



International Atomic Energy Agency

Progress in TOF Spectra Compilation

Naohiko Otsuka

IAEA Nuclear Data Section

in collaboration with

Emmeric Dupont (CEA Saclay)

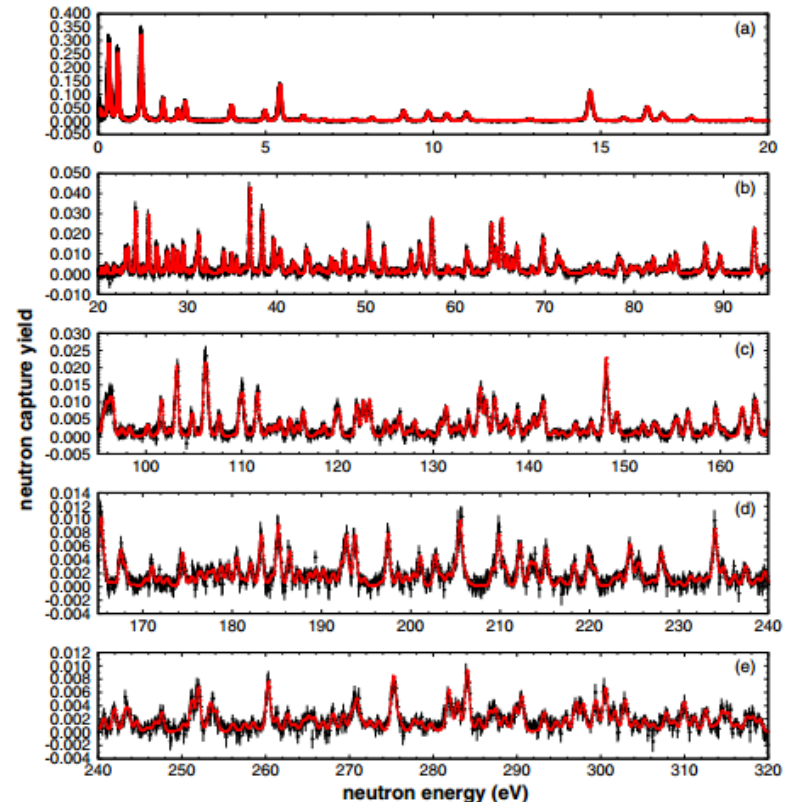
Hyeong Il Kim (KNDC)

Peter Schillebeeckx , Carlos Paradela, Stefan Kopecky (EC-JRC Geel)

Oscar Cabellos (NEA Data Bank)

Compilation of TOF Spectra - Background

- Archiving of energy dependent data sets for future resonance analysis (e.g., simultaneous fitting of transmission and capture yield)
- Not tabulated in publications.
- Not for digitization (~10000 points, input for least-square analysis)
- Submission of data by authors is essential.



$^{241}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)$ capture yield-
K. Fraval et al., PRC89(2014)044609

Consultant's Meeting (October 2013, Vienna)

Databases » EXFOR | ENDF | CINDA | IBANDL | Medical | PGAA | NGAtlas | RIPL | FENDL | IRDFF

Participants

Yaron Danon
Klaus H. Guber
Frank Gusing
Atsushi Kimura
Gilles Noguere
Peter Schillebeeckx
Gasper Zerovnik

