

# EXFOR Activity at CNDC 2022-2023

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China Nuclear Data Center (CNDC)

China Institute of Atomic Energy (CIAE)

Technical Meeting on the  
**International Network of Nuclear Reaction Data Centres**  
9 – 12 May, 2023, Vienna, Austria



# CNDC X4 Group

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- **Compilers:** Jimin Wang, Xi Tao, Lile Liu, Yang Su
- **Software developer:** Yongli Jin
- **Steering Committee:** Nengchuan Shu, Zhigang Ge



# Responsibility

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- **Compilation** of nuclear reaction data induced by neutron and charged particle measured in China under the guidance of IAEA/NDS.
- **Revision** of the entries with issues in EXFOR compiled at CNDC.
- **Scanning** of journals published in China.
- **Software** development for digitization and evaluation.

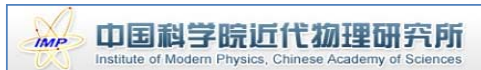


# Compilation status

## ■ Main Facilities of China



中国主要的核数据测量平台



ADS related data (proton induced)



Excitation function around 14 MeV

西北核技术研究院

Decay data



Excitation function



Integral experiments, other data measurement



Excitation function, FY,  $\gamma$  production yields, DX and DDX, benchmark experiments, etc



Charged reaction measurement (n,LCP)



Th-U cycle related data

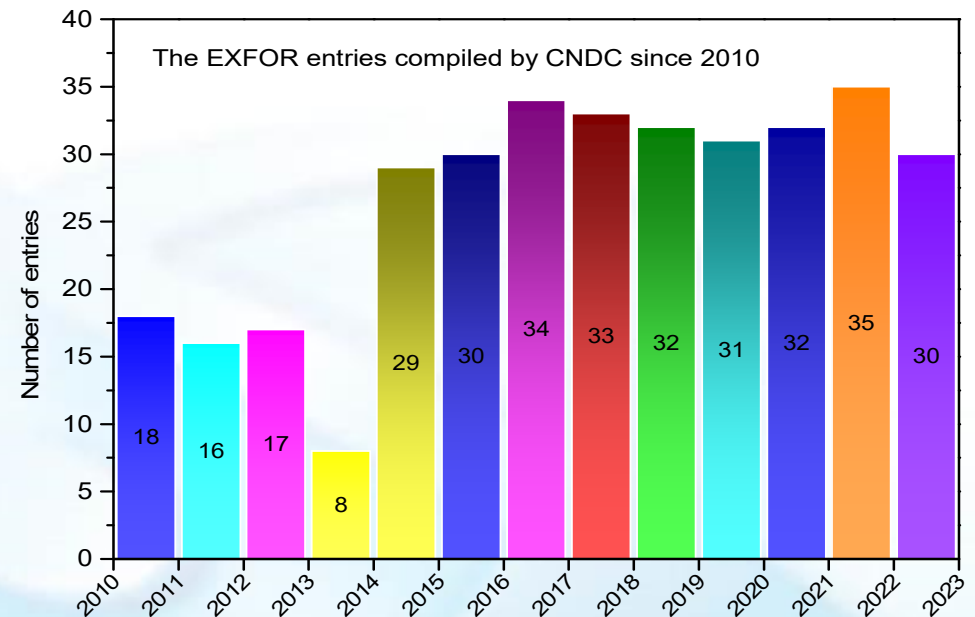


CS measurement for wide energy



# Compilation status

- Since **2010**, more than **345** entries were compiled at **CNDC**, which include **182** neutron and **163** charged particle entries.
- Since the last NRDC meeting (2022-06-01), **30** new entries have been finalized, which include **18** neutron and **12** charged particle entries.



