

WP 2002-12

**Redundant coding, new data heading PART-OUT
CP-C/304, CP-A/122**

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Memo CP-C/304

DATE: May 3, 2002
TO: Distribution
FROM: V. McLane
SUBJECT: Redundancies in EXFOR (Memo CP-C/259)

We have discussed redundancies in EXFOR at many of the recent NRDC meetings. In Memo CP-C/259, I made some proposals for clarification. (*Note by NDS: CP-C/259, dated 17 November 1999, was not received at NDS until 6 May 2002*). There is no mention of whether anything was decided at the NRDC in 2000, I will reiterate the following proposals.

1. Independent versus cumulative: In EXFOR, a defined cross section is assumed to be independent if no other indication is given.

Proposal: The use of the code IND, in REACTION sub-field 5, is restricted to use with the codes F and X in SF3.

I have a code that will convert the affected entries.

2. Undefined reaction channels: Similarly, a reaction for which the reaction channel is undefined is coded using the process code X in sub-field 3. The use of UND was introduced for charged particles and was coupled to the number of protons and neutrons being given in sub-field 3. This led to the introduction of the variable number of emitted nucleons formalism in order to be able to use the variable nucleus formalism for multiple reaction products.

Distribution

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Proposals:

a.) Eliminate the use of the codes UND and DEF in REACTION sub-field 5. The code (DEF) will remain.

b.) Eliminate the use of a variable number of emitted nucleons, that is, the process codes XN and YP. XN have been used in about 60 subentries, where neutron emission data is given, i.e., they should be coded as (...X)0-NN-1.....).

c.) Eliminate the data headings N-OUT and P-OUT. These have been used in only one entry, which could be easily recoded. (*There are new proposals for variable output particles*).

I volunteer to retrieve and convert the entries affected.

3. Experimental data code: Data with no code in REACTION SF9 is considered to be experimental. For charged-particle data, the code EXP was introduced for REACTION sub-field 9 as a positive indication that the data is experimental. This is not so serious, however, it may be confusing to users, who may think there is a difference between data coded in 2 different ways..

Proposal: Eliminate the use of the code EXP in REACTION sub-field 9.

To: **Distribution**
From: **F.E. Chukreev, S. Babykina**
Subject: **Action A38 of Technical Meeting 2001**
Addition to Dictionary 24

Add to dictionary 24

We suggest to input in Dic.24 new code-

PART-OUT (the number of emitted particles)

The development of experimental technique permits detects some particles simultaneously.

For example: In work of F.Goldenbaum et.al. "Heating of nuclei with energetic antiprotons", published in Phys. Rev. Letters, v.77, p.1230, 1996, the authors measured the reaction cross sections in dependent from the number of outgoing particles (all hydrogen and helium isotopes). If we can use N-OUT and P-OUT for neutrons and protons, another particles request more common decision.

Therefore, we propose PART-OUT as new independent variable (the quantity emitting particles. SIG/DN could be used as measurement unit (see C24 of Technical Meeting 2001). Of course, under PART-DET we must indicate measured particles, obligatory.

Another similar publication:

1. PR/C,63,034616,2001
2. EPJ/A,8,197,2000
3. PL/B,472,15,2000.

In future we will have many publication produced on "Berlin ball", where similar measurements are possible.

One example of EXFOR entry with PART-OUT is given in separate attachment.

