

Some User' Feedbacks and Potential new Demands

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<https://conferences.iaea.org/event/395/>

- The aim of this presentation is to present a collection of personal - failure and success - feedbacks with different nuclear data tools and nuclear data management systems (NDMS).
- I hope, this presentation will stimulate the discussion on a broad range of issues in NDMS and retrieval/visualization tools, to identifying potential new features to enhance the usage and the quality of these systems.
- A summary of dissemination/training activities with students and users will be presented within the UPM and the EU/ Gre@tPioneer project.

DISCLAIMER

The opinions expressed and arguments employed are those of the author. Without any intention to offend any work done by Institutions/people and/or to anyone.

(My) USER Needs:

1) What's the aim of my work?

- comparison of experimental data with evaluated data (new and past releases)
- show evidences (plots, statistics,...) of the better evaluation
- show trends (outliers,...) in ND that may help to understand integral responses

2) What type of nuclear data?

- cross-sections
- angular distributions
- energy distributions
- differential cross-section
- multiplicities
- ...

**Then, I need tools to assess the quality (good/bad)
of experimental and evaluated data!!!**

1. Main sources of information

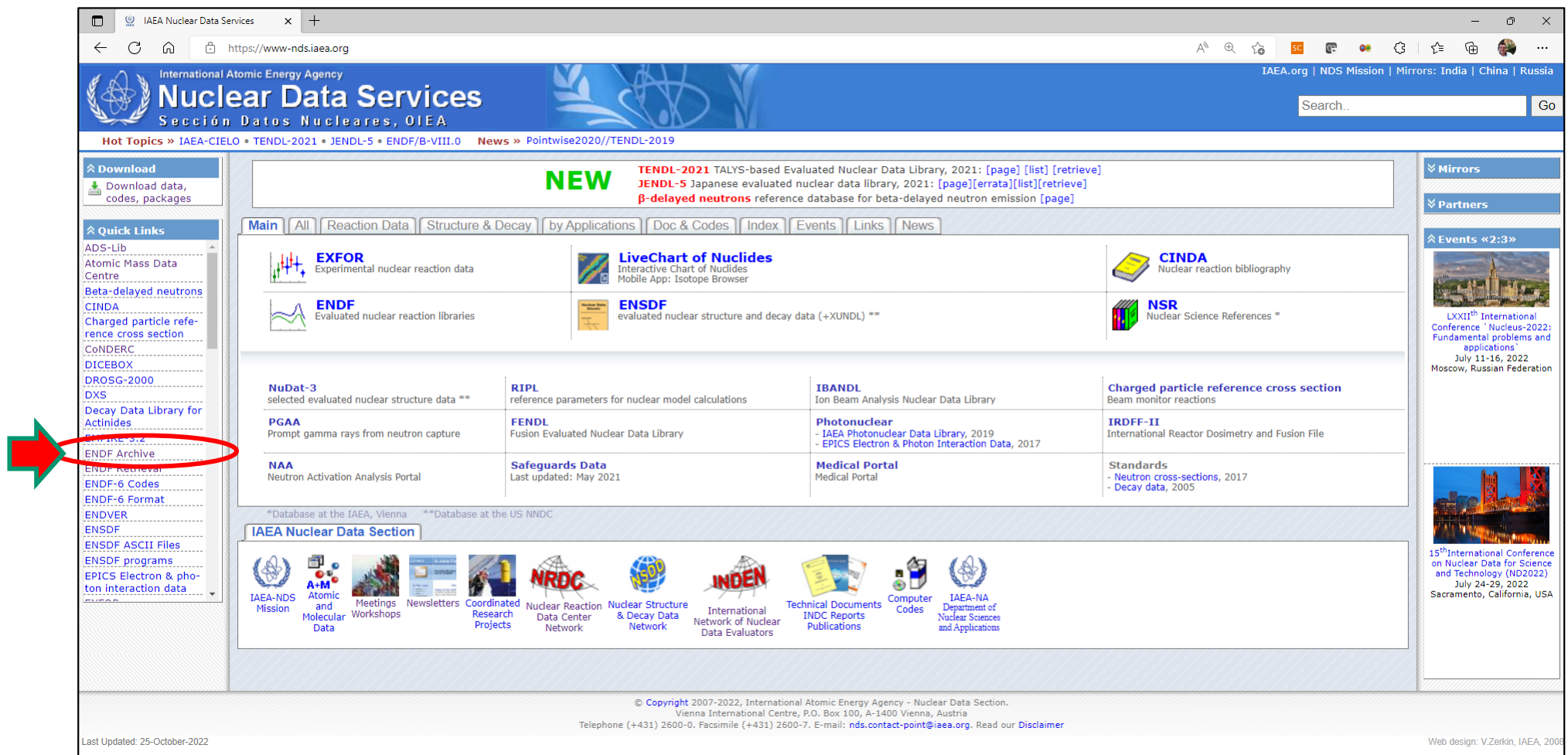
1.1 Archiving – new and legacy evaluations

1.2 EXFOR files/formats

IAEA/NDS – ENDF Archive

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/public/download-endf/>

Q/A: How many “mouse clicks” do you need from IAEA/NDS to find the “ENDF Archive”?