# Compilation status

## ■ Neutron

No.	Entry No.	1st author	Reference	Status
1	32809	Luocheng Yang	J,ARI,164,109242,2020	Trans.3208
2	32810	X. X. Li	J,PR/C,106,065804,2022	Finalized
3	32811	Zhizhou Ren	J,PR/C,102,034604,2020	Trans.3208
4	32812	Junhua Luo	J,CPH/C,44,114002,2020	Trans.3208
5	32814	Yong Li	J,CPH/C,44,124001,2020	Finalized
6	32855	Junhua Luo	J,RCA,109,513,2021	Trans.3208
7	32856	Xin-Rong Hu	J,CNST,32,101,2021	Trans.3208
8	32857	S. Q. Yan	J,AJ,919,84,2021	Prelim.3209
9	32860	Luocheng Yang	J,ANE,165,108780,2022	Prelim.3209
10	32861	X. X. Li	J,PR/C,104,054302,2021	Finalized
11	32862	Zengqi Cui	J,EPJ/A,57,310,2021	Prelim.3209
12	32868	Zhang Jiang-Lin	J,ASI,71,052901,2022	Prelim.3209
13	32869	Wang De-Xin	J,ASI,71,072901,2022	Prelim.3209
14	32870	Jie Ren	J,CPH/C,46,044002,2022	Prelim.3209
15	32873	Yu.M.Gledenov	J,EPJ/A,58,86,2022	Prelim.3209
16	32886	Zhizhou Ren	J,EPJ/A,59,5,2023	Prelim.3209
17	32887	Yonghao Chen	J,PL/B,839,137832,2023	Finalized
18	32888	Chao Liu	J,NIM/A,1041,167319,2022	Finalized

# Compilation status

## ■ Charged particle

No.	Entry No.	1st author	Reference	Status
1	S0087	Y.J.Li	J,PR/C,102,025804,2020	Trans.S031
2	S0235	F.F. Duan	J,PL/B,811,135942,2020	Trans.S031
3	S0249	Hua Wei	J,CNPR,34,138,2017	Trans.S031
4	S0261	Wang Tieshan	J,CST,35,496,2001	Trans.S031
5	S0262	Sun Xufang	J,CST,42,875,2008	Trans.S031
6	S0264	Su Xiaobin	J,CST,50,395,2016	Trans.S031
7	S0270	B.Liu	J,ARI,173,109713,2021	Trans.S031
8	S0273	W. H. Ma	J,PR/C,103,L061302,2021	Trans.S031
9	S0277	Y. Z. Sun	J,PR/C,104,014310,2021	Trans.S031
10	S0278	Hao Zhang	J,CPH/C,45,084108,2021	Trans.S032
11	S0279	Z. Y. Zhang	J,PRL,126,152502,2021	Trans.S032
12	S0295	B.Gao	J,PRL,129,132701,2022	Trans.S032

# Revision

- Since the last NRDC meeting (2022-06-01), **26** entries have been revised, which include **10** neutron and **16** charged particle entries.

No.	Entry No.	1st author	Reference	Status
1	31454	Zhao Wenrong	J,CST,29,294,1995	Trans.3208
2	31463	Chen Zemin	J,CNPR,16,31,1999	Trans.3208
3	31506	Chen Zemin	J,CNPR,16,31,1999	Trans.3208
4	31507	Chen Zemin	J,CNPR,16,31,1999	Trans.3208
5	31609	Junhua Luo	J,NIM/B,265,453,2007	Trans.3208
6	32551	Zhao Wenrong	J,CST,33,415,1999	Trans.3208
7	32649	Ye Bangjiao	J,CST,33,193,1999	Trans.3208
8	32718	Feng Jing	J,CST,47,1473,2013	Prelim.3209
9	32786	Huaiyong Bai	J,PR/C,99,024619,2019	Trans.3208
10	32798	Jie Wen	J,ANE,140,107301,2020	Trans.3208
11	A0564	Liu Zuhua	J,CNPR,17,210,2000	Finalized
12	E2386	Wang Lichun	J,CNPR,30,107,2013	Finalized
13	E2517	Wang Lichun	J,CNPR,30,107,2013	Finalized



# Revision

- Since the last NRDC meeting (2022-06-01), **26** entries have been revised, which include **10** neutron and **16** charged particle entries.

No.	Entry No.	1st author	Reference	Status
14	S0012	Long Xianguan	R,NST-001,198505	Trans.S032
15	S0013	Long Xianguan	R,NST-003,198903	Trans.S032
16	S0047	Guo Bing	J,CST,41,158,2007	Trans.S032
17	S0053	Guo Bing	J,CST,39,118,2005	Trans.S032
18	S0058	Li Yunju	J,CNPR,29,224,2012	Trans.S032
19	S0076	Y.Y.Yang	J,NIM/A,701,1,2013	Trans.S032
20	S0083	He Jianjun	J,CNPR,34,403,2017	Trans.S032
21	S0085	Y.Y.Yang	J,PR/C,87,044613,2013	Trans.S032
22	S0160	Zhu Yongtai	J,CTNP,10,26,1993	Trans.S032
23	S0183	He Jianjun	J,CNPR,34,403,2017	Trans.S032
24	S0203	Y.Y.Yang	J,PR/C,90,014606,2014	Trans.S032
25	S0206	Y.Y.Yang	J,PR/C,98,044608,2018	Trans.S032
26	S0265	K.Wang	J,PR/C,103,024606,2021	Trans.S032

# Scanning of journals

- Currently CNDC is responsible for scanning of **8 journals published in China**, namely ASI, CNPR, CNST, CPH/C, CPL, CST, HFH and NTC. The ASI is semimonthly, the HFH is bimonthly, the CNPR is quarterly and others are monthly. Submit the scanning results to IAEA/NDS **every month**.



