	-84417 17		6.67 m 0.07	5/2 ⁺	10		1958	β^+ =100
^{113}Te	-78347 28		1.7 m 0.2	(7/2 ⁺)	10		1974	β^+ =100
^{113}I	-71120 8		6.6 s 0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	10		1977	β^+ =100; α =3.310e-7; ...
^{113}Xe	-62204 7		2.74 s 0.08	5/2 ⁺ #	10		1973	β^+ ≈100; α ≈0.011; ...
^{113}Cs	-51764 9		16.7 μs 0.7	(3/2 ⁺)	10		1984	p=100
* ^{113}Mo	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=78(+6-5)							
* ^{113}Tc	T : average 09Pe06=160(+50-40) 99Wa09=170(20) J : 07Ku23 > 5/2							
* $^{113}\text{Tc}^m$	T : other recent 10Br15=500(100) E : other 10Br15=114(1)							
* $^{113}\text{Ru}^m$	E : above the 99 keV level and below 160 keV							
* ^{113}Cd	T : from 07Be61=8.037(0.005)(0.05 systematics);							
* ^{113}Cd	T : other 09Da03=8.00(0.11)(syt 0.24) outweighed							
* $^{113}\text{Cd}^m$	T : average 11Ko01=13.97(0.13) 72Wa11=14.6(0.5) 65FI02=13.6(0.2)							
* $^{113}\text{In}^m$	T : 99.476 m 23							
* ^{113}I	D : ...; $\beta^+\alpha$?							
* ^{113}Xe	D : ...; β^+p =7 4; $\beta^+\alpha$ ≈0.007 4							
* ^{113}Xe	D : α =0.0024-0.0204% from estimated limit for the reduced width, see 85Ti02							
* ^{113}Xe	D : β^+p and $\beta^+\alpha$ derived from β^+p/α =605(35) and $\beta^+p/\beta^+\alpha$ =500-1500 in 85Ti02							
^{114}Nb	-35390# 500#		15# ms (>400 ns)	0 ⁺	12		2010	β^- ?; β^-n =52.5#; β^-2n =6.2#
^{114}Mo	-49810# 300#		63 ms 11	0 ⁺	12		1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{114}Tc	-58770# 100#		90 ms 20	(1 ⁺)	12	11Ri01 TJ	1994	β^- =100; β^-n =?
$^{114}\text{Tc}^m$	-58438 13	330# 100#	100 ms 20	(4,5)	12	11Ri01 TJ	2011	β^- ?; β^-n ?
^{114}Ru	-70222 4		540 ms 30	0 ⁺	12	06Mo07 T	1991	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{114}Rh	-75710 70		1.85 s 0.05	1 ⁺	12		1988	β^- =100
$^{114}\text{Rh}^m$	-75510# 170#	200# 150#	1.85 s 0.05	(7 ⁻)	12		1987	β^- =100
^{114}Pd	-83491 7		2.42 m 0.06	0 ⁺	12		1958	β^- =100
^{114}Ag	-84931 5		4.6 s 0.1	1 ⁺	12		1958	β^- =100
$^{114}\text{Ag}^m$	-84732 7	199 5	1.50 ms 0.05	(<6 ⁺)	12		1990	IT=100
^{114}Cd	-90014.8 0.4		STABLE (>92 Py)	0 ⁺	12	95Ge14 T	1925	IS=28.73 42; 2 β^- ?
^{114}In	-88568.4 0.9		71.9 s 0.1	1 ⁺	12		1937	β^- =99.50 15; β^+ =0.50 15
$^{114}\text{In}^m$	-88378.1 0.9	190.2682 0.0008	49.51 d 0.01	5 ⁺	12		1939	IT=96.75 24; β^+ =3.25 24
$^{114}\text{In}^n$	-88066.5 0.9	501.948 0.003	43.1 ms 0.6	8 ⁻	12		1958	IT=100
$^{114}\text{In}^p$	-87926.7 0.9	641.745 0.003	4.3 μs 0.4	7 ⁺	12		1975	IT=100
^{114}Sn	-90557.3 1.0		STABLE	0 ⁺	12		1927	IS=0.66 1
$^{114}\text{Sn}^m$	-87469.9 1.0	3087.37 0.07	733 ns 14	7 ⁻	12		1980	IT=100
^{114}Sb	-84496 22		3.49 m 0.03	3 ⁺	12		1959	β^+ =100
$^{114}\text{Sb}^m$	-84001 22	495.5 0.7	219 μs 12	(8 ⁻)	12		1973	IT=100
^{114}Te	-81889 28		15.2 m 0.7	0 ⁺	12		1968	β^+ =100
^{114}I	-72800# 300#		2.1 s 0.2	1 ⁺	12		1977	β^+ =100; β^+p ?
$^{114}\text{I}^m$	-72530# 300#	265.9 0.5	6.2 s 0.5	(7)	12	JB196 D	1995	β^+ =91 2; IT=9 2
^{114}Xe	-67086 11		10.0 s 0.4	0 ⁺	12		1977	β^+ =100
^{114}Cs	-54680 70		570 ms 20	(1 ⁺)	12		1978	β^+ ≈100; α =0.018 6; ...
^{114}Ba	-45960 110		530 ms 230	0 ⁺	12		1995	β^+ ≈100; β^+p =20 10; ...
* ^{114}Mo	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=60(+13-9)							
* ^{114}Tc	T : others, might be mixture of ground-state and m : 06Mo07=91(+62-35) 99Wa09=150(30)							
* ^{114}Ru	T : average 06Mo07=510(+69-65) 92Jo05=530(60) 91Le09=570(50)							
* $^{114}\text{In}^p$	T : typo in ENSDF2012 : 4.3 ns							
* $^{114}\text{I}^m$	D : evaluated for NUBASE by J. Blachot, based on ^{114}I IT decay							
* ^{114}Cs	D : ...; β^+p =8.7 13; $\beta^+\alpha$ =0.19 3							
* ^{114}Ba	D : ...; α =0.9 3; ^{12}C <0.0034							
* ^{114}Ba	T : symmetrized from 430(+300-150)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{115}Nb	-31350#	500#	10# ms (>400 ns)	$5/2^+$	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{115}Mo	-44750#	400#	90 ms 50		10	11Ni01 TD	2010	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{115}Tc	-55910#	200#	85 ms 14	$3/2^-$	07	11Ni01 T	1994	β^- =100; β^-n =17# *
^{115}Ru	-66300	70	322 ms 19	$(3/2^+)$	05	11Ri07 J	1992	β^- =100; β^-n ? *
$^{115}\text{Ru}^m$	-66050#	120#	250# 100#	$(7/2^-)$		10Ku25 TJ	2010	IT=100
^{115}Rh	-74229	7	990 ms 50	$(7/2^-)$	07	11Ri07 J	1988	β^- =100; β^-n ?
^{115}Pd	-80427	14	25 s 2	$(1/2^+)$	05	10Ku19 J	1958	β^- =100 *
$^{115}\text{Pd}^m$	-80338	14	89.18 0.25	$(7/2^-)$	05	10Ku19 J	1987	β^- =92.0 20; IT=8.0 20 *
^{115}Ag	-84983	18	20.0 m 0.5	$1/2^-$	05		1949	β^- =100
$^{115}\text{Ag}^m$	-84942	18	41.16 0.10	$7/2^+$	05		1958	β^- =79.0 3; IT=21.0 3
^{115}Cd	-88084.4	0.7	53.46 h 0.05	$1/2^+$	05		1939	β^- =100
$^{115}\text{Cd}^m$	-87903.4	0.9	181.0 0.5	$11/2^-$	05	FGK127 J	1959	β^- ≈100; IT<0.003 *
^{115}In	-89536.343	0.012	441 Ty 25	$9/2^+$	05		1924	IS=95.71 5; β^- =100
$^{115}\text{In}^m$	-89200.099	0.021	336.244 0.017	$1/2^-$	05		1961	IT=95.0 7; β^- =5.0 7
^{115}Sn	-90033.833	0.015	STABLE	$1/2^+$	05		1927	IS=0.34 1
$^{115}\text{Sn}^m$	-89421.02	0.04	612.81 0.04	$7/2^+$	05		1967	IT=100
$^{115}\text{Sn}^n$	-89320.19	0.12	713.64 0.12	$11/2^-$	05		1958	IT=100
^{115}Sb	-87003	16	32.1 m 0.3	$5/2^+$	05		1958	β^+ =100
$^{115}\text{Sb}^m$	-84207	16	2796.26 0.09	$(19/2^-)$	05		1977	IT=100
^{115}Te	-82063	28	* 5.8 m 0.2	$7/2^+$	05		1961	β^+ =100
$^{115}\text{Te}^m$	-82053	29	10 7 *	$(1/2^+)$	05	GAu E	1974	β^+ ≈100; IT<0.06 *
$^{115}\text{Te}^n$	-81783	28	280.05 0.20	$11/2^-$	05		1972	IT=100
^{115}I	-76338	29	1.3 m 0.2	$5/2^+$	05		1969	β^+ =100
^{115}Xe	-68657	12	18 s 4	$(5/2^+)$	05		1969	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.34 6; ... *
^{115}Cs	-59700#	300#	1.4 s 0.8	$9/2^+$	05		1978	β^+ =100; β^+p ≈0.07
^{115}Ba	-49030#	500#	450 ms 50	$5/2^+$	05		1997	β^+ =100; β^+p >15
* ^{115}Mo	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=51(+79-19) **							
* ^{115}Tc	T : average 11Ni01=83(+20-13) 06Mo07=73(+32-22) **							
* ^{115}Ru	T : average 10Ku25=318(19) 06Mo07=405(+96-80); other 92Ay02=740(80) **							
* ^{115}Ru	J : suggested in 11Ri07 from β^- decay study **							
* ^{115}Pd	J : previously 04Ur04=(3/2 ⁺) **							
* $^{115}\text{Pd}^m$	J : E3 transition to ground-state, previously 04Ur04=(9/2 ⁻) **							
* $^{115}\text{Cd}^m$	J : measured magnetic moment and L(d,p)=5 **							
* $^{115}\text{Te}^m$	E : less than 20 keV, from ENSDF **							
* ^{115}Xe	D : ... ; α =0.0003 1 **							
^{116}Mo	-41500#	500#	20# ms (>400 ns)	0^+	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
^{116}Tc	-51460#	300#	59 ms 13	2^+	10	11Ni01 TD	1997	β^- =100; β^-n ?; β^-2n ? *
^{116}Ru	-64069	4	210 ms 30	0^+	10		1994	β^- =100; β^-n ? *
^{116}Rh	-70740	70	* 685 ms 39	1^+	10	06Mo07 TD	1970	β^- =100; β^-n <2.1 *
$^{116}\text{Rh}^m$	-70540#	170#	200# 150# *	(6^-)	10		1987	β^- =100
^{116}Pd	-79832	7	11.8 s 0.4	0^+	10		1970	β^- =100
^{116}Ag	-82543	3	3.83 m 0.08	(0^-)	10		1958	β^- =100 *
$^{116}\text{Ag}^m$	-82495	3	47.90 0.10	(3^+)	10		2005	β^- =93.0; IT=7.0
$^{116}\text{Ag}^n$	-82413	3	129.80 0.22	(6^-)	10		1970	β^- =92.0; IT=8.0
^{116}Cd	-88712.56	0.16	30 Ey 4	0^+	10	03Da09 T	1925	IS=7.49 18; $2\beta^-$ =100 *
^{116}In	-88249.75	0.22	14.10 s 0.03	1^+	10		1937	β^- ≈100; ϵ =0.023 6 *
$^{116}\text{In}^m$	-88122.48	0.22	127.267 0.006	5^+	10		1945	β^- =100
$^{116}\text{In}^n$	-87960.09	0.22	289.660 0.006	8^-	10		1950	IT=100
^{116}Sn	-91525.99	0.10	STABLE	0^+	10		1922	IS=14.54 9
$^{116}\text{Sn}^m$	-89160.02	0.10	2365.975 0.021	5^-	10		1964	IT=100
$^{116}\text{Sn}^n$	-87978.83	0.20	3547.16 0.17	10^+	10		1978	IT=100
^{116}Sb	-86822	5	15.8 m 0.8	3^+	10		1949	β^+ =100
$^{116}\text{Sb}^m$	-86728	5	93.99 0.05	1^+	10		1976	IT=100
$^{116}\text{Sb}^n$	-86440	40	390 40 BD	8^-	10		1949	β^+ =100
^{116}Te	-85269	28	2.49 h 0.04	0^+	10		1958	β^+ =100
^{116}I	-77490	100	2.91 s 0.15	1^+	10		1976	β^+ =100
$^{116}\text{I}^m$	-77060	100	430.4 0.5	(7^-)	10		1990	IT=100
^{116}Xe	-73047	13	59 s 2	0^+	10		1969	β^+ =100
^{116}Cs	-62060#	100#	* 700 ms 40	(1^+)	10	77Bo28 D	1975	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.28 7; ... *
$^{116}\text{Cs}^m$	-61960#	120#	100# 60# *	$4^+, 5, 6$	10		1975	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.51 15; ... *
^{116}Ba	-54700#	300#	1.3 s 0.2	0^+	10		1997	β^+ =100; β^+p =3 1
^{116}La	-40700#	220#	10# ms		10			β^+ ?; β^+p ?; p ? *
* ^{116}Tc	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=56(+15-10) **							
* ^{116}Ru	T : symmetrized from 06Mo07=204(+32-29) **							
* ^{116}Rh	T : average 06Mo07=688(+52-50) 88Ay02=680(60) D : β^-n limit from 06Mo07 **							
* ^{116}Ag	T : 230(5) s **							
* ^{116}Cd	T : from 29(1 statistics +4-3 systematics) **							
* ^{116}Cd	T : 03Da09 supersedes 00Da27=26(1 statistics +7-4 systematics) **							
* ^{116}In	D : from 98Bh04; was misprinted " ϵ =0.23 6" in NUBASE2003 **							
* ^{116}Cs	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha$ =0.049 25 **							
* ^{116}Cs	D : from 77Bo28; ENSDF2010 erroneously gives β^+p =2.8 7 **							
* $^{116}\text{Cs}^m$	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha$ =0.008 2 **							
* ^{116}La	T : half-life estimate is for β^+ decay; no p-decay within 20 μ s-20ms **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹¹⁷ Mo	-36170# 500#		10# ms (>400 ns)			12 10Oh02 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$
¹¹⁷ Tc	-48380# 400#		130 ms 70	3/2 ⁻ #	11	11Ni01 TD	1997	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$ *
¹¹⁷ Ru	-59520 590		143 ms 18	3/2 ⁺ #	11	06Mo07 TD	1994	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$ *
¹¹⁷ Ru ^m	-59340 590	184.6 0.5	2.49 μ s 0.6			12Ka.B ETD	2012	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Rh	-68898 9		421 ms 30	7/2 ⁺ #	11	06Mo07 TD	1991	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n <7.6$ *
¹¹⁷ Pd	-76425 7		4.3 s 0.3	(3/2 ⁺)	11	04Ur04 J	1968	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Pd ^m	-76222 7	203.3 0.3	19.1 ms 0.7	(9/2 ⁻)	11	04Ur04 J	1990	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Ag	-82182 14		73.6 s 1.4	1/2 ⁻ #	11		1958	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Ag ^m	-82153 14	28.6 0.2	5.34 s 0.05	7/2 ⁺ #	11		1990	$\beta^- =94.0$ 15; IT=6.0 15 *
¹¹⁷ Cd	-86418.5 1.0		2.49 h 0.04	1/2 ⁺	11		1939	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Cd ^m	-86282.1 1.0	136.4 0.2	3.36 h 0.05	(11/2 ⁻)	11		1966	$\beta^- \approx 100; IT \approx 0$ *
¹¹⁷ In	-88943 5		43.2 m 0.3	9/2 ⁺	11		1937	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁷ In ^m	-88628 5	315.303 0.011	116.2 m 0.3	1/2 ⁻	11		1940	$\beta^- =52.9$ 15; IT=47.1 15 *
¹¹⁷ Sn	-90397.8 0.5		STABLE	1/2 ⁺	11		1923	IS=7.68 7 *
¹¹⁷ Sn ^m	-90083.2 0.5	314.58 0.04	14.00 d 0.05	11/2 ⁻	12		1950	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Sn ⁿ	-87991.4 0.6	2406.4 0.4	1.75 μ s 0.07	(19/2 ⁺)	11		1979	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Sb	-88640 8		2.80 h 0.01	5/2 ⁺	11		1947	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Sb ^m	-85509 8	3130.76 0.19	355 μ s 17	(25/2 ⁺)	11		1970	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Sb ⁿ	-85409 8	3230.7 0.2	290 ns 5	(23/2 ⁻)	11		1987	IT=100 *
¹¹⁷ Te	-85095 13		62 m 2	1/2 ⁺	11		1958	$\beta^+ =100; e^+ =25$ 1 *
¹¹⁷ Te ^m	-84799 13	296.1 0.5	103 ms 3	(11/2 ⁻)	11	99Mo30 J	1963	IT ? *
¹¹⁷ I	-80436 26		2.22 m 0.04	(5/2 ⁺)	11		1969	$\beta^+ =100; e^+ \approx 77$ *
¹¹⁷ Xe	-74185 10		61 s 2	5/2 ⁽⁺⁾	11		1969	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =0.0029$ 6 *
¹¹⁷ Cs	-66490 60		8.4 s 0.6	9/2 ⁺ #	11		1972	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Cs ^m	-66340# 100#	150# 80#	6.5 s 0.4	3/2 ⁺ #	11		1978	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁷ Cs ^x	-66440 80	50 50	R = ?	spmix				
¹¹⁷ Ba	-57620 190		1.75 s 0.07	(3/2 ⁺) ⁽⁺⁾	11	97Ja12 D	1977	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =13$ 3; ... *
¹¹⁷ La	-46590# 300#		21.7 ms 1.8	(3/2 ⁺)	11	11Li28 TJ	2001	p = ?; $\beta^+ =6.1$ #; $\beta^+ p ?$ *
¹¹⁷ La ^m		non existent RN	10 ms 5	(9/2 ⁺)	11	01So02 I		
* ¹¹⁷ Tc	T : symmetrized from 11Ni01=89(+95-30)							
* ¹¹⁷ Ru	T : symmetrized from 06Mo07=142(+18-17)							
* ¹¹⁷ Ru ^m	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=2.487(+0.058-0.055)							
* ¹¹⁷ Rh	T : average 06Mo07=394(+47-43) 91Pe10=440(40)							
* ¹¹⁷ Ag	T : symmetrized from 72.8(+2.0-0.7)							
* ¹¹⁷ Ag ^m	J : E3 to ground-state 1/2 ⁻ #							
* ¹¹⁷ Ba	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha =0.024$ 8							
* ¹¹⁷ Ba	D : $\beta^+ p$ from 97Ja12. $\beta^+ p/\beta^+ \alpha =350-1200$ from 85Ti02 yields $\beta^+ \alpha =0.011\% -0.037\%$							
* ¹¹⁷ La	T : average 11Li28=20.1(2.5) 01Ma69=24(3) 01So02=22(5)							
* ¹¹⁷ La ^m	I : reported in 01So02 with E=121(10) keV. Not observed in 11Li28							
¹¹⁸ Tc	-43790# 400#		30# ms (>300 ns)	2 ⁺ #	06	95Cz.A I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$
¹¹⁸ Ru	-57260# 300#		130 ms 40	0 ⁺	06		1994	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$ *
¹¹⁸ Rh	-64888 24		281 ms 17	(4 ⁻ 10) ⁽⁺⁾	06	06Mo07 T	1994	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n =3.1$ 14 *
¹¹⁸ Pd	-75388.9 2.5		1.9 s 0.1	0 ⁺	06		1969	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁸ Ag	-79553.8 2.5		3.76 s 0.15	1 ⁻	95	93Ja03 J	1967	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁸ Ag ^m	-79508.0 2.5	45.79 0.09	0.1 μ s	0 ⁽⁻⁾ to 2 ⁽⁻⁾	95		1989	IT=100 *
¹¹⁸ Ag ⁿ	-79426.2 2.5	127.63 0.10	2.0 s 0.2	4 ⁽⁺⁾	95		1971	$\beta^- =59; IT=41$ *
¹¹⁸ Ag ^p	-79274.4 2.5	279.37 0.20	0.1 μ s	(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁺)	95		1989	IT=100 *
¹¹⁸ Cd	-86702 20		50.3 m 0.2	0 ⁺	95		1961	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁸ In	-87228 8		5.0 s 0.5	1 ⁺	95		1949	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁸ In ^m	-87130# 50#	100# 50#	4.364 m 0.007	5 ⁺	95	94It.A T	1964	$\beta^- =100$ *
¹¹⁸ In ⁿ	-86990# 50#	240# 50#	8.5 s 0.3	8 ⁻	95		1969	IT=98.6 3; $\beta^- =1.4$ 3 *
¹¹⁸ Sn	-91652.9 0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	95		1924	IS=24.22 9 *
¹¹⁸ Sn ^m	-89078.0 0.5	2574.91 0.04	230 ns 10	7 ⁻	95		1961	IT=100 *
¹¹⁸ Sn ⁿ	-88544.8 0.5	3108.06 0.22	2.52 μ s 0.06	(10 ⁺)	95	11Fo15 J	1973	IT=100 *
¹¹⁸ Sb	-87996 3		3.6 m 0.1	1 ⁺	95		1947	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁸ Sb ^m	-87945 3	50.814 0.021	20.6 μ s 0.6	(3 ⁺)	95		1975	IT=100 *
¹¹⁸ Sb ⁿ	-87746 5	250 6	5.00 h 0.02	8 ⁻	95		1947	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁸ Te	-87697 18		6.00 d 0.02	0 ⁺	95		1948	$\epsilon =100$ *
¹¹⁸ I	-80971 20		13.7 m 0.5	2 ⁻	95		1957	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁸ I ^m	-80782 20	188.8 0.7	8.5 m 0.5	(7 ⁻)	95	03Mo36 E	1968	$\beta^+ \approx 100; IT=?$ *
¹¹⁸ Xe	-78079 10		3.8 m 0.9	0 ⁺	95		1965	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁸ Cs	-68409 13		14 s 2	2	95		1969	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =0.021$ 14; ... *
¹¹⁸ Cs ^m	-68310# 60#	100# 60#	17 s 3	(7 ⁻)	95	93Be46 J	1972	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =0.021$ 14; ... *
¹¹⁸ Cs ^x	-68404 12	5 4	R < 0.1	spmix				
¹¹⁸ Ba	-62350# 200#		5.2 s 0.2	0 ⁺	06	97Ja12 T	1997	$\beta^+ =100$ *
¹¹⁸ La	-49620# 300#		200# ms					$\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$
* ¹¹⁸ Ru	T : symmetrized from 06Mo07=123(+48-35)							
* ¹¹⁸ Rh	T : average 06Mo07=266(+22-21) 00Jo18=310(30) J : from 00Jo18							
* ¹¹⁸ In ⁿ	E : 138.2(0.5) keV above ¹¹⁸ In ^m , from ENSDF							
* ¹¹⁸ I ^m	E : from a least-squares fit to level scheme of 03Mo36							
* ¹¹⁸ Cs	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha =0.0012$ 5							
* ¹¹⁸ Cs	D : derived from $\beta^+ p =0.042(6)\%$, $\beta^+ \alpha =0.0024(4)\%$ for mixture of ground-state and isomer.							
* ¹¹⁸ Cs	D : Replaced by uniform distributions from zero to values for each isomer							
* ¹¹⁸ Cs ^m	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha =0.0012$ 5							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^{π}	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹¹⁹ Tc	-40370# 500#			20# ms (>400 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	10	100h02 I	2010	β^{-} ?; β^{-n} ?; β^{-2n} ?
¹¹⁹ Ru	-52560# 300#			170# ms (>300 ns)		09	97Be70 I	1997	β^{-} ?; β^{-n} ?; β^{-2n} ?
¹¹⁹ Ru ^m	-52330# 300#	227.1	0.7	384 ns 22			12Ka.B ETD	2012	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Rh	-62823 9			171 ms 18	7/2 ⁺ #	09		1994	β^{-} =100; β^{-n} =6.4 16
¹¹⁹ Pd	-71408 8			920 ms 80	3/2 ⁺ #	09	06Mo07 TD	1991	β^{-} =100; β^{-n} =?
¹¹⁹ Pd ^m	-71110# 150#	300#	150#	3# ms	11/2 ⁻ #				IT?; β^{-} ?
¹¹⁹ Ag	-78646 15			6.0 s 0.5	1/2 ⁻ #	09		1975	β^{-} =100
¹¹⁹ Ag ^m	-78626# 25#	20#	20#	2.1 s 0.1	7/2 ⁺ #	09		1975	β^{-} =100
¹¹⁹ Cd	-83980 40			2.69 m 0.02	1/2 ⁺	09	12Yo.A J	1961	β^{-} =100
¹¹⁹ Cd ^m	-83830 40	146.54	0.11	2.20 m 0.02	11/2 ⁻	09	12Yo.A J	1974	β^{-} =100
¹¹⁹ In	-87700 7			2.4 m 0.1	9/2 ⁺	09		1949	β^{-} =100
¹¹⁹ In ^m	-87389 7	311.37	0.03	18.0 m 0.3	1/2 ⁻	09		1973	β^{-} =95.6; IT=4.4
¹¹⁹ In ⁿ	-87046 7	654.27	0.07	130 ns 15	(3/2) ⁺	09		1974	IT=100
¹¹⁹ In ^p	-85043 7	2656.9	1.8	240 ns 25	(25/2 ⁺)	09		2002	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Sn	-90065.1 0.7			STABLE	1/2 ⁺	09		1925	IS=8.59 4
¹¹⁹ Sn ^m	-89975.6 0.7	89.531	0.013	293.1 d 0.7	11/2 ⁻	09		1950	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Sn ⁿ	-87938.1 1.2	2127.0	1.0	9.6 μ s 1.2	(19/2 ⁺)	09		1992	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Sb	-89474 8			38.19 h 0.22	5/2 ⁺	09		1947	ϵ =100
¹¹⁹ Sb ^m	-86920 8	2553.6	0.3	130 ns 3	19/2 ⁻	09	91Io02 J	1991	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Sb ⁿ	-86622 11	2852	7	850 ms 90	27/2 ⁺ #	09		1979	IT=100
¹¹⁹ Te	-87181 8			16.05 h 0.05	1/2 ⁺	09		1948	ϵ =97.94 5; e^{+} =2.06 5
¹¹⁹ Te ^m	-86920 8	260.96	0.05	4.70 d 0.04	11/2 ⁻	09		1960	ϵ =99.59 4; e^{+} =0.41 4; IT<0.008
¹¹⁹ I	-83766 28			19.1 m 0.4	5/2 ⁺	09		1954	e^{+} =51 4; ϵ =49 4
¹¹⁹ Xe	-78794 10			5.8 m 0.3	5/2 ⁽⁺⁾	09	90Ne.A J	1965	e^{+} =79 5; ϵ =21 5
¹¹⁹ Cs	-72305 14			43.0 s 0.2	9/2 ⁺	09	75Ho09 D	1969	β^{+} =100; β^{+} α <2e-6
¹¹⁹ Cs ^m	-72260# 30#	50#	30#	30.4 s 0.1	3/2 ⁽⁺⁾	09		1978	β^{+} =100
¹¹⁹ Cs ^x	-72289 9	16	11	R = .5 .25	spmix				
¹¹⁹ Ba	-64590 200			5.4 s 0.3	(5/2 ⁺)	09		1974	β^{+} =100; β^{+} p=25 2
¹¹⁹ La	-54970# 300#			1# s	11/2 ⁻ #				β^{+} ?
¹¹⁹ Ce	-44050# 500#			200# ms	5/2 ⁺ #				β^{+} ?; β^{+} p?
* ¹¹⁹ Ru ^m	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=384(+22-21)								
* ¹¹⁹ Pd	T : average 06Mo07=918(111) 91Pe04=920(130)								
* ¹¹⁹ Ag ^m	E : estimated from 7/2 ⁺ level in isotopes ¹¹³ Ag=43 ¹¹⁵ Ag=41 ¹¹⁷ Ag=28								
* ¹²⁹ Cd	J : laser spectroscopy and magnetic moment in 12Yo.A								
* ¹¹⁹ Sb ⁿ	E : estimated less than 20 keV above 2841.7 level								
¹²⁰ Tc	-35520# 500#			10# ms (>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10	100h02 I	2010	β^{-} ?; β^{-n} ?; β^{-2n} ?
¹²⁰ Ru	-50010# 400#			80# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	02	95Cz.A I	2010	β^{-} ?; β^{-n} ?
¹²⁰ Ru ^m	-49850# 400#	157.2	0.7	295 ns 16			12Ka.B ETD	2012	IT=100
¹²⁰ Rh	-58820# 200#			126 ms 8			06 06Mo07 TD	1994	β^{-} =100; β^{-n} <5.4; β^{-2n} ?
¹²⁰ Pd	-70280.2 2.3			492 ms 33	0 ⁺	02	06Mo07 TD	1993	β^{-} =100; β^{-n} <0.7
¹²⁰ Ag	-75652 4			1.23 s 0.04	3 ⁽⁺⁾	02	93Ru01 D	1971	β^{-} =100; β^{-n} <0.003
¹²⁰ Ag ^m	-75449 4	203.0	1.0	371 ms 24	6 ⁽⁻⁾	02	03Wa13 T	1971	β^{-} \approx 63; IT \approx 37
¹²⁰ Cd	-83957 4			50.80 s 0.21	0 ⁺	02		1973	β^{-} =100
¹²⁰ In	-85730 40			3.08 s 0.08	1 ⁺	02		1958	β^{-} =100
¹²⁰ In ^m	-85680# 50#	50#	60#	46.2 s 0.8	5 ⁺	02	87Eb02 J	1960	β^{-} =100
¹²⁰ In ⁿ	-85430# 200#	300#	200#	47.3 s 0.5	8 ⁽⁻⁾	02	79Fo10 J	1960	β^{-} =100
¹²⁰ Sn	-91098.6 0.9			STABLE	0 ⁺	02		1926	IS=32.58 9
¹²⁰ Sn ^m	-88617.0 0.9	2481.63	0.06	11.8 μ s 0.5	7 ⁻	02		1960	IT=100
¹²⁰ Sn ⁿ	-88196.4 0.9	2902.22	0.22	6.26 μ s 0.11	10 ⁺	02	FGK128 J	1987	IT=100
¹²⁰ Sb	-88418 7			15.89 m 0.04	1 ⁺	02		1937	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ Sb ^m	-88420# 100#	0#	100#	5.76 d 0.02	8 ⁻	02		1958	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ Sb ⁿ	-88340 7	78.16	0.05	246 ns 2	(3 ⁺)	02		1976	IT=100
¹²⁰ Sb ^p	-86090 7	2328.3	0.6	400 ns 8		02		1983	IT=100
¹²⁰ Te	-89368 3			STABLE	0 ⁺	02		1936	IS=0.09 1; 2 β^{+} ?
¹²⁰ I	-83753 15			81.67 m 0.18	2 ⁻	02	06Ph01 T	1957	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ I ^m	-83680 15	72.61	0.09	242 ns 5	3 ⁺	02	11Mo27 TJ	1974	IT=100
¹²⁰ I ⁿ	-83433 21	320	15	53 m 4	(7 ⁻)	02		1967	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ Xe	-82172 12			46.0 m 0.6	0 ⁺	02	06Ph01 T	1965	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ Cs	-73889 10			60.4 s 0.6	2 ⁽⁻⁾	02	06Ph01 T	1969	β^{+} =100; β^{+} α <2.0e-5 4; β^{+} p<7e-6 3
¹²⁰ Cs ^m	-73790# 60#	100#	60#	57 s 6	(7 ⁻)	02	75Ho09 D	1977	β^{+} =100; β^{+} α <2.0e-5 4; β^{+} p<7e-6 3
¹²⁰ Cs ^x	-73884 9	5	4	R < 0.1	spmix				
¹²⁰ Ba	-68890 300			24 s 2	0 ⁺	02	92Xu04 T	1974	β^{+} =100
¹²⁰ La	-57690# 300#			2.8 s 0.2		02		1984	β^{+} =100; β^{+} p=?
¹²⁰ Ce	-49800# 500#			250# ms	0 ⁺				β^{+} ?; β^{+} p?
* ¹²⁰ Ru ^m	T : symmetrized from 12Ka.B=294(+16-15)								
* ¹²⁰ Rh	T : average 06Mo07=136(+14-13) 04Wa26=120(10)								
* ¹²⁰ Pd	D : 2v- $\beta\beta$ decay estimated 150(60) Ey								
* ¹²⁰ Ag ^m	T : average 03Wa13=400(30) 71Fo22=320(40)								
* ¹²⁰ Sn ⁿ	J : E2 (from intensity balance) to 8 ⁺ I(354.9)/I(65.7)=8.7(1.0)								
* ¹²⁰ I	T : average 06Ph01=82.1(0.6) 00Ho19=81.7(0.2) 65An05=81.0(0.6)								
* ¹²⁰ I ^m	T : average 11Mo27=244(5) 74Mu10=228(15)								
* ¹²⁰ Cs	D : isomers not distinguished by 75Ho09 in β^{+} α and β^{+} p. Values replaced								
* ¹²⁰ Cs	D : by upper limits for both (see ENSDF evaluation of ¹¹⁸ Cs)								
* ¹²⁰ Cs	T : average 06Ph01=60.0(7) 93Al03=60(2) 77Ge03=64(3) 69Ch18=61.3(1.4)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹²¹ Ru	-45050#	400#	60# ms (>400 ns)			10 10Oh02	I	2010 $\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
¹²¹ Rh	-56430#	300#	160 ms	60		10 06Mo07	TD	1994 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$	
¹²¹ Pd	-66182	3	285 ms	24		10		1994 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- n <0.8$	
¹²¹ Pd ^m	-66047	3	135.5	0.5		10 12Ka.B	ETD	2007 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$	
¹²¹ Pd ⁿ	-66000#	40#	180#	40#		10 12Ka.B	ETD	2007 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$	
¹²¹ Ag	-74403	12	780 ms	20	*	10		1982 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- n =0.080$ 13	
¹²¹ Ag ^m	-74383#	23#	20#	20#	*	10		1982 $\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; IT ?$	
¹²¹ Cd	-81073.8	1.9	13.5 s	0.3		10		1965 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²¹ Cd ^m	-80858.9	1.9	8.3 s	0.8		10		1982 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²¹ In	-85836	27	23.1 s	0.6		10		1960 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²¹ In ^m	-85522	27	313.68	0.07		10		1974 $\beta^- =98.8$ 2; $IT=1.2$ 2	
¹²¹ In ⁿ	-83388	27	2448	1		10 10Re01	ETJ	2010 $IT=100$	
¹²¹ Sn	-89197.5	1.0	27.03 h	0.04		10		1948 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²¹ Sn ^m	-89191.2	1.0	6.31	0.06		10		1962 $IT=77.6$ 20; $\beta^- =22.4$ 20	
¹²¹ Sn ⁿ	-87198.7	1.3	1998.8	0.9		10		1995 $IT=100$	
¹²¹ Sn ^p	-86362.9	2.1	2834.6	1.8		10		1995 $IT=100$	
¹²¹ Sb	-89598.6	2.8				10		1922 $IS=57.21$ 5	
¹²¹ Sb ^m	-86858	12	2741	12		10 09Wa02	EJ	2008 $IT=100$	
¹²¹ Te	-88544	26	19.17 d	0.04		10		1939 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²¹ Te ^m	-88250	26	293.974	0.022		10		1940 $IT=88.6$ 11; $\beta^+ =11.4$ 11	
¹²¹ I	-86252	5	2.12 h	0.01		10		1950 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²¹ I ^m	-83875	5	2376.9	0.4		10		1982 $IT=100$	
¹²¹ Xe	-82481	10	40.1 m	2.0		10		1952 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²¹ Cs	-77102	14	155 s	4		10		1969 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²¹ Cs ^m	-77034	14	68.5	0.3		10		1981 $\beta^+ =83; IT=17$	
¹²¹ Cs ^x	-77056	16	46	8		10			
¹²¹ Ba	-70740	140			$R = 21$	10 75Bo11	D	1975 $\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =0.02$ 1	
¹²¹ La	-62270#	300#	5.3 s	0.2		10		1988 $\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p ?$	
¹²¹ Ce	-52770#	400#	1.1 s	0.1		10		1997 $\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p \approx 1$	
¹²¹ Pr	-41620#	500#	12 ms	5		10		2005 $p \approx 100$	
* ¹²¹ Rh	T: symmetrized from 06Mo07=151(+67-58)								
* ¹²¹ Pd ^m	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=460(+85-92) E: other 07To23=135(3) keV								
* ¹²¹ Pd ⁿ	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=463(+83-94) and assuming two cascading isomers								
* ¹²¹ In ⁿ	T: other 02Lu15=350(50) ns, assigned $J=(25/2^+)$; further studies are needed								
* ¹²¹ In ^m	E: uncertainty not given, estimated by evaluator								
* ¹²¹ Sn ⁿ	E: ¹²¹ Sn ⁿ =1998.8(0.9) and ¹²¹ Sn ^p =2834.6(1.8) are from ENSDF2000, not in 2010								
* ¹²¹ Sb ^m	E: above 2720.9 level and <2761; other 08Jo03=2721.1 + x with x<60 or x<80								
* ¹²¹ Pr	T: symmetrized from 10(+6-3)								
¹²² Ru	-42410#	500#	40# ms (>400 ns)			10 10Oh02	I	2010 $\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
¹²² Ru ^m	-42140#	500#	271.0	0.7		10 12Ka.B	ETD	2012 $IT=100$	
¹²² Rh	-52170#	300#	830 ns	120		07		1997 $\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
¹²² Pd	-64616	20	80# ms (>300 ns)			07		1994 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- n <2.5$	
¹²² Ag	-71110	40	175 ms	16		07		1978 $\beta^- =100; \beta^- n =0.186$ 10	
¹²² Ag ^m	-71030#	60#	80#	50#	*	07		2000 $\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$	
¹²² Ag ⁿ	-71030#	60#	80#	50#	*	07		2000 $\beta^- ?; IT ?; \beta^- n ?$	
¹²² Cd	-80612.4	2.3	5.24 s	0.03		07		1973 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²² In	-83570	50	1.5 s	0.3		07		1963 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²² In ^m	-83530#	80#	40#	60#	*	07		1979 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²² In ⁿ	-83290	130	290	140	BD	07		1979 $\beta^- =100$	
¹²² Sn	-89941.5	2.4				07		1928 $IS=4.63$ 3; $2\beta^- ?$	
¹²² Sn ^m	-87532.5	2.4	2409.03	0.04		07		1979 $IT=100$	
¹²² Sn ⁿ	-87175.9	2.6	2765.6	1.0		07		1992 $IT=100$	
¹²² Sn ^p	-85221.3	2.5	4720.2	0.5		07		2012 $IT=100$	
¹²² Sb	-88333.6	2.8				07		1939 $\beta^- =97.59$ 12; $\beta^+ =2.41$ 12	
¹²² Sb ^m	-88272.2	2.8	61.4131	0.0005		07		1962 $IT=100$	
¹²² Sb ⁿ	-88196.1	2.8	137.4726	0.0008		07		1963 $IT=100$	
¹²² Sb ^p	-88170.0	2.8	163.5591	0.0017		07		1947 $IT=100$	
¹²² Te	-90314.4	1.5				07		1932 $IS=2.55$ 12	
¹²² I	-86080	5	3.63 m	0.06		07		1950 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²² I ^m	-85765	5	314.9	0.4		07		2004 $IT=100$	
¹²² I ⁿ	-85701	5	379.4	0.5		07		2004 $IT=100$	
¹²² I ^p	-85686	5	394.1	0.5		07		2004 $IT=100$	
¹²² I ^r	-85636	5	444.1	0.5		07		2004 $IT=100$	
¹²² Xe	-85355	11	20.1 h	0.1		07		1952 $\epsilon =100$	
¹²² Cs	-78140	30	21.18 s	0.19		07		1969 $\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ \alpha <2e-7$	
¹²² Cs ^m	-78090	30	45.87	0.12		07		1987 $IT=100$	
¹²² Cs ⁿ	-78005	9	140	30	MD	07		1969 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²² Cs ^p	-78010	30	127.07	0.16		07		1969 $IT=100$	
¹²² Cs ^x	-78130	30	14	7		07			
¹²² Ba	-74609	28			$R = 0.1.05$	07		1974 $\beta^+ =100$	
¹²² La	-64540#	300#	1.95 m	0.15		07		1984 $\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p =?$	
¹²² Ce	-57870#	400#	8.6 s	0.5		07		2005 $\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$	
¹²² Pr	-44950#	500#	2# s			07			
* ¹²² Ru ^m	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=820(+130-110)								
* ¹²² Cs	D: $\beta^+ \alpha$ intensity upper limit is from 75Ho09								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
¹²³ Ru	-37360#	500#	20# ms (>400 ns)		10	10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$		
¹²³ Rh	-49510#	400#	60# ms (>400 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #	10	10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$		
¹²³ Pd	-60420#	200#	180 ms 40	3/2 ⁺ #	04	06Mo07	TD	1994	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n=?$ *		
¹²³ Ag	-69550	30	300 ms 5	7/2 ⁺ #	04	06Mo07	D	1976	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n=1.0\ 5$		
¹²³ Ag ^m	-69530#	40#	20#	20#	*	100# ms			$\beta^- ?; IT ?$		
¹²³ Ag ⁿ	-68070	60	1481	50	*	396 ns 37			IT=100 *		
¹²³ Cd	-77414.2	2.7	2.10 s 0.02	(3/2 ⁺)	04				$\beta^- =100$		
¹²³ Cd ^m	-77271	3	143	4	MD	1.82 s 0.03			$\beta^- =?; IT ?$		
¹²³ In	-83430	20	6.17 s 0.05	(9/2 ⁺)	04				$\beta^- =100$		
¹²³ In ^m	-83103	20	327.21	0.04		47.4 s 0.4			$\beta^- =100$		
¹²³ In ⁿ	-81352	20	2078.1	0.6		1.4 μ s 0.2		04Sc42	ETJ	2004	IT=100 *
¹²³ In ^p	-81300	50	2128.1	50.0		> 100 μ s		10Re01	EJT	2010	IT=100 *
¹²³ Sn	-87816.4	2.4	129.2 d 0.4	11/2 ⁻	04				$\beta^- =100$		
¹²³ Sn ^m	-87791.8	2.4	24.6	0.4		40.06 m 0.01			$\beta^- =100$		
¹²³ Sn ⁿ	-85871.4	2.6	1945.0	1.0		7.4 μ s 2.6			IT=100		
¹²³ Sn ^p	-85663.4	2.7	2153.0	1.2		6 μ s			IT=100		
¹²³ Sn ^q	-85103.4	2.8	2713.0	1.4		34 μ s			IT=100		
¹²³ Sb	-89224.8	2.1	STABLE	(7/2 ⁺)	04				IS=42.79 5		
¹²³ Sb ^m	-86987.0	2.1	2237.8	0.3		214 ns 3		09Wa02	ETJ	2005	IT=100 *
¹²³ Sb ⁿ	-86611.4	2.1	2613.4	0.4		65 μ s 1		09Wa02	ETJ	2007	IT=100 *
¹²³ Te	-89172.1	1.5	STABLE	(>2 Py)	04			03Al02	T	1932	IS=0.89 3; $\epsilon=100$
¹²³ Te ^m	-88924.6	1.5	247.47	0.04		119.2 d 0.1				1951	IT=100
¹²³ I	-87944	4	13.2235 h 0.0019	5/2 ⁺	04					1949	$\beta^+ =100$
¹²³ Xe	-85249	10	2.08 h 0.02	1/2 ⁺	04			90Ne.A	J	1952	$\beta^+ =100$
¹²³ Xe ^m	-85064	10	185.18	0.11		5.49 μ s 0.26				1981	IT=100
¹²³ Cs	-81044	12	5.88 m 0.03	1/2 ⁺	04					1954	$\beta^+ =100$
¹²³ Cs ^m	-80888	12	156.27	0.05		1.64 s 0.12				1972	IT=100
¹²³ Cs ⁿ	-80792	23	252	20		114 ns 5		GAu127	E	2000	IT=100 *
¹²³ Cs ^x	-81037	13	7	4		R < 0.1					spmix
¹²³ Ba	-75655	12	2.7 m 0.4	5/2 ⁺	04					1962	$\beta^+ =100$
¹²³ Ba ^m	-75534	12	120.95	0.08		830 ns 60				1991	IT=100
¹²³ La	-68650#	200#	17 s 3	11/2 ⁻ #	04					1978	$\beta^+ =100$
¹²³ Ce	-60290#	300#	3.8 s 0.2	(5/2 ⁺) ^(#)	04					1984	$\beta^+ =100; \beta^+ p=?$
¹²³ Pr	-50340#	400#	800# ms	3/2 ⁺ #							$\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$
* ¹²³ Pd	T : symmetrized from 174(+38-34)										
* ¹²³ Ag ⁿ	E : assumed less than 50 keV above the 1431 keV level										
* ¹²³ In ⁿ	E : derived by NUBASE from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies										
* ¹²³ In ^p	E : no direct depopulating γ seen, assumed less than 50 keV										
* ¹²³ Sb ^m	E : derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies										
* ¹²³ Sb ^m	ETJ : also 07Ju06 2239.1(1.0) keV, 190(30) ns, 19/2 ⁻ ; and										
* ¹²³ Sb ^m	ETJ : 05Po03 2247.1(0.4) keV, 110(10) ns (conflicting), (19/2 ⁻)										
* ¹²³ Sb ⁿ	E : derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies										
* ¹²³ Sb ⁿ	ETJ : also 07Ju06 2614.1(1.0) keV, 66(4) μ s, 23/2 ⁺ ; and										
* ¹²³ Sb ⁿ	ETJ : 08Jo03 2614.2(0.6) keV, 52(3) μ s (conflicting), 23/2 ⁺										
* ¹²³ Cs ⁿ	E : 231.63 + x; x estimated 20#20										
¹²⁴ Ru	-34420#	600#	10# ms (>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10	10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$		
¹²⁴ Rh	-45170#	400#	40# ms (>400 ns)		10	10Oh02	I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$		
¹²⁴ Pd	-58550#	300#	50 ms 30	0 ⁺	08				$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$ *		
¹²⁴ Pd ^m	-58490#	300#	62.2	1.6		> 50 μ s		12Ka.B	ET	2012	IT=100; $\beta^- ?$
¹²⁴ Ag	-66200	250	172 ms 5	3 ⁺ #	08					1984	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n=1.3\ 9$
¹²⁴ Ag ^m	-66200#	270#	0#	100#	*	171 ms 10		11Ba.A	TJ	1995	$\beta^- ?; IT ?$ *
¹²⁴ Ag ⁿ	-65970	250	231.1	0.7		1.7 μ s 0.3		12Ka.B	ET	2012	IT=100 *
¹²⁴ Cd	-76701.7	3.0	1.25 s 0.02	0 ⁺	08					1974	$\beta^- =100$
¹²⁴ In	-80870	30	3.12 s 0.09	(1 ⁺)	08					1964	$\beta^- =100$
¹²⁴ In ^m	-80890	50	-20	60	BD *	3.7 s 0.2				1974	$\beta^- \approx 100; IT ?$
¹²⁴ Sn	-88234.2	1.0	STABLE	(>100 Py)	0 ⁺	08		52Ka41	T	1922	IS=5.79 5; $2\beta^- ?$
¹²⁴ Sn ^m	-86029.6	1.0	2204.620	0.023		270 ns 60				1979	IT=100 *
¹²⁴ Sn ⁿ	-85909.2	1.0	2325.01	0.04		3.1 μ s 0.5				1979	IT=100 *
¹²⁴ Sn ^p	-85577.6	1.1	2656.6	0.5		45 μ s 5				1992	IT=100 *
¹²⁴ Sn ^q	-83682.8	1.2	4551.4	0.7		260 ns 25				2012	IT=100
¹²⁴ Sb	-87621.0	2.1	60.20 d 0.03	3 ⁻	08					1939	$\beta^- =100$
¹²⁴ Sb ^m	-87610.1	2.1	10.8627	0.0008		93 s 5				1947	IT=75 5; $\beta^- =25\ 5$
¹²⁴ Sb ⁿ	-87584.2	2.1	36.8440	0.0014		20.2 m 0.2				1947	IT=100
¹²⁴ Sb ^p	-87580.2	2.1	40.8038	0.0007		3.2 μ s 0.3				1989	IT=100
¹²⁴ Te	-90525.3	1.5	STABLE	0 ⁺	08					1932	IS=4.74 14
¹²⁴ I	-87365.7	2.4	4.1760 d 0.0003	2 ⁻	08					1938	$\beta^+ =100$