Scientific Secretary

V. Semkova

NDS Staff involved

N. Otsuka
S. Simakov
V. Zerkin

Links

Nuclear Data Services
Nuclear Data Section
NRDC Network
IAEA
EXFOR

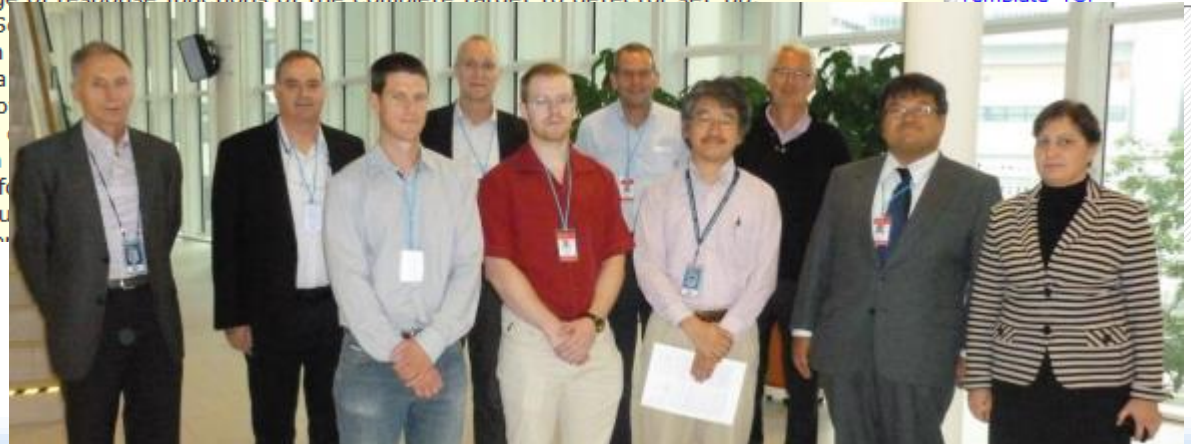
EXFOR Data in Resonance Region and Spectrometers' Response Function

(Consultants' Meeting, 8 to 10 October 2013, IAEA Headquarters, Vienna, Austria)

Background

Neutron-induced reaction cross section data in the resonance region are important for many fields of science and technology. Regarding nuclear energy applications such data are needed for analysis of nuclear criticality safety, advanced fuel cycle developments, nuclear safeguards applications, nuclear waste managements, etc. There are very few experimental facilities worldwide providing data in the resonance region: GELINA (IRMM, Belgium), J-PARC (Japan), n_TOF (CERN), ORELA (Oak Ridge, USA), RPI (NY, USA), each with its own characteristics. All facilities employ accelerators for production of neutrons in a broad energy range and data are obtained by transmission and capture measurements by time-of-flight method. Proper analysis of the data in the resonance region (total, capture, fission cross sections, and time-of-flight spectra) requires knowledge of response functions of the complete target to detector set-up.

The IAEA Nuclear Data Section library in collaboration with Data Centres (NRDC). Data of the EXFOR database. However, without energy dependent of such experiments for an observables available in a full such time-of-flight data mu resolution function) in order



Documentation

NIM A618 (2010) 54
NIM A555 (2005) 329
NIM A489 (2002) 346
NDS 113 (2012) 3054
JNST 7 (2012) P11002
KPS 59 (2011) 1314
NIM A736 (2014) 66
Memo CP-D/772

Codes

SAMMY
REFIT

Templates

Template TOF



Major Facilities Providing TOF Spectra

- **Major facilities providing TOF spectra for resonance analysis:**
 - n_TOF (2ZZZCER)
 - GELINA (2ZZZGEL)
 - RPI (1USARPI)
 - ORELA (1USAORL)
 - Some other TOF facilities providing point-wise neutron-induced cross sections in the resonance regions (*e.g.*, J-PARC, LANSCE).
- **NDS and NEA DB continue compilation for GELINA and n_TOF.**
- **NNDC continues compilation for RPI and ORELA.**



n_TOF

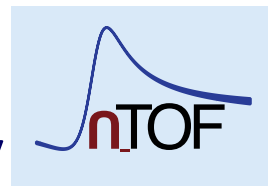
- n_TOF (Emmeric Dupont) monitors dissemination status since June 2015. He collects data and also review EXFOR entries.
- Now we usually receive numerical data without delay after final publication.

Examples:

$^{238}\text{U}(n,\gamma)$ C6D6 by Mingrone et al. (EXFOR 23234): Compiled in December 2016 and published in March 2017.)

$^{25}\text{Mg}(n,\gamma)$ C6D6 by Massimi et al. (EXFOR 23327): Compiled in March 2017 and published in May 2017.)