- 26 experimental works

Journal	Vol.	Issue	Published	Page	1st author	Journal	Vol.	Issue	Published	Page	1st author
J,ASI	71	5	2022/3/5	052901	Zhang Jiang-Lin	J,CPH/C	46	7	2022/7/15	079001	A.Gandhi
		7	2022/4/5	072901	Wang De-Xin			8	2022/8/15	085001	Lin Zhao
		19	2022/10/5	192501	Zhu Chuan-Xin			9	2022/9/15	094003	Nguyen Van Do
J,CPH/C	46	1	2022/1/15	014001	O.S.Deiev			10	2022/10/15	104001	X.Y.Wang
		1	2022/1/15	014002	A.Gandhi			11	2022/11/15	111001	Xiao-Dong Xu
		1	2022/1/15	014003	Shu-Ya Jin			11	2022/11/15	114002	Yu.E.Penionzhkevich
		2	2022/2/15	024001	Haoyu Jiang			12	2022/12/15	124001	O.S.Deiev
		4	2022/4/15	044001	Junhua Luo			1	2022/1/20	61	HU Jifeng
		4	2022/4/15	044002	Jie Ren			5	2022/5/20	798	LIU Chao
		5	2022/5/15	054001	Z.W.Tan			5	2022/5/20	805	REN Jie
		5	2022/5/15	054002	R.K.Singh			5	2022/5/20	816	SUN Qi
		5	2022/5/15	054003	Yong Li			5	2022/5/20	825	HU Yiwei
		6	2022/6/15	064002	O.S.Deiev	5	2022/5/20	835	LIANG Jianfeng		

# Scanning of journals

Chin. Phys. B Vol. 28, No. 10 (2019) 100701

## Photoactivation experiment of $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$ performed with 9.17-MeV $\gamma$ -ray from $^{13}\text{C}(p, \gamma)^{14}\text{N}^*$

Yong-Le Dang(董永乐)<sup>1,2</sup>, Fu-Long Liu(刘付龙)<sup>1,2</sup>, Guang-Yong Fu(付光永)<sup>1,2</sup>,  
Di-Wu(吴笛)<sup>1</sup>, and Nai-Yan Wang(王乃彦)<sup>1,2</sup>

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(Received 29 May 2019; revised manuscript received 3 August 2019; published online 17 September 2019)

High energy  $\gamma$ -ray can be used for nuclear waste transmutation by using the giant dipole resonance (GDR). The nuclear reaction  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  is known as a standard for studies on photoactivation experiments. The previous experiment on  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  have been performed with bremsstrahlung, positron annihilation in flight or laser Compton scattering. In this work, a new mono-energetic  $\gamma$ -ray source based on  $^{13}\text{C}(p, \gamma)^{14}\text{N}$  reaction is used to measure the cross section of  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  and the measured value is compared with the results obtained with other ways.

**Keywords:** resonance reaction, high energy  $\gamma$ -ray, photoneuclear reaction

**PACS:** 07.85.Fv, 24.30.-v, 25.20.-x

**DOI:** 10.1088/1674-1056/ab3a8d

### 1. Introduction

Development of nuclear power is the strategic choice for solving the energy supply and ensuring the sustainable development of economy and society. However, nuclear reactor of 1-GW power produces about 30-tons spent fuel per year, including long-lived fission product (LLFP) about 30 kg.<sup>[1]</sup> In this situation, the disposal of LLFP becomes much important. The prime ways such as deeply bury, transport to the space, and ice cover are unable to ensure absolute safety which is the fundamental requirement of long-lived radioactive wastes disposal. In 1990s, Accelerator Driven Sub-critical System (ADS) was known as an effective method.<sup>[2]</sup> For most radioactive wastes, the neutron cross sections are high enough so the coupling efficiencies of transmutation are considerable. However, for some nuclei, the neutron cross section is very low and there may be some new radioactive nuclei generated during the transmutation of  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ . Another approach, photoneutron transmutation, due to the giant dipole resonance (GDR), may be a supplement of neutron transmutation, in which the largest cross section will be several hundreds millibarn in the high energy range.<sup>[3]</sup>