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
... A-group continued ...											
¹²⁴ Xe	-87661.1	1.8	STABLE	(>200 Ty)	0 ⁺	08	1922	IS=0.0952 3; 2β ⁺ ?			
¹²⁴ Cs	-81731	8	30.9 s	0.4	1 ⁺	08	1969	β ⁺ =100			
¹²⁴ Cs ^m	-81268	8	462.63	0.14	6.3 s	0.2	(7) ⁺	08	IT=100		
¹²⁴ Cs ^r	-81701	22	30	20	R=?			spmix			
¹²⁴ Ba	-79090	12			11.0 m	0.5	0 ⁺	08	β ⁺ =100		
¹²⁴ La	-70260	60			* & 29.21 s	0.17	(7 ⁻ , 8 ⁻)	08	92Id01 J 1978	β ⁺ =100	
¹²⁴ La ^m	-70160#	120#	100#	100#	* & 21 s	4	low(+ [#])	08	92Id01 J 1992	β ⁺ =100	
¹²⁴ Ce	-64920#	300#			9.1 s	1.2	0 ⁺	08	97As05 T 1978	β ⁺ =100	
¹²⁴ Pr	-53150#	400#			1.2 s	0.2		08		1986	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p=?
¹²⁴ Nd	-44530#	500#			500# ms		0 ⁺				β ⁺ ?; β ⁺ p ?
* ¹²⁴ Pd	T : symmetrized from 38(+38-19)								**		
* ¹²⁴ Ag ^m	T : average 11Ba.A=172(12) and 167(19)								**		
* ¹²⁴ Ag ⁿ	J : feeding to 8 ⁺ and 10 ⁺ levels in 11Ba.A would be consistent with J=9								**		
* ¹²⁴ Ag ^r	T : symmetrized from 1.62(+0.29-0.24)								**		
* ¹²⁴ Sn ^m	J : E1 to 4 ⁺ ; L(p,p)=5 for ¹²⁴ Sn ^m ; E2 to 5 ⁻ for ¹²⁴ Sn ⁿ ; E2 to 8 ⁺ for ¹²⁴ Sn ^p								**		
* ¹²⁴ Ce	T : average 97As05=10.8(1.5) 78Bo32=6(2)								**		
¹²⁵ Rh	-42210#	500#			20# ms	(>400 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #	11	10Oh02 I 2010	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n ?; β ⁻ 2n ?	
¹²⁵ Pd	-54220#	400#			80# ms	(>400 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	11	08Oh06 I 2008	β ⁻ ?; β ⁻ n=6.2#	
¹²⁵ Ag	-64230	600			* 166 ms	7	7/2 ⁺ #	11		1994	β ⁻ =100; β ⁻ n=?
¹²⁵ Ag ^m	-64210#	600#	20#	20#	* 50# ms		1/2 ⁻ #				β ⁻ ?; IT ?
¹²⁵ Ag ⁿ	-62780	600	1453	50	499 ns	21	(17/2 ⁻)	11	12Ka.B ETJ 2009	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Cd	-73348.1	2.9			680 ms	40	3/2 ⁺ #	11		1986	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ Cd ^m	-73162	3	186	4	MD 480 ms	30	11/2 ⁻ #	11		1986	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ Cd ⁿ	-71840	70	1512	70	19 μs	3	(19/2 ⁺)	11	11Si32 EJT 2011	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ In	-80477	27			2.36 s	0.04	9/2 ⁺	11		1967	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ In ^m	-80117	27	360.12	0.09	12.2 s	0.2	1/2 ⁽⁻⁾	11		1974	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ In ⁿ	-78468	27	2009.4	0.7	9.4 μs	0.6	(19/2 ⁺)	11		1998	IT=100
¹²⁵ In ^p	-78316	27	2161.2	0.9	5.0 ms	1.5	(23/2 ⁻)	11		1998	IT=100
¹²⁵ Sn	-85896.4	1.0			9.64 d	0.03	11/2 ⁻	11		1939	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ Sn ^m	-85868.9	1.0	27.50	0.14	9.52 m	0.05	3/2 ⁺	11		1939	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ Sn ⁿ	-84003.6	1.0	1892.8	0.3	6.2 μs	0.2	19/2 ⁺	11	08Lo07 J 2000	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Sn ^p	-83836.9	1.1	2059.5	0.4	600 ns	200	23/2 ⁺	11	FGK128 J 2008	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Sn ^q	-83272.9	1.1	2623.5	0.5	230 ns	17	(27/2 ⁻)	11	08Lo07 T 2000	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Sb	-88256.3	2.6			2.7586 y	0.0003	7/2 ⁺	11		1951	β ⁻ =100
¹²⁵ Sb ^m	-86285.1	2.6	1971.25	0.20	4.1 μs	0.2	15/2 ⁻	11		2007	IT=100
¹²⁵ Sb ⁿ	-86144.2	2.6	2112.1	0.3	28.0 μs	0.7	19/2 ⁻	11	FGK128 J 2007	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Sb ^q	-85785.3	2.6	2471.0	0.4	272 ns	16	(23/2 ⁺)	11		2007	IT=100
¹²⁵ Te	-89023.0	1.5			STABLE		1/2 ⁺	11		1931	IS=7.07 15
¹²⁵ Te ^m	-88878.2	1.5	144.775	0.008	57.40 d	0.15	11/2 ⁻	11		1949	IT=100
¹²⁵ I	-88837.2	1.5			59.407 d	0.010	5/2 ⁺	11		1947	ε=100
¹²⁵ Xe	-87193.0	1.8			16.9 h	0.2	1/2 ⁽⁺⁾	11		1950	β ⁺ =100
¹²⁵ Xe ^m	-86940.4	1.8	252.61	0.14	56.9 s	0.9	9/2 ⁽⁻⁾	11		1954	IT=100
¹²⁵ Xe ⁿ	-86897.1	1.8	295.89	0.15	140 ns	30	7/2 ⁽⁺⁾	11		1979	IT=100
¹²⁵ Cs	-84088	8			46.7 m	0.1	1/2 ⁽⁺⁾	11		1954	β ⁺ =100
¹²⁵ Cs ^m	-83822	8	266.1	1.1	900 μs	30	(11/2 ⁻)	11	98Su16 J 1998	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Ba	-79669	11			3.3 m	0.3	1/2 ⁽⁺⁾ #	11		1968	β ⁺ =100
¹²⁵ Ba ^m	-79559	23	110	20	2.76 μs	0.14	(7/2 ⁻)	11	FGK128 J 1989	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ La	-73759	26			64.8 s	1.2	11/2 ⁻ #	11		1973	β ⁺ =100
¹²⁵ La ^m	-73652	26	107.00	0.10	390 ms	40	(3/2 ⁺)	11	99Ca21 J 1998	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Ce	-66660#	200#			9.7 s	0.3	(7/2 ⁻)	11	02Pe15 J 1978	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p=?	
¹²⁵ Ce ^m	-66570#	200#	93.6	0.4	13 s	10	(1/2 ⁺)	11	07Su07 ETJ 2007	IT=100	*
¹²⁵ Pr	-58030#	300#			3.3 s	0.7	3/2 ⁺ #	11		2002	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p ?
¹²⁵ Nd	-47600#	400#			650 ms	150	(5/2) ⁽⁺⁾ #	11		1999	β ⁺ =100; β ⁺ p>0
* ¹²⁵ Pd	I : 08Oh06>400ns (BigRips) 08Be33>300ns (Frs)								**		
* ¹²⁵ Ag ⁿ	T : other recent 09St28=470(110)								**		
* ¹²⁵ Cd ⁿ	E : 11Si32=1461.8(0.5) keV above the 11/2 ⁻ isomer								**		
* ¹²⁵ Sn ^p	J : E2 to 19/2 ⁺ for ¹²⁵ Sn ^p ; E2 to 23/2 ⁻ for ¹²⁵ Sn ^q								**		
* ¹²⁵ Sb	T : rounded from 2.75856(0.00025)								**		
* ¹²⁵ Sb ⁿ	J : E2 to 15/2 ⁻ T : others recent 10Re01=25(4) 07Ju06=25(4)								**		
* ¹²⁵ Cs ^m	T : was erroneously 900(30) ms in NUBASE2003								**		
* ¹²⁵ Ba ^m	E : 67.7(0.4) above 5/2 ⁺ # level at estimated 30#20 J : E1 to 5/2 ⁺								**		
* ¹²⁵ La ^m	J : 3/2 ⁺ # from trends in La isotopes; low spin and even-parity from 99Ca21								**		
* ¹²⁵ Ce ^m	T : symmetrized from 134(+641-61) s for fully ionized ion; icc=38.1 for a								**		
* ¹²⁵ Ce ^m	T : 93.6(0.4) keV, E3 transition; ENSDF quotes 3.4(2.7) s								**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)				
^{126}Rh	-37760#	500#	10# ms (>400 ns)		10	10Oh02	I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
^{126}Pd	-52020#	500#	60# ms (>400 ns)	0^+	10	08Oh06	I	2008	β^- ?; β^-n ?			
^{126}Ag	-60780#	200#	55 ms	2^+ #	03	11Ba.A	T	1994	β^- =100; β^-n =?			
$^{126}\text{Ag}^m$	-60680#	220#	100#	8^- #		11Ba.A	T	1995	β^+ =100; IT ?; β^-n ?			
$^{126}\text{Ag}^n$	-60530#	200#	254.8	0.5		12Ka.B	ET	2012	IT=100			
^{126}Cd	-72256.8	2.5	515 ms	17	0^+			1978	β^- =100			
^{126}In	-77773	27	1.53 s	0.01	$3^{(+)#}$			03	1974	β^- =100		
$^{126}\text{In}^m$	-77710	50	70	60	BD	*			03	1970	β^- =100	
$^{126}\text{In}^n$	-77530	27	243.3	0.2			04Sc42	ETJ	2003	IT=100		
^{126}Sn	-86015	10	230 ky	14	0^+			03	1962	β^- =100		
$^{126}\text{Sn}^m$	-83796	10	2218.99	0.08			12As05	T	1979	IT=100	*	
$^{126}\text{Sn}^n$	-83451	10	2564.5	0.5			12As05	TJ	2000	IT=100	*	
$^{126}\text{Sn}^p$	-81669	10	4345.7	0.8			12As05	EJT	2012	IT=100		
^{126}Sb	-86390	30	12.35 d	0.06	(8^-)		03		1956	β^- =100		
$^{126}\text{Sb}^m$	-86370	30	17.7	0.3	(5^+)		03		1956	β^- =86 4; IT=14 4		
$^{126}\text{Sb}^n$	-86350	30	40.4	0.3	(3^-)		03		1976	IT=100		
$^{126}\text{Sb}^p$	-86290	30	104.6	0.3	(3^+)		03		1976	IT=100		
^{126}Te	-90065.3	1.5	STABLE		0^+		03		1924	IS=18.84 25		
^{126}I	-87911	4	12.93 d	0.05	2^-		03		1938	β^+ =52.7 5; β^- =47.3 5		
$^{126}\text{I}^m$	-87800	4	111.00	0.23	3^+		12Mo.A	EJT	2012	IT=100		
^{126}Xe	-89146	4	STABLE		0^+		03		1922	IS=0.0890 2; $2\beta^+$?		
^{126}Cs	-84350	10	1.64 m	0.02	1^+		03		1954	β^+ =100		
$^{126}\text{Cs}^m$	-84077	10	> 1 μs				03		1993	IT=100		
$^{126}\text{Cs}^n$	-83754	10	171 μs	14			03		1993	IT=100		
^{126}Ba	-82670	12	100 m	2	0^+		03		1954	β^+ =100		
^{126}La	-74970	90	54 s	2	$(5)^{(+)#}$		03		1961	β^+ =100		
$^{126}\text{La}^m$	-74760	400	210	410	BD	*			03	1997	β^+ =100	
^{126}Ce	-70821	28	51.0 s	0.3	0^+		03		1978	β^+ =100		
^{126}Pr	-60320#	200#	3.12 s	0.18	$(4,5,6)$		03	88Ba42	T	1983	β^+ =100; β^+p =?	
^{126}Nd	-52990#	300#	1# s (>200 ns)		0^+		03	00So11	I	2000	β^+ ?; β^+p ?	
^{126}Pm	-39200#	500#	500# ms								β^+ ?; β^+p ?	
* $^{126}\text{Sn}^m$	T : average 12As05=6.6(1.4) 10TI01=5.6(0.8)									**		
* $^{126}\text{Sn}^n$	T : average 12As05=7.7(0.5) 10TI01=7.5(0.3)									**		
* $^{126}\text{La}^m$	T : 97As05: "by far shorter than 50 s"									**		
* ^{126}Pr	T : average 95Os03=3.14(0.22) 88Ba42=3.0(0.4) 83Ni05=3.2(0.6)									**		
^{127}Pd	-47440#	500#	40# ms (>400 ns)		$3/2^+$ #	12	10Oh02	I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?		
^{127}Ag	-58580#	200#	79 ms	3	$7/2^+$ #	11	96Wo.A	TD	1995	β^- =100; β^-n =?		
$^{127}\text{Ag}^m$	-58560#	200#	20# ms		$1/2^-$ #					β^- ?; IT ?	*	
^{127}Cd	-68491	13	370 ms	70	$3/2^+$ #	11			1986	β^- =100; β^-n ?		
$^{127}\text{Cd}^m$	-68490#	100#	0#	100#						β^- ?; IT ?		
$^{127}\text{Cd}^n$	-66930#	100#	1560#	100#				10Na17	ETJ	2010	IT=100	
^{127}In	-76898	21	1.09 s	0.01	$9/2^{(+)}$	11	87Eb02	J	1975	β^- =100; $\beta^-n<0.03$		
$^{127}\text{In}^m$	-76489	21	408.9	0.3	$1/2^-$ #	11			1974	β^- =100; $\beta^-n=0.69 4$		
$^{127}\text{In}^n$	-75030	60	1870	60	BD				2004	β^- =100; β^-n ?		
$^{127}\text{In}^p$	-74533	21	2364.7	0.9				04Sc42	ETJ	2004	IT=100	
^{127}Sn	-83471	10	2.10 h	0.04	$11/2^-$	11			1951	β^- =100		
$^{127}\text{Sn}^m$	-83466	10	5.07	0.06	$3/2^+$	11			1962	β^- =100		
$^{127}\text{Sn}^n$	-81644	10	1826.67	0.16	$4.52 \mu\text{s}$	0.15	$19/2^+$	11	08Lo07	J	2000	IT=100
$^{127}\text{Sn}^p$	-81540	10	1930.97	0.17	$1.26 \mu\text{s}$	0.15	$(23/2^+)$	11		2004	IT=100	
$^{127}\text{Sn}^d$	-80919	10	2552.4	1.0			$(27/2^-)$	11	08Lo07	J	2008	IT=100
^{127}Sb	-86699	5	3.85 d	0.05	$7/2^+$	11			1939	β^- =100		
$^{127}\text{Sb}^m$	-84779	5	1920.19	0.21	$11 \mu\text{s}$	1	$15/2^-$	11	09Wa24	J	1974	IT=100
$^{127}\text{Sb}^n$	-84374	5	2324.7	0.4			$23/2^+$	11	09Wa24	TJ	2005	IT=100
^{127}Te	-88281.7	1.5	9.35 h	0.07	$3/2^+$	11			1938	β^- =100		
$^{127}\text{Te}^m$	-88193.5	1.5	88.23	0.07			$11/2^-$	11	1940	IT=97.6 2; β^- =2.4 2		
^{127}I	-88984	4	STABLE		$5/2^+$	11			1920	IS=100.		
^{127}Xe	-88322	4	36.346 d	0.003	$1/2^+$	11			1950	ϵ =100		
$^{127}\text{Xe}^m$	-88025	4	297.10	0.08	69.2 s	0.9	$9/2^-$	11	1940	IT=100		
^{127}Cs	-86240	6	6.25 h	0.10	$1/2^+$	11			1950	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{Cs}^m$	-85788	6	452.23	0.21	$55 \mu\text{s}$	3	$(11/2)^-$	11	1980	IT=100		
^{127}Ba	-82818	11	12.7 m	0.4	$1/2^+$	11			1952	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{Ba}^m$	-82738	11	80.32	0.11	1.93 s	0.07	$7/2^-$	11	1992	IT=100		
^{127}La	-77896	26	5.1 m	0.1	$(11/2^-)$	11			1963	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{La}^m$	-77882	26	14.2	0.4	3.7 m	0.4	$(3/2^+)$	11	1963	$\beta^+\approx 100$		
^{127}Ce	-71979	29	34 s	2	$(1/2^+)$	11			1978	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{Ce}^m$	-71972	29	7.3	1.1	28.6 s	0.7	$5/2^+$ #	11	1978	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{Ce}^n$	-71942	29	36.8	1.2	> 10 μs		$(7/2^-)$	11	1995	IT=100		
^{127}Pr	-64540#	200#	4.2 s	0.3	$3/2^+$ #	11			1995	β^+ =100		
$^{127}\text{Pr}^m$	-63940#	280#	50# ms		$11/2^-$	11	98Mo30	J	1998	β^+ ?; IT ?		
^{127}Nd	-55540#	300#	1.8 s	0.4	$5/2^+$ #	11			1983	β^+ =100; β^+p =?		
^{127}Pm	-44790#	400#	1# s		$5/2^+$ #					β^+ ?; p ?		
* ^{127}Ag	T : supersedes 95Fe12=109(25) from same group									**		
* $^{127}\text{Cd}^n$	E : 1560.1(0.5) keV above $^{127}\text{Cd}^m$ T : other 12Ka.B=11.0(+9.2-3.5)									**		
* $^{127}\text{In}^p$	E : derived by NUBASE from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies									**		
* $^{127}\text{Sb}^n$	T : also 05Po03=165(20) conflicting, not used									**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...								
^{129}Pr	-69774	30				96 96Gi08 J	1977	$\beta^+=100$
$^{129}\text{Pr}^m$	-69390	30	382.7	0.5	&	97Gi07 EJD	1997	IT=100
^{129}Nd	-62320#	200#				08 10Xu12 T	1977	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
$^{129}\text{Nd}^m$	-62270#	220#	50#	100#		10Xu12 TD	2010	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
^{129}Pm	-52880#	300#				08	2004	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p?$
^{129}Sm	-42140#	500#				(3/2 ⁺ , 1/2 ⁺) 08	1999	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p?$
* ^{129}Ag	T: symmetrized from 46(+5-9)							
* $^{129}\text{Ag}^m$	T: 00Kr18≈160 ms is not convincing							
* ^{129}Cd	J: laser spectroscopy and magnetic moment in 12Yo.A							
* $^{129}\text{Cd}^m$	J: laser spectroscopy and magnetic moment in 12Yo.A							
* ^{129}In	T: average 93Ru01=611(5) 86Wa17=610(10) J: from 04Ga24							
* $^{129}\text{In}^m$	D: ...; $\beta^-n=2.5$							
* $^{129}\text{In}^n$	T: other 12Ka.B=11.3(+2.2-1.6)							
* $^{129}\text{Sn}^n$	T: average 08Lo07=3.4(0.4) 04Ga24=3.2(0.2) 00Pi03=3.7(0.2) 00Ge07=3.6(0.2)							
* $^{129}\text{Sn}^p$	E: for MeV isomers derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies							
* $^{129}\text{Sn}^m$	T: average 08Lo07=2.4(4) 04Ga24=2.0(2) 00Ge07=2.4(2)							
* $^{129}\text{Sn}^q$	T: average 11Pi05=217(19) 08Lo07=270(70)							
* ^{129}Ce	J: from 96Gi08 (5/2 ⁺ in ENSDF was from theory)							
* ^{129}Nd	T: average 10Xu12=6.7(0.7) 97Gi07=7(1); 85Wi07=4.9(0.2) is for gs+m mixture							
^{130}Ag	-45920#	330#				08 05Kr20 T	2000	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=98\#; \beta^-2n=2\#$
^{130}Cd	-61530	160				08 01Ha39 TD	1986	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=3.5$ 10
$^{130}\text{Cd}^m$	-59400	160	2129.5	1.0		08 12Ka.B ET	2007	IT=100
^{130}In	-69880	40			*	08	1973	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=0.93$ 13
$^{130}\text{In}^m$	-69830	40	50	50	BD *	08	1973	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=1.65$ 15
$^{130}\text{In}^n$	-69480	50	400	60	BD	08	1986	$\beta^-=100; \beta^-n=1.65$ 15
$^{130}\text{In}^p$	-69490	40	388.3	0.2		08 12Ka.B T	2003	IT=100
^{130}Sn	-80132.9	2.1				01	1972	$\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{Sn}^m$	-78186.0	2.1	1946.88	0.10		01 05Le34 J	1974	$\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{Sn}^n$	-77698.1	2.1	2434.79	0.12		01 11Pi05 T	1981	IT=100
^{130}Sb	-82286	14				01 02Ge07 J	1962	$\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{Sb}^m$	-82281	14	4.80	0.20		(4,5) ⁺ 01	1962	$\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{Sb}^n$	-82201	14	84.67	0.04		01 02Ge07 TJ	2002	IT=100
$^{130}\text{Sb}^p$	-80741	14	1544.7	0.5		02Ge07 ETJ	2002	IT=100
^{130}Te	-87352.947	0.011				01 96Ta04 TD	1924	IS=34.08 62; 2 $\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{Te}^m$	-85206.54	0.04	2146.41	0.04		01 04Va03 T	1972	IT=100
$^{130}\text{Te}^n$	-84685.7	0.8	2667.2	0.8		(10) ⁺ 01 04Br19 E	1998	IT=100
$^{130}\text{Te}^p$	-82977.5	1.8	4375.4	1.8		01	1998	IT=100
^{130}I	-86936	3				01	1938	$\beta^-=100$
$^{130}\text{I}^m$	-86896	3	39.9525	0.0013		01	1966	IT=84.2; $\beta^-=16$ 2
$^{130}\text{I}^n$	-86866	3	69.5865	0.0007		(6) ⁻ 01	1989	IT=100
$^{130}\text{I}^p$	-86854	3	82.3960	0.0019		(8) ⁻ 01	1989	IT=100
$^{130}\text{I}^q$	-86851	3	85.1099	0.0010		(6) ⁻ 01	1975	IT=100
^{130}Xe	-89880.462	0.009			STABLE	01	1922	IS=4.0710 13
^{130}Cs	-86900	8				1 ⁺ 01	1952	$\beta^+=98.4; \beta^+=1.6$
$^{130}\text{Cs}^m$	-86737	8	163.25	0.11		3.46 m 0.06	1977	IT≈100; $\beta^+=0.16$ 2
$^{130}\text{Cs}^x$	-86873	17	27	15	R = .2 .1	fsmix		
^{130}Ba	-87261.7	2.6			STABLE (>4.0 Zy)	01 96Ba24 T	1936	IS=0.106 1; 2 $\beta^+?$
$^{130}\text{Ba}^m$	-84786.6	2.6	2475.12	0.18		8 ⁻ 01 02Mo31 T	1969	IT=100
^{130}La	-81627	26				3 ⁽⁺⁾ 01	1961	$\beta^+=100$
^{130}Ce	-79423	28				0 ⁺ 01	1965	$\beta^+=100$
$^{130}\text{Ce}^m$	-76969	28	2453.6	0.3		(7) ⁻ 01	1999	IT=100
^{130}Pr	-71180	60				(6,7) ⁽⁺⁾ 01	1977	$\beta^+=100$
$^{130}\text{Pr}^m$	-71080#	120#	100#	100#		2 ⁺ # 01 88Ba42 J	1988	$\beta^+?$
^{130}Nd	-66596	28				0 ⁺ 01 01Gi17 T	1977	$\beta^+=100$
^{130}Pm	-55400#	200#				(5 ⁺ , 6 ⁺ , 4 ⁺) 01 99Xi03 J	1985	$\beta^+=100; \beta^+p=?$
^{130}Sm	-47510#	400#				0 ⁺ 01	1999	$\beta^+?$
^{130}Eu	-33820#	500#				(1 ⁺) 08	2004	$p≈100; \beta^+=1\#; \beta^+p?$
* $^{130}\text{Cd}^m$	T: average 12Ka.B=248(+21-19) 07Ju05=220(30)							
* $^{130}\text{In}^p$	T: symmetrized from 12Ka.B=5.25(+0.40-0.35); other 04Sc42=3.1(0.3)							
* ^{130}Te	T: see also numerous (not used) results in 95Tr07							
* ^{130}Te	T: treated in ENSDF'01 as a lower limit (not accepted by NUBASE)							
* $^{130}\text{Te}^m$	T: other conflicting data: 72Ke28=115(11) J: E1 to 6 ⁺ , E2 to 4 ⁺							
* $^{130}\text{Te}^n$	E: other: less than 25 keV above 2648.57(0.22) (8 ⁺) level, see ENSDF'01							
* $^{130}\text{Te}^p$	T: other conflicting data, not used: 98Zh09=4.2(0.9) μ s							
* $^{130}\text{Ba}^m$	T: others 66Br14=8.8(0.2) 69Wa.A=13.5(1.0) not used							
* $^{130}\text{Pr}^m$	J: 88Ba42: there is also a low-spin component in ^{130}Pr activity							
* $^{130}\text{Pr}^n$	J: see also the discussion in 01Gi17 on three isomeric states in ^{130}Pr							
* ^{130}Nd	T: other 00Xu08=13(3) 77Bo02=28(3) conflicting, not used							
* ^{130}Eu	T: symmetrized from 0.90(+0.49-0.29) D: estim from β^+ half-live=49# ms							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹³¹ Cd	-55330#	200#	68 ms	3		00Ha55	TD	2000	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 3.5$ 10; $\beta^- 2n$?
¹³¹ In	-68025.6	2.7	280 ms	30		93Ru01	D	1976	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 2.2$ 3
¹³¹ In ^m	-67660	7	366	8	MD			1984	$\beta^- \approx 100$; ... *
¹³¹ In ⁿ	-64290	90	3740	90	BD			1984	$\beta^- > 99$; ... *
¹³¹ In ^p	-64242.0	2.7	3783.6	0.5		09Go40	TJ	2009	IT=100 *
¹³¹ Sn	-77272	6				05Le34	J	1963	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³¹ Sn ^m	-77207	6	65.1	0.3		04Fo06	E	1977	$\beta^- = 100$; IT < 0.0004# *
¹³¹ Sn ⁿ	-72602	6	4670.0	0.3		12Ka.B	T	2001	IT=100 *
¹³¹ Sb	-81981.9	2.1						1956	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³¹ Sb ^m	-80305.8	2.1	1676.06	0.06				1969	IT=100
¹³¹ Sb ⁿ	-80294.7	2.3	1687.2	0.9				2000	IT=100
¹³¹ Sb ^p	-79816.3	2.6	2165.6	1.5				2000	IT=100
¹³¹ Te	-85211.01	0.06						1939	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³¹ Te ^m	-85028.75	0.06	182.258	0.018		08Ea01	T	1940	$\beta^- = 74.1$ 5; IT=25.9 5
¹³¹ I	-87442.8	0.6						1939	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³¹ I ^m	-85524.4	0.7	1918.4	0.42				2009	IT=100 *
¹³¹ Xe	-88413.63	0.22						1920	IS=21.2324 30
¹³¹ Xe ^m	-88249.70	0.22	163.930	0.008				1966	IT=100
¹³¹ Cs	-88059	5						1947	$\epsilon = 100$
¹³¹ Ba	-86683.9	2.6				12Da04	T	1947	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³¹ Ba ^m	-86495.9	2.6	187.995	0.009		12Da04	T	1963	IT=100
¹³¹ La	-83769	28						1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³¹ La ^m	-83464	28	304.60	0.24				1966	IT=100
¹³¹ Ce	-79710	30						1966	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³¹ Ce ^m	-79650	30	63.09	0.09		96Gi08	E	1966	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³¹ Pr	-74300	50				96Gi08	T	1977	$\beta^+ = 100$ *
¹³¹ Pr ^m	-74150	50	152.4	0.3				1996	IT=96.4 12; $\beta^+ = 3.6$ 12
¹³¹ Nd	-67768	28						1977	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = ?$
¹³¹ Pm	-59920#	200#				99Ga41	T	1998	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³¹ Sm	-50130#	400#						1986	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = ?$
¹³¹ Eu	-39270#	400#						1998	$p = 89$ 9; $\beta^+ ?$; $\beta^+ p ?$
* ¹³¹ In ^m	D : ... ; $\beta^- n \leq 2.0$ 4; IT < 0.018								**
* ¹³¹ In ⁿ	D : ... ; $\beta^- n = 0.028$ 5; IT < 1								**
* ¹³¹ In ^p	T : average 12Ka.B=685(+42-39) 09Go40=630(60) J : from 09Go40								**
* ¹³¹ Sn ^m	J : from 05Le34								**
* ¹³¹ Sn ⁿ	E : 4605.02(0.21) above the 58.4 s 11/2 ⁻ level								**
* ¹³¹ Sn ⁿ	T : average 12Ka.B=309(+24-23) 84Fo19=300(20)								**
* ¹³¹ I ^m	E : derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies								**
* ¹³¹ Pr	T : average 96Gi08=1.57(0.07) 93Al03=1.48(0.02) 83Ga.A=1.58(0.05)								**
¹³² Cd	-50260#	200#						2000	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 60$ 15; $\beta^- 2n$?
¹³² In	-62410	60						1973	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 6.3$ 9; $\beta^- 2n$?
¹³² Sn	-76543.9	2.9						1963	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³² Sn ^m	-71695.4	2.9	4848.52	0.20		12Ka.B	T	1986	IT=100 *
¹³² Sb	-79635.6	2.7						1956	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³² Sb ^m	-79440	30	200	30		89St06	E	1956	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³² Sb ⁿ	-79381.1	2.7	254.5	0.3				1974	IT=100
¹³² Te	-85188	3						1948	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³² Te ^m	-83413	3	1774.80	0.09				1973	IT=100
¹³² Te ⁿ	-83263	3	1925.47	0.09		FGK128	J	1979	IT=100 *
¹³² Te ^p	-82465	3	2723.3	0.8				1979	IT=100
¹³² I	-85703	4						1948	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³² I ^m	-85594	10	110	11	BD			1973	IT=86 2; $\beta^- = 14$ 2
¹³² Xe	-89278.963	0.005						1920	IS=26.9086 33
¹³² Xe ^m	-86526.75	0.17	2752.21	0.17				1976	IT=100
¹³² Cs	-87156.2	2.0						1953	$\beta^+ = 98.13$ 9; $\beta^- = 1.87$ 9
¹³² Ba	-88435.0	1.1				96Ba24	T	1936	IS=0.101 1; 2 β^+ ?
¹³² La	-83720	40						1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³² La ^m	-83530	40	188.20	0.11				1969	IT=76; $\beta^+ = 24$
¹³² Ce	-82471	20						1960	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³² Ce ^m	-80130	20	2341.15	0.21		09Pe31	J	1969	IT=100
¹³² Pr	-75210	60			*	94Bu18	TJ	1974	$\beta^+ = 100$ *
¹³² Pr ^m	-75210#	120#	0#	100#	*	90Ko25	J	1990	$\beta^+ ?$
¹³² Nd	-71426	24				95Bu11	T	1977	$\beta^+ = 100$ *
¹³² Pm	-61630#	150#						1977	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p \approx 5e-5$
¹³² Sm	-55080#	300#						1989	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p ?$
¹³² Eu	-42230#	400#				93Li40	D		$\beta^+ ?$; $\beta^+ p ?$; $p = 0$
* ¹³² Sn ^m	T : average 12Ka.B=2.088(0.017) 94Fo14=2.03(4); other 82Ka25=1.7(2)								**
* ¹³² Te ⁿ	J : E1 to 6 ⁺								**
* ¹³² Pr	T : average 94Bu18=1.47(0.12) 74Ar27=1.6(0.3)								**
* ¹³² Nd	T : average 95Bu11=1.47(0.12) 77Bo02=1.75(0.17)								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹³³ Cd	-43920#	300#	57 ms	10			2010	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 0.47\%; \beta^- 2n = 98.6\%$ *
¹³³ In	-57460#	200#	165 ms	3			1996	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 85.10; \beta^- 2n ?$ *
¹³³ In ^m	-57130#	200#	180# ms			96Ho16 J	1996	IT ?; $\beta^- ?$
¹³³ Sn	-70874.2	2.4	1.46 s	0.03			1973	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 0.0294$ 24
¹³³ Sb	-78923	3	2.34 m	0.05			1966	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³³ Sb ^m	-74360	100	16.54 μ s	0.19			1978	IT=100
¹³³ Te	-82932	4	12.5 m	0.3			1940	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³³ Te ^m	-82598	4	55.4 m	0.4			1957	$\beta^- = 83.5$ 20; IT=16.5 20
¹³³ Te ⁿ	-81322	4	100 ns	5			2001	IT=100
¹³³ I	-85887	5	20.83 h	0.08			1940	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³³ I ^m	-84253	5	9 s	2			1970	IT=100
¹³³ I ⁿ	-84158	5	1729.137	0.010			1984	IT=100
¹³³ I ^p	-83452	5	2435.00	0.23			2004	IT=100
¹³³ I ^r	-83393	5	469 ns	15			2009	IT=100
¹³³ Xe	-87643.6	2.4	5.2475 d	0.0005			1940	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³³ Xe ^m	-87410.4	2.4	2.198 d	0.013			1951	IT=100
¹³³ Cs	-88070.931	0.008	STABLE				1921	IS=100.
¹³³ Ba	-87553.6	1.0	10.551 y	0.011			1941	$\epsilon = 100$
¹³³ Ba ^m	-87265.3	1.0	38.90 h	0.06			1941	IT \approx 100; $\epsilon = 0.0104$ 5 *
¹³³ La	-85494	28	3.912 h	0.008			1950	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Ce	-82418	16	97 m	4			1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Ce ^m	-82381	16	5.1 h	0.3			1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Pr	-77938	12	6.5 m	0.3			1970	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Pr ^m	-77746	12	1.1 s	0.2			1995	IT=100
¹³³ Nd	-72330	50	70 s	10			1977	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Nd ^m	-72200	50	70 s				1993	$\beta^+ \approx 100; IT = ?$
¹³³ Nd ⁿ	-72150	50	301 ns	18			1993	IT=100
¹³³ Pm	-65410	50	13.5 s	2.1			1977	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³³ Pm ^m	-65280	50	8# s				1996	$\beta^+ ?; IT ?$ *
¹³³ Sm	-57230#	300#	2.89 s	0.16			1977	$\beta^+ = 100; \beta^+ p = ?$
¹³³ Sm ^m	-57110#	310#	3.5 s	0.4			1993	$\beta^+ ?; IT ?; \beta^+ p ?$
¹³³ Eu	-47240#	300#	200# ms					$\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$
¹³³ Gd	-36020#	500#	10# ms					$\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$
* ¹³³ Cd	D : delayed neutrons were observed in 05Kr20 **							
* ¹³³ In	D : $\beta^- n$ intensity is from 93Ru01; delayed neutrons were also seen in 02Di12 **							
* ¹³³ Ba ^m	T : average 12Da04=38.88(0.08) 11Gr01=38.92(0.09) **							
¹³⁴ In	-51660#	300#	140 ms	4	high	04 95Jo.A D	1996	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 65; \beta^- 2n < 4$ *
¹³⁴ Sn	-66432	3	1.050 s	0.011			1974	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 17$ 13
¹³⁴ Sb	-74020.5	1.7	780 ms	60			1967	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?$
¹³⁴ Sb ^m	-73741.5	2.0	10.07 s	0.05			1968	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n = 0.088$ 4
¹³⁴ Te	-82536.0	2.8	41.8 m	0.8			1948	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³⁴ Te ^m	-80844.7	2.8	164.1 ns	0.9			1970	IT=100
¹³⁴ I	-84059	6	52.5 m	0.2			1948	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³⁴ I ^m	-83743	6	3.52 m	0.04			1970	IT=97.7 10; $\beta^- = 2.3$ 10
¹³⁴ Xe	-88124.3	0.8	STABLE	(>11 Py)			1920	IS=10.4357 21; $2\beta^- ?$ *
¹³⁴ Xe ^m	-86158.8	0.9	290 ms	17			1968	IT=100
¹³⁴ Xe ⁿ	-85099.1	1.7	5 μ s	1			2001	IT=100
¹³⁴ Cs	-86891.154	0.016	2.0652 y	0.0004			1940	$\beta^- = 100; \epsilon = 0.0003$ 1
¹³⁴ Cs ^m	-86752.410	0.016	2.912 h	0.002			1975	IT=100
¹³⁴ Ba	-88950.05	0.28	STABLE				1936	IS=2.417 18
¹³⁴ Ba ^m	-85992.9	0.6	2.63 μ s	0.14			1982	IT=100
¹³⁴ La	-85219	20	6.45 m	0.16			1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ La ^m	-84780#	100#	29 μ s	4			1985	IT=100
¹³⁴ Ce	-84833	20	3.16 d	0.04			1951	$\epsilon = 100$
¹³⁴ Ce ^m	-81624	20	308 ns	5			1980	IT=100
¹³⁴ Pr	-78528	20	17 m	2			1967	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ Pr ^m	-78460	20	11 m				1973	$\beta^+ = 100; IT \approx 0$
¹³⁴ Nd	-75646	12	8.5 m	1.5			1970	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ Nd ^m	-73353	12	410 μ s	30			1969	IT=100
¹³⁴ Pm	-66740	60	* & 22 s	1			1977	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ Pm ^m	-66740#	120#	* & 5 s				1988	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ Pm ⁿ	-66620#	80#	20 μ s	1			2009	IT=100
¹³⁴ Sm	-61380#	200#	9.5 s	0.8			1977	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁴ Eu	-49930#	300#	500 ms	200			1989	$\beta^+ = 100; \beta^+ p = ?$
¹³⁴ Gd	-41300#	400#	400# ms					$\beta^+ ?; \beta^+ p ?$
* ¹³⁴ In	D : $\beta^- 2n$ intensity limits is from 95Jo.A **							
* ¹³⁴ Xe	D : and >58Zy and >26Zy for 0v- $\beta\beta$ $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$ and $0^+ \rightarrow 2^+$ respectively **							
* ¹³⁴ La ^m	E : 100#100 keV above 336.44(17) level **							
* ¹³⁴ Pm ^m	E : 70.7(0.2) keV above a 6^+ state that decays via a low-energy γ to 5^+ **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹³⁵ In	-46530#	400#	92 ms	10			2002	β^- ?; $\beta^-_{n=95\#}$; $\beta^- 2n$?	*
¹³⁵ Sn	-60632	3	530 ms	20			1994	$\beta^- =100$; $\beta^-_{n=21}$ 3; $\beta^- 2n$?	
¹³⁵ Sb	-69689.6	2.9	1.679 s	0.015			1964	$\beta^- =100$; $\beta^-_{n=22}$ 3	
¹³⁵ Te	-77727.9	2.7	19.0 s	0.2			1969	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁵ Te ^m	-76173.0	2.7	1554.89	0.16			1980	IT=100	
¹³⁵ I	-83789	5	6.58 h	0.03			1940	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁵ Xe	-86417	4	9.14 h	0.02			1940	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁵ Xe ^m	-85890	4	526.551	0.013			1960	IT \approx 100; $\beta^- =0.30$ 17	*
¹³⁵ Cs	-87581.8	1.0	2.3 My	0.3			1949	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁵ Cs ^m	-85948.9	1.8	1632.9	1.5			1962	IT=100	
¹³⁵ Ba	-87850.71	0.27			STABLE		1932	IS=6.592 12	
¹³⁵ Ba ^m	-87582.49	0.27	268.218	0.020			1948	IT=100	
¹³⁵ La	-86644	9	19.5 h	0.2			1948	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁵ Ce	-84616	10	17.7 h	0.3			1948	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁵ Ce ^m	-84170	10	445.81	0.21			1963	IT=100	
¹³⁵ Pr	-80936	12	24 m	1			1954	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁵ Pm ^m	-80578	12	358.06	0.06			1973	IT=100	
¹³⁵ Nd	-76214	19	12.4 m	0.6			1970	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁵ Nd ^m	-76149	19	64.95	0.24			1970	$\beta^+ >99.97$; IT<0.03	
¹³⁵ Pm	-70030	70	49 s	3			1975	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁵ Pm ^m	-69830#	50#	200#	80#			1989	$\beta^+ =100$	*
¹³⁵ Sm	-62860	150	10.3 s	0.5	*		1977	$\beta^+ =100$; $\beta^+_{p=0.02}$ 1	
¹³⁵ Sm ^m	-62860#	340#	0#	300#	*		1989	$\beta^+ =100$	*
¹³⁵ Eu	-54150#	200#	1.5 s	0.2			1989	$\beta^+ =100$; β^+_{p} ?	
¹³⁵ Gd	-44290#	400#	1.1 s	0.2			1996	$\beta^+ =100$; $\beta^+_{p=18}$	
¹³⁵ Tb	-32830#	400#	1.01 ms	0.28			2004	$p \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$	*
* ¹³⁵ In	D : delayed neutrons were observed in 02Di12								**
* ¹³⁵ Xe ^m	D : β^- ranging from 0.004% to 0.6%								**
* ¹³⁵ Pm ^m	E : Trends of 11/2 ⁻ level in Pm isotopes: ¹³³ Pm: 129.7(0.7) ¹³⁵ Pm: 150#50								**
* ¹³⁵ Pm ^m	E : ¹³⁷ Pm: 150(50) ¹³⁹ Pm: 188.7(0.3) ¹⁴¹ Pm: 628.40(0.10) ¹⁴³ Pm: 959.7(0.1)								**
* ¹³⁵ Pm ^m	E : (N>82) ¹⁴⁵ Pm: 794.6(0.4) ¹⁴⁷ Pm: 649.3(0.4) ¹⁴⁹ Pm: 240.215(0.007)								**
* ¹³⁵ Pm ^m	E : ENSDF2008 : 68.7 + y								**
* ¹³⁵ Sm ^m	I : existence of ¹³⁵ Sm ^m and spins of both states are discussed in ENSDF								**
* ¹³⁵ Tb	T : symmetrized from 940(+330-220) μ s								**
¹³⁶ Sn	-55900#	400#	290 ms	13			1994	$\beta^- =100$; $\beta^-_{n=28}$ 3; $\beta^- 2n$?	*
¹³⁶ Sb	-64510	6	923 ms	14			1976	$\beta^- =100$; $\beta^-_{n=16.3}$ 32; $\beta^- 2n=0.28\#$	*
¹³⁶ Sb ^m	-64233	6	277.0	0.7			2001	IT=100	*
¹³⁶ Te	-74425.8	2.4	17.63 s	0.08			1974	$\beta^- =100$; $\beta^-_{n=1.31}$ 5	
¹³⁶ I	-79545	14	83.4 s	1.0			1949	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁶ I ^m	-79339	5	206	15	BD		1959	$\beta^- =100$; IT=0	
¹³⁶ Xe	-86429.152	0.010			STABLE		1920	IS=8.8573 44; $2\beta^- ?$	
¹³⁶ Xe ^m	-84537.449	0.017	1891.703	0.014			1969	IT=100	
¹³⁶ Cs	-86338.9	1.9	13.16 d	0.03			1951	$\beta^- =100$	
¹³⁶ Cs ^m	-85821.0	1.9	517.9	0.1			1981	IT=?; $\beta^- ?$	*
¹³⁶ Ba	-88887.14	0.27			STABLE		1932	IS=7.854 24	
¹³⁶ Ba ^m	-86856.67	0.27	2030.466	0.018			1965	IT=100	
¹³⁶ Ba ⁿ	-85529.7	0.5	3357.4	0.4			2004	IT=100	*
¹³⁶ La	-86040	50	9.87 m	0.03			1950	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁶ La ^m	-85780	50	259.3	0.4			1966	IT=100	
¹³⁶ Ce	-86508.6	0.4			STABLE		1936	IS=0.185 2; $2\beta^+ ?$	*
¹³⁶ Ce ^m	-83413.1	0.6	3095.5	0.4			1991	IT=100	
¹³⁶ Pr	-81340	11	13.1 m	0.1			1968	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁶ Nd	-79199	12	50.7 m	0.3			1968	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁶ Pm	-71180	70	107 s	6	* &		1982	$\beta^+ =100$	*
¹³⁶ Pm ^m	-71070	90	110	120	BD * &		1988	$\beta^+ =100$	*
¹³⁶ Pm ⁿ	-71110	70	68	25			1987	IT=100	*
¹³⁶ Sm	-66811	12	47 s	2			1982	$\beta^+ =100$	
¹³⁶ Sm ^m	-64546	12	2264.7	1.1			1994	IT=100	
¹³⁶ Eu	-56240#	200#	3.3 s	0.3	*		1987	$\beta^+ =100$; $\beta^+_{p=0.09}$ 3	
¹³⁶ Eu ^m	-56240#	540#	0#	500#	*		1987	$\beta^+ =100$; $\beta^+_{p=0.09}$ 3	
¹³⁶ Gd	-49090#	300#	1# s	(>200 ns)			2000	$\beta^+ ?$; β^+_{p} ?	
¹³⁶ Tb	-36060#	500#	200# ms					$\beta^+ ?$; β^+_{p} ?	
* ¹³⁶ Sn	T : average 11Ar18=300(15) 02Sh08=250(30)								**
* ¹³⁶ Sn	D : β^- n average 11Ar18=27(4)% 02Sh08=30(5)%								**
* ¹³⁶ Sb ^m	T : others 07Si27=480(100) 01Mi22=570(50)								**
* ¹³⁶ Cs ^m	E : also 83We07=518(5)								**
* ¹³⁶ Ba ⁿ	T : other 04Sh15=94(10) outweighed								**
* ¹³⁶ Ce	T : also 11Be02>18Py; both for 2v- $\beta\beta$ and 1 σ								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm	J : expected 5 ⁺ n9/2[514]+p1/2[550]; supported by observed direct feeding								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm	J : to I=4,5,6 levels following ¹³⁶ Pm β^+ decay								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm ^m	I : the existence of this level is uncertain								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm ⁿ	E : 08Ri05=42.7(0.2) keV above a long-lived state that could be either the								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm ⁿ	E : ground-state or an excited level located <50 keV above the ground-state owing to non-								**
* ¹³⁶ Pm ⁿ	E : observation of any decay radiation								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹³⁷ Sn	-49790#	500#	273 ms	7		11Ar18 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^- n=50 8; β^- 2n ?
¹³⁷ Sb	-60030	300	484 ms	22		11Ar18 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^- n=49 6; β^- 2n ?
¹³⁷ Te	-69304.2	2.5	2.49 s	0.05			1975	β^- =100; β^- n=2.99 16
¹³⁷ I	-76356	8	24.13 s	0.12		93Ru01 T	1943	β^- =100; β^- n=7.14 23 *
¹³⁷ Xe	-82383.40	0.10	3.818 m	0.013			1943	β^- =100
¹³⁷ Cs	-86545.8	0.3	30.08 y	0.09			1951	β^- =100
¹³⁷ Ba	-87721.45	0.28	STABLE				1932	IS=11.232 24
¹³⁷ Ba ^m	-87059.79	0.28	661.659	0.003			1965	IT=100
¹³⁷ Ba ^m	-85372.3	0.6	2349.1	0.5			1973	IT=100
¹³⁷ La	-87140.9	1.7	60 ky	20			1948	ϵ =100
¹³⁷ La ^m	-85271.4	1.7	1869.50	0.21			1982	IT=100
¹³⁷ Ce	-85918.8	0.4	9.0 h	0.3			1948	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Ce ^m	-85664.5	0.4	254.29	0.05			1958	IT=99.21 4; β^+ =0.79 4
¹³⁷ Pr	-83202	8	1.28 h	0.03			1958	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Pr ^m	-82641	8	561.22	0.23			1987	IT=100
¹³⁷ Nd	-79585	12	38.5 m	1.5			1970	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Nd ^m	-79066	12	519.43	0.20			1970	IT=100
¹³⁷ Pm	-74073	13	2# m				1975	β^+ ?
¹³⁷ Pm ^m	-73930	50	150	50	BD		1973	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Sm	-68030	40	45 s	1			1986	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Sm ^m	-67850#	60#	180#	50#				β^+ ?
¹³⁷ Eu	-60120#	200#	8.4 s	0.5		88Be.A T	1982	β^+ =100
¹³⁷ Gd	-51210#	300#	2.2 s	0.2			1999	β^+ =100; β^+ p=?
¹³⁷ Tb	-40970#	500#	600# ms					p ?; β^+ ?
* ¹³⁷ Sb	T : average 11Ar18=492(25) 02Sh08=450(50)							
* ¹³⁷ Sb	D : β^- n average 11Ar18=49(8)% 02Sh08=49(10)%							
* ¹³⁷ Te	J : syst of N=85 isotones. ENSDF'07 gives (7/2 ⁻) from shell-model prediction							
* ¹³⁷ Te	D : from 93Ru01 evaluation							
* ¹³⁷ I	T : supersedes 74Ru08=24.5(0.2) from same group							
¹³⁸ Sn	-44860#	600#	100# ms	(>400 ns)		10 10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^- n ?; β^- 2n ?
¹³⁸ Sb	-54540#	300#	350 ms	15		03 11Ar18 TD	1994	β^- =100; β^- n=72 8; β^- 2n ?
¹³⁸ Te	-65696	4	1.4 s	0.4			1975	β^- =100; β^- n=6.3 21
¹³⁸ I	-71980	6	6.23 s	0.03		03 93Ru01 D	1949	β^- =100; β^- n=5.46 18 *
¹³⁸ I ^m	-71912	6	67.9	0.5			2007	IT=100 *
¹³⁸ Xe	-79972.2	2.8	14.08 m	0.08		03 07Rz01 EJT	1943	β^- =100
¹³⁸ Cs	-82887	9	33.41 m	0.18		03	1943	β^- =100
¹³⁸ Cs ^m	-82807	9	79.9	0.3		03	1971	IT=81 2; β^- =19 2
¹³⁸ Cs ^x	-82847	25	40	23				R=? fsmix
¹³⁸ Ba	-88261.86	0.29	STABLE				1925	IS=71.698 42
¹³⁸ Ba ^m	-86171.32	0.30	800 ns	100			1971	IT=100
¹³⁸ La	-86522	3	102 Gy	1			1947	IS=0.08881 71; ... *
¹³⁸ La ^m	-86449	3	72.57	0.03			1975	IT=100
¹³⁸ Ce	-87569	10	STABLE	(>57 Py)		03 11Be02 T	1936	IS=0.251 2; $2\beta^+$? *
¹³⁸ Ce ^m	-85440	10	2129.17	0.12			1960	IT=100
¹³⁸ Pr	-83132	14	1.45 m	0.05			1951	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Pr ^m	-82781	18	351	19	BD		1958	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Nd	-82018	12	5.04 h	0.09			1965	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Nd ^m	-78843	12	3174.9	0.4			1975	IT=100
¹³⁸ Pm	-74940	28	10 s	2			1981	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Pm ^m	-74911	13	30	30	BD *		1973	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Pm ⁿ			non existent		EU			β^+ =100 *
¹³⁸ Sm	-71498	12	3.1 m	0.2			1982	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Eu	-61750	28	12.1 s	0.6			1982	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Gd	-55660#	200#	4.7 s	0.9			1985	β^+ =100
¹³⁸ Gd ^m	-53430#	200#	2233.1	0.5			1997	IT=100 *
¹³⁸ Tb	-43670#	300#	800# ms	(>200 ns)		03 00So11 I	1993	β^+ ?; β^+ p ?; p=0 *
¹³⁸ Dy	-34930#	400#	200# ms					β^+ ?; β^+ p ?
* ¹³⁸ I	J : from 07Rz01							
* ¹³⁸ I ^m	E : unc. assigned by evaluator J : 67.9 E2 γ ray (delayed) to (1 ⁻)							
* ¹³⁸ La	D : ...; β^+ =65.6 5; β^- =34.4 5							
* ¹³⁸ Ce	T : also 01Da22>150Ty; both for 2v- $\beta\beta$ and 1 σ							
* ¹³⁸ Pm ⁿ	D : arguments for a second isomer of intermediate spin are not convincing							
* ¹³⁸ Gd ^m	E : for least-squares fit to γ -ray energies in 11Pr02							
* ¹³⁸ Tb	D : from 93Li40							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹³⁹ Sb	-49790#	400#	93 ms	13		11Ar18 TD	1994	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 90$ 10; $\beta^- 2n$?
¹³⁹ Te	-60205	4	500# ms	(>150 ns)		94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; $\beta^- n$?
¹³⁹ I	-68459	29	2.282 s	0.010		93Ru01 T	1949	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 10.0$ 3
¹³⁹ Xe	-75644.6	2.1	39.68 s	0.14			1951	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³⁹ Cs	-80701	3	9.27 m	0.05			1939	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³⁹ Ba	-84913.97	0.29	83.25 m	0.08		12Da04 T	1937	$\beta^- = 100$
¹³⁹ La	-87228.6	2.3	STABLE				1924	IS=99.91119 71
¹³⁹ La ^m	-85428.7	2.4	1799.9	0.5		12As06 T	2012	IT=100
¹³⁹ Ce	-86950	7	137.641 d	0.020			1948	$\epsilon = 100$
¹³⁹ Ce ^m	-86196	7	754.24	0.08		94It.A T	1967	IT=100
¹³⁹ Pr	-84821	8	4.41 h	0.04			1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁹ Nd	-82015	28	29.7 m	0.5			1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁹ Nd ^m	-81784	28	231.15	0.05			1951	$\beta^+ = 88.2$ 4; IT=11.8 4
¹³⁹ Nd ⁿ	-79400#	60#	2620#	50#		08Fe02 T	1980	IT=100
¹³⁹ Pm	-77501	14	4.15 m	0.05			1967	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁹ Pm ^m	-77312	14	188.7	0.3			1975	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ = 0.16$ #
¹³⁹ Sm	-72380	11	2.57 m	0.10			1971	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁹ Sm ^m	-71923	11	457.40	0.22			1973	IT=93.7 5; $\beta^+ = 6.3$ 5
¹³⁹ Eu	-65398	13	17.9 s	0.6			1975	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹³⁹ Eu ^m	-65250	13	148.2	0.2		11Cu01 ETJ	2011	IT=100
¹³⁹ Gd	-57630#	200#	*	5.7 s	0.3	99Xi04 T	1983	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = ?$
¹³⁹ Gd ^m	-57380#	250#	250#	150#	*		1983	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = ?$
¹³⁹ Tb	-48130#	300#	1.6 s	0.2			1999	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p$?
¹³⁹ Dy	-37640#	500#	600 ms	200			1999	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p$?
* ¹³⁹ I	T : average 93Ru01=2.280(0.011) 80Al15=2.29(0.02)							
* ¹³⁹ Ba	T : average 12Da04=83.25(0.08) 72Em01=82.71(0.18) 62Fr04=82.9(0.2)							
* ¹³⁹ Ba	T : other not used 80Ge04=83.06(0.28)							
* ¹³⁹ Nd ⁿ	T : 80Mu10 > 141 ns E : 50#50 keV above 2570.9(0.6) level							
* ¹³⁹ Gd	T : average 99Xi04=5.8(0.9) 88Be.A=5.8(0.4); other 83Ni05=4.9(1.0) not used							
* ¹³⁹ Gd	T : since it corresponds to a mixture of ground-state and isomer							
* ¹³⁹ Gd ^m	D : assuming that the delayed protons reported in 83Ni05 are from both states							
¹⁴⁰ Sb	-43940#	600#	100# ms	(>400 ns)		10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; $\beta^- n = 50$ #; $\beta^- 2n = 16$ #
¹⁴⁰ Te	-56357	28	300# ms	(>300 ns)			1994	β^- ?; $\beta^- n$?
¹⁴⁰ I	-63600	180	860 ms	40			1972	$\beta^- = 100$; $\beta^- n = 9.3$ 10; $\beta^- 2n$?
¹⁴⁰ Xe	-72986.5	2.3	13.60 s	0.10			1951	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Cs	-77050	8	63.7 s	0.3			1950	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Cs ^m	-77036	8	13.931	0.021			1974	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Ba	-83270	8	12.7527 d	0.0023			1939	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁴⁰ La	-84318.2	2.3	40.285 h	0.003			1935	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Ce	-88079.2	2.2	STABLE				1925	IS=88.450 51
¹⁴⁰ Ce ^m	-85971.3	2.2	2107.86	0.03			1966	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Pr	-84691	6	3.39 m	0.01			1938	$\epsilon^+ = 51.3$ 18; $\epsilon = 48.7$ 18
¹⁴⁰ Pr ^m	-84563	6	127.8	0.3			1964	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Pr ⁿ	-83927	6	763.7	0.5			1964	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Nd	-84254	26	3.37 d	0.02			1949	$\epsilon = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Nd ^m	-82033	26	2221.4	0.1			1962	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Nd ⁿ	-76824	26	7429.6	0.7		08Fe02 ETJ	2008	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Pm	-78210	40	9.2 s	0.2			1966	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Pm ^m	-77782	13	430	40	BD		1966	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Sm	-75456	12	14.82 m	0.12			1967	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Eu	-66990	50	1.51 s	0.02			1982	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Eu ^m	-66780	50	210	15			1988	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ < 1$
¹⁴⁰ Eu ⁿ	-66320	50	669	15			2002	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Gd	-61782	28	15.8 s	0.4			1985	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁴⁰ Tb	-50480	800	2.32 s	0.16		06Xu03 T	1986	$\beta^+ = 100$; $\beta^+ p = 0.26$ 13
¹⁴⁰ Dy	-42830#	500#	700# ms				2002	$\beta^+ ?$; $\beta^+ p$?
¹⁴⁰ Dy ^m	-40660#	500#	2166.1	0.5			2002	IT=100
¹⁴⁰ Ho	-29260#	500#	6 ms	3			1999	$p = ?$; $\beta^+ = 1$ #; $\beta^+ p$?
* ¹⁴⁰ Pr	T : other: 07Li71=7.3(0.4) for q=59 ⁺ (bare ion) 3.04(0.10) for q=58 ⁺							
* ¹⁴⁰ Pr	T : (H-like ion) and 3.84(0.15) for q=57 ⁺ (He-like ion)							
* ¹⁴⁰ Pr	D : $\epsilon^+ = 42.4$ (2.3)%; $\epsilon = 57.6$ (2.3)% for q=58 ⁺ (H-like ion) and							
* ¹⁴⁰ Pr	D : $\epsilon^+ = 51.2$ (3.1)%; $\epsilon = 48.8$ (3.1)% for q=57 ⁺ (He-like ion)							
* ¹⁴⁰ Nd ⁿ	E : uncertainty not given, estimated by evaluator							
* ¹⁴⁰ Eu ^m	E : less than 50 keV above 185.3 level, from ENSDF, thus 185.3 + 25(15)							
* ¹⁴⁰ Eu ⁿ	E : 459.5(0.3) keV above ¹⁴⁰ Eu ^m							
* ¹⁴⁰ Tb	T : average 06Xu03=2.0(0.5) 00Xu08=2.1(0.4) 91Fi03=2.4(0.2) 86Wi15=2.4(0.4)							
* ¹⁴⁰ Ho	D : from estimated β^+ half-life 400# ms; p observed in 99Ry04							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
¹⁴¹ Te	-50490#	400#	150# ms (>150 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	01	94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
¹⁴¹ I	-59900#	200#	430 ms	20	7/2 ⁺ #	01	1974	β^- =100; β^-n =21 3 *			
¹⁴¹ Xe	-68197.3	2.9	1.73 s	0.01	5/2 ^(-#)	01	1951	β^- =100; β^-n =0.044 5			
¹⁴¹ Cs	-74477	9	24.84 s	0.16	7/2 ⁺	01	1962	β^- =100; β^-n =0.035 3			
¹⁴¹ Ba	-79733	5	18.27 m	0.07	3/2 ⁻	01	1945	β^- =100			
¹⁴¹ La	-82935	4	3.92 h	0.03	(7/2 ⁺)	01	1951	β^- =100			
¹⁴¹ Ce	-85436.0	2.2	32.508 d	0.013	7/2 ⁻	01	1948	β^- =100			
¹⁴¹ Pr	-86016.4	2.1	STABLE		5/2 ⁺	01	1924	IS=100.			
¹⁴¹ Nd	-84193	4	2.49 h	0.03	3/2 ⁺	01	1949	β^+ =100			
¹⁴¹ Nd ^m	-83436	4	756.51	0.05	62.0 s	0.8	11/2 ⁻	01 70Ab05 D	IT \approx 100; β^+ =0.032 8		
¹⁴¹ Pm	-80523	14	20.90 m	0.05	5/2 ⁺	01	1952	β^+ =100			
¹⁴¹ Pm ^m	-79895	14	628.40	0.10	630 ns	20	11/2 ⁻	01	IT=100		
¹⁴¹ Pm ⁿ	-77992	14	2530.9	0.5	> 2 μ s		01		IT=100		
¹⁴¹ Sm	-75934	9	10.2 m	0.2	1/2 ⁺	01	1967	β^+ =100			
¹⁴¹ Sm ^m	-75758	9	176.0	0.3	22.6 m	0.2	11/2 ⁻	01	β^+ \approx 100; IT=0.31 3		
¹⁴¹ Eu	-69926	13	40.7 s	0.7	5/2 ⁺	01	1977	β^+ =100			
¹⁴¹ Eu ^m	-69830	13	96.45	0.07	2.7 s	0.3	11/2 ⁻	01	IT=86 3; β^+ =14 3 *		
¹⁴¹ Gd	-63224	20	14 s	4	(1/2 ⁺)	01	1986	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.03 1 *			
¹⁴¹ Gd ^m	-62846	20	377.8	0.2	24.5 s	0.5	(11/2 ⁻)	01	β^+ =89 2; IT=11 2		
¹⁴¹ Tb	-54540	110	3.5 s	0.2	(5/2 ⁻)	01	1986	β^+ =100			
¹⁴¹ Tb ^m	-54540#	230#	0#	200#	EU *	7.9 s	0.6	11/2 ⁻ #	01 88Be.A I	1988	β^+ =100 *
¹⁴¹ Dy	-45380#	300#	900 ms	140	(9/2 ⁻)	01	06Xu03 T	1984	β^+ =100; β^+p ?		
¹⁴¹ Ho	-34360#	500#	4.1 ms	0.3	(7/2 ⁻)	02		1998	p=2; β^+ =1#; β^+p ?		
¹⁴¹ Ho ^m	-34290#	500#	66	2	7.28 μ s	0.28	(1/2 ⁺)	02	01Se03 ET	1998	p=100 *
* ¹⁴¹ I	D: rounded from 21.2 30; 80Al15=21.2(3.0) included in 93Ru01=22(3)										
* ¹⁴¹ Eu ^m	D: symmetrized from IT=87(+2-4)% and β^+ =13(+4-2)%										
* ¹⁴¹ Gd	J: weak arguments in ENSDF'2001 for Jpi assignment; same for ¹⁴¹ Gd ^m										
* ¹⁴¹ Tb ^m	I: existence discussed in 88Be.A. Provisionally accepted										
* ¹⁴¹ Dy	T: average 06Xu03=900(200) 86Wi15=900(200)										
* ¹⁴¹ Ho	D: from estimated β^+ half-life 200# ms										
* ¹⁴¹ Ho ^m	T: average 08Ka16=7.4(0.3) 01Se03=6.5(+0.9-0.7); other not used 99Ry04=8(3)										
¹⁴² Te	-46370#	500#	100# ms (>150 ns)	0 ⁺	11	94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
¹⁴² I	-54770	370	222 ms	12	2 ⁻ #	11	1975	β^- =100; β^-n =25#; β^-2n ?			
¹⁴² Xe	-65229.6	2.7	1.23 s	0.02	0 ⁺	11	1960	β^- =100; β^-n =0.21 6 *			
¹⁴² Cs	-70518	7	1.684 s	0.014	0 ⁻	11	1962	β^- =100; β^-n =0.090 4			
¹⁴² Ba	-77843	6	10.6 m	0.2	0 ⁺	11	1959	β^- =100 *			
¹⁴² La	-80024	6	91.1 m	0.5	2 ⁻	11	1953	β^- =100			
¹⁴² La ^m	-79878	6	145.82	0.08	870 ns	170	(4 ⁻)	11	1983	IT=100	
¹⁴² Ce	-84532.7	2.7	STABLE		(>50 Py)	0 ⁺	11	1925	IS=11.114 51; α ?; 2 β^- ?		
¹⁴² Pr	-83788.3	2.1	19.12 h	0.04	2 ⁻	11	1935	β^- \approx 100; ϵ =0.0164 8			
¹⁴² Pr ^m	-83784.6	2.1	3.694	0.003	14.6 m	0.5	5 ⁻	11	1967	IT=100	
¹⁴² Nd	-85949.9	1.8	STABLE		0 ⁺	11	1924	IS=27.152 40			
¹⁴² Pm	-81142	24	40.5 s	0.5	1 ⁺	11	1959	ϵ^+ =77.1 27; ϵ =22.9 27			
¹⁴² Pm ^m	-80259	24	883.17	0.16	2.0 ms	0.2	(8 ⁻)	11	1971	IT=100	
¹⁴² Pm ⁿ	-78313	24	2828.7	0.6	67 μ s	5	(13 ⁻)	11	1974	IT=100	
¹⁴² Sm	-78987	3	72.49 m	0.05	0 ⁺	11	1959	β^+ =100			
¹⁴² Sm ^m	-76615	3	2372.1	0.4	170 ns	2	7 ⁻	11	1975	IT=100	
¹⁴² Sm ⁿ	-75325	3	3662.2	0.7	480 ns	60	10 ⁺	11	1979	IT=100	
¹⁴² Eu	-71310	30	2.36 s	0.10	1 ⁺	11	91Fi03 T	1966	β^+ =100 *		
¹⁴² Eu ^m	-70856	12	460	30	BD	1.223 m	0.008	8 ⁻	11	1966	β^+ =100
¹⁴² Gd	-66960	28	70.2 s	0.6	0 ⁺	11	1986	ϵ =52 5; ϵ^+ =48 5			
¹⁴² Tb	-56560	700	597 ms	17	1 ⁺	11	1991	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.0022 11			
¹⁴² Tb ^m	-56280	700	279.7	0.4	303 ms	17	5 ⁻	11	1986	IT=100	
¹⁴² Tb ⁿ	-55910	700	652.1	0.6	26 μ s	1	8 ⁺	11	1989	IT=100	
¹⁴² Dy	-50120#	730#	2.3 s	0.3	0 ⁺	11	1986	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.06 3			
¹⁴² Ho	-37250#	500#	400 ms	100	(7 ⁻ , 8 ⁺)	11	2001	β^+ \approx 100; β^+p =?; p \approx 0 *			
¹⁴² Er	-27850#	500#	10# μ s		0 ⁺					p?	
* ¹⁴² Xe	D: 03Be05=0.21(6) 75As04=0.406(0.034) T 03Be05=1.250(0.025)										
* ¹⁴² Ba	D: β^-n =0.091(0.003)% in ENSDF'00 contradicts $Q(\beta^-n)$ =-2979(7) keV										
* ¹⁴² Ce	T: lower limit is for α decay; for $\beta\beta$ decay 11Be02>300Py 01Da22>260 Py										
* ¹⁴² Pm	T: other: 09Wi09=56(3) for q=61 ⁺ (bare ion) 39.2(0.7) for q=60 ⁺										
* ¹⁴² Pm	T: (H-like ion) and 39.6(1.4) for q=59 ⁺ (He-like ion)										
* ¹⁴² Pm	D: ϵ^+ =71.0(1.3)%; ϵ =29.0(1.3)% for q=60 ⁺ (H-like ion) and										
* ¹⁴² Pm	D: ϵ^+ =79.8(1.0)%; ϵ =20.2(1.0)% for q=59 ⁺ (He-like ion)										
* ¹⁴² Eu	T: average 91Fi03=2.34(0.12) 75Ke08=2.4(0.2)										
* ¹⁴² Ho	D: p=0 from 93Li40										

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
^{143}Te	-40280#	500#	100# ms (>400 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #	12		2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
^{143}I	-50630#	300#	130 ms	45	7/2 ⁺ #	12	1994	β^- ?; $\beta^-n=40\#$; β^-2n ?			
^{143}Xe	-60203	5	511 ms	6	5/2 ⁻	12	03Be05 D	1951	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=1.00$ 15		
^{143}Cs	-67674	22	1.791 s	0.007	3/2 ⁺	12	1962	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=1.64$ 7			
^{143}Ba	-73937	7	14.5 s	0.3	5/2 ⁻	12	1962	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{143}La	-78171	7	14.2 m	0.1	(7/2) ⁺	12	1951	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{143}Ce	-81606.2	2.7	33.039 h	0.006	3/2 ⁻	12	1948	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{143}Pr	-83068.0	2.2	13.57 d	0.02	7/2 ⁺	12	1948	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{143}Nd	-84002.1	1.8	STABLE		7/2 ⁻	12	1933	IS=12.174 26			
^{143}Pm	-82960	3	265 d	7	5/2 ⁺	12	1952	$\epsilon=100$; $e^+ < 5.7e-6$			
^{143}Sm	-79517	3	8.75 m	0.06	3/2 ⁺	12	1956	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{143}\text{Sm}^m$	-78763	3	753.99	0.16	66 s	2	11/2 ⁻	12	1960	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+n=0.24$ 5	
$^{143}\text{Sm}^n$	-76723	3	2793.8	1.3	30 ms	3	23/2 ⁻	12	FGK128 J	1969	IT=100
^{143}Eu	-74241	11	2.59 m	0.02	5/2 ⁺	12	1965	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{143}\text{Eu}^m$	-73851	11	389.51	0.04	50.0 μ s	0.5	11/2 ⁻	12	1978	IT=100	
^{143}Gd	-68230	200	39 s	2	(1/2) ⁺	12	78Fi02 D	1975	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$; $\beta^+\alpha=?$		
$^{143}\text{Gd}^m$	-68080	200	152.6	0.5	110.0 s	1.4	11/2 ⁻	12	78Fi02 D	1973	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$; $\beta^+\alpha=?$
^{143}Tb	-60420	50	12 s	1	(11/2 ⁻)	12	1985	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{143}\text{Tb}^m$	-60420#	110#	0#	100#	< 21 s		5/2 ⁺ #	12	1986	$\beta^+?$	
^{143}Dy	-52169	13	5.6 s	1.0	(1/2) ⁺	12	03Xu04 J	1983	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$		
$^{143}\text{Dy}^m$	-51858	13	310.7	0.6	3.0 s	0.3	(11/2 ⁻)	12	03Xu04 EJD	2003	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$
$^{143}\text{Dy}^n$	-51763	13	406.3	0.8	1.2 μ s	0.3	12	05Ri17 E	2005	IT=100	
^{143}Ho	-42050#	400#	300# ms (>200 ns)		11/2 ⁻ #	12	00So11 I	2000	$\beta^+?$; $\beta^+p?$		
^{143}Er	-31090#	400#	200# ms		9/2 ⁻ #	12			$\beta^+?$; $\beta^+p?$		
* $^{143}\text{Sm}^n$	J : E3 to 17/2 ⁺								**		
* ^{143}Gd	D : 78Fi02: β^+p and/or $\beta^+\alpha$ for $^{143}\text{Gd}+^{143}\text{Gd}^m=0.001\%$, 39 particles detected								**		
* $^{143}\text{Gd}^m$	J : from 05Ba64								**		
* ^{143}Dy	T : 03Xu04=5.6(1.0); 84Ni03=3.2(0.6) 83Ni05=4.1(0.3) in diff. experiments								**		
* $^{143}\text{Dy}^n$	E : 95.6(0.5) above 11/2 ⁻ isomer								**		
^{144}I	-45280#	400#	100# ms (>150 ns)		1 ⁻ #	01	94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; $\beta^-n=40\#$; $\beta^-2n?$		
^{144}Xe	-56872	5	388 ms	7	0 ⁺	01	03Be05 TD	2003	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=3.0$ 3		
^{144}Cs	-63271	25	994 ms	6	1 ⁽⁻⁾	10	1967	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=3.03$ 13			
$^{144}\text{Cs}^m$	-63179	25	92.2	0.5	1.1 μ s	0.1	(4 ⁻)	10	2009	IT=100	
$^{144}\text{Cs}^n$	-62970#	200#	300#	200#	< 1 s		(> 3)	10	1978	$\beta^-n=?$; IT ?	
^{144}Ba	-71767	7	11.5 s	0.2	0 ⁺	01	1967	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{144}La	-74850	13	40.8 s	0.4	(3 ⁻)	01	1967	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{144}Ce	-80432	3	284.91 d	0.05	0 ⁺	01	1945	$\beta^-n=100$			
^{144}Pr	-80750	3	17.28 m	0.05	0 ⁻	01	1951	$\beta^-n=100$			
$^{144}\text{Pr}^m$	-80691	3	59.03	0.03	7.2 m	0.3	3 ⁻	01	1970	IT \approx 100; $\beta^-n=0.07$	
^{144}Nd	-83747.9	1.8	2.29 Py	0.16	0 ⁺	01	1924	IS=23.798 19; $\alpha=100$			
^{144}Pm	-81416	3	363 d	14	5 ⁻	01	94Hi05 D	1952	$\epsilon=100$; $e^+ < 8e-5$		
$^{144}\text{Pm}^m$	-80575	3	840.90	0.05	780 ns	200	(9) ⁺	01	1993	IT=100	
$^{144}\text{Pm}^n$	-72820	4	8595.8	2.2	2.7 μ s		(27 ⁺)	01	1994	IT=100	
^{144}Sm	-81965.4	1.9	STABLE		0 ⁺	01	1933	IS=3.07 7; $2\beta^+?$			
$^{144}\text{Sm}^m$	-79641.8	1.9	2323.60	0.08	880 ns	25	6 ⁺	01	1972	IT=100	
^{144}Eu	-75619	11	10.2 s	0.1	1 ⁺	01	1965	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{144}\text{Eu}^m$	-74491	11	1127.6	0.6	1.0 μ s	0.1	8 ⁻	01	FGK127 J	1976	IT=100
^{144}Gd	-71760	28	4.47 m	0.06	0 ⁺	01	1968	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{144}\text{Gd}^m$	-68327	28	3433.1	0.5	145 ns	30	(10 ⁺)	01	1978	IT=100	
^{144}Tb	-62368	28	1 s		1 ⁺	01	1982	$\beta^+n=100$			
$^{144}\text{Tb}^m$	-61971	28	396.9	0.5	4.25 s	0.15	(6 ⁻)	01	1982	IT=66; $\beta^+n=34$	
$^{144}\text{Tb}^n$	-61892	28	476.2	0.5	2.8 μ s	0.3	(8 ⁻)	01	1996	IT=100	
$^{144}\text{Tb}^p$	-61851	28	517.1	0.5	670 ns	60	(9 ⁺)	01	1996	IT=100	
$^{144}\text{Tb}^q$	-61824	28	544.5	0.6	< 300 ns		(10 ⁺)	01	1996	IT=100	
^{144}Dy	-56570	7	9.1 s	0.4	0 ⁺	01	1986	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$			
^{144}Ho	-44610	8	700 ms	100	(5 ⁻)	08	1986	$\beta^+n=100$; $\beta^+p=?$			
$^{144}\text{Ho}^m$	-44345	8	265.3	0.3	519 ns	5	(8 ⁺)	08	10Ma08 T	2001	IT=100
^{144}Er	-36610#	200#	400# ms (>200 ns)		0 ⁺	06	2003	$\beta^+?$			
^{144}Tm	-22090#	400#	2.3 μ s	0.9	(10 ⁺)	08	2005	$p=?$; $\beta^+n=0\#$			
* ^{144}Ba	D : $\beta^-n=3.6(0.7)\%$ in ENSDF'01 belongs in fact to ^{144}Cs ; β^-n not allowed								**		
* $^{144}\text{Eu}^m$	J : E2 to 6 ⁻								**		
* $^{144}\text{Tb}^m$	T : other 03Li42=12(2) s for $q=65^+$ (bare ion)								**		
* ^{144}Tm	T : symmetrized from 1.9(+1.2-0.5) μ s								**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁴⁵ I	-40940#	500#	100# ms (>400 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
¹⁴⁵ Xe	-51493	11	188 ms	4			2003	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=5.0$ 6; β^-2n ?
¹⁴⁵ Cs	-60056	11	582 ms	6				$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=14.7$ 9
¹⁴⁵ Ba	-67516	8	4.31 s	0.16		93Ru01 T	1971	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁵ La	-72835	12	24.8 s	2.0			1974	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁵ Ce	-77070	30	3.01 m	0.06			1954	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁵ Pr	-79626	7	5.984 h	0.010			1954	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁵ Nd	-81431.8	1.8	STABLE				1933	IS=8.293 12
¹⁴⁵ Pm	-81267	3	17.7 y	0.4			1951	$\epsilon=100$; $\alpha=2.8e-7$
¹⁴⁵ Sm	-80651.2	2.0	340 d	3			1947	$\epsilon=100$
¹⁴⁵ Sm ^m	-71865.0	2.1	8786.2	0.7			1993	IT=100
¹⁴⁵ Eu	-77992	3	5.93 d	0.04			1951	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁵ Eu ^m	-77276	3	716.0	0.3			1975	IT=100
¹⁴⁵ Gd	-72924	20	23.0 m	0.4			1959	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁵ Gd ^m	-72175	20	749.1	0.2			1969	IT=94.3 5; $\beta^+=5.7$ 5
¹⁴⁵ Tb	-66300	100					1981	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁵ Tb ^m	-65540	200	760	220			1993	β^+ ?
¹⁴⁵ Dy	-58243	7					1982	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=?$
¹⁴⁵ Dy ^m	-58125	7	118.2	0.2			1982	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p\approx 50$
¹⁴⁵ Ho	-49120	7					1987	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁵ Ho ^m	-49020#	100#	100#	100#				β^+ ?; IT ?
¹⁴⁵ Er	-39080#	200#					1989	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=?$
¹⁴⁵ Er ^m	-38870#	200#	205	4			2010	β^+ ?
¹⁴⁵ Tm	-27580#	200#					1998	p=100
* ¹⁴⁵ Cs	T : average 93Ru01=579(6) 82Ra13=594(13)							
* ¹⁴⁵ Sm ^m	T : symmetrized from 960(+190-150)							
* ¹⁴⁵ Dy	T : average 93Al03=10.5(1.5) 93To04=6(2) 84Sc.C=10(1)							
* ¹⁴⁵ Er	T : 89Vi02=900(300) for mixture gs+isomer; similarly 900(200) from 10Ma20							
¹⁴⁶ Xe	-47955	24	146 ms	6		97 03Be05 TD	1989	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=6.9$ 15
¹⁴⁶ Cs	-55570	40	323 ms	6		97 93Ru01 T	1971	$\beta^-n=100$; $\beta^-n=14.2$ 5; β^-2n ?
¹⁴⁶ Ba	-64940	20	2.22 s	0.07		97 93Ru01 D	1970	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁶ La	-69050	30	6.27 s	0.10		97 93Ru01 D	1970	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁶ La ^m	-68920	130	130	130		97 79Ke02 E	1969	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁶ Ce	-75635	16	13.52 m	0.13		97	1953	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁶ Pr	-76680	30	24.15 m	0.18		97	1953	$\beta^-n=100$
¹⁴⁶ Nd	-80925.8	1.8	STABLE				1924	IS=17.189 32; $2\beta^-$?; α ?
¹⁴⁶ Pm	-79454	4	5.53 y	0.05		97	1960	$\epsilon=66.0$ 13; $\beta^-n=34.0$ 13
¹⁴⁶ Sm	-80996	3	68 My	7		97 12Ki16 T	1953	$\alpha=100$
¹⁴⁶ Eu	-77117	6	4.61 d	0.03		97	1957	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁶ Eu ^m	-76451	6	666.37	0.16		97	1962	IT=100
¹⁴⁶ Gd	-76086	4	48.27 d	0.10		01	1957	$\epsilon=100$
¹⁴⁶ Tb	-67760	40	8 s	4		97	1974	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁶ Tb ^m	-67610#	110#	150#	100#		97 93Al03 T	1974	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁶ Tb ⁿ	-66830#	110#	930#	100#		97	1989	IT=100
¹⁴⁶ Dy	-62555	7	33.2 s	0.7		97 93Al03 T	1981	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁴⁶ Dy ^m	-59619	7	2935.7	0.6		97 FGK128 J	1982	IT=100
¹⁴⁶ Ho	-51238	7	2.8 s	0.5		97 10Ma37 TJ	1982	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=?$
¹⁴⁶ Er	-44322	7	1.7 s	0.6		97 93To05 D	1993	$\beta^+=100$; $\beta^+p=?$
¹⁴⁶ Tm	-30890#	200#	155 ms	20		05Ro40 TJD	1993	p \approx 100; β^+ ?; β^+p ?
¹⁴⁶ Tm ^m	-30590#	200#	304	6		02 06Ta08 TJ	1993	p \approx 100; β^+ ?; β^+p ?
¹⁴⁶ Tm ⁿ	-30460#	200#	437	7		02 06Ta08 TJ	1993	p \approx ?; $\beta^+=16\%$; β^+p ?
* ¹⁴⁶ Cs	T : average 93Ru01=321(2) 76Lu02=343(7)							
* ¹⁴⁶ Ba	D : 93Ru01 $\beta^-n<0.02\%$ is not relevant since $Q(\beta^-n)=-176(24)$ is negative							
* ¹⁴⁶ La	D : 93Ru01 $\beta^-n<0.007\%$ is not relevant since $Q(\beta^-n)=-50(50)$ is negative							
* ¹⁴⁶ La ^m	E : derived from $Q(^{146}\text{La}^m)=6660(120)$ in 79Ke02							
* ¹⁴⁶ Tb ⁿ	E : 779.6 keV above ¹⁴⁶ Tb ^m , from ENSDF							
* ¹⁴⁶ Dy ^m	J : E3 to (7 ⁻)							
* ¹⁴⁶ Ho	J : from β^+p branching in 10Ma37; supported by β^+p spectrum from 85Wi15							
* ¹⁴⁶ Tm	T : also 05Bb02=190(80) ms							
* ¹⁴⁶ Tm ^m	T : arith aver 06Ta08=68(3) 05Ro40=82(4); 05Bb02=75(3)(superseded in 06Ta08)							
* ¹⁴⁶ Tm ⁿ	T : average 07DaZU=213(9) 06Ta08=198(3)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
¹⁴⁹ Cs	-43760#	200#	150# ms (>50 ms)	3/2 ⁺ #	04		1979	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
¹⁴⁹ Ba	-53020#	200#	344 ms	7	3/2 ⁻ #	04	1993	β^- =100; β^-n =0.43 12			
¹⁴⁹ La	-60220	200	1.05 s	0.03	(3/2 ⁻)	07	1979	β^- =100; β^-n =1.43 28			
¹⁴⁹ Ce	-66670	10	5.3 s	0.2	3/2 ⁻ #	04	1974	β^- =100			
¹⁴⁹ Pr	-71039	10	2.26 m	0.07	(5/2 ⁺)	04	1964	β^- =100			
¹⁴⁹ Nd	-74375.3	2.4	1.728 h	0.001	5/2 ⁻	04	1938	β^- =100			
¹⁴⁹ Pm	-76063.7	2.5	53.08 h	0.05	7/2 ⁺	04	1947	β^- =100			
¹⁴⁹ Pm ^m	-75823.5	2.5	240.214	0.007	35 μ s	3	1966	IT=100			
¹⁴⁹ Sm	-77135.1	1.7	STABLE	(>2 Py)	7/2 ⁻	04	1933	IS=13.82 7; α ?			
¹⁴⁹ Eu	-76440	4	93.1 d	0.4	5/2 ⁺	04	1959	ϵ =100			
¹⁴⁹ Eu ^m	-75944	4	496.386	0.002	2.45 μ s	0.05	1961	IT=100			
¹⁴⁹ Gd	-75127	4	9.28 d	0.10	7/2 ⁻	04	1951	β^+ =100; α =4.3e-4 10			
¹⁴⁹ Tb	-71489	4	4.118 h	0.025	1/2 ⁺	04	1950	β^+ =83.3 17; α =16.7 17			
¹⁴⁹ Tb ^m	-71453	4	35.78	0.13	4.16 m	0.04	1962	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.022 3			
¹⁴⁹ Dy	-67699	9	4.20 m	0.14	7/2 ⁽⁻⁾	04	88Ah02 J	1958	β^+ =100		
¹⁴⁹ Dy ^m	-65038	9	2661.1	0.4	490 ms	15	1976	IT=99.3 3; β^+ =0.7 3			
¹⁴⁹ Ho	-61662	14	21.1 s	0.2	(11/2 ⁻)	04	1979	β^+ =100			
¹⁴⁹ Ho ^m	-61613	14	48.80	0.20	56 s	3	1988	β^+ =100			
¹⁴⁹ Er	-53742	28	4 s	2	(1/2 ⁺)	04	1984	β^+ =100; β^+p =7 2			
¹⁴⁹ Er ^m	-53000	28	741.8	0.2	8.9 s	0.2	1984	β^+ =96.5 7; IT=3.5 7; ...			
¹⁴⁹ Er ⁿ	-51131	28	2611.1	0.3	610 ns	80	1987	IT=100			
¹⁴⁹ Er ^p	-50470	30	3272	20	4.8 μ s	0.1	1987	IT=100			
¹⁴⁹ Tm	-43880#	300#	900 ms	200	(11/2 ⁻)	04	1987	β^+ =100; β^+p =0.26 15			
¹⁴⁹ Yb	-33200#	500#	700 ms	200	(1/2 ⁺)	04	05Xu04 J	2001	β^+ =100; β^+p \approx 100		
* ¹⁴⁹ Dy ^m	T : other 03Li42=11(1) s for q=66 ⁺ (bare ion)										
* ¹⁴⁹ Er ^m	D : ... ; β^+p =0.18 7										
* ¹⁴⁹ Er ^p	E : 3242.7 + 30(20) keV										
* ¹⁴⁹ Tm	D : symmetrized from β^+p =0.2(+0.2-0.1)%										
* ¹⁴⁹ Yb	J : (1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺) in ENSDF2004 and 1/2 in 05Xu04; 06Xu07=(1/2 ⁻) however,										
* ¹⁴⁹ Yb	J : no 1/2 ⁻ ground-state or isomer for e-o in this region										
¹⁵⁰ Cs	-38820#	300#	100# ms (>50 ms)			97 87Ra12 I	1979	β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?			
¹⁵⁰ Ba	-50250#	300#	300 ms		0 ⁺	95	1994	β^- =100; β^-n ?			
¹⁵⁰ La	-56380#	200#	510 ms	30	(3 ⁺)	97 95Ok02 TJ	1993	β^- =100; β^-n =2.7 3			
¹⁵⁰ Ce	-64847	12	4.0 s	0.6	0 ⁺	95	1970	β^- =100			
¹⁵⁰ Pr	-68300	9	6.19 s	0.16	(1 ⁻)	96	1970	β^- =100			
¹⁵⁰ Nd	-73679.1	1.7	6.7 Ey	0.7	0 ⁺	96 97De40 TD	1937	IS=5.638 28; $2\beta^-$ =100			
¹⁵⁰ Pm	-73596	20	2.68 h	0.02	(1 ⁻)	95	1952	β^- =100			
¹⁵⁰ Sm	-77050.5	1.7	STABLE		0 ⁺	96	1934	IS=7.38 1			
¹⁵⁰ Eu	-74792	6	36.9 y	0.9	5 ⁽⁻⁾	95	1950	β^+ =100			
¹⁵⁰ Eu ^m	-74750	6	42.1	0.5	12.8 h	0.1	1953	β^- =89 2; β^+ =11 2; ...			
¹⁵⁰ Gd	-75764	6	1.79 My	0.08	0 ⁺	96	1953	α =100; $2\beta^+$?			
¹⁵⁰ Tb	-71106	7	3.48 h	0.16	(2 ⁻)	96	1959	β^+ \approx 100; α <0.05			
¹⁵⁰ Tb ^m	-70645	26	461	27	5.8 m	0.2	1993	β^+ \approx 100; IT ?			
¹⁵⁰ Dy	-69309	4	7.17 m	0.05	0 ⁺	96	1959	β^+ =64.5; α =36.5			
¹⁵⁰ Ho	-61946	14	76.8 s	1.8	2 ⁻	95 93Al03 T	1963	β^+ =100			
¹⁵⁰ Ho ^m	-61950	50	-0	50	23.3 s	0.3	1980	β^+ =100			
¹⁵⁰ Ho ⁿ	-54050	50	7900	50	787 ns	36	2006	IT=100			
¹⁵⁰ Er	-57831	17	18.5 s	0.7	0 ⁺	95	1982	β^+ =100			
¹⁵⁰ Er ^m	-55034	17	2797.0	0.5	2.55 μ s	0.10	1984	IT=100			
¹⁵⁰ Tm	-46490#	200#	* &	3#	s	(1 ⁺)	88Ni02 J	1982	β^+ =100		
¹⁵⁰ Tm ^m	-46350#	240#	140#	140#	* &	2.20 s	0.06	(6 ⁻)	95 96Ga24 T	1981	β^+ =100; β^+p =1.2 3
¹⁵⁰ Tm ⁿ	-45680#	240#	810#	140#	5.2 ms	0.3	(10 ⁺)	95	1984	IT=100	
¹⁵⁰ Yb	-38640#	400#	700# ms (>200 ns)		0 ⁺	97 00So11 I	2000	β^+ ?			
¹⁵⁰ Lu	-24640#	500#	46 ms	6	(5 ⁻ , 6 ⁻)	02 00Gi01 J	1993	p=?; β^+ =30#			
¹⁵⁰ Lu ^m	-24620#	500#	40 μ s	7	(1 ⁺ , 2 ⁺)	02 00Gi01 J	1998	p=100			
* ¹⁵⁰ Nd	T : from 6.75(+0.37-0.68 statistics + 0.68 systematics)										
* ¹⁵⁰ Eu ^m	D : ... ; IT \leq 5e-8										
* ¹⁵⁰ Ho	T : average 93Al03=78(2) 82No08=72(4)										
* ¹⁵⁰ Ho ⁿ	E : 7912.4(2.1) keV above the (9 ⁺) isomer from fit to γ -ray energies										
* ¹⁵⁰ Tm ^m	T : average 96Ga24=2.22(0.07) 88Ni02=2.15(0.10) 87To05=2.2(0.2)										
* ¹⁵⁰ Tm ^m	T : 82No08=3.5(0.6) conflicting, not used D : from 88Ni02										
* ¹⁵⁰ Tm ⁿ	E : 671.6 keV above ¹⁵⁰ Tm ^m , from ENSDF										
* ¹⁵⁰ Lu ^m	T : symmetrized from 39(+8-6)										