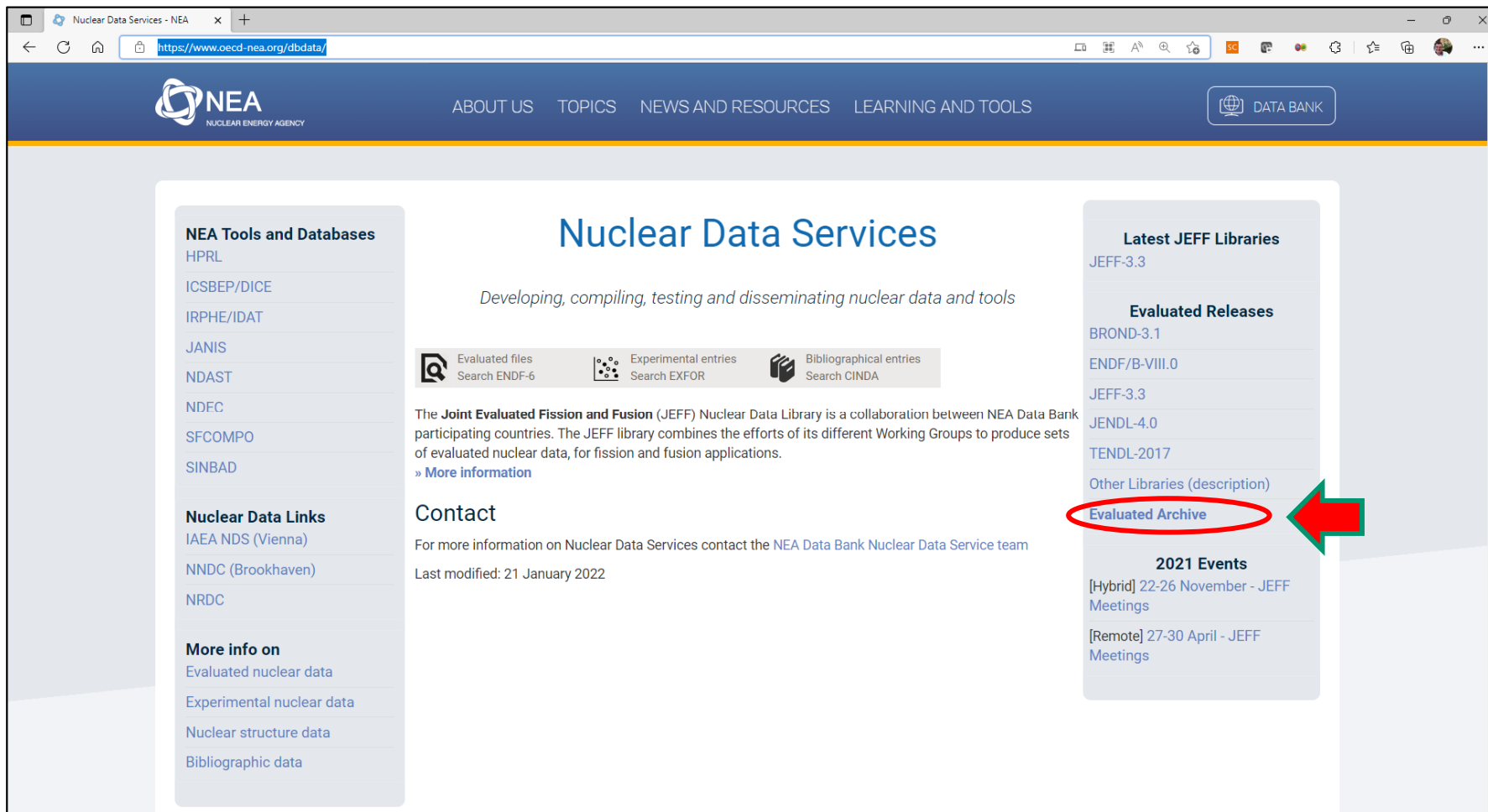


The screenshot shows the IAEA Nuclear Data Services website. In the left sidebar, under 'Quick Links', the 'ENDF Archive' link is highlighted with a red circle and a red arrow. The main content area displays various nuclear data services and libraries, including EXFOR, LiveChart of Nuclides, CINDA, NSR, NuDat-3, RIPL, IBANDL, Photonuclear, IRDFF-II, Standards, NAA, and Safeguards Data. The footer contains copyright information and contact details for the IAEA Nuclear Data Section.

OECD/NEA – Data Bank Archive

<https://www.oecd-nea.org/dbdata/>

Q/A: How many “mouse clicks” do you need from OECD/NEA/Data Bank/ND Services to find the “ENDF Archive”?



The screenshot shows the OECD/NEA Nuclear Data Services website. The header includes the NEA logo and navigation links: ABOUT US, TOPICS, NEWS AND RESOURCES, LEARNING AND TOOLS, and a DATA BANK button. The main content area is titled 'Nuclear Data Services' with the subtitle 'Developing, compiling, testing and disseminating nuclear data and tools'. Below this, there are three search options: Evaluated files (Search ENDF-6), Experimental entries (Search EXFOR), and Bibliographical entries (Search CINDA). A paragraph describes the Joint Evaluated Fission and Fusion (JEFF) Nuclear Data Library. A 'Contact' section provides information on how to reach the NEA Data Bank Nuclear Data Service team. On the right side, there is a 'Latest JEFF Libraries' section with a list of evaluated releases: JEFF-3.3, BROND-3.1, ENDF/B-VIII.0, JEFF-3.3, JENDL-4.0, TENDL-2017, and Other Libraries (description). The 'Evaluated Archive' link is circled in red, and a red arrow points to it. The left sidebar contains 'NEA Tools and Databases' (HPRL, ICSBEP/DICE, IRPHE/IDAT, JANIS, NDAST, NDEC, SFCOMPO, SINBAD) and 'Nuclear Data Links' (IAEA NDS (Vienna), NNDC (Brookhaven), NRDC). The bottom of the sidebar has 'More info on' links for Evaluated nuclear data, Experimental nuclear data, Nuclear structure data, and Bibliographic data.

-> ENDF Archive: “different content?”

Q/A: Will you have the same information for the JEFF-3.3 evaluation at <https://www-nds.iaea.org> and at <https://www.oecd-neo.org/dbdata/jeff/jeff33/> ? YES or **NO**

At <https://www-nds.iaea.org/public/download-endf/>

- n-induced reactions (562) TSL libraries (20)
- Spontaneous Fission Yields (3) N-induced Fission Yields (19) Decay data (3852)

At <https://www.oecd-neo.org/dbdata/jeff/jeff33/>

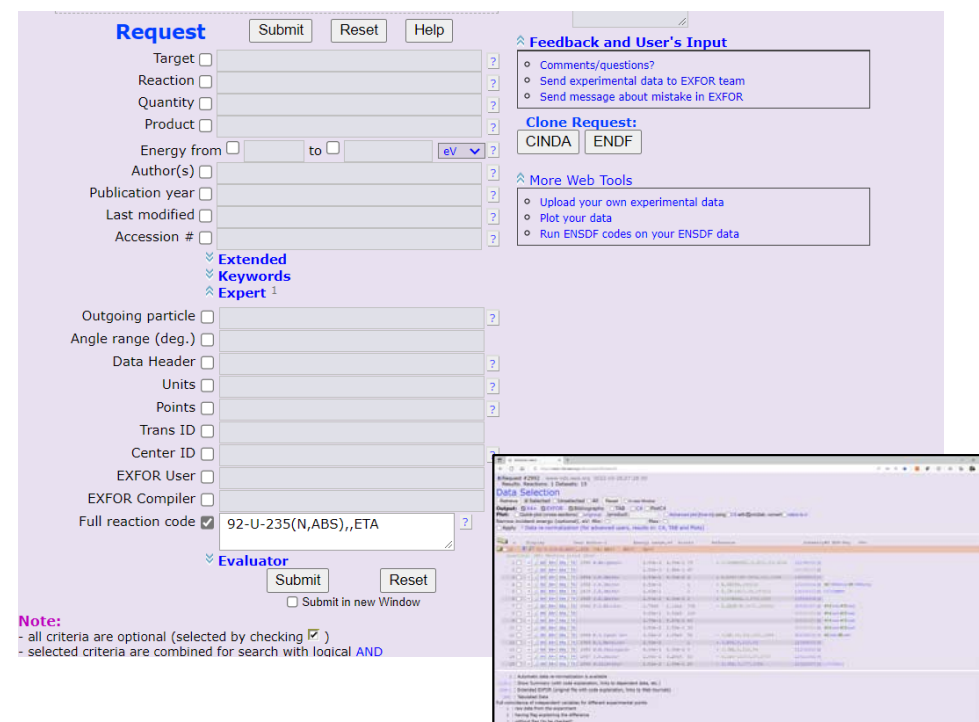
- n-induced reactions (562) TSL libraries (20)
- Processed files in ACE format at different temperatures
 - 293K, 600K, 900K, 1200K, 1500K and 1800K
 - TSL at the temperatures available
- Neutron activation files
- Spontaneous Fission Yields (3) N-induced Fission Yields (19) Decay data (3852)
- Alpha induced reactions Deuteron induced reactions Gamma induced reactions
- He3 induced reactions Proton induced reactions
- DPA sub-library for atomic displacement