The high energy  $\gamma$ -ray is generated mainly by bremsstrahlung, positron annihilation in flight, laser Compton scattering, and nuclear excitation in nuclear reaction.<sup>[4]</sup> As a standard for studies on photoneuclear reactions,  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  has been investigated to verify the ability of transmutation perform with  $\gamma$ -ray. In previous studies, photoneuclear experiments were performed mainly by using the  $\gamma$ -ray source of positron annihilation in flight.<sup>[5]</sup> The photoactivation experiment on  $^{197}\text{Au}$  was measured with bremsstrahlung facility on ELBE (electron lin-

ear accelerator of high brilliance and low emittance) photon neutron cross section of  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  was laser Compton scattering  $\gamma$ -ray at ring at ALICE. The nuclear transmutation rate on  $^{197}\text{Au}$  was measured with the  $\gamma$ -rays from positron annihilation in flight, bremsstrahlung, and laser Compton scattering. The mono-energetic even continuous, so it is necessary to measure the cross section or transmutation using mono-energetic  $\gamma$ -ray and compare the result with the measured value with other methods.

Table 1 shows several  $(p, \gamma)$  resonance reactions. In the present work,  $\gamma$ -ray from  $^{13}\text{C}(p, \gamma)^{14}\text{N}$  at  $E_p = 1.75$  MeV has been used to measure the cross section of  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  at 9.17 MeV, by measuring it from the reaction product,  $^{14}\text{N}$ . For the assessment, the depth distribution of  $^{196}\text{Au}$  in the target and the attenuation of  $\gamma$ -ray from  $^{196}\text{Au}$  inside the target were taken into account.

Table 1. Several resonance reactions.

Reaction	$E_p/\text{MeV}$	$E_\gamma/\text{MeV}$
$^{13}\text{C}(p, \gamma)$	6.1	≤ 0
$^{12}\text{C}(p, \gamma)$	7.0	≤ 0
$^{13}\text{C}(p, \gamma)$	9.17	1.7
$^{14}\text{N}(p, \gamma)$	14.8	0.4
$^{14}\text{N}(p, \gamma)$	17.6	0.4
$^{14}\text{N}(p, \gamma)$	19.8-30	-

### 2. Experiment

According to the previous investigation threshold of  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)$  and  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, 2n)$  are

\*Project supported by the National Natural Science Foundation of China (Grant No. 11655003).

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100701-1

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### Memo CP-D/1075

**Date:** 2023-03-16  
**To:** Distribution  
**From:** N. Otsuka, Jimin Wang  
**Subject:** Dictionary 5 (Journal) – CPH/B; Dictionary 22 – LABR3

We propose the following two new codes for compilation of the  $^{197}\text{Au}(\gamma, n)^{196}\text{Au}$  cross sections published in Yong-Le Dang et al., Chin. Phys. B 28 (2019) 100701.

### Dictionary 5 (Journals)

CPH/B Chinese Physics B

### Dictionary 22 (Detectors)

LABR3 LaBr3 scintillator

ENTRY G0090 20230303  
SUBENT G0090001 20230303  
BIB 12 29  
TITLE Photoneuclear reaction study with the (p,g) resonance gamma-source  
AUTHOR (Chuangye He, Yongle Dang, Fulong Liu, Guangyong Fu, Di Wu, Yangping Shen, Zhiyu Han, Qiwen Fan, Bing Guo, Naiyan Wang)  
INSTITUTE (3CPRAEP, 3CPRBNU)  
REFERENCE (J, EPJ/CS, 239, 01014, 2020)  
FACILITY (J, CPH/B, 28, 100701, 2019) Preliminary data given (VDGT, 3CPRAEP) 2x1.7-MV tandem accelerator  
INC-SOURCE (MPH=(6-C-13(P,G)7-N-14))  
SAMPLE Proton beam (8 uA, 1.750 MeV) on  $^{13}\text{C}$  (100 ug/cm<sup>2</sup>) evaporated on Au (10 mm diam x 2 mm thick)  
DETECTOR (HPGE) Coaxial HPGe detector to measure 9.17 MeV gamma yields  
(LABR3) LaBr3(Ce) to measure 9.17 MeV gamma angular distribution  
(NAICR) NaI(Tl) to monitor 9.17 MeV gammas  
(HPGE) Anti-Compton HPGe to measure gamma-rays from activated samples  
METHOD (ACTIV) Irradiated for 6 hrs and 5.5 hrs, cooled for 3.6 hrs and 3.1 hrs, measured for 20.6 hrs and 94.2 hrs  
CORRECTION Corrected for attenuation of 9.17 MeV and 355.7 keV gamma-rays in the gold sample  
ERR-ANALYS (ERR-T) Total uncertainty  
(ERR-S) Statistical uncertainty  
(ERR-SYS) Systematic uncertainty  
HISTORY (20230303C) On  
ENDBIB 29 0