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁵¹ Cs	-34860#	400#	60# ms (>50 ms)	3/2 ⁺ #	09		1979	β^- ?; β^- -n=85.9#; β^- -2n=0.4#
¹⁵¹ Ba	-45390#	300#	200# ms (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	09		1994	β^- ?; β^- -n?
¹⁵¹ La	-53730#	200#	300# ms (>300 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	09		1994	β^- ?; β^- -n=5.8#
¹⁵¹ Ce	-61225	18	1.76 s	0.06 (3/2 ⁻)	09	10Si03 J	1997	β^- =100 *
¹⁵¹ Pr	-66779	12	18.90 s	0.07 (3/2 ⁻)	09		1990	β^- =100
¹⁵¹ Pr ^m	-66744	12	50 μ s	8 (7/2 ⁺)	09	12Ma03 T	2006	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Nd	-70942.3	1.7	12.44 m	0.07 3/2 ⁺	09		1938	β^- =100
¹⁵¹ Pm	-73385	5	28.40 h	0.04 5/2 ⁺	09		1952	β^- =100
¹⁵¹ Sm	-74575.6	1.7	90 y	8 5/2 ⁻	09		1947	β^- =100
¹⁵¹ Sm ^m	-74314.5	1.7	1.4 μ s	0.1 (11/2 ⁻)	09		1973	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Eu	-74652.0	1.7	STABLE (>1.7 Ey)	5/2 ⁺	09		1933	IS=47.81 6; α ?
¹⁵¹ Eu ^m	-74455.8	1.7	58.9 μ s	0.5 11/2 ⁻	09		1958	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Gd	-74188	3	123.9 d	1.0 7/2 ⁻	09		1950	ϵ =100; α =1.0e-6 6 *
¹⁵¹ Tb	-71623	4	17.609 h	0.001 1/2 ⁽⁺⁾	09		1953	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.0095 15
¹⁵¹ Tb ^m	-71523	4	25 s	3 (11/2 ⁻)	09		1978	IT=93.4 20; β^+ =6.6 20
¹⁵¹ Dy	-68752	3	17.9 m	0.3 7/2 ⁽⁻⁾	09		1959	β^+ =?; α =5.6 4
¹⁵¹ Ho	-63623	8	35.2 s	0.1 11/2 ⁽⁻⁾	09	87Ne.A J	1963	β^+ =?; α =22 3
¹⁵¹ Ho ^m	-63582	8	47.2 s	1.3 1/2 ⁽⁺⁾	09	87Ne.A J	1963	α =77 18; β^+ ? *
¹⁵¹ Er	-58266	16	23.5 s	2.0 (7/2 ⁻)	09		1970	β^+ =100
¹⁵¹ Er ^m	-55680	16	580 ms	20 (27/2 ⁻)	09		1980	IT=95.3 3; β^+ =4.7 3 *
¹⁵¹ Er ^p	-47979	16	420 ns	50 (65/2 ⁻ , 61/2 ⁺)	09	09Fu05 J	1990	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Tm	-50778	20	4.17 s	0.11 (11/2 ⁻)	09		1982	β^+ =100
¹⁵¹ Tm ^m	-50684	20	6.6 s	2.0 (1/2 ⁺)	09		1987	β^+ =100
¹⁵¹ Tm ^p	-48122	20	451 ms	34 (27/2 ⁻)	09		1982	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Yb	-41540	300	1.6 s	0.5 (1/2 ⁺)	09	86To12 T	1985	β^+ =100; β^+ p=? *
¹⁵¹ Yb ^m	-40790#	320#	750#	100# (11/2 ⁻)	09	86To12 T	1986	β^+ \approx 100; β^+ p=?; IT=0.4# *
¹⁵¹ Yb ⁿ	-39000#	580#	2540#	500#	09		1993	IT=100
¹⁵¹ Yb ^p	-39090#	580#	2450#	500#	09		1987	IT=100 *
¹⁵¹ Lu	-30110#	400#	80.6 ms	2.0 11/2 ⁻ #	09		1982	p=?; β^+ =37# *
¹⁵¹ Lu ^m	-30030#	400#	77	5 p 3/2 ⁺ #	09		1998	p=100 *
* ¹⁵¹ Ce	I: isomer with T=1.02(0.06) suggested in ENSDF2009 not trusted by NUBASE **							
* ¹⁵¹ Gd	D: symmetrized from $\alpha=0.8(+0.8-0.4)e-6\%$ **							
* ¹⁵¹ Ho ^m	D: symmetrized from $\alpha=80(+15-20)\%$ **							
* ¹⁵¹ Er ^m	T: other 03Li42=19(3)s for q=68 ⁺ (bare ion) **							
* ¹⁵¹ Yb	T: derived from 1.6(0.1), for mixture of ground-state and isomer with almost same half-life **							
* ¹⁵¹ Yb ^m	E: 740# estimated in 90Ak01 (see ENSDF'09) **							
* ¹⁵¹ Yb ^p	E: above the 1791.2 keV level above ¹⁵¹ Yb ^m (see ENSDF'09) **							
* ¹⁵¹ Yb ^p	E: 2448 keV above ¹⁵¹ Yb ^m (see ENSDF'97) **							
* ¹⁵¹ Lu	D: p=63.4(0.9)% in ENSDF'09, based on predicted β^+ decay half-life \approx 220 ms **							
¹⁵² Ba	-42090#	400#	100# ms (>400 ns)	0 ⁺	10	10Oh02 I	2010	β^- ?; β^- -n?
¹⁵² La	-49540#	300#	200# ms (>150 ns)		97	94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; β^- -n?
¹⁵² Ce	-59060#	200#	1.1 s	0.3 0 ⁺	97	90Ta07 T	1990	β^- =100 *
¹⁵² Pr	-63758	19	3.63 s	0.12 4 ⁺	97	99To04 J	1983	β^- =100
¹⁵² Nd	-70149	25	11.4 m	0.2 0 ⁺	97		1969	β^- =100
¹⁵² Pm	-71254	26	4.12 m	0.08 1 ⁺	97		1958	β^- =100
¹⁵² Pm ^m	-71110	80	140	90 BD * 7.52 m 0.08	4 ⁻	97	1971	β^- =100
¹⁵² Pm ^p	-71000#	150#	250#	150# * 13.8 m 0.2	(8)	97	1971	β^- \approx 100; IT=? *
¹⁵² Sm	-74762.0	1.6	STABLE	0 ⁺	97		1933	IS=26.75 16
¹⁵² Eu	-72887.4	1.7	13.537 y	0.006 3 ⁻	97		1938	β^+ =72.1 3; β^- =27.9 3
¹⁵² Eu ^m	-72841.8	1.7	45.5998	0.0004 9.3116 h 0.0013	0 ⁻	97	1958	β^- =72 4; β^+ =28 4
¹⁵² Eu ⁿ	-72822.1	1.7	65.2969	0.0004 940 ns 80	1 ⁻	97	1978	IT=100
¹⁵² Eu ^p	-72809.2	1.7	78.2331	0.0004 165 ns 10	1 ⁺	97	1978	IT=100
¹⁵² Eu ^q	-72797.6	1.7	89.8496	0.0004 384 ns 10	4 ⁺	97	1970	IT=100
¹⁵² Eu ^r	-72739.5	1.7	147.86	0.10 96 m 1	8 ⁻	97	1963	IT=100
¹⁵² Gd	-74706.3	1.6	108 Ty	8 0 ⁺	97		1938	IS=0.20 1; α =100; 2 β^+ ? *
¹⁵² Tb	-70720	40	17.5 h	0.1 2 ⁻	98		1959	β^+ =100; α <7e-7
¹⁵² Tb ^m	-70380	40	342.15	0.16 960 ms 10	5 ⁻	98	1972	IT=100
¹⁵² Tb ^p	-70220	40	501.74	0.19 4.2 m 0.1	8 ⁺	98	1971	IT=78.8 8; β^+ =21.2 8
¹⁵² Dy	-70118	5	2.38 h	0.02 0 ⁺	02		1958	ϵ \approx 100; α =0.100 7
¹⁵² Ho	-63599	13	161.8 s	0.3 2 ⁻	97		1963	β^+ =88 3; α =12 3
¹⁵² Ho ^m	-63439	13	160	1 50.0 μ s 0.4	9 ⁺	97	1963	β^+ =89.2 17; α =10.8 17
¹⁵² Ho ⁿ	-60579	13	3019.59	0.19 8.4 μ s 0.3	19 ⁻	97	1997	IT=100
¹⁵² Er	-60494	9	10.3 s	0.1 0 ⁺	97		1963	α =90 4; β^+ =10 4
¹⁵² Tm	-51770	70	8.0 s	1.0 (2#) ⁻	97		1980	β^+ =100
¹⁵² Tm ^m	-51660#	100#	110#	130# * 5.2 s 0.6	(9) ⁺	97	1980	β^+ =100
¹⁵² Tm ^p	-49120#	110#	2655#	80# 294 ns 12	(17) ⁺	97	1986	IT=100 *
¹⁵² Yb	-46320	160	3.04 s	0.06 0 ⁺	97		1982	β^+ =100
¹⁵² Yb ^m	-43580	160	2744.5	1.0 30 μ s 1	(10) ⁺	97	1995	IT=100
¹⁵² Lu	-33420#	200#	650 ms	70 (5 ⁻ , 6 ⁻)	97	88Ni02 T	1987	β^+ =100; β^+ p=15 7 *
* ¹⁵² Ce	T: average 90Ta07=1.4(0.2) 91Ay.A=0.8(0.3) **							
* ¹⁵² Pm ^p	E: ENSDF: "Probably feeds 7.52 m level" at 140 keV **							
* ¹⁵² Tm ^p	E: 2555.05(0.19) above ¹⁵² Tm ^m **							
* ¹⁵² Lu	T: average 88Ni02=600(100) 87To02=700(100) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)				
¹⁵³ Ba	-36920#	400#	80# ms	5/2 ⁻ #				$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$				
¹⁵³ La	-46240#	300#	150# ms (>150 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	06	94Be24 I	1994	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$				
¹⁵³ Ce	-55020#	200#	500# ms (>150 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	06	94Be24 I	1994	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$				
¹⁵³ Pr	-61568	12	4.28 s	5/2 ⁻ #	06		1987	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$				
¹⁵³ Nd	-67330.3	2.7	31.6 s	1.0	(3/2) ⁻	06	1987	$\beta^- =100$				
¹⁵³ Nd ^m	-67138.6	2.9	191.7	1.0	1.10 μ s	0.04	(5/2 ⁺)	06	10Si03 TJ	1996	IT=100	*
¹⁵³ Pm	-70648	9	5.25 m	0.02	5/2 ⁻	06	1962	$\beta^- =100$				
¹⁵³ Sm	-72559.1	1.6	46.284 h	0.004	3/2 ⁺	06	1938	$\beta^- =100$				
¹⁵³ Sm ^m	-72460.7	1.6	98.37	0.10	10.6 ms	0.3	11/2 ⁻	06	1971	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Eu	-73366.3	1.7	STABLE		5/2 ⁺	06	1933	IS=52.19 6				
¹⁵³ Eu ^m	-71595.3	1.7	1771.0	0.4	475 ns	10	19/2 ⁻	06	2000	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Gd	-72881.9	1.6	240.4 d	1.0	3/2 ⁻	06	1947	$\epsilon =100$				
¹⁵³ Gd ^m	-72786.7	1.6	95.1736	0.0008	3.5 μ s	0.4	9/2 ⁺	06	1979	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Gd ^m	-72710.7	1.6	171.188	0.004	76.0 μ s	1.4	(11/2 ⁻)	06	1967	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Tb	-71313	4	2.34 d	0.01	186 μ s	4	5/2 ⁺	06	1957	$\beta^+ =100$		
¹⁵³ Tb ^m	-71150	4	163.175	0.005	1.86 μ s	4	11/2 ⁻	06	1965	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Dy	-69143	4	6.4 h	0.1	7/2 ⁽⁻⁾	06	1958	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.0094 14$				
¹⁵³ Ho	-65012	5	2.01 m	0.03	11/2 ⁻	06	1963	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.051 25$				
¹⁵³ Ho ^m	-64943	5	68.7	0.3	9.3 m	0.5	1/2 ⁺	06	1963	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.18 8$		
¹⁵³ Ho ^m	-62240	11	2772	10	229 ns	2	(31/2 ⁺)	06	1980	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Er	-60472	10	37.1 s	0.2	7/2 ⁽⁻⁾	06	85Ah.A J	1963	$\alpha =53 3; \beta^+ =47 3$	*		
¹⁵³ Er ^m	-57674	10	2798.2	1.0	373 ns	9	(27/2 ⁻)	06	1979	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Er ^m	-55224	10	5248.1	1.0	248 ns	32	(41/2 ⁻)	06	1979	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Tm	-53989	15	1.48 s	0.01	11/2 ⁻	06	1964	$\alpha =91 3; \beta^+ =9 3$				
¹⁵³ Tm ^m	-53946	15	43.2	0.2	2.5 s	0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	06	1988	$\alpha =92 3; \beta^+ =?$		
¹⁵³ Yb	-47210#	200#	4.2 s	0.2	7/2 ⁻ #	06	88Wi05 D	1977	$\beta^+ =?; \alpha =50\#; \dots$	*		
¹⁵³ Yb ^m	-44510#	220#	2700	100	15 μ s	1	27/2 ⁻	06	1989	IT=100	*	
¹⁵³ Lu	-38420	160	900 ms	200	11/2 ⁻	06	97Ir01 D	1989	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha =?; p=0$	*		
¹⁵³ Lu ^m	-38340	160	80	5	1# s	1/2 ⁺	06	97Ir01 ED	1997	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha =?; IT=?; p=0$	*	
¹⁵³ Lu ^m	-35920	160	2502.5	0.4	> 100 ns	23/2 ⁻	06	1993	IT=100			
¹⁵³ Lu ^p	-35790	160	2632.9	0.5	15 μ s	3	27/2 ⁻	06	1993	IT=100		
¹⁵³ Hf	-27300#	500#	400# ms (>200 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	06	00So11 I	2000	$\beta^+ ?$				
¹⁵³ Hf ^m	-26550#	510#	750#	100#	500# ms	11/2 ⁻ #		$\beta^+ ?; IT ?$				
* ¹⁵³ Nd ^m	T : average 10Si03=1.17(0.07) 96Ya12=1.06(0.05)								**			
* ¹⁵³ Er	J : and 89Ot.A								**			
* ¹⁵³ Yb	D : ... ; $\beta^+ p=0.008 2$								**			
* ¹⁵³ Yb ^m	E : in ENSDF 2578.2 + x								**			
* ¹⁵³ Lu	D : p=0% decay is from 97Ir01								**			
¹⁵⁴ La	-41760#	400#	100# ms					$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?; \beta^- 2n ?$				
¹⁵⁴ Ce	-52350#	300#	300# ms (>150 ns)	0 ⁺	09	94Be24 I	1994	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$				
¹⁵⁴ Pr	-58190	150	2.3 s	0.1	(3 ⁺)	09	1988	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$				
¹⁵⁴ Nd	-65680	110	25.9 s	0.2	0 ⁺	09	1970	$\beta^- =100$				
¹⁵⁴ Nd ^m	-64380	110	1297.9	0.4	3.2 μ s	0.3	(4 ⁻)	09	09Si21 ETJ	1970	IT=100	*
¹⁵⁴ Pm	-68490	40	1.73 m	0.10	(0 ⁻ , 1 ⁻)	09	1958	$\beta^- =100$				
¹⁵⁴ Pm ^m	-68370	110	120	120	2.68 m	0.07	(3, 4)	09	1958	$\beta^- =100$		
¹⁵⁴ Sm	-72454.5	1.8	STABLE		(>2.3 Ey)	0 ⁺	09	1933	IS=22.75 29; $\beta^- ?$			
¹⁵⁴ Eu	-71737.2	1.7	8.601 y	0.010	3 ⁻	09	1947	$\beta^- \approx 100; \epsilon =0.018 12$				
¹⁵⁴ Eu ^m	-71669.0	1.7	68.1702	0.0004	2.2 μ s	0.1	2 ⁺	09	1964	IT=100		
¹⁵⁴ Eu ^m	-71591.9	1.7	145.3	0.3	46.3 m	0.4	(8 ⁻)	09	1975	IT=100		
¹⁵⁴ Gd	-73705.3	1.6	STABLE		0 ⁺	09	1938	IS=2.18 3				
¹⁵⁴ Tb	-70160	50	21.5 h	0.4	0 ⁽⁺⁾	09	1950	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \beta^- <0.1$				
¹⁵⁴ Tb ^m	-70150	50	12	7	9.994 h	0.039	3 ⁻	09	09Gy01 T	1972	$\beta^+ =78.2 7; IT=21.8 7; \dots$	*
¹⁵⁴ Tb ^m	-69960#	160#	200#	150#	22.7 h	0.5	7 ⁻	09	1972	$\beta^+ =98.2 6; IT=1.8 6$		
¹⁵⁴ Tb ^p	-62160#	900#	8000#	900#	513 ns	42	09	1982	IT ?			
¹⁵⁴ Dy	-70394	7	3.0 My	1.5	0 ⁺	09	1961	$\alpha =100; 2\beta^+ ?$				
¹⁵⁴ Ho	-64639	8	11.76 m	0.19	2 ⁻	09	1966	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.019 5$				
¹⁵⁴ Ho ^m	-64397	27	243	28	3.10 m	0.14	8 ⁺	09	1968	$\beta^+ =100; \alpha <0.001; IT \approx 0$		
¹⁵⁴ Er	-62605	5	62605	5	3.73 m	0.09	0 ⁺	09	1963	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.47 13$		
¹⁵⁴ Tm	-54427	14	8.1 s	0.3	(2 ⁻)	09	1964	$\alpha =54 5; \beta^+ =46 5$				
¹⁵⁴ Tm ^m	-54350	50	70	50	3.30 s	0.07	(9 ⁺)	09	1964	$\alpha =58 5; \beta^+ =42 5; IT ?$	*	
¹⁵⁴ Yb	-49932	17	409 ms	2	0 ⁺	09	1964	$\alpha =92.6 12; \beta^+ =7.4 12$				
¹⁵⁴ Lu	-39720#	200#	1# s		(2 ⁻)	09	1981	$\beta^+ ?$				
¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m	-39660#	200#	60	12	1.12 s	0.08	(9 ⁺)	09	88Vi02 D	1981	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \beta^+ p=?; \dots$	*
¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m	-37000#	220#	2720#	100#	35 μ s	3	(17 ⁺)	09	1990	IT=100	*	
¹⁵⁴ Hf	-32730#	500#	2 s	1	0 ⁺	09	1981	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha \approx 0$				
¹⁵⁴ Hf ^m	-30020#	500#	2710#	30#	9 μ s	4	(10 ⁺)	09	1989	IT=100	*	
* ¹⁵⁴ Nd ^m	E : from a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies in 09Si21								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Tb ^m	D : ... ; $\beta^- <0.1$								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Tb ^m	E : estimated by NUBASE from 73Ba20<25 keV								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Tm ^m	D : IT decay has not been observed								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \alpha =?; \alpha =0.002\#$								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m	D : $\beta^+ p$ and $\beta^+ \alpha$ modes observed in 88Vi02; $\beta^+ p$ confirmed in 90Sh.A								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m	E : 2431.3 + 130.4 + z, above ¹⁵⁴ Lu ^m ; z estimated 100#100								**			
* ¹⁵⁴ Hf ^m	E : 42#28 above 2671 level, see ENSDF'09								**			