❑ **USERS should be careful searching data in those repositories**

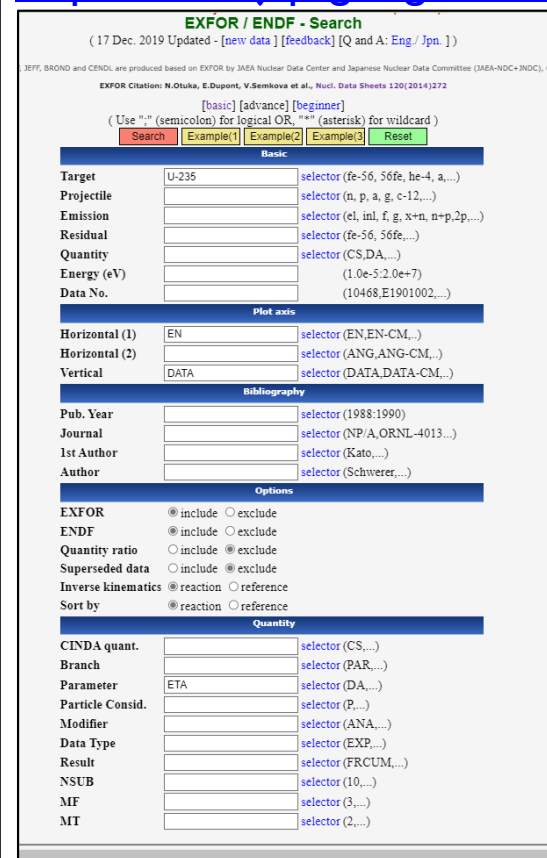
-> Searching specific data?"

Q/A: Identify EXFOR entries for the eta-value in ^{235}U . Search **ETA data** using <https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/> (select: **advance Expert**) and/or using <https://www.jcprg.org/exfor/> (select: **advance user**)

Q/A: How many entries do you find using <https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/>? **15**



Q/A: How many entries do you find using <https://www.jcprg.org/exfor/>? **15**

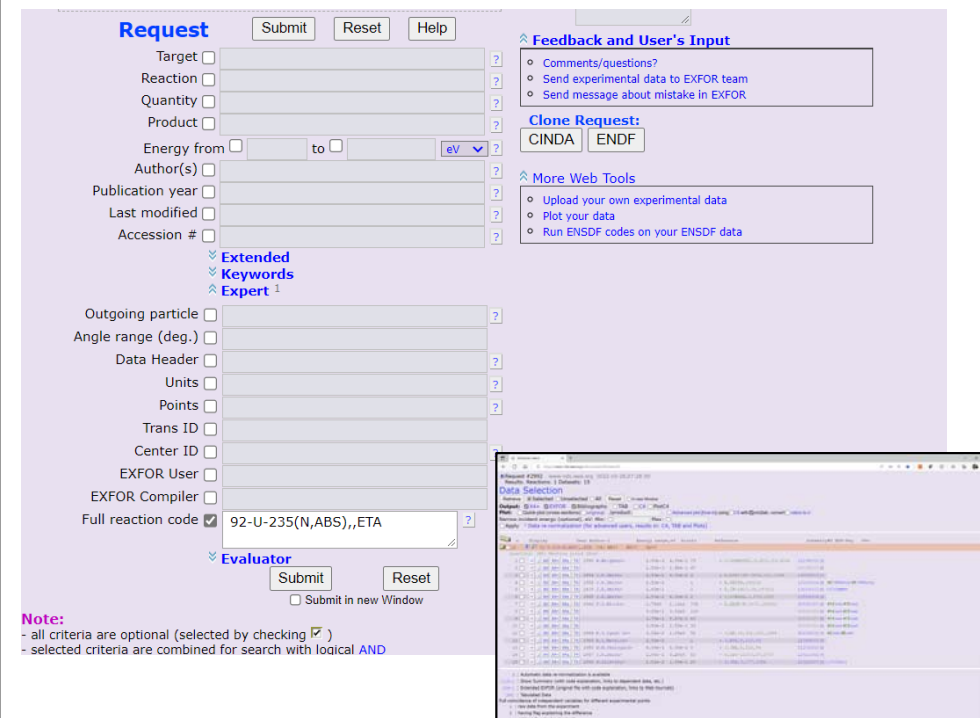



❑ Please, can you try it in **JANIS** (<https://www.oecd-neo.org/janis/>) ?

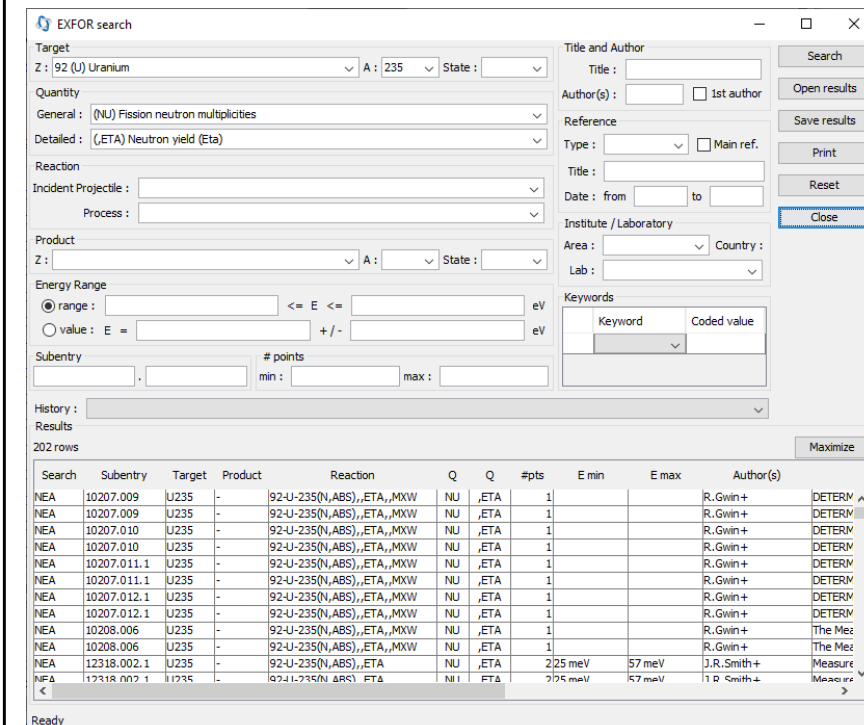
-> Searching specific data?"

Q/A: Identify EXFOR entries for the eta-value in ^{235}U . Search **ETA data** using searching tool in JANIS – “NEUTRON MULTIPLICITIES+ ETA” <https://www.oecd-nea/janis/>

Q/A: How many entries do you find using <https://www.nds.iaea.org/exfor/>? **15**