# Software development

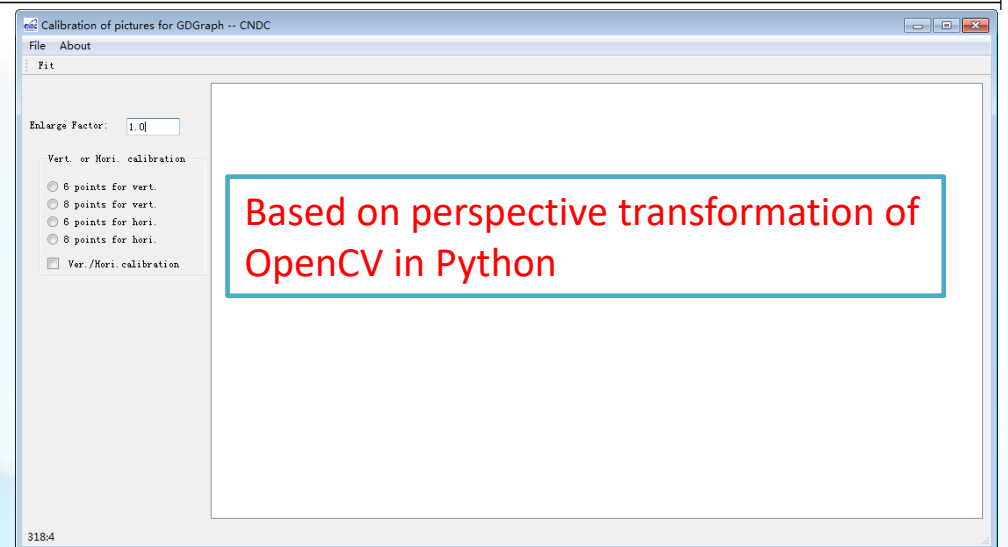
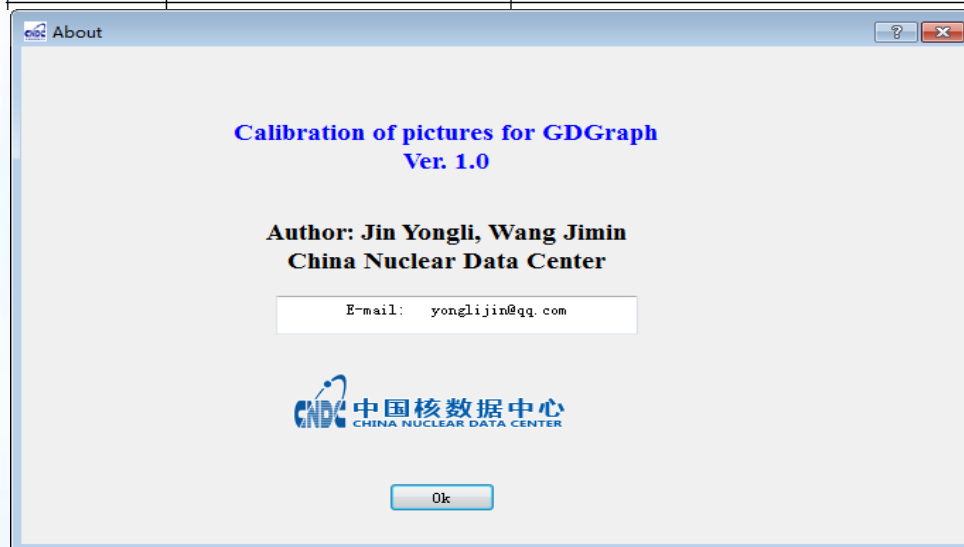
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- **NDPlot**: a program designed to facilitate the visualization and manipulation of nuclear data, developed by Dr. Yongli Jin (CNDC). **The latest version 0.97 beta was released in Dec.20,2022**, some new features were introduced, such as radioactive nuclides production cross sections plotting, more flexible legends settings, and so on.
- **GDGraph**: a graph digitization tool, developed by Dr. Yongli Jin (CNDC). A friendly interface has been implemented by use of WxWidgets as the graphical user interface toolkit.