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁵⁵ La	-38180#	400#	60# ms	5/2 ⁺ #				β^- ?; β^-n ?; β^-2n ?
¹⁵⁵ Ce	-47930#	400#	200# ms (>150 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	05	94Be24 I	1994	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁵⁵ Pr	-55415	17	1# s (>300 ns)	5/2 ⁻ #	05		1992	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁵⁵ Nd	-62284	9	8.9 s	0.2			1986	β^- =100
¹⁵⁵ Pm	-66940	5	41.5 s	0.2			1982	β^- =100
¹⁵⁵ Sm	-70190.2	1.8	22.3 m	0.2			1951	β^- =100
¹⁵⁵ Sm ^m	-70173.7	1.9	2.8 μ s	0.5		10Si03 ETJ	2010	IT=100
¹⁵⁵ Sm ⁿ	-69651.6	1.9	1.00 μ s	0.08		10Si03 ETJ	2010	IT=100
¹⁵⁵ Eu	-71817.2	1.8	4.753 y	0.014			1947	β^- =100
¹⁵⁵ Gd	-72069.2	1.6	STABLE				1933	IS=14.80 12
¹⁵⁵ Gd ^m	-71948.2	1.6	31.97 ms	0.27			1967	IT=100
¹⁵⁵ Tb	-71249	10	5.32 d	0.06			1957	ϵ =100
¹⁵⁵ Dy	-69155	10	9.9 h	0.2			1958	β^+ =100
¹⁵⁵ Dy ^m	-68921	10	6 μ s	1			1970	IT=100
¹⁵⁵ Ho	-66039	17	48 m	1			1959	β^+ =100
¹⁵⁵ Ho ^m	-65897	17	880 μ s	80			1984	IT=100
¹⁵⁵ Er	-62209	6	5.3 m	0.3			1969	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.022 7
¹⁵⁵ Tm	-56626	10	21.6 s	0.2			1971	β^+ =99.11 24; α =0.89 24
¹⁵⁵ Tm ^m	-56585	12	45 s	3		FGK12a J	1990	β^+ >92; α <8
¹⁵⁵ Yb	-50503	17	1.793 s	0.019			1964	α =89 4; β^+ =11 4
¹⁵⁵ Lu	-42550	19	68.6 ms	1.6			1965	α =90 2; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁵ Lu ^m	-42529	20	138 ms	8			1967	α =76 16; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁵ Lu ⁿ	-40769	20	2.69 ms	0.03			1981	α \approx 100; IT ?
¹⁵⁵ Hf	-34360#	300#	840 ms	30		11Sa59 T	1981	β^+ \approx 100; α ?
¹⁵⁵ Ta	-23990#	500#	3.2 ms	1.3			2007	p=100
* ¹⁵⁵ Tm ^m	J : favored α decay from ¹⁵⁹ Lu 1/2 ⁺							
* ¹⁵⁵ Ta	T : symmetrized from 2.9(+1.5-1.1)							
I : NUBASE expects 1/2 ⁺ 30#20 below								
¹⁵⁶ Ce	-44870#	400#	150# ms					β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁵⁶ Pr	-51570#	300#	500# ms (>300 ns)			95Cz.A I	1992	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁵⁶ Nd	-60470	200	5.06 s	0.13		03 07Sh05 T	1987	β^- =100
¹⁵⁶ Nd ^m	-59040	200	365 ns	145		03 09Si21 ET	1998	IT=100
¹⁵⁶ Pm	-64164	4	26.70 s	0.10		03 11So05 J	1986	β^- =100
¹⁵⁶ Pm ^m	-64014	4	2.3 s	2.0		07Sh05 ETJ	2007	β^- <2; IT=?
¹⁵⁶ Sm	-69363	9	9.4 h	0.2			1951	β^- =100
¹⁵⁶ Sm ^m	-67965	9	185 ns	7			1974	IT=100
¹⁵⁶ Eu	-70085	6	15.19 d	0.08			1947	β^- =100
¹⁵⁶ Gd	-72534.3	1.6	STABLE				1933	IS=20.47 9
¹⁵⁶ Gd ^m	-70396.7	1.6	1.3 μ s	0.1			1969	IT=100
¹⁵⁶ Tb	-70090	4	5.35 d	0.10			1950	β^+ \approx 100; β^- ?
¹⁵⁶ Tb ^m	-70036	5	24.4 h	1.0			1970	IT=100
¹⁵⁶ Tb ⁿ	-70002	4	5.3 h	0.2			1950	IT=?; β^+ =?
¹⁵⁶ Dy	-70528.3	1.6	STABLE	(>1 Ey)		58Ri23 T	1948	IS=0.056 3; α ?; 2 β^+ ?
¹⁵⁶ Ho	-65480	60	56 m	1			1957	β^+ =100
¹⁵⁶ Ho ^m	-65430	60	9.5 s	1.5			1995	IT=?; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁶ Ho ⁿ	-65304	28	170 μ s	0.3			1975	β^+ =75; IT ?
¹⁵⁶ Er	-64210	25	19.5 m	1.0			1967	β^+ =100; α =17e-6 4
¹⁵⁶ Tm	-56829	15	83.8 s	1.8			1971	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.064 10
¹⁵⁶ Tm ^m	-56430#	200#	400 ns				1985	IT=100
¹⁵⁶ Tm ⁿ		400#	19 s	3		91To08 I		
¹⁵⁶ Yb	-53258	10	26.1 s	0.7			1970	β^+ =90 2; α =10 2
¹⁵⁶ Lu	-43750	70	494 ms	12			1965	α =?; β^+ =5#
¹⁵⁶ Lu ^m	-43530#	100#	198 ms	2		96Pa01 D	1979	α =94 6; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁶ Hf	-37870	160	23 ms	1		96Pa01 D	1979	α =97 3; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁶ Hf ^m	-35910	160	480 μ s	40		96Pa01 T	1979	α =100
¹⁵⁶ Ta	-26050#	300#	106 ms	4		11Da12 TD	1992	p=71 3; β^+ =29 3
¹⁵⁶ Ta ^m	-25960#	300#	360 ms	40			1993	β^+ =95.8 9; p=4.2 9
* ¹⁵⁶ Nd	T : others 89Ok.A=5.51(0.10) 87Gr12=5.47(0.11), see discussion in 07Sh05							
* ¹⁵⁶ Nd ^m	E : least-squares fit to γ -ray energies in 09Si21 T : 98Ga12=135ns (no unc.)							
* ¹⁵⁶ Sm ^m	T : other recent 09Si21=186(44)							
* ¹⁵⁶ Tb ^m	E : derived from E3 24h to 4 ⁺ 49.630 level and E(IT)<B(L)=9 keV							
* ¹⁵⁶ Dy	T : lower limit is for α decay							
* ¹⁵⁶ Tm ^m	E : 203.6 keV above unknown level							
* ¹⁵⁶ Tm ⁿ	I : see also the discussion in ENSDF'03							
* ¹⁵⁶ Lu ^m	D : derived from original α =98(9)%							
* ¹⁵⁶ Hf	D : derived from original α =100(6)%							
* ¹⁵⁶ Hf ^m	T : average 96Pa01=520(10) 81Ho.A=444(17)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{157}Ce	-40010#	500#	50# ms	$7/2^+\#$				$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{157}Pr	-48540#	400#	300# ms	$5/2^-\#$				$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{157}Nd	-56462	25	2# s (>300 ns)	$5/2^-\#$	05	95Cz.A I	1992	$\beta^- ?$
^{157}Pm	-62297	7	10.56 s 0.10	$(5/2^-)$	05		1987	$\beta^- =100$
^{157}Sm	-66678	4	8.03 m 0.07	$3/2^-\#$	05		1973	$\beta^- =100$
^{157}Eu	-69458	4	15.18 h 0.03	$5/2^+$	05		1951	$\beta^- =100$
^{157}Gd	-70822.8	1.6	STABLE	$3/2^-$	05		1933	IS=15.65 2
$^{157}\text{Gd}^m$	-70758.9	1.6	63.917 0.005	460 ns 40	05		1964	IT=100
$^{157}\text{Gd}^n$	-70396.2	1.6	426.60 0.05	18.5 μs 2.3	05		1961	IT=100
^{157}Tb	-70762.8	1.6	71 y 7	$3/2^+$	05		1960	$\epsilon=100$
^{157}Dy	-69424	5	8.14 h 0.04	$3/2^-$	05		1953	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{157}\text{Dy}^m$	-69262	5	161.99 0.03	1.3 μs 0.2	05		1974	IT=100
$^{157}\text{Dy}^n$	-69225	5	199.38 0.07	21.6 ms 1.6	05		1970	IT=100
^{157}Ho	-66831	23	12.6 m 0.2	$7/2^-$	05		1966	$\beta^+ =100$
^{157}Er	-63389	25	18.65 m 0.10	$3/2^-$	07		1966	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{157}\text{Er}^m$	-63234	25	155.4 0.3	76 ms 6	05		1971	IT=100
^{157}Tm	-58736	26	3.63 m 0.09	$1/2^+$	05		1974	$\beta^+ =100$
^{157}Yb	-53426	11	38.6 s 1.0	$7/2^-$	05		1970	$\beta^+ =99.5; \alpha=0.5$
^{157}Lu	-46457	15	6.8 s 1.8	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	05		1977	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha=?$
$^{157}\text{Lu}^m$	-46436	15	20.9 2.0 AD	4.79 s 0.12	05		1972	$\beta^+ =?; \alpha=6.2$
^{157}Hf	-38900#	200#	115 ms 1	$7/2^-$	05	96Pa01 T	1965	$\alpha=86.9; \beta^+=14.9$
^{157}Ta	-29640	160	10.1 ms 0.4	$1/2^+$	05		1979	$\alpha=?; p=3.4 12; \dots$
$^{157}\text{Ta}^m$	-29620	160	22 5 AD	4.3 ms 0.1	05		1996	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=1\#; p=0$
$^{157}\text{Ta}^n$	-28050	160	1593 9 AD	1.7 ms 0.1	05		1996	$\alpha=100$
^{157}W	-19710#	400#	275 ms 40	$(7/2^-)$		10Bi03 TJD	2010	$\beta^+ =100; \alpha=0$
$^{157}\text{W}^p$	-19390#	400#	30 AD	$(9/2^-)$		10Bi03 EJ	2010	IT ?
* ^{157}Lu	T : ENSDF'05 average of very conflicting 91To09=5.7(0.5) 91Le15,92Po14=9.6(8)							
* ^{157}Ta	D : ... ; $\beta^+ =1\#$							
^{158}Pr	-44330#	400#	200# ms					$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{158}Nd	-54060#	300#	700# ms (>300 ns)	0^+	04	95Cz.A I	1992	$\beta^- ?$
^{158}Pm	-59089	13	4.8 s 0.5		04		1987	$\beta^- =100$
^{158}Sm	-65250	5	5.30 m 0.03	0^+	04		1970	$\beta^- =100$
$^{158}\text{Sm}^m$	-63971	5	1279.1 1.8	115 ns 18	04		1973	IT=100
^{158}Eu	-67255	10	45.9 m 0.2	(1^-)	04		1951	$\beta^- =100$
^{158}Gd	-70688.9	1.6	STABLE	0^+	04		1933	IS=24.84 7
^{158}Tb	-69469.9	1.9	180 y 11	3^-	04		1957	$\beta^+ =83.4 7; \beta^- =16.6 7$
$^{158}\text{Tb}^m$	-69359.6	2.2	110.3 1.2	10.70 s 0.17	04		1957	IT \approx 100; $\beta^- <0.6; \dots$
$^{158}\text{Tb}^n$	-69081.5	2.6	388.4 1.8	400 μs 40	04		1961	IT=100
^{158}Dy	-70406.2	2.9	STABLE	0^+	04		1938	IS=0.095 3; $\alpha ?; 2\beta^+ ?$
^{158}Ho	-66186	27	11.3 m 0.4	5^+	04		1961	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha ?$
$^{158}\text{Ho}^m$	-66119	27	67.199 0.010	28 m 2	04		1960	IT>81; $\beta^+ <19$
$^{158}\text{Ho}^n$	-66010#	80#	180# 70#	21.3 m 2.3	04		1970	$\beta^+ >93; \text{IT} <7\#$
^{158}Er	-65304	25	2.29 h 0.06	0^+	07		1961	$\epsilon=100$
^{158}Tm	-58703	25	3.98 m 0.06	2^-	04		1970	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{158}\text{Tm}^m$	-58650#	100#	50# 100#	20 ns	04	81Dr07 T	1981	IT ?
^{158}Yb	-56010	8	1.49 m 0.13	0^+	04		1967	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha \approx 0.0021 12$
^{158}Lu	-47212	15	10.6 s 0.3	2^-	04	95Ga.A J	1979	$\beta^+ =99.09 20; \dots$
^{158}Hf	-42103	17	2.85 s 0.07	0^+	04		1965	$\beta^+ =55.7 19; \alpha =44.3 19$
^{158}Ta	-31170#	200#	49 ms 8	(2^-)	04	97Da07 TD	1979	$\alpha =96.4; \beta^+ ?$
$^{158}\text{Ta}^m$	-31030#	200#	141 11 AD	36.0 ms 0.8	04	97Da07 TJE	1979	$\alpha =95.5; \beta^+ ?; \text{IT} ?$
^{158}W	-23700#	500#	1.25 ms 0.21	0^+	06		1981	$\alpha =100$
$^{158}\text{W}^m$	-21810#	500#	1889 8 AD	143 μs 19	06		1995	$\alpha =100$
* $^{158}\text{Tb}^m$	D : ... ; $\beta^+ <0.01$							
* $^{158}\text{Tm}^m$	I : $T \approx 20$ s in 81Dr07 was a typo. Value in Fig. 2 was correct. See 96Dr.A							
* ^{158}Lu	D : ... ; $\alpha =0.91 20$							
* ^{158}Ta	T : average 97Da07=72(12) 96Pa01=46(4) with Birge ratio $B=2$							
* ^{158}Ta	D : derived from original $\alpha \approx 100(8)\%$							
* $^{158}\text{Ta}^m$	T : average 97Da07=37.7(1.5) 96Pa01=35(1) 79Ho10=36.8(1.6)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹⁵⁹ Pr	-41090#	500#	100# ms	5/2 ⁻ #				β^- ?; β^- -n ?	
¹⁵⁹ Nd	-49810#	400#	500# ms (>300 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?; β^- -n ?	
¹⁵⁹ Pm	-56554	10	1.5 s	0.2		5/2 ⁻ #	12 05Ic02 T	1998 β^- =100	
¹⁵⁹ Sm	-62208	6	11.37 s	0.15		5/2 ⁻	12	1986 β^- =100	
¹⁵⁹ Sm ^m	-60931	6	1276.8	0.5		116 ns	8 (11/2 ⁻)	12 09Ur04 ET	2009 IT=100
¹⁵⁹ Eu	-66043	4	18.1 m	0.1		5/2 ⁺	12	1961 β^- =100	
¹⁵⁹ Gd	-68560.8	1.6	18.479 h	0.004		3/2 ⁻	12	1949 β^- =100	
¹⁵⁹ Tb	-69531.6	1.8	STABLE			3/2 ⁺	12 12Vi.1 J	1933 IS=100. *	
¹⁵⁹ Dy	-69166.3	2.0	144.4 d	0.2		3/2 ⁻	12	1951 ϵ =100	
¹⁵⁹ Dy ^m	-68813.5	2.0	352.77	0.14		122 μ s	3	11/2 ⁻ 12	1965 IT=100
¹⁵⁹ Ho	-67329	3	33.05 m	0.11		7/2 ⁻	12	1958 β^+ =100	
¹⁵⁹ Ho ^m	-67123	3	205.91	0.05		8.30 s	0.08	1/2 ⁺ 12	1966 IT=100
¹⁵⁹ Er	-64560	4	36 m	1		3/2 ⁻	12	1962 β^+ =100	
¹⁵⁹ Er ^m	-64377	4	182.602	0.024		337 ns	14	9/2 ⁺ 12	1971 IT=100
¹⁵⁹ Er ⁿ	-64131	4	429.05	0.03		590 ns	60	11/2 ⁻ 12	1971 IT=100
¹⁵⁹ Tm	-60570	28	9.13 m	0.16		5/2 ⁺	12	1971 β^+ =100	
¹⁵⁹ Yb	-55839	18	1.67 m	0.09		5/2 ⁽⁻⁾	12	1975 β^+ =100	
¹⁵⁹ Lu	-49710	40	12.1 s	1.0		1/2 ⁺	12 FGK12a J	1980 β^+ \approx 100; α =0.1# *	
¹⁵⁹ Lu ^m	-49610#	90#	100#	80#	*	10# s		11/2 ⁻ #	β^+ ?; IT ?; α ?
¹⁵⁹ Hf	-42853	17	5.20 s	0.10		7/2 ⁻	12 96Pa01 T	1973 β^+ =65 7; α =35 7	
¹⁵⁹ Ta	-34444	20	1.04 s	0.09		1/2 ⁺	12 97Da07 T	1979 β^+ ?; α =34 5 *	
¹⁵⁹ Ta ^m	-34381	19	64	5	AD	560 ms	60	11/2 ⁻ 12	1994 α =55 1; β^+ ?
¹⁵⁹ W	-25490#	300#	8.2 ms	0.7		7/2 ⁻ #	12 96Pa01 TD	1981 α =82 16; β^+ ? *	
¹⁵⁹ Re	-14740#	510#	40# μ s			1/2 ⁺ #			2006 p ?; α ?
¹⁵⁹ Re ^m	-14600#	500#	140#	50#		21.6 μ s	3.3	11/2 ⁻ 12 07Pa27 T	2006 p=?; α =7.5 35 *
* ¹⁵⁹ Tb	J : 3/2 confirmed by a novel technique in 12Vi.1 (see text)								**
* ¹⁵⁹ Lu	J : favored α decay from ¹⁶³ Ta 1/2 ⁺								**
* ¹⁵⁹ Ta	T : average 97Da07=0.83(0.18) 96Pa01=1.10(0.10)								**
* ¹⁵⁹ W	D : derived from original α =92(23)%								**
* ¹⁵⁹ Re ^m	T : average 07Pa27=23(6) 06Jo10=21(4)								**
¹⁶⁰ Nd	-47130#	400#	300# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	1985	β^- ?; β^- -n ? *	
¹⁶⁰ Pm	-53000#	300#	2# s (>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?; β^- -n ?	
¹⁶⁰ Sm	-60235	6	9.6 s	0.3		0 ⁺	05	1986 β^- =100	
¹⁶⁰ Sm ^m	-58874	6	1361.3	0.4		120 ns	46 (5 ⁻)	09Si21 ETJ	2009 IT=100
¹⁶⁰ Eu	-63480	10	38 s	4		(1) ^(-#)	05	1973 β^- =100	
¹⁶⁰ Gd	-67940.9	1.7	STABLE			0 ⁺	05 01Da22 T	1933 IS=21.86 19; 2 β^- ?	
¹⁶⁰ Tb	-67835.5	1.8	72.3 d	0.2		3 ⁻	05	1943 β^- =100	
¹⁶⁰ Dy	-69671.4	1.9	STABLE			0 ⁺	05	1938 IS=2.329 18	
¹⁶⁰ Ho	-66381	15	25.6 m	0.3		5 ⁺	05	1950 β^+ =100	
¹⁶⁰ Ho ^m	-66321	15	59.98	0.03		5.02 h	0.05	2 ⁻ 05	1955 IT=73 3; β^+ =27 3
¹⁶⁰ Ho ⁿ	-66184	22	197	16		3 s		(9 ⁺) 05 GAu E	1988 IT=100 *
¹⁶⁰ Er	-66064	24	28.58 h	0.09		0 ⁺	05	1954 ϵ =100	
¹⁶⁰ Tm	-60300	30	9.4 m	0.3		1 ⁻	05	1970 β^+ =100	
¹⁶⁰ Tm ^m	-60230	40	70	20		74.5 s	1.5	(5 ⁺) 05	1983 IT=85 5; β^+ =15 5
¹⁶⁰ Tm ⁿ	-60200#	60#	100#	50#		200 ns		(8) 05	1986 IT=100 *
¹⁶⁰ Yb	-58165	16	4.8 m	0.2		0 ⁺	05	1967 β^+ =100	
¹⁶⁰ Lu	-50270	60	36.1 s	0.3		2 ⁻ #	05	1979 β^+ =100; α <1e-4	
¹⁶⁰ Lu ^m	-50270#	120#	0#	100#	*	40 s	1	05	1980 β^+ \approx 100; α ?
¹⁶⁰ Hf	-45931	10	13.6 s	0.2		0 ⁺	05	1973 β^+ =99.3 2; α =0.7 2	
¹⁶⁰ Ta	-35870	70	&			1.70 s	0.20	(2 ⁻) 05 96Pa01 JD	1979 β^+ ?; α =? *
¹⁶⁰ Ta ^m	-35550#	100#	320#	130#	&	1.55 s	0.04	(9 ⁺) 05 96Pa01 TJ	1979 β^+ =66#; α =? *
¹⁶⁰ W	-29380	160	90 ms	5		0 ⁺	05 96Pa01 TD	1979 α =87 8; β^+ ? *	
¹⁶⁰ Re	-16930#	300#	611 μ s	7		(4 ⁻)	05 11Da12 TJD	1992 p=89 1; α =11 1 *	
¹⁶⁰ Re ^m	-16750#	300#	184	4		2.8 μ s	0.1	(9 ⁺) 11Da01 EJT	2011 IT=100
* ¹⁶⁰ Nd	I : first seen in 85Si25 in the thermal fission of ²⁵² Cf								**
* ¹⁶⁰ Ho ⁿ	E : less than 55 keV above 169.61 level, from ENSDF								**
* ¹⁶⁰ Tm ⁿ	E : 98.2 + x, x estimated 0#50								**
* ¹⁶⁰ Ta	J : from α correlation with ¹⁵⁶ Lu line								**
* ¹⁶⁰ Ta ^m	J : from α correlation with ¹⁵⁶ Lu ^m line								**
* ¹⁶⁰ W	T : average 96Pa01=91(5) 81Ho10=81(15)								**
* ¹⁶⁰ Re	J : protons from d _{3/2} orbital; 92Pa05=(2 ⁻)								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...									
^{163}Ta	-42530	40		10.6 s 1.8		12Ku26 J	1985	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha \approx 0.2$	
$^{163}\text{Ta}^m$	-42410#	40#	129#	20#	AD	10# s		$\beta^+ ?; \alpha ?; \text{IT} ?$	
^{163}W	-34910	50		2.63 s 0.09		7/2 ⁻	10	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha = 14.2$	
$^{163}\text{W}^m$	-34430	50	480.3	0.7		154 ns 3	10	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{163}Re	-26007	19		390 ms 70		1/2 ⁺	10	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha = 32.3$	
$^{163}\text{Re}^m$	-25888	19	120	5	AD	214 ms 5	10	$\alpha = 66.4; \beta^+ ?$	
^{163}Os	-16390#	300#		5.5 ms 0.6		7/2 ⁻ #	10	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$	
* ^{163}Ho	T : other: $92\text{Ju}01 = 47(+5-4)$ d for $q = 66^+$ (bare ion)								
* ^{163}Ta	J : favored α -decay from 1/2 ⁺ isomer in ^{167}Re								
* $^{163}\text{Ta}^m$	J : favored α -decay from (9/2 ⁻) ground-state in ^{167}Re								
* $^{163}\text{Ta}^m$	E : $E(a) = 5277.3(2.7)$ to ^{159}Lu ground-state								
^{164}Sm	-48100#	300#		500# ms (>300 ns)		0 ⁺	12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{164}Eu	-53330#	210#		4.2 s 0.2		08 08Os02 T	2007	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{164}Gd	-59770#	200#		45 s 3		06		$\beta^- = 100$	
^{164}Tb	-62080	100		3.0 m 0.1		(5 ⁺)	01	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{164}Dy	-65966.7	1.9		STABLE		0 ⁺	01	$\text{IS} = 28.260 54$	
^{164}Ho	-64980.8	2.3		29 m 1		1 ⁺	01	$\text{IS} = 60.5; \beta^- = 40.5$	
$^{164}\text{Ho}^m$	-64841.0	2.3	139.77	0.08		36.4 m 0.3	01	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{164}Er	-65941.6	1.9		STABLE		0 ⁺	01	$\text{IS} = 1.601 3; \alpha ?; 2\beta^+ ?$	
$^{164}\text{Er}^m$	-62565.5	2.2	3376.1	1.1		> 170 ns	01	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{164}Tm	-61904	24		2.0 m 0.1	*	1 ⁺	01	$\varepsilon = 61.1; e^+ = 39.1$	
$^{164}\text{Tm}^m$	-61894	25	10	6	*	5.1 m 0.1	01	$\text{IT} \approx 80; \beta^+ \approx 20$	
^{164}Yb	-61018	15		75.8 m 1.7		0 ⁺	01	$\varepsilon = 100$	
^{164}Lu	-54642	28		3.14 m 0.03		1 ⁽⁻⁾	01	$\beta^+ = 100$	
^{164}Hf	-51818	16		111 s 8		0 ⁺	01	$\beta^+ = 100$	
^{164}Ta	-43283	28		14.2 s 0.3		(3 ⁺)	01	$\beta^+ = 100$	
^{164}W	-38228	11		6.3 s 0.2		0 ⁺	01	$\beta^+ = 96.2 12; \alpha = 3.8 12$	
^{164}Re	-27520	70		719 ms 161	*	(2 ⁻)	01	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ = 42\%$	
$^{164}\text{Re}^m$	-27370#	100#	160#	130#	*	890 ms 130	01	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha = 3.1$	
^{164}Os	-20470	160		21 ms 1		0 ⁺	01	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ = 2\%$	
^{164}Ir	-7540#	310#		1# ms		2 ⁻ #	06	$p ?; \alpha ?; \beta^+ ?$	
$^{164}\text{Ir}^m$	-7260#	300#	280#	110#		94 μs 27	06	$p = ?; \alpha ?; \beta^+ ?$	
* $^{164}\text{Ho}^m$	T : other $66\text{Jo}07 = 37.5(+1.5-0.5)$								
* $^{164}\text{Tm}^m$	E : less than 20 keV, from ENSDF								
* ^{164}Lu	J : negative parity proposed in 98Ge13; odd-odd ^{160}Tm ^{162}Tm ^{162}Lu have 1 ⁻ ground-state								
* ^{164}Ta	D : was erroneously considered as α emitter, instead of ^{163}Ta in 83Sc18								
* ^{164}Re	T : average 09Ha42=848(+140-105) 96Pa01=380(160) 81Ho10=880(240)								
* $^{164}\text{Re}^m$	T : symmetrized from 864(+150-110)								
* $^{164}\text{Ir}^m$	T : average 02Ma61=58(+46-18) 01Ke05=110(+60-30)								
^{165}Sm	-43810#	400#		200# ms (>300 ns)		5/2 ⁻ #	12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{165}Eu	-50690#	320#		2.7 s 0.3		5/2 ⁺ #	08 08Os02 TD	2007	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?$
^{165}Gd	-56490#	300#		10.3 s 1.6		1/2 ⁻ #	06	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{165}Tb	-60570#	200#		2.11 m 0.10		3/2 ⁺ #	06	$\beta^- = 100$	
^{165}Dy	-63611.3	1.9		2.334 h 0.001		7/2 ⁺	06	$\beta^- = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Dy}^m$	-63503.1	1.9	108.1552	0.0013		1.257 m 0.006	06	$\text{IT} = 97.76 11; \beta^- = 2.24 11$	
^{165}Ho	-64898.3	2.0		STABLE		7/2 ⁻	06	$\text{IS} = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Ho}^m$	-64536.6	2.0	361.675	0.011		1.512 μs 0.004	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Ho}^n$	-64183.0	2.0	715.33	0.02		< 100 ns	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{165}Er	-64520.4	2.0		10.36 h 0.04		5/2 ⁻	06	$\varepsilon = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Er}^m$	-63969.1	2.1	551.3	0.6		250 ns 30	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Er}^n$	-62697.4	2.1	1823.0	0.6		370 ns 40	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{165}Tm	-62928.8	2.4		30.06 h 0.03		1/2 ⁺	06	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Tm}^m$	-62848.4	2.4	80.37	0.06		80 μs 3	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Tm}^n$	-62768.3	2.4	160.47	0.06		9.0 μs 0.5	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{165}Yb	-60295	27		9.9 m 0.3		5/2 ⁻	06	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Yb}^m$	-60168	27	126.80	0.09		300 ns 30	06	$\text{IT} = 100$	
^{165}Lu	-56442	27		10.74 m 0.10		1/2 ⁺	06	$\beta^+ = 100$	
^{165}Hf	-51636	28		76 s 4		(5/2 ⁻)	06	$\beta^+ = 100$	
^{165}Ta	-45848	14		31.0 s 1.5		(1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	06	$\beta^+ = 100$	
$^{165}\text{Ta}^m$	-45823	17	24	18	AD	30# s	06	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha ?$	
^{165}W	-38861	25		5.1 s 0.5		(5/2 ⁻)	06	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha < 0.2$	
^{165}Re	-30644	25		2.62 s 0.14		(1/2 ⁺)	06	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha < 5$	
$^{165}\text{Re}^m$	-30609	17	35	23	AD *	2.32 s 0.09	06	$\beta^+ = 87.3; \alpha = 13.3$	
^{165}Os	-21800#	200#		71 ms 3		(7/2 ⁻)	06	$\alpha > 60; \beta^+ < 40$	
^{165}Ir	-11640#	170#		50# ns <1 μs		1/2 ⁺ #	06	$p ?; \alpha ?$	
$^{165}\text{Ir}^m$	-11460	160	180#	50#		300 μs 60	06	$p = 87.4; \alpha = 13.4$	
* ^{165}Ta	J : favored α decay from $^{169}\text{Re}^m$ ($J = (1/2^+, 3/2^+)$)								
* $^{165}\text{Ta}^m$	J : favored α decay from ^{169}Re ($J = (9/2^-)$)								
* ^{165}Re	T : symmetrized from 05Sc22=2.614(+0.142-0.128)								
* ^{165}Re	J : favored α decay from the (1/2 ⁺) ground state of the ^{169}Ir parent								
* $^{165}\text{Re}^m$	J : favored α decay from the (11/2 ⁻) isomeric state of the ^{169}Ir parent								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{166}Eu	-46930# 300#		1.7 s 0.3			08Os02 TD	2007	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- n ?$
^{166}Gd	-54530# 600#		4.8 s 1.0	0^+	08		2005	$\beta^- = 100$
^{166}Tb	-57880 70		25.1 s 2.1	(2^-)	08		1996	$\beta^- = 100$
^{166}Dy	-62583.5 1.9		81.6 h 0.1	0^+	08		1949	$\beta^- = 100$
^{166}Ho	-63070.6 2.0		26.824 h 0.012	0^-	08		1936	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{166}\text{Ho}^m$	-63064.6 2.0	5.969 0.012	1.133 ky 0.05	7^-	08	12Ne05 T	1952	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{166}\text{Ho}^n$	-62879.7 2.0	190.9021 0.0020	185 μs 15	3^+	08		1960	IT=100
^{166}Er	-64925.6 2.0		STABLE	0^+	08		1934	IS=33.503 36
^{166}Tm	-61888 12		7.70 h 0.03	2^+	08		1948	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{166}\text{Tm}^m$	-61771 13	117 5	348 ms 21	(6^-)	08	96Dr07 T	1996	IT=100 *
$^{166}\text{Tm}^n$	-61649 13	239 5	2 μs 1	(6^-)	08	96Dr07 EDT	1995	IT=100 *
^{166}Yb	-61595 7		56.7 h 0.1	0^+	08		1954	$\epsilon = 100$
^{166}Lu	-56021 30		2.65 m 0.10	6^-	08		1969	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{166}\text{Lu}^m$	-55990 30	34.37 0.22	1.41 m 0.10	$3^{(-)}$	08		1974	$\beta^+ = 58.5; \text{IT} = 42.5$
$^{166}\text{Lu}^n$	-55980 30	43.0 0.4	2.12 m 0.10	0^-	08		1974	$\beta^+ > 80; \text{IT} < 20$
^{166}Hf	-53859 28		6.77 m 0.30	0^+	08		1965	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{166}Ta	-46098 28		34.4 s 0.5	$(2)^+$	08		1977	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{166}W	-41888 10		19.2 s 0.6	0^+	08		1975	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha = 0.035 12$
^{166}Re	-31890 70		2.25 s 0.21	(7^+)	08	92Me10 J	1978	$\beta^+ = ?; \alpha = 5 2$ *
$^{166}\text{Re}^p$	-31740# 90#	150# 50#		$3^- \#$	08			
^{166}Os	-25437 18		216 ms 9	0^+	08	96Pa01 T	1977	$\alpha = 72 13; \beta^+ = 28 13$ *
^{166}Ir	-13350# 200#		10.5 ms 2.2	(2^-)	08		1981	$\alpha = 93 3; p = 7 3$ *
$^{166}\text{Ir}^m$	-13180# 200#	172 6 p	15.1 ms 0.9	(9^+)	08		1996	$\alpha = 98.2 6; p = 1.8 6$
^{166}Pt	-4790# 500#		300 μs 100	0^+	08		1996	$\alpha = 100$
* $^{166}\text{Tm}^m$	E : less than 16 keV above 109.338 level **							
* $^{166}\text{Tm}^m$	T : average 340(25) (34.4 keV γ -time) 370(40) (74.9 keV γ -time) **							
* $^{166}\text{Tm}^n$	E : 121.710 keV above the 340 ms isomer **							
* $^{166}\text{Tm}^n$	T : other 02Ca46=36(2) ns adopted in ENSDF'08 **							
* ^{166}Re	D : from 2% $< \alpha < 8\%$ as discussed in ENSDF J : 92Me10 β^+ to 6^+ state **							
* ^{166}Os	T : average 96Pa01=220(7) 91Se01=194(17) **							
^{167}Eu	-43880# 400#		200# ms (>300 ns)	$5/2^+ \#$		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{167}Gd	-50810# 400#		3# s (>300 ns)	$5/2^- \#$		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
^{167}Tb	-55930# 200#		19 s 3	$3/2^+ \#$	00	99As03 T	1999	$\beta^- = 100$
^{167}Dy	-59930 60		6.20 m 0.08	$(1/2^-)$	00		1960	$\beta^- = 100$
^{167}Ho	-62281 6		3.1 h 0.1	$7/2^-$	00		1955	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{167}\text{Ho}^m$	-62022 6	259.34 0.11	6.0 μs 1.0	$3/2^+$	00		1977	IT=100
^{167}Er	-63290.7 2.0		STABLE	$7/2^+$	00		1934	IS=22.869 9
$^{167}\text{Er}^m$	-63082.9 2.0	207.801 0.005	2.269 s 0.006	$1/2^-$	00		1986	IT=100
^{167}Tm	-62544.1 2.3		9.25 d 0.02	$1/2^+$	00		1948	$\epsilon = 100$
$^{167}\text{Tm}^m$	-62364.6 2.3	179.480 0.019	1.16 μs 0.06	$(7/2)^+$	00		1964	IT=100
$^{167}\text{Tm}^n$	-62251.3 2.3	292.820 0.020	0.9 μs 0.1	$7/2^-$	00		1965	IT=100
^{167}Yb	-60591 4		17.5 m 0.2	$5/2^-$	00		1954	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{167}\text{Yb}^m$	-60019 4	571.548 0.022	180 ns	$(11/2)^-$	00		1976	IT=100
^{167}Lu	-57500 30		51.5 m 1.0	$7/2^+$	06		1958	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{167}\text{Lu}^m$	-57500# 40#	0# 30#	> 1 m	$1/2^{(-\#)}$	06		1998	IT ?; $\beta^+ ?$
^{167}Hf	-53468 28		2.05 m 0.05	$(5/2)^-$	00		1969	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{167}Ta	-48351 28		1.33 m 0.07	$(3/2^+)$	00		1982	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{167}W	-42099 18		19.9 s 0.5	$3/2^- \#$	00		1985	$\beta^+ = 99.96 1; \alpha = 0.04 1$ *
^{167}Re	-34840# 40#		& 3.4 s 0.4	$(9/2^-)$	00	10An01 J	1992	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
$^{167}\text{Re}^m$	-34700 40	140# 16#	& 5.9 s 0.3	$1/2^+$	00	11Ko.B EJ	1984	$\beta^+ \approx 99; \alpha \approx 1$
^{167}Os	-26500 70		839 ms 5	$7/2^-$	09	10Sc02 TJD	1977	$\alpha = 51 4; \beta^+ ?$ *
$^{167}\text{Os}^m$	-26060 70	435.1 1.0	672 ns 7	$(13/2^+)$	09	10Sc02 E	2009	IT=100 *
^{167}Ir	-17078 19		29.3 ms 0.6	$1/2^+$	02	05Sc22 TD	1981	$\alpha = 43 2; p = 39.3 13; \beta^+ ?$ *
$^{167}\text{Ir}^m$	-16902 19	175.5 2.1 p	25.7 ms 0.8	$11/2^-$	02	04Ke06 T	1995	$\alpha = 90 3; \beta^+ ?; \dots$ *
^{167}Pt	-6810# 310#		800 μs 160	$7/2^- \#$	00	04Ke06 T	1996	$\alpha = 100$ *
* ^{167}W	J : lowest observed state in 92Th06 is $13/2^+$ **							
* ^{167}Os	D : average 10Sc02=51(5)% 96Pa01=49(7)% 81Ho10=58(12)% **							
* $^{167}\text{Os}^m$	E : also 10Sc02=434.3(1.1), unc. estimated by evaluator, based on Table II **							
* ^{167}Ir	T : from p-decay; α -decay 05Sc22=30.9(1.3) 97Da07=35.2(2.0) not used **							
* $^{167}\text{Ir}^m$	D : ... ; p=0.42 8 D : p from 05Sc22 **							
* $^{167}\text{Ir}^m$	T : other not used 05Sc22=28.7(3.3) from α -decay and 28.8(1.3) from p-decay **							
* $^{167}\text{Ir}^m$	T : 97Da07=30.0(0.6) conflicting, not used **							
* ^{167}Pt	T : average 04Ke06=900(+300-200) 96Bi07=700(200) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁶⁸ Gd	-48360#	400#	300# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	1985	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁶⁸ Tb	-52720#	300#	8.2 s 1.3	4 ⁻ #	10	12Ku26 I	1999	β^- =100
¹⁶⁸ Dy	-58560	140	8.7 m 0.3	0 ⁺	10		1982	β^- =100
¹⁶⁸ Ho	-60060	30	2.99 m 0.07	3 ⁺	10		1960	β^- =100
¹⁶⁸ Ho ^m	-60000	30	132 s 4	(6 ⁺)	10	90Ch37 E	1990	IT \approx 100; β^- <0.5
¹⁶⁸ Ho ⁿ	-59920	30	143.43 0.17	> 4 μ s	(1 ⁻)		1990	IT=100
¹⁶⁸ Ho ^p	-59870	30	192.57 0.20	108 ns 11	1 ⁺		1990	IT=100
¹⁶⁸ Er	-62990.7	2.0	STABLE	0 ⁺	10		1934	IS=26.978 18
¹⁶⁸ Er ^m	-61896.7	2.0	1094.0383 0.0016	109.0 ns 0.7	4 ⁻		1974	IT=100
¹⁶⁸ Tm	-61313.3	2.6		93.1 d 0.2	3 ⁺		1949	β^+ \approx 100; β^- =0.010 7
¹⁶⁸ Yb	-61581.4	2.0	STABLE (>130 Ty)	0 ⁺	10	56Po16 T	1938	IS=0.123 3; α ?; $2\beta^+$?
¹⁶⁸ Lu	-57070	40		5.5 m 0.1	6 ⁽⁻⁾		1960	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁸ Lu ^m	-56870	40	202.81 0.12	6.7 m 0.4	3 ⁺		1960	β^+ >99.6 4; IT <0.8
¹⁶⁸ Hf	-55361	28		25.95 m 0.20	0 ⁺		1961	ϵ \approx 98; e^+ \approx 2
¹⁶⁸ Ta	-48394	28		2.0 m 0.1	(2 ⁻ , 3 ⁺)		1969	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁸ W	-44893	13		50.9 s 1.9	0 ⁺		1971	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.0032 10
¹⁶⁸ Re	-35790	30		4.4 s 0.1	(7 ⁺)		1992	β^+ \approx 100; α \approx 0.005
¹⁶⁸ Os	-29987	11		2.1 s 0.1	0 ⁺		1977	β^+ =57 4; α =43 4
¹⁶⁸ Ir	-18720	70		230 ms 50	(2 ⁻)		1978	α \approx 100; β^+ ?; β^+p ?
¹⁶⁸ Ir ^m	-18460#	100#	250# 130#	163 ms 16	(9 ⁺)	09Ha42 TD	1996	α =77 9; β^+ ?; β^+p ?
¹⁶⁸ Pt	-11060	160		2.02 ms 0.10	0 ⁺		1981	α \approx 100; β^+ =0.2#
* ¹⁶⁸ Gd	I : first seen in 85Si25 via thermal fission of ²⁵² Cf							
* ¹⁶⁸ Yb	T : lower limit is for α decay							
* ¹⁶⁸ Ta	T : other: 02At01=5.2(0.7) for q=73 ⁺ (bare ion)							
* ¹⁶⁸ Ir	T : symmetrized from 09Ha42=222(+60-40)							
* ¹⁶⁸ Ir	J : from correlations between α 's depopulating (2 ⁻) isomers down to ¹⁵² Tm							
* ¹⁶⁸ Ir ^m	T : average 09Ha42=160(+30-20) 09Ha42=153(+40-30)(indep) 96Pa01=161(21)							
* ¹⁶⁸ Ir ^m	J : from correlations between α 's depopulating (9 ⁺) isomers down to ¹⁵² Tm							
¹⁶⁹ Gd	-44150#	500#	1# s (>300 ns)	7/2 ⁻ #		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁶⁹ Tb	-50330#	300#	2# s (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?; β^-n ?
¹⁶⁹ Dy	-55600	300	39 s 8	(5/2 ⁻)	08		1990	β^- =100
¹⁶⁹ Ho	-58798	20	4.72 m 0.10	7/2 ⁻	08		1963	β^- =100
¹⁶⁹ Ho ^m	-57412	20	1386.2 0.4	118 μ s 6	(19/2 ⁺)	10Dr05 ETJ	2010	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Er	-60922.6	2.0		9.392 d 0.018	1/2 ⁻	08	1956	β^- =100
¹⁶⁹ Er ^m	-60830.6	2.0	92.05 0.10	285 ns 20	(5/2 ⁻)	08	1969	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Er ⁿ	-60678.9	2.0	243.69 0.17	200 ns 10	7/2 ⁺	08	1969	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Tm	-61275.6	2.1		STABLE	1/2 ⁺	08	1934	IS=100.
¹⁶⁹ Tm ^m	-60959.5	2.1	316.1463 0.0001	659.9 ns 2.3	7/2 ⁺	08	1950	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Yb	-60377.1	2.1		32.018 d 0.005	7/2 ⁺	08	1946	ϵ =100
¹⁶⁹ Yb ^m	-60352.9	2.1	24.1999 0.0016	46 s 2	1/2 ⁻	08	1949	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Lu	-58084	4		34.06 h 0.05	7/2 ⁺	08	1955	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁹ Lu ^m	-58055	4	29.0 0.5	160 s 10	(1/2 ⁻)	08	1965	IT=100
¹⁶⁹ Hf	-54717	28		3.24 m 0.04	(5/2 ⁻)	08	1969	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁹ Ta	-50290	28		4.9 m 0.4	(5/2 ⁺)	08	98Zh03 J	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁹ W	-44918	15		74 s 6	5/2 ⁻ #	08	1985	β^+ =100
¹⁶⁹ Re	-38409	11		8.1 s 0.5	(9/2 ⁻)	08	92Me10 D	β^+ =?; α =0.005 3
¹⁶⁹ Re ^m	-38234	14	175 13 AD	15.1 s 1.5	(1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	08	FGK129 J	β^+ ?; α \approx 0.2; IT ?
¹⁶⁹ Os	-30723	25		3.46 s 0.11	(5/2 ⁻)	08	96Pa01 T	β^+ =86.3 8; α =13.7 8
¹⁶⁹ Ir	-22078	25		353 ms 4	(1/2 ⁺)	08	1978	α =45 12; β^+ ?
¹⁶⁹ Ir ^m	-21918	17	160 22 AD	281 ms 4	(11/2 ⁻)	08	1984	α =72 7; β^+ ?; p ?
¹⁶⁹ Pt	-12510#	200#		6.99 ms 0.09	(7/2 ⁻)	08	09Go16 T	α =?; β^+ =1#
¹⁶⁹ Au	-1790#	300#		150# μ s	1/2 ⁺ #			p ?; α ?; β^+ ?
* ¹⁶⁹ Tm ^m	E : ENSDF2008=316.14633 0.00011							
* ¹⁶⁹ Re	D : α =0.005(3)% derived from original α =0.001% - 0.01%							
* ¹⁶⁹ Re	J : favored α decay from (11/2 ⁻) ¹⁷³ Ir to (11/2 ⁻) level at 136.2 keV							
* ¹⁶⁹ Re ^m	J : favored α decay from (1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺) ¹⁷³ Ir ground-state							
* ¹⁶⁹ Os	T : average 96Pa01=3.6(0.2) 95Hi02=3.2(0.3) 84Sc06=3.5(0.2) 82En03=3.4(0.2)							
* ¹⁶⁹ Pt	T : average 09Go16=6.99(0.10) 04Ke06=7.0(0.2)							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁷⁰ Gd			(>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
¹⁷⁰ Tb	-46720# 400#		3# s (>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
¹⁷⁰ Dy	-53660# 200#		30# s	0 ⁺	10	10So03 I	2010	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁷⁰ Ho	-56240 50		2.76 m 0.05	6 ⁺ #	02		1960	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷⁰ Ho ^m	-56140 60 100 80	BD *	43 s 2	(1 ⁺)	02		1960	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷⁰ Er	-60109.1 2.4		STABLE	(>320 Py)	0 ⁺	96De60 T	1934	IS=14.910 36; ... *
¹⁷⁰ Tm	-59796.3 2.1		128.6 d 0.3	1 ⁻	02		1936	$\beta^- \approx 100; \epsilon = 0.131 10$
¹⁷⁰ Tm ^m	-59613.1 2.1 183.197 0.004		4.12 μ s 0.13	(3 ⁺)	02		1967	IT=100
¹⁷⁰ Yb	-60764.7 2.1		STABLE	0 ⁺	02		1938	IS=2.982 39
¹⁷⁰ Yb ^m	-59506.2 2.1 1258.46 0.14		370 ns 15	4 ⁻	02		1981	IT=100
¹⁷⁰ Lu	-57307 17		2.012 d 0.020	0 ⁺	02		1951	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷⁰ Lu ^m	-57214 17 92.91 0.09		670 ms 100	(4 ⁻)	02		1965	IT=100
¹⁷⁰ Hf	-56254 28		16.01 h 0.13	0 ⁺	06		1961	$\epsilon =100$
¹⁷⁰ Ta	-50138 28		6.76 m 0.06	(3 ⁺ (+#))	02		1969	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷⁰ W	-47290 13		2.42 m 0.04	0 ⁺	02		1971	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha < 1\%$
¹⁷⁰ Re	-38918 26		9.2 s 0.2	(5 ⁺)	02		1974	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha < 0.01\%$
¹⁷⁰ Os	-33926 10		7.37 s 0.18	0 ⁺	08		1972	$\beta^+ = ?; \alpha = 9.5 10$
¹⁷⁰ Ir	-23360# 90#		910 ms 150	(3 ⁻)	08		1977	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha = 5.2 17$ *
¹⁷⁰ Ir ^m	-23200 70 160# 50#		811 ms 18	(8 ⁺)	08		1977	$\alpha = 36 10; \beta^+ ?; IT ?$
¹⁷⁰ Pt	-16305 19		13.93 ms 0.16	0 ⁺	02	04Ke06 T	1981	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ = 2\%$ *
¹⁷⁰ Au	-3750# 200#		290 μ s 50	(2 ⁻)	02	04Ke06 TD	2002	p=89 10; $\alpha = 11 10$ *
¹⁷⁰ Au ^m	-3470# 200# 280 13	p	620 μ s 50	(9 ⁺)	02	04Ke06 TD	2002	p=58 5; $\alpha = 42 5$ *
* ¹⁷⁰ Er	D : ... ; 2 $\beta^- ?; \alpha ?$ **							
* ¹⁷⁰ Ir	T : symmetrized from 870(+180-120) **							
* ¹⁷⁰ Pt	T : average 04Ke06=14.0(0.2) 98Ki20=13.5(0.3) 96Bi07=14.7(0.5) **							
* ¹⁷⁰ Au	T : symmetrized from 286(+50-40) **							
* ¹⁷⁰ Au ^m	T : 04Ke06=617(+50-40); other 02Ma61=570(+310-150) D : and 02Ma61=75(15)% **							
¹⁷¹ Tb	-44030# 500#		500# ms (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
¹⁷¹ Dy	-50190# 300#		6# s (>300 ns)	7/2 ⁻ #		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁷¹ Ho	-54520 600		53 s 2	7/2 ⁻ #	02		1989	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷¹ Er	-57719.4 2.4		7.516 h 0.002	5/2 ⁻	02		1938	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷¹ Er ^m	-57520.8 2.4 198.6 0.1		210 ns 10	1/2 ⁻	02		1969	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Tm	-59211.5 2.2		1.92 y 0.01	1/2 ⁺	02		1948	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷¹ Tm ^m	-58786.5 2.2 424.9560 0.0015		2.60 μ s 0.02	7/2 ⁻	02		1948	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Tm ⁿ	-57537.0 2.2 1674.5 0.3		1.7 μ s 0.2	19/2 ⁺		09Wa06 ETJ	2009	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Yb	-59308.0 2.0		STABLE	1/2 ⁻	02		1934	IS=14.09 14
¹⁷¹ Yb ^m	-59212.7 2.0 95.282 0.002		5.25 ms 0.24	7/2 ⁺	02		1968	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Yb ⁿ	-59185.6 2.0 122.416 0.002		265 ns 20	5/2 ⁻	02		1968	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Lu	-57830.0 2.5		8.24 d 0.03	7/2 ⁺	02		1951	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷¹ Lu ^m	-57758.9 2.5 71.13 0.08		79 s 2	1/2 ⁻	02		1965	IT=100
¹⁷¹ Hf	-55431 29		12.1 h 0.4	7/2 ⁺	02	00Ye02 J	1951	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷¹ Hf ^m	-55409 29 21.93 0.09		29.5 s 0.9	1/2 ⁻	02	00Ye02 J	1997	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ ?$
¹⁷¹ Ta	-51720 28		23.3 m 0.3	(5/2 ⁻)	02		1969	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷¹ W	-47086 28		2.38 m 0.04	(5/2 ⁻)	02		1983	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷¹ Re	-41250 28		15.2 s 0.4	(9/2 ⁻)	02		1987	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷¹ Os	-34303 18		8.3 s 0.2	(5/2 ⁻)	02		1972	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha = 1.80 21$
¹⁷¹ Ir	-26420 40		3.1 s 0.3	1/2 ⁺	02	11Ko.B TJ	1967	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$ *
¹⁷¹ Ir ^m	-26260# 40# 160# 14#		1.47 s 0.06	(11/2 ⁻)	02	11Ko.B T	1967	$\alpha = 54 5; \beta^+ ?; p ?$ *
¹⁷¹ Pt	-17470 70		45.5 ms 2.5	7/2 ⁻	10	10Sc02 J	1981	$\alpha = 90 7; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁷¹ Pt ^m	-17060 70 412.6 1.0		901 ns 9	13/2 ⁺	10	FGK128 J	2010	IT=100 *
¹⁷¹ Au	-7568 21		22.3 μ s 2.4	(1/2 ⁺)	02	04Ke06 T	1997	p \approx 100; $\alpha ?$ *
¹⁷¹ Au ^m	-7313 19 255 10	p	1.036 ms 0.016	11/2 ⁻	02	04Ke06 TD	1996	$\alpha = 60.0 28; p = 40.0 28$ *
¹⁷¹ Hg	3290# 310#		70 μ s 30	3/2 ⁻ #	04		2004	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ = 0.01\%$ *
* ¹⁷¹ Ir	T : other 02Ro17=3.2(+1.3-0.7) **							
* ¹⁷¹ Ir ^m	D : average 10An01=53(5)% 96Pa01=58(11)% **							
* ¹⁷¹ Ir ^m	T : average 11Ko.B=1.50(0.07) 10An01=1.40(0.10) **							
* ¹⁷¹ Pt ^m	J : M2 to 9/2 ⁻ **							
* ¹⁷¹ Au	T : average 04Ke06=22(+3-2) 99Po09=17(+9-5) **							
* ¹⁷¹ Au	T : other 03Ba20=37(+7-5) conflicting, not used **							
* ¹⁷¹ Au ^m	T : average 04Ke06=1.09(0.03) 03Ba20=1.014(0.019) **							
* ¹⁷¹ Au ^m	D : average 04Ke06=34(4)% 97Da07=46(4)%; Birge ratio B=2.1 **							
* ¹⁷¹ Hg	T : symmetrized from 59(+36-16) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁷² Tb			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
¹⁷² Dy	-48010# 300#		3# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁷² Ho	-51480# 200#		25 s 3		95		1991	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷² Er	-56484 4		49.3 h 0.3	0 ⁺	95		1956	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷² Er ^m	-54983 4 1500.9 0.3		579 ns 62	(6 ⁺)		10Dr02 ETJ	2006	IT=100
¹⁷² Tm	-57375 6		63.6 h 0.2	2 ⁻	95		1956	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷² Tm ^m	-56899 6 476.2 1.0		132 μ s 7	6 ⁺		08Hu05 ETJ	2008	IT=100 *
¹⁷² Yb	-59256.2 2.0		STABLE	0 ⁺	95		1934	IS=21.68 13
¹⁷² Yb ^m	-57705.8 2.0 1550.43 0.06		3.6 μ s 0.1	6 ⁻	95		1969	IT=100
¹⁷² Lu	-56738.1 2.8		6.70 d 0.03	4 ⁻	95		1951	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷² Lu ^m	-56696.2 2.8 41.86 0.04		3.7 m 0.5	1 ⁻	95		1962	IT=100; $\beta^+ <0.18$
¹⁷² Lu ⁿ	-56672.3 2.8 65.79 0.04		332 ns 20	(1 ⁺)	95		1965	IT=100
¹⁷² Lu ^p	-56628.7 2.8 109.41 0.10		440 μ s 12	(1 ⁺)	95		1965	IT=100
¹⁷² Lu ^q	-56524.5 2.8 213.57 0.17		150 ns	(6 ⁻)	95		1974	IT=100
¹⁷² Hf	-56402 24		1.87 y 0.03	0 ⁺	95		1951	$\epsilon =100$
¹⁷² Hf ^m	-54396 24 2005.84 0.11		163 ns 3	(8 ⁻)	95		1976	IT=100
¹⁷² Ta	-51330 28		36.8 m 0.3	(3 ⁺)	95		1964	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷² W	-49097 28		6.6 m 0.9	0 ⁺	95		1964	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷² Re	-41530 40		15 s 3	(5)	95		1972	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷² Re ^m	-41530# 110# 0# 100#		55 s 5	(2)	95		1977	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷² Os	-37244 13		19.2 s 0.9	0 ⁺	95	95Hi02 D	1971	$\beta^+ =?; \alpha =1.1 2$
¹⁷² Ir	-27380 30		4.4 s 0.3	(3 ⁺)	95		1967	$\beta^+ =98; \alpha =2$
¹⁷² Ir ^m	-27240 30 139 10 AD		2.0 s 0.1	(7 ⁺)	95		1967	$\beta^+ =77 3; \alpha =23 3$
¹⁷² Pt	-21097 12		97.6 ms 1.3	0 ⁺	10	10An02 D	1981	$\alpha =97 3; \beta^+ ?$ *
¹⁷² Au	-9370 80		28 ms 4	(2 ⁻)	10		1993	$\alpha =?; p <2; \beta^+ ?$ *
¹⁷² Au ^m	-9010# 100# 360# 130#		11.0 ms 1.0	(9 ⁺)	10	09Ha42 T	1993	$\alpha =?; p <2$ *
¹⁷² Hg	-1110 160		231 μ s 9	0 ⁺	10		1999	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.1\#$
* ¹⁷² Tm ^m	T : mean-life 190(10) μ s **							
* ¹⁷² Au	T : symmetrized from 09Ha42=22(+6-4) **							
* ¹⁷² Au	J : from correlations between α 's depopulating (2 ⁻) isomers down to ¹⁵² Tm **							
* ¹⁷² Au ^m	T : average 09Ha42=9(+2-1) 09Ha42=8(+5-2) (independent measurements) **							
* ¹⁷² Au ^m	T : others 96Pa01=6.3(1.5) 93Se09=4(1) **							
¹⁷³ Dy	-43940# 400#		2# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁷³ Ho	-49350# 300#		10# s (>300 ns)	7/2 ⁻ #		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁷³ Er	-53650# 200#		1.434 m 0.017	(7/2 ⁻)	95	94It.A T	1972	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷³ Tm	-56254 5		8.24 h 0.08	(1/2 ⁺)	95		1961	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁷³ Tm ^m	-55936 5 317.73 0.20		10 μ s 3	(7/2 ⁻)	95		1972	IT=100
¹⁷³ Yb	-57552.2 2.0		STABLE	5/2 ⁻	95		1934	IS=16.103 63
¹⁷³ Yb ^m	-57153.3 2.1 398.9 0.5		2.9 μ s 0.1	1/2 ⁻	95		1963	IT=100
¹⁷³ Lu	-56882.6 2.2		1.37 y 0.01	7/2 ⁺	95		1951	$\epsilon =100$
¹⁷³ Lu ^m	-56758.9 2.2 123.672 0.013		74.2 μ s 1.0	5/2 ⁻	95		1962	IT=100
¹⁷³ Hf	-55412 28		23.6 h 0.1	1/2 ⁻	06		1951	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷³ Hf ^m	-55305 28 107.16 0.05		180 ns 8	5/2 ⁻	06		1973	IT=100
¹⁷³ Hf ⁿ	-55215 28 197.47 0.10		160 ms 40	7/2 ⁺	06		1973	IT=100
¹⁷³ Ta	-52397 28		3.14 h 0.13	5/2 ⁻	95		1960	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷³ Ta ^m	-52224 28 173.10 0.21		225 ns 15	9/2 ⁻	95	95Ca27 E	1977	IT=100 *
¹⁷³ Ta ⁿ	-50678 28 1719.4 1.0		132 ns 3	21/2 ⁻		06Th07 ETJ	2006	IT=100
¹⁷³ W	-48727 28		7.6 m 0.2	5/2 ⁻	95		1963	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷³ Re	-43554 28		2.0 m 0.3	(5/2 ⁻)	95		1986	$\beta^+ =100$
¹⁷³ Os	-37438 15		22.4 s 0.9	(5/2 ⁻)	95	95Hi02 TD	1971	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.4 2$
¹⁷³ Ir	-30268 11		9.0 s 0.8	(1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺)	95	01Ko44 J	1967	$\beta^+ >93; \alpha <7$ *
¹⁷³ Ir ^m	-30042 11 226 9 AD		2.20 s 0.05	(11/2 ⁻)	95	01Ko44 J	1967	$\beta^+ =88 1; \alpha =12 1$ *
¹⁷³ Pt	-21940 60		382 ms 2	(5/2 ⁻)	06		1966	$\alpha =86 4; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁷³ Au	-12816 24		25 ms 1	(1/2 ⁺)	03		1983	$\alpha =86 13; \beta^+ =6\#$ *
¹⁷³ Au ^m	-12597 17 220 21 AD		14.0 ms 0.9	(11/2 ⁻)	03		1984	$\alpha =89 11; \beta^+ =4\#$
¹⁷³ Hg	-2710# 200#		910 μ s 260	3/2 ⁻ #	03	04Ke06 T	1999	$\alpha =100$
* ¹⁷³ Ta ^m	T : other recent 06Th07=163(2), conflicting, not used **							
* ¹⁷³ Ir	J : favored α decay from (1/2 ⁺ , 3/2 ⁺) ¹⁷⁷ Au ground-state **							
* ¹⁷³ Ir ^m	J : favored α decay from (11/2 ⁻) ¹⁷⁷ Au isomer **							
* ¹⁷³ Au	D : from 94(+6-19)%; and for isomer ¹⁷³ Au ^m 92(+8-13)% **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
^{174}Dy			(>300 ns)	0^+		12Ku26	I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{174}Ho	-45690#	300#	8#	s	(>300 ns)	12Ku26	I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
^{174}Er	-51950#	300#	3.2	m	0.2			1989	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{174}\text{Er}^m$	-50840#	300#	4.02	s	0.35			2006	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{174}Tm	-53870	40	5.4	m	0.1			1960	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{174}\text{Tm}^m$	-53620	40	2.29	s	0.01			2006	$\text{IT} > 98.5; \beta^- < 1.5$
^{174}Yb	-56945.5	2.0	STABLE					1934	$\text{IS} = 32.026\ 80$
$^{174}\text{Yb}^m$	-55427.4	2.0	1518.148	0.013	830	μs	40	1964	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Yb}^n$	-55180.3	2.1	1765.2	0.5	256	ns	11	2005	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{174}Lu	-55572.1	2.1			3.31	y	0.05	1951	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{174}\text{Lu}^m$	-55401.3	2.1	170.83	0.05	142	d	2	1960	$\text{IT} = 99.38\ 2; \epsilon = 0.62\ 2$
$^{174}\text{Lu}^n$	-55331.3	2.1	240.818	0.004	395	ns	15	1980	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Lu}^p$	-55206.9	2.1	365.183	0.006	145	ns	3	1980	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Lu}^q$	-53716.4	2.2	1855.7	0.5	194	ns	24	2009	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Lu}^r$	-49722.5	2.3	5849.6	0.9	242	ns	19	2009	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{174}Hf	-55846.7	2.7			2.0	Py	0.4	1939	$\text{IS} = 0.16\ 1; \alpha = 100; 2\beta^+ ?$
$^{174}\text{Hf}^m$	-54297	3	1549.3	1.8	138	ns	4	1976	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Hf}^n$	-54049	3	1797.5	1.8	2.39	μs	0.04	1974	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{Hf}^p$	-52535	3	3311.7	1.8	3.7	μs	0.2	1974	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{174}Ta	-51741	28			1.14	h	0.08	1960	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{174}W	-50227	28			33.2	m	2.1	1964	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{174}\text{W}^m$	-48555	28	1672.0	0.5	> 187	ns		1976	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{W}^n$	-48307	28	1919.7	0.5	187	ns	25	1976	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{W}^p$	-47959	28	2267.8	0.4	158	ns	3	2006	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{174}\text{W}^q$	-45711	28	4515.6	0.4	128	ns	8	2006	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{174}Re	-43673	28			2.40	m	0.04	1972	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{174}\text{Re}^m$	-43570#	60#	100#	50#	1#	m	(>1 μs)	2012	$\text{IT} ?; \beta^+ ?$
^{174}Os	-39995	10			44	s	4	1971	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha = 0.024\ 7$
^{174}Ir	-30869	28			7.9	s	0.6	1967	$\beta^+ = 99.5\ 3; \alpha = 0.5\ 3$
$^{174}\text{Ir}^m$	-30676	26	193	11	AD	s	0.3	1992	$\beta^+ = 97.5\ 3; \alpha = 2.5\ 3$
^{174}Pt	-25318	10			889	ms	17	1966	$\alpha = 76\ 8; \beta^+ ?$
^{174}Au	-14240#	90#			139	ms	3	1983	$\alpha = 90\ 6; \beta^+ ?$
$^{174}\text{Au}^m$	-13990	70	250#	50#	171	ms	29	1995	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ ?$
^{174}Hg	-6646	19			2.0	ms	0.4	1997	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ = 0.4\#$
$^{174}\text{Er}^m$	E : uncertainty estimated by NUBASE								
$^{174}\text{Tm}^m$	E : uncertainty estimated by NUBASE								
$^{174}\text{Hf}^m$	J : multiple decay branches, transition mult., magnetic moment; also n and p								
$^{174}\text{W}^p$	E : derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies								
$^{174}\text{W}^q$	E : derived from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies								
^{174}Os	D : symmetrized from $^{71}\text{Bo}06\ \alpha = 0.020(+10-4)\%$								
^{174}Au	T : others $^{96}\text{Pa}01 = 171(29)\ 83\text{Sc}24 = 120(20)$								
^{174}Hg	T : symmetrized from $1.9(+0.4-0.3)$								
^{175}Ho	-43200#	400#			5#	s	(>300 ns)	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{175}Er	-48650#	400#			1.2	m	0.3	1996	$\beta^- = 100$
^{175}Tm	-52310	50			15.2	m	0.5	1961	$\beta^- = 100$
^{175}Yb	-54696.6	2.0			4.185	d	0.001	1945	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{175}\text{Yb}^m$	-54181.7	2.0	514.866	0.004	68.2	ms	0.3	1972	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}Lu	-55167.6	1.9			STABLE			1934	$\text{IS} = 97.401\ 13$
$^{175}\text{Lu}^m$	-54814.1	1.9	353.48	0.13	1.49	μs	0.07	1965	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Lu}^n$	-53775.4	2.0	1392.2	0.6	984	μs	30	1998	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}Hf	-54483.8	2.7			70	d	2	1949	$\epsilon = 100$
$^{175}\text{Hf}^m$	-54357.9	2.7	125.89	0.12	53.7	μs	1.5	1964	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Hf}^n$	-53050.4	2.7	1433.41	0.12	1.10	μs	0.08	1990	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Hf}^p$	-51468.2	2.7	3015.6	0.4	1.21	μs	0.15	1980	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Hf}^q$	-49847.6	3.0	4636.2	1.2	1.9	μs	0.1	1990	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}Ta	-52409	28			10.5	h	0.2	1960	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{175}\text{Ta}^m$	-52278	28	131.41	0.17	222	ns	8	1972	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Ta}^n$	-52070	28	339.2	1.3	170	ns	20	1969	$\text{IT} = 100$
$^{175}\text{Ta}^p$	-50841	28	1567.6	0.3	1.95	μs	0.15	1996	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}W	-49633	28			35.2	m	0.6	1963	$\beta^+ = 100$
$^{175}\text{W}^m$	-49398	28	234.96	0.15	216	ns	6	1978	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}Re	-45288	28			5.89	m	0.05	1967	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{175}Os	-40105	12			1.4	m	0.1	1972	$\beta^+ = 100$
^{175}Ir	-33394	12			9	s	2	1967	$\beta^+ = 99.15\ 28; \alpha = 0.85\ 28$
^{175}Pt	-25700	18			2.53	s	0.06	1966	$\alpha = 64\ 5; \beta^+ ?$
^{175}Au	-17420	40			188	ms	12	1975	$\alpha = 87\ 4; \beta^+ ?$
$^{175}\text{Au}^m$	-17250#	40#	167#	12#	AD	ms	4	1975	$\alpha = 75\ 4; \beta^+ ?$
^{175}Hg	-7970	70			10.6	ms	0.4	1983	$\alpha = ?; \beta^+ = 1\#$
$^{175}\text{Hg}^m$	-7480	70	494	2	340	ns	30	2009	$\text{IT} = 100$
^{175}Au	J : favored α decay to $1/2^+$ states in ^{171}Ir and ^{167}Re and from $1/2^+$ in ^{179}Tl								
^{175}Au	D : $\alpha = 87(4)$ from $^{11}\text{Ko.B.}$, after correction for $\alpha = 64(5)$ of ^{175}Pt daughter								
$^{175}\text{Au}^m$	T : average $^{11}\text{Ko.B.} = 124(8)\ 10\text{An}01 = 138(5)$; the former supersedes $01\text{Ko}44 = 143(8)$								
$^{175}\text{Au}^n$	T : others $02\text{Ro}17 = 158(3)\ 96\text{Pa}01 = 185(30)\ 83\text{Sc}24 = 200(22)$ for mixture ground-state and m								
$^{175}\text{Au}^m$	J : favored α decay to $(11/2^-)$ excited isomer $^{171}\text{Ir}^m$								
$^{175}\text{Au}^m$	D : $\alpha = 75(4)\%$ from $^{11}\text{Ko.B.}$, after correction for $\alpha = 64(5)\%$ of ^{175}Pt daughter								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{176}Ho			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?; β^-n ?
^{176}Er	-46630# 400#		20# s (>300 ns)	0^+		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
^{176}Tm	-49370 100		1.85 m 0.03	(4^+)	06	94It.A T	1961	β^- =100
^{176}Yb	-53489.7 2.2		STABLE (>160 Py)	0^+	06	96De60 T	1934	IS=12.996 83; ... *
$^{176}\text{Yb}^m$	-52439.9 2.3 1049.8	0.6	11.4 s 0.3	8^-	06		1967	IT=?; $\beta^- < 10\%$
^{176}Lu	-53384.2 1.9		37.6 Gy 0.7	7^-	06		1935	IS=2.599 13; β^- =100
$^{176}\text{Lu}^m$	-53261.4 1.9 122.845	0.004	3.664 h 0.019	1^-	06		1935	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\epsilon=0.095$ 16
$^{176}\text{Lu}^n$	-51869.7 2.0 1514.5	0.5	312 ms 69	12^+	06		2000	IT=100
$^{176}\text{Lu}^p$	-51796.7 2.2 1587.5	1.1	40 μ s 3	14^+	06	FGK128 J	2000	IT=100 *
^{176}Hf	-54578.4 2.0		STABLE	0^+	06		1934	IS=5.26 7
$^{176}\text{Hf}^m$	-53245.3 2.0 1333.07	0.07	9.6 μ s 0.3	6^+	06		1964	IT=100
$^{176}\text{Hf}^n$	-53019.1 2.0 1559.31	0.09	9.9 μ s 0.2	8^-	06		1967	IT=100
$^{176}\text{Hf}^p$	-51712.6 2.1 2865.8	0.7	401 μ s 6	14^-	06		1975	IT=100
$^{176}\text{Hf}^q$	-49714.9 2.6 4863.5	1.6	43 μ s	22^-	06	10Mu13 JT	1976	IT=100
^{176}Ta	-51370 30		8.09 h 0.05	$(1)^-$	06		1948	β^+ =100
$^{176}\text{Ta}^m$	-51270 30 103.0	1.0	1.08 ms 0.07	(7^+)	06	78Du06 ET	1971	IT=100 *
$^{176}\text{Ta}^n$	-49900 30 1474.0	1.4	3.8 ms 0.4	14^-	06		1978	IT=100 *
$^{176}\text{Ta}^p$	-48500 30 2874.0	1.4	970 μ s 70	20^-	06		1994	IT=100 *
^{176}W	-50642 28		2.5 h 0.1	0^+	06		1950	$\epsilon=100$
^{176}Re	-45063 28		5.3 m 0.3	(3^+)	06		1967	β^+ =100
^{176}Os	-42098 28		3.6 m 0.5	0^+	06		1970	β^+ =100
^{176}Ir	-33859 20		8.7 s 0.5	0^+	06		1967	$\beta^+=96.9$ 6; $\alpha=3.1$ 6
^{176}Pt	-28934 13		6.33 s 0.15	0^+	06		1966	β^+ ?; $\alpha=40$ 2
^{176}Au	-18400 30		1.05 s 0.01	(5^-)	06	GAu J	1975	$\alpha=?$; β^+ ? *
$^{176}\text{Au}^m$	-18380 30 14 13	AD *	860 ms 160	(7^+)	06	02Ro17 T	2002	$\alpha=?$; β^+ ? *
^{176}Hg	-11773 13		20.3 ms 1.4	0^+	06		1983	$\alpha=90$ 9; β^+ ? *
^{176}Tl	580 80		6.2 ms 2.3	$(3^-, 4^-, 5^-)$	09		2004	$p \approx 100$; α ?; β^+ ? *
* ^{176}Yb	D : ... ; $2\beta^-$?; α ? **							
* $^{176}\text{Lu}^p$	J : 73.0 γ (E2) to 12^+ state **							
* $^{176}\text{Ta}^m$	T : average 78Du06=1.05(0.10) 71Go21=1.1(0.1) J : from 98Ko09 **							
* $^{176}\text{Ta}^n$	E : 1371(1) keV above ^{176}Tam **							
* $^{176}\text{Ta}^p$	E : 2771(1) keV above ^{176}Tam **							
* ^{176}Au	J : from α decay to ^{172}Ir 168.4 level **							
* $^{176}\text{Au}^m$	T : symmetrized from 840(+170-140) J : from α decay to $^{172}\text{Ir}^m$ **							
* ^{176}Hg	D : α symmetrized from 99Po09=94(+6-12)% **							
* ^{176}Tl	T : symmetrized from 5.2(+3.0-1.4) **							
^{177}Er	-42860# 500#		3# s (>300 ns)	$1/2^-$ #		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
^{177}Tm	-47470# 300#		90 s 6	$(7/2^-)$	03		1989	β^- =100
^{177}Yb	-50984.8 2.3		1.911 h 0.003	$(9/2^+)$	03		1945	β^- =100
$^{177}\text{Yb}^m$	-50653.3 2.3 331.5	0.3	6.41 s 0.02	$(1/2^-)$	03		1962	IT=100
^{177}Lu	-52385.8 1.9		6.647 d 0.004	$7/2^+$	03		1945	β^- =100
$^{177}\text{Lu}^m$	-52235.4 1.9 150.3967	0.0010	130 ns 3	$9/2^-$	03		1949	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Lu}^n$	-51816.1 1.9 569.7068	0.0016	155 μ s 7	$1/2^+$	03		1965	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Lu}^p$	-51415.6 1.9 970.1750	0.0024	160.44 d 0.06	$23/2^-$	03		1962	β^- =78.6 8; IT=21.4 8
$^{177}\text{Lu}^q$	-49614.2 2.0 2771.6	0.7	625 ns 62	$33/2^+$		04Dr06 ETJ	2004	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Lu}^r$	-48855.5 2.0 3530.3	0.7	6 μ s 2	$39/2^-$	03	11Ko.A T	2003	IT=100 *
^{177}Hf	-52883.0 1.9		STABLE	$7/2^-$	03		1934	IS=18.60 9
$^{177}\text{Hf}^m$	-51567.5 1.9 1315.4504	0.0008	1.09 s 0.05	$23/2^+$	03		1966	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Hf}^n$	-51540.6 1.9 1342.38	0.20	55.9 μ s 1.2	$(19/2^-)$	03		1976	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Hf}^p$	-50143.0 1.9 2740.02	0.15	51.4 m 0.5	$37/2^-$	03		1971	IT=100 *
^{177}Ta	-51717 4		56.56 h 0.06	$7/2^+$	03		1948	β^+ =100
$^{177}\text{Ta}^m$	-51644 4 73.36	0.15	410 ns 7	$9/2^-$	03		1973	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Ta}^n$	-51531 4 186.15	0.06	3.62 μ s 0.10	$5/2^-$	03		1971	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Ta}^p$	-50362 4 1355.01	0.19	5.31 μ s 0.25	$21/2^-$	03		1971	IT=100
$^{177}\text{Ta}^q$	-47061 4 4656.3	0.5	133 μ s 4	$49/2^-$	03		1994	IT=100
^{177}W	-49702 28		132 m 2	$1/2^-$	03		1950	β^+ =100
^{177}Re	-46269 28		14 m 1	$5/2^-$	03		1957	β^+ =100
$^{177}\text{Re}^m$	-46184 28 84.71	0.10	50 μ s 10	$5/2^+$	03		1972	IT=100
^{177}Os	-41949 16		3.0 m 0.2	$1/2^-$	03		1970	β^+ =100
^{177}Ir	-36047 20		30 s 2	$5/2^-$	03		1967	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha=0.06$ 1
^{177}Pt	-29370 15		10.6 s 0.4	$5/2^-$	03		1966	$\beta^+=94.3$ 5; $\alpha=5.7$ 5
$^{177}\text{Pt}^m$	-29223 15 147.4	0.4	2.2 μ s 0.3	$1/2^-$	03		1979	IT=100
^{177}Au	-21545 10		1.46 s 0.03	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	03	01Ko44 TJ	1968	$\alpha=40$ 6; β^+ ? *
$^{177}\text{Au}^m$	-21356 10 189	8	AD	$11/2^-$	03	01Ko44 ETJ	1975	$\alpha=66$ 10; β^+ ? *
^{177}Hg	-12780 80		127.3 ms 1.8	$(7/2^-)$	03	05Ca43 J	1975	$\alpha=85$; $\beta^+=15$ *
$^{177}\text{Hg}^m$	-12460 80 323	1	1.50 μ s 0.15	$(13/2^+)$		03Me20 ETJ	2003	IT=100
^{177}Tl	-3325 23		18 ms 5	$(1/2^+)$	03		1999	$\alpha=73$ 13; $p=27$ 13
$^{177}\text{Tl}^m$	-2518 15 807	18	p	$(11/2^-)$	03	04Ke06 TD	1997	$p=51$ 8; $\alpha=49$ 8 *
* $^{177}\text{Lu}^r$	E : derived by NUBASE from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies **							
* $^{177}\text{Lu}^r$	T : 04Al04=7(2) m, not trusted **							
* $^{177}\text{Hf}^p$	T : other 04Al04=76(+16-9) from decay growth **							
* ^{177}Au	T : average 09An14=1.53(0.07) 01Ko44=1.46(0.03) D : from 09An14 **							
* $^{177}\text{Au}^m$	D : from 09An14 **							
* ^{177}Hg	J : also 09An20 **							
* $^{177}\text{Tl}^m$	T : 04Ke06=160(+70-40) D : also 04Ke06=55(20)% **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{178}Er			(>300 ns)	0^+		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{178}Tm	-44120# 400#		30# s (>300 ns)		11	09St16 I	2008	$\beta^- ?$
^{178}Yb	-49694 10		74 m 3	0^+	09		1973	$\beta^- =100$
^{178}Lu	-50339.8 2.7		28.4 m 0.2	$1^{(+)}$	09		1957	$\beta^- =100$
$^{178}\text{Lu}^m$	-50216 3	123.8 2.6	RQ 23.1 m 0.3	$9^{(-)}$	09	98Ge13 J	1951	$\beta^- =100$
^{178}Hf	-52437.7 1.9		STABLE	0^+	09		1934	IS=27.28 7
$^{178}\text{Hf}^m$	-51290.3 1.9	1147.416 0.006	4.0 s 0.2	8^-	09		1960	IT=100
$^{178}\text{Hf}^n$	-49991.6 1.9	2446.09 0.08	31 y 1	16^+	09		1968	IT=100
$^{178}\text{Hf}^p$	-49865.3 1.9	2572.4 0.3	68 μs 2	14^-	09		1977	IT=100
^{178}Ta	-50600# 50#		2.36 h 0.08	$7^- \#$	09		1950	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{178}\text{Ta}^m$	-50501 15	100# 50#	* 9.31 m 0.03	$1^+ \#$	09	96Ko13 E	1950	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{178}\text{Ta}^n$	-49130# 50#	1467.82 0.16	59 ms 3	15^-	09	96Ko13 ETJ	1979	IT=100
$^{178}\text{Ta}^p$	-47700# 50#	2901.9 0.7	290 ms 12	21^-	09	96Ko13 ETJ	1996	IT=100
^{178}W	-50409 15		21.6 d 0.3	0^+	09		1950	$\epsilon =100$
$^{178}\text{W}^m$	-43836 15	6572.7 0.3	220 ns 10	25^+	09		1998	IT=100
^{178}Re	-45653 28		13.2 m 0.2	(3^+)	09		1957	$\beta^+ =100$
^{178}Os	-43544 14		5.0 m 0.4	0^+	09		1967	$\beta^+ =100$
^{178}Ir	-36252 20		12 s 2		09		1972	$\beta^+ =100$
^{178}Pt	-31997 10		20.7 s 0.7	0^+	09		1966	$\beta^+ =92.3 3; \alpha =7.7 3$
^{178}Au	-22330 60		2.6 s 0.5		09		1968	$\beta^+ <60; \alpha >40$
$^{178}\text{Au}^p$	-21920 60	407 25	AD					
^{178}Hg	-16316 11		266.5 ms 2.4	0^+	09		1971	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ =30\#$
^{178}Tl	-4790# 100#		255 ms 10		09		1997	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ =47\#$
^{178}Pb	3569 24		230 μs 150	0^+	09	01Ro.B T	2001	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^m$	E: 1^+ state (p9/2- [514]+n7/2- [514]) is expected 104 keV above the 7^- ground-state, **							
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^m$	E: based on E=220 keV for 8^+ (p9/2- [514]+n7/2- [514]) and residual energy **							
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^m$	E: shift of 50 keV from known Gallagher-Moszkowski splitting energy **							
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^n$	E: from least-squares fit to γ -rays in 96Ko13 **							
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^n$	T: average 96Ko13=58(4) 79Du02=60(5) **							
* $^{178}\text{Ta}^p$	E: from least-squares fit to γ -rays in 96Ko13 **							
* ^{178}Tl	T: symmetrized from 02Ro17=254(+11-9) **							
* ^{178}Pb	T: two events at 202 and 147 μs , see 84Sc13 **							
^{179}Tm	-41600# 500#		20# s (>300 ns)	$1/2^+ \#$		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{179}Yb	-46540# 200#		8.0 m 0.4	$(1/2^-)$	09		1982	$\beta^- =100$
^{179}Lu	-49061 5		4.59 h 0.06	$7/2^+$	09		1961	$\beta^- =100$
$^{179}\text{Lu}^m$	-48469 5	592.4 0.4	3.1 ms 0.9	$1/2^+$	09		1982	IT=100
^{179}Hf	-50465.4 1.9		STABLE	$9/2^+$	09		1934	IS=13.62 2
$^{179}\text{Hf}^m$	-50090.4 1.9	375.0352 0.0025	18.67 s 0.04	$1/2^-$	09		1962	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Hf}^n$	-49359.7 1.9	1105.74 0.16	25.05 d 0.25	$25/2^-$	09		1970	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Hf}^p$	-46690.2 2.8	3775.2 2.1	15 μs 5	$(43/2^+)$	09		2000	IT=100
^{179}Ta	-50359.8 1.9		1.82 y 0.03	$7/2^+$	09		1950	$\epsilon =100$
$^{179}\text{Ta}^m$	-50329.1 1.9	30.7 0.1	1.42 μs 0.08	$9/2^-$	09		1964	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Ta}^n$	-49839.6 1.9	520.23 0.18	280 ns 80	$1/2^+$	09	FGK128 J	1974	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Ta}^p$	-49107.2 1.9	1252.60 0.23	322 ns 16	$21/2^-$	09	97Ko13 J	1982	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Ta}^q$	-49042.6 1.9	1317.2 0.4	9.0 ms 0.2	$25/2^+$	09	97Ko13 J	1982	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Ta}^r$	-49031.8 1.9	1328.0 0.4	1.6 μs 0.4	$23/2^-$	09	97Ko13 J	1982	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Ta}^x$	-47720.5 2.0	2639.3 0.5	54.1 ms 1.7	$37/2^+$	09	97Ko13 J	1982	IT=100
^{179}W	-49297 15		37.05 m 0.16	$7/2^-$	09		1950	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{179}\text{W}^m$	-49075 15	221.91 0.03	6.40 m 0.07	$1/2^-$	09		1950	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ =0.29 4$
$^{179}\text{W}^n$	-47665 15	1631.90 0.08	390 ns 30	$21/2^+$	09	94Wa05 J	1978	IT=100
$^{179}\text{W}^p$	-45949 15	3348.41 0.14	750 ns 80	$35/2^-$	09	94Wa05 J	1978	IT=100
^{179}Re	-46585 25		19.5 m 0.1	$5/2^+$	09		1960	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{179}\text{Re}^m$	-46520 25	65.35 0.09	95 μs 25	$(5/2^-)$	09		1972	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Re}^n$	-44760 60	1822 50	408 ns 12	$(23/2^+)$	09		1972	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Re}^p$	-41177 25	5408.0 0.5	466 μs 15	$(47/2^+, 49/2^+)$	09		1989	IT=100
^{179}Os	-43019 17		6.5 m 0.3	$1/2^-$	09		1968	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{179}\text{Os}^m$	-42874 17	145.41 0.12	500 ns	$(7/2^-)$	09		1983	IT=100
$^{179}\text{Os}^n$	-42776 17	243.0 0.8	783 ns 14	$(9/2^+)$	09		1983	IT=100
^{179}Ir	-38079 10		79 s 1	$(5/2^-)$	09		1992	$\beta^+ =100$
^{179}Pt	-32268 8		21.2 s 0.4	$1/2^-$	09		1966	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.24 3$
^{179}Au	-24989 12		7.1 s 0.3	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	09		1968	$\beta^+ =78.0 9; \alpha =22.0 9$
$^{179}\text{Au}^m$	-24900 12	89.5 0.5	328 ns 2	$(3/2^-)$		11Ve01 ETD	2011	IT=100
^{179}Hg	-16924 27		1.05 s 0.03	$7/2^-$	09	02Ko09 J	1970	$\alpha =55 25; \beta^+ =?; \beta^+ p \approx 0.15$
$^{179}\text{Hg}^m$	-16753 27	171.4 0.4	6.4 μs 0.9	$13/2^+$	09	02Je09 J	2002	IT=100
^{179}Tl	-8280 40		480 ms 20	$1/2^+$	09	FGK128 J	1983	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ =30\#$
$^{179}\text{Tl}^m$	-7460# 40#	825# 10#	1.41 ms 0.03	$(11/2^-)$	09	11Ko.B TJ	1983	$\alpha \approx 100; IT ?; \beta^+ ?$
^{179}Pb	2050 80		3.9 ms 1.1	$(9/2^-)$	10	10An01 TDJ	2010	$\alpha =100$
* $^{179}\text{Re}^n$	E: x keV above 1772.20(0.22) level; x estimated 50(50) by NUBASE **							
* $^{179}\text{Au}^m$	E: uncertainty estimated by NUBASE **							
* $^{179}\text{Au}^p$	E: 44(15) above 89.5 keV level **							
* ^{179}Tl	T: average 11Ko.B=489(21) 02Ro17=415(55) **							
* ^{179}Tl	J: α decay to $1/2^+$ in ^{175}Au **							
* $^{179}\text{Tl}^m$	J: from α decay to ^{175}Au E: estimated from trends in $^{177,181,183}\text{Tl}$ **							
* $^{179}\text{Tl}^m$	T: average 11Ko.B=1.36(0.04) 10An01=1.46(0.04) **							
* ^{179}Pb	T: symmetrized from 3.5(+1.4-0.8) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁸⁴ Yb			(>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
¹⁸⁴ Lu	-36410#	300#	20 s	3		10 95Kr04 TJ	1989	β^- =100
¹⁸⁴ Hf	-41500	40	4.12 h	0.05		10	1973	β^- =100
¹⁸⁴ Hf ^m	-40230	40	48 s	10		10 12Re.A D	1995	IT=?; β^- =?
¹⁸⁴ Hf ⁿ	-39020	40	2477	10		10 10Re07 ET	2010	β^- ?; IT ?
¹⁸⁴ Ta	-42842	26	8.7 h	0.1		10	1955	β^- =100
¹⁸⁴ W	-45707.6	0.9	STABLE	(>8.9Zy)		10 04Co26 T	1930	IS=30.64 2; α ?
¹⁸⁴ W ^m	-44422.6	0.9	1284.997	0.008		10	1969	IT=100
¹⁸⁴ W ⁿ	-41844.4	2.7	3863.2	2.5		10	2004	IT=100
¹⁸⁴ Re	-44225	4	35.4 d	0.7		10	1940	β^+ =100
¹⁸⁴ Re ^m	-44037	4	188.0463	0.0017		10	1964	IT=74.5 8; ϵ =25.5 8
¹⁸⁴ Os	-44256.6	1.3	STABLE	(>56Ty)		10	1937	IS=0.02 1; α ?; $2\beta^+$?
¹⁸⁴ Ir	-39611	28	3.09 h	0.03		10	1960	β^+ =100
¹⁸⁴ Ir ^m	-39385	28	225.65	0.11		10	1988	IT=100
¹⁸⁴ Ir ⁿ	-39283	28	328.40	0.24		10	1988	IT=100
¹⁸⁴ Pt	-37339	15	17.3 m	0.2		10 95Bi01 D	1963	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.0017 7
¹⁸⁴ Pt ^m	-35499	15	1840.3	0.8		10	1966	IT=100
¹⁸⁴ Au	-30319	22	20.6 s	0.9		10	1969	β^+ \approx 100; α <0.016
¹⁸⁴ Au ^m	-30251	22	68.46	0.04		10	1969	β^+ =?; IT=30 10; α <0.016
¹⁸⁴ Hg	-26349	10	30.87 s	0.26		10	1969	β^+ \approx 98.89 6; α =1.11 6
¹⁸⁴ Tl	-16873	20	10.1 s	0.5		10	1976	β^+ \approx 97.9 7; α =2.1 7
¹⁸⁴ Tl ^m	-16920	40	-50	30	AD *			β^+ ?; IT ?
¹⁸⁴ Tl ⁿ	-16420	40	450	30	AD	10 84Sc.A T	1984	IT ?
¹⁸⁴ Pb	-11052	13	490 ms	25		10 04An07 D	1980	α =80 11; β^+ ?
¹⁸⁴ Bi	1190	80	6.6 ms	1.5		10	2003	α =?
¹⁸⁴ Bi ^m	1340#	130#	150#	100#	*	10	2002	α =?
¹⁸⁴ Hf ^m	E : 10Re07=1264(10)		T : 10Re07=113(+74-40)					
¹⁸⁴ Hf ⁿ	T : symmetrized from 10Re07=12(+10-4)							
¹⁸⁴ Os	T : lower limit is for α decay							
¹⁸⁴ Tl ⁿ	T : α -decay from ¹⁸⁸ Bi ^m not coincident with X(K) and γ							
¹⁸⁴ Tl ⁿ	E : 500.7(6.3) keV above ¹⁸⁴ Tl ^m , from Ea difference 7462.9(5) - 6962.2(3.9)							
¹⁸⁴ Pb	D : average 04An07=80(15)% 03Va16=80(15)%							
¹⁸⁵ Yb			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
¹⁸⁵ Lu	-33890#	300#	6# s			09St16 I	2009	β^- ?
¹⁸⁵ Hf	-38320	90	3.5 m	0.6		06	1993	β^- =100
¹⁸⁵ Ta	-41396	14	49.4 m	1.5		06	1950	β^- =100
¹⁸⁵ Ta ^m	-40990	14	406	1		06 07Sh42 ETJ	2007	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Ta ⁿ	-40123	14	1273.4	0.4		06 09La17 EJT	1999	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ W	-43389.9	0.9	75.1 d	0.3		06	1940	β^- =100
¹⁸⁵ W ^m	-43192.5	0.9	197.383	0.023		06 94It.A T	1950	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Re	-43822.6	1.2	STABLE			06	1931	IS=37.40 2
¹⁸⁵ Re ^m	-41698.8	1.6	2123.8	1.1		06	1997	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Os	-42809.8	1.3	92.95 d	0.09		06 12Kr05 T	1947	ϵ =100
¹⁸⁵ Os ^m	-42707.4	1.3	102.37	0.11		06 FGK128 J	1970	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Os ⁿ	-42534.3	1.3	275.53	0.12		06	1970	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Ir	-40336	28	14.4 h	0.1		06	1958	β^+ =100
¹⁸⁵ Ir ^m	-38140	40	2197	23		06	1979	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Pt	-36688	26	70.9 m	2.4		06	1960	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.0050 20
¹⁸⁵ Pt ^m	-36585	26	103.41	0.05		06	1970	β^+ =?; IT<2
¹⁸⁵ Pt ⁿ	-36487	26	200.89	0.04		06	1996	IT=100
¹⁸⁵ Au	-31867	26	4.25 m	0.06		06	1960	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.26 6
¹⁸⁵ Au ^m	-31770#	100#	100#	100#	*	06	1960	β^+ <100; IT ?
¹⁸⁵ Hg	-26176	16	49.1 s	1.0		06	1960	β^+ =94 1; α =6 1
¹⁸⁵ Hg ^m	-26072	16	103.8	1.0		06 87Ki.A E	1970	IT=54 10; β^+ =46 10; α \approx 0.03
¹⁸⁵ Tl	-19758	21	19.5 s	0.5		06	1976	β^+ =?; α ?
¹⁸⁵ Tl ^m	-19303	21	454.8	1.5		06	1976	IT \approx 100; α =?; β^+ ?
¹⁸⁵ Pb	-11541	16	6.3 s	0.4		06	1975	α =34 25; β^+ ?
¹⁸⁵ Pb ^m	-11470	50	70	50	AD *	06 02An15 T	1975	α =50 25; β^+ ?
¹⁸⁵ Bi	-2240#	80#	2# ms			96Da06 J	1996	p ?; α ?
¹⁸⁵ Bi ^m	-2156	13	80#	80#	*	06	1996	p=90 2; α =10 2
¹⁸⁵ Bi ⁿ	-2060#	100#	180#	60#	EU	04An07 ITD	2004	p=?; α =?
¹⁸⁵ Os ^m	J : E1 from 9/2 ⁺							
¹⁸⁵ Ir ^m	E : x<80 keV above 2157.3(0.5) level							
¹⁸⁵ Pt	D : if the 4444(10) keV α line is from ground-state; otherwise α =0.0010(4)% from isomer							
¹⁸⁵ Hg ^m	E : ENSDF gives 99.3(0.5) plus "8-keV uncertainty", but missed 87Ki.A work							
¹⁸⁵ Pb ^m	T : average 02An15=4.3(0.2) 80Sc09=3.73(0.24) (excluding the 6.1 s activity)							
¹⁸⁵ Bi	T : estimated from 9/2 ⁻ isomers in odd Bi and Tl isotopes							
¹⁸⁵ Bi ⁿ	E : 100 keV above ¹⁸⁵ Bi ^m T : similar to ¹⁸⁵ Bi ^m							
¹⁸⁶ Lu			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
¹⁸⁶ Hf	-36420	50	2.6 m	1.2		03	1998	β^- =100
¹⁸⁶ Hf ^m	-33450	70	2968	43		10Re07 ET	2010	β^- ?; IT ?
¹⁸⁶ Ta	-38610	60	10.5 m	0.3		03	1955	β^- =100
¹⁸⁶ Ta ^m	-38270	60	336	20		04Xu08 T	2010	β^- ?; IT ?

