

Level Density Compilation

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Compilation of level density is proposed in Memo CP-D/512. Level density is not a nuclear reaction quantity, but useful parameters for nuclear reaction model calculation. Such quantities are explained in LEXFOR “Nuclear quantities” with SF2=SF3=0.

Numerical data of level densities obtained at the Oslo Cyclotron Laboratory group are website of the group (<http://ocl.uio.no/>) for our compilation.

Reference	Reaction
A. Schiller <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 63 , 021306(R) (2001):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{161}\text{Dy}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{162}\text{Dy}$
E. Melby <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 63 , 044309 (2001):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{166}\text{Er}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{167}\text{Er}$
A. Schiller <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 63 , 021306(R) (2001):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{171}\text{Yb}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{172}\text{Yb}$
S. Siem <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 65 , 044318 (2002):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{148}\text{Sm}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{149}\text{Sm}$
M. Guttormsen <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 68 , 064306 (2003):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{160}\text{Dy}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{161}\text{Dy}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{161}\text{Dy}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{162}\text{Dy}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{162}\text{Dy}$,
A. Schiller <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 68 , 054326 (2003):	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{56}\text{Fe}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{57}\text{Fe}$ $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{96}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{97}\text{Mo}$
U. Agvaanluvsan <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 70 , 054611 (2004)	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{170}\text{Yb}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{171}\text{Yb}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{171}\text{Yb}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{172}\text{Yb}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{172}\text{Yb}$
R. Chankova <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 73 , 034311 (2006)	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{93}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{94}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{95}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{96}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{96}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{97}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{97}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{98}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{96}\text{Mo}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{96}\text{Mo}$
A.C. Larsen <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. C 73 , 064301 (2006)	$(^3\text{He}, ^4\text{He})^{50}\text{V}$, $(^3\text{He}, ^3\text{He})^{51}\text{V}$

LEXFOR “Nuclear Quantities”

Nuclear Quantities

A quantity that does not refer to a nuclear reaction, but is a property of a given nuclide, is coded by entering the nucleus to which the data are pertinent as the target nucleus (SF1) under REACTION; a zero is entered in SF2 (incident projectile field).

At present, the following nuclear quantities are coded in EXFOR.

1. **Spontaneous fission**, see **Fission**.
2. **Level-Density Parameter**: proportional to single-particle level spacing at top of Fermi-sea in the Fermi-gas model of the nucleus, in specified formalism.

REACTION Coding: LDP in SF6 (Parameter).

Example: (... (0 , 0) , , LDP)

For nuclei around $A = 208$, neutron emission spectra can only be interpreted by assuming a variable level-density parameter, *i.e.*, increasing density with increasing excitation energy. Therefore, the incident projectile must be specified in REACTION SF2 and its energy must be coded.

Example: (... (N , INL) ... , , LDP) where, Z-S-A is the target nucleus

The incident-neutron energy is coded, as usual, under the data heading EN.

3. **Nuclear Temperature** - from Fermi-gas model of the nucleus.

REACTION Coding: TEM in SF6 (Parameter).

Example: (... (0 , 0) , , TEM)

4. **Spin-cut-off factor**

REACTION Coding: SCO in SF6 (Parameter).

Example: (... (0 , 0) , , SCO)

Subentries with nuclear quantities should, if applicable, contain the STATUS code DEP with cross-reference to the subentry containing the reaction data from which the nuclear quantity was derived.

Example: STATUS (DEP , 30343003)

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Memo CP-D/512 (Rev.)

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Subject: **Level density compilation**

The level density is an essential quantity in the statistical model calculation of nuclear reactions, which depends on the excitation energy of the nucleus. Its energy dependence has been empirically approximated by different phenomenological models, being a constant temperature and Fermi gas models widely employed. Some related nuclear quantities for these models are defined in Dictionary 236 (Level density parameter LDP , spin-cut-off factor SCO and nuclear temperature TEM). However, it was not possible to compile into EXFOR new pointwise measurements of the level density in a wide energy region.

Two new techniques have been developed for extraction of energy dependent level density in a wide energy range:

1) Level density derived from primary γ spectra:

Extraction of level density $\rho(E_i - E_\gamma)$ from the primary γ matrix $\Gamma(E_i, E_\gamma)$ on the assumption that,

$$\Gamma(E_i, E_\gamma) = \frac{F(E_\gamma)\rho(E_i - E_\gamma)}{\sum_{E_\gamma=E_\gamma^{\min}}^{E_i} F(E_\gamma)\rho(E_i - E_\gamma)}$$

, where E_i , E_γ and $F(E_\gamma)$ are the initial level of γ decay, γ energy and radiative transmission coefficient (Eq.(2) of [1]).