- EXFOR is *complete* for (n,f) and (n,cp) data sets finalized / published by n_TOF.



Retroactive compilation of n_TOF (n, γ) data sets

There is also a major progress in retroactive compilation of (n, γ) capture yields finalized / published by n_TOF many years ago.

Examples:

- $^{209}\text{Bi}(n,\gamma)$ C6D6 by Domingo-Pardo et al. (EXFOR 22944): Published in August 2006 and compiled in February 2017.
- $^{207}\text{Pb}(n,\gamma)$ C6D6 by Domingo-Pardo et al. (EXFOR 22946): Published in Nov. 2006 and compiled in April 2017.
- $^{90,94,96}\text{Zr}(n,\gamma)$ C6D6 by Tagliente et al. (EXFOR 23329, 23330, 23331): Published in March 2008 and July+Nov. 2011, and compiled in March 2017.



Reprocessing of Raw Data for EXFOR Compilation

From: emmeric.dupont@cea.fr [mailto:emmeric.dupont@cea.fr]
Sent: Thursday, 16 March 2017 11:43
To: OTSUKA, Naohiko <N.Otsuka@iaea.org>; Oscar.Cabellos@oecd.org
Cc: Giuseppe Tagliente <Giuseppe.Tagliente@ba.infn.it>
Subject: n_TOF C6D6 capture data for Zr-90,94,96

Dear Naohiko and Oscar,

Thanks to Pino (in Cc) I'm pleased to forward you the yields of the capture reaction on Zr-90,94,96 isotopes measured during n_TOF Phase-I. Well, I don't want to make a long story too short, but you have to know at least that the reduced data are no longer available and that Pino kindly agreed to process the yields again starting from the raw data stored at CERN!

You will find attached three files:

!!

- Zr90_v2_highres_Normalized4SAMMY_full_range_4EXFOR.txt with data published in PRC 77 (2008) 035802
- Zr94_v1_highres_Normalized4SAMMY_full_range_4EXFOR.txt with data published in PRC 84 (2011) 015801
- Zr96_v3_highres_Normalized4SAMMY_full_range_4EXFOR.txt with data published in PRC 84 (2011) 055802

These files share the same characteristics:

- The energy values (in eV) correspond to the middle of the bins



Reproduction of n_TOF Thesis as INDC Report



IAEA
International Atomic Energy Agency

INDC(SPN)-3
Distr. G

INDC International Nuclear Data Committee

**New Radiative Neutron Capture Measurement of
 ^{207}Pb and ^{209}Bi**

Doctor Thesis submitted to Universidad de Valencia
(December 2004)

César Domingo Pardo

Departamento de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear Instituto de Física Corpuscular
Universidad de Valencia