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J ^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...									
¹⁸⁶ W	-42510.8	1.5	STABLE (>4.1 Ey)	0 ⁺	03	03Da09 T	1930	IS=28.43 19; 2β ⁻ ?; α ?	
¹⁸⁶ W ^m	-40993.6	1.6	1517.2 0.6	18 μs 1	(7 ⁻)	03	1998	IT=100	
¹⁸⁶ W ⁿ	-38968.0	2.6	3542.8 2.1	8 s 4	(16 ⁺)	03 98Wh02 J	1998	IT=100	
¹⁸⁶ Re	-41930.6	1.2		3.7183 d 0.0011	1 ⁻	03	1939	β ⁻ =92.53 10; ε=7.47 10	
¹⁸⁶ Re ^m	-41782	7	149 7	200 ky	(8 ⁺)	03 72Se06 T	1972	IT=?; β ⁻ <10	
¹⁸⁶ Os	-43002.4	1.5		2.0 Py 1.1	0 ⁺	03	1931	IS=1.59 3; α=100	
¹⁸⁶ Ir	-39175	17		16.64 h 0.03	5 ⁺	03	1958	β ⁺ =100	
¹⁸⁶ Ir ^m	-39174	17	0.8 0.4	1.92 h 0.05	2 ⁻	03 91Be25 ET	1962	β ⁺ ≈75; IT ≈25	
¹⁸⁶ Pt	-37864	22		2.08 h 0.05	0 ⁺	03	1961	β ⁺ =100; α ≈1.4e-4	
¹⁸⁶ Au	-31715	21		10.7 m 0.5	3 ⁻	03	1960	β ⁺ =100; α=0.0008 2	
¹⁸⁶ Au ^m	-31487	21	227.77 0.07	110 ns 10	2 ⁺	03	1983	IT=100	
¹⁸⁶ Au ^p			non existent	< 2 m		83Po10 I			
¹⁸⁶ Hg	-28539	12		1.38 m 0.06	0 ⁺	03	1960	β ⁺ ≈100; α=0.016 5	
¹⁸⁶ Hg ^m	-26322	12	2217.3 0.4	82 μs 5	(8 ⁻)	03	1984	IT=100	
¹⁸⁶ Tl	-19887	22		40# s	(2 ⁻)	03 91Va04 I	1975	β ⁺ ?	
¹⁸⁶ Tl ^m	-19860	30	20 40	* & 27.5 s 1.0	(7 ⁺)	03	1975	β ⁺ ≈100; α ≈0.006	
¹⁸⁶ Tl ⁿ	-19490	30	400 40	2.9 s 0.2	10 ⁽⁻⁾	03 12Bi.A J	1977	IT=100	
¹⁸⁶ Pb	-14682	11		4.82 s 0.03	0 ⁺	03	1972	β ⁺ ?; α=40 8	
¹⁸⁶ Bi	-3130	60		14.8 ms 0.7	(3 ⁺)	03 03An27 T	1997	α ≈100; β ⁺ ?	
¹⁸⁶ Bi ^m	-2960#	120#	170# 100#	* 9.8 ms 0.4	(10 ⁻)	03 03An27 T	1984	α ≈100; β ⁺ ?	
¹⁸⁶ Po	4090	30		40# μs	0 ⁺	05Hu.A D	2005	α ≈100; p ?	
* ¹⁸⁶ Hi ^m	T : for q=72 ⁺ (bare ion) in 10Re07								
* ¹⁸⁶ Ta ^m	T : 10Re07=3.4(+2.4-1.4) for q=72 ⁺ (H+ like ion); also 12Re.A=3.0(+1.5-0.8)								
* ¹⁸⁶ W	T : given limit is for 2β ⁻ decay								
* ¹⁸⁶ W	T : for α decay: 04Co26>8.2 Zy, 03Da05>170 Ey, 03Ce01>27 Ey,								
* ¹⁸⁶ W	T : and 97Ge15>6.5 Ey								
* ¹⁸⁶ W ⁿ	T : symmetrized from 12Re.A=7.5(+4.8-3.3) for q=72 ⁺								
* ¹⁸⁶ Re ^m	T : uncertainty 50 ky estimated in ENSDF'89 evaluator, not traceable								
* ¹⁸⁶ Ir ^m	T : average 91Be25=1.90(0.05) 70Fi.A=2.0(0.1)								
* ¹⁸⁶ Ir ⁿ	E : E is positive and below 1.5 keV								
* ¹⁸⁶ Tl	I : identified as decay level from ¹⁹⁰ Bi in 91Va04								
* ¹⁸⁶ Tl ⁿ	E : 374.0(0.2) keV above ¹⁸⁶ Tl ^m								
* ¹⁸⁶ Bi	T : average 03An27=14.8(0.8) 97Ba21=15.0(1.7)								
¹⁸⁷ Lu				(>300 ns)		12Ku26 I	2012	β ⁻ ?	
¹⁸⁷ Hf	-32820#	300#		30# s (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	09 99Be63 I	1999	β ⁻ ?	
¹⁸⁷ Hi ^m	-32320#	420#	500# 300#	* 270 ns 80	9/2 ⁻ #	09A130 TD	2009	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Ta	-36900	70		2.3 m 6	7/2 ⁺ #	09 10Re07 T	1999	β ⁻ ?	
¹⁸⁷ Ta ^m	-35110	70	1789 13	22 s 9	27/2 ⁻ #	10Re07 ET	2010	β ⁻ ?; IT ?	
¹⁸⁷ Ta ⁿ	-33970	70	2935 14	> 5 m	41/2 ⁺ #	10Re07 ET	2010	β ⁻ ?; IT ?	
¹⁸⁷ W	-39906.3	1.5		24.000 h 0.004	3/2 ⁻	09	1940	β ⁻ =100	
¹⁸⁷ W ^m	-39496.2	1.5	410.06 0.04	1.38 μs 0.07	(11/2 ⁺)	09	2008	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Re	-41218.5	1.5		43.3 Gy 0.07	5/2 ⁺	09	1931	IS=62.60 2; β ⁻ =100; α<0.0001	
¹⁸⁷ Re ^m	-41012.3	1.5	206.2473 0.0010	555.3 ns 1.7	9/2 ⁻	09	1949	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Re ⁿ	-39536.9	1.5	1681.63 0.15	114 ns 23	(19/2 ⁺)	09	2003	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Os	-41221.0	1.5		STABLE	1/2 ⁻	09	1931	IS=1.96 2	
¹⁸⁷ Os ^m	-41120.6	1.5	100.45 0.04	112 ns 6	7/2 ⁻	09	1964	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Os ⁿ	-40963.9	1.5	257.10 0.07	231 μs 2	11/2 ⁺	09	1964	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Ir	-39549	28		10.5 h 0.3	3/2 ⁺	09	1958	β ⁺ =100	
¹⁸⁷ Ir ^m	-39363	28	186.16 0.04	30.3 ms 0.6	9/2 ⁻	09	1963	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Ir ⁿ	-39115	28	433.75 0.06	152 ns 12	11/2 ⁻	09	1969	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Ir ^p	-37061	28	2487.7 0.4	1.8 μs 0.5	29/2 ⁻	10Mo09 ETJ	2010	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Pt	-36685	24		2.35 h 0.03	3/2 ⁻	09	1961	β ⁺ =100	
¹⁸⁷ Pt ^m	-36511	24	174.38 0.22	311 μs 15	(11/2 ⁺)	09	1976	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Au	-33028	22		8.3 m 0.2	1/2 ⁽⁺⁾	09	1955	β ⁺ ≈100; α=0.003#	
¹⁸⁷ Au ^m	-32908	22	120.33 0.14	2.3 s 0.1	9/2 ⁽⁻⁾	09	1983	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Hg	-28118	14		& 1.9 m 0.3	3/2 ⁽⁻⁾	09 70Ha18 TD	1960	β ⁺ =100; α>1.2e-4	
¹⁸⁷ Hg ^m	-28059	19	59 16	MD & 2.4 m 0.3	13/2 ⁺	09 70Ha18 D	1970	β ⁺ =100; α>2.5e-4	
¹⁸⁷ Tl	-22443	8		51 s	(1/2 ⁺)	09	1976	β ⁺ <100; α=0.03#	
¹⁸⁷ Tl ^m	-22108	8	335 3	AD 15.60 s 0.12	(9/2 ⁻)	09	1976	IT=?; β ⁺ ?; α=0.15 5	
¹⁸⁷ Tl ⁿ	-20960	50	1480 50	1.11 μs		09	2000	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Tl ^p	-19861	8	2582.5 0.3	690 ns 40	(25/2 ⁻ , 27/2 ⁻ , ...)	09	2000	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Pb	-14987	5		* & 15.2 s 0.3	3/2 ⁻	09 09Se13 J	1972	β ⁺ ?; α=9.5 20	
¹⁸⁷ Pb ^m	-14968	11	19 10	MD * & 18.3 s 0.3	13/2 ⁺	09 09Se13 J	1972	β ⁺ ?; α=12 2	
¹⁸⁷ Bi	-6383	10		37 ms 2	9/2 ⁻ #	09	1999	α=100	
¹⁸⁷ Bi ^m	-6275	12	108 8	AD 370 μs 20	1/2 ⁺ #	09	1984	α=100	
¹⁸⁷ Bi ⁿ	-6131	21	252 18	7 μs 5	(13/2 ⁺)	09 02Hu14 ETJ	2002	IT=100	
¹⁸⁷ Po	2830	30		* 1.40 ms 0.25	(1/2 ⁻ , 5/2 ⁻)	09	2005	α ≈100; β ⁺ ?	
¹⁸⁷ Po ^m	2840	30	4 27	AD * 0.5 ms	13/2 ⁺ #	06An11 ETD	2006	α=?; β ⁺ ?	
* ¹⁸⁷ Ta ^m	T : for q=73 ⁺ (bare ion) in 10Re07								
* ¹⁸⁷ Ta ⁿ	T : for q=73 ⁺ (bare ion) in 10Re07								
* ¹⁸⁷ Re	T : other: 96Bo37=32.9(2.0) y for q=75 ⁺ (bare ion)								
* ¹⁸⁷ Hg	T : from 70Ha18; 98Ru04=2.4 m, not documented, no uncertainty given								
* ¹⁸⁷ Tl ⁿ	E : x above 1433.23(0.19) level; x=50(50) keV estimated by NUBASE								
* ¹⁸⁷ Bi ⁿ	T : symmetrized from 3.2(+7.6-2.0)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)				
¹⁸⁸ Lu			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?				
¹⁸⁸ Hf	-30880#	300#	20# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	02	99Be63 I	1999	β^- ?				
¹⁸⁸ Ta	-33610	70	19.6 s	2.0	02	09Al30 TD	1999	β^- =100				
¹⁸⁸ Ta ^m	-33320	70	292.4 0.2	3.6 μ s	0.4	05Ca02 ET	2005	IT=100 *				
¹⁸⁸ W	-38670	3	69.78 d	0.05	0 ⁺	02	1951	β^- =100				
¹⁸⁸ W ^m	-36741	3	1929.3 1.6	109.5 ns	3.5	8 ⁻	10La16 ETJ	2010	IT=100			
¹⁸⁸ Re	-39018.9	1.5	17.0040 h	0.0022	1 ⁻	02	1939	β^- =100				
¹⁸⁸ Re ^m	-38846.8	1.5	172.069 0.009	18.59 m	0.04	(6) ⁻	02	IT=100				
¹⁸⁸ Os	-41139.3	1.5	STABLE			0 ⁺	02	IS=13.24 8				
¹⁸⁸ Ir	-38351	10	41.5 h	0.5	1 ⁻	02	1950	β^+ =100				
¹⁸⁸ Ir ^m	-37380	30	970 30	4.2 ms	0.2	11 ⁻ #	02	GAu E	1971	IT \approx 100; β^+ ? *		
¹⁸⁸ Pt	-37829	6	10.2 d	0.3	0 ⁺	02	1954	ϵ =100; α =2.6e-5 3				
¹⁸⁸ Au	-32277	15	8.84 m	0.06	1 ⁽⁻⁾	02	1955	β^+ =100				
¹⁸⁸ Hg	-30211	11	3.25 m	0.15	0 ⁺	02	1960	β^+ =100; α =3.7e-5 8				
¹⁸⁸ Hg ^m	-27487	11	2724.3 0.4	134 ns	15	(12 ⁺)	02	1983	IT=100 *			
¹⁸⁸ Tl	-22336	30		71 s	2	(2 ⁻)	02	1970	β^+ =100			
¹⁸⁸ Tl ^m	-22308	9	30 30	MD *	71 s	1	(7 ⁺)	02	1970	β^+ =100		
¹⁸⁸ Tl ⁿ	-22030	40	310 30		41 ms	4	(9 ⁻)	02	1981	IT \approx 100; β^+ ? *		
¹⁸⁸ Pb	-17815	11	25.1 s	0.1	0 ⁺	02	03Va16 D	1972	β^+ ?; α =9.3 8 *			
¹⁸⁸ Pb ^m	-15237	11	2578.2 0.7	1.15 μ s	0.03	(8 ⁻)	02	04Dr04 T	1999	IT=100		
¹⁸⁸ Pb ⁿ	-15105	11	2709.7 0.3	136 ns	18	(12 ⁺)	02	04Dr04 ETJ	2004	IT=100		
¹⁸⁸ Pb ^p	-13032	11	4783.2 0.3	630 ns	80	(19 ⁻)	02	04Dr04 ETJ	2000	IT=100		
¹⁸⁸ Bi	-7185	21		&	61.2 ms	2.7	3 ⁺ #	02	06An04 T	1980	α ?; β^+ ? *	
¹⁸⁸ Bi ^m	-7120	40	66 30	AD	> 5 μ s		7 ⁺ #	06An04 ET	1984	IT ? *		
¹⁸⁸ Bi ⁿ	-7030	40	153 30	AD	&	273 μ s	8	(10 ⁻)	02	06An04 T	1984	α ?; β^+ ? *
¹⁸⁸ Po	-544	20			275 μ s	30	0 ⁺	02	03Va16 T	1999	α ?; β^+ ? *	
* ¹⁸⁸ Ta ^m	T : average 11St21=3.5(0.4) 09Al30=4.4(1.0); other 05Ca02=5(2)								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Ir ^m	E : less than 100 keV above 923.5 level, from ENSDF								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Hg ^m	T : other 04Gl04=270(51)								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Tl ⁿ	E : 268.8(0.2) keV above ¹⁸⁸ Tl ^m , from 91Va04								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Pb	D : also 03Va16=8.0(0.6)%								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Bi	T : average 06An04=66(6) 03An26=60(3); others 97Wa05=46(7) 84Sc.A=44(3)								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Bi ⁿ	T : average 06An04=280(20) 03An26=265(15)								**			
* ¹⁸⁸ Bi ⁿ	T : others 97Wa05=218(50) 84Sc.A=210(90)								**			
¹⁸⁹ Hf	-27160#	300#	2# s (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	12	09Al30 I	2009	β^- ?				
¹⁸⁹ Ta	-31830#	300#	3# s (>300 ns)	7/2 ⁺ #	03	99Be63 I	1999	β^- ?				
¹⁸⁹ Ta ^m	-30230#	500#	1600# 400#	1.6 μ s	0.2	09Al30 TD	2009	IT=100 *				
¹⁸⁹ W	-35620	40	10.7 m	0.5	3/2 ⁻ #	03	1963	β^- =100				
¹⁸⁹ Re	-37981	8	24.3 h	0.4	5/2 ⁺	03	1963	β^- =100				
¹⁸⁹ Os	-38988.5	1.6	STABLE			3/2 ⁻	03	1931	IS=16.15 5			
¹⁸⁹ Os ^m	-38957.7	1.6	30.812 0.015	5.81 h	0.06	9/2 ⁻	03	1960	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Ir	-38457	13	13.2 d	0.1	3/2 ⁺	03	1955	ϵ =100				
¹⁸⁹ Ir ^m	-38085	13	372.17 0.04	13.3 ms	0.3	11/2 ⁻	03	1960	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Ir ⁿ	-36124	13	2333.2 0.5	3.7 ms	0.2	(25/2 ⁺)	03	1975	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Pt	-36485	11	10.87 h	0.12	3/2 ⁻	03	1955	β^+ =100				
¹⁸⁹ Pt ^m	-36312	11	172.80 0.06	464 ns	25	9/2 ⁻	03	1970	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Pt ⁿ	-36294	11	191.5 0.7	143 μ s	5	(13/2 ⁺)	03	1976	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Au	-33582	20	28.7 m	0.3	1/2 ⁺	03	1955	β^+ =100; α <3e-5				
¹⁸⁹ Au ^m	-33335	20	247.23 0.16	4.59 m	0.11	11/2 ⁻	03	1966	β^+ \approx 100; IT=?			
¹⁸⁹ Au ⁿ	-33257	20	325.11 0.16	190 ns	15	9/2 ⁻	03	1975	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Au ^p	-31027	20	2554.7 1.2	242 ns	10	31/2 ⁺	03	1975	IT=100			
¹⁸⁹ Hg	-29630	30	7.6 m	0.1	3/2 ⁻	03	1955	β^+ =100; α <3e-5				
¹⁸⁹ Hg ^m	-29548	18	80 30	MD	8.6 m	0.1	13/2 ⁺	03	1966	β^+ =100; α <3e-5		
¹⁸⁹ Tl	-24602	11	2.3 m	0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	11	1972	β^+ =100				
¹⁸⁹ Tl ^m	-24319	10	283 6	AD	1.4 m	0.1	9/2 ⁽⁻⁾	11	85Bo46 J	1972	β^+ \approx 100; IT<4	
¹⁸⁹ Pb	-17880	30		*	50.5 s	2.1	3/2 ⁻	11	09Sa09 T	1972	β^+ \approx 100; α \approx 0.4 *	
¹⁸⁹ Pb ^m	-17840#	50#	40# 30#	*	39 s	8	13/2 ⁺	11	09Sa09 T	2009	β^+ \approx 100; α <1; IT ? *	
¹⁸⁹ Pb ⁿ	-15410#	40#	2475# 30#		26 μ s	5	(31/2 ⁻)	11		2005	IT=100 *	
¹⁸⁹ Bi	-10065	21	658 ms	47	(9/2 ⁻)	11	1973	α \approx 100				
¹⁸⁹ Bi ^m	-9881	21	184 5	AD	4.9 ms	0.3	(1/2 ⁺)	11	03An26 T	1984	α >50; β^+ <50 *	
¹⁸⁹ Bi ⁿ	-9707	21	357.6 0.5	880 ns	50	(13/2 ⁺)	11	2001	IT \approx 100			
¹⁸⁹ Po	-1422	22	3.8 ms	0.4	(5/2 ⁻)	07	05Va04 T	1999	α \approx 100; β^+ ? *			
* ¹⁸⁹ Ta ^m	T : other 11St21=0.58(0.22), possibly a different isomer								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Pb	T : average 09Sa09=50(3) 72Ga27=51(3) J : 09Se13: α to ¹⁸⁵ Hg 26.1 level								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Pb ^m	J : 09Se13: from α decay from ¹⁹³ Po ^m								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Pb ⁿ	E : 2434.50(0.18) keV above ¹⁸⁹ Pb ^m (13/2 ⁺)								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Pb ⁿ	T : from mean life 05Ba51=32(+10-2) μ s, or T=22.2(+6.9-1.4)								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Bi ^m	T : average 03An26=4.9(0.5) 03Ke08=4.6(+0.8-0.6) 97An09=4.8(0.5)								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Bi ^m	T : and 97Wa05=5.2(0.6); 95Ba75=7.0(0.2), conflicting not used								**			
* ¹⁸⁹ Po	T : average 05Va04=3.5(0.5) 99An52=5(1) J : favored decay to (5/2 ⁻) level								**			

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
¹⁹⁰ Hf			(>300 ns)	0 ⁺		12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?	
¹⁹⁰ Ta	-28510#	200#			*	5.3 s	0.7	(3)	10 09Al30 TJD 2009 β^- =100
¹⁹⁰ Ta ^m	-28310#	250#	200#	150#	*	42 ns	7		10 09Al30 TD 2009 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ W	-34380	40				30.0 m	1.5	0 ⁺	03 1976 β^- =100
¹⁹⁰ W ^m	-32640	40	1742.0	2.0		111 ns	17	8 ⁺	10La16 ETJ 2010 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ W ⁿ	-32540	40	1839.0	2.2		166 μ s	6	10 ⁻	03 10La16 ETJ 2000 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Re	-35630	70				3.1 m	0.3	(2) ⁻	03 1955 β^- =100
¹⁹⁰ Re ^m	-35430	70	204	10		3.2 h	0.2	(6 ⁻)	03 12Re.A E 1962 β^- =54.4 20; IT ?
¹⁹⁰ Os	-38709.4	1.6				STABLE		0 ⁺	03 1931 IS=26.26 2
¹⁹⁰ Os ^m	-37004.0	1.6	1705.4	0.2		9.86 m	0.03	10 ⁻	03 12Kr05 T 1950 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Ir	-36755.6	2.0				11.78 d	0.10	4 ⁻	03 1947 β^+ =100; e^+ <0.002
¹⁹⁰ Ir ^m	-36729.5	2.0	26.1	0.1		1.120 h	0.003	(1 ⁻)	03 1964 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Ir ⁿ	-36719.4	2.0	36.154	0.025		> 2 μ s		(4) ⁺	03 1996 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Ir ^p	-36379.2	2.0	376.4	0.1		3.087 h	0.012	(11) ⁻	03 1950 β^+ =91.4 2; IT=8.6 2
¹⁹⁰ Pt	-37325	6				650 Gy	30	0 ⁺	03 1949 IS=0.012 2; α =100; ...
¹⁹⁰ Au	-32883	16			*	42.8 m	1.0	1 ⁻	03 1959 β^+ =100; α <1e-6
¹⁹⁰ Au ^m	-32680#	150#	200#	150#	*	125 ms	20	11 ⁻ #	03 1982 IT \approx 100; β^+ ?
¹⁹⁰ Hg	-31370	16				20.0 m	0.5	0 ⁺	03 1959 ϵ \approx 100; e^+ <1; ...
¹⁹⁰ Tl	-24380#	50#			*	2.6 m	0.3	2(-)	03 1970 β^+ =100
¹⁹⁰ Tl ^m	-24289	6	90#	50#	*	3.7 m	0.3	7(+ [#])	03 1970 β^+ =100
¹⁹⁰ Tl ⁿ	-24090#	90#	290#	70#		750 μ s	40	(8 ⁻)	03 1981 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Tl ^p	-23970#	90#	410#	70#		> 1 μ s		9 ⁻	03 1991 IT ?
¹⁹⁰ Pb	-20416	13				71 s	1	0 ⁺	03 1972 β^+ ?; α =0.40 4
¹⁹⁰ Pb ^m	-17801	13	2614.8	0.8		150 ns	14	10 ⁺	03 1998 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Pb ⁿ	-17798	24	2618	20		24.3 μ s	2.1	(12 ⁺)	03 1998 IT ?
¹⁹⁰ Pb ^p	-17758	13	2658.2	0.8		7.7 μ s	0.3	11 ⁻	03 1985 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Bi	-10599	23				6.3 s	0.1	(3 ⁺)	03 1972 α =77 21; β^+ =?
¹⁹⁰ Bi ^m	-10470	30	130	40	AD	6.2 s	0.1	(10 ⁻)	03 1988 α =70 9; β^+ ?; β^+ p ?
¹⁹⁰ Bi ⁿ	-10478	27	121	15		175 ns	8	(5 ⁻)	09An11 ET 2009 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Bi ^p	-10200	50	404	40		1.3 μ s	0.8	(8 ⁻)	03 2001 IT=100
¹⁹⁰ Po	-4564	13				2.46 ms	0.05	0 ⁺	03 1996 α \approx 100; β^+ =0.1#
* ¹⁹⁰ W ⁿ	T : others 11St21=108(9) 09Al30=106(18) μ s 05Ca02=60(+1500-30) μ s 00Po26<3.1ms								
* ¹⁹⁰ W ^m	E : other 00Po26=2381								
* ¹⁹⁰ Os ^m	J : M2 + E3 to 8 ⁺ member of the ground-state band								
* ¹⁹⁰ Pt	D : ... ; 2 β^+ ?								
* ¹⁹⁰ Hg	D : ... ; α <3.4e-7								
* ¹⁹⁰ Tl ⁿ	E : 161.9 keV above ¹⁹⁰ Tl ^m								
* ¹⁹⁰ Tl ^p	E : 236.2 keV above ¹⁹⁰ Tl ^m								
* ¹⁹⁰ Pb ^m	T : uncertainty from 12Dr.A								
* ¹⁹⁰ Pb ⁿ	E : above ¹⁹⁰ Pb ^m , see 01Dr05 T : uncertainty from 12Dr.A								
* ¹⁹⁰ Pb ^p	T : average 01Dr05=7.2(0.6) 85St16=7.9(0.4)								
* ¹⁹⁰ Bi	D : symmetrized from α =90(+10-30)%								
* ¹⁹⁰ Bi ⁿ	J : E1 and M1(+E2) γ s in cascade to (3 ⁺), absence of direct γ to (3 ⁺)								
* ¹⁹⁰ Bi ^p	E : 274(1) keV above the (10 ⁻) isomer J : E2 to (10 ⁻)								
* ¹⁹⁰ Bi ^p	T : symmetrized from 09An11=1.0(+1.0-0.5)								
¹⁹¹ Ta	-26490#	300#				3# s	(>300 ns)		11 09St16 I 2009 β^- ?
¹⁹¹ W	-31180	40			*	20# s	(>300 ns)	3/2 ⁻ #	07 1999 β^- ?
¹⁹¹ W ^m	-30950	60	235	50	*	340 ns	14		11St21 ETD 2009 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Re	-34352	10				9.8 m	0.5	(3/2 ⁺ , 1/2 ⁺)	07 1963 β^- =100
¹⁹¹ Re ^m	-32830	500	1520	500		77 μ s	33	high	11St21 ETJ 2011 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Os	-36396.9	1.6				14.99 d	0.02	9/2 ⁻	07 1940 β^- =100
¹⁹¹ Os ^m	-36322.5	1.6	74.382	0.003		13.10 h	0.05	3/2 ⁻	07 1952 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Ir	-36710.8	1.9				STABLE		3/2 ⁺	07 1935 IS=37.3 2
¹⁹¹ Ir ^m	-36539.5	1.9	171.29	0.04		4.899 s	0.023	(11/2 ⁻)	07 1955 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Ir ⁿ	-34609.8	2.1	2101.0	0.9		5.7 s	0.4	31/2(+)	07 1979 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Pt	-35701	5				2.83 d	0.02	3/2 ⁻	07 1948 ϵ =100
¹⁹¹ Pt ^m	-35600	5	100.663	0.020		> 1 μ s		(9/2) ⁻	07 1976 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Pt ⁿ	-35552	5	149.035	0.022		95 μ s	5	(13/2) ⁺	07 1967 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Au	-33810	40				3.18 h	0.08	3/2 ⁺	07 1954 β^+ =100
¹⁹¹ Au ^m	-33540	40	266.2	0.7		920 ms	110	(11/2 ⁻)	07 1971 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Au ⁿ	-31320	40	2489.6	0.9		402 ns	20	(31/2 ⁺)	07 1985 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Hg	-30593	23				49 m	10	3/2(-)	07 1954 β^+ =100; α <5e-6
¹⁹¹ Hg ^m	-30470	30	128	22		50.8 m	1.5	13/2(+)	07 1954 β^+ =100; α <5e-6
¹⁹¹ Tl	-26283	7				20# m		(1/2 ⁺)	07 1974 β^+ ?
¹⁹¹ Tl ^m	-25986	7	297	7	BD	5.22 m	0.16	9/2(-)	07 1970 β^+ =100
¹⁹¹ Pb	-20240	40			*	1.33 m	0.08	(3/2 ⁻)	07 1974 β^+ \approx 100; α =0.51 5
¹⁹¹ Pb ^m	-20230	28	10	50	MD *	2.18 m	0.08	13/2(+)	07 1975 β^+ \approx 100; α \approx 0.02
¹⁹¹ Pb ⁿ	-17620	60	2620	50		180 ns	80	(33/2 ⁺)	07 1999 IT=100
¹⁹¹ Bi	-13240	7				12.4 s	0.3	(9/2 ⁻)	07 1972 α =51 10; β^+ =49 10
¹⁹¹ Bi ^m	-13000	9	240	4	AD	124 ms	5	(1/2 ⁺)	07 1981 α =68 5; IT=32 5
¹⁹¹ Bi ⁿ	-12810	7	429.7	0.5		547 ns	15	13/2 ⁺ #	07 2001 IT=100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...								
¹⁹¹ Po	-5069	7	22 ms	1	(3/2 ⁻)	07	1993	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=1\#$
¹⁹¹ Po ^m	-5008	12 61 11	AD	93 ms	3	(13/2 ⁺)	07	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=4\#$
¹⁹¹ At	3864	16	2.1 ms	0.8	(1/2 ⁺)	07	2003	$\alpha\approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁹¹ At ^m	3922	18 58 20	AD	2.2 ms	0.4	(7/2 ⁻)	07	$\alpha\approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
* ¹⁹¹ W ^m	T : average 11St21=360(20) 09Al30=320(20) ns			E : 68 + 167 keV γ -rays				**
* ¹⁹¹ Re	I : also an isomer with $T=77(33) \mu$ s decaying by g of 444, 419, 225, 139 keV							**
* ¹⁹¹ Re ^m	E : 135,140,158,225,419,444 keV γ rays							**
* ¹⁹¹ Os ^m	T : other 12Kr05=13.6(0.2) from the decay growth			J : M3 + E4 to 9/2 ⁻				**
* ¹⁹¹ Ir ⁿ	T : average 12Dr02=5.8(0.6) 79Lu01=5.5(0.7)							**
* ¹⁹¹ Ir ⁿ	E : from least-squares fit to γ -ray energies using 12Dr02 level scheme							**
* ¹⁹¹ Hg ^m	E : original uncertainty (8 keV) increased by 20 for gs+m lines in trap							**
* ¹⁹¹ Pb ⁿ	E : 2602.31(0.24) above ¹⁹¹ Pb ^m			T : symmetrized from 150(+100-50)				**
* ¹⁹¹ Bi ^m	T : average 03Ke04=121(+8-5) 99An36=115(10) 81Le23=150(15)							**
* ¹⁹¹ At	T : symmetrized from 1.7(+1.1-0.5)							**
* ¹⁹¹ At ^m	T : symmetrized from 2.1(+0.4-0.3)							**
¹⁹² Ta	-23160#	400#	2.2 s	0.7	(2)	09Al30 TJD	2009	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁹² W	-29650#	200#	30# s	(>300 ns)	0 ⁺	99Be63 I	1999	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹² Re	-31590	80	16.0 s	0.9		98 12Al05 T	1965	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁹² Re ^m	-31430	80 159 1	88 μ s	8		11St21 ETD	2005	IT=100
¹⁹² Re ⁿ	-31320	80 267 10	70 s	30		12Re.A ET	2012	$\beta^-=?; IT=?$
¹⁹² Os	-35883.9	2.7	STABLE	(>9.8 Ty)	0 ⁺	98	1931	IS=40.78 19; $2\beta^- ?; \alpha ?$
¹⁹² Os ^m	-33868.5	2.7 2015.40 0.11	5.9 s	0.1	10 ⁻	98 FGK12a J	1965	IT>87; $\beta^- < 13$
¹⁹² Os ⁿ	-31303.6	2.9 4580.3 1.0	205 ns		(20 ⁺)	12Dr.1 ETJ	2004	IT=100
¹⁹² Ir	-34837.6	1.9	73.827 d	0.013	4 ⁺	98	1937	$\beta^- = 95.13 14; \epsilon = 4.87 14$
¹⁹² Ir ^m	-34780.9	1.9 56.720 0.005	1.45 m	0.05	1 ⁻	98	1937	IT \approx 100; $\beta^- = 0.0175$
¹⁹² Ir ⁿ	-34669.5	1.9 168.14 0.12	241 y	9	(11 ⁻)	98	1959	IT=100
¹⁹² Pt	-36292	3	STABLE		0 ⁺	98	1935	IS=0.782 24
¹⁹² Pt ^m	-34120	3 2172.36 0.13	280 ns	30	(10 ⁻)	98	1976	IT=100
¹⁹² Au	-32776	16	4.94 h	0.09	1 ⁻	98	1948	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁹² Au ^m	-32641	16 135.41 0.25	29 ms		5# ⁺	98	1976	IT=100
¹⁹² Au ⁿ	-32344	16 431.6 0.5	160 ms	20	(11 ⁻)	98	1976	IT=100
¹⁹² Hg	-32011	16	4.85 h	0.20	0 ⁺	00	1952	$\epsilon = 100; \alpha < 4e-6$
¹⁹² Tl	-25870	30	9.6 m	0.4	(2 ⁻)	99	1961	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁹² Tl ^m	-25710	60 160 50	10.8 m	0.2	(7 ⁺)	99 91Va04 E	1961	$\beta^+ = 100$
¹⁹² Tl ⁿ	-25460	60 407 54	296 ns	5	(8 ⁻)	99	1980	IT=100
¹⁹² Tl ^p	-25694	25 180 40	AD		(3 ⁺)	91Va04 E	1991	
¹⁹² Pb	-22565	12	3.5 m	0.1	0 ⁺	05	1974	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha = 0.0059 7$
¹⁹² Pb ^m	-19984	12 2581.1 0.4	166 ns	6	10 ⁺	05 01Dr05 JT	1985	IT=100
¹⁹² Pb ⁿ	-19940	12 2625.1 1.1	1.09 μ s	0.03	12 ⁺	05 07Io03 JT	1979	IT=100
¹⁹² Pb ^p	-19822	12 2743.5 0.4	757 ns	14	11 ⁻	05 01Dr05 ETJ	1991	IT=100
¹⁹² Bi	-13540	30	34.6 s	0.9	(3 ⁺)	98	1971	$\beta^+ = 88 5; \alpha = 12 5$
¹⁹² Bi ^m	-13398	9 140 30	MD	39.6 s	0.4	(10 ⁻)	98	$\beta^+ = 90 3; \alpha = 10 3$
¹⁹² Po	-8071	11	32.2 ms	0.3	0 ⁺	98 99He32 T	1977	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=0.5\#$
¹⁹² Po ^m	-5780	50 2295 50	580 ns	100	12 ⁺ #	03Va16 T	1999	IT=100
¹⁹² At	2940	30	11.5 ms	0.6	3 ⁺ #	06 06An04 TD	2006	$\alpha = 100$
¹⁹² At ^m	2940	30 0 40	AD * &	88 ms	6	(9 ⁻ , 10 ⁻)	06 06An04 ETD	$\alpha = 100$
* ¹⁹² Re	T : average 12Al05=16(2) 79Ka.B=16(1)							**
* ¹⁹² Re ^m	T : average 11St21=85(10) 09Al30=93(15); also 05Ca02=120(+210-50) μ s							**
* ¹⁹² Re ⁿ	T : and 12Re.A=61(+40-20) s for q=75 ⁺							**
* ¹⁹² Re ^m	E : 159.3 keV γ and X rays seen only in 11St21							**
* ¹⁹² Re ⁿ	T : symmetrized from 12Re.A=61(+40-20) s for q=75 ⁺							**
* ¹⁹² Os	T : lower limit is for 0v- $\beta\beta$ decay							**
* ¹⁹² Os ^m	J : M2 to 8 ⁺ , E3 to 7 ⁺							**
* ¹⁹² Os ⁿ	ETJ : other: 04Va03 4115 keV (16 ⁺) 190(96) ns; no coincidence, unreliable							**
* ¹⁹² Pb ^m	T : average 07Io03=170(10) 01Dr05=164(7); other 85St16=100(15)							**
* ¹⁹² Pb ⁿ	T : average 07Io03=1.08(0.04) 85St16=1.10(0.05)							**
* ¹⁹² Pb ^p	T : average 07Io03=758(20) 01Dr05=756(21); other 91La07=95(15)							**
* ¹⁹² Po	T : others 03Va16=31.8(1.5) 98Al27=31(4) 96Bi17=33.2(1.4) 81Le23=34(3), all							**
* ¹⁹² Po	T : outweighed, not used							**
* ¹⁹² Po ^m	E : 154 γ above (10 ⁺) 2141 level			T : 99He32 of the order of 1 μ s				**
¹⁹³ Ta					(>300 ns)	12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹³ W	-26290#	200#	1# s		(>300 ns)	11 09St16 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹³ Re	-30240	40	20# s		(>300 ns)	06 99Be63 I	1999	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹³ Re ^m	-30090	40 146.0 0.2	69 μ s	6	(9/2 ⁻)	06 11St21 ETJ	2005	IT=100
¹⁹³ Os	-33396.0	2.7	29.830 h	0.018	3/2 ⁻	06 12Kr05 T	1940	$\beta^- = 100$
¹⁹³ Os ^m	-33154.0	2.7 242.0 0.5	132 ns	29		11St21 ETD	2011	IT=100
¹⁹³ Ir	-34538.3	1.9	STABLE		3/2 ⁺	06	1935	IS=62.7 2
¹⁹³ Ir ^m	-34458.1	1.9 80.239 0.006	10.53 d	0.04	11/2 ⁻	06	1957	IT=100
¹⁹³ Ir ⁿ	-32260.8	2.1 2277.5 1.0	124.8 μ s	2.1	31/2 ⁺	12Dr02 ETJ	2012	IT=100
¹⁹³ Pt	-34481.7	2.0	50 y	6	1/2 ⁻	06	1948	$\epsilon = 100$
¹⁹³ Pt ^m	-34331.9	2.0 149.78 0.04	4.33 d	0.03	13/2 ⁺	06	1949	IT=100
... A-group is continued on next page ...								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...								
¹⁹³ Au	-33406	9	17.65 h	0.15			1948	$\beta^+=100$; $\alpha < 1e-5$
¹⁹³ Au ^m	-33116	9	290.19	0.03			1955	IT \approx 100; $\beta^+ \approx 0.03$
¹⁹³ Au ⁿ	-30920	9	2486.5	0.6			1985	IT=100
¹⁹³ Hg	-31063	16	3.80 h	0.15			1952	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹³ Hg ^m	-30922	16	140.76	0.05			1973	$\beta^+=92.8$ 5; IT=7.2 5
¹⁹³ Tl	-27477	7	21.6 m	0.8			1960	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹³ Tl ^m	-27105	8	372	4			1963	IT=75; $\beta^+=25$
¹⁹³ Pb	-22190	50			*		1974	$\beta^+ ?$
¹⁹³ Pb ^m	-22060#	90#	130#	80#	*		1974	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹³ Pb ⁿ	-19450#	90#	2742#	80#			1991	IT=100
¹⁹³ Bi	-15873	10	63.6 s	3.0			1971	$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha=3.5$ 15
¹⁹³ Bi ^m	-15564	12	308	7	AD		1970	$\alpha=84$ 16; $\beta^+ ?$
¹⁹³ Bi ⁿ	-15268	10	605.5	0.5			2004	IT=100
¹⁹³ Bi ^p	-13690#	50#	2180#	50#			2004	IT=100
¹⁹³ Bi ^q	-13470#	50#	2400#	50#			2004	IT=100
¹⁹³ Po	-8360	30	370 ms	40			1967	$\alpha=?$; $\beta^+=5\#$
¹⁹³ Po ^m	-8260#	50#	100#	30#			1981	$\alpha=?$; $\beta^+=3\#$
¹⁹³ At	-68	22			*		2003	$\alpha \approx 100$
¹⁹³ At ^m	-59	21	8	9	AD *		1995	$\alpha \approx 100$
¹⁹³ At ⁿ	-26	21	42	9	AD		2003	$\alpha=24$ 10; IT=76 10
¹⁹³ Rn	9043	25					2006	$\alpha \approx 100$
* ¹⁹³ Re ^m	E: a γ of 11St21=145.2(0.5) 09Al30=146.1(0.2) keV is observed in decay							
* ¹⁹³ Re ^m	T: average 11St21=65(9) 09Al30=72(8); also 05Ca02=75(+450-40) μ s							
* ¹⁹³ Os	T: other 92An13=30.11(0.01); large syst. unc due to large dead-time effect							
* ¹⁹³ Os	I: also an isomer with T=132(29) decaying via a 242 keV γ -ray							
* ¹⁹³ Tl ^m	E: less than 13 keV above 365.2 level, from ENSDF							
* ¹⁹³ Pb	J: from α decay from ¹⁹⁷ Po							
* ¹⁹³ Pb	T: T=4.0 m reported in Karlsruhe charts 1981 and 1995. Not traceable							
* ¹⁹³ Pb ⁿ	E: 2612.5(0.5) above ¹⁹³ Pb ^m							
* ¹⁹³ Bi	D: $\alpha=3.5$ 15 is from ENSDF'98, wrongly attributed in ENSDF'2006 to NUBASE							
* ¹⁹³ Bi ^p	E: ENSDF'06 2127.9 + x							
* ¹⁹³ Bi ^q	E: ENSDF'06 2357 + x							
* ¹⁹³ Po	T: symmetrized from 370(+46-40) J: α decay to ¹⁸⁹ Pb							
* ¹⁹³ At	T: symmetrized from 28(+5-4)							
* ¹⁹³ At ⁿ	T: symmetrized from 27(+4-3)							
¹⁹⁴ Ta								(>300 ns)
¹⁹⁴ W	-24530#	300#					2012	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹⁴ Re	-27240#	200#					2008	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹⁴ Re	-26960#	200#	285	40			1999	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Re ^m	-26960#	200#	285	40			2012	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Re ⁿ	-26410#	200#	833	33			2012	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Re ^p	-26140#	200#	1100#	1000#			2011	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Re ^q	-25240#	200#	2000#	1000#			2005	IT=?
¹⁹⁴ Os	-32437.2	2.8					1951	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Ir	-32533.8	1.9					1937	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Ir ^m	-32386.7	1.9	147.072	0.002			1959	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Ir ⁿ	-32160	70	370	70	BD		1968	$\beta^- =100$
¹⁹⁴ Pt	-34762.6	0.9					1935	IS=32.86 40
¹⁹⁴ Au	-32213.2	2.1					1948	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁴ Au ^m	-32105.8	2.2	107.4	0.5			1975	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Au ⁿ	-31737.4	2.2	475.8	0.6			1953	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Hg	-32183.9	2.9					1962	$\epsilon=100$
¹⁹⁴ Tl	-26937	14					1960	$\beta^+=100$; $\alpha < 1e-7$
¹⁹⁴ Tl ^m	-26677	4	260	14	MD		1960	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁴ Pb	-24207	17					1960	$\beta^+=100$; $\alpha=7.3e-6$ 29
¹⁹⁴ Pb ^m	-21579	17	2628.1	0.4			1972	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Pb ⁿ	-21274	17	2933.0	0.4			1986	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ Bi	-16040#	50#			*		1971	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha=0.46$ 25
¹⁹⁴ Bi ^m	-15880	50	160#	70#	MD *		1976	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha ?$
¹⁹⁴ Bi ⁿ	-15849	8	190#	50#	AD		1988	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha=0.20$ 7
¹⁹⁴ Po	-11005	13					1967	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$
¹⁹⁴ Po ^m	-8480	13	2525.2	0.8			1999	IT=100
¹⁹⁴ At	-712	27					2009	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$
¹⁹⁴ At ^m	-710	30	0	40	AD		1984	$\alpha \approx 100$; IT ?
¹⁹⁴ Rn	5723	17					2006	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$
* ¹⁹⁴ Re	T: also 12Al05=5(1)							
* ¹⁹⁴ Re ^m	T: from 12Al05 two exc. isomers with 25(8)s 100(10)s; could be exchanged							
* ¹⁹⁴ Re ^p	D: only 86.3 keV γ is seen, but not those seen in ¹⁹⁴ Re ^q							
* ¹⁹⁴ Re ^q	I: decaying by delayed γ -rays of 464, 148, 128							
* ¹⁹⁴ Pb ^m	J: E2 to 10 ⁺ ; magnetic moment							
* ¹⁹⁴ Pb ⁿ	J: E2 to 9 ⁻ ; magnetic moment							
* ¹⁹⁴ At	J: favored α -decay to (5 ⁻) isomer in ¹⁹⁰ Bi							
* ¹⁹⁴ At ^m	J: favored α -decay to (10 ⁻) isomer in ¹⁹⁰ Bi							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
¹⁹⁵ W			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?		
¹⁹⁵ Re	-25580# 300#		6 s	1		11Be.A T	2008	β^- =100		
¹⁹⁵ Os	-29510 60		9# m	(>300 ns)		09St16 I	2004	β^- ?		
¹⁹⁵ Os ^m	-29060 60 454 10		2 h	1.7		12Re.A ETD	2012	β^- =?; IT=?		
¹⁹⁵ Ir	-31694.3 1.9		2.5 h	0.2		07	1952	β^- =100		
¹⁹⁵ Ir ^m	-31594 5 100 5		3.8 h	0.2		(11/2 ⁻) 07	1968	β^- =95.5; IT=5.5		
¹⁹⁵ Ir ⁿ	-29340 6 2354 6		4.4 μ s	0.6		(27/2 ⁺) 07	2011	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Pt	-32796.3 0.9		STABLE			1/2 ⁻ 07	1935	IS=33.78 24		
¹⁹⁵ Pt ^m	-32537.0 0.9 259.30 0.08		4.010 d	0.005		13/2 ⁺ 07	1960	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Au	-32569.5 1.4		186.10 d	0.05		3/2 ⁺ 07	1948	ϵ =100		
¹⁹⁵ Au ^m	-32250.9 1.4 318.58 0.04		30.5 s	0.2		11/2 ⁻ 07	1952	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Hg	-31000 23		10.53 h	0.03		1/2 ⁻ 07	1952	β^+ =100		
¹⁹⁵ Hg ^m	-30824 23 176.07 0.04		41.6 h	0.8		13/2 ⁺ 07	1951	IT=54.2 20; β^+ =45.8 20		
¹⁹⁵ Tl	-28155 11		1.16 h	0.05		1/2 ⁺ 07	1955	β^+ =100		
¹⁹⁵ Tl ^m	-27672 11 482.63 0.17		3.6 s	0.4		9/2 ⁻ 07	1957	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Pb	-23713 23		15 m			3/2 ⁻ # 07	1957	β^+ ?; α ?		
¹⁹⁵ Pb ^m	-23510 23 202.9 0.7		15.0 m	1.2		13/2 ⁽⁺⁾ 07	1957	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Pb ⁿ	-21954 23 1759.0 0.7		10.0 μ s	0.7		(21/2 ⁻) 07	1976	IT=100		
¹⁹⁵ Bi	-18026 5		183 s	4		(9/2 ⁻) 07	GAu J	1971	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.03 2	
¹⁹⁵ Bi ^m	-17626 8 399 6 AD		87 s	1		(1/2 ⁺) 07	GAu J	1974	β^+ =67.17; α =33.17	
¹⁹⁵ Bi ⁿ	-15670 50 2360 50		750 ns	50		29/2 ⁻ # 07		2003	IT ?	
¹⁹⁵ Po	-11060 40		4.64 s	0.09		(3/2 ⁻) 07	05Uu02 J	1967	α =94.4; β^+ =6.4	
¹⁹⁵ Po ^m	-10965 28 100 50 AD		1.92 s	0.02		(13/2 ⁺) 07	05Uu02 J	1967	α \approx 90; β^+ \approx 10; IT<0.01	
¹⁹⁵ At	-3476 9		328 ms	20		1/2 ⁺ 07		1999	α \approx 100; β^+ ?	
¹⁹⁵ At ^m	-3442 8 34 7 AD		147 ms	5		7/2 ⁻ 07		1995	α =?; β^+ <25#	
¹⁹⁵ Rn	5050 50		7 ms	3		(3/2 ⁻) 07		2001	α \approx 100	
¹⁹⁵ Rn ^m	5131 17 80 50 AD *		6 ms	3		(13/2 ⁺) 07		2001	α \approx 100	
* ¹⁹⁵ Os	I : identification in 57Ba08 with $T=6.5$ m has been questioned, see ENSDF'07									
* ¹⁹⁵ Os ^m	T : symmetrized from 32(+154-16) m for $q=76^+$ (bare ion)									
* ¹⁹⁵ Ir ⁿ	E : 268.4, 404.4, 476.4, 537.8, 566.7 γ s in cascade to ¹⁹⁵ Ir ^m									
* ¹⁹⁵ Pb ^m	J : same as ¹⁹⁹ Po ^m and ²⁰³ Rn ^m , from α -decay									
* ¹⁹⁵ Bi ^m	J : spins of ground-state and of isomer derived from α -decay									
* ¹⁹⁵ Bi ⁿ	E : x keV above 2311.4 level; x=50#50 estimated by NUBASE									
* ¹⁹⁵ Po	D : from 10Co13									
* ¹⁹⁵ Rn	T : symmetrized from 6(+3-2)									
* ¹⁹⁵ Rn ^m	T : symmetrized from 5(+3-2)									
¹⁹⁶ W			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?		
¹⁹⁶ Re	-22540# 300#		2.4 s	15		11Be.A T	2008	β^- ?		
¹⁹⁶ Re ^m	-22420# 300# 120# 40#		3.6 μ s	0.6		11St21 T	2009	IT=100		
¹⁹⁶ Os	-28280 40		34.9 ms	0.2		0+	07	1977	β^- =100	
¹⁹⁶ Ir	-29440 40		52 s	1		(0 ⁻) 07		1966	β^- =100	
¹⁹⁶ Ir ^m	-29229 20 210 40 BD		1.40 h	0.02		(10, 11 ⁻) 07		1959	β^- \approx 100; IT<0.3	
¹⁹⁶ Pt	-32646.9 0.9		STABLE			0+	07	1935	IS=25.21 34	
¹⁹⁶ Au	-31139.9 3.0		6.1669 d	0.0006		2 ⁻ 07		1937	β^+ =92.8 8; β^- =7.2 8	
¹⁹⁶ Au ^m	-31055 3 84.656 0.020		8.1 s	0.2		(5 ⁺) 07		1971	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Au ⁿ	-30544 3 595.66 0.04		9.6 h	0.1		12 ⁻ 07		1960	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Hg	-31826.8 3.0		STABLE	(>2.5 Ey)		0+	07	90Bu28 T	1930	IS=0.15 1; 2 β^+ ?
¹⁹⁶ Tl	-27497 12		1.84 h	0.03		2 ⁻ 07		1955	β^+ =100	
¹⁹⁶ Tl ^m	-27103 12 394.2 0.5		1.41 h	0.02		(7 ⁺) 07		1960	β^+ =96.2 4; IT=3.8 4	
¹⁹⁶ Pb	-25361 14		37 m	3		0+	07	1957	β^+ =100; α <3e-5	
¹⁹⁶ Pb ^m	-23623 14 1738.27 0.12		< 1 μ s			4 ⁺ 07		1973	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Pb ⁿ	-23563 14 1797.51 0.14		140 ns	14		5 ⁻ 07		1973	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Pb ^p	-22666 14 2694.6 0.3		270 ns	4		12 ⁺ 07		1973	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Bi	-18009 24		5.1 m	0.2		(3 ⁺) 07		1976	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.00115 34	
¹⁹⁶ Bi ^m	-17843 25 166.4 2.9 AD		0.6 s	0.5		(7 ⁺) 07		1987	IT=?; β^+ ?	
¹⁹⁶ Bi ⁿ	-17738 25 272 3 AD		4.00 m	0.05		(10 ⁻) 07		1987	β^+ =74.2 25; IT=25.8 25; ...	
¹⁹⁶ Po	-13483 13		5.56 s	0.09		0+	07	05Uu02 T	1967	α \approx 98; β^+ \approx 2
¹⁹⁶ Po ^m	-10989 13 2493.9 0.4		856 ns	17		11 ⁻ 07		1995	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ At	-3910 30		388 ms	7		(3 ⁺) 07		1967	α =?; β^+ =5#	
¹⁹⁶ At ^m	-3950 18 -40 40 AD *		20# ms			(10 ⁻) 07		96En01 D	1996	α \approx 100
¹⁹⁶ At ⁿ	-3750 30 157.9 0.1		11 μ s	2		(5 ⁺) 07		2000	IT=100	
¹⁹⁶ Rn	1971 14		4.7 ms	1.1		0+	07	1995	α \approx 100; β^+ =0.06#	
* ¹⁹⁶ Re	T : symmetrized from 11Be.A=3(+1-2)									
* ¹⁹⁶ Re ^m	D : only Kx-rays observed; E>72 keV (K-shell binding energy)									
* ¹⁹⁶ Bi ⁿ	D : ... ; α =0.00038 10									
* ¹⁹⁶ Po	T : average 05Uu02=5.1(+3.1-1.4) 97Pu01=5.5(0.1) 93Wa04=5.8(0.2)									
* ¹⁹⁶ Po	T : other not used : 10He25=4.1(+5.6-1.5) ms									
* ¹⁹⁶ At	J : same as ¹⁹² Bi, from α -decay									
* ¹⁹⁶ At ^m	I : level not accepted in ENSDF									
* ¹⁹⁶ Rn	T : symmetrized from 4.4(+1.3-0.9)									

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
¹⁹⁷ W			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	β^- ?
¹⁹⁷ Re	-20500# 300#		300# ms (>300 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #		09St16 I	2009	β^- ?
¹⁹⁷ Os	-25310# 200#		2.8 m 0.6	5/2 ⁻ #	09		2003	β^- =100
¹⁹⁷ Ir	-28266 20		5.8 m 0.5	(3/2 ⁺)	05		1952	β^- =100
¹⁹⁷ Ir ^m	-28151 21 115 5		8.9 m 0.3	(11/2 ⁻)	05		1976	β^- ≈100; IT=0.25 10
¹⁹⁷ Ir ⁿ	-27870# 200# 400# 200#		30 μ s 8			05Ca02 T	2005	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Pt	-30422.0 0.9		19.8915 h 0.0019	1/2 ⁻	05		1936	β^- =100
¹⁹⁷ Pt ^m	-30022.4 0.9 399.59 0.20		95.41 m 0.18	13/2 ⁺	05		1941	IT=96.7 4; β^- =3.3 4
¹⁹⁷ Au	-31141.0 0.7		STABLE	3/2 ⁺	05		1935	IS=100.
¹⁹⁷ Au ^m	-30731.9 0.7 409.15 0.08		7.73 s 0.06	11/2 ⁻	05		1945	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Au ⁿ	-28608.5 1.2 2532.5 1.0		150 ns 5	27/2 ⁺ #		06Wh02 ETJ	2006	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Hg	-30541 3		64.94 h 0.07	1/2 ⁻	05	01Li17 T	1941	ϵ =100
¹⁹⁷ Hg ^m	-30242 3 298.93 0.08		23.8 h 0.1	13/2 ⁺	05		1943	IT=91.4 7; ϵ =8.6 7
¹⁹⁷ Tl	-28340 16		2.84 h 0.04	1/2 ⁺	05		1955	β^+ =100
¹⁹⁷ Tl ^m	-27732 16 608.22 0.08		540 ms 10	9/2 ⁻	05	12Bi.A J	1953	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Pb	-24749 6		8.1 m 1.7	3/2 ⁻	05		1955	β^+ =100
¹⁹⁷ Pb ^m	-24429 6 319.31 0.11		42.9 m 0.9	13/2 ⁺	05		1957	β^+ =81 2; IT=19 2
¹⁹⁷ Pb ⁿ	-22835 6 1914.10 0.25		1.15 μ s 0.20	21/2 ⁻	05		1978	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Bi	-19687 8		9.33 m 0.50	(9/2 ⁻)	05		1971	β^+ =100; α =1e-4#
¹⁹⁷ Bi ^m	-19155 8 532 12 AD		5.04 m 0.16	(1/2 ⁺)	05		1966	α =55 40; β^+ =45 40; ...
¹⁹⁷ Bi ⁿ	-17284 14 2403 12		263 ns 13	(29/2 ⁻)	05	86Ch01 TJD	1986	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Bi ^p	-16758 8 2929.5 0.5		209 ns 30	(31/2 ⁻)	05	86Ch01 TJD	1986	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Po	-13360 50		53.6 s 0.9	(3/2 ⁻)	05	93Wa04 T	1965	β^+ ?; α =44 7
¹⁹⁷ Po ^m	-13130# 90# 230# 80#		25.8 s 0.1	(13/2 ⁺)	05	93Wa04 T	1967	α =84 9; β^+ ?; IT=0.01#
¹⁹⁷ At	-6340 50		388.2 ms 5.6	(9/2 ⁻)	05	05De01 T	1967	α =96.1 12; β^+ =3.9 12
¹⁹⁷ At ^m	-6293 13 50 50 AD *		2.0 s 0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	05		1985	α ≈100; β^+ ?; IT<0.004; β^+ ?
¹⁹⁷ At ⁿ	-6030 50 310.7 0.2		1.3 μ s 0.2	(13/2 ⁺)		08An11 ETJ	1999	IT=100
¹⁹⁷ Rn	1480 40		54 ms 6	(3/2 ⁻)	05	08An05 T	1995	α ≈100; β^+ ?
¹⁹⁷ Rn ^m	1670# 50# 200# 30#		25.6 ms 2.5	(13/2 ⁺)	05	08An05 T	1996	α ≈100; β^+ ?
* ¹⁹⁷ Hg	T : 66El09=64.14(0.05) strongly conflicting; Birge ratio would be $B=9.3$							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi	I : ENSDF'05 reported an isomer at 2129.3(0.4) keV, 204(18) ns, (23/2 ⁻),							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi	I : not trusted by NUBASE, see fig.3 in 86Ch01							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi ^m	D : ... ; IT<0.3 J : α -decay to ¹⁹³ Tl ground-state							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi ⁿ	T : more recent 95Zh36=252.6(38.7) outweighed, not used							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi ⁿ	E : 95Zh36=2383.1 + x, with x<40 keV; 86Ch01=2360.4 + x is the same level							
* ¹⁹⁷ Bi ⁿ	E : but authors mis-assigned the 97 keV γ -ray, see Fig.1 of 95Zh36							
* ¹⁹⁷ Po	T : average 93Wa04=53(1) 71Ho01=60(6) 67Le21=58(3) 67Si09=52(4); other not							
* ¹⁹⁷ Po	T : used 96Ta18=84(16)							
* ¹⁹⁷ Po ^m	T : others not used 71Ho01=27(3) 67Le21=29(9) 67Si09=26(2);							
* ¹⁹⁷ Po ^m	T : also 10He25=14.45(+14.45-4.9) ms for 3 events, strongly conflicting							
* ¹⁹⁷ At	T : average 05De01=390(16) 99Sm07=388(6)							
* ¹⁹⁷ At ⁿ	T : other 99Sm07=5.5(1.4)							
* ¹⁹⁷ Rn	T : symmetrized from 08An05=53(+7-5) J : from α decay to ¹⁹³ Po							
* ¹⁹⁷ Rn ^m	T : symmetrized from 08An05=25(+3-2) J : from α decay to ¹⁹³ Po ^m							
* ¹⁹⁷ Rn ^m	T : others 05Uu02=30(+150-15) 96En02=19(+8-4) 95Mo14=18(+9-5)							
¹⁹⁸ Re	-17140# 400#		300# ms (>300 ns)			09St16 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- -n ?
¹⁹⁸ Os	-23840# 200#		1# m (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	10	09Po02 I	2008	β^- ?
¹⁹⁸ Ir	-25820# 200#		8 s 1			09	1973	β^- =100
¹⁹⁸ Pt	-29905.7 2.2		STABLE (>320 Ty)	0 ⁺	09	52Fr23 T	1935	IS=7.36 13; 2 β^- ?; α ?
¹⁹⁸ Au	-29582.0 0.7		2.6948 d 0.0012	2 ⁻	09	11Ch22 T 4	1937	=100
¹⁹⁸ Au ^m	-29269.8 0.7 312.2200 0.0020		124 ns 4	5 ⁺	09		1968	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Au ⁿ	-28770.3 1.7 811.7 1.5		2.272 d 0.016	12 ⁻	09	FGK128 J	1972	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Hg	-30954.8 0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	10		1925	IS=9.97 20
¹⁹⁸ Tl	-27490 80		5.3 h 0.5	2 ⁻	09		1949	β^+ =100
¹⁹⁸ Tl ^m	-26950 80 543.6 0.4		1.87 h 0.03	7 ⁺	09		1949	β^+ =55.9 23; IT=44.1 23
¹⁹⁸ Tl ⁿ	-26800 80 687.2 0.5		150 ns 40	(5 ⁺)	09		1977	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Tl ^p	-26750 80 742.4 0.4		32.1 ms 1.0	10 ⁻	09	FGK128 J	1975	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Pb	-26050 15		2.4 h 0.1	0 ⁺	09		1955	β^+ =100
¹⁹⁸ Pb ^m	-23909 15 2141.4 0.4		4.19 μ s 0.10	7 ⁻	09	FGK128 J	1972	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Pb ⁿ	-23819 15 2231.4 0.5		137 ns 10	9 ⁻	09	FGK128 J	1989	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Pb ^p	-23230 15 2820.5 0.7		212 ns 4	12 ⁺	09	FGK128 J	1973	IT=100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
... A-group continued ...									
¹⁹⁸ Bi	-19369	28		10.3 m	0.3	(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁺)	09	1950	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁸ Bi ^m	-19085	28	280	11.6 m	0.3	(7 ⁺)	09	1992	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁸ Bi ⁿ	-18837	28	530	7.7 s	0.5	(10 ⁻)	09 FGK128	1972	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Po	-15473	17		1.77 m	0.03	0 ⁺	09	1965	$\alpha=57.2; \beta^+=43.2$
¹⁹⁸ Po ^m	-12907	17	2565.92	200 ns	20	11 ⁻	09	1990	IT=100
¹⁹⁸ Po ⁿ	-12730	50	2740	750 ns	50	12 ⁺	09	1990	IT ?
¹⁹⁸ At	-6720#	50#		4.21 s	0.22	(3 ⁺)	09 95Bi.A	D 1967	$\alpha>94; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁹⁸ At ^m	-6429	8	290#	1.09 s	0.11	(10 ⁻)	09 95Bi.A	D 1967	$\alpha>86; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁹⁸ Rn	-1230	13		65 ms	3	0 ⁺	09	1984	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=1\#$
¹⁹⁸ Rn ^m			non existent	50 ms	9				$\alpha=?; \beta^+=?; IT=?$
* ¹⁹⁸ Re	I: other 12Ku26>300 ns								
* ¹⁹⁸ Ir	T: other 11Be.A=8(2)								
* ¹⁹⁸ Pt	T: lower limit is for 0v- $\beta\beta$ decay								
* ¹⁹⁸ Au	T: several conflicting values, evaluated in 11Ch22								
* ¹⁹⁸ Au ⁿ	J: M4 to 8 ⁺ ; magnetic moment								
* ¹⁹⁸ Tl ^p	J: E3 to 7 ⁺								
* ¹⁹⁸ Pb ^m	J: E2 to 5 ⁻ ; magnetic moment								
* ¹⁹⁸ Pb ⁿ	J: E2 to 7 ⁻								
* ¹⁹⁸ Pb ^p	J: E2 to 10 ⁺ ; magnetic moment								
* ¹⁹⁸ Bi ⁿ	E: 248.5(0.5) keV above ¹⁹⁸ Bi ^m , from 92Hu04 J: E3 to (7 ⁺)								
* ¹⁹⁸ At	T: average 05Uu02=3.8(0.4) 92Hu04=4.2(0.3) 67Tr06=4.9(0.5)								
* ¹⁹⁸ At	T: other recen not used 12Fo09=4.2(2.0)								
* ¹⁹⁸ At ^m	T: average 05Uu02=1.04(0.15) 92Hu04=1.0(0.2) 67Tr06=1.5(0.3)								
* ¹⁹⁸ Rn ^m	I: α decay assigned to isomer in ENSDF'95, not accepted by NUBASE								
¹⁹⁹ Re								(>300 ns)	12Ku26 I 2012 $\beta^- ?$
¹⁹⁹ Os	-20480#	200#		6 s	3	5/2 ⁻ #	07 11Be.A	T 2008	$\beta^-=100$
¹⁹⁹ Ir	-24400	40		7 s	5	3/2 ⁺ #	07 11Be.A	T 1993	$\beta^- ?$
¹⁹⁹ Ir ^m	-24270#	60#	130#	235 ns	90	11/2 ⁻ #	07	2005	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Pt	-27390.4	2.2		30.80 m	0.21	5/2 ⁻	07	1937	$\beta^-=100$
¹⁹⁹ Pt ^m	-26966.4	3.0	424	13.6 s	0.4	(13/2 ⁺)	07	1959	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Au	-29095.0	0.7		3.139 d	0.007	3/2 ⁺	07	1937	$\beta^-=100$
¹⁹⁹ Au ^m	-28546.1	0.7	548.9405	440 μ s	30	(11/2 ⁻)	07	1968	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Hg	-29546.4	0.4		STABLE		1/2 ⁻	07	1925	IS=16.87 22
¹⁹⁹ Hg ^m	-29013.9	0.4	532.48	42.67 m	0.09	13/2 ⁺	07	1948	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Tl	-28059	28		7.42 h	0.08	1/2 ⁺	07	1949	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁹ Tl ^m	-27310	28	748.87	28.4 ms	0.2	9/2 ⁻	07	1963	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Pb	-25232	10		90 m	10	3/2 ⁻	07	1950	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁹ Pb ^m	-24803	10	429.5	12.2 m	0.3	(13/2 ⁺)	07	1955	IT=93; $\beta^+=7$
¹⁹⁹ Pb ⁿ	-22668	10	2563.8	10.1 μ s	0.2	(29/2 ⁻)	07	1981	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Bi	-20797	11		27 m	1	9/2 ⁻	07	1950	$\beta^+=100$
¹⁹⁹ Bi ^m	-20131	11	667	24.70 m	0.15	(1/2 ⁺)	07	1950	$\beta^+=?; IT<2; \alpha\approx 0.01$
¹⁹⁹ Bi ⁿ	-18850	18	1947	100 ns	30	25/2 ⁺ #	07	1974	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Bi ^p	-18249	18	2548	168 ns	13	29/2 ⁻ #	07	1985	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Po	-15214	23		5.47 m	0.15	3/2 ⁻ #	07	1965	$\beta^+=92.5.3; \alpha=7.5.3$
¹⁹⁹ Po ^m	-14904	23	309.9	4.17 m	0.05	13/2 ⁽⁺⁾	07	1964	$\beta^+=73.5.10; \alpha=24.1; IT=2.5.10$
¹⁹⁹ At	-8823	5		7.02 s	0.12	(9/2 ⁻)	07 05De01	T 1967	$\alpha=89.6; \beta^+ ?$
¹⁹⁹ At ^m	-8250	5	572.9	70 ns	20	(13/2 ⁺)	07 10Ja05	ETJ 2000	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ At ⁿ	-6530	5	2293.4	800 ns	50	(29/2 ⁺)	10Ja05	ETJ 2010	IT=100
¹⁹⁹ Rn	-1500	60		590 ms	30	(3/2 ⁻)	07 05Uu02	J 1980	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=6\#$
¹⁹⁹ Rn ^m	-1335	29	160	310 ms	20	(13/2 ⁺)	07 05Uu02	J 1981	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=3\#$
¹⁹⁹ Fr	6760	40		16 ms	7	1/2 ⁺ #	07	1999	$\alpha\approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
* ¹⁹⁹ Os	T: symmetrized from 11Be.A=5(+4-2)								
* ¹⁹⁹ Ir	T: symmetrized from 11Be.A=6(+5-4)								
* ¹⁹⁹ Ir ^m	T: range 80-390 ns								
* ¹⁹⁹ Pb ^m	E: 424.8(0.2) + x; x < 9.3 keV D: from 78Le.A								
* ¹⁹⁹ Pb ⁿ	E: 2559.1(0.4) + x; x < 9.3 keV								
* ¹⁹⁹ Bi ⁿ	E: 1922.3 + x; x < 50 in ENSDF'07								
* ¹⁹⁹ Bi ^p	E: 2523.2 + x; x < 50 in ENSDF'07								
* ¹⁹⁹ Po	J: not yet known, will be same as ¹⁹⁵ Pb, from α -decay								
* ¹⁹⁹ Po ^m	J: same as ²⁰³ Rn ^m , from α -decay								
* ¹⁹⁹ At	T: average 12Fo09=6.7(0.5) 05De01=6.92(0.13) 05Uu02=7.8(0.4) 67Tr06=7.2(0.5)								
* ¹⁹⁹ At	D: symmetrized from $\alpha=92(+3-8)\%$								
* ¹⁹⁹ Fr	T: symmetrized from 12(+10-4) J: same as ¹⁹⁵ At								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²⁰² Os	-13090#	400#	200# ms (>300 ns)	0 ⁺		09St16 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$ *
²⁰² Ir	-16780#	300#	13 s 2	1 ⁻ #	08	11Be.A T	2008	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰² Ir ^m	-14780#	300#	2000# 1000#	3.4 μ s 0.6		11St21 TD	2011	IT=100 *
²⁰² Pt	-22692	25	44 h 15	0 ⁺	08		1992	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰² Pt ^m	-20904	25	1788.5 0.4	141 μ s 7	(7 ⁻)	08 11St21 T	2005	IT \approx 100 *
²⁰² Au	-24353	23	28.4 s 1.2	(1 ⁻)	08		1967	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰² Hg	-27345.5	0.6	STABLE	0 ⁺	08		1920	IS=29.86 26 *
²⁰² Tl	-25986	14	12.31 d 0.08	2 ⁻	08		1940	$\epsilon =100$ *
²⁰² Tl ^m	-25036	14	950.19 0.10	591 μ s 3	7 ⁺	08	1958	IT=100 *
²⁰² Pb	-25940	4	52.5 ky 2.8	0 ⁺	08		1954	$\epsilon =100$ *
²⁰² Pb ^m	-23770	4	2169.85 0.08	3.54 h 0.02	9 ⁻	08	1954	IT=90.5 5; $\beta^+ =9.5 5$ *
²⁰² Pb ⁿ	-21800	50	4140 50	110 ns 5	16 ⁺ #	08	1986	IT=100 *
²⁰² Pb ^p	-20640	50	5300 50	107 ns 3	19 ⁻ #	08	1987	IT=100 *
²⁰² Bi	-20741	15	1.72 h 0.05	5 ⁽⁺⁾ #	08		1951	$\beta^+ =100$; $\alpha < 1e-5$ *
²⁰² Bi ^m	-20116	19	625 12	3.04 μ s 0.06	10 ⁻ #	08	1981	IT=100 *
²⁰² Bi ⁿ	-18124	19	2617 12	310 ns 50	(17 ⁺)	08	1981	IT=100 *
²⁰² Po	-17924	15	44.6 m 0.4	0 ⁺	08		1951	$\beta^+ =?$; $\alpha =1.92 7$ *
²⁰² Po ^m	-16212	19	1712 12	110 ns 15	8 ⁺	08	1971	IT=100 *
²⁰² At	-10591	28	184 s 1	(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁺)	08		1961	$\beta^+ =?$; $\alpha =37 7$ *
²⁰² At ^m	-10401	28	190 40 MD	182 s 2	(7 ⁺)	08	1992	IT ?; $\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha =8.7 15$ *
²⁰² At ⁿ	-10010	28	580 40 MD	460 ms 50	(10 ⁻)	08	1992	IT \approx 100; $\alpha =0.096 11$; ... *
²⁰² Rn	-6274	18	9.7 s 0.1	0 ⁺	08		1967	$\alpha =78 8$; $\beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰² Rn ^m	-3960#	50#	2310# 50#	2.22 μ s 0.07	11 ⁻ #	08 02Do19 T	2002	IT=100 *
²⁰² Fr	3090#	50#	300 ms 50	300 ms 50	(3 ⁺)	08	1980	$\alpha =?$; $\beta^+ =14\#$ *
²⁰² Fr ^m	3381	10	290# 50# AD	290 ms 50	(10 ⁻)	08	1980	$\alpha =?$; $\beta^+ =14\#$ *
²⁰² Ra	9091	24	31 ms 20	0 ⁺	08		2005	$\alpha =100$ *
* ²⁰² Os	I : other 12Ku26>300 ns **							
* ²⁰² Ir	T : average 11Be.A=11(3) using β^- -t and 15(3) using γ -t **							
* ²⁰² Ir ^m	D : 311.5, 655.9, 737.2, 889.2, 967.6 γ rays seen in decay **							
* ²⁰² Hg	D : lower half-life limit for ²⁴ Ne decay $T > 3.7$ Zy, from 90Bu28 **							
* ²⁰² Pb ⁿ	E : 4091.0(0.7) + x; x estimated 50(50) **							
* ²⁰² Pb ^p	E : 5251.0(0.5) + u; u estimated 50(50) **							
* ²⁰² Bi	J : re-evaluation to a possible 6 ⁺ is discussed in 96Ca02 **							
* ²⁰² Bi ^m	E : 605 + x with x < 40 keV **							
* ²⁰² Bi ⁿ	E : 2597.07(0.25) + x, with x < 40 keV **							
* ²⁰² Po ^m	E : 1691.5(0.4) + x, with x < 40 keV **							
* ²⁰² At ⁿ	D : ... ; $\beta^+ =0.033\#$ **							
* ²⁰² At ⁿ	E : 391.7(0.5) keV above ²⁰² At ^m **							
* ²⁰² Ra	T : symmetrized from 16(+30-7) **							
²⁰³ Os			(>300 ns)			12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$ *
²⁰³ Ir	-14690#	400#	1# s (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #		09St16 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$ *
²⁰³ Ir ^m	-12550#	400#	2140# 50#	798 ns 350	(23/2 ⁺)	08 11St21 TJD	2011	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Pt	-19630#	200#	22 s 4	1/2 ⁻ #	06	11Be.A T	2008	$\beta^- =100\#$ *
²⁰³ Pt ^m	-16530#	200#	3100# 1000#	641 ns 55	33/2 ⁺ #	08 11St21 TJD	2011	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Au	-23143	3	60 s 6	3/2 ⁺	05		1952	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰³ Au ^m	-22502	4	641 3	140 μ s 44	11/2 ⁻ #	05 11St21 TJ	2005	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Hg	-25268.8	1.7	46.594 d 0.012	5/2 ⁻	05		1943	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰³ Hg ^m	-24335.7	1.7	933.14 0.23	21.9 μ s 1.0	(13/2 ⁺)	05 11St21 T	1964	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Hg ⁿ	-16987.8	1.8	8281.0 0.5	146 ns 30	(53/2 ⁺)	05 11Sz01 EJT	2011	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Tl	-25760.8	1.3	STABLE	1/2 ⁺	05		1931	IS=29.52 1 *
²⁰³ Tl ^m	-22200	50	3565 50	7.7 μ s 0.5	(25/2 ⁺)	05	1998	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Pb	-24786	7	51.92 h 0.03	5/2 ⁻	05		1942	$\epsilon =100$ *
²⁰³ Pb ^m	-23961	7	825.2 0.3	6.21 s 0.11	13/2 ⁺	05	1955	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Pb ⁿ	-21837	7	2949.2 0.4	480 ms 7	29/2 ⁻	05	1977	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Pb ^p	-21820	50	2970 50	122 ns 4	25/2 ⁻ #	05	1988	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Bi	-21524	13	11.76 h 0.05	9/2 ⁻	05		1950	$\beta^+ =100$ *
²⁰³ Bi ^m	-20426	13	1098.12 0.12	305 ms 5	1/2 ⁺	05	1984	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Bi ⁿ	-19483	13	2041.5 0.6	194 ns 30	25/2 ⁺	05	1978	IT=100 *
²⁰³ Po	-17311	9	36.7 m 0.5	5/2 ⁻	05		1951	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha =0.11 2$ *
²⁰³ Po ^m	-16669	9	641.68 0.17	45 s 2	13/2 ⁺	05	1969	IT \approx 100; $\alpha =0.04\#$ *
²⁰³ Po ⁿ	-15153	9	2158.5 0.6	> 200 ns		05	1986	IT=100 *
²⁰³ At	-12163	11	7.4 m 0.2	9/2 ⁻	05		1951	$\beta^+ =69 3$; $\alpha =31 3$ *
²⁰³ Rn	-6159	24	44 s 2	3/2 ⁻ #	05		1967	$\alpha =66 9$; $\beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰³ Rn ^m	-5799	23	360 4 AD	26.9 s 0.5	13/2 ⁽⁺⁾	05 87Bo29 J	1967	$\alpha =75 10$; $\beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰³ Fr	876	6	550 ms 10	9/2 ⁻ #	05		1967	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ =5\#$ *
²⁰³ Ra	8670	80	36 ms 13	(3/2 ⁻)	05	96Le09 J	1996	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰³ Ra ^m	8855	30	190 90 AD	25 ms 5	(13/2 ⁺)	05 96Le09 J	1996	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$ *
* ²⁰³ Ir ^m	E : 207.0, 841.3, 894.7 γ s in cascade to 11/2 ⁻ estimated at 200(50) keV **							
* ²⁰³ Pt	T : 05Ku.A=10(3) same author **							
* ²⁰³ Tl ^m	E : 3514.6 + x and x estimated 50(50) keV **							
* ²⁰³ Pb ^p	E : 2923.4(0.7) + x; x estimated 50(50) **							
* ²⁰³ Rn	J : not yet known, will be same as ¹⁹⁵ Pb and ¹⁹⁹ Po, from α -decay **							
* ²⁰³ Ra	T : symmetrized from 31(+17-9) **							
* ²⁰³ Ra ^m	T : symmetrized from 24(+6-4) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²⁰⁴ Ir	-9690# 400#		200# ms					$\beta^- ?; \beta^-_n ?$
²⁰⁴ Pt	-17920# 200#		10.3 s 1.4	0 ⁺	10		2008	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰⁴ Pt ^m	-15930# 200#	1995.1 0.7	5.5 μ s 0.7	(5 ⁻)	10	11St21 E	2009	IT=100 *
²⁰⁴ Pt ⁿ	-15890# 200#	2035 23	55 μ s 3	(7 ⁻)	10		2009	IT ? *
²⁰⁴ Pt ^p	-14730# 200#	3193 23	146 ns 14	(10 ⁺)	10		2009	IT=100 *
²⁰⁴ Au	-20650# 200#		38.2 s 1.4	(2 ⁻)	10	11Be.A T	1972	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰⁴ Au ^m	-16830# 200#	3816# 1000#	2.1 μ s 0.3	16 ⁻ #	10	11St21 JD	2008	IT=100 *
²⁰⁴ Hg	-24690.2 0.5		STABLE	0 ⁺	10		1920	IS=6.87 15; 2 $\beta^- ?$
²⁰⁴ Tl	-24345.6 1.2		3.783 y 0.012	2 ⁻	10		1953	$\beta^- =97.08 7; \epsilon + \beta^+ =2.92 7$
²⁰⁴ Tl ^m	-23241.5 1.2	1104.1 0.2	61.7 μ s 1.0	7 ⁺	10	11Br12 EJ	1972	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Tl ⁿ	-22026.6 1.2	2319.0 0.3	2.6 μ s 0.2	12 ⁻	10	11Br12 EJ	1998	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Tl ^p	-19954.0 1.3	4391.6 0.5	420 ns 30	18 ⁺	10	11Br12 ETJ	1998	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Tl ^q	-18106.2 1.3	6239.4 0.5	90 ns 3	22 ⁻	10	11Br12 ETJ	2011	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Pb	-25109.4 1.2		STABLE (>140 Py)	0 ⁺	10		1932	IS=1.4 1; $\alpha ?$
²⁰⁴ Pb ^m	-23835.3 1.2	1274.13 0.05	265 ns 6	4 ⁺	10		1963	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Pb ⁿ	-22923.5 1.2	2185.88 0.08	66.93 m 0.10	9 ⁻	10		1956	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Pb ^p	-22845.0 1.2	2264.42 0.06	490 ns 70	7 ⁻	10		1978	IT=100 *
²⁰⁴ Bi	-20646 9		11.22 h 0.10	6 ⁺	10		1947	$\beta^+ =100$
²⁰⁴ Bi ^m	-19841 9	805.5 0.3	13.0 ms 0.1	10 ⁻	10		1974	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Bi ⁿ	-17813 9	2833.4 1.1	1.07 ms 0.03	17 ⁺	10		1974	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Po	-18341 11		3.519 h 0.012	0 ⁺	10		1951	$\beta^+ =99.33 3; \alpha =0.67 3$
²⁰⁴ Po ^m	-16702 11	1639.03 0.06	158.6 ns 1.8	8 ⁺	10	10Ka29 T	1970	IT=100 *
²⁰⁴ At	-11875 22		9.12 m 0.11	7 ⁺	10		1961	$\beta^+ =96.2 2; \alpha =3.8 2$ *
²⁰⁴ At ^m	-11288 22	587.30 0.20	108 ms 10	10 ⁻	10		1969	IT=100
²⁰⁴ Rn	-7983 15		1.242 m 0.023	0 ⁺	10		1967	$\alpha =72.4 9; \beta^+ ?$
²⁰⁴ Fr	607 25		1.75 s 0.26	(3 ⁺)	10	95Bi.A D	1964	$\alpha =96 2; \beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰⁴ Fr ^m	658 25	51 4 AD	2.30 s 0.24	(7 ⁺)	10	95Bi.A D	1967	$\alpha =90 2; \beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰⁴ Fr ⁿ	935 25	327 4 AD	0.8 s 0.2	(10 ⁻)	10		1992	$\alpha =74 8; IT =26 8$ *
²⁰⁴ Ra	6047 14		60 ms 9	0 ⁺	10	05Uu02 T	1995	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.3\#$ *
* ²⁰⁴ Pt	T : other 11Be.A=16(+6-5) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Pt ^m	E : 872.4(0.5), 1122.7(0.5) γ s to 0 ⁺ **							
* ²⁰⁴ Pt ⁿ	E : 1995.1(0.7) + X ; x < 80 keV **							
* ²⁰⁴ Pt ^p	E : 1157.5(0.5) γ to ²⁰⁴ Pt ⁿ **							
* ²⁰⁴ Au	T : average 11Be.A=37.0(0.8) 84Cr01=39.8(0.9); other 72Pa06=40(3) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Au ^m	E : 839.0, 976.6 γ s in cascade to 12 ⁻ # estimated at 2000#(1000#) keV **							
* ²⁰⁴ Pb ^p	T : symmetrized from 450(+100-30) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Po ^m	T : average 10Ka29=161(4) 87Ra04=158(2); others 90Fa03=150(10) 83He08=150(10) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Po ⁿ	T : 71Ha01=140(5) 70Ya03=190(20) 70Br.A=143(5) **							
* ²⁰⁴ At	T : other 10Ka29=9.6(2) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Fr	T : average 05Uu02=1.9(0.5) 92Hu04=1.7(0.3) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Fr ^m	T : average 05Uu02=1.6(+0.5-0.3) 92Hu04=2.6(0.3) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Fr ⁿ	E : 276.1 keV above ²⁰⁴ Fr ^m , from 95Bi.A D : α intensity is from 95Bi.A **							
* ²⁰⁴ Ra	T : average 05Uu02=54(+19-11) 96Le09=59(+12-9); other 10He25=44(+44-15) **							
* ²⁰⁴ Ra	T : 95Le04=45(+55-21) **							
²⁰⁵ Ir								$\beta^- ?; \beta^-_n ?$
²⁰⁵ Pt	-12970# 300#		1# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?$
²⁰⁵ Au	-18770# 200#		32.5 s 1.4	3/2 ⁺ #	04	10A124 I	2009	$\beta^- =100$ *
²⁰⁵ Au ^m	-17860# 200#	907 5	6 s 2	11/2 ⁻ #	04	09Po01 T	1994	IT=?; $\beta^- =?$
²⁰⁵ Au ⁿ	-15920# 200#	2850 5	163 ns 5	19/2 ⁺ #	04	11St21 ET	2009	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Hg	-22287 4		5.14 m 0.09	1/2 ⁻	04		1940	$\beta^- =100$
²⁰⁵ Hg ^m	-20731 4	1556.40 0.17	1.09 ms 0.04	13/2 ⁺	04		1985	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Hg ⁿ	-18971 4	3315.8 0.9	5.89 μ s 0.18	(23/2 ⁻)	04	11St21 ETJ	2011	IT=100 *
²⁰⁵ Tl	-23820.3 1.3		STABLE	1/2 ⁺	04		1931	IS=70.48 1
²⁰⁵ Tl ^m	-20529.7 1.3	3290.60 0.17	2.6 μ s 0.2	25/2 ⁺	04		1976	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Tl ⁿ	-18984.7 2.0	4835.6 1.5	235 ns 10	(35/2 ⁻)	04		2004	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Pb	-23769.7 1.2		17.3 My 0.7	5/2 ⁻	04		1954	$\epsilon =100$
²⁰⁵ Pb ^m	-23767.4 1.2	2.329 0.007	24.2 μ s 0.4	1/2 ⁻	04		1994	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Pb ⁿ	-22755.9 1.2	1013.85 0.03	5.55 ms 0.02	13/2 ⁺	04		1960	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Pb ^p	-20574.0 1.3	3195.7 0.5	217 ns 5	25/2 ⁻	04		1973	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Bi	-21064 5		15.31 d 0.04	9/2 ⁻	04		1951	$\beta^+ =100$
²⁰⁵ Bi ^m	-19567 5	1497.17 0.09	7.9 μ s 0.7	1/2 ⁺	04		1972	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Bi ⁿ	-18925 5	2139.0 0.7	220 ns 25	25/2 ⁺	04		1978	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Po	-17509 20		1.74 h 0.08	5/2 ⁻	04		1951	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha =0.04 1$
²⁰⁵ Po ^m	-17366 20	143.166 0.017	310 ns 60	1/2 ⁻	04		1960	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Po ⁿ	-16629 20	880.31 0.07	645 μ s 20	13/2 ⁺	04		1962	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Po ^p	-16048 20	1461.21 0.21	57.4 ms 0.9	19/2 ⁻	04		1973	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Po ^q	-14422 20	3087.2 0.4	115 ns 10	29/2 ⁻	04		1985	IT=100
²⁰⁵ At	-12970 15		33.8 m 0.2	9/2 ⁻	04	10Ka29 T	1951	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha =10 2$
²⁰⁵ At ^m	-10630 15	2339.65 0.23	7.76 μ s 0.14	29/2 ⁺	04		1982	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Rn	-7710 50		2.83 m 0.07	5/2 ⁻	04		1967	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha =24.6 9$
²⁰⁵ Rn ^m	-7050 50	657.1 0.5	> 10 s	13/2 ⁺ #	04	10De04 ED	2010	IT \approx 100; $\alpha ?; \beta^+ ?$
²⁰⁵ Fr	-1310 8		3.82 s 0.06	(9/2 ⁻)	04	10De04 T	1964	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ < 1$ *
²⁰⁵ Fr ^m	-766 8	544.0 1.0	80 ns 20	(13/2 ⁺)	04	12Ja01 EJT	2012	IT=100
²⁰⁵ Fr ⁿ	-701 9	609 5	1.15 ms 0.04	(1/2 ⁺)	04	12Ja01 ETJ	2012	IT=100