2) Level density derived from particle emission spectra:

Extraction of level density $\rho_b(E, I, \pi)$ from particle emission spectra $d\sigma/d\varepsilon_b$ based on the Hauser-Feshbach model.

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\varepsilon_b}(\varepsilon_a, \varepsilon_b) = \sum_{J, \pi} \sigma^{CN}(\varepsilon_a) \frac{\sum_{I, \pi} \Gamma_b(U, J, \pi, E, I, P) \rho_b(E, I, P)}{\Gamma(U, J, \pi)}$$

, where ε_a , ε_b , $\sigma^{CN}(\varepsilon_a)$, Γ_b , (U, J, π) , (E, I, P) are relative energies for initial and final channels, compound formation cross section, transmission coefficient, (excitation energy, angular momentum and parity) of compound, and residual nuclei, respectively (Eq.(2) of [2]).

We hereby propose new codes for the compilation of numerical data of level density extracted by methods (1) and (2).

Dictionary 23 (Analysis codes)

PGS Extraction of the LD from primary gamma spectra
PES Extraction of the LD from equilibrium particle emission spectra

Dictionary 32 (Parameters)

LD Level density

Dictionary 236 (Quantities)

, LD Level density

Quantity	Reaction Type	Dimension	Subentry
, LD	NQ	1 / E	

Reference

[1] A. Schiller *et al.*, Nucl. Instrum. Meth. Phys.Res.A**447**(2000)498

[2] A.V.Voinov *et al.*, Phys.Rev.C**74** (2006)014314.

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Coding sample

SUBENT	D9901001	20080730	D990100100001
BIB	11	22	D990100100002
TITLE	Thermal and electromagnetic properties of 166Er and 167Er		D990100100003
AUTHOR	(E.Melby, M.Guttormsen, J.Rekstad, A.Schiller, S.Siem)		D990100100004
INSTITUTE	(2NOROSL) Department of Physics		D990100100005
REFERENCE	(J,PR/C,63,(4),044309,200104)		D990100100006
SAMPLE	- Target enrichment is 95.6%.		D990100100007
	- Chemical-form of target is element.		D990100100008
	- Target-thickness is 1.5 mg/cm**2.		D990100100009
	- Target is self supported.		D990100100010
FACILITY	(CYCLO,2NOROSL) To accelerate 3He to 45 MeV at Oslo Cyclotron Laboratory		D990100100011
ANALYSIS	(UNFLD) Corrected for response of NaI detectors		D990100100012
	(PGS) Level density from primary gamma matrix		D990100100013
DETECTOR	(TELES,SI,SILI) To detect charged particles		D990100100014
	(NAICR) To detect primary gammas		D990100100015
ERR-ANALYS	No information on source of uncertainties		D990100100016
REL-REF	(N,,A.Schiller+,J,NIM/A,447,498,2000)		D990100100017
	Method to extract level density from gamma spectra		D990100100018
	(R,,R.B.Firestone+,B,FIRESTONE,,1996)		D990100100019
	Discrete levels at low excitation energy for normalization		D990100100020
HISTORY	(20080730C) On		D990100100021
ENDBIB	22	0	D990100100022
NOCOMMON	0	0	D990100100023
ENDSUBENT	25	0	D990100199999
SUBENT	D9901002	20080730	D990100200001
BIB	4	6	D990100200002
REACTION	(68-ER-166(0,0),,LD)		D990100200003
	Derived from 167Er(3He,a)166Er* reaction		D990100200004
PART-DET	(A,G)		D990100200005
EN-SEC	(E-EXC,68-ER-166)		D990100200006
STATUS	(TABLE) Data (Fig.4, p044309-3 of reference) taken from Oslo's compilation (http://ocl.uio.no/)		D990100200007
ENDBIB	6	0	D990100200008
NOCOMMON	0	0	D990100200009
DATA	3	43	D990100200010
E-EXC	DATA	DATA-ERR	D990100200011
MEV	1/MEV	1/MEV	D990100200012
0.025	5.620E-01	1.500E-01	D990100200013
0.145	1.120E+00	2.060E-01	D990100200014
0.265	1.810E+00	2.820E-01	D990100200015
...			
4.705	2.030E+04	2.170E+03	D990100200016
4.825	2.980E+04	3.030E+03	D990100200017
4.945	3.330E+04	3.480E+03	D990100200018
5.065	3.540E+04	4.360E+03	D990100200019
ENDDATA	45	0	D990100200020
ENDSUBENT	56	0	D990100299999