# Software development

## ■ 2D calibration

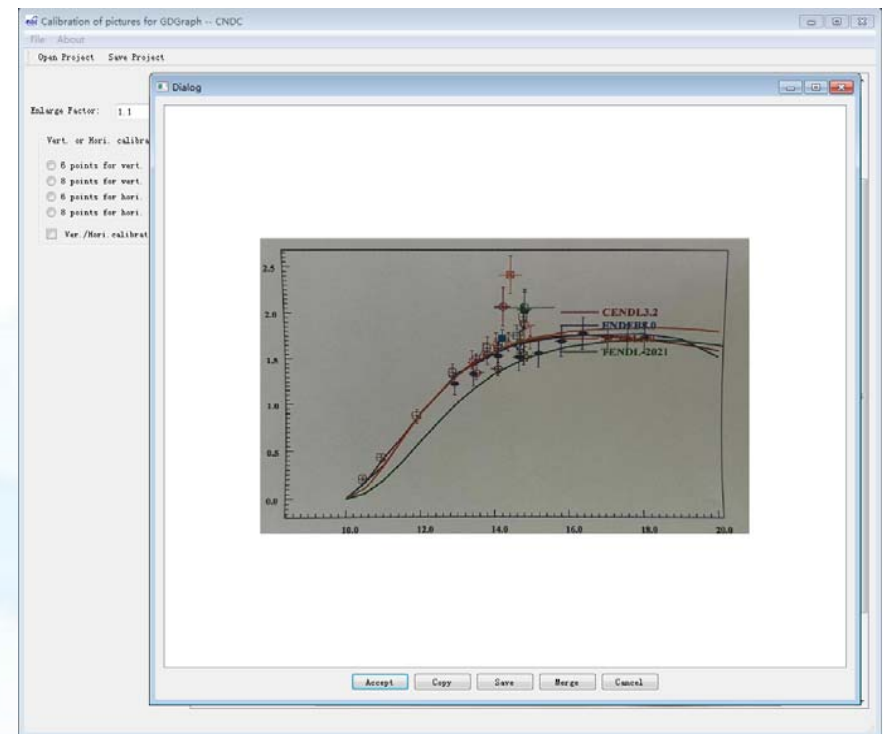
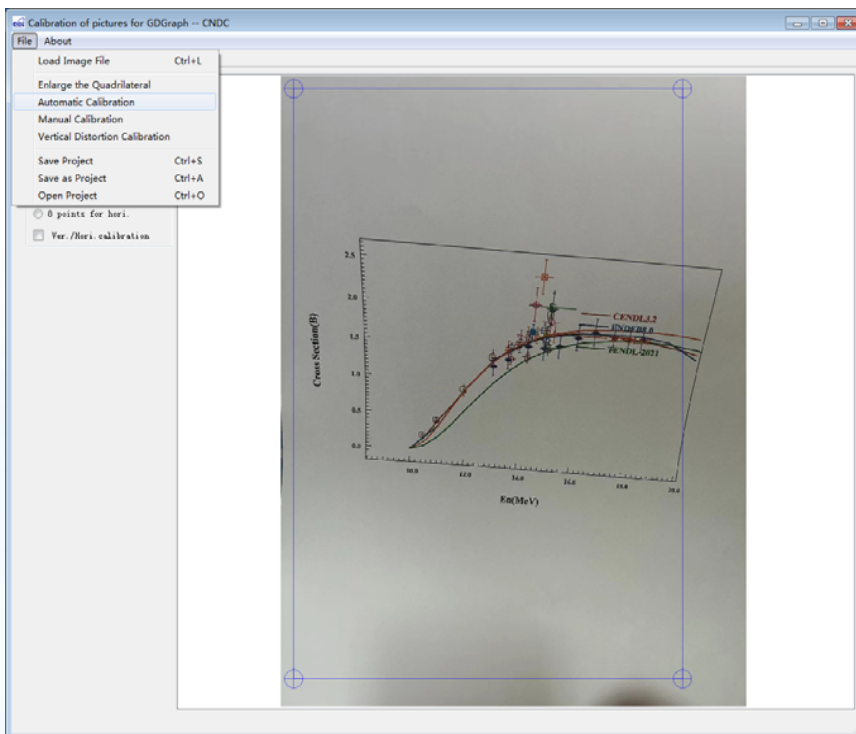