... A-group is continued on next page ...

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
... A-group continued ...									
²⁰⁵ Ra	5840	70	220 ms	50	(3/2 ⁻)	04	1987	$\alpha=?; \beta^+ ?$ *	
* ²⁰⁵ Ra ^m	6140#	100# 300# 100#	180 ms	50	(13/2 ⁺)	04	1995	$\alpha=?; IT ?; \beta^+ ?$ *	
* ²⁰⁵ Au	T : average 09Po01=34(2) 94We02=31(2)								
* ²⁰⁵ Hg	T : other 10Ku02=5.61(0.38) for q=80 ⁺ (bare ion)								
* ²⁰⁵ Hg ⁿ	E : least-squares fit to γ -ray energies 227.6(0.5), 722.6(0.5), 810.0(0.5) 1014.7(0.5)								
* ²⁰⁵ Fr	T : unweighed average 10De04=4.03(0.08) 05De01=3.80(0.03) 81Ri04=3.96(0.04)								
* ²⁰⁵ Fr	T : ⁷⁴ Ho27=3.7(0.1) ⁶⁷ Va20=3.7(0.2) ⁶⁴ Gr04=3.7(0.4)								
* ²⁰⁵ Ra	T : symmetrized from 210(+60-40)								
* ²⁰⁵ Ra ^m	T : symmetrized from 170(+60-40); other 10He25=68(+68-23) ms								
²⁰⁶ Pt	-9630#	300#	1#	s	(>300 ns)	0 ⁺	12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²⁰⁶ Au	-14220#	300#	30#	s	(>300 ns)		11 09St16 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$
²⁰⁶ Hg	-20945	20	8.32	m	0.07	0 ⁺	08	1961	$\beta^- =100$
²⁰⁶ Hg ^m	-18843	20	2.09	μ s	0.02	5 ⁻	08 11St21 T	1982	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Hg ⁿ	-17223	20	106	ns	6	(10 ⁺)	08 11St21 ETJ	2001	IT=100 *
²⁰⁶ Tl	-22252.8	1.4	4.202	m	0.011	0 ⁻	08	1935	$\beta^- =100$
²⁰⁶ Tl ^m	-19609.7	1.4	3.74	m	0.03	(12 ⁻)	08	1976	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Pb	-23785.1	1.2	STABLE			0 ⁺	08	1927	IS=24.1 1
²⁰⁶ Pb ^m	-21584.9	1.2	125	μ s	2	7 ⁻	08	1953	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Pb ⁿ	-19757.8	1.4	202	ns	3	12 ⁺	08	1971	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Bi	-20028	8	6.243	d	0.003	6 ⁽⁺⁾	08	1947	$\beta^+ =100$
²⁰⁶ Bi ^m	-19968	8	7.7	μ s	0.2	(4 ⁺)	08	1957	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Bi ⁿ	-18983	8	890	μ s	10	(10 ⁻)	08	1974	IT=100
²⁰⁶ Po	-18188	4	8.8	d	0.1	0 ⁺	08	1947	$\beta^+ =94.55 5; \alpha=5.45 5$
²⁰⁶ Po ^m	-16602	4	232	ns	4	8 ⁺ #	08	1970	IT=100 *
²⁰⁶ Po ⁿ	-15926	4	1.05	μ s	0.06	9 ⁻ #	08	1970	IT=100
²⁰⁶ At	-12429	15	30.6	m	0.8	(5 ⁺)	08	1961	$\beta^+ =99.10 8; \alpha=0.90 8$
²⁰⁶ At ^m	-11619	15	813	ns	21	(10 ⁻)	08 09Dr08 T	1999	IT=100 *
²⁰⁶ Rn	-9115	15	5.67	m	0.17	0 ⁺	08	1954	$\alpha=62 3; \beta^+ =38 3$
²⁰⁶ Fr	-1242	28	16	s		(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁺)	08 92Hu04 D	1964	$\beta^+ =?; \alpha=42 24$ *
²⁰⁶ Fr ^m	-1048	28	16	s		(7 ⁺)	08 92Hu04 D	1964	$\alpha=42 24; \beta^+ ?; IT ?$
²⁰⁶ Fr ⁿ	-517	28	700	ms	100	(10 ⁻)	08	1983	IT=?; $\alpha \approx 5\%$ *
²⁰⁶ Fr ^x	-1140	100	R = ?			spmix			
²⁰⁶ Ra	3566	18	240	ms	20	0 ⁺	08	1967	$\alpha=?; \beta^+ =2.5\%$
²⁰⁶ Ac	13460#	70#	25	ms	7	(3 ⁺)	08	1998	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.2\%$ *
* ²⁰⁶ Ac ^m	13710	30	41	ms	16	(10 ⁻)	08	1996	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$ *
* ²⁰⁶ Hg ^m	T : average 11St21(=09Si35)=2.09(0.02) 82Be38=2.15(0.21)								
* ²⁰⁶ Hg ⁿ	T : average 11St21(=09Si35)=112(4) 09Al29=96(15) 01Fo08=92(8) 01La09=90(10)								
* ²⁰⁶ Po ^m	E : less than 40 keV above 1573.4 level, from ENSDF								
* ²⁰⁶ At ^m	T : others 10Ka29=377(44) 99Fe10=410(80)								
* ²⁰⁶ At ⁿ	E : from ENSDF*08 806.7(1.4) + x; x<6 estimated by NUBASE								
* ²⁰⁶ Fr	D : $\alpha=84(2)\%$ for mixture of ²⁰⁶ Fr and ²⁰⁶ Fr ^m , in 92Hu04. Value replaced by								
* ²⁰⁶ Fr	D : uniform distribution 0%-84% for each isomer								
* ²⁰⁶ Fr ⁿ	E : 531(2) keV above ²⁰⁶ Fr ^m , from 81Ri04								
* ²⁰⁶ Ac	T : symmetrized from 98Es02=22(+9-5)								
* ²⁰⁶ Ac ^m	T : symmetrized from 98Es02=33(+22-9)								
²⁰⁷ Pt					(>300 ns)		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²⁰⁷ Au	-10810#	300#	10#	s	(>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	11	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²⁰⁷ Hg	-16487	30	2.9	m	0.2	9/2 ⁺ #	11	1982	$\beta^- =100$
²⁰⁷ Tl	-21033	5	4.77	m	0.02	1/2 ⁺	11	1908	$\beta^- =100$
²⁰⁷ Tl ^m	-19685	5	1.33	s	0.11	11/2 ⁻	11	1965	IT \approx 100; $\beta^- <0.1\%$ *
²⁰⁷ Pb	-22451.5	1.2	STABLE			1/2 ⁻	11	1927	IS=22.1 1
²⁰⁷ Pb ^m	-20818.1	1.2	806	ms	5	13/2 ⁺	11	1951	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Bi	-20054.1	2.4	31.55	y	0.04	9/2 ⁻	11	1950	$\beta^+ =100$
²⁰⁷ Bi ^m	-17952.5	2.4	182	μ s	6	21/2 ⁺	11	1967	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Po	-17145	7	5.80	h	0.02	5/2 ⁻	11	1947	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha=0.021 2$
²⁰⁷ Po ^m	-17076	7	205	ns	10	1/2 ⁻	11	1963	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Po ⁿ	-16030	7	49	μ s	4	13/2 ⁺	11	1962	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Po ^p	-15762	7	2.79	s	0.08	19/2 ⁻	11	1961	IT=100
²⁰⁷ At	-13227	12	1.81	h	0.03	9/2 ⁻	11	1951	$\beta^+ ?; \alpha \approx 10$
²⁰⁷ At ^m	-11110	12	108	ns	2	25/2 ⁺	11	1981	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Rn	-8635	8	9.25	m	0.17	5/2 ⁻	11	1954	$\beta^+ =79 3; \alpha=21 3$
²⁰⁷ Rn ^m	-7736	8	184.5	μ s	0.9	13/2 ⁺	11	1974	IT=100
²⁰⁷ Fr	-2844	18	14.8	s	0.1	9/2 ⁻	11	1964	$\alpha=95 2; \beta^+ ?$
²⁰⁷ Ra	3540	60	1.38	s	0.18	5/2 ⁻ #	11	1967	$\alpha \approx 86; \beta^+ ?$ *
²⁰⁷ Ra ^m	4094	25	57	ms	8	13/2 ⁺ #	11 96Le09 T	1987	IT=85#; $\alpha=?; \dots$ *
²⁰⁷ Ac	11150	50	31	ms	8	9/2 ⁻ #	11 98Es02 T	1994	$\alpha \approx 100$ *
* ²⁰⁷ Tl	T : other 05Oh08=4.25(0.14) 10Ku02=4.70(0.19) for q=81 ⁺ (bare ion)								
* ²⁰⁷ Ra	T : average 95Uu01=1.1(+0.9-0.3) 68Lo15=1.8(0.5) 67Va22=1.3(0.2)								
* ²⁰⁷ Ra ^m	D : ... ; $\beta^+ =0.55\%$								
* ²⁰⁷ Ra ⁿ	T : average 96Le09=63(16) 87He10=55(10)								
* ²⁰⁷ Ac	T : average 98Es02=27(+11-6) 94Le05=22(+40-9)								
* ²⁰⁷ Ac	J : Unhindered α -decay to ²⁰³ Fr 9/2 ⁻ #								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{208}Pt			(>300 ns)	0^+		12Ku26 I	2012	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{208}Au	-6100# 300#		10# s (>300 ns)		11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{208}Hg	-13270 30		42 m 5	0^+	10		1994	$\beta^- =100$ *
^{208}Tl	-16749.2 2.0		3.053 m 0.004	5^+	07		1909	$\beta^- =100$
^{208}Pb	-21748.1 1.2		STABLE	0^+	07		1927	IS=52.4 1
$^{208}\text{Pb}^m$	-16852.9 1.2	4895.23 0.05	500 ns 10	10^+	07	98Pf02 T	1998	IT=100
^{208}Bi	-18869.7 2.4		368 ky 4	5^+	07		1953	$\beta^+ =100$
$^{208}\text{Bi}^m$	-17298.6 2.4	1571.1 0.4	2.58 ms 0.04	10^-	07		1961	IT=100
^{208}Po	-17469.2 1.8		2.898 y 0.002	0^+	07		1947	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.0040 4$
$^{208}\text{Po}^m$	-15941.0 1.8	1528.22 0.04	350 ns 20	8^+	07		1968	IT=100
^{208}At	-12470 9		1.63 h 0.03	6^+	07		1950	$\beta^+ =99.45 6; \alpha =0.55 6$
$^{208}\text{At}^m$	-10194 9	2276.4 1.8	1.5 μs 0.2	16^-	07		1991	IT=100
^{208}Rn	-9655 11		24.35 m 0.14	0^+	07		1955	$\alpha =62 7; \beta^+ =38 7$
$^{208}\text{Rn}^m$	-7827 11	1828.3 0.4	487 ns 12	8^+	07		1979	IT=100 *
^{208}Fr	-2666 11		59.1 s 0.3	7^+	07		1964	$\alpha =89 3; \beta^+ =11 3$
$^{208}\text{Fr}^m$	-1839 21	827 18	432 ns 11	(10^-)	07	09Dr08 T	2009	IT=100 *
^{208}Ra	1715 15		1.110 s 0.045	0^+	07	10He25 TD	1967	$\alpha =87 3; \beta^+ ?$ *
$^{208}\text{Ra}^m$	3862 15	2147.4 0.4	263 ns 17	(8^+)	07	05Re02 T	1998	IT=100 *
^{208}Ac	10760 60		97 ms 16	(3^+)	07	96Ik01 T	1994	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ =1\#$ *
$^{208}\text{Ac}^m$	11258 28	500 50 AD	28 ms 7	(10^-)	07	96Ik01 T	1994	$\alpha =?; \text{IT} < 10\#; \beta^+ =1\#$ *
^{208}Th	16670 30		2.4 ms 1.2		11		2010	$\alpha \approx 100$ *
* ^{208}Hg	T : symmetrized from 98Zh22=41(+5-4) **							
* $^{208}\text{Rn}^m$	T : other 10Ka29=590(144) ns **							
* $^{208}\text{Fr}^m$	T : from meanlife 09Dr08=623(16); other 10Ka29=233(18), not trusted **							
* $^{208}\text{Fr}^m$	T : also 06Me03=446(14) originally assigned to ^{209}Fr , see 09Dr04 **							
* ^{208}Ra	T : other 68Lo15=1.8(0.5) 67Va22=1.2(0.2) **							
* $^{208}\text{Ra}^m$	T : average 05Re02=250(30) 99Co13=270(21) **							
* ^{208}Ac	T : average 96Ik01=83(+34-19) 94Le05=95(+24-16) **							
* $^{208}\text{Ac}^m$	E : if α decay goes to (7^+) $^{204}\text{Fr}^m$, instead of (10^-) as assumed in AME, then **							
* $^{208}\text{Ac}^m$	E : E will become 234(22) keV **							
* $^{208}\text{Ac}^m$	T : average 96Ik01=21(+28-8) 94Le05=25(+9-5) **							
* ^{208}Th	T : symmetrized from 10He25=1.7(+1.7-0.6) **							
^{209}Au	-2470# 400#		1# s (>300 ns)	$3/2^+\#$	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{209}Hg	-8640# 150#		37 s 8	$9/2^+\#$	08		1998	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$ *
^{209}Tl	-13638 8		2.161 m 0.007	$(1/2^+)$	91	94Ar23 T	1950	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$
^{209}Pb	-17614.1 1.8		3.253 h 0.014	$9/2^+$	91		1940	$\beta^- =100$
^{209}Bi	-18258.2 1.4		19.9 Ey 0.7	$9/2^-$	91	12Be06 T	1924	IS=100; $\alpha =100$ *
^{209}Po	-16365.6 1.8		102 y 5	$1/2^-$	91		1949	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.48 4$
$^{209}\text{Po}^m$	-12100.0 1.8	4265.6 0.1	119 ns 4	$(31/2^-)$	91		1974	IT=100
^{209}At	-12882 5		5.41 h 0.05	$9/2^-$	91		1951	$\beta^+ =95.9 5; \alpha =4.1 5$
$^{209}\text{At}^m$	-10453 5	2429.25 0.23	890 ns 40	$(29/2)^+$	91		1975	IT=100
^{209}Rn	-8929 20		28.5 m 1.0	$5/2^-$	91		1952	$\beta^+ =83 2; \alpha =17 2$
$^{209}\text{Rn}^m$	-7755 20	1173.98 0.13	13.4 μs 1.3	$13/2^+$	91		1985	IT=100
$^{209}\text{Rn}^m$	-5292 20	3636.78 0.23	3.0 μs 0.3	$(35/2^+)$	91		1985	IT=100
^{209}Fr	-3768 15		50.0 s 0.3	$9/2^-$	91		1964	$\alpha =89 3; \beta^+ =11 3$
$^{209}\text{Fr}^m$	892 15	4659.8 0.7	420 ns 18	$45/2^-$		09Dr04 ETJ	2009	IT=100 *
^{209}Ra	1850 50		4.71 s 0.08	$5/2^-$	91	08Ha12 T	1967	$\alpha \approx 90; \beta^+ \approx 10$
$^{209}\text{Ra}^m$	2730 50	882.8 0.7	117 μs 5	$13/2^+$		08Ha12 ETJ	2008	$\alpha \approx 90; \beta^+ \approx 10$
^{209}Ac	8840 50		92 ms 11	$(9/2^-)$	91	00He17 T	1968	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ =1\#$ *
^{209}Th	16540 90		3.1 ms 1.2	$5/2^- \#$	97	10He25 TD	1996	$\alpha =?; \beta^+ ?$ *
* ^{209}Hg	T : symmetrized from 98Zh22=35(+9-6) **							
* ^{209}Bi	T : average 12Be06=20.1(0.8) 03De11=19(2) **							
* $^{209}\text{Fr}^m$	T : from meanlife 09Dr04=606(26); **							
* $^{209}\text{Fr}^m$	T : also 06Me03=360(140) originally assigned to ^{210}Fr **							
* ^{209}Ac	T : average 00He17=98(+59-27) 96Ik01=82(+18-13) 94Le05=91(+21-14) **							
* ^{209}Ac	T : and 68Va04=100(50) **							
* ^{209}Th	T : average 10He25=1.9(+1.9-0.7) 96Ik01=3.8(+6.9-1.5) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²¹⁰ Au	2330# 400#		1# s (>300 ns)		11	10AI24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁰ Hg	-5370# 200#		10# m (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	03	98Pf02 I	1998	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁰ Tl	-9246 12		1.30 m 0.03	5 ⁺ #	03		1909	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n=0.009 6$ *
²¹⁰ Pb	-14728.0 1.5		22.20 y 0.22	0 ⁺	03		1900	$\beta^- =100; \alpha=1.9e-6 4$
²¹⁰ Pb ^m	-13450 5 1278 5		201 ns 17	8 ⁺	03		1980	IT=100
²¹⁰ Bi	-14791.5 1.4		5.012 d 0.005	1 ⁻	03		1905	$\beta^- =100; \alpha=13.2e-5 10$
²¹⁰ Bi ^m	-14520.2 1.4 271.31 0.11		3.04 My 0.06	9 ⁻	03		1953	$\alpha=100$
²¹⁰ Po	-15952.7 1.2		138.376 d 0.002	0 ⁺	03		1898	$\alpha=100$
²¹⁰ Po ^m	-14395.7 1.2 1556.96 0.03		98.9 ns 2.5	8 ⁺	03		1968	IT=100
²¹⁰ Po ⁿ	-10895.1 1.2 5057.61 0.04		263 ns 5	16 ⁺	03		1985	IT=100
²¹⁰ At	-11972 8		8.1 h 0.4	(5) ⁺	03		1949	$\beta^+ \approx 100; \alpha=0.175 20$
²¹⁰ At ^m	-9422 8 2549.6 0.2		482 ns 6	(15) ⁻	03		1970	IT=100
²¹⁰ At ⁿ	-7944 8 4027.7 0.2		5.66 μ s 0.07	(19) ⁺	03		1975	IT=100
²¹⁰ Rn	-9605 5		2.4 h 0.1	0 ⁺	03		1952	$\alpha=96 1; \beta^+ ?$
²¹⁰ Rn ^m	-7900 30 1710 30 AD		644 ns 40	8 ⁺ #	03		1979	IT ?
²¹⁰ Rn ⁿ	-5750 30 3857 30		1.06 μ s 0.05	(17) ⁻	03		1979	IT=100 *
²¹⁰ Rn ^p	-3090 30 6514 30		1.04 μ s 0.07	(22) ⁺	03		1986	IT=100 *
²¹⁰ Fr	-3333 15		3.18 m 0.06	6 ⁺	03	05Ku06 D	1964	$\alpha=71 4; \beta^+ ?$ *
²¹⁰ Ra	460 15		4.0 s 0.1	0 ⁺	03	08Ha12 T	1967	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=4\#$ *
²¹⁰ Ra ^m	2510 15 2050.0 1.1		2.32 μ s 0.03	8 ⁺	03	04Re04 ETJ	1998	IT=100 *
²¹⁰ Ac	8790 60		350 ms 40	7 ⁺ #	03	00He17 T	1968	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=9\#$ *
²¹⁰ Th	14060 19		16.0 ms 3.6	0 ⁺	03	10He25 T	1995	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=1\#$ *
* ²¹⁰ Tl	D : symmetrized from $\beta^- n=0.007(+7-4)\%$ **							
* ²¹⁰ Rn ⁿ	E : ENSDF2003: 2147.4(0.2) keV above the 8 ⁺ level, quoted 3812.0(0.2) + x **							
* ²¹⁰ Rn ^p	E : ENSDF2003: 4803.7(0.4) keV above the 8 ⁺ level, quoted 6468.3(0.4) + x **							
* ²¹⁰ Fr	T : other 10Ka09=3.4(0.2) **							
* ²¹⁰ Fr	I : an isomer was claimed in 06Me03=360(140)ns ; but has been re-assigned to **							
* ²¹⁰ Fr	I : ²⁰⁹ Fr in 09Dr04 **							
* ²¹⁰ Ra	T : also 07Le14=2.5(+1.4-0.7) and 3.5(+4.8-1.3) **							
* ²¹⁰ Ra ^m	T : average 06Ha17=2.28(0.08) 04Re04=2.1(0.1) 04He25=2.36(0.04) **							
* ²¹⁰ Ac	T : average 00He17=335(+64-46) 68Va04=350(50) **							
²¹¹ Hg	-620# 200#		10# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	10AI24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹¹ Tl	-6080 40		100 s 40	1/2 ⁺ #	04	12Be28 T	1998	$\beta^- =100; \beta^- n ?$ *
²¹¹ Pb	-10491.3 2.6		36.1 m 0.2	9/2 ⁺	04		1904	$\beta^- =100$
²¹¹ Pb ^m	-8787 15 1704 15		159 ns 28	(27/2 ⁺)	04	05La01 ET	2005	IT=100 *
²¹¹ Bi	-11858 5		2.14 m 0.02	9/2 ⁻	04		1905	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^- =0.276 4$
²¹¹ Bi ^m	-10601 11 1257 10		1.4 μ s 0.3	(25/2 ⁻)	04		1998	IT=100
²¹¹ Po	-12432.1 1.3		516 ms 3	9/2 ⁺	04		1913	$\alpha=100$
²¹¹ Po ^m	-10970 5 1462 5 AD		25.2 s 0.6	(25/2 ⁺)	04		1954	$\alpha \approx 100; IT=0.016 4$
²¹¹ Po ⁿ	-10296.4 1.6 2135.7 0.9		243 ns 21	(31/2 ⁻)	04		1998	IT \approx 100; $\alpha ?$
²¹¹ Po ^p	-7558.8 2.1 4873.3 1.7		2.8 μ s 0.7	(43/2 ⁺)	04		1998	IT \approx 100; $\alpha ?$
²¹¹ At	-11646.8 2.8		7.214 h 0.007	9/2 ⁻	04		1940	$\epsilon=58.20 8; \alpha=41.80 8$
²¹¹ At ^m	-6831 3 4816.2 1.7		4.23 μ s 0.07	39/2 ⁻	04	01Ba79 TJ	1971	IT=100
²¹¹ Rn	-8755 7		14.6 h 0.2	1/2 ⁻	04		1952	$\beta^+ =72.6 17; \alpha=27.4 17$
²¹¹ Rn ^m	-7152 16 1603 14		596 ns 28	(17/2 ⁻)	04		1981	IT=100 *
²¹¹ Rn ⁿ	125 16 8880 14		201 ns 4	(63/2 ⁻)	04		1981	IT=100 *
²¹¹ Fr	-4140 12		3.10 m 0.02	9/2 ⁻	04	05Ku06 D	1964	$\alpha=87 3; \beta^+ ?$
²¹¹ Fr ^m	-1717 12 2423.2 0.2		146 ns 14	(29/2 ⁺)	04		1986	IT=100
²¹¹ Fr ⁿ	517 12 4657.3 0.4		123 ns 14	(45/2 ⁻)	04		1986	IT=100
²¹¹ Ra	832 8		13.2 s 1.4	5/2 ⁽⁻⁾	04	07Le14 T	1967	$\alpha > 93; \beta^+ < 7$ *
²¹¹ Ra ^m	2030 8 1198.1 0.5		9.7 μ s 0.6	13/2 ⁺	04	06Ha17 TJ	2004	IT=100 *
²¹¹ Ac	7200 50		213 ms 25	9/2 ⁻ #	04	00He17 T	1968	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ < 0.2$ *
²¹¹ Th	13910 70		48 ms 20	5/2 ⁻ #	04	95Uu01 T	1995	$\alpha=?; \beta^+=0.5\#$ *
* ²¹¹ Tl	T : symmetrized from 88(+46-29) **							
* ²¹¹ Pb ^m	E : E=1679.1 + x in 05La01, where x<50 keV **							
* ²¹¹ Rn ^m	E : 1577.8 + x ; x<50 **							
* ²¹¹ Rn ⁿ	E : 8854.7(0.4) + y ; y<50 **							
* ²¹¹ Ra	T : average 07Le14=9(5) 68Lo15=12(2) 67Va22=15(2) **							
* ²¹¹ Ra ^m	T : other 04He25=4.0(0.5) **							
* ²¹¹ Ac	T : average 00He17=200(29) 68Va04=250(50) **							
* ²¹¹ Th	T : symmetrized from 37(+28-11) **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)				
²¹² Hg	2760#	300#	1# m (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	10Al24	I	2010	β^- ?; β^- n?			
²¹² Tl	-1550#	200#	100 s 40	5 ⁺ #	05	12Be28	T	1998	β^- =100; β^- n?			
²¹² Pb	-7547.2	2.2	10.64 h 0.01	0 ⁺	05			1905	β^- =100			
²¹² Pb ^m	-6212.2	3.0	5.0 μ s 0.3	8 ⁺ #	05	12Re.B	ET	1998	IT=100			
²¹² Bi	-8117.0	2.0	60.55 m 0.06	1 ⁽⁻⁾	05	89Ha.A	D	1905	β^- =64.06 6; α =35.94 6; ...			
²¹² Bi ^m	-7870	30	250 30	AD	25.0	m 0.2	(8 ⁻ , 9 ⁻)	05	1978	α =67 1; β^- =33 1; β^- α =30 1		
²¹² Bi ⁿ	-6639	30	1478 30	MD	7.0	m 0.3	> 16	05	1978	β^- \approx 100; IT?		
²¹² Po	-10369.0	1.2	299 ns 2		0 ⁺	05		05	1906	α =100		
²¹² Po ^m	-7446	5	2923 4	AD	45.1	s 0.6	(18 ⁺)	05	1962	α \approx 100; IT=0.07 2		
²¹² At	-8627.8	2.4	314 ms 2		(1 ⁻)	05		05	1954	α \approx 100; β^+ <0.03; β^- <2e-6		
²¹² At ^m	-8404.9	2.4	222.9 0.9	AD	119	ms 3	9 ⁻ #	05	1970	α >99; IT<1		
²¹² At ⁿ	-3856.2	2.6	4771.6 1.1		152	μ s 5	(25 ⁻)	05	1998	IT=100		
²¹² Rn	-8659	3	23.9 m 1.2		0 ⁺	05		05	1950	α =100; 2 β^+ ?		
²¹² Rn ^m	-7019	3	1639.8 0.3		118	ns 14	6 ⁺	05	FGK128	J	1971	IT=100
²¹² Rn ⁿ	-6965	3	1694.0 0.4		910	ns 30	8 ⁺	05	FGK128	J	1971	IT=100
²¹² Rn ^p	-2485	3	6174.0 0.4		104.0	ns 2.8	22 ⁺	05	09Dr12	ETJ	1977	IT=100
²¹² Rn ^q	-80	3	8579.0 0.5		154	ns 14	30 ⁺	05	09Dr12	EJ	1977	IT=100
²¹² Fr	-3516	9	20.0 m 0.6		5 ⁺	05		05	1950	β^+ =57 2; α =43 2		
²¹² Fr ^m	-1965	9	1551.4 0.3		31.9	μ s 0.7	(11 ⁺)	05		1977	IT=100	
²¹² Fr ⁿ	-1024	9	2492.2 0.4		604	ms 28	(15 ⁻)	05		1977	IT=100	
²¹² Fr ^p	2339	9	5854.7 0.6		312	ns 21	(27 ⁻)	05		1986	IT=100	
²¹² Fr ^q	5017	9	8533.4 1.1		23.6	μ s 2.1	34 ⁺ #	05		1990	IT=100	
²¹² Ra	-199	11	1958.4 0.5		10.5	μ s 0.3	(8 ⁺)	05	06Ha17	T	1986	α ?; β^+ =15#
²¹² Ra ^m	1759	11	2613.4 0.5		850	ns 130	(11 ⁻)	05		1986	IT=100	
²¹² Ra ⁿ	2414	11			920	ms 50	6 ⁺ #	05	00He17	T	1968	α ?; β^+ =3#
²¹² Ac	7280	50			31.7	ms 1.3	0 ⁺	05	10He25	T	1980	α \approx 100; β^+ =0.3#
²¹² Th	12098	16			8	ms 5	7 ⁺ #	05		1997	α =100	
²¹² Pa	21610	70			T : other 98P02=5(1)					**		
* ²¹² Pb ^m	D : ... ; β^- α =0.014								**			
* ²¹² Bi	J : E2 to 4 ⁺ for ²¹² Rn ^m ; E2 to 6 ⁺ for ²¹² Rn ⁿ ; magnetic moment measurement								**			
* ²¹² Rn ^m	T : average 06Ha17=9.7(0.6) 86Ko01=10.9(0.4); other 04He25=8.31(0.25)								**			
* ²¹² Ra ^m	T : average 00He17=880(110) 68Va04=930(50)								**			
* ²¹² Ac	J : ENSDF proposes to assign 7 ⁺ , if the observed α feeds the ²⁰⁸ Fr 7 ⁺ ground-state								**			
* ²¹² Ac	T : symmetrized from 5.1(+6.1-1.9)								**			
²¹³ Hg	7670#	300#	1# s (>300 ns)	5/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24	I	2010	β^- ?; β^- n?			
²¹³ Tl	1784	27	60 s 40	1/2 ⁺		12Be28	T	2010	β^- =100; β^- n?			
²¹³ Pb	-3202	7	10.2 m 0.3	(9/2 ⁺)	07			1964	β^- =100			
²¹³ Bi	-5230	5	45.59 m 0.06	9/2 ⁻	07			1947	β^- =97.91 3; α =2.09 3			
²¹³ Bi ^m	-3930#	200#	1300#	200#	> 168	s	25/2 ⁻ #	08Ch.A	T	2008		
²¹³ Po	-6653	3	3.72 μ s 0.02	9/2 ⁺	07			1947	α =100			
²¹³ At	-6579	5	125 ns 6	9/2 ⁻	07			1968	α =100			
²¹³ At ^m	-5210	50	1370 50		110	ns 17	07	1980	IT=100			
²¹³ At ⁿ	-3600	50	2980 50		45	μ s 4	(49/2 ⁺)	07	2003	*		
²¹³ Rn	-5698	6	19.5 ms 0.1	9/2 ⁺ #	07			1967	α =100			
²¹³ Rn ^m	-3990	50	1710 50		1.00	μ s 0.21	(25/2 ⁺)	07	1988	IT=100		
²¹³ Rn ⁿ	-3460	50	2240 50		1.36	μ s 0.07	(31/2 ⁻)	07	1988	IT=100		
²¹³ Rn ^p	280	50	5980 50		164	ns 11	(55/2 ⁺)	07	1988	IT=100		
²¹³ Fr	-3553	5	34.82 s 0.14	9/2 ⁻	07			1964	α =99.44 5; β^+ =0.56 5			
²¹³ Fr ^m	-1963	5	1590.41 0.18	21/2 ⁻	07			1971	IT=100			
²¹³ Fr ⁿ	-1015	5	2537.62 0.23	29/2 ⁺	07			1971	IT=100			
²¹³ Fr ^p	4542	5	8094.8 0.7	(65/2 ⁻)	07			1989	IT=100			
²¹³ Ra	358	21	2.73 m 0.05	1/2 ⁻	07			1955	α =80 5; β^+ ?			
²¹³ Ra ^m	2126	21	1768 4	AD	2.20	ms 0.05	(17/2 ⁻)	07	06Ku26	TD	1976	IT \approx 99; α =0.6 4
²¹³ Ac	6160	50			738	ms 16	9/2 ⁻ #	07		1968	α ?; β^+ ?	
²¹³ Th	12120	70			144	ms 21	5/2 ⁻ #	07		1968	α ?; β^+ =1.4#	
²¹³ Th ^m	13300	70	1180 3		1.4	μ s 0.4	13/2 ⁺ #	07	07Kh22	TD	2007	IT=100
²¹³ Th ^p	12380#	90#	260#	50#								*
²¹³ Pa	19660	70	7 ms 3	9/2 ⁻ #	07	95Ni05	TD	1995	α =100			
* ²¹³ Tl	T : symmetrized from 12Be28=46(+55-26); other 10Ch19=101(+484-46)s								**			
* ²¹³ At ^m	E : 1318.1(0.6) + x ; x estimated 50(50) by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ At ⁿ	E : 2926 + y ; y estimated 50(50) by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ Rn ^m	E : 1664.0(1.0) + x ; x=50(50) estimated by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ Rn ⁿ	E : 2186.7 + x ; x=50(50) estimated by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ Rn ^p	E : 5929 + y ; y=50(50) estimated by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ Ra ^m	E : derived from difference in α decay energy in the AME evaluation.								**			
* ²¹³ Ra ⁿ	E : ⁷⁶ Ra37 less than 10 keV above 1769.7 level, thus 1775(3) keV								**			
* ²¹³ Ra ^m	J : 17/2 ⁻ or 13/2 ⁺ as proposed in ⁷⁶ Ra37								**			
* ²¹³ Th ^m	E : uncertainty estimated by NUBASE								**			
* ²¹³ Pa	T : symmetrized from 5.3(+4.0-1.6)								**			

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²¹⁴ Hg	11180#	400#		1# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁴ Tl	6470#	200#		10# s (>300 ns)	5 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁴ Pb	-180.8	2.3		26.8 m 0.9	0 ⁺	09		1904	$\beta^- =100$
²¹⁴ Pb ^m	1210	30	1390	5.9 μ s 0.1	8 ⁺ #		12Re.B ETD	2012	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Bi	-1200	11		19.9 m 0.4	1 ⁻	09	89Ha.A D	1904	$\beta^- \approx 100; \alpha =0.021 1; \beta^- \alpha =0.003$
²¹⁴ Bi ^m	-1000#	100#	200#	> 93 s	8 ⁻ #		08Ch.A T	2008	
²¹⁴ Po	-4469.6	1.5		164.3 μ s 2.0	0 ⁺	09		1912	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁴ At	-3379	4		558 ns 10	1 ⁻	09		1949	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁴ At ^m	-3320	8	59	265 ns 30		09		1982	$\alpha < 100$
²¹⁴ At ⁿ	-3146	5	234	760 ns 15	9 ⁻	09		1982	$\alpha < 100$
²¹⁴ Rn	-4319	9		270 ns 20	0 ⁺	09		1970	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁴ Rn ^m	276	9	4595.4	245 ns 30	(22 ⁺)	09		1983	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Fr	-958	9		5.0 ms 0.2	(1 ⁻)	09		1967	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁴ Fr ^m	-837	8	122	3.35 ms 0.05	(8 ⁻)	09		1962	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁴ Fr ⁿ	-320	10	638	103 ns 4	(11 ⁺)	09		1993	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Fr ^p	5620	100	6580	108 ns 7	(33 ⁺)	09		1994	$\Gamma_T ?$
²¹⁴ Ra	93	5		2.46 s 0.03	0 ⁺	09		1967	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.059 4$
²¹⁴ Ra ^m	1913	5	1819.7	118 ns 7	6 ⁺	09		2004	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Ra ⁿ	1958	5	1865.2	67.3 μ s 1.5	8 ⁺	09		1971	$\Gamma_T \approx 100; \alpha =0.09 7$
²¹⁴ Ra ^p	2776	5	2683.2	295 ns 7	11 ⁻	09		1979	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Ra ^q	3571	5	3478.4	279 ns 4	14 ⁺	09		1979	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Ra ^r	4240	5	4146.8	225 ns 4	17 ⁻	09		1979	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Ra ^t	6670	5	6577.0	128 ns 4	(25 ⁻)	09		1992	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Ac	6445	15		8.2 s 0.2	5 ⁺ #	09		1968	$\alpha > 89 3; \beta^+ < 11 3$
²¹⁴ Th	10712	16		87 ms 10	0 ⁺	09		1968	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.1\#$
²¹⁴ Th ^m	12893	16	2181.0	1.24 μ s 0.12	8 ⁺ #	09		2007	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁴ Pa	19490	80		17 ms 3		09	95Ni05 D	1995	$\alpha \approx 100$
* ²¹⁴ Pb ^m	E : 1360 + y ; y=30(30) estimated by NUBASE								
* ²¹⁴ Fr ^p	E : 6477 + y ; y=100(100) estimated by NUBASE								
²¹⁵ Hg	16210#	400#		1# s (>300 ns)	3/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁵ Tl	9910#	300#		5# s (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²¹⁵ Pb	4420#	100#		2.45 m 0.20	9/2 ⁺ #	11		1998	$\beta^- =100$
²¹⁵ Bi	1649	15		7.6 m 0.2	(9/2 ⁻)	01		1953	$\beta^- =100$
²¹⁵ Bi ^m	2997	15	1347.5	36.9 s 0.6	(25/2 ⁻)	01	03Ku26 ETD	2001	$\Gamma_T =76.2 4; \beta^- =23.8 4$
²¹⁵ Po	-540.1	2.5		1.781 ms 0.004	9/2 ⁺	01		1911	$\alpha =100; \beta^- =2.3e-4 2$
²¹⁵ At	-1255	7		100 μ s 20	9/2 ⁻	01		1944	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁵ Rn	-1168	8		2.30 μ s 0.10	9/2 ⁺	01		1952	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁵ Fr	318	7		86 ns 5	9/2 ⁻	01		1970	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁵ Ra	2534	8		1.67 ms 0.01	9/2 ⁺ #	01	00He17 T	1967	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁵ Ra ^m	4412	8	1877.8	7.31 μ s 0.13	(25/2 ⁺)	01	04He25 T	1983	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Ra ⁿ	4781	8	2246.9	1.39 μ s 0.07	(29/2 ⁻)	01		1998	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Ra ^p	6340	50	3810	555 ns 10	(43/2 ⁻)	01		1987	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Ac	6031	12		170 ms 10	9/2 ⁻	01		1968	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ =0.09 2$
²¹⁵ Ac ^m	7827	12	1796.0	185 ns 30	21/2 ⁻	01		1983	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Ac ⁿ	8520	50	2490	335 ns 10	(29/2 ⁺)	01		1983	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Th	10922	9		1.2 s 0.2	(1/2 ⁻)	01		1968	$\alpha =100$
²¹⁵ Th ^m	12343	9	1421.3	770 ns 60	9/2 ⁺ #		05Ku31 ETD	2005	$\Gamma_T =100$
²¹⁵ Pa	17870	70		14 ms 2	9/2 ⁻ #	01		1979	$\alpha =100$
* ²¹⁵ Pb	T : other preliminary result 96Ry.B=36(1) s								
* ²¹⁵ Bi ^m	E : 1347.3(0.2) + x ; x=20(20) estimated by NUBASE								
* ²¹⁵ Bi ^m	T : early unpublished report by the same group 02Fr.B=36.9(0.6) s, was								
* ²¹⁵ Bi ^m	T : erroneously 36.4 m in NUBASE2003								
* ²¹⁵ Ra	T : also 05Li17=1.64(0.04) not used								
* ²¹⁵ Ra ^m	T : average 04He25=7.6(0.2) 98St24=6.9(0.3) 88Fu10=7.2(0.2)								
* ²¹⁵ Ra ^p	E : 3756.6(0.6) + x ; x=50(50) estimated by NUBASE								
* ²¹⁵ Ac ⁿ	E : 2438 + x ; x=50(50) from ENSDF'2001								
* ²¹⁵ Th	T : also 07Le14=0.63(+1.26-0.21)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
^{216}Hg	19860# 400#			100# ms (>300 ns)	0^+	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{216}Tl	14720# 300#			2# s (>300 ns)	$5^+ \#$	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{216}Pb	7480# 200#			7# m (>300 ns)	0^+	11	10Al24 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$
$^{216}\text{Pb}^m$	8980# 200#	1500	40	400 ns 10	$8^+ \#$		12Re.B ETD	2012	IT=100
^{216}Bi	5874 11			2.25 m 0.05	$(6^-, 7^-)$	07		1989	$\beta^- \approx 100$
$^{216}\text{Bi}^m$	5898 15	24	19	MD * 6.6 m 2.1	$(3)^{(-\#)}$	07		1989	$\beta^- \approx 100$
^{216}Po	1784.0 2.2			145 ms 2	0^+	07		1910	$\alpha=100; 2\beta^- ?$
^{216}At	2258 4			300 μs 30	$1^{(-)}$	07		1948	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^- < 0.006; \epsilon < 3e-7$
$^{216}\text{At}^m$	2418 10	161	11	AD 100# μs	$9^- \#$	07		1971	$\alpha=100$
^{216}Rn	253 6			45 μs 5	0^+	07		1949	$\alpha=100$
^{216}Fr	2971 4			700 ns 20	(1^-)	07		1970	$\alpha=100; \beta^+ < 2e-7\#$
$^{216}\text{Fr}^m$	3190 6	219	6	AD 850 ns 30	(9^-)		07Ku30 TJD	2007	$\alpha=?; \beta^+ ?$
^{216}Ra	3291 9			182 ns 10	0^+	07		1972	$\alpha=100; \epsilon < 1e-8$
^{216}Ac	8145 11			440 μs 16	(1^-)	07		1967	$\alpha=100; \beta^+ = 7e-5\#$
$^{216}\text{Ac}^m$	8188 10	44	8	AD 441 μs 7	(9^-)	07		1966	$\alpha=100; \beta^+ = 7e-5\#$
$^{216}\text{Ac}^n$	8570# 100#	420#	100#	300 ns		07		2006	IT=100
^{216}Th	10299 12			26.0 ms 0.2	0^+	07		1968	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ = 0.01\#$
$^{216}\text{Th}^m$	12342 14	2043	9	AD 134 μs 4	(8^+)	07		1983	IT ?; $\alpha = 2.8 \text{ 9}$
$^{216}\text{Th}^n$	12946 12	2646.8	0.1	580 ns 30	(11^-)	07	01Ha46 J	1983	IT=100
$^{216}\text{Th}^p$	13980 12	3681.4	0.7	740 ns 70	(14^+)	07		2001	IT=100
^{216}Pa	17800 50			105 ms 12		07	96An21 T	1972	$\alpha=?; \beta^+ = 2\#$
* $^{216}\text{Pb}^m$	E : 1458 + y ; y=40(40) estimated by NUBASE								
* $^{216}\text{Ac}^n$	E : 322 + x, x=100#100								
* ^{216}Pa	T : others 98Ik01=150(70-40), 140(50-30) 79Sc09=170(100-40) 71Su14=200(40)								
^{217}Tl	18310# 400#			1# s (>300 ns)	$1/2^+ \#$	11	10Al24 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{217}Pb	12240# 300#			30# s (>300 ns)	$9/2^+ \#$	11	10Al24 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$
^{217}Bi	8730 18			98.5 s 0.8	$9/2^- \#$	03	03Ku25 T	1998	$\beta^- = 100$
$^{217}\text{Bi}^m$	10200 40	1470	40	2.31 μs 0.06	$27/2^- \#$		12Go.A ET	2012	IT=100
^{217}Po	5885 6			1.514 s 0.026	$(9/2^+)$	03	04Li28 TJ	1956	$\alpha > 95; \beta^- < 5$
^{217}At	4396 5			32.3 ms 0.4	$9/2^-$	03	97Ch53 D	1947	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^- = 0.008 \text{ 2}$
^{217}Rn	3659 4			540 μs 50	$9/2^+$	03		1949	$\alpha=100$
^{217}Fr	4315 7			16.8 ms 1.9	$9/2^-$	03	90An19 T	1968	$\alpha=100$
^{217}Ra	5888 9			1.63 μs 0.17	$(9/2^+)$	03	90An19 T	1970	$\alpha=100$
^{217}Ac	8704 11			69 ns 4	$9/2^-$	03		1972	$\alpha=100; \beta^+ = 6.9e-9$
$^{217}\text{Ac}^m$	10716 18	2012	20	AD 740 ns 40	$(29/2^+)$	03		1973	IT=95.7 10; $\alpha = 4.3 \text{ 10}$
^{217}Th	12218 21			247 μs 4	$9/2^+ \#$	03	05Ku31 T	1968	$\alpha=100$
$^{217}\text{Th}^m$	12892 21	673.8	1.8	141 ns 50	$(15/2^-)$	03		1989	IT=100
^{217}Pa	17070 50			3.48 ms 0.09	$9/2^- \#$	03	02He29 T	1968	$\alpha=100; B=0.0024\#$
$^{217}\text{Pa}^m$	18930 50	1860	7	AD 1.08 ms 0.03	$29/2^+ \#$	03	02He29 TD	1979	$\alpha=73 \text{ 4}; \text{IT} ?$
^{217}U	22970# 100#			800 μs 700	$1/2^- \#$	03	05Le42 T	2000	$\alpha \approx 100; B=0.05\#$
* ^{217}Bi	T : other not used 96Ry.B=97(3)								
* $^{217}\text{Bi}^m$	E : 1429 + y ; y=40(40) estimated by NUBASE								
* ^{217}Po	T : average 03Ku25=1.53(0.03) 96Ry.B=1.47(0.05); other 04Li28=1.6(0.2)								
* ^{217}At	D : average β^- 97Ch53=0.0067(24)% 69Le.A=0.012(4)%								
* ^{217}Fr	T : average 90An19=16(2) 70Bo13=22(5)								
* ^{217}Ra	T : average 90An19=1.7(0.3) 70Bo13=1.6(0.2)								
* ^{217}Th	T : unweighed aver. 05Ku31=257(2) 02He29=237(2) 00He17=247(3) 73Ha32=252(7)								
* $^{217}\text{Th}^m$	T : other 05Li17=310(70)								
* $^{217}\text{Th}^n$	E : uncertainty estimated by NUBASE								
* ^{217}Pa	T : average 02He29=3.8(0.2) 00He17=3.4(0.1)								
* ^{217}U	T : symmetrized from 0.19(+1.13-0.10) ms; other 00Ma65=15.6(+21.3-5.7) ms								
^{218}Tl	23090# 400#			200# ms	$5^+ \#$				$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
^{218}Pb	15450# 300#			2# m (>300 ns)	0^+	11	10Al24 I	2009	$\beta^- ?$
^{218}Bi	13216 27			33 s 1	$(6^-, 7^-, 8^-)$	06	04De16 J	1998	$\beta^- = 100$
^{218}Po	8358.8 2.3			3.098 m 0.012	0^+	06		1904	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^- = 0.02\#$
^{218}At	8099 12			1.5 s 0.3	$1^- \#$	06		1943	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^- = 0.1\#$
^{218}Rn	5217.8 2.4			35 ms 5	0^+	06		1948	$\alpha=100$
^{218}Fr	7059 5			1.0 ms 0.6	1^-	06		1949	$\alpha=100$
$^{218}\text{Fr}^m$	7146 6	86	4	AD 22.0 ms 0.5		06		1982	$\alpha \approx 100; \text{IT} ?$
$^{218}\text{Fr}^p$	7260# 150#	200#	150#		high				
^{218}Ra	6651 11			25.2 μs 0.3	0^+	06		1970	$\alpha=100; 2\beta^+ ?$
^{218}Ac	10840 50			1.08 μs 0.09	$1^- \#$	06		1970	$\alpha=100$
$^{218}\text{Ac}^m$	10990# 70#	150#	50#	32 ns 9	(9^-)		94De04 ET	1994	*
$^{218}\text{Ac}^n$	11370# 70#	530#	50#	103 ns 11	(11^+)	06		1994	IT=100
^{218}Th	12367 11			117 ns 9	0^+	06		1973	$\alpha=100$
^{218}Pa	18684 18			113 μs 10		06		1979	$\alpha=100$
^{218}U	21912 18			550 μs 140	0^+	06		1992	$\alpha=100$
$^{218}\text{U}^m$	24015 24	2103	19	AD 640 μs 200	(8^+)	06		2005	$\alpha=100$
* $^{218}\text{Ac}^m$	E : at least 122.5 in 94De04								
* $^{218}\text{Ac}^n$	E : 384.49(0.13) keV above $^{218}\text{Ac}^m$, from ENSDF								
* ^{218}U	T : symmetrized from 510(+170-100)								
* $^{218}\text{U}^m$	T : symmetrized from 560(+260-140)								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
²¹⁹ Pb	20280#	400#	10# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2009	β^- ?	
²¹⁹ Bi	16280#	200#	22 s 7	9/2 ⁻ #	11	12Be28 T	2009	β^- =100	
²¹⁹ Po	12681	16	2# m (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	08	98Pf02 I	1998	β^- ?; α ?	
²¹⁹ At	10397	4	56 s 3	5/2 ⁻ #	01		1953	α ≈97; β^- ≈3	
²¹⁹ Rn	8830.9	2.5	3.96 s 0.01	5/2 ⁺	01		1903	α =100	
²¹⁹ Fr	8619	7	20 ms 2	9/2 ⁻	01		1948	α =100	
²¹⁹ Ra	9395	8	10 ms 3	(7/2 ⁺)	01		1952	α =100	
²¹⁹ Ac	11570	50	11.8 μ s 1.5	9/2 ⁻	01		1970	α =100; β^+ =1e-6#	
²¹⁹ Th	14470	50	1.05 μ s 0.03	9/2 ⁺ #	01		1973	α =100; β^+ =1e-7#	
²¹⁹ Pa	18540	50	53 ns 10	9/2 ⁻	01		2005	α =100; β^+ =5e-9#	
²¹⁹ U	23290	50	55 μ s 25	9/2 ⁺ #	01		1993	α =100; β^+ =1.4e-5#	
²¹⁹ Np	29280#	200#	55# μ s	9/2 ⁻ #				α ?	
* ²¹⁹ U	T : symmetrized from 42(+34-13); also 05Le42=80(+100-30)								**
²²⁰ Pb	23670#	400#	30# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?	
²²⁰ Bi	20820#	300#	7# s (>300 ns)	1 ⁻ #	11	10Al24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- n ?	
²²⁰ Po	15263	18	40# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	98Pf02 I	1998	β^- ?	
²²⁰ At	14376	14	3.71 m 0.04	3 ^(-#)	11		1989	β^- =92 2; α =8 2	
²²⁰ Rn	10613.6	2.2	55.6 s 0.1	0 ⁺	11		1900	α =100; 2 β^- ?	
²²⁰ Fr	11483	4	27.4 s 0.3	1 ⁺	11		1948	α ≈100; β^- =0.35 5	
²²⁰ Ra	10271	8	17.9 ms 1.4	0 ⁺	11	00He17 T	1949	α =100	
²²⁰ Ac	13744	6	26.36 ms 0.19	(3 ⁻)	11	90An19 T	1970	α =100; β^+ =5e-4#	
²²⁰ Th	14669	22	9.7 μ s 0.6	0 ⁺	11		1973	α =100; ϵ =2e-7#	
²²⁰ Pa	20220#	50#	780 ns 160	1 ⁻ #	11		2005	α =100; β^+ =3e-7#	
²²⁰ U	22930#	100#	60# ns	0 ⁺				α ?; β^+ ?	
²²⁰ Np	30310#	200#	100# ns	1 ⁻ #				α ?	
* ²²⁰ Ra	T : average 00He17=18(2) 90An19=17(2) 61Ru06=23(5)								**
* ²²⁰ Ac	T : average 90An19=26.4(0.2) 70Bo13=26.1(0.5)								**
²²¹ Bi	24100#	300#	5# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁻ #	11	10Al24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- n ?	
²²¹ Po	19774	20	2.2 m 0.7	9/2 ⁺ #		10Ch19 T	2010	β^- ?	
²²¹ At	16783	14	2.3 m 0.2	3/2 ⁻ #	07		1989	β^- =100	
²²¹ Rn	14473	6	25.7 m 0.5	7/2 ⁺	07	97Li23 T	1956	β^- =78 1; α =22 1	
²²¹ Fr	13279	5	4.777 m 0.013	5/2 ⁻	07	10Wa42 T	1947	α ≈100; β^- =0.0048 15; ...	
²²¹ Ra	12964	5	28 s 2	5/2 ⁺	07	94Bo28 D	1949	α =100; ¹⁴ C=1.2e-10 9	
²²¹ Ac	14520	50	52 ms 2	9/2 ⁻ #	07		1968	α =100	
²²¹ Th	16938	9	1.68 ms 0.06	(7/2 ⁺)	07		1970	α =100	
²²¹ Pa	20380	50	5.9 μ s 1.7	9/2 ⁻	07		1983	α =100	
²²¹ U	24480#	100#	700# ns	9/2 ⁺ #	07			α ?; β^+ ?	
²²¹ Np	29850#	200#	100# ns	9/2 ⁻ #				α ?	
* ²²¹ Po	T : symmetrized from 10Ch19=112(+58-28) s								**
* ²²¹ Fr	D : ...; ¹⁴ C=8.8e-11 11								**
* ²²¹ Fr	D : β^- intensity is from 97Ch53; ¹⁴ C intensity is from 94Bo28								**
* ²²¹ Fr	T : average 10Wa42=4.768(0.017) 07Je07=4.79(0.02)								**
* ²²¹ Th	T : also 05Li17=2.3(0.4) 00He17=2.0(+0.3-0.2)								**
²²² Bi	28670#	300#	2# s (>300 ns)	1 ⁻ #		10Al24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^- n ?	
²²² Po	22490	40	9.1 m 7.2	0 ⁺	11		2010	β^- ?	
²²² At	20953	16	54 s 10		11		1989	β^- =100	
²²² Rn	16374.0	2.3	3.8235 d 0.0003	0 ⁺	11		1899	α =100	
²²² Fr	16350	21	14.2 m 0.3	2 ⁻	11		1975	β^- =100	
²²² Ra	14322	5	33.6 s 0.4	0 ⁺	11	12Po13 T	1948	α =100; ¹⁴ C=3.0e-8 10	
²²² Ac	16622	5	5.0 s 0.5	1 ⁻	11		1949	α =99 1; β^+ =1 1	
²²² Ac ^m	16830#	150#	200# 150# *	1.05 m 0.05	high	11	1972	α =?; IT<10; β^+ =1.4 4	
²²² Th	17203	12	2.05 ms 0.07	0 ⁺	11	00He17 T	1970	α =100; ϵ <1.3e-8#	
²²² Pa	22160#	70#	3.2 ms 0.3		11	95Ni.A T	1970	α =100	
²²² U	24220#	100#	1.5 μ s 0.8	0 ⁺	11		1983	α =100; β^+ <1e-6#	
²²² Np	31020#	200#	3# μ s	1 ⁻ #				α ?	
* ²²² Po	T : symmetrized from 10Ch19=145(+694-66) s								**
* ²²² Ra	T : others not used 95Ko54=36.17(0.10) 82Bo04=43(4)								**
* ²²² Ac ^m	D : derived from 0.7% < β^+ < 2%, in ENSDF								**
* ²²² Th	T : average 00He17=2.0(0.1) 99Gr28=2.1(0.1); other 05Li17=2.4(0.3)								**
* ²²² Pa	T : average 95Ni.A=3.3(0.3) 79Sc09=2.9(+0.6-0.4)								**
* ²²² Pa	T : 70Bo13=5.7(0.5) conflicting, not used								**
* ²²² U	T : symmetrized from 1.0(+1.2-0.4)								**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²²³ Bi	32140# 400#		1# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁻ #	11	10Al24 I	2009	β^- ?; β^-n ?
²²³ Po	27080# 200#		1# m (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²³ At	23428 14		50 s 7	3/2 ⁻ #	01		1989	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\alpha=0.008\#$
²²³ Rn	20390 8		24.3 m 0.4	7/2 ^(-#)	01		1964	$\beta^- = 100$; $\alpha=0.0004\#$
²²³ Fr	18384.0 2.4		22.00 m 0.07	3/2 ⁽⁻⁾	01		1939	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\alpha=0.006$
²²³ Ra	17234.8 2.5		11.43 d 0.05	3/2 ⁺	01		1905	$\alpha=100$; $^{14}\text{C}=8.9\text{e}-8\ 4$
²²³ Ac	17827 7		2.10 m 0.05	(5/2 ⁻)	01		1948	$\alpha=99$; $\epsilon=1$
²²³ Th	19386 9		600 ms 20	(5/2 ⁺)	01		1952	$\alpha=100$
²²³ Pa	22320 70		5.1 ms 0.3	9/2 ⁻ #	01	99Ho28 T	1970	$\alpha=100$; $\beta^+ < 0.001\#$
²²³ U	25840 70		21 μs 8	7/2 ⁺ #	01		1991	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ = 0.2\#$
²²³ Np	30600# 200#		1# μs	9/2 ⁻ #				$\alpha?$
* ²²³ Pa	T : average 99Ho28=4.9(0.4) 95Ni.A=5.0(1.0) 70Bo13=6.5(1.0)							
* ²²³ U	T : symmetrized from 18(+10-5)							
²²⁴ Bi	36770# 400#		300# ms (>300 ns)	1 ⁻ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?
²²⁴ Po	29910# 200#		1# m (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²⁴ At	27711 22		2.5 m 1.5		12		2010	β^- ?
²²⁴ Rn	22445 10		107 m 3	0 ⁺	97		1964	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁴ Fr	21795 13		3.33 m 0.10	1 ⁻	97		1969	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁴ Fr ^c	21900# 100#	100# 100# MD	contamnt n					
²²⁴ Ra	18827.3 2.2		3.66 d 0.04	0 ⁺	97		1902	$\alpha=100$; $^{14}\text{C}=4.0\text{e}-9\ 12$
²²⁴ Ac	20235 4		2.78 h 0.17	0 ⁻	97		1948	$\beta^+ = 90.6\ 17$; $\alpha = 9.4\ 17$; $\beta^- < 1.6\#$
²²⁴ Th	19994 10		1.05 s 0.02	0 ⁺	97		1949	$\alpha=100$; $2\beta^+?$
²²⁴ Pa	23863 8		844 ms 19	5 ⁻ #	97	97Wi15 T	1958	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ = 0.1\#$
²²⁴ U	25714 25		940 μs 270	0 ⁺	97	92To02 T	1991	$\alpha=100$; $\beta^+ < 1.2\text{e}-4\#$
²²⁴ Np	31880# 200#		100# μs	1 ⁻ #				$\alpha?$
* ²²⁴ At	T : symmetrized from 10Ch19=76(+138-23) s							
* ²²⁴ Ac	D : symmetrized from $\beta^+ = 90.9(+1.4-2.0)\%$; $\alpha = 9.1(+2.0-1.4)\%$							
* ²²⁴ Pa	T : average 97Wi15=850(20) 96Li05=790(60)							
* ²²⁴ U	T : average 92To02=1000(400) 91An10=700(+500-200)							
²²⁵ Po	34530# 300#		20# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²⁵ At	30400# 300#		2# m (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²⁵ Rn	26534 11		4.66 m 0.04	7/2 ⁻	09		1969	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁵ Fr	23821 12		3.95 m 0.14	3/2 ⁻	09		1969	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁵ Ra	21994.3 2.9		14.9 d 0.2	1/2 ⁺	09		1947	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁵ Ac	21639 5		9.920 d 0.003	3/2 ⁻ #	09	12Po14 T	1947	$\alpha=100$; $^{14}\text{C}=4.5\text{e}-12\ 14$
²²⁵ Th	22311 5		8.75 m 0.04	(3/2 ⁺)	09		1949	$\alpha \approx 90$; $\epsilon \approx 10$
²²⁵ Pa	24340 70		1.7 s 0.2	5/2 ⁻ #	09		1958	$\alpha=100$
²²⁵ U	27378 12		61 ms 4	5/2 ⁺ #	09	00He17 T	1989	$\alpha=100$
²²⁵ Np	31590 70		3# ms (>2 μs)	9/2 ⁻ #	09	94Ye08 ID	1994	$\alpha=100$
* ²²⁵ U	T : symmetrized from 00He17=59(+5-2); others not used 03Ni10=135(+93-39)							
* ²²⁵ U	T : 01Ku07=84(4) 94An02=68(+45-20) 92To02=95(15) and 89He13=80(+40-10)							
²²⁶ Po	37550# 400#		20# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²⁶ At	34610# 300#		20# s (>300 ns)		11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?
²²⁶ Rn	28747 10		7.4 m 0.1	0 ⁺	96		1969	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁶ Fr	27541 12		49 s 1	1 ⁻	96		1969	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁶ Ra	23669.6 2.3		1.600 ky 0.007	0 ⁺	96	90We01 D	1898	$\alpha=100$; $^{14}\text{C}=2.6\text{e}-9\ 6$; $2\beta^-?$
²²⁶ Ac	24310 3		29.37 h 0.12	(1) ^(-#)	96		1950	$\beta^- = 83\ 3$; $\epsilon = 17\ 3$; $\alpha = 0.006\ 2$
²²⁶ Th	23197 5		30.70 m 0.03	0 ⁺	96	01Bo11 D	1948	$\alpha=100$; $^{18}\text{O} < 3.2\text{e}-12$
²²⁶ Pa	26033 11		1.8 m 0.2		96		1949	$\alpha = 74\ 5$; $\beta^+ = 26\ 5$
²²⁶ U	27329 13		269 ms 6	0 ⁺	96	01Ca.B T	1973	$\alpha=100$
²²⁶ Np	32780# 90#		35 ms 10		96		1990	$\alpha=100$; $\beta^+ = 0.003\#$
* ²²⁶ Ra	D : ^{14}C : average 90We01=2.3(0.8)e-9% 86Ba26=2.9(1.0)e-9% 85Ho21=3.2(1.6)e-9%							
* ²²⁶ Th	T : from 12Po13; other 87Mi10=30.57(0.10)							
* ²²⁶ U	T : average 01Ca.B=258(13) 00He17=281(9) 99Gr28=260(10)							
²²⁷ Po	42280# 400#		5# s (>300 ns)	9/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?
²²⁷ At	37480# 300#		20# s (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	11	10Al24 I	2010	β^- ?; β^-n ?
²²⁷ Rn	32886 14		20.8 s 0.7	5/2 ^(+#)	01	97Ku20 J	1986	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁷ Fr	29686 13		2.47 m 0.03	1/2 ⁺	01		1972	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁷ Ra	27179.5 2.3		42.2 m 0.5	3/2 ⁺	01		1953	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁷ Ac	25851.1 2.4		21.772 y 0.003	3/2 ⁻	01		1902	$\beta^- = 98.62\ 36$; $\alpha = 1.38\ 36$
²²⁷ Th	25806.3 2.5		18.68 d 0.09	1/2 ⁺	01		1906	$\alpha=100$
²²⁷ Pa	26832 7		38.3 m 0.3	(5/2 ⁻)	01		1948	$\alpha=85\ 2$; $\epsilon=15\ 2$
²²⁷ U	29022 17		1.1 m 0.1	(3/2 ⁺)	01		1952	$\alpha=100$; $\beta^+ < 0.001\#$
²²⁷ Np	32560 70		510 ms 60	5/2 ⁻ #	01		1990	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ = 0.05\#$