February 2017

IAEA Nuclear Data Section, Vienna International Centre, A-1400 Vienna, Austria

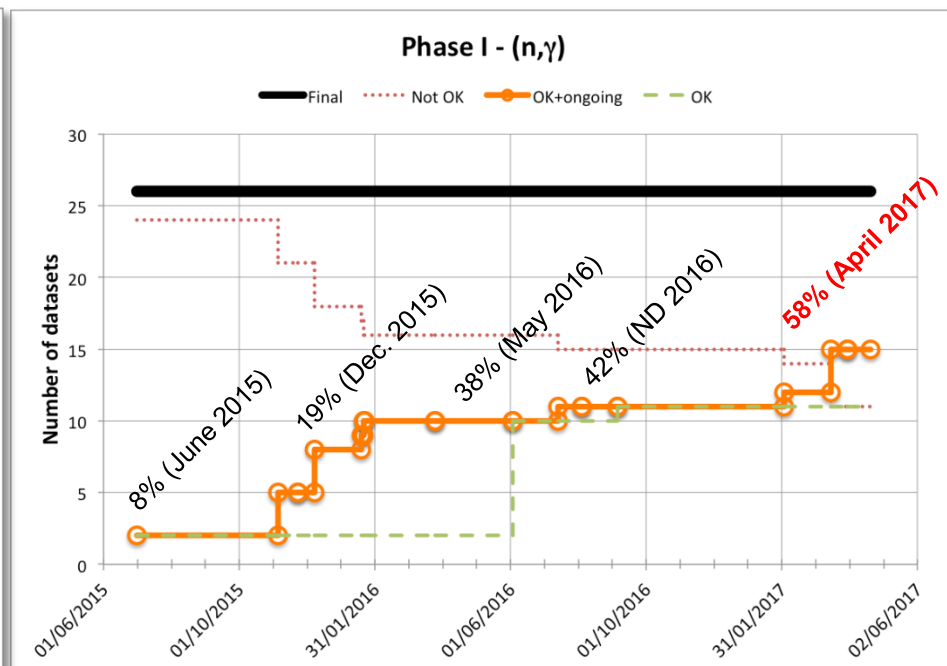
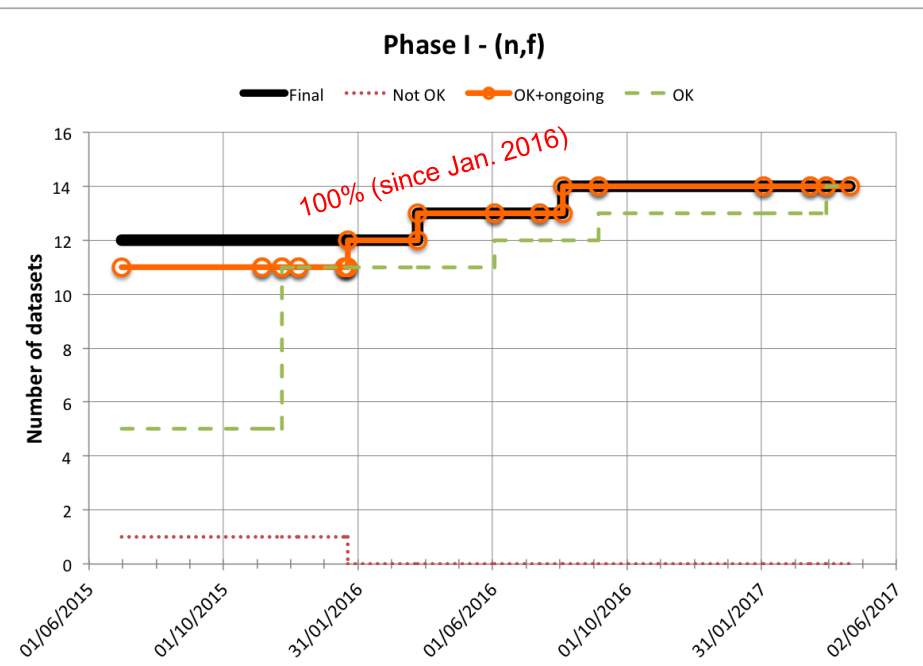
- Publication of the thesis as an INDC report.
- Addition as a secondary reference in EXFOR.
- Guaranteed access for future EXFOR users.

This is an option not only for n_TOF experiments but for any EXFOR related theses as long as the authors permit reproduction.
(Another example: INDC(FR)-73 for EXFOR 23114)



Progress in data dissemination

■ n_TOF monitoring of the dissemination status since June 2015 (<https://twiki.cern.ch/NTOFPublic/DataDissemination>)



EXFOR Coverage for n_TOF Point-wise Data

As of	Phase I experiments (2001-2004)		Phase II experiments (2009-2012)	
	Capture	Fission	Capture	Fission
NRDC 2016	38%	100%	25%	100%
NRDC 2017	62%	100%	71%	100%



GELINA

- Cd transmission entry (S. Kopecky+ 2009, EXFOR 23077)
- *A milestone for TOF spectrum compilation in EXFOR*
- Intensive EXFOR compilation of TOF spectra available agreed with GELINA in 2015.
- Hyeong-Il Kim (KNDC) created 6 entries for ^{238}U (his own work), ^{197}Au , $^{\text{nat}}\text{Ce}$, $^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$, $^{\text{nat},63,65}\text{Cu}$ in 2016.