Q/A: How many entries do you find using <https://www.oecd-nea/janis/>? **25**

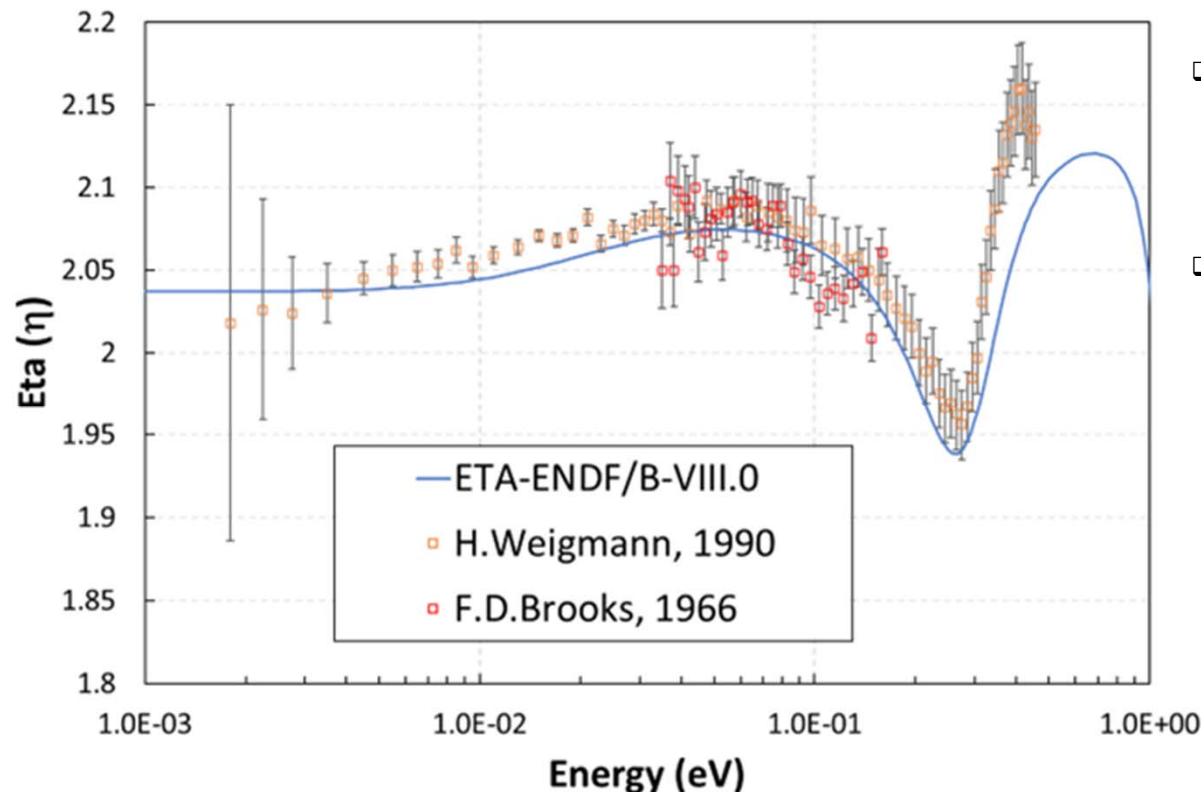


Search	Subentry	Target	Product	Reaction	Q	Q	#pts	E min	E max	Author(s)	
NEA	10207.009	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.009	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.010	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.010	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.011.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.011.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.012.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10207.012.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	DETERM
NEA	10208.006	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	The Mea
NEA	10208.006	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA,,MXW	NU	,ETA	1			R. Gwin+	The Mea
NEA	12318.002.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA	NU	,ETA	2/25 meV	57 meV		J.R. Smith+	Measure
NEA	12318.002.1	U235	-	92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA	NU	,ETA	2/25 meV	57 meV		J.R. Smith+	Measure

❑ **USERS may need additional filtering of data depending on the NMDS**

-> Searching specific data?"

Figure 1. Eta (η) for ^{235}U for thermal neutron energy.



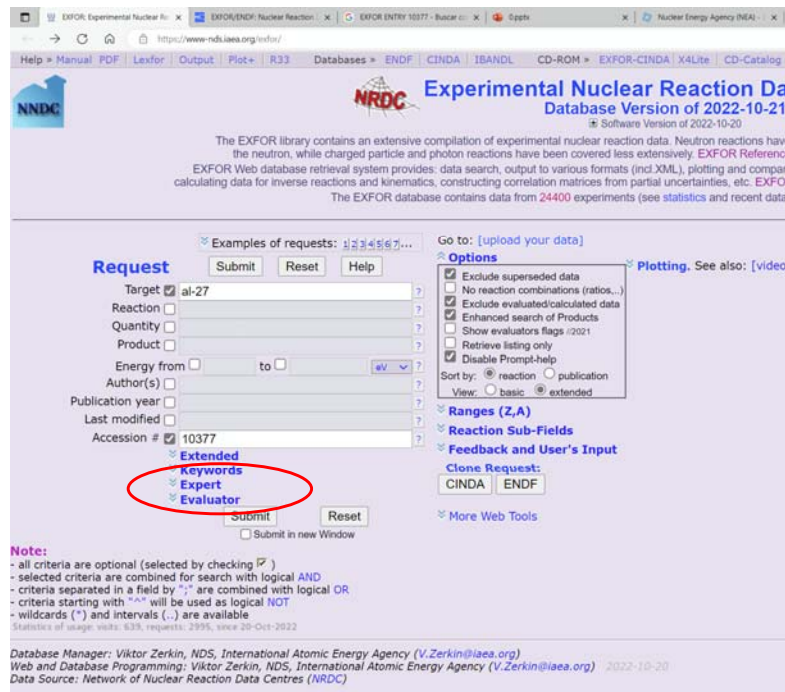
- EXFOR data are obtained using EXFOR retrieval tool for the reaction code: “92-U-235(N,ABS),,ETA.”
- PENDF data with:
 - PREPRO (see Sublet’s talk)
 - JANIS (compute function)

- **USERS may need additional statistical information EXFOR vs ENDF (errors, χ^2 , etc...) during the visualization of this plot. Can we provide such statistical information on-the-fly?**

-> Searching EXFOR raw data?"

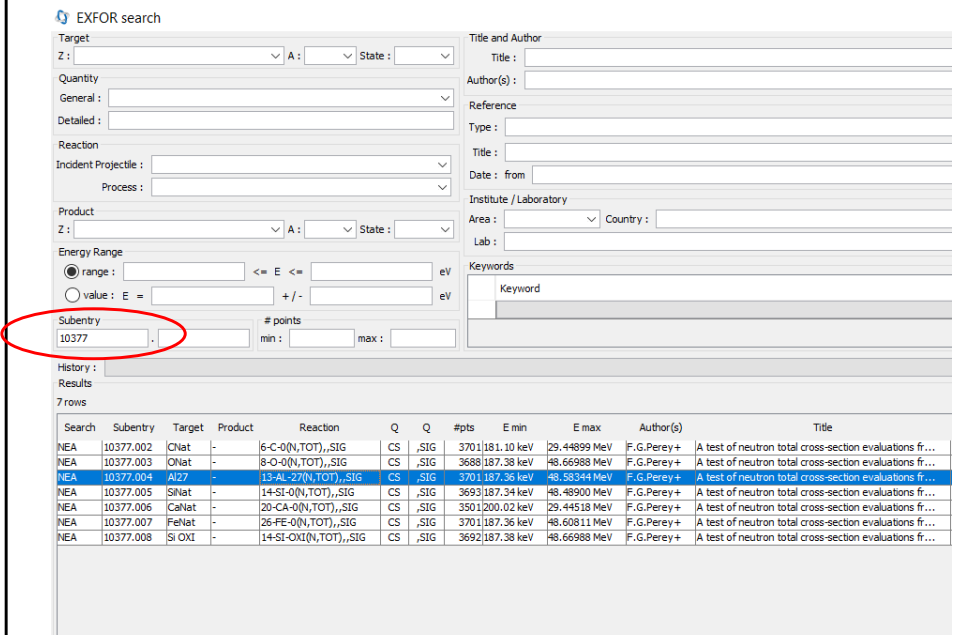
Q/A: Search and download: EXFOR "ENTRY-10377" for Al-27 from using <https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/> or <https://www.oecd-neo.org/janis>

Q/A: How many experimental point contains this entry using IAEA/EXFOR retrieval system? **3701**



Q/A: Are you able to download **X4** file using EXFOR retrieval system ? **YES**

Q/A: How many experimental point contains this entry using JANIS Tool? **3701**



Search	Subentry	Target	Product	Reaction	Q	Q	#pts	E min	E max	Author(s)	Title
NEA	10377.002	Clat	-	6-C-0(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3701	181.10 keV	29.44899 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.003	Clat	-	8-O-0(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3688	187.38 keV	48.66988 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.004	Al27	-	13-Al-22(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3701	187.38 keV	48.66988 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.005	SiNat	-	14-Si-0(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3693	187.34 keV	48.48900 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.006	CaNat	-	20-CA-0(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3501	200.02 keV	29.44518 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.007	FeNat	-	26-Fe-0(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3701	187.36 keV	48.60811 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...
NEA	10377.008	Si OXI	-	14-Si-OXI(N,TOT),SIG	CS	,SIG	3692	187.38 keV	48.66988 MeV	F.G.Perey+	A test of neutron total cross-section evaluations fr...