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²²⁸ At	41680#	400#	5# s (>300 ns)			11 10A124 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²²⁸ Rn	35243	18	65 s 2	0 ⁺		97	1989	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁸ Fr	33369	13	38 s 1	2 ⁻		97	1972	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁸ Ra	28942.2	2.4	5.75 y 0.03	0 ⁺		97	1907	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁸ Ac	28896.4	2.5	6.15 h 0.02	3 ⁺		97	1908	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁸ Th	26772.3	2.2	1.9116 y 0.0016	0 ⁺		97	1905	$\alpha = 100; {}^{20}\text{O} = 1.13\text{e}-11$ 22
²²⁸ Pa	28924	4	22 h 1	3 ⁺		97	1948	$\beta^+ = 98.0$ 2; $\alpha = 2.0$ 2
²²⁸ U	29222	14	9.1 m 0.2	0 ⁺		97	1949	$\alpha > 95; \epsilon < 5$
²²⁸ Np	33600	50	61.4 s 1.4			97 94Kr13 D	1994	$\epsilon = 60$ 7; $\alpha = 40$ 7; $\beta^+ \text{SF} = 0.012$ 6
²²⁸ Pu	36080	30	2.1 s 1.3	0 ⁺		97 03Ni10 T	1994	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ = 0.1\#$
* ²²⁸ Fr	I : 08Ch.A reports an excited isomer with half-life=94(+170-29) s							
* ²²⁸ Ac	I : 08Ch.A reports an excited isomer with half-life=149(+95-42) s							
* ²²⁸ Np	D : $\beta^+ \text{SF} = 0.020(9)\%$ defined in 94Kr13 relative to ϵ , thus 0.012(6)% of total							
* ²²⁸ Pu	T : symmetrized from 1.1(+2.0-0.5)							
²²⁹ At	44820#	400#	5# s (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #		11 10A124 I	2010	$\beta^- ?; \beta^- n ?$
²²⁹ Rn	39362	13	11.9 s 1.3	5/2 ⁺ #		09	2009	$\beta^- ?$
²²⁹ Fr	35674	14	50.2 s 0.4	1/2 ⁺ #		08 92Bo05 T	1975	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁹ Ra	32549	14	4.0 m 0.2	5/2 ⁺		08	1975	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁹ Ac	30698	12	62.7 m 0.5	(3/2 ⁺)		08	1952	$\beta^- = 100$
²²⁹ Th	29586.8	2.8	7.932 ky 0.055	5/2 ⁺		08 11Ki16 T	1947	$\alpha = 100$
²²⁹ Th ^m	29586.8	2.8	0.0076 0.0005	> 1 m		08 09In01 T	1994	IT ?; $\alpha ?$
²²⁹ Pa	29898	4	1.50 d 0.05	(5/2 ⁺)		08	1949	$\epsilon \approx 100; \alpha = 0.48$ 5
²²⁹ Pa ^m	29910	4	11.6 0.3	3/2 ⁻		08 98Le15 EJD	1982	IT=100
²²⁹ U	31211	6	58 m 3	(3/2 ⁺)		08	1949	$\beta^+ \approx 80; \alpha \approx 20$
²²⁹ Np	33780	90	4.00 m 0.18	5/2 ⁺ #		08 04Sa05 TD	1968	$\alpha = 68$ 11; $\beta^+ ?$
²²⁹ Np ^p	33940#	100#	160# 50#	5/2 ⁻ #				
²²⁹ Pu	37390	50	91 s 26	3/2 ⁺ #		08 10Kh06 TD	1994	$\alpha = 50$ 20; $\beta^+ = 50$ 20; SF < 7
* ²²⁹ Rn	T : symmetrized from 09Ne03=12.0(+1.2-1.3)							
* ²²⁹ Th ^m	T : lower limit from 09In01(1m < T < 3m); others 09Ki14 < 2h 03Mi02(same group)							
* ²²⁹ Th ^m	T : as 09Ki14)=13.9(3.0)h 01Br20(T < 6 h or T > 20d) 94He08=70(50)h							
* ²²⁹ Np	T : average 04Sa05=4.0(0.4) 68Ha14=4.0(0.2)							
* ²²⁹ Pu	T : average 10Kh06=67(+41-19) 01Ca.B=90(+71-27)							
* ²²⁹ Pu	D : from ENSDF'97							
²³⁰ Rn	42050#	200#	10# s (>300 ns)	0 ⁺		11 10A124 I	2010	$\beta^- ?$
²³⁰ Fr	39511	16	19.1 s 0.5			07	1987	$\beta^- = 100$
²³⁰ Ra	34516	10	93 m 2	0 ⁺		07	1978	$\beta^- = 100$
²³⁰ Ac	33838	16	122 s 3	(1 ⁺)		07	1973	$\beta^- = 100; \beta^- \text{SF} = 1.2\text{e}-6$ 4
²³⁰ Th	30864.2	1.8	75.4 ky 0.3	0 ⁺		07	1907	$\alpha = 100; \text{SF} < 4\text{e}-12; \dots$
²³⁰ Pa	32175	3	17.4 d 0.5	(2 ⁻)		07	1948	$\beta^+ = 92.2$ 7; $\beta^- = 7.8$ 7; ...
²³⁰ U	31615	5	20.23 d 0.02	0 ⁺		07 12Po12 T	1948	$\alpha = 100; {}^{22}\text{Ne} = 4.8\text{e}-12$ 20; ...
²³⁰ Np	35240	50	4.6 m 0.3			07	1968	$\beta^+ < 97; \alpha > 3$
²³⁰ Pu	36934	15	1.70 m 0.17	0 ⁺		07 01Ca.B T	1990	$\alpha \approx 100; \beta^+ ?$
²³⁰ Am	42930#	130#	1.4 m 1.3			07	2003	$\beta^+ = 100$
* ²³⁰ Th	D : ... ; ${}^{24}\text{Ne} = 5.8\text{e}-11$ 13							
* ²³⁰ Pa	D : ... ; $\alpha = 0.0032$ 1							
* ²³⁰ U	D : ... ; SF < 1.4e-10#; $2\beta^+ ?$							
* ²³⁰ Am	T : symmetrized from 17(+119-17) s							
²³¹ Rn	46450#	300#	300# ms (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #		11 10A124 I	2010	$\beta^- ?$
²³¹ Fr	42064	25	17.6 s 0.6	1/2 ⁺ #		01	1985	$\beta^- = 100$
²³¹ Ra	38216	11	104.0 s 0.8	(5/2 ⁺)		01 06Bo33 T	1983	$\beta^- = 100$
²³¹ Ra ^m	38282	11	66.21 0.09	(1/2 ⁺)		01	2001	IT=100
²³¹ Ac	35763	13	7.5 m 0.1	(1/2 ⁺)		01	1973	$\beta^- = 100$
²³¹ Th	33817.5	1.8	25.52 h 0.01	5/2 ⁺		01	1911	$\beta^- = 100; \alpha = 4\text{e}-11\#$
²³¹ Pa	33426.0	2.2	32.76 ky 0.11	3/2 ⁻		01	1918	$\alpha = 100; \text{SF} \leq 2\text{e}-11; \dots$
²³¹ U	33808	3	4.2 d 0.1	(5/2 ⁺) ⁽⁺⁾		01	1949	$\epsilon \approx 100; \alpha = 0.004$ 1
²³¹ Np	35630	50	48.8 m 0.2	(5/2 ⁺) ⁽⁺⁾		01	1950	$\beta^+ = 98$ 1; $\alpha = 2$ 1
²³¹ Pu	38286	26	8.6 m 0.5	3/2 ⁺ #		01 99La14 D	1999	$\beta^+ = 87$ 5; $\alpha = 13$ 5
²³¹ Am	42440#	300#	1# m					$\beta^+ ?; \alpha ?$
* ²³¹ Ra	T : average 06Bo33=104.1(0.8) 85Hi02=103(3)							
* ²³¹ Pa	D : ... ; ${}^{24}\text{Ne} = 13.4\text{e}-10$ 17; ${}^{23}\text{F} = 9.9\text{e}-13$							
* ²³¹ Pu	D : symmetrized from 90(+3-7)% and 10(+7-3)%							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²³² Fr	45990# 160#		5.5 s 0.6	(5)	06		1990	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\beta^- \text{SF} < 2e-4$
²³² Ra	40497 9		4.0 m 0.3	0 ⁺	06	08Ch.A T	1983	$\beta^- \approx 100$ *
²³² Ac	39154 13		1.98 m 0.08	(1 ⁺)	06		1986	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³² Th	35448.7 1.9		14.0 Gy 0.1	0 ⁺	06		1898	IS=100.; $\alpha \approx 100$; SF=1.1e-9 4; ... *
²³² Pa	35948 8		1.32 d 0.02	(2 ⁻)	06		1949	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\epsilon \approx 0.003$ 1
²³² U	34610.9 2.2		68.9 y 0.4	0 ⁺	06		1949	$\alpha \approx 100$; ²⁴ Ne=8.9e-10 7; ... *
²³² Np	37360# 100#		14.7 m 0.3	(4 ⁺)	06		1950	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.0002\%$
²³² Pu	38363 18		33.7 m 0.5	0 ⁺	06		1973	$\epsilon \approx 90\%$; $\alpha \approx 11$ 6 *
²³² Am	43270# 300#		1.31 m 0.04	1 ⁻ #	06		1967	$\beta^+ \approx ?$; $\alpha \approx 3\%$; $\beta^+ \text{SF} = 0.069$ 10
²³² Cm	46400# 200#		30# s	0 ⁺				$\beta^+ \approx ?$; $\alpha \approx ?$
* ²³² Ra	T : average 08Ch.A=4.00(0.33) 86Gi08=4.2(0.8) **							
* ²³² Th	D : ... ; ²⁴ Ne+ ²⁶ Ne<2.78e-10; 2 β^- ? **							
* ²³² U	D : ... ; SF=2.7e-12 6; ²⁸ Mg<5e-12 **							
* ²³² Pu	T : average 00La25=33.1(0.8) 73Ja06=34.1(0.7) D : 52Or.A $\alpha > 1.6\%$ 73Ja06<20% **							
²³³ Fr	49030# 300#		5# s (>300 ns)	1/2 ⁺ #	11	10AI24 I	2010	β^- ?; $\beta^- \text{n} ?$
²³³ Ra	44322 16		30 s 5	1/2 ⁺ #	05		1990	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³³ Ac	41308 13		145 s 10	(1/2 ⁺)	05		1983	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³³ Th	38733.6 2.0		21.83 m 0.04	(1/2 ⁺)	05		1935	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³³ Pa	37490.0 2.1		26.975 d 0.013	3/2 ⁻	05		1938	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³³ U	36920.3 2.7		159.2 ky 0.2	5/2 ⁺	05		1947	$\alpha \approx 100$; SF<6e-11; ... *
²³³ Np	37950 50		36.2 m 0.1	5/2 ⁺ #	05	50Ma14 D	1950	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.0007$ *
²³³ Np ^p	38000# 60#	50# 30#		(5/2 ⁻)	05			
²³³ Pu	40050 50		20.9 m 0.4	5/2 ⁺ #	05		1957	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.12$ 5
²³³ Am	43260# 100#		3.2 m 0.8	5/2 ⁻ #	05	00Sa52 TD	2000	$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha \approx 4.5$ 9 *
²³³ Cm	47290 70		27 s 10	3/2 ⁺ #	05	10Kh06 TD	2001	$\alpha \approx 20$ 10; $\beta^+ \approx 80$ 10
* ²³³ U	D : ... ; ²⁴ Ne=7.2e-11 9; ²⁸ Mg<1.3e-13 **							
* ²³³ Np	D : α observed in 50Ma14 with $\beta^+/\alpha \approx 1.5e5$ **							
* ²³³ Am	D : combining 10Kh06 $\alpha < 6$ and 00Sa52 $\alpha > 3$ **							
* ²³³ Cm	T : symmetrized from 23(+13-6) **							
²³⁴ Ra	46890 30		30 s 10	0 ⁺	07		1990	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\beta^- \text{SF} < 1e-4$
²³⁴ Ac	44841 14		45 s 2	1 ⁺ #	07	08Ch.A T	1986	$\beta^- \approx 100$ *
²³⁴ Th	40614 3		24.10 d 0.03	0 ⁺	07		1900	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\alpha < 1e-4$
²³⁴ Pa	40340 5		6.70 h 0.05	4 ⁺	07	78Ga07 D	1913	$\beta^- \approx 100$; SF<3e-10
²³⁴ Pa ^m	40419 4	79 3	1.159 m 0.011	(0 ⁻)	07	78Ga07 D	1951	$\beta^- \approx 100$; IT=0.16 4; SF<1e-10 *
²³⁴ U	38146.8 1.8		245.5 ky 0.6	0 ⁺	07		1912	IS=0.0054 5; $\alpha \approx 100$; ... *
²³⁴ U ^m	39568.1 1.8	1421.257 0.017	33.5 μ s 2.0	6 ⁻	07		1963	IT=100
²³⁴ Np	39957 9		4.4 d 0.1	(0 ⁺)	07		1949	$\beta^+ \approx 100$
²³⁴ Pu	40350 7		8.8 h 0.1	0 ⁺	07		1949	$\epsilon \approx 94$; $\alpha \approx 6$
²³⁴ Am	44460# 160#		2.32 m 0.08		07	90Ha02 D	1967	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.039$ 12; ... *
²³⁴ Cm	46724 18		51 s 12	0 ⁺	07	10Kh06 D	2001	$\beta^+ \approx 71$; $\alpha \approx 27$; SF ≈ 2
²³⁴ Bk	53340# 140#		2.43 m 0.17		07		2003	$\alpha > 80$; $\beta^+ < 20$ *
* ²³⁴ Ac	I : 08Ch.A reports two excited isomers with $T > 93$ s and $T = 149(+95-42)$ s **							
* ²³⁴ Pa ^m	E : less than 10 keV above (3 ⁺) level at 73.92(0.02), see ENSDF2007 **							
* ²³⁴ U	D : ... ; SF=1.64e-9 22; ²⁸ Mg=1.4e-11 3; ²⁴ Ne+ ²⁶ Ne=9e-12 7 **							
* ²³⁴ Am	D : ... ; $\beta^+ \text{SF} = 0.0066$ 18 T : also 04Sa05=3.5(1.3) not used **							
* ²³⁴ Bk	T : symmetrized from 140(+14-5) s **							
²³⁵ Ra	51200# 300#		3# s	5/2 ⁺ #				$\beta^- ?$
²³⁵ Ac	47357 14		62 s 4	1/2 ⁺ #	08	08Ch.A T	2006	$\beta^- ?$
²³⁵ Th	44018 13		7.2 m 0.1	1/2 ⁺ #	03		1969	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³⁵ Pa	42289 14		24.44 m 0.11	(3/2 ⁻)	03		1950	$\beta^- \approx 100$
²³⁵ U	40920.7 1.8		704 My 1	7/2 ⁻	03		1935	IS=0.7204 6; $\alpha \approx 100$; ... *
²³⁵ U ^m	40920.8 1.8	0.0765 0.0004	26 m	1/2 ⁺	03		1966	IT=100
²³⁵ Np	41044.9 2.0		396.1 d 1.2	5/2 ⁺	03		1949	$\epsilon \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.00260$ 13
²³⁵ Pu	42184 21		25.3 m 0.5	(5/2 ⁺)	03		1957	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.0028$ 7
²³⁵ Am	44630 50		10.3 m 0.6	5/2 ⁻ #	03	04Sa05 T	1996	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha \approx 0.40$ 5
²³⁵ Cm	48010# 200#		5# m	5/2 ⁺ #	03			$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha ?$
²³⁵ Cm ^p	48060# 210#	50# 50#		am				
²³⁵ Bk	52700# 400#		1# m					$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha ?$
* ²³⁵ U	D : ... ; SF=7e-9 2; ²⁰ Ne=8e-10 4; ²⁵ Ne $\approx 8e-10$; ²⁸ Mg=8e-10 **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
²³⁶ Ac	51220	40	4.5 m	3.6		10Ch19 T	2010	β^- ?	*	
²³⁶ Th	46255	14	37.3 m	1.5	0 ⁺	06	1973	β^- =100		
²³⁶ Pa	45334	14	9.1 m	0.1	1 ⁽⁻⁾	06	1963	β^- =100; β^- SF=6e-8 4	*	
²³⁶ U	42446.5	1.8	23.42 My	0.03	0 ⁺	06	1951	α =100; SF=9.4e-8 4	*	
²³⁶ U ^m	45197	3	2750	3	120 ns	2	06	1969	IT=87 6; SF=13 6; α <10	
²³⁶ Np	43380	50	*	153 ky	5	(6 ⁻)	06	1949	ϵ =86.3 8; β^- =13.5 8; α =0.16 4	
²³⁶ Np ^m	43439	7	60	50	22.5 h	0.4	1	06	1949	ϵ =50 3; β^- =50 3
²³⁶ Np ^p	43618	14	240	50	AD		(3 ⁻)	06		
²³⁶ Pu	42902.9	2.2	2.858 y	0.008	0 ⁺	06	90Og01 D	1949	α =100; SF=1.9e-7 4; 28Mg=2e-12; 2 β^+ ?	*
²³⁶ Pu ^m	44088.4	2.2	1.2 μ s	0.3	5 ⁻	06	2005	IT=100		
²³⁶ Am	46040#	110#	3.6 m	0.1	(5 ⁻)	06	04Sa05 D	1998	β^+ =?; α =4.0e-3 1	
²³⁶ Am ^m	46090#	120#	50#	50#	2.9 m	0.2	(1 ⁻)	06	2004	β^+ =?; α =?
²³⁶ Cm	47855	18	6.8 m	0.8	0 ⁺	06	10Kh06 TD	2010	β^+ =82 2; α =18 2; SF<0.1	
²³⁶ Bk	53540#	400#	2#	m			06		β^+ ?; α ?	
* ²³⁶ Ac	T : symmetrized from 10Ch19=72(+345-33) s									**
* ²³⁶ Pa	D : β^- SF decay questioned in 90Ha02									**
* ²³⁶ U	D : and Ne+Mg < 4e-10%, from 89Mi.A									**
²³⁷ Ac	54280#	400#	4#	m	1/2 ⁺ #				β^- ?	
²³⁷ Th	49955	16	4.8 m	0.5	5/2 ⁺ #	06	1993	β^- =100		
²³⁷ Pa	47528	13	8.7 m	0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	06	1954	β^- =100		
²³⁷ U	45392.1	1.8	6.752 d	0.002	1/2 ⁺	06	1940	β^- =100		
²³⁷ U ^m	45666.1	2.1	274.0	1.0	155 ns	6	(7/2 ⁻)	06	1968	IT=100
²³⁷ Np	44873.5	1.8	2.144 My	0.007	5/2 ⁺	06	89Pr.A D	1948	α =100; SF<2e-10; ³⁰ Mg<4e-12	*
²³⁷ Np ^m	45818.7	1.8	945.20	0.10	710 ns	40	(11/2, 13/2)	06	1990	IT=100
²³⁷ Pu	45093.5	2.2	45.64 d	0.04	7/2 ⁻	06	1949	ϵ \approx 100; α =0.0042 4		
²³⁷ Pu ^m	45239.0	2.2	145.543	0.008	180 ms	20	1/2 ⁺	06	1972	IT=100
²³⁷ Pu ⁿ	47990	250	2900	250	1.1 μ s	0.1	06	1970	SF=?	
²³⁷ Am	46570#	60#	73.6 m	0.8	5/2 ⁽⁻⁾	06	1970	β^+ \approx 100; α =0.025 3		
²³⁷ Cm	49250	70	20#	m	5/2 ⁺ #	06	02As08 D	2002	β^+ ?; α =1.8	*
²³⁷ Cm ^p	49450#	170#	200#	150#	7/2 ⁻					
²³⁷ Bk	53190#	220#	2#	m	(3/2 ⁻)				β^+ ?; α ?	
²³⁷ Cf	57940	90	0.8 s	0.2	5/2 ⁺ #	06	10Kh06 TD	1995	α =70 10; SF=30 10; β^+ ?	*
* ²³⁷ Np	D : and cluster (Z=10-14) < 1.8e-12%, from 92Mo03									**
* ²³⁷ Cm	D : partial α T=6.6e4 s or 1100 m									**
* ²³⁷ Cf	T : others not used 95La09=2.1(0.3)									**
²³⁸ Th	52630#	280#	9.4 m	2.0	0 ⁺	02	1999	β^- =100		
²³⁸ Pa	50894	16	2.27 m	0.09	3 ⁻ #	02	85Ba57 D	1968	β^- =100; β^- SF<2.6e-6	
²³⁸ U	47309.1	1.9	4.468 Gy	0.003	0 ⁺	02	91Tu02 D	1896	IS=99.2742 10; α =100; ...	*
²³⁸ U ^m	49867.0	2.0	280 ns	6	0 ⁺	02	1979	IT=?; SF=2.6 4; α <0.5		
²³⁸ Np	47456.5	1.8	2.117 d	0.002	2 ⁺	02	1949	β^- =100		
²³⁸ Np ^m	49760#	200#	2300#	200#	112 ns	39	02	1970	SF \approx 100; IT ?	
²³⁸ Pu	46164.9	1.8	87.7 y	0.1	0 ⁺	02	89Wa10 D	1949	α =100; SF=1.9e-7 1; ...	*
²³⁸ Am	48420	50	98 m	2	1 ⁺	02	1950	β^+ =100; α =1.0e-4 4		
²³⁸ Am ^m	50920#	210#	2500#	200#	35 μ s	18	02	1967	SF \approx 100; IT ?	
²³⁸ Cm	49445	12	2.2 h	0.4	0 ⁺	02	02As08 T	1994	ϵ ?; α \leq 10	*
²³⁸ Bk	54220#	260#	2.40 m	0.08			02	94Kr03 D	1994	β^+ \approx 100; α ?; β^+ SF=0.048 2
²³⁸ Cf	57280#	300#	21.2 ms	1.3	0 ⁺	02	01Og08 TD	1995	SF \approx 100; α \approx 0.2; β^+ ?	*
* ²³⁸ U	D : ...; SF=5.45e-5 7; 2 β^- =2.2e-10 7									**
* ²³⁸ U	D : 2 β^- =2.2(7)e-10% derived from 2 β^- half-life T=2.0(0.6) Zy, in 91Tu02									**
* ²³⁸ Pu	D : ...; ³² Si \approx 1.4e-14; ²⁸ Mg+ ³⁰ Mg \approx 6e-15									**
* ²³⁸ Cm	T : same value quoted in 06As03; others not used 52Hi.A=2.3 48St.A=2.5									**
* ²³⁸ Cf	T : average 10Kh06=22(5) 01Og08=21.1(+1.9-1.7) 95La09=21(2)									**
* ²³⁸ Cf	D : also 10Kh06 α <5									**
²³⁹ Th	56610#	400#	2#	m	7/2 ⁺ #				β^- ?	
²³⁹ Pa	53340#	200#	1.8 h	0.5	(3/2 ⁽⁻⁾)	03	1995	β^- =100		
²³⁹ U	50574.0	1.9	23.45 m	0.02	5/2 ⁺	03	1937	β^- =100		
²³⁹ U ^m	50594#	20#	> 250 ns		(5/2 ⁺)	03	1994	β^- =100		
²³⁹ U ⁿ	50707.8	1.9	133.7990	0.0010	780 ns	40	1/2 ⁺	03	1975	IT=100
²³⁹ Np	49312.6	2.0	2.356 d	0.003	5/2 ⁺	03	1940	β^- =100; α =5e-10#		
²³⁹ Pu	48590.1	1.8	24.11 ky	0.03	1/2 ⁺	03	1946	α =100; SF=3.1e-10 6		
²³⁹ Pu ^m	48981.7	1.8	391.584	0.003	193 ns	4	7/2 ⁻	03	1955	IT=100
²³⁹ Pu ⁿ	51690	200	3100	200	7.5 μ s	1.0	(5/2 ⁺)	03	1970	SF \approx 100; IT ?
²³⁹ Am	49392.2	2.4	11.9 h	0.1	(5/2 ⁻)	03	1949	ϵ \approx 100; α =0.010 1		
²³⁹ Am ^m	51890	200	2500	200	163 ns	12	(7/2 ⁺)	03	1969	SF \approx 100; IT ?
²³⁹ Cm	51150	50	2.5 h	0.4	(7/2 ⁻)	03	02Sh.C TD	1952	β^+ \approx 100; α =6.2e-3 14	*
²³⁹ Cm ^p	51390#	110#	240#	100#	1/2 ⁺					
²³⁹ Bk	54250#	210#	4#	m	(7/2 ⁺)	03	89Ha27 J		β^+ >99#; α <1; SF<1	
²³⁹ Bk ^p	54290#	210#	41	11	AD			89Ha27 J		
²³⁹ Cf	58250#	210#	60 s	30	5/2 ⁺ #	03	1981	α =?; β^+ ?	*	
²³⁹ Es	63560#	300#	1#	s	5/2 ⁺ #				α ?; β^+ ?; SF ?	
* ²³⁹ Cm	D : 08Qi03<.001									**
* ²³⁹ Cf	T : symmetrized from 39(+37-12)									**

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²⁴⁰ Pa	56800# 300#		2# m					β^- ?
²⁴⁰ U	52716 5		14.1 h 0.1	0 ⁺	08		1953	β^- =100; α <1e-10#
²⁴⁰ Np	52318 17		* 61.9 m 0.2	(5 ⁺)	08		1953	β^- =100
²⁴⁰ Np ^m	52336 13	18 14	* 7.22 m 0.02	(1 ⁺)	08	81Hs02 E		β^- ≈100; IT=0.12 1
²⁴⁰ Pu	50127.2 1.8		6.561 ky 0.007	0 ⁺	08		1949	α =100; SF=5.7e-6 2; ³⁴ Si<1.3e-11 *
²⁴⁰ Pu ^m	51435.9 1.8	1308.74 0.05	165 ns 10	(5 ⁻)	08		1967	IT=100
²⁴⁰ Am	51512 14		50.8 h 0.3	(3 ⁻)	08		1949	β^+ =100; α ≈1.9e-4 7
²⁴⁰ Am ^m	54510 200	3000 200	940 μs 40		08		1967	SF≈100; IT ?
²⁴⁰ Cm	51725.6 2.2		27 d 1	0 ⁺	08		1949	α ≈100; ϵ <0.5; SF=3.9e-6 8
²⁴⁰ Bk	55670# 150#		4.8 m 0.8		08		1980	β^+ ?; α =10#; β^+ SF=0.0020 13 *
²⁴⁰ Bk ^p	55910# 180#	240# 100#						
²⁴⁰ Cf	57991 19		40.3 s 0.9	0 ⁺	08	10As.A T	1970	α =98.5 2; SF=1.5 2; β^+ ? *
²⁴⁰ Es	64200# 400#		1# s					α ?; β^+ ? *
* ²⁴⁰ Pu	D : was erroneously ³⁴ Si<1.3e-13% in NUBASE2003 **							
* ²⁴⁰ Bk	D : symmetrized from β^+ SF=0.0013(+18-7)% **							
* ²⁴⁰ Cf	D : from 10Kh06; also ⁹⁵ La09 α ≈98; SF≈2 **							
²⁴¹ Pa	59690# 400#		2# m	3/2 ⁻ #				β^- ?
²⁴¹ U	56200# 300#		5# m	7/2 ⁺ #				β^- ?
²⁴¹ Np	54260 70		13.9 m 0.2	(5/2 ⁺)	05		1959	β^- =100; α <10e-6
²⁴¹ Pu	52957.0 1.8		14.290 y 0.006	5/2 ⁺	05		1949	β^- ≈100; α =0.00245 2; ... *
²⁴¹ Pu ^m	53118.7 1.8	161.6852 0.0009	880 ns 50	1/2 ⁺	05		1975	IT=100
²⁴¹ Pu ⁿ	55160 200	2200 200	21 μs 3		05		1970	SF=100
²⁴¹ Am	52936.2 1.8		432.6 y 0.6	5/2 ⁻	05		1949	α =100; SF=3.6e-10 9; ... *
²⁴¹ Am ^m	55140 100	2200 100	1.2 μs 0.3		05		1969	SF=100
²⁴¹ Cm	53703.6 2.1		32.8 d 0.2	1/2 ⁺	05		1952	ϵ =99.0 1; α =1.0 1
²⁴¹ Bk	56030# 200#		4.6 m 0.4	(7/2 ⁺)	05		2003	α ?; β^+ ?
²⁴¹ Bk ^p	56080# 200#	51 3 AD		(3/2 ⁻)	05			
²⁴¹ Cf	59330# 170#		2.35 m 0.18	7/2 ⁻ #	05	10As.A T	1970	β^+ ?; α ≈25 *
²⁴¹ Cf ^p	59480# 190#	150# 100# Nm		(1/2 ⁺)	05			
²⁴¹ Es	63860# 230#		10 s 5	(3/2 ⁻)	05	96Ni09 TJD	1996	α =?; β^+ ? *
²⁴¹ Es ^p	64020# 300#	160# 200#						
²⁴¹ Fm	69130# 300#		730 μs 60	5/2 ⁺ #	11	08Kh10 TD	2008	SF=?; α <14; β^+ <12 *
* ²⁴¹ Pu	D : ...; SF<2.4e-14 **							
* ²⁴¹ Am	D : ...; ³⁴ Si<7.4e-14 **							
* ²⁴¹ Cf	T : from 10As.A=141(11)s; other 70Si19=3.78(0.70) m **							
* ²⁴¹ Es	T : symmetrized from 8(+6-4) **							
* ²⁴¹ Fm	D : only SF observed, other modes are to be confirmed **							
²⁴² U	58620# 200#		16.8 m 0.5	0 ⁺	02		1979	β^- =100
²⁴² Np	57420 200		* 2.2 m 0.2	(1 ⁺)	02		1979	β^- =100
²⁴² Np ^m	57420# 210#	0# 50#	* 5.5 m 0.1	6 ⁺ #	02		1981	β^- =100
²⁴² Pu	54718.6 1.8		375 ky 2	0 ⁺	02		1950	α =100; SF=5.50e-4 6
²⁴² Am	55469.9 1.8		16.02 h 0.02	1 ⁻	02		1949	β^- =82.7 3; ϵ =17.3 3
²⁴² Am ^m	55518.5 1.8	48.60 0.05	141 y 2	5 ⁻	02		1950	IT≈100; α =0.45 2; SF<4.7e-9
²⁴² Am ⁿ	57670 80	2200 80	14.0 ms 1.0	(2 ⁺ , 3 ⁻)	02		1962	SF≈100; IT=?; α ?
²⁴² Cm	54805.4 1.8		162.8 d 0.2	0 ⁺	02		1949	α =100; SF=6.2e-6 3; ... *
²⁴² Cm ^m	57610 100	2800 100	180 ns 70		02		1971	SF ?; IT ?
²⁴² Bk	57740# 200#		7.0 m 1.3	2 ⁻ #	02	80Ga07 D	1972	β^+ ≈100; β^+ SF<3e-5; α ?
²⁴² Bk ^m	57940# 280#	200# 200#	600 ns 100		02		1972	SF≈100; IT ?
²⁴² Bk ^p	57990# 220#	250# 100#		4 ⁻				
²⁴² Cf	59387 13		3.49 m 0.15	0 ⁺	02	70Si19 T	1967	α =80 20; β^+ ?; SF<0.014 *
²⁴² Es	64800# 260#		17.8 s 1.6		02	10An08 TD	1994	α =57 3; β^+ =43 3; β^+ SF=0.6 2 *
²⁴² Fm	68400# 400#		800 μs 200	0 ⁺	02		1975	SF=?; α ? *
* ²⁴² Cm	D : ...; ³⁴ Si=1.1e-14 4; 2 β^+ ? D : symmetrized from ³⁴ Si=1.0(+4-3)e-14 **							
* ²⁴² Cf	T : average 70Si19=3.68(0.44) 67Si07=3.4(0.2) 67Fi04=3.2(0.5) 67Ii01=3.7(0.3) **							
* ²⁴² Es	T : others 00Sh10=11(3) 96Ni09=16(+6-4) **							
* ²⁴² Es	D : β^+ SF from 00Sh10; other 10An08=1.3(+1.2-0.7)% **							
* ²⁴² Fm	T : conflicting 08Kh10 excludes 4 μs-1s **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)			Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²⁴³ U	62400#	400#			10#	m				β^- ?
²⁴³ Np	59880#	30#			1.85	m	0.15			β^- =100
²⁴³ Np ^p	59927	11	50#	30#						Nm
²⁴³ Pu	57756	3			4.956	h	0.003			7/2 ⁺
²⁴³ Pu ^m	58140	3	383.6	0.4	330	ns	30			(1/2 ⁺)
²⁴³ Am	57176.3	2.3			7.37	ky	0.04			5/2 ⁻
²⁴³ Am ^m	59480	200	2300	200	5.5	μ s	0.5			04
²⁴³ Cm	57183.8	2.1			29.1	y	0.1			5/2 ⁺
²⁴³ Cm ^m	57271.2	2.1	87.4	0.1	1.08	μ s	0.03			1/2 ⁺
²⁴³ Cm ^p	57279	16	96	16						(7/2 ⁺)
²⁴³ Bk	58691	5			4.5	h	0.2			3/2 ⁻
²⁴³ Bk ^p	58710	19	18	20						(7/2 ⁻)
²⁴³ Cf	60990#	110#			10.7	m	0.5			1/2 ⁺
²⁴³ Es	64750#	210#			21.6	s	1.6	10An08	TJD	1973
²⁴³ Fm	69360#	220#			231	ms	9	08Kh10	TD	1981
* ²⁴³ Es	T : average 10An08=23(3) 89Ha27=21(5) 73Es02=21(2)									
²⁴⁴ Np	63200#	300#			2.29	m	0.16			(7 ⁻)
²⁴⁴ Pu	59807	5			80.0	My	0.9	92Mo25	D	1954
²⁴⁴ Am	59881.1	2.1			10.1	h	0.1			6 ⁻
²⁴⁴ Am ^m	59969.7	2.3	88.6	1.7	26	m	1			1 ⁺
²⁴⁴ Am ⁿ	60080#	200#	200#	200#	900	μ s	150			03
²⁴⁴ Am ^p	60080#	200#	200#	200#	6.5	μ s				03
²⁴⁴ Cm	58453.8	1.8			18.10	y	0.02			0 ⁺
²⁴⁴ Cm ^m	59494.0	1.8	1040.188	0.012	34	ms	2			6 ⁺
²⁴⁴ Cm ⁿ	59550#	900#	1100#	900#	> 500	ns				03
²⁴⁴ Bk	60716	14			4.35	h	0.15			4 ⁻
²⁴⁴ Bk ^m	61220#	300#	500#	300#	820	ns	60			03
²⁴⁴ Bk ^p	60860#	50#	140#	50#						am
²⁴⁴ Cf	61479.4	2.9			19.4	m	0.6			0 ⁺
²⁴⁴ Es	66030#	180#			37	s	4			03
²⁴⁴ Es ^p	66230#	240#	200#	150#						am
²⁴⁴ Fm	68970#	200#			3.12	ms	0.08	08Kh10	TD	1967
* ²⁴⁴ Pu	D : ... ; 2 β^- < 7.3e-9									
* ²⁴⁴ Pu	T : and T(2 β^-) > 1.1 Ey, from 92Mo25; thus 2 β^- < 7.3 e-9%									
* ²⁴⁴ Es	D : symmetrized from $\alpha=4(+3-2)\%$									
²⁴⁵ Np	65950#	400#			2#	m				5/2#
²⁴⁵ Pu	63180	14			10.5	h	0.1			(9/2 ⁻)
²⁴⁵ Pu ^m	63445	14	264.5	0.3	330	ns	20			(5/2 ⁺)
²⁴⁵ Am	61902	3			2.05	h	0.01			(5/2 ⁺)
²⁴⁵ Am ^m	64300#	400#	2400#	400#	640	ns	60			11
²⁴⁵ Cm	61004.9	2.1			8.423	ky	0.074			7/2 ⁺
²⁴⁵ Cm ^m	61360.8	2.1	355.92	0.10	290	ns	20			1/2 ⁺
²⁴⁵ Bk	61815.6	2.3			4.95	d	0.03			3/2 ⁻
²⁴⁵ Bk ^p	61870#	30#	50#	30#						(7/2 ⁻)
²⁴⁵ Cf	63386.9	2.8			45.0	m	1.5			1/2 ⁺
²⁴⁵ Es	66370#	200#			1.1	m	0.1			(3/2 ⁻)
²⁴⁵ Es ^p	66650#	200#	283	15						(7/2 ⁻)
²⁴⁵ Es ^q	66700#	230#	330#	100#						(1/2 ⁻)
²⁴⁵ Fm	70190#	200#			4.2	s	1.3			1/2 ⁺
²⁴⁵ Md	75270#	310#			400	ms	200	96Ni09	TJD	1996
²⁴⁵ Md ^m	75370#	330#	100#	100#	* &	* &	900	μ s	250	1/2 ⁻
* ²⁴⁵ Es ^p	E : 253.2 keV above the 7/2 ⁺ [633] level at 30(15) keV									
* ²⁴⁵ Md	T : symmetrized from 96Ni09=350(+230-160)									
²⁴⁶ Pu	65396	15			10.84	d	0.02			0 ⁺
²⁴⁶ Am	64995#	18#			39	m	3			(7 ⁻)
²⁴⁶ Am ^m	65025	15	30#	10#	25.0	m	0.2			2 ⁽⁻⁾
²⁴⁶ Am ⁿ	67000#	800#	2000#	800#	73	μ s	10			11
²⁴⁶ Cm	62618.6	2.0			4.706	ky	0.040			0 ⁺
²⁴⁶ Bk	63970	60			1.80	d	0.02			2 ⁽⁻⁾
²⁴⁶ Cf	64091.9	2.1			35.7	h	0.5			0 ⁺
²⁴⁶ Es	67900#	220#			7.5	m	0.5			4 ⁻
²⁴⁶ Es ^p	68250#	300#	350#	200#						am
²⁴⁶ Fm	70189	15			1.54	s	0.04	10An08	T	1966
²⁴⁶ Md	76120#	260#			0.92	s	0.18	10An08	TD	1996
²⁴⁶ Md ^m	76170#	260#	60	60	4.4	s	0.8			11
* ²⁴⁶ Es	D : ... ; β^+ SF \approx 0.003									
* ²⁴⁶ Es ^p	E : above level decaying by 152.3(0.5) keV γ									
* ²⁴⁶ Fm	D : ... ; β^+ SF=10.5									
* ²⁴⁶ Md	T : average 10An08=0.9(0.2) 96Ni09=1.0(0.4)									

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)		
²⁴⁷ Pu	69110#	200#			2.27 d	0.23	1/2 ⁺ #	04	1983	β^- =100		
²⁴⁷ Am	67150#	100#			23.0 m	1.3	5/2#	04	1967	β^- =100		
²⁴⁷ Cm	65534	4			15.6 My	0.5	9/2 ⁻	04	1954	α =100		
²⁴⁷ Cm ^m	65761	4	227.38	0.02	26.3 μ s	0.3	5/2 ⁺	04	1968	IT=100		
²⁴⁷ Cm ⁿ	65939	4	404.90	0.03	100.6 ns	0.6	1/2 ⁺	04	2003	IT=100		
²⁴⁷ Bk	65491	5			1.38 ky	0.25	(3/2 ⁻)	04	1965	α ≈100; SF?		
²⁴⁷ Cf	66104	15			3.11 h	0.03	7/2 ⁺ #	04	1954	ϵ ≈100; α ≈0.035 5		
²⁴⁷ Es	68578	19			4.55 m	0.26	(7/2 ⁺)	04	89Ha27 J	1967	β^+ ≈93; α ≈7; SF≈9e-5#	
²⁴⁷ Fm	71670#	120#			31 s	1	(7/2 ⁺)	04	06He27 TJ	1967	α >50; β^+ <50	
²⁴⁷ Fm ^m	71720#	110#	49	8	AD	5.1 s	0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	04	06He27 TJ	1967	α ≈100; IT?
²⁴⁷ Md	75940#	210#			1.19 s	0.09	(7/2 ⁻)	04	10An08 TJD	1981	α ≈100; SF<0.1	
²⁴⁷ Md ^m	76200#	210#	260	40	AD	250 ms	40	(1/2 ⁻)	10An08 TJD	1993	α ≈79 5; SF=21 5	
* ²⁴⁷ Fm	T : supersedes 04He28=29(1) of same group											
* ²⁴⁷ Fm ^m	T : supersedes 04He28=4.3(0.4) of same group; other not used 67F115=9.2(2.3)											
* ²⁴⁷ Md	T : average 10An08=1.2(0.1) 93Ho.A=1.12(0.22)											
* ²⁴⁷ Md ^m	T : supersedes 93Ho.A=230(+190-120)											
²⁴⁸ Am	70560#	200#			3# m			99		β^- ?		
²⁴⁸ Cm	67393	5			348 ky	6	0 ⁺	99	1956	α ≈91.61 16; SF=8.39 16; ...		
²⁴⁸ Bk	68080#	70#		*	> 9 y		6 ⁺ #	99	1956	α ?		
²⁴⁸ Bk ^m	68110	21	30#	70#	*	23.7 h	0.2	1(-)	99	1956	β^- =70 5; ϵ =30 5; α =0.001#	
²⁴⁸ Bk ^p	68130	50	50#	50#			(5 ⁻)					
²⁴⁸ Cf	67240	5			334 d	3	0 ⁺	99	1954	α ≈100; SF=0.0029 3		
²⁴⁸ Es	70300#	50#			27 m	5	2 ⁻ #, 0 ⁺ #	99	1956	β^+ ≈100; α ≈0.25; β^+ SF=3e-5		
²⁴⁸ Es ^m			non existent	RN	41 m				89Ha27 I			
²⁴⁸ Fm	71899	9			35.1 s	0.8	0 ⁺	99	11Ga19 T	1958	α ≈93 7; β^+ =7 7; SF=0.10 5	
²⁴⁸ Md	77150#	240#			7 s	3		99	1973	β^+ =80 10; α =20 10; ...		
²⁴⁸ No	80620#	220#			<2 μ s		0 ⁺		03Be18 I		SF?	
* ²⁴⁸ Cm	D : ... ; 2 β^- ?											
* ²⁴⁸ Fm	T : others 04He28=36(2) 67Nu01=38(4) 66Ak01=36(4)											
* ²⁴⁸ Md	D : ... ; β^+ SF<0.05											
²⁴⁹ Am	73100#	300#			1# m					β^- ?		
²⁴⁹ Cm	70751	5			64.15 m	0.03	(1/2 ⁺)	11	1956	β^- =100		
²⁴⁹ Cm ^m	70800	5	48.76	0.04	23 μ s		(7/2 ⁺)	11	1966	α =100		
²⁴⁹ Bk	69850.6	2.6			330 d	4	7/2 ⁺	11	1954	β^- ≈100; α =0.00145 8; ...		
²⁴⁹ Bk ^m	69859.4	2.6	8.777	0.014	300 μ s		(3/2 ⁻)	11	1975	IT=100		
²⁴⁹ Cf	69726.0	2.2			351 y	2	9/2 ⁻	11	1954	α =100; SF=5.0e-7 4		
²⁴⁹ Cf ^m	69871.0	2.2	144.98	0.05	45 μ s	5	5/2 ⁺	11	1967	IT=100		
²⁴⁹ Es	71180#	30#			102.2 m	0.6	7/2 ⁺	11	1956	β^+ ≈100; α =0.57 8		
²⁴⁹ Fm	73521	6			1.6 m	0.1	(7/2 ⁺)	11	11Lo06 J	1960	β^+ ?; α =33 9	
²⁴⁹ Md	77230#	200#			23.4 s	2.4	(7/2 ⁻)	11	01He35 J	1973	α >60; β^+ ?	
²⁴⁹ Md ^m	77330#	220#	100#	100#	1.9 s	0.9	(1/2 ⁻)	11	01He35 TJD	2001	α =100	
²⁴⁹ No	81780#	280#			57 μ s	12	5/2 ⁺ #	11	03Be18 T	2003	β^+ ?; α ?	
* ²⁴⁹ Bk	D : ... ; SF=47e-9 2											
* ²⁴⁹ Fm	T : from 04He28; others 66Ak01=2.6(0.7) 59Pe27=2.5(1.0)											
* ²⁴⁹ Md	T : average 09He20=23(3) 73Es01=24(4)											
* ²⁴⁹ Md ^m	T : symmetrized from 1.5(+1.2-0.5)											
* ²⁴⁹ No	T : symmetrized from 54.0(+13.9-9.2)											
²⁵⁰ Cm	72990	11			8300# y		0 ⁺	01	1966	SF≈74; α ≈18; β^- ≈8		
²⁵⁰ Bk	72952	4			3.212 h	0.005	2 ⁻	01	1954	β^- =100		
²⁵⁰ Bk ^m	72988	4	35.59	0.10	29 μ s	1	4 ⁺	01	08Ah02 EJ	1966	IT=100	
²⁵⁰ Bk ⁿ	73036	4	84.1	2.1	AD	213 μ s	8	7 ⁺	01	08Ah02 EJ	1972	IT?
²⁵⁰ Cf	71172.0	2.0			13.08 y	0.09	0 ⁺	01	1954	α ≈100; SF=0.077 3		
²⁵⁰ Es	73230#	100#			8.6 h	0.1	(6 ⁺)	01	1956	β^+ >97; α ?		
²⁵⁰ Es ^m	73430#	180#	200#	150#	*	2.22 h	0.05	1(-)	01	1970	β^+ ≈100; α ?	
²⁵⁰ Fm	74073	8			30.4 m	1.5	0 ⁺	01	06Ba09 T	1954	α >90; ϵ <10; SF=0.0069 10	
²⁵⁰ Fm ^m	75272	8	1199.2	1.0	1.92 s	0.05	(8 ⁻)	01	08Gr17 ETJ	1973	IT>80; α <20; β^+ ?; ...	
²⁵⁰ Md	78630#	300#			52 s	5		01	08An16 TD	1973	β^+ =93 1; α =7 1; β^+ SF=0.02	
²⁵⁰ No	81560#	200#			5.0 μ s	0.6	0 ⁺	06	06Pe17 TD	2003	SF≈100; α <2.1	
²⁵⁰ No ^m	82610#	280#	1050#	200#	51 μ s	18	(6 ⁺)	06	06Pe17 T	2001	SF≈100; IT?; α ?	
* ²⁵⁰ Fm	T : others not used 06Fo02=18(+13-6) 66Ak01=30(3)											
* ²⁵⁰ Fm ^m	D : ... ; SF<8.2E-5											
* ²⁵⁰ Md	T : average 08An16=50(+10-7) 73Es01=52(6)											
* ²⁵⁰ Md	D : other recent 06Fo02 β^+ =91(+7-19)%; α =9(+19-7)%											
* ²⁵⁰ No	D : ... ; β^+ =0.00025#											
* ²⁵⁰ No	T : average 06Pe17=3.7(+1.1-0.8) 03Be18=5.6(+0.9-0.7)											
* ²⁵⁰ No ^m	T : average 06Pe17=43(+22-15) 03Be18=46(+22-14) 01Og08=36(+11-6)											