Naohiko Otsuka / NRDC 2017



GELINA EXFOR Entries Prepared by H.I. Kim

Entry	Subent	Target	Quantity	primary reference	En min	En max	points
23302	1			J,EPJ/A,52,170,2016			
	2	²³⁸ U	average capture cross section		3.5 keV	80 keV	27
	3	²³⁸ U	LSQ capture cross section		3 keV	8.5 MeV	16
	4	²³⁸ U	Resonance parameter		6.674 eV	1.211 keV	108
	5	²³⁸ U	kT=25.3 keV qMACS				1
	6	²³⁸ U	capture yield		3.5 eV	1.2 keV	16108
	7	²³⁸ U	capture yield		150 eV	1.2 keV	10229
	8	²³⁸ U	capture yield		3.5 eV	1.2 keV	22252
23253	1			J,EPJ/A,50,124,2014			
	2	¹⁹⁷ Au	average capture cross section		3.5 keV	84 keV	
23322	1		general description	R,EUR-28223,2016			
	2	^{nat} Ce	transmission		300 eV	200 keV	32399
	3	^{nat} Ce	transmission		300 eV	200 keV	32399



GELINA EXFOR Entries Prepared by H.I. Kim

Entry	Subent	Target	Quantity	primary reference	En min	En max	points
23323	1		general description	J. EPJ/P,129,58,2014			
	2	natW	transmission		8.20 eV	2260 eV	31516
23324	1		general description	J,NIM/A,767,364,2014			
	2	natCu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	37673
	3	natCu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	37673
	4	natCu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	37673
	5	natCu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	37673
23325	1		general description	R,EUR-26479,2013			
	2	⁶³ Cu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528
	3	⁶³ Cu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528
	4	⁶³ Cu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528
	5	⁶⁵ Cu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528
	6	⁶⁵ Cu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528
	7	natCu	transmission		150 eV	90 keV	21528



TOF Spectra in AGS Vectors (EXFOR 23302.006)

REACTION (92-U-238 (N,G) 92-U-239,,RYL)

...

ERR-ANALYS Standard uncertainties at 1 standard deviation.

(ERR-T) Total uncertainty

(ERR-1,,,U) Uncorrelated uncertainty due to counting statistics

(ERR-2,,,F) Correlated uncertainty due to background of capture, Bw (3%)

(ERR-3,,,F) Correlated uncertainty due to background of flux, Bphi (3%)

(ERR-4,,,F) Normalisation factor, Nc (1.5%)

...

EN	TOF-MIN	TOF-MAX	DATA	ERR-T	ERR-1	ERR-2	ERR-3	ERR-4
EV	NSEC	NSEC	NO-DIM	NO-DIM	NO-DIM	NO-DIM	NO-DIM	NO-DIM
3.501	499968	500096	.001018	.007551	.0041841	-0.006286	-2.718e-6	1.528e-5
3.503	499840	499968	.001774	.007583	.0042189	-0.0063	-4.75e-6	2.662e-5
3.505	499712	499840	.004423	.007591	.0042107	-0.006316	-1.193e-5	6.634e-5
3.506	499584	499712	.002119	.007539	.0041944	-0.006265	-5.692e-6	3.179e-5
3.508	499456	499584	.006625	.007415	.0041481	-0.006145	-1.777e-5	9.938e-5
3.51	499328	499456	.006378	.007458	.0041562	-0.006191	-1.709e-5	9.567e-5
3.512	499200	499328	.006912	.007361	.0041143	-0.006103	-1.851e-5	.0001037
3.514	499072	499200	.003434	.007437	.0041275	-0.006186	-9.167e-6	5.151e-5
3.515	498944	499072	.006013	.007424	.004135	-0.006165	-1.602e-5	9.02e-5
3.517	498816	498944	.004244	.007539	.0041992	-0.006261	-1.135e-5	6.366e-5
3.519	498688	498816	.004974	.007509	.004181	-0.006237	-1.33e-5	7.46e-5
3.521	498560	498688	.001106	.007418	.0041106	-0.006175	-2.942e-6	1.659e-5
3.523	498432	498560	-0.001017	.007534	.0041811	-0.006267	2.717e-6	-1.526e-5
3.524	498304	498432	.000962	.007499	.0041577	-0.00624	-2.567e-6	1.443e-5
3.526	498176	498304	.002477	.007422	.0041091	-0.00618	-6.593e-6	3.716e-5
3.528	498048	498176	.006016	.007305	.0040566	-0.006074	-1.608e-5	9.024e-5
3.53	497920	498048	.005343	.007406	.0040963	-0.00617	-1.433e-5	8.015e-5
3.532	497792	497920	-0.00015	.007461	.0041365	-0.00621	4.01e-7	-2.25e-6
3.534	497664	497792	-0.001106	.007495	.0041573	-0.006236	2.969e-6	-1.659e-5
3.535	497536	497664	.003577	.007562	.0042205	-0.006275	-9.674e-6	5.365e-5
3.537	497408	497536	.001442	.007606	.004196	-0.006344	-3.914e-6	2.163e-5