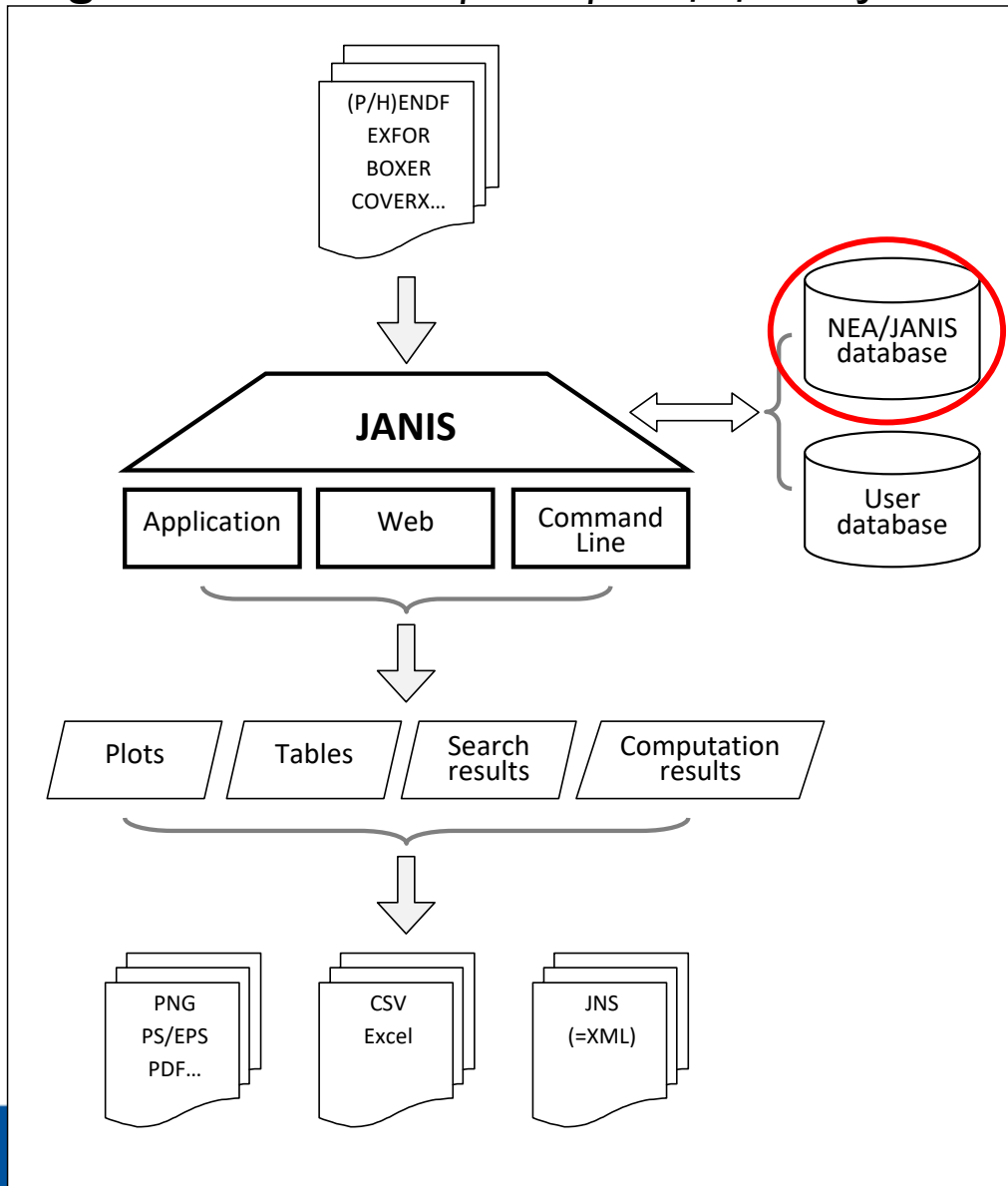
Q/A: Are you able to download **X4** file using JANIS? **NO**

❑ **USERS may (or may not) find different sources of data in different retrieval systems**

... should they give some “Disclaimers”?

This is just an example...

Fig 2. Databases and input/output info flow in JANIS



PENDF - Processing data

- Official version of processing code (NJOY99.??, NJOY2016.??, PREPRO-20??,...)
- Temp. Broadening : 293.6K?, 300K?

EXFOR Database

- When do they update new entries?
 - Loading finalized TRANS file one-by-one (IAEA/NDS, NNDC, JCPRG)
 - Relying on which “EXFOR Master File” (NEA/DB-JANIS) ?

ENDF Database

- When do they update major libraries?
 - See latest cases: JENDL-5 (2021) , TENDL(2023), and ENDF/B-VIII.1 (2024)

▪ ... and beta-libraries? it relies on users?!

... Do they say any **DISCLAIMER** if there are errors?

2. Working with the data

2.1 The JANIS save mode JNS

2.1 The JANIS command line tool

2.2 The X4Pro and JANIS

■ JANIS save workspace in “*.jns”

- ❑ EXPORT (PNG, EPS) and **SAVE** (JNS) : “File > Save...”

```
...
<data refs="~N~ENDF/B-VII.1~SIG~A127~MT1~xs">
  <layer>
    <color>#ff0000</color>
    <stroke>1.0|2|0|10.0|null|0.0</stroke>
  </layer>
</data>
<data refs="~N~JEFF-3.2~SIG~A127~MT1~xs">
  <layer>
    <color>#00ff00</color>
    <stroke>1.0|2|0|10.0|null|0.0</stroke>
  </layer>
</data>
<data refs="~N~JENDL-4.0~SIG~A127~MT1~xs">
  <layer>
    <color>#0000ff</color>
    <stroke>1.0|2|0|10.0|null|0.0</stroke>
  </layer>
</data>
...
```

JANIS
identifiers

- ❑ **Saving Workspace**
- ❑ **It allows automatizing tasks**

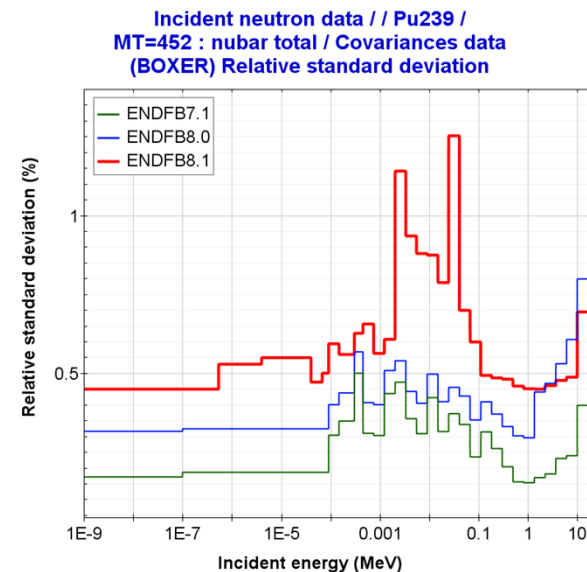


Figure 3. Relative standard deviation (in %) for the ²³⁹Pu(nubar) processed with NJOY2016 in 33 energy groups

Ref.1: O. Cabellos, “ENDF/B-VIII.1 testing covariances”, CSEWG Nov 2024

2.2 The JANIS command line tool...

important for ML users?