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁵¹ Cm	76649	23	16.8 m	0.2	(1/2 ⁺)	06	1978	$\beta^- = 100$			
²⁵¹ Bk	75229	11	55.6 m	1.1	(3/2 ⁻)	06	1967	$\beta^- = 100$			
²⁵¹ Bk ^m	75265	11	35.5	1.3	58 μ s	4	1966	IT=100			
²⁵¹ Cf	74136	4	900 y	40	1/2 ⁺	06	1954	$\alpha \approx 100$; SF ?			
²⁵¹ Cf ^m	74506	4	370.47	0.03	1.3 μ s	0.1	1971	IT=100			
²⁵¹ Es	74514	6	33 h	1	(3/2 ⁻)	06	1956	$\epsilon ?$; $\alpha = 0.5$ 2			
²⁵¹ Fm	75954	15	5.30 h	0.08	(9/2 ⁻)	06	1957	$\beta^+ = 98.20$ 12; $\alpha = 1.80$ 12			
²⁵¹ Fm ^m	76154	15	200.09	0.11	21.1 μ s	1.6	11As03 ET 1970	IT=100			
²⁵¹ Md	78967	19	4.21 m	0.23	(7/2 ⁻)	11	06Ch52 TJD 1973	$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha = 10$ 1			
²⁵¹ Md ^p	79022	18	55	8	(1/2 ⁻)	11	06Ch52 J 2006	IT ?			
²⁵¹ No	82850#	110#	800 ms	10	(7/2 ⁺)	07	06He27 J 1967	$\alpha = 83$ 16; $\beta^+ ?$; SF < 0.3			
²⁵¹ No ^m	82960#	110#	1.02 s	0.03	(1/2 ⁺)	07	06He27 ETD 1997	$\alpha = 100$			
²⁵¹ No ⁿ	84600#	120#	2 μ s			07	2006	IT ?			
²⁵¹ Lr	87730#	300#	150# μ s					$\beta^+ ?$; $\alpha ?$			
* ²⁵¹ Fm ^m	T : average 11As03=21.1(1.9) 06He20=21(3); other 71Di03=15.2(2.3)										
* ²⁵¹ Fm ^m	E : also 06He20=199.9(0.3)										
* ²⁵¹ Md	T : average 06Ch52=4.27(0.26) 73Es01=4.0(0.5)										
* ²⁵¹ No	D : symmetrized from $\alpha = 91(+9-22)\%$										
* ²⁵¹ No ⁿ	E : 1699.7(0.8) + x ; x estimated 50(50)										
²⁵² Cm	79060#	300#	1# m	<2d	0 ⁺	06	66Rg01 I 1992	$\beta^- ?$			
²⁵² Bk	78540#	200#	1.8 m	0.5		06	92Kr.A TD 1992	$\beta^- = ?$; $\alpha ?$			
²⁵² Cf	76035	5	2.645 y	0.008	0 ⁺	06	1954	$\alpha = 96.908$ 8; SF=3.092 8			
²⁵² Es	77300	50	471.7 d	1.9	(4 ⁺)	06	FGK12a J 1956	$\alpha = 78$ 2; $\epsilon = 22$ 2			
²⁵² Fm	76818	6	25.39 h	0.04	0 ⁺	06	1956	$\alpha \approx 100$; SF=0.0023 2; $2\beta^+ ?$			
²⁵² Md	80510#	130#	2.3 m	0.8		06	1973	$\beta^+ > 50$; $\alpha ?$			
²⁵² Md ^p	80550	80	40#	100#		am					
²⁵² No	82872	9	2.45 s	0.02	0 ⁺	06	11Ga19 T 1967	$\alpha > 66.7$ 6; SF=32.2 5; $\beta^+ < 1.1$ 4			
²⁵² No ^m	84127	9	1254.5	0.7	109 ms	4	11Lo06 T 2007	IT=100			
²⁵² Lr	88740#	240#	369 ms	75	(8 ⁻)	06	08Ne01 TD 2001	$\beta^+ = 71\%$; $\alpha = ?$; SF < 1			
²⁵² Lr ^p	88910#	240#	170	30	AD						
* ²⁵² Es	J : strong direct ϵ feeding to 3 ⁺ ; known structures in TNN										
* ²⁵² No	T : average 11Ga19=2.47(0.02) 01Og08=2.44(0.04)										
* ²⁵² No	D : SF 01Og08=32.2(0.5)%; other 11Ga19=29.3(0.5)%										
* ²⁵² No ^m	E : average 08Ro21=1255(1) 07Su19=1254(1)										
* ²⁵² No ^m	T : average 11Lo06=110(8) 08Ro21=109(6) 07Su19=110(10)										
* ²⁵² No ^m	J : from 08Ro21 based on comparison with theory; other 07Su19=(8 ⁺)										
* ²⁵² Lr	T : average 08Ne01=270(+180-80) 01He35=360(+110-70)										
²⁵³ Bk	80930#	360#	10# m				91Kr.A I 1991	$\beta^- ?$			
²⁵³ Cf	79302	6	17.81 d	0.08	(7/2 ⁺)	06	1954	$\beta^- \approx 100$; $\alpha = 0.31$ 4			
²⁵³ Es	79014.6	2.6	20.47 d	0.03	7/2 ⁺	06	05Ah03 D 1954	$\alpha = 100$; SF=10e-6 1			
²⁵³ Fm	79349	3	3.00 d	0.12	(1/2 ⁺)	06	1957	$\epsilon = 88$ 1; $\alpha = 12$ 1			
²⁵³ Fm ^m	79700	7	351	6	560 ns	60	11An13 ETJ 2011	IT=100			
²⁵³ Md	81180#	30#	12 m	8	(7/2 ⁻)	06	1992	$\beta^+ \approx 100$; $\alpha = 0.6\%$			
²⁵³ Md ^p	81180#	40#	0#	30#		1/2 ⁻ #					
²⁵³ No	84360	7	1.56 m	0.02	(9/2 ⁻)	06	11Lo06 J 1967	$\alpha = ?$; $\beta^+ = 6\%$; SF=0.001#			
²⁵³ No ^m	84527	7	30.3 μ s	1.6	(5/2 ⁺)	06	09He23 T 1973	$\alpha = ?$			
²⁵³ No ⁿ	85560	110	1200	110	706 μ s	24	11Lo06 T 2011	IT ?			
²⁵³ Lr	88580#	200#	* &	632 ms	46	(7/2 ⁻)	06	01He35 TJD 1985			
²⁵³ Lr ^m	88610#	230#	30#	100#	* &	1.32 s	0.14	(1/2 ⁻)	06	09He20 TJD 1985	$\alpha = 90$ 10; SF=2.6 21; $\beta^+ = 1\%$
²⁵³ Rf	93560#	410#	* &	13 ms	5	(7/2) ⁽⁺⁾ #	06	95Ho.B TJ 1997	SF=?; $\alpha ?$		
²⁵³ Rf ^m	93760#	440#	200#	150#	* &	52 μ s	14	(1/2) ⁽⁻⁾ #	06	97He29 J 1995	SF=?; $\alpha = 5\%$
* ²⁵³ Bk	I : possible identification in 91Kr.A; needs confirmation										
* ²⁵³ Es	D : SF=8.7(0.3)e-6% from ENSDF'99 : from α /SF=1.15(0.03)e7 (1965Me02)										
* ²⁵³ Fm ^m	E : 211 keV above (7/2 ⁺) level at 130-150 keV										
* ²⁵³ Md	T : symmetrized from 6.4(+11.6-3.6)										
* ²⁵³ No	T : average 09He23=1.56(0.02) m 09Qi04=1.57(+0.18-0.15) m 67Mi03=95(10) s										
* ²⁵³ No	T : and 67Gh01=105(20) s										
* ²⁵³ No	J : from ref. 11Lo06 and 10St14 D : $\epsilon/e^+ = 0.45(0.03)$										
* ²⁵³ No ^m	E : average 11An13=167.5(0.5) 10St14=166.7(1.0)										
* ²⁵³ No ^m	T : average 09He23=28(3) 07Lo11=31.1(2.1) 73Be33=31.3(4.1);										
* ²⁵³ No ^m	T : others 11An13=22.7(0.5) and 10St14=24(2) disagree										
* ²⁵³ No ⁿ	T : other 11An13=627(5)										
* ²⁵³ No ⁿ	E : greater than 1011 and less than 1380 keV										
* ²⁵³ Lr	T : average 09He20=670(60) 01He35=570(+70-60)										
* ²⁵³ Lr	D : symmetrized from SF=1.3(+3.0-1.0)%										
* ²⁵³ Lr	T : other not used 10He11=700(+500-200)										
* ²⁵³ Lr ^m	T : supersedes 01He35=1.49(+0.30-0.21); other 10He11=1.2(+0.7-0.4)										
* ²⁵³ Rf	I : the state with ≈ 1.8 s reported in earlier ENSDF is not confirmed										
* ²⁵³ Rf	T : symmetrized from 11(+6-3)										
* ²⁵³ Rf ^m	T : symmetrized from 48(+17-10)										

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)							
²⁵⁴ Bk	84390#	300#	1#	m				β^- ?							
²⁵⁴ Cf	81342	12	60.5	d	0.2	0 ⁺	05	1955	SF≈100; $\alpha=0.31$ 2; $2\beta^-$?						
²⁵⁴ Es	81992	4	275.7	d	0.5	(7 ⁺)	05	1954	$\alpha\approx 100$; $\epsilon=0.03\%$; ...						
²⁵⁴ Es ^m	82076	3	84.2	2.5	AD	39.3	h	0.2	2 ⁺	05	1954	$\beta^-=98$ 2; IT<3; $\alpha=0.32$ 1; ...			
²⁵⁴ Fm	80904.4	2.8	3.240	h	0.002	0 ⁺	05	1954	$\alpha\approx 100$; SF=0.0592 3						
²⁵⁴ Md	83450#	100#	10	m	3	0 ⁻ #	05	1970	$\beta^+\approx 100$; α ?						
²⁵⁴ Md ^m	83500#	140#	50#	100#	*	28	m	8	3 ⁻ #	05	1970	$\beta^+\approx 100$; α ?			
²⁵⁴ No	84725	10	51.2	s	0.4	0 ⁺	05	06He19	T	1966	$\alpha=90$ 1; $\beta^+=10$ 1; SF=0.23 1				
²⁵⁴ No ^m	86020	10	1295	2		264.9	ms	1.4	(8 ⁻)	05	11Lo06	T	1973	IT>80; SF=0.020 12; $\alpha=0.01$	
²⁵⁴ No ⁿ	87950#	300#	3220#	300#		183.8	μ s	1.6	(16 ⁺)		10He10	ETD	2006	IT=100; SF<0.012	
²⁵⁴ Lr	89870#	300#				17.1	s	1.8			05	08An16	TD	1981	$\alpha=72$ 2; $\beta^+=28$ 2; SF ?
²⁵⁴ Lr ^p	89940#	310#	60	50	AD										
²⁵⁴ Lr ^d	90090#	330#	220#	120#											
²⁵⁴ Rf	93200#	280#				23	μ s	3	0 ⁺	05	1997			SF=?; $\alpha<1.5$	
* ²⁵⁴ Es	D : ... ; $\beta^- = 1.74e-4$ 8; SF<3e-6									**					
* ²⁵⁴ Es ^m	D : ... ; $\epsilon=0.076$ 7; SF<0.045									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No	D : from 10He10									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No ^m	T : average 11Lo06=259(17) 10Cl01=263(2) 10He10=275(7) 06He19=266(2)									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No ⁿ	T : 06Ta19=266(10); other 73Gh03=280(40)									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No ^p	T : average 06He19=184(3) 10He10=198(13) 10Cl01=184(2) 06Ta19=171(9)									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No ⁿ	E : 2917(3) + x ; x estimated 300#300; 10Cl01=2930(2) but their level									**					
* ²⁵⁴ No ^p	E : scheme is disputed J : from 06He19									**					
* ²⁵⁴ Lr	T : average 08An16=18(2) 01Ga20=13.4(4.2); 85He22=13(+3-2) same group; other									**					
* ²⁵⁴ Lr	T : 06Fo02=22(+9-6) D : not used 06Fo02 $\alpha=60(+11-15)\%$; $\beta^+=40(+15-11)\%$									**					
²⁵⁵ Cf	84810#	200#				85	m	18	(7/2 ⁺)	99	1981			$\beta^-=100$; SF<0.001#; $\alpha=2e-7$ #	
²⁵⁵ Es	84091	11				39.8	d	1.2	(7/2 ⁺)	99	1954			$\beta^-=92.0$ 4; $\alpha=8.0$ 4; SF=0.0041 2	
²⁵⁵ Fm	83801	5				20.07	h	0.07	7/2 ⁺	99	1954			$\alpha=100$; SF=2.4e-5 10	
²⁵⁵ Fm ^p	84050#	100#	250#	100#	Nm				(9/2 ⁺)						
²⁵⁵ Md	84844	7				27	m	2	(7/2 ⁻)	99	1958			$\beta^+=92$ 2; $\alpha=8$ 2; SF<0.15	
²⁵⁵ Md ^p	84850#	70#	10#	70#					1/2 ⁻ #						
²⁵⁵ No	86807	15				3.52	m	0.18	(1/2 ⁺)	99	11As03	TJ	1967	$\alpha=61$ 3; $\beta^+=39$ 3	
²⁵⁵ No ^p	86910#	70#	100#	70#	Nm				(7/2 ⁺)						
²⁵⁵ Lr	89947	18				31.1	s	1.1	(1/2 ⁻)	99	08Ha31	TD	1971	$\alpha=?$; $\beta^+=26$ 5; SF<1#	
²⁵⁵ Lr ^m	89986	19	39	8	AD	2.54	s	0.04	(7/2 ⁻)		06Ch52	TJD	2006	$\alpha=100$	
²⁵⁵ Lr ⁿ	91410	22	1463	12		1.63	ms	0.12	(25/2 ⁺)		09Je02	ETJ	2008	IT=100; $\alpha<0.15$	
²⁵⁵ Rf	94330#	120#			*	1.66	s	0.07	(9/2 ⁻)	07	06He27	TJ	1975	$\alpha=?$; SF=52 6; $\beta^+<1$	
²⁵⁵ Rf ^m	94250#	120#	-85	17	AD *	1.0	s	0.4	5/2 ⁺ #		97He29	TD	1997	$\alpha=100$	
²⁵⁵ Db	99730#	420#				1.7	s	0.5		99	1977			$\alpha?$; SF≈20	
* ²⁵⁵ Lr	T : average 08Ha31=31(2) 06Ch52=31.1(1.3)									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Lr	T : others not used 08An16>19.1 01Ga20=21(8) 76Be.A=22(5) 71Es01=22(5)									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Lr ^m	T : average 08Ha31=2.6(0.1) 08An16=2.53(0.05) 06Ch52=2.53(0.13)									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Lr ⁿ	E : 09Je02=1409 keV above 9/2 ⁺ , which is <30 above 255Lrm;									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Lr ⁿ	E : others recent 08An16>1600 08Ha31>720 D : α from 09Je02									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Lr ^p	T : unweighed average 09Je02=1.70(0.03) 08An16=1.81(0.02) 08Ha31=1.4(0.1)									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Rf	T : average 06He27=1.68(0.09) 01He35=1.64(0.11)									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Rf ^m	T : symmetrized from 0.8(+0.5-0.2) I : discarded in ENSDF2007									**					
* ²⁵⁵ Db	T : symmetrized from 1.6(+0.6-0.4)									**					
²⁵⁶ Cf	87040#	310#				12.3	m	1.2	0 ⁺	99	1980			SF=100; $\alpha=6.2e-7$ #; $2\beta^-$?	
²⁵⁶ Es	87190#	100#			*	25.4	m	2.4	(1 ⁺ ,0 ⁻)	99	1981			$\beta^-=100$	
²⁵⁶ Es ^m	87190#	140#	0#	100#	*	7.6	h		(8 ⁺)	99	1976			$\beta^-\approx 100$; β^- SF=0.002	
²⁵⁶ Fm	85487	7				157.6	m	1.3	0 ⁺	99	1955			SF=91.9 3; $\alpha=8.1$ 3	
²⁵⁶ Md	87460#	120#			* &	30#	m		7 ⁻ #					$\beta^+?$; $\alpha?$; SF ?	
²⁵⁶ Md ^m	87620	70	160#	100#	* &	77	m	2	(1 ⁻)	99	FGK12b	I	1955	$\beta^+=?$; $\alpha=9.2$ 7; SF<3	
²⁵⁶ Md ^p	87700#	120#	240#	140#					am					*	
²⁵⁶ No	87824	8				2.91	s	0.05	0 ⁺	99	1963			$\alpha\approx 100$; SF=0.53 6; $\epsilon<0.01$ #	
²⁵⁶ Lr	91750	80				27	s	3		99	1965			$\alpha=85$ 10; $\beta^+=15$ 10; SF<0.03	
²⁵⁶ Lr ^p	91980#	90#	230#	40#											
²⁵⁶ Rf	94223	18				6.64	ms	0.07	0 ⁺	99	12Gr12	T	1975	SF=?; $\alpha=0.32$ 17	
²⁵⁶ Rf ^m	95340#	100#	1120#	100#		25	μ s	2			09Je01	TD	2009	IT=100; SF ?	
²⁵⁶ Rf ⁿ	95620#	100#	1400#	100#		17	μ s	2			09Je01	TD	2009	IT=100; SF ?	
²⁵⁶ Rf ^p	96620#	200#	2400#	200#		27	μ s	5			09Je01	TD	2009	IT=100; SF ?	
²⁵⁶ Db	100500#	240#				1.9	s	0.4		99	01He35	TD	2001	$\alpha=67$ 8; $\beta^+=33$ 8; SF=?	
* ²⁵⁶ Md ^m	I : Following the Gallagher-Moskowsky rule, this should be the ground-state; could not									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Md ^m	I : be modified while in proof (November 2012)									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Rf	T : aver. 12Gr12=6.9(0.2) 09Je01=6.67(0.09) 97He29=6.2(0.2) 84Og02=6.7(0.2);									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Rf	T : other recent 10St14=5.1(1.0-0.7) D : other 10St14 SF=97(+2-6)%									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Rf ^m	T : a 15(5) μ s isomer was identified in 11Ro20									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Db	T : average 01He35=1.6(+0.5-0.3) 83Og.A=2.6(+1.4-0.8)									**					
* ²⁵⁶ Db	D : 01He35 $\beta^+=36(12)\%$ 08Ne01 $\alpha=70(11)\%$									**					

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁵⁷ Es	89400# 410#			7.7 d	0.2	7/2 ⁺ #	99	1987	β^- =100; α =4e-4#			
²⁵⁷ Fm	88591 6			100.5 d	0.2	(9/2 ⁺)	99	1964	α ≈100; SF=0.210 4			
²⁵⁷ Md	88997.2 2.7			5.52 h	0.05	(7/2 ⁻)	99	1965	ϵ =85 3; α =15 3; SF<4			
²⁵⁷ No	90250 7			24.5 s	0.5	(7/2 ⁺)	99	02Ho11 D	1967	α =?; β^+ =15 8		
²⁵⁷ No ^p	90550# 110#	300#	110#			am						
²⁵⁷ Lr	92610# 40#			6.0 s	0.4	(1/2 ⁻)	99	10St14 T	1971	α ≈100; β^+ =0.01#; SF=0.001#		
²⁵⁷ Lr ^p	92760# 110#	150#	100#			am						
²⁵⁷ Rf	95868 11			4.82 s	0.13	(1/2 ⁺)	99	FGK10a J	1969	α =?; β^+ =19.4 14; SF=1.3 3		
²⁵⁷ Rf ^m	95941 10	73	11	AD	4.3	s 0.2	(11/2 ⁻)	99	10Be16 T	1997	α ≈100; SF=0.7#; β^+ ?	
²⁵⁷ Rf ⁿ	97023 11	1155	11	AD	134.9	μ s 7.7	(21/2 ⁺)	99	10Be16 TJD	2009	IT=100	
²⁵⁷ Db	100210# 200#			*	&	2.3 s	0.2	(9/2 ⁺)	99	09He20 T	1985	α >94; SF<6; β^+ =1#
²⁵⁷ Db ^m	100350# 230#	140#	110#	*	&	670 ms	60	(1/2 ⁻)	99	09He20 T	1985	α >87; SF<13; β^+ =1#
* ²⁵⁷ No	T : from 05As05									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Lr	T : average 10St14=6.3(+0.9-0.7)) and 5.8 (0.5)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Lr	T : others not used 97He29=3.3(+0.5-0.4) 97He29=4.3(+1.3-0.8)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Lr	T : 76Be.A=0.646(0.025) 71Es01=0.6(0.1)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Lr	J : feeding in ϵ decay of 1/2 ⁺ ²⁵⁷ Rf; and trends for e-o neighbors									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf	J : favorite α to the 1/2 ⁺ state at 670 keV D : also 09Qi04 SF=2(1)%									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf	T : average 10St14=5.5(0.4) 10Be16=4.8(0.2) 09Qi04=4.7(0.3)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf	T : 85So03=3.8(0.8) 74Be.A=4.8(0.3) 71Gh03=4.8(0.5)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf ^m	E : 97He29=118(4) keV from direct comparison of two α lines									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf ^m	T : average 10Be16=4.6(0.3) 08Dr05=4.1(+0.7-0.6) 97He29=3.9(0.4)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf ^m	T : 09Qi04=4.1(+2.4-1.3) maybe to a 11/2 ⁻ level in ²⁵⁷ Lr									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Rf ⁿ	E : 1082(4) keV above ²⁵⁷ Rf ^m T : not used 09Qi04=160(+42-31)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Db	T : supersedes 01He35=1.50(+0.19-0.15); other 10He11=1.5(+0.9-0.4)									**		
* ²⁵⁷ Db ^m	T : supersedes 01He35=760(+150-110); other 10He11=360(+220-90)									**		
²⁵⁸ Es	92700# 300#			3# m						β^- ?; α ?		
²⁵⁸ Fm	90430# 200#			370 μ s	14	0 ⁺	01	86Hu05 T	1971	SF≈100; α ?		
²⁵⁸ Md	91688 5			51.5 d	0.3	8 ⁻ #	01	93Mo18 D	1970	α ≈100; β^+ <0.0015; β^- <0.0015		
²⁵⁸ Md ^m	91690# 200#	0#	200#	*	57.0 m	0.9	1 ⁻ #	01	93Mo18 D	1980	ϵ =?; SF<20; β^- <10#; α <1.2	
²⁵⁸ No	91480# 100#			1.2 ms	0.2	0 ⁺	01		1989	SF≈100; α =0.001#; 2 β^+ ?		
²⁵⁸ Lr	94780# 100#			4.1 s	0.3		01		1971	α >95; β^+ <5		
²⁵⁸ Lr ^p	95020# 140#	240#	100#			am						
²⁵⁸ Rf	96340 30			13.8 ms	0.9	0 ⁺	01	08Ga08 T	1969	SF=87 2; α =13 2		
²⁵⁸ Db	101800# 310#			4.5 s	0.4		01	09He20 T	1981	α =63 6; β^+ =37 6; SF<1#		
²⁵⁸ Db ^m	101860# 320#	60#	100#	*	1.9 s	0.5		01	09He20 T	1985	β^+ ≈100; IT ?	
²⁵⁸ Sg	105240# 410#			2.7 ms	0.5	0 ⁺	01	09Fo02 T	1997	SF=?; α <20		
* ²⁵⁸ Fm	T : average 86Hu05=360(20) 71Hu03=380(20) (all 1 σ) ENSDF gives 3 σ									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Md	D : derived from: "the sum of SF, ϵ and β^- decay branches < 0.003%" in									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Md	D : 93Mo18 and T(SF)>150000 y, from 86Lo16, thus SF<1e-4%#									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Md ^m	D : SF<20% derived from 93Mo18 "the sum of SF and β^- decay branches < 30%"									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Rf	T : average 08Ga08=14.7(+1.2-1.0) 85So03=13(3) 69Gh01=11(2)									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Db	T : average 09He20=4.3(0.5) 06Fo02=4.8(+1.0-0.8) 01Ga20=4.3(1.1) and									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Db	T : 85He22=4.4(+0.9-0.6)									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Db	D : average β^+ 06Fo02=39(+11-9)% 85He22=33(+9-5)%									**		
* ²⁵⁸ Sg	T : symmetrized from 09Fo02=2.6(+0.6-0.4); combining with earlier work									**		
²⁵⁹ Fm	93710# 280#			1.5 s	0.3	3/2 ⁺ #	99		1980	SF=100		
²⁵⁹ Md	93630# 200#			1.60 h	0.06	7/2 ⁻ #	99	93Mo18 T	1982	SF=?; α <1.3		
²⁵⁹ No	94110# 100#			58 m	5	9/2 ⁺ #	99		1973	α =75 4; ϵ =25 4; SF<10		
²⁵⁹ No ^p	94340# 180#	230#	150#									
²⁵⁹ Lr	95850# 70#			6.2 s	0.3	1/2 ⁻ #	99		1971	α =78 2; SF=22 2; β^+ =0.6#		
²⁵⁹ Lr ^p	96200# 170#	350#	150#									
²⁵⁹ Rf	98360# 70#			2.63 s	0.26	7/2 ⁺ #	99	08Ga08 T	1969	α =92 2; SF=8 2; β^+ =0.3#		
²⁵⁹ Rf ^p	98430# 100#	60	70	Nm		(3/2 ⁺)						
²⁵⁹ Rf ^q	98570# 110#	210	90	Nm		(9/2 ⁺)						
²⁵⁹ Db	101990 50			510 ms	160		99	01Ga20 TD	2001	α =100		
²⁵⁹ Sg	106560# 120#			280 ms	50	1/2 ⁺ #	99	09He20 T	1985	α =90 10; SF<20		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	T : average 08Ga08=2.5(+0.4-0.3) 94Gr08=1.7(+0.8-0.5)									**		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	T : others 06Gr24=1.9(+1.3-0.5) 04Fo08=2.2(+1.7-0.8) 03Gi05=4.0(+7.3-1.6)									**		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	T : 98Ho13=2.6(+1.4-0.7) 85So03=3.4(1.7) 81Be03=3.0(1.3)									**		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	T : 73Dr10=3.2(0.8) and 69Gh01=3.2(0.8); 10Ni14(1 event)=107 ms rejected									**		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	I : 08Ga08 suggest existence of an isomer formed only in direct production									**		
* ²⁵⁹ Rf	D : 08Ga08 estimates ϵ =15(4)% to ²⁵⁹ Lr followed by SF									**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)	
²⁶⁰ Fm	95770# 510#	EU	1# m	0 ⁺				SF ?	*
²⁶⁰ Md	96550# 320#		27.8 d 0.8		99	92Lo.B TD	1989	SF=?; $\alpha < 5$; $\epsilon < 5$; $\beta^- < 3.5$	*
²⁶⁰ No	95610# 200#		106 ms 8	0 ⁺	99		1985	SF=100	
²⁶⁰ Lr	98280# 120#		3.0 m 0.5		99		1971	$\alpha=80\ 20$; $\beta^+=20\ 20$	
²⁶⁰ Rf	99150# 200#		21 ms 1	0 ⁺	99		1985	SF=?; $\alpha=2\#$; $\epsilon=0.01\#$	*
²⁶⁰ Db	103670# 90#		1.52 s 0.13		99		1970	$\alpha > 90.4\ 6$; SF < 9.6 6; $\beta^+ < 2.5$	*
²⁶⁰ Db ^p	103870# 180#	200# 150#							
²⁶⁰ Sg	106548 21		4.95 ms 0.33	0 ⁺	99	09He20 T	1984	SF=60 30; $\alpha=40\ 30$	*
²⁶⁰ Bh	113320# 250#		41 ms 14		99	08Ne01 TD	2008	$\alpha \approx 100$; $\beta^+ ?$; SF ?	*
* ²⁶⁰ Fm	I : half-life ≈ 4 ms and SF=100 mode were reported in the 92Lo.B internal								
* ²⁶⁰ Fm	I : report. Not confirmed in subsequent experiment by same group (97Lo.A)								
* ²⁶⁰ Fm	I : Discovery of this nuclide is considered unproven								
* ²⁶⁰ Md	T : supersedes 86Hu01=31.8(0.5) of same group								
* ²⁶⁰ Rf	T : also 08Ga08=22.2(+3.0-2.4) 08Go.A=21(+7.3,-4.3)								
* ²⁶⁰ Db	T : also 04Mo26=1.5(+0.8-0.4) 04Ga29=0.89(+0.79-0.35)								
* ²⁶⁰ Sg	T : supersedes 85Mu11=3.6(+0.9-0.6)								
* ²⁶⁰ Sg	D : symmetrized from SF=50(+30-20)% and $\alpha=50(+20-30)\%$								
* ²⁶⁰ Bh	T : symmetrized from 35(+19-9)								
²⁶¹ Md	98580# 570#		40# m	7/2 ⁻ #				$\alpha ?$	
²⁶¹ No	98460# 200#		3# h	3/2 ⁺ #				$\alpha ?$	
²⁶¹ Lr	99560# 200#		39 m 12		99		1987	SF=?; $\alpha ?$	
²⁶¹ Rf	101320 50		* & 2.2 s 0.3	3/2 ⁺ #	09	11Ha13 TD	1970	SF=73 6; $\alpha=27\ 6$	*
²⁶¹ Rf ^m	101390# 110#	70# 100#	* & 81 s 9	9/2 ⁺ #	09	02Ho11 TD	1970	$\alpha=?$; $\beta^+ < 15$; SF < 10	*
²⁶¹ Rf ^p	101620# 110#	300# 100#							
²⁶¹ Db	104250# 110#		4.5 s 1.1		99	10St14 TD	1970	SF=73 11; $\alpha=?$	*
²⁶¹ Db ^p	104550# 230#	300# 200#							
²⁶¹ Sg	108006 19		183 ms 5	(3/2 ⁺)	99	10St14 TJD	1984	$\alpha=98.1\ 4$; $\beta^+=1.3\ 3$; SF=0.6 2	*
²⁶¹ Sg ^m	108110# 50#	100# 50#	9.3 μ s 1.8	(11/2 ⁻)	99	10Be16 TJ	2010	IT=100	*
²⁶¹ Bh	113140# 210#		12.8 ms 3.2	(5/2 ⁻)	99	10He11 TJD	1989	$\alpha=95\ 5$; SF < 5	*
* ²⁶¹ Rf	T : average 12Ha05=2.6(+0.7-0.5) 11Ha13=1.9(0.4) 08Go.A=2.2(+0.9-0.5)								
* ²⁶¹ Rf	T : others 08Dv02=3(1) 08Mo09 2 events at 2.97 and 8.3s 02Ho11=4.2(+3.4-1.3)								
* ²⁶¹ Rf	D : SF others 12Ha05=82(9)%, 08Dv02=91% for 11 events								
* ²⁶¹ Rf ^m	T : symmetrized from 78(+11-6); other 08Dv02=20(+110-10)								
* ²⁶¹ Db	T : symmetrized from 4.1(+1.4-0.8)								
* ²⁶¹ Db	D : observed 11 SF and 4 α decays; uncertainty evaluated by NUBASE								
* ²⁶¹ Sg	T : average 10St14=184(5) 10Be16=178(14)								
* ²⁶¹ Sg ^m	T : symmetrized from 9.0(+2.0-1.5)								
* ²⁶¹ Bh	T : symmetrized from 10He11=11.8(+3.9-2.4); others not used 06Fo02=10(+14-5)								
* ²⁶¹ Bh	T : and 08Ne08=6.7(+3.8-1.8)								
²⁶² Md	101630# 420#		3# m					SF ?; $\alpha ?$	
²⁶² No	100100# 360#		5 ms	0 ⁺	01		1989	SF \approx 100; $\alpha ?$	
²⁶² Lr	102100# 200#		4 h		01		1987	$\beta^+ ?$; SF < 10; $\alpha ?$	
²⁶² Rf	102390# 220#		* 250 ms 100	0 ⁺	01	08Go.A TD	1985	SF \approx 100	*
²⁶² Rf ^m	102990# 460#	600# 400#	* 47 ms 5	high		96La11 I	1978	SF=100	*
²⁶² Db	106260# 140#		35 s 5		01		1971	$\alpha \approx 67$; SF \approx 30; $\beta^+ = 3\#$	
²⁶² Db ^p	106310# 160#	50# 70#						$\alpha ?$	
²⁶² Sg	108370 40		10.9 ms 2.3	0 ⁺	01	06Gr24 TD	2001	SF \approx 100; $\alpha ?$	*
²⁶² Sg ^m	109220 90	860 90 AD	330 ms 222			11Ac.A TD	2011	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁶² Bh	114540# 310#		84 ms 11		01	09He20 T	1981	$\alpha=?$; SF < 20	*
²⁶² Bh ^m	114760# 310#	220 50 AD	9.5 ms 1.6		01	06Fo02 T	1981	$\alpha=?$; SF < 10	*
* ²⁶² Rf	T : symmetrized from 08Go.A=210(+128-58) ms; 7 SF events								
* ²⁶² Rf	T : conflicting 96La11=2.1(0.2) 94La22=1.2(+1.0-0.5)								
* ²⁶² Rf	T : 11Ha13 and 08Go.A suggest these activities belong to ²⁶¹ Rf								
* ²⁶² Rf	D : this suggestion contradicts 96La11 $\alpha < 0.8$; not adopted by NUBASE								
* ²⁶² Rf ^m	I : assigned in 96La11 to K-isomeric state								
* ²⁶² Sg	T : 06Gr24=15(+5-3) 01Ho06=6.9(+3.8-1.8) D : no α observed $\alpha < 16\%$								
* ²⁶² Sg ^m	T : symmetrized from 74(+354-34) ms								
* ²⁶² Bh	T : average 09He20=83(14) 06Fo02=84(+21-16)								
* ²⁶² Bh	T : other 08Ne08(10 events)=120(+55-29) not used								
* ²⁶² Bh ^m	T : 06Fo02=9.6(+3.6-2.4) 97Ho14(11 events)=12.2(+5.5-2.8) 89Mu09=8.0(2.1)								
* ²⁶² Bh ^m	T : also 09He20=22(4) 08Ne08(4 events)=16(+14-5) not used								

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)			Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁶³ No	103130# 490#				20#	m					α ?; SF ?			
²⁶³ Lr	103730# 280#				5#	h					α ?			
²⁶³ Rf	104790# 180#				11	m	3	3/2 ⁺ #	99	93Gr.C TD	2003	SF=?; α =30	*	
²⁶³ Rf ^p	105090# 270#	300#	200#											
²⁶³ Db	107110# 170#				29	s	9		99	92Kr01 D	1992	SF=56 14; α =?; β^+ =6.9 16	*	
²⁶³ Db ^p	107370# 260#	260#	200#											
²⁶³ Sg	110190# 100#			*	940	ms	140	7/2 ⁺ #	99	06Gr24 TD	1974	α =87 8; SF=13 8	*	
²⁶³ Sg ^m	110240# 100#	51	19	Nm *	420	ms	100	3/2 ⁺ #	99	04Fo08 T	1995	α =?; IT ?	*	
²⁶³ Sg ^p	110290# 100#	100	30	AD										
²⁶³ Bh	114500# 310#				200#	ms			99			α ?		
²⁶³ Hs	119720# 130#				760	μ s	40	7/2 ⁺ #	99	09Dr02 TD	2009	α =?; SF<8.4	*	
²⁶³ Hs ^m	120040# 130#	320	70	AD	760	μ s	40	low#	99	09Dr02 TD	2009	α =?; SF ?	*	
* ²⁶³ Rf	T : average 03Kr20=24(+19-7) m 93Gr.C=500(+300-200) s 92Cz.A=600(+300-200) s											**		
* ²⁶³ Rf	T : also one SF event 08Dv02=8(+40-4) s											**		
* ²⁶³ Db	D : SF from 92Kr01=57(+13-15)%; β^+ average 03Kr20=3(+4-1)% 93Gr.C=8(2)%											**		
* ²⁶³ Db	T : Possibly a candidate for the 54(+98-21) s SF decay observed in 98Ik02											**		
* ²⁶³ Db	T : symmetrized from 27(+10-7)											**		
* ²⁶³ Sg	T : average 06Gr24=820(+370-190) 94Gr08=553(+336-152) 74Gh04=900(200); all											**		
* ²⁶³ Sg	T : produced via direct production mechanisms											**		
* ²⁶³ Sg ^m	T : average 04Fo08=290(+170-90) 04Mo40=549(+300-143) ms 03Gi05=222(+404-87)											**		
* ²⁶³ Sg ^m	T : and 98Ho13=310(+160-80) ms; all produced via α -decay of parent											**		
* ²⁶³ Sg ^m	T : also 10Ni14 at t=702ms via α -decay of parent, but with low energy											**		
* ²⁶³ Hs	T : symmetrized from 740(+48-21) D : no SF observed											**		
²⁶⁴ No	105010# 650#				1#	m		0 ⁺				α ?; SF ?		
²⁶⁴ Lr	106380# 440#				10#	h						α ?; SF ?		
²⁶⁴ Rf	106080# 360#				1#	h		0 ⁺				α ?		
²⁶⁴ Db	109360# 240#				3#	m						α ?		
²⁶⁴ Sg	110780# 280#				47	ms	20	0 ⁺	06		2006	SF≈100; α ?	*	
²⁶⁴ Bh	116060# 180#				1.07	s	0.21		99	04Mo26 TD	1995	α =86; SF=14; β^+ ?	*	
²⁶⁴ Bh ^p	116290# 230#	230#	150#					am						
²⁶⁴ Hs	119564 29				540	μ s	300	0 ⁺	99	95Ho.B T	1986	α ≈50; SF≈50	*	
* ²⁶⁴ Sg	T : symmetrized from 37(+27-11); also 10Ni14(1 event)=86.4 ms											**		
* ²⁶⁴ Sg	D : no α observed α <36%											**		
* ²⁶⁴ Bh	T : average 04Mo26=0.9(+0.3-0.2) 04Ga29=1.17(+0.88-0.44) and											**		
* ²⁶⁴ Bh	T : 02Ho11=1.02(+0.69-0.29)											**		
* ²⁶⁴ Hs	T : 95Ho.B (2 events 76 μ s and 825 μ s) 87Mu15 (1 event 80 μ s); average of the											**		
* ²⁶⁴ Hs	T : 3 events: 327(+448-120) μ s, see 84Sc13											**		
²⁶⁵ Lr	108230# 610#				10#	h						α ?; SF ?		
²⁶⁵ Rf	108690# 360#				6.6	m	5.3	3/2 ⁺ #	11	10Ei06 TD	2010	SF≈100; α ?	*	
²⁶⁵ Db	110490# 220#				15#	m						α ?		
²⁶⁵ Sg	112800# 120#				&	9.2	s	1.6	9/2 ⁺ #	09	12Ha05 T	1994	α >50; SF ?	*
²⁶⁵ Sg ^m	112870# 120#	70#	150#		&	16	s	2.4	3/2 ⁺ #	09	12Ha05 T	1994	α >65 16; SF ?	*
²⁶⁵ Bh	116360# 230#				1.19	s	0.52		99	04Ga29 TD	2004	α =?	*	
²⁶⁵ Hs	120901 24				1.96	ms	0.16	3/2 ⁺ #	99	09He20 T	1984	α ≈100; SF<1	*	
²⁶⁵ Hs ^m	121131 24	229	22	AD	360	μ s	150	9/2 ⁺ #	99	09He20 T	1995	α ≈100; IT ?	*	
²⁶⁵ Mt	126680# 450#				2#	ms						α ?		
* ²⁶⁵ Rf	T : one SF at 152 s, thus 105(+503-48) s											**		
* ²⁶⁵ Sg	T : average 12Ha05=8.5(+2.6,-1.6) 08Du09=8.9(+2.7-1.9)											**		
* ²⁶⁵ Sg ^m	T : average 12Ha05=14.4(+3.7,-2.5) 08Du09=16.2(+4.7-3.5)											**		
* ²⁶⁵ Bh	T : symmetrized from 0.94(+0.70-0.31)											**		
* ²⁶⁵ Hs	T : average 09He20=1.9(0.2) 99He11=2.0(+0.3-0.2)											**		
* ²⁶⁵ Hs ^m	T : symmetrized from 300(+200-100); other 99He11=750(+170-120)											**		
²⁶⁶ Lr	111620# 520#				1#	h						α ?; SF ?		
²⁶⁶ Rf	110080# 470#				4#	h		0 ⁺				α ?; SF ?		
²⁶⁶ Db	112740# 280#				80	m	70		07	07Og02 T	2007	α ?; SF ?; β^+ ?	*	
²⁶⁶ Sg	113620# 250#				460	ms	180	0 ⁺	05	08Dv02 TD	2006	SF=100	*	
²⁶⁶ Bh	118110# 160#				2.5	s	1.6		05	08Mo09 T	2000	α ≈100; β^+ ?; SF ?	*	
²⁶⁶ Hs	121140 40				3.02	ms	0.54	0 ⁺	05	11Ac.A T	2001	α =?; SF≈1.4#	*	
²⁶⁶ Hs ^m	122240 80	1100	70	AD	280	ms	220	9 ⁻ #		11Ac.A T	2001	α =?	*	
²⁶⁶ Mt	127960# 310#				1.2	ms	0.4		05	97Ho14 T	1982	α =?; SF<5.5	*	
²⁶⁶ Mt ^m	129100# 310#	1140	80	AD	6	ms	3			97Ho14 TD	1984	α =100	*	
* ²⁶⁶ Db	T : one event at 31.74 m, yields 22(+105-10), see 84Sc13											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Sg	T : not used 08Dv02=360(+250-100) ms ; supersedes 06Dv01=444(+444-148)											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Sg	I : 98Tu01=21(+20-12) s 94La22=10-30 s with 18%< α <50% 50%<SF<82% re-assigned											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Sg	I : to ²⁶⁵ Sg, see 08Dv02; 10Gr04 one SF event after 23 ms, not trusted											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Bh	T : 2 events at 2.469 and 1.31 s; other 06Qi03=0.66(+0.59-0.26)											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Hs	T : average 11Ac.A=2.97(+0.78-0.51) 01Ho06=2.3(+1.3-0.6)											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Hs ^m	T : symmetrized from 11Ac.A=74(+354-34); 01Ho06<20ms											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Mt	T : 10 events yielding 1.01(+0.47-0.24), see 84Sc13											**		
* ²⁶⁶ Mt ^m	T : 3 events at 7.8, 2.0 and 5.0 yield 3.4(+4.7-1.3), see 84Sc13											**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)			Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁶⁷ Rf	113450#	580#				2.5	h	1.5		05 06Og05	TD	2004	SF=100	*	
²⁶⁷ Rf ^p	113670#	580#	220#	100#										*	
²⁶⁷ Db	114080#	410#				4.6	h	3.7		05	04Og03	TD	2004	SF=100	*
²⁶⁷ Sg	115840#	280#				1.8	m	0.7			08Dv02	TD	2008	SF=83; $\alpha=17$	*
²⁶⁷ Sg ^p	115910#	290#	70#	100#											
²⁶⁷ Bh	118770#	260#				22	s	10					2000	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁶⁷ Hs	122650#	100#				55	ms	11	5/2 ⁺ #	05			1995	$\alpha>80$; SF?	*
²⁶⁷ Hs ^m	122690#	100#	39	24	AD	990	μ s	90		05	04Fo08	TD	2004	$\alpha=?$; IT?	*
²⁶⁷ Mt	127790#	500#				10#	ms							$\alpha?$	*
²⁶⁷ Ds	133920#	140#				10	μ s	8	9/2 ⁺ #	05	95Gh04	T	1995	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁶⁷ Rf	T: symmetrized from 1.3(+2.3-0.5); supersedes 04Og12 one event at 2.3 h												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Db	T: symmetrized from 73(+350-33) m												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Sg	T: symmetrized from 80(+60-20) s; other 99Og.B=19 ms not trusted												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Bh	T: symmetrized from 00Wi15=17(+14-6)												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Hs	T: symmetrized from 52(+13-8)												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Hs ^m	T: 04Fo08(2 events)=940(+120-45); other not trusted 04Mo40(1 event)=803 ms												**		
* ²⁶⁷ Ds	T: one single event, lifetime 4 μ s, thus $T=2.8(+13.0-1.3)$, see 84Sc13												**		
²⁶⁸ Rf	115480#	710#				1#	h		0 ⁺					$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁶⁸ Db	117060#	530#				30.8	h	5.0		05	12Og02	T	2004	SF \approx 100; $\beta^+?$	*
²⁶⁸ Db ^p	117220#	540#	160#	100#											
²⁶⁸ Sg	116800#	470#				2#	m		0 ⁺					$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁶⁸ Bh	120810#	380#				25#	s							$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁶⁸ Hs	122830#	280#				1.42	s	1.13	0 ⁺		10Ni14	TD	2010	$\alpha\approx$ 100	*
²⁶⁸ Mt	129150#	230#				27	ms	6	5 ⁺ #, 6 ⁺ #	05	04Mo26	T	1995	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁶⁸ Ds	133650#	300#				100#	μ s		0 ⁺					$\alpha?$	*
* ²⁶⁸ Db	T: average 12Og02=27.9(+7.8-5.0) 07St18=28(+11-4)												**		
* ²⁶⁸ Db	T: 12Og02 supersedes 05Og02=29(+9-6) and 04Og03=16(+19-6)												**		
* ²⁶⁸ Hs	T: symmetrized from 0.38(+1.8-0.17)												**		
* ²⁶⁸ Mt	T: mean lifetime of 14 events in 04Mo26=30 ms and 6 events in 02Ho11=60 ms												**		
²⁶⁹ Db	119150#	680#				3#	h							$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁶⁹ Sg	119820#	360#				8.0	m	6.3		05	10E106	TD	2010	$\alpha\approx$ 100; SF?	*
²⁶⁹ Bh	121480#	370#				1#	m							$\alpha?$	
²⁶⁹ Hs	124590#	130#				27	s	17	9/2 ⁺ #	05	02Ho11	T	1996	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁶⁹ Mt	129310#	460#				100#	ms							$\alpha?$	*
²⁶⁹ Ds	134840	30				230	μ s	110	9/2 ⁺ #	05	95Ho03	T	1995	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁶⁹ Sg	T: one α event at 185 s, thus $T=128(+613-58)$ s												**		
* ²⁶⁹ Sg	T: ENSDF00=22(+32-11) s based on 99Ni03 work retracted by authors in 02Ni10												**		
* ²⁶⁹ Hs	T: 2 events at 19.7 and 22.0 s yield 14(+26-6), see 84Sc13												**		
* ²⁶⁹ Ds	T: symmetrized from 170(+160-60)												**		
²⁷⁰ Db	122360#	600#				90	h	70		10	10Og01	TD	2010	SF=100	*
²⁷⁰ Sg	121490#	560#				3#	m		0 ⁺					$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁷⁰ Bh	124230#	290#				3.8	m	3.0		07	07Og02	TD	2007	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷⁰ Bh ^p	124830#	350#	600#	200#											
²⁷⁰ Hs	125090#	250#				30#	s		0 ⁺	05	03Tu05	D	2006	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷⁰ Mt	130710#	170#				6.3	ms	1.5		05			2004	$\alpha\approx$ 100	*
²⁷⁰ Ds	134680	50				205	μ s	48	0 ⁺	05	11Ac.A	T	2001	$\alpha\approx$ 100; SF<0.2	*
²⁷⁰ Ds ^m	136070	60	1390	60	AD	10	ms	6	(10) ^(-#)	05			2001	$\alpha=?$; IT?	*
* ²⁷⁰ Db	T: one event at 33.4 h, yields 23.15(110.9-10.6), see 84Sc13												**		
* ²⁷⁰ Bh	T: symmetrized from 61(+292-28) s												**		
* ²⁷⁰ Mt	T: symmetrized from 5.0(+2.4-0.3)												**		
* ²⁷⁰ Ds	T: average 11Ac.A=200(+70-40) 01Ho06=100(+140-40)												**		
* ²⁷⁰ Ds ^m	T: symmetrized from 6.0(+8.2-2.2)												**		
²⁷¹ Sg	124760#	590#				3.1	m	1.6		06	06Og05	TD	2004	$\alpha=70$; SF=30	*
²⁷¹ Bh	125990#	440#				1#	m			05				$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁷¹ Hs	127770#	300#				10#	s						2008	$\alpha?$; SF?	
²⁷¹ Mt	131100#	330#				400#	ms							$\alpha?$	
²⁷¹ Ds	135950#	100#				90	ms	40	13/2 ⁻ #	05			1998	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷¹ Ds ^m	136020#	100#	68	27	AD	1.7	ms	0.4	9/2 ⁺ #	05			1995	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁷¹ Sg	T: symmetrized from 1.9(+2.4-0.6); supersedes 04Og12=2.4(4.3-1.0) $\alpha=50$; SF=50												**		
* ²⁷¹ Ds	T: symmetrized from 69(+56-21)												**		
* ²⁷¹ Ds ^m	T: symmetrized from 1.63(+0.44-0.29)												**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁷² Sg	126580#	770#			4#	m	0 ⁺				α ?; SF ?			
²⁷² Bh	128790#	540#			8.8	s	2.1	05	12Og02	T	2004	$\alpha \approx 100$	*	
²⁷² Bh ^p	128970#	550#	180#	100#										
²⁷² Hs	129010#	510#			10#	s	0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?		
²⁷² Mt	133580#	490#			400#	ms						α ?; SF ?		
²⁷² Ds	136020#	410#			200#	ms	0 ⁺					SF ?		
²⁷² Rg	142770#	230#			4.5	ms	1.0	5 ⁺ #, 6 ⁺ #	05	04Mo26	T	1995	$\alpha = 100$	*
* ²⁷² Bh	T : symmetrized from 8.2(+2.5-1.6); supersedes 04Og03=9.8(+11.7-3.5)											**		
* ²⁷² Rg	T : mean lifetime of 14 events in 04Mo26=5.5 ms and 6 events in 02Ho11=2.3											**		
²⁷³ Sg	130020#	500#			5#	m						SF ?		
²⁷³ Bh	130630#	740#			1#	m						α ?; SF ?		
²⁷³ Hs	131970#	370#			910	ms	720	3/2 ⁺ #	05	10EI06	TD	2010	$\alpha \approx 100$	*
²⁷³ Hs ^p	132080#	380#	110#	100#								α ?; SF ?		
²⁷³ Mt	134510#	480#			800#	ms						α ?; SF ?		
²⁷³ Ds	138380#	130#			240	μ s	120	13/2 ⁻ #	05		1996	$\alpha = 100$	*	
²⁷³ Ds ^m	138580#	130#	198	20	EU	120	ms	3/2 ⁺ #	05		1996	$\alpha = 100$	*	
²⁷³ Rg	142640#	530#			2#	ms						α ?		
* ²⁷³ Hs	T : one α event at 346 ms, thus $T=240(+1150-110)$ ms											**		
* ²⁷³ Hs	T : ${}^{99}\text{Ni}03=1.2(+1.7-0.6)$ s α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10											**		
* ²⁷³ Ds	T : symmetrized from 170(+170-60)											**		
²⁷⁴ Bh	133710#	600#			3.4	m	2.7		10	10Og01	TD	2010	$\alpha = 100$	*
²⁷⁴ Hs	133490#	590#			500#	ms		0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁴ Mt	137160#	350#			850	ms	540		07	07Og02	TD	2007	$\alpha \approx 100$	*
²⁷⁴ Ds	139180#	390#			10#	ms		0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁴ Rg	144620#	180#			29	ms	18		05	08Mo09	TD	2004	$\alpha \approx 100$	*
* ²⁷⁴ Bh	T : one event at 1.3 m, yields 0.901(+4.32-0.41), see 84Sc13											**		
* ²⁷⁴ Mt	T : symmetrized from 440(+810-170)ms											**		
* ²⁷⁴ Rg	T : 2 events at 9.26 and 34.3 ms											**		
²⁷⁵ Bh	135690#	600#			5#	m							SF ?	
²⁷⁵ Hs	136620#	590#			290	ms	150		05	06Og05	TD	2004	$\alpha = 100$	*
²⁷⁵ Hs ^p	136860#	600#	240#	100#										
²⁷⁵ Mt	138630#	470#			40	ms	30		05	04Og03	TD	2004	$\alpha = 100$	*
²⁷⁵ Ds	141620#	420#			10#	ms							α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁵ Rg	145260#	520#			5#	ms							α ?	
* ²⁷⁵ Hs	T : symmetrized from 190(+220-70) ms; supersedes 04Og12=150(+270-60)											**		
* ²⁷⁵ Mt	T : symmetrized from 9.7(+46-4.4)											**		
²⁷⁶ Hs	138290#	800#			100#	ms		0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁶ Mt	141210#	550#			730	ms	160		05	12Og02	T	2004	$\alpha = 100$	*
²⁷⁶ Mt ^m	141350#	550#	140	70	AD	*	10	s	5				$\alpha = 100$	*
²⁷⁶ Mt ^p	141510#	560#	300#	100#										
²⁷⁶ Ds	142540#	550#			100#	ms		0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁶ Rg	147490#	630#			10#	ms							α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁶ Cn	150350#	600#			100#	μ s		0 ⁺					α ?; SF ?	
* ²⁷⁶ Mt	T : symmetrized from 680(+200-120); supersedes 04Og03=720(+870-250)											**		
* ²⁷⁶ Mt ^m	T : symmetrized from 6(+8-2)											**		
²⁷⁷ Hs	141490#	540#			11	ms	9	3/2 ⁺ #	05	10Du06	TD	2010	SF=100	*
²⁷⁷ Hs ^m	141590#	550#	100#	100#	130	s	100			12Ho12	TD	2012	SF=100	*
²⁷⁷ Hs ^p	141960#	550#	470#	100#										
²⁷⁷ Mt	142770#	770#			10#	s							α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁷ Ds	145230#	380#			22	ms	17	11/2 ⁺ #	05	10EI06	TD	2010	$\alpha \approx 100$; SF ?	*
²⁷⁷ Rg	148170#	570#			10#	ms							α ?; SF ?	
²⁷⁷ Cn	152430#	140#			990	μ s	490	3/2 ⁺ #	05			1996	$\alpha = 100$	*
* ²⁷⁷ Hs	T : symmetrized from 3.0(+14.4-1.4); ${}^{99}\text{Og}10$ one SF event at 16.5m, not trusted											**		
* ²⁷⁷ Hs ^m	T : (SF 1 event) symmetrized from 34(+164-16) s											**		
* ²⁷⁷ Ds	T : one α event at 8.21 ms, thus 5.7(+27.3-2.6)											**		
* ²⁷⁷ Ds	T : ${}^{99}\text{Ni}03=3.0(+4.7-1.5)$ ms α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10											**		
* ²⁷⁷ Cn	T : four events at 280 μ s, 1406 μ s, 1100 μ s and 1220 μ s, see 84Sc13											**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)			
²⁷⁸ Mt	145600#	630#			29	s	23		10	10Og01	TD	2010	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷⁸ Mt ^p	145980#	660#	380#	200#										
²⁷⁸ Ds	146280#	630#			270#	ms		0 ⁺					$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁷⁸ Rg	150430#	360#			8	ms	5		07	07Og02	TD	2007	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷⁸ Cn	152910#	440#			2#	ms		0 ⁺					$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁷⁸ Ed	158890#	180#			2.3	ms	1.3		05	12Mo25	TD	2004	$\alpha \approx 100$	*
* ²⁷⁸ Mt	T : 10Og01 one α -decay event at 11.0 s											**		
* ²⁷⁸ Rg	T : symmetrized from 4.2(+7.5-1.7)											**		
* ²⁷⁸ Ed	T : 3 events at 0.344, 4.930 and 0.667 ms; supersedes 08Mo09											**		
²⁷⁹ Mt	147250#	670#			30#	s							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁷⁹ Ds	149130#	600#			210	ms	50		05	06Og05	TD	2004	SF=90; $\alpha=10$	*
²⁷⁹ Ds ^p	149320#	610#	190#	100#										
²⁷⁹ Rg	151570#	470#			640	ms	510		05	04Og03	TD	2004	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁷⁹ Rg ^p	151780#	480#	210#	100#										
²⁷⁹ Cn	155130#	470#			5#	ms							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁷⁹ Ed	159240#	700#			1#	ms							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
* ²⁷⁹ Ds	T : symmetrized from 200(+50-40); supersedes 04Og12=180(+50-30) and											**		
* ²⁷⁹ Ds	T : 04Og07=290(+350-100);											**		
* ²⁷⁹ Ds	T : others : 09St21 one SF event at 185 ms, 07Ei02 one SF event at 536 ms											**		
* ²⁷⁹ Rg	T : symmetrized from 170(+810-80)											**		
²⁸⁰ Ds	150260#	820#			11	s	6	0 ⁺	05	01Og01	TD	1999	SF=100	*
²⁸⁰ Rg	153830#	560#			3.8	s	0.8		05	12Og02	T	2004	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁸⁰ Rg ^p	153950#	570#	120#	100#										
²⁸⁰ Cn	155700#	580#			5#	ms		0 ⁺					$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁸⁰ Ed	161080#	700#			10#	ms							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
* ²⁸⁰ Ds	T : 3 events at 6.93, 14.3 and 7.4 yield 6.6(+9-2.4), see 84Sc13											**		
* ²⁸⁰ Rg	T : symmetrized from 3.53(+0.99-0.63); supersedes 04Og03=3.6(+4.3-1.3)											**		
²⁸¹ Ds	153240#	550#			14	s	4	3/2 ⁺ #	05	10Du06	TD	2004	SF=85 12; $\alpha=15$ 12	*
²⁸¹ Ds ^m	153470#	550#	230#	160#	0.9	s	0.7			12Ho12	TD	2012	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁸¹ Rg	154960#	820#			37	s	17		10	10Og01	TD	2010	SF=100	*
²⁸¹ Cn	158120#	390#			370	ms	290	3/2 ⁺ #	05	10Ei06	TD	2010	$\alpha \approx 100$; SF ?	*
²⁸¹ Ed	161600#	700#			100#	ms							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
* ²⁸¹ Ds	T : average 10Du06=20(+20-7) 07Og01=11.1(+5.0-2.7); supersedes											**		
* ²⁸¹ Ds	T : 04Og07=9.6(+5.0-2.5); 99Og10 one α event at 1.6 m, not trusted											**		
* ²⁸¹ Ds	D : symmetrized from SF=91(+7-16)%; $\alpha=9(+16-7)%$											**		
* ²⁸¹ Ds ^m	T : symmetrized from 0.25(+1.18-0.11) s											**		
* ²⁸¹ Rg	T : symmetrized from 26(+25-8)											**		
* ²⁸¹ Cn	T : one α event at 140 ms, thus 97(+465-44)											**		
* ²⁸¹ Cn	T : 99Ni03=0.89(+1.30-0.45) α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10											**		
²⁸² Rg	157530#	670#			1.9	s	1.5		05	10Og01	TD	2010	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁸² Cn	158820#	660#			900	μ s	240	0 ⁺	05	06Og05	TD	2004	SF=100	*
²⁸² Ed	163640#	360#			140	ms	90		07	07Og02	TD	2007	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁸² Rg	T : one event at 740 ms, yields 513(2457-234) ms, see 84Sc13											**		
* ²⁸² Cn	T : symmetrized from SF=820(+300-180); supersedes 04Og12=500(+330-140)											**		
* ²⁸² Cn	T : also 10Ei06 one SF event at 522 μ s; 09St21 one SF at 3600 μ s											**		
* ²⁸² Ed	T : symmetrized from 73(+134-29)											**		
²⁸³ Rg	158860#	730#			30#	s							$\alpha ?$; SF ?	
²⁸³ Cn	161400#	610#			4.1	s	1.0		06	06Og05	TD	2004	$\alpha=?$; SF<10	*
²⁸³ Ed	164480#	480#			380	ms	310		05	04Og03	TD	2004	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁸³ Cn	T : symmetrized from 3.8(+1.2-0.7); supersedes 04Og12=4.0(+1.3-0.7) and											**		
* ²⁸³ Cn	T : 04Og07=6.1(+7.2-2.2); other 07Ho18=6.9(+6.9-2.3), SF=50											**		
* ²⁸³ Cn	T : 09St21 one α event at 1.92 s											**		
* ²⁸³ Cn	T : Four SF events at 99Og07=9.3 m, 3.8 m, 99Og05=3.0 m, 0.9 m, not trusted											**		
* ²⁸³ Ed	T : symmetrized from 100(+490-45)											**		
²⁸⁴ Cn	162230#	850#			104	ms	20	0 ⁺	05	10Du06	TD	2004	SF=100	*
²⁸⁴ Ed	166480#	580#			1.01	s	0.24		05	12Og02	T	2004	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁸⁴ Cn	T : average 10Du06=101(+50-25) 07Og01=97(+31-19); supersedes											**		
* ²⁸⁴ Cn	T : 04Og12=101(+41-22) and 04Og07=98(+41-12)											**		
* ²⁸⁴ Cn	TD : 01Og01 3 α 's at 53.9 s, 10.3 s, 18.0 s, not trusted											**		
* ²⁸⁴ Ed	T : symmetrized from 940(+290-180)ms; supersedes 04Og03=480(+580-170)ms											**		

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)	Excitation energy (keV)	Half-life	J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery	Decay modes and intensities (%)
²⁸⁵ Cn	164980# 560#		32 s 9	5/2 ⁺ #	05	10Du06 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁵ Cn ^m	165740# 560# 750# 170#		15 s 12			12Ho12 TD	2012	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁵ Ed	167420# 830#		8 s 4		10	10Og01 TD	2010	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁵ Fl	171060# 440#		470 ms 380			10El06 TD	2010	$\alpha\approx 100$; SF ? *
* ²⁸⁵ Cn	T : average 10Du06=30(+30-10) 07Og01=29(+13-7); supersedes **							
* ²⁸⁵ Cn	T : 04Og07=34(+17-9); 99Og10 one event at 15.4 ms, not trusted **							
* ²⁸⁵ Cn ^m	T : symmetrized from 4.0(+19.1-1.8) s **							
* ²⁸⁵ Ed	T : symmetrized from 5.5(+5.0-1.8) **							
* ²⁸⁵ Fl	T : one α event at 181 ms, thus 125(+600-57); escape α , no Q_α measured **							
* ²⁸⁵ Fl	T : 99Ni03=580(+870-290) α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10 **							
²⁸⁶ Ed	169730# 670#		70 s 60		10	10Og01 TD	2010	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁶ Ed ^p	170040# 680# 310# 100#							
²⁸⁶ Fl	171610# 660#		140 ms 30	0 ⁺	05	06Og05 TD	2004	SF \approx 60; $\alpha\approx$ 40 *
* ²⁸⁶ Ed	T : one event at 28.3 s, yields 19.6(93.9-12.9), see 84Sc13 **							
* ²⁸⁶ Fl	T : symmetrized from 130(+40-20); supersedes 04Og12=160(+70-30) and **							
* ²⁸⁶ Fl	T : 04Og07=290(+540-110); also one α each 10El06=76 ms, 09St1=301 ms **							
²⁸⁷ Ed	170830# 760#		2# m					α ?; SF ?
²⁸⁷ Fl	173990# 610#		520 ms 130		05	06Og05 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁷ Fl	177640# 490#		120 ms 100		05	04Og03 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
* ²⁸⁷ Fl	T : symmetrized from 480(+160-90); supersedes 04Og12=510(+180-100) **							
* ²⁸⁷ Fl	T : supersedes 04Og07=1.1(+1.3-0.4); 99Og07 2 evts 1.32, 14.4 s not trusted **							
* ²⁸⁷ Fl	T : also 09St21 one α event at 815 ms **							
* ²⁸⁷ Fl	T : symmetrized from 32(+155-14) **							
²⁸⁸ Fl	174720# 850#		750 ms 140	0 ⁺	05	11Ga19 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁸ Fl	179540# 580#		190 ms 40		05	12Og02 T	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
* ²⁸⁸ Fl	T : average 11Ga19=520(+220-130) 07Og01=800(+270-160); supersedes **							
* ²⁸⁸ Fl	T : 10Du06=470(+240-120); 04Og12=800(+320-180) and 04Og07=630(+270-140) **							
* ²⁸⁸ Fl	T : 01Og01=1800(+2100-600) re-assigned to ²⁸⁹ Fl **							
* ²⁸⁸ Fl	T : symmetrized from 173(+52-32); supersedes 04Og03=87(+105-30) **							
²⁸⁹ Fl	177370# 560#		2.4 s 0.6	5/2 ⁺ #	05	10Du06 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁹ Fl ^m	178330# 560# 960# 190#		1.1 s 0.8			12Ho12 TD	2012	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁹ Fl	180360# 830#		340 ms 180		10	10Og01 TD	2010	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁸⁹ Lv	184590# 530#	RN	2# ms	5/2 ⁺ #	00	02Ni10 I		α ? *
* ²⁸⁹ Fl	T : average 10Du06=0.97(+0.97-0.32) 07Og01=2.6(+1.2-0.7); **							
* ²⁸⁹ Fl	T : supersedes 04Og07=2.7(+1.4-0.7); **							
* ²⁸⁹ Fl	T : 99Og10 one event at 30.4 s, not trusted **							
* ²⁸⁹ Fl ^m	T : symmetrized from 0.28(+1.35-0.13) s **							
* ²⁸⁹ Fl	T : symmetrized from 220(+260-80) **							
* ²⁸⁹ Fl	T : 99Ni03=600(+860-300) α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10 **							
²⁹⁰ Fl	182550# 680#		60 ms 50		10	10Og01 TD	2010	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁹⁰ Fl ^p	182660# 690# 110# 100#							
²⁹⁰ Lv	185030# 660#		8 ms 3	0 ⁺	05	06Og05 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
* ²⁹⁰ Fl	T : one event at 23 ms, yields 15.9(+76.2-7.3), see 84Sc13 **							
* ²⁹⁰ Lv	T : symmetrized from 7.1(+3.2-1.7); supersedes 04Og07=15(+26-6) **							
²⁹¹ Fl	183570# 820#		1# s					α ?; SF ?
²⁹¹ Lv	187300# 610#		28 ms 15		05	06Og05 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁹¹ Eh	191450# 630#		2# ms					α ?; SF ?
* ²⁹¹ Lv	T : symmetrized from 18(+22-6); supersedes 04Og07=6.3(+11.6-2.5) **							
²⁹² Lv	187920# 850#		24 ms 12	0 ⁺	05	04Og12 TD	2004	$\alpha=100$ *
²⁹² Eh	193250# 700#		10# ms					α ?; SF ?
* ²⁹² Lv	T : symmetrized from 18(+16-6) **							
* ²⁹² Lv	T : 01Og01 reported one event at 46.9 ms, re-assigned to next isotope **							

Table I. The NUBASE2012 table (continued, Explanation of Table on page 1176)

Nuclide	Mass excess (keV)		Excitation energy (keV)		Half-life		J^π	Ens	Reference	Year of discovery		Decay modes and intensities (%)	
²⁹³ Lv	190480#	560#			80	ms 40		05	07Og01	TD	2004	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁹³ Lv ^m	191410#	560#	930#	200#	80	ms 60			12Ho12	TD	2012	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁹³ Eh	193970#	830#			18	ms 8		10	10Og01	TD	2010	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁹³ Ei	198930#	730#		RN	1#	ms	1/2 ⁺ #	00	02Ni10	I		$\alpha ?$	*
* ²⁹³ Lv	T : symmetrized from 61(+57-20); supersedes 04Og07=53(+62-19)												
* ²⁹³ Lv ^m	T : symmetrized from 20(+96-9) ms												
* ²⁹³ Eh	T : symmetrized from 14(+11-4)												
* ²⁹³ Ei	T : 99Ni03=120(+180-60) α -decay retracted by authors in 02Ni10												
²⁹⁴ Eh	196040#	690#			290	ms 230		10	10Og01	TD	2010	$\alpha=100$	*
²⁹⁴ Ei	199270#	660#			1.4	ms 0.7	0 ⁺	05	06Og05	TD	2006	$\alpha=100$	*
* ²⁹⁴ Eh	T : one event at 112 ms, yields 78(+374-36), see 84Sc13												
* ²⁹⁴ Ei	T : symmetrized from 890(+1070-310) μ s; supersedes 04Og12 one event at 1.8 ms												
²⁹⁵ Ei	201430#	640#			10#	ms			04Og05	TD		$\alpha ?$	*
* ²⁹⁵ Ei	T : 04Og05 reports one α event at 2.55 ms ; re-assigned to ²⁹⁴ Ei												