Detailed Documentation (K. Guber+, EUR-28223)



JRC TECHNICAL REPORTS

Results of time-of-flight transmission measurements for ^{nat}Ce samples at GELINA

Description of GELINA data to be stored in the EXFOR data base

Klaus Guber
Gery Alaerts
Jan Heyse
Stefan Kopecky
Carlos Paradela
Peter Schillebeeckx
Ruud Wynants

2016



A. SUMMARY OF EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

1. Main Reference		[1,2]
2. Facility	GELINA	[3]
3. Neutron production	Neutron production beam Nominal average beam energy Nominal average peak current Repetition rate (pulses per second) Pulse width Primary neutron production target Target nominal neutron production intensity	Electron 100 MeV 55 μA 800 Hz 1 ns Mercury cooled depleted uranium $3.4 \times 10^{13} \text{ s}^{-1}$
4. Moderator	Primary neutron source position in moderator Moderator material Moderator dimensions (internal) Density (moderator material) Temperature (K) Moderator-room decoupler (Cd, B, ...)	Above and below uranium target 2 water filled Be-containers around U-target $2 \times (14.6 \text{ cm} \times 21 \text{ cm} \times 3.9 \text{ cm})$ 1 g/cm^3 Room temperature None
5. Other experimental details	Measurement type Method (total energy, total absorption, ...) Flight Path length (m) (centre moderator – detector front face) Flight path direction Neutron beam dimensions at sample position Neutron beam profile Overlap suppression Other fixed beam filters	Transmission Good transmission geometry $L = 47.669(4) \text{ m}$ 9° with respect to normal of the moderator face viewing the flight path 45 mm in diameter -- ^{10}B overlap filter ($8 \times 10^{-3} \text{ at/b}$) Co, W, Pb (16 mm)
6. Detector	Type Material Surface Dimensions Thickness (cm) Detector(s) position relative to neutron beam	Scintillator (NE912) Li-glass 151.6 mm diameter 6.35 mm In the beam
7. Sample	Type (metal, powder, liquid, crystal) Chemical composition Sample composition (at/b) Temperature Sample mass (g) Geometrical shape (cylinder, sphere, ...)	Metal ^{nat}Ce (88.450% ^{146}Ce , 11.114 % ^{142}Ce ; 0.251 % ^{138}Ce ; 0.185 ^{136}Ce) ^{nat}Ce (5.534 ± 0.025) 10^{-2} at/b and ^{nat}Ce (28.713 ± 0.025) 10^{-3} at/b 22°C 34.975 g and 187.954 g Cylinder



Summary

n_TOF

- Newly finalized and published data are received without delay.
- Significant progress in retroactive compilation of capture yields.

GELINA

- Intensive compilation created 6 new entries done in 2016. (They have been already in EXFOR Master.)