■ JANIS in command-line: “the Great Unknown”

Since JANIS-4.2; Ref: JANIS/ND2016 paper, JEFDOC-2041, JEFDOC-2224 ...)

Download: http://www.oecd-nea.org/janis/webstart/Janis_all_jars.zip

Run: `C:\ java -jar janis.jar -help`

Examples:

```
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -renderer NEA N JEFF-3.1.2 SIG N15 MT1 xs
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -search NEA covariances inc=n lib=JEFF-3.3 fmt=BOXER
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -search NEA endf z=Pb a=206 inc=n mf=3 mt=102
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -render my_input.jns t0 csv
```

Ref.1: *Selecting & identifying “activation” data for branching calculations in NEA database for $^{196}\text{Pt}(n,p)^{196}\text{Ir}$, INDC-SPN-0004(<https://nds.iaea.org/publications/indc/indc-spn-0004/>)*

■ Searching: `C:\ java -jar janis.jar -o OUTPUT.txt -list NEA N JEFF-3.3 SIG Pt-196 MT103 activation`

■ Extracting “activation” data in 1D (X-Y) format:



```
covariances
section_Ir196q
section_Ir196
calc[Yield for Ir196]
calc[Yield for Ir196q]
```

```
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -o PENDFg.txt -table NEA N JEFF-3.3 SIG Pt-196 MT103 activation section_Ir196
```

```
C:\ java -jar janis.jar -o PENDFm.txt -table NEA N JEFF-3.3 SIG Pt-196 MT103 activation section_Ir196q
```


■ X4Pro vs JANIS for plotting angular differential cross-sections

The aim is to plot EXFOR + User's PENDF angular differential cross-sections to assess new LRF7 evaluations:

JANIS:

- is able to plot $\sigma(E, \Omega)$ and EXFOR
- is not able to plot “EXFOR + PENDF” data in the same plot
- is very easy to plot own PENDF data

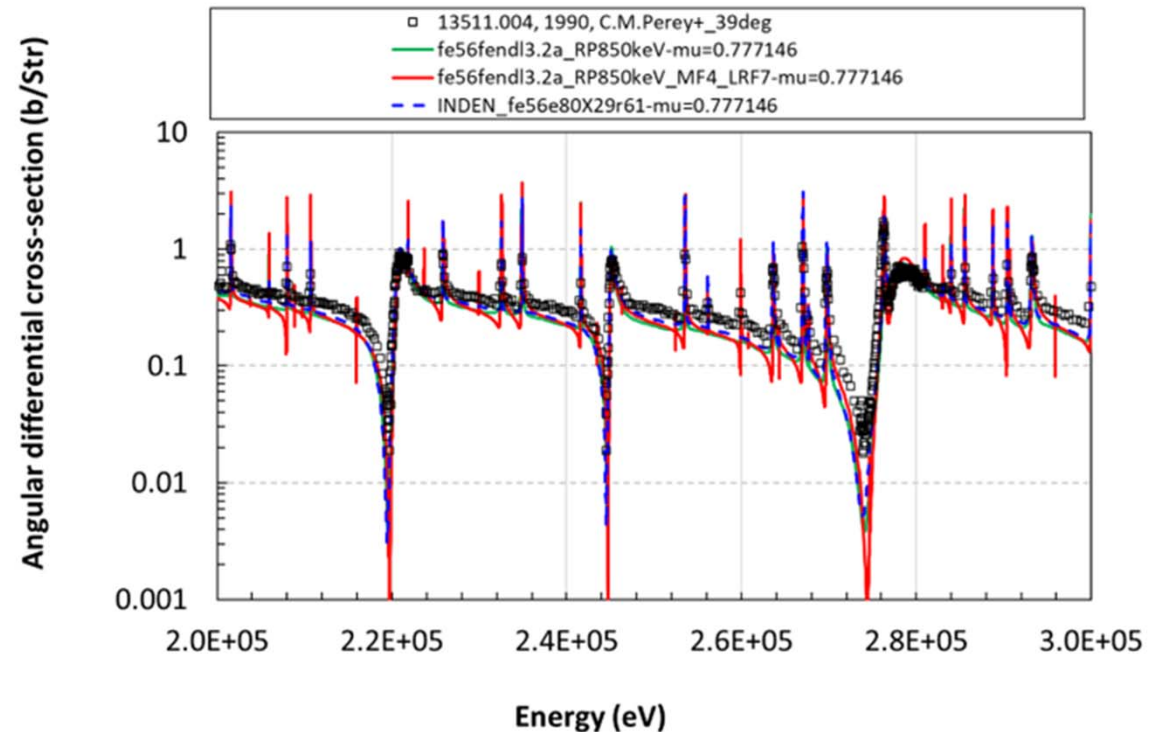
X4Pro :

- is able to plot/extract EXFOR data
- is able to plot PENDF data.
- comparison with JANIS showed differences between X4Pro and JANIS ($\sim 1/4p$). **This work allows Viktor Zerkov to correct a mistake in X4Pro!!**
- is difficult to upload own data

...

Finally ...I was plotting using **EXCEL** ... 😞

Figure 4. Angular differential cross-section $^{56}\text{Fe}(n, el) - \text{ang}=39^\circ$



Ref.1: JEFDOC-2211: Processing files with LRF7 option for the reconstruction of the MF4, pros and cons, Nov 2022

Ref.2: Technical Meeting on Nuclear Data Processing, 29November - 2 December 2022, IAEA Headquarters, Vienna, Austria

4. Data Mining for Machine Learning

4.1 Outlier identification in EXFOR

- Some examples/efforts

4.2 ML to create new evaluations

- Can we implement this in current systems?
 - Lack of features in the models with current databases
 - Others? ... the own ML models

Ref.: A. Koning, “EXFOR and outliers”, *JEFF meeting on Machine Learning*, November 23, 2021, NEA, Paris. JEFDOC-2085

Technique: Traditional outlier detection in EXFOR

- Quality scoring
- Numerical goodness-of-fit estimators (F , χ^2 , ...)
- Graphical estimation

Ref: Arjan Koning, “Statistical verification and validation of the EXFOR database: (n,gamma), (n,n'), (n,2n), (n,p), (n,alpha) and other neutron induced reaction cross sections”, NEA/DB/DOC(2017)1.

Objective: Outlier identification and *quality assignment* of EXFOR data

- Do we have any change with standards/normalization?