ENTRY	00939	020325	009390000001
SUBENT	00939001	020325	0093900100001
BIB	11	41	0093900100002
TITLE	Heating of Nuclei with Energetic Antiprotons.		0093900100003
AUTHOR	(F.GOLDENBAUM, W. BOHNE, J. EADES, T.V. EGITY, P. FIGUERA, H. FUCHS, J. GALIN, YE.S. GOLUBEVA, K. GULDA, D. HILSCHER, A.S. IIJINOV, U. JAHNKE, J. JASTRZEBSKI, W. KURCEWICZ, B. LOTT, M. MORJEAN, G. PAUSCH, A. PEGHAIRE, L. PIENKOWSKI, D. POLSTER, S. PROSCHITZKI, B. QUEDNAU, H. ROSSNER, S. SCHMID, W. SCHMID, P. ZIEM)		0093900100004 0093900100005 0093900100006 0093900100007 0093900100008 0093900100009
INSTITUTE	(2GERBER)		0093900100010
	(2ZZZCER)		0093900100011
	(2GERMUN)		0093900100012
	(2FR PAR)		0093900100013
	(4RUSJIA)		0093900100014
	(3POLWWA)		0093900100015
	(2GERDRE)		0093900100016
REFERENCE	(J,PRL,77,1230,96)		0093900100017
HISTORY	(020207C)		0093900100018
	(020325U) Last checking has been done.		0093900100019
SAMPLE	Cu-Natural, Ho-165, Au-197 and U-238 Targets with Thicknesses of 1-2 Mg/Cm**2, were Used.		0093900100020 0093900100021
ADD-RES	(COMP). Intranuclear Cascade Calculations.		0093900100022
DETECTOR	(SCIN) Antiprotons Triggered a Scintillator System Consisting of a Thin 2-Mm Start Detector Vetoed by An Annular Detector.		0093900100023 0093900100024 0093900100025
	(D4PI) The Reaction Products were Detected by Means of Two 4Pi-Detectors Surrounding the Target-The So-Called Berlin Neutron Ball (BNB), Containing at Its Center the Berlin Silicon Ball (BSIB). The Bnb is a Spherical Tank With an Outer Diameter of 140-Cm and a Scintillator Volume of 1500 Liters, Housing a Reaction Chamber of 400-Cm Diameter at the Center of Which the Targets were Located. This Detector was Mainly Used For Counting Evaporationlike Neutrons in Each Reaction. Light-Particle (H+HE ISOTOPES), Intermediate Mass Fragments And Fission Fragments were Detected by the Bsib-Detector Composed of 158 Independent Silicon Detectors, 500 Mum Thick, Forming a 20-Cm Diameter Sphere. These Detectors Covered an Active Zone of About 90% of 4Pi-Detectors.		0093900100026 0093900100027 0093900100028 0093900100029 0093900100030 0093900100031 0093900100032 0093900100033 0093900100034 0093900100035 0093900100036 0093900100037 0093900100038 0093900100039 0093900100040
FACILITY	(ACCEL,2ZZZCER) Low-Energy Antiproton Ring (LERA)		0093900100041
METHOD	(TOF)		0093900100042
STATUS	(CURVE).By CAJAD.		0093900100043
ENDBIB	41		0093900100044
COMMON	1	3	0093900100045
EN			0093900100046
GEV			0093900100047
	1.2		0093900100048
ENDCOMMON	3		0093900100049
ENDSUBENT	48		0093900199999
SUBENT	00939002	020325	0093900200001
BIB	3	5	0093900200002
REACTION	(79-AU-197(AP,ABS),,SIG/DN,,EXP) Figure 2a		0093900200003
PART-DET	(P) And Another Hydrogen Isotopes		0093900200004
	(HE3)		0093900200005
	(A)		0093900200006
ERR-ANALYS	(DATA-ERR).Data-Point Reader Uncertainty.		0093900200007
ENDBIB	5		0093900200008
COMMON	1	3	0093900200009
DATA-ERR			0093900200010
MB			0093900200011
	1.1		0093900200012

ENDCOMMON	3			0093900200013
DATA	2	50		0093900200014
PART-OUT	DATA			0093900200015
NO-DIM	MB			0093900200016
1.	19.			0093900200017
2.	23.8			0093900200018
3.	24.6			0093900200019
4.	24.7			0093900200020
5.	24.8			0093900200021
6.	24.8			0093900200022
7.	24.9			0093900200023
8.	28.1			0093900200024
9.	28.9			0093900200025
10.	29.8			0093900200026
11.	32.2			0093900200027
12.	35.4			0093900200028
13.	37.9			0093900200029
14.	41.1			0093900200030
15.	44.3			0093900200031
16.	45.9			0093900200032
17.	49.9			0093900200033
18.	53.9			0093900200034
19.	56.3			0093900200035
20.	60.3			0093900200036
21.	63.6			0093900200037
22.	67.6			0093900200038
23.	66.			0093900200039
24.	69.3			0093900200040
25.	71.7			0093900200041
26.	73.3			0093900200042
27.	72.6			0093900200043
28.	71.1			0093900200044
29.	69.6			0093900200045
30.	66.5			0093900200046
31.	62.6			0093900200047
32.	58.			0093900200048
33.	51.7			0093900200049
34.	45.8			0093900200050
35.	39.3			0093900200051
36.	33.8			0093900200052
37.	28.4			0093900200053
38.	21.5			0093900200054
40.	15.9			0093900200055
41.	12.			0093900200056
42.	9.8			0093900200057
43.	7.5			0093900200058
44.	5.2			0093900200059
45.	3.6			0093900200060
46.	2.1			0093900200061
47.	2.2			0093900200062
48.	2.3			0093900200063
49.	0.8			0093900200064
50.	0.9			0093900200065
51.	0.1			0093900200066
ENDDATA	52			0093900200067
ENDSUBENT	66			0093900299999