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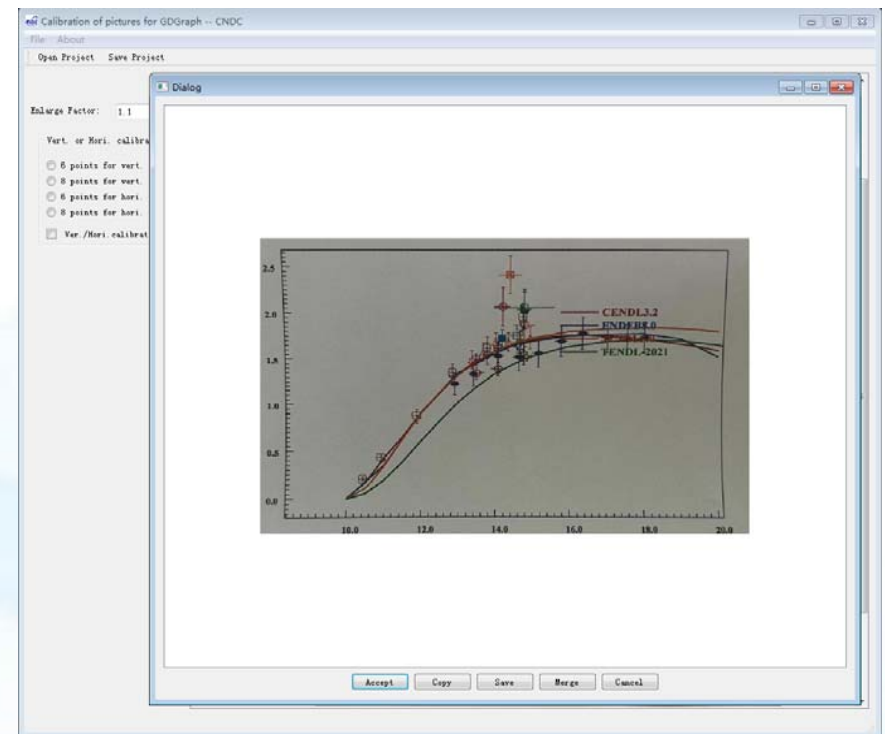
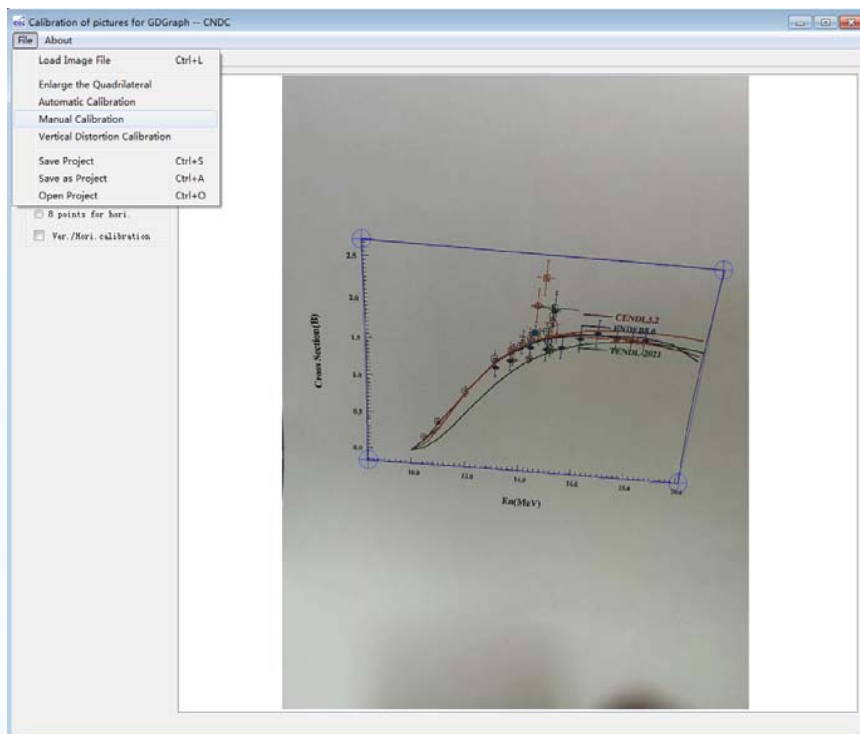
# Software development