Ref. Arjan Koning Statistical Verification of EXFOR neutron-ind. Reactions XS (2020)

#flag=R2 #[R]Reviewed #[2] Doubtful

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/>

Figure 5. Cross-section $^{31}\text{P}(n,p)^{31}\text{Si}$

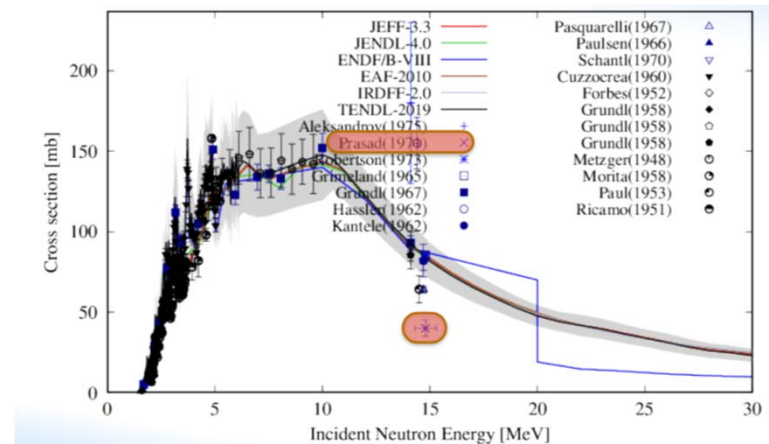


Figure 4. Screen-shot with “*Quality Assignment*” for cross-section $^{31}\text{P}(n,p)^{31}\text{Si}$

15-P-31 (N,P) 14-SI-31,,SIG Q (keV)=-709.1585

Quantity: [CS] Cross section

Index	Flag	Source	Year	Author
5	[]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1975	D.V.Aleksandrov+
6	[A]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1973	J.C.Robertson+
7	[A]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1971	R.Prasad+
8	[]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1970	W.Schantl
9	[]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1967	J.A.Grundl
10	[]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1967	A.Pasquarelli
11	[]	X4 X4+± CSV+ T4 Cov	1966	A.Pasquarelli

Ref.: NEA Activities

Between 2011-2017

- NEA (2011), “Statistical methods for the verification of databases”, **NEA News**, Volume 29, No. 1, OECD, Paris.
- (2011) “Exploratory Data Analysis of the EXFOR Database”, E. Dupont, A. Koning, N. Otsuka, **Journal of the Korean Physical Society**, Vol. 59, No. 2, August 2011, pp. 1333~1336
- NEA (2012), “NEA contributions to the worldwide collection, compilation and dissemination of nuclear reaction data”, **NEA News**, Volume 30, No. 2, OECD, Paris
- (2014) “Cross checking of large evaluated and experimental nuclear reaction databases”, **ND2014**, Nuclear Data Sheets, Volume 120, pp. 277-280.
- (2014) EXFOR: Improving the quality of international databases, E. Dupont, **News briefs**, NEA News 2014 – No. 32.1/32.2
- NEA (2014), “Statistical verification and validation of the EXFOR database”, NEA Data Bank Report, **NEA/DB/ DOC(2014)3**, OECD, Paris.
- (2016) Verification of the databases EXFOR and ENDF, G. Berton et al., **ND2016**, EPJ Web Conf, Volume 146, 2017
- (2016) **JEFDOC-1778**, Verification of the EXFOR and ENDF Databases, Gottfried Berton, Nov 2016
- (2017) **JEFDOC-1909**, Checking the resolved resonance region in EXFOR database, Gottfried Berton, Nov 2017

4.1. ML: The Data Mining – An example: EXFOR and Evaluated Data

❑ My own 1D (X-Y Data) generation

./EXFOR.ALL/
001_H_000.c4
001_H_001.c4
...
100_Fm_257.c4

(626 Files)

./ENDFB71/
(423 Files)
./JEFF32/
(472 Files)
./TENDL-2014/
(2488 Files)
./JENDL-4.0-2010/
(406 Files)

RUN: `.\python.exe parseC4.py C4-2015-01-07.xc4`

“**parseC4.py**” Created by Caleb Mattoon on 2010-06-28.
start with .xc4 file containing full exfor library in one file
(obtain latest from <http://www-nds.iaea.org/x4toc4-master/?C=M;O=D>)

sorts the library by projectile, target, MF, MT and incident energy separate
directories are created for each projectile, and separate files for each target

RUN: **PREPRO** (Linear, Recent, Sigma1, Activate, Legend , Fixup, Dictin,
Merger, **Mixer**)

RUN: **NJOY** (covariances: MODER,GROUPR, ERRORR, COVR)

RUN: **Utilities** (ang_mu, mu_bar, sixtab, c4sort, lsttab, pltlst)

The **set of reactions analysed:**

- MF3 for all **isotopes** and **natural elements**, except MT51 for natural elements
- MF3/MT251 (mu-bar) processed with MU_MAR.exe program
- MF4/MT2 for isotopes
- MF10 for isotopes

Ref.: M. González-Torre et al., “Feedbacks on Processing and Verification for JEFF-4T2.2”, JEFF Nuclear Data Week April 2023.JEFD0C-224

Technique: Unsupervised ML algorithm - DBSCAN (Density-Based Spatial Clustering of Applications with Noise)

Objective: To identify anomalous data in EXFOR database

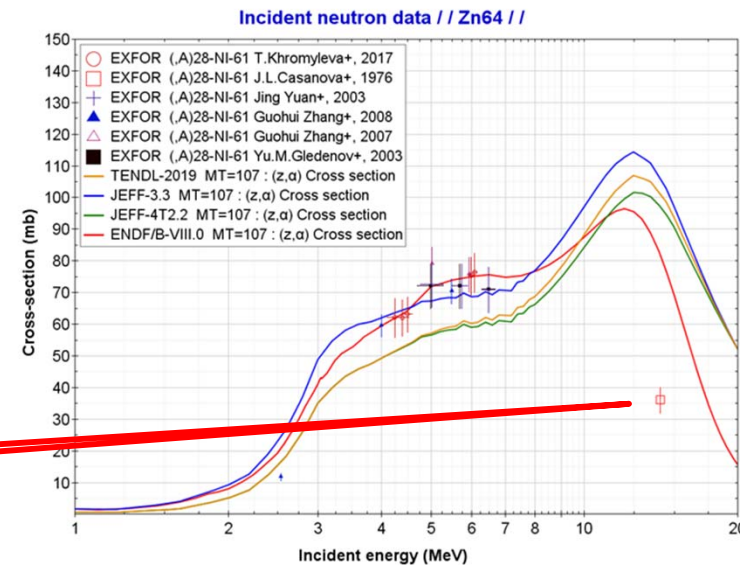
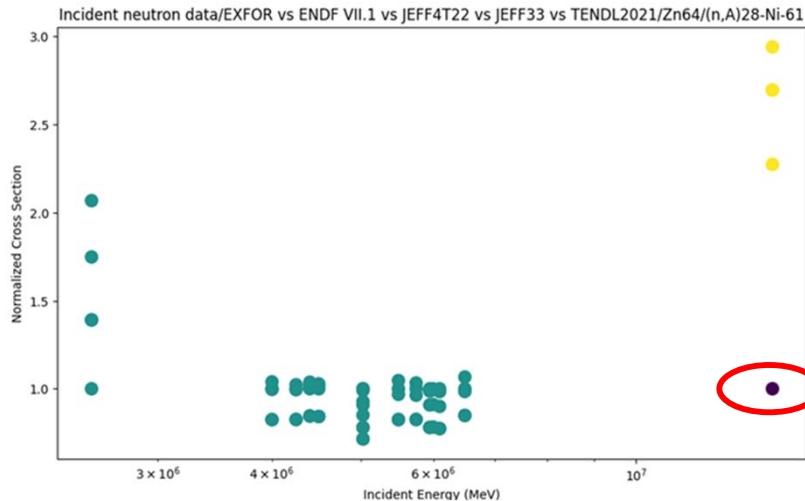


Figure 6. Comparison between EXFOR and some recent evaluated data for the $^{64}\text{Zn}(n,\alpha)$ reaction cross-section as a function of neutron energy