## ➤ Automatic calibration



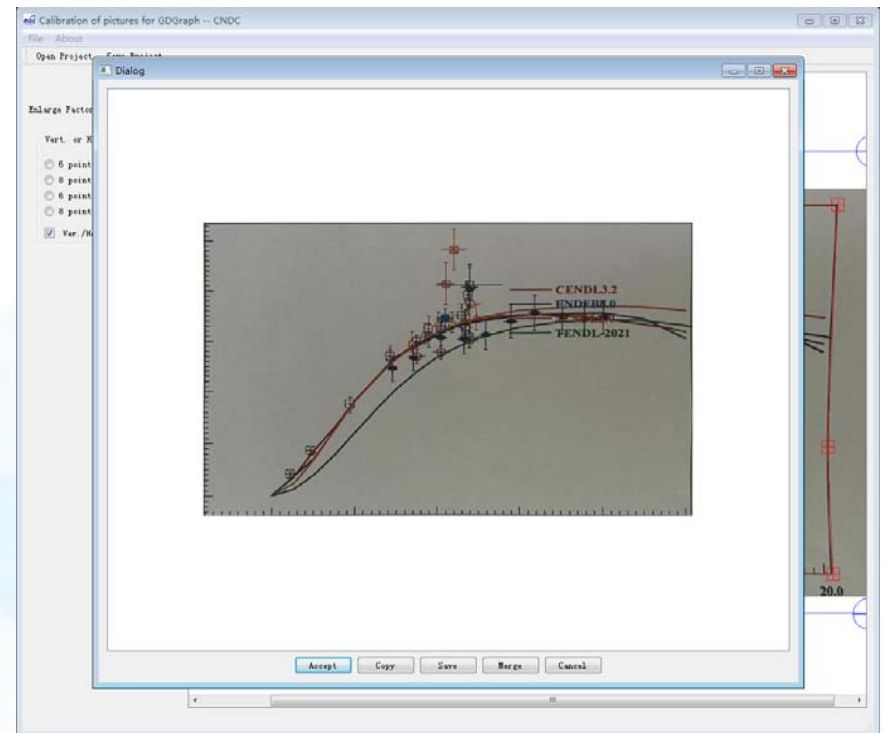
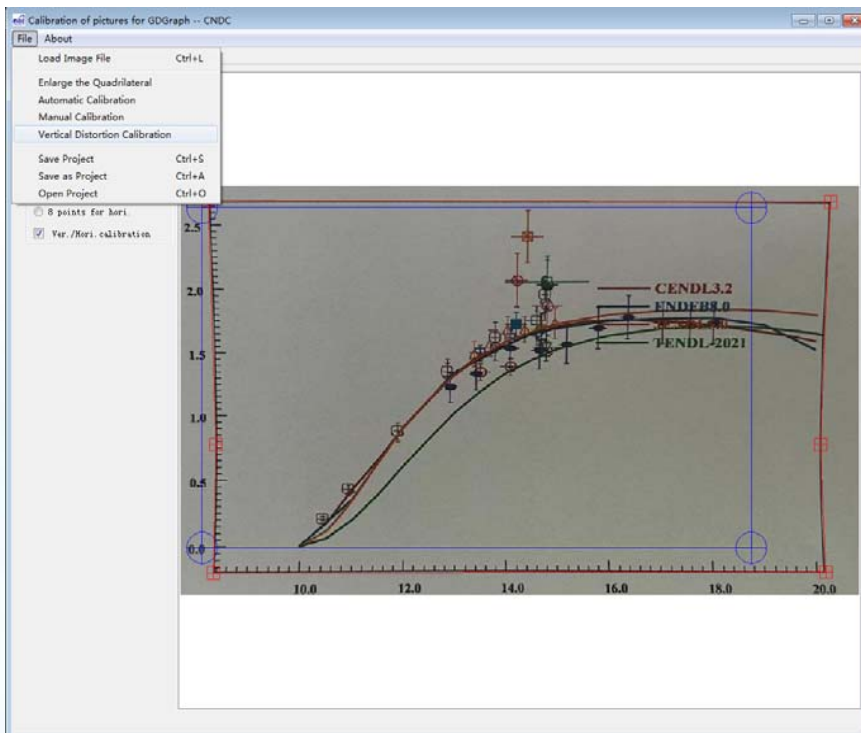
# Software development

## ➤ Manual calibration



# Software development

## ➤ Vertical distortion calibration



**Thank you for your attention !**

**Comments and suggestion welcome !**