Objective: Outlier identification

Ref.: J.A. Monleon, “Enhancing the EXFOR Nuclear Data Library Using Machine Learning Techniques”, Master Thesis Project, 2023

Review of different Techniques for identifying outliers:

- **Statistical Techniques:** Z-Score or Standard Score, Modified Z-Score Method, QR Method:
- **Machine Learning:** Clustering Algorithms (K-Means or DBSCAN), Anomaly Detection Algorithms, Neural Networks

Preprocessing and Data Mining: “EXFORTABLES” :

- data extraction, transformation (scaling)
- encoding categorical data, manipulation and grouping the data
- preparation to machine learning applications

Objective: To identify anomalous data in “EXFOR proton reactions”

- **After in-depth review by Expert Judgment (Naohiko Otsuka) many “potential” outliers were “false outliers”**

Ref.: GitHub EXFOR-Proton Reactions Analysis Repository.:

<https://github.com/monleon96/EXFOR-ProtonReactions-Analysis>

5. New updates and compilations in NDMS

5.1 Compilation of new ENDF Evaluations

The JEFF Mapping tool

5.2. Tool for merging ENDF files

The JANIS Hybrid format

5.3 User updates for visualization

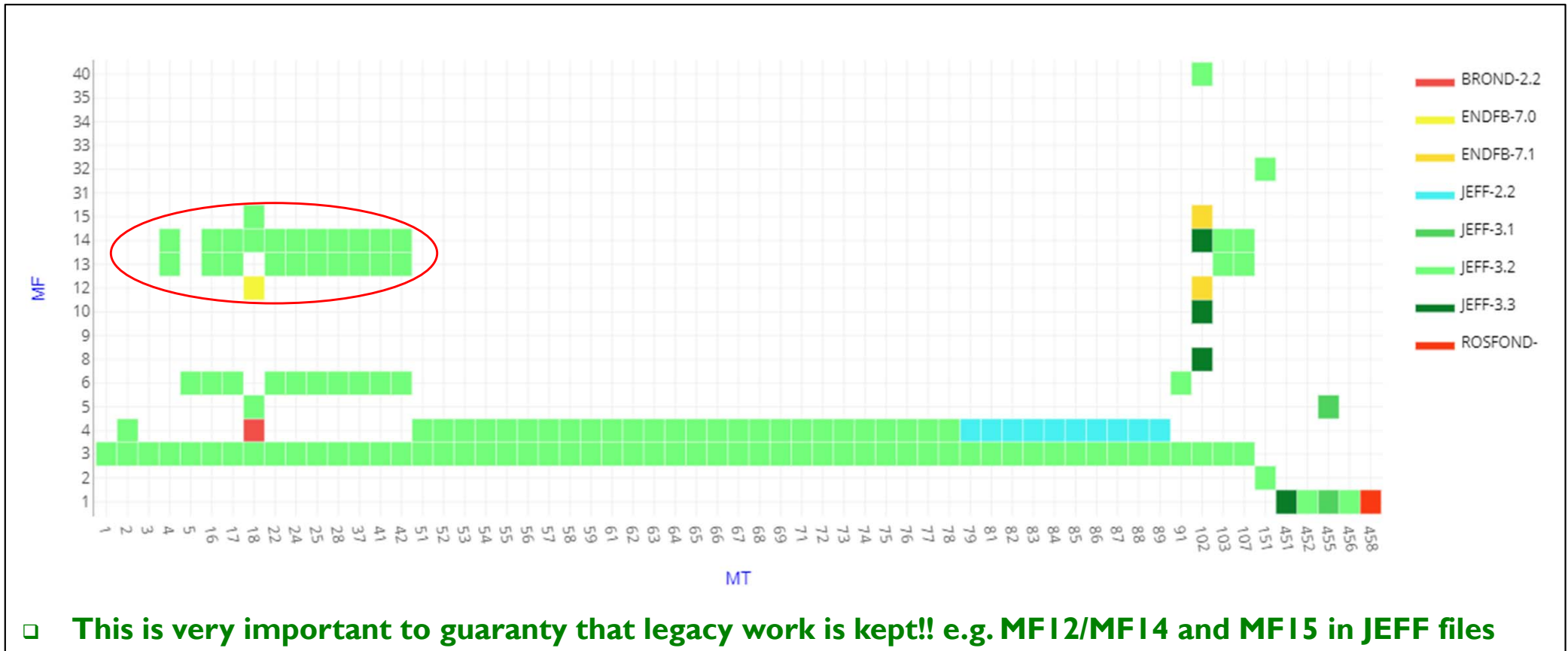
The JANIS Wizard tool

❑ The JEFF Mapping tool

Example: Explore the map of information of 95-AM-241g/JEFF-3.3

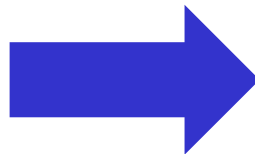
<https://www.oecd-nea.org/dbdata/jeff/jeff33/Maps.html>

Total MFs/MTs	146
Updated (changed from previous evaluations: JEFF-3.2)	6
New (included in ENDF/B-VII.1)	2
Unchanged	138
Erased (from JEFF-3.2)	2



□ The UPM Mapping tool: JEFF-4T5

#	Evaluation/Date 28459 files
1	1991-01-CENDL-2
2	1991-01-JEFF-2.2
3	1992-01-BROND-2.2
4	1994-01-JENDL-3.2
5	2001-09-ENDFB6.8
6	2002-01-JEFF-3.0
7	2002-01-JENDL-3.3
8	2005-01-JEFF-3.1
9	2006-01-ENDFB7.0
10	2009-01-CENDL-3.1
11	2009-01-JEFF-3.1.1
12	2010-01-JENDL-4.0
13	2010-01-ROSFOND
14	2011-01-ENDFB7.1
15	2012-01-JEFF-3.1.2
16	2012-12-TENDL-2012
17	2014-01-JEFF-3.2
18	2014-12-TENDL-2014
19	2016-01-BROND-3.1
20	2016-01-JENDL-4.0u
21	2017-11-JEFF-3.3
22	2018-02-ENDFB-8.0
23	2018-03-TENDL-2017
24	2019-01-ENDFB-8.0T1
25	2019-12-TENDL-2019
26	2020-01-CENDL-3.2
27	2021-11-JENDL-5.0
28	2022-02-TENDL-2021
29	2023-01-JENDL-5.0T1
30	2023-12-TENDL-2023
31	2024-08-ENDFB81
32	2025-02-INDEN_LAST
33	2025-03-TENDL2025b



FULL New Evaluation without MFs/MTs of different evaluations

First appearance at ...:	#	Examples:
2017-11-JEFF-3.3	1	2-he-3g.jeff4t5
2018-02-ENDFB-8.0	1	6-c-13g.jeff4t5
2025-03-TENDL2025b	36	10-ne-20g.jeff4t5
JEFF-4T5	47	25-mn-52g.jeff4t5
Total=	85	

MIX Evaluation with MFs/MTs of different evaluations

Last contributor ...:	#	Examples:
2010-01-JENDL-4.0	3	97-bk-247g.jeff4t5
2011-01-ENDFB7.1	3	1-h-3g.jeff4t5
2014-01-JEFF-3.2	5	96-cm-240g.jeff4t5
2017-11-JEFF-3.3	12	11-na-23g.jeff4t5
2018-02-ENDFB-8.0	9	17-cl-35g.jeff4t5
2021-11-JENDL-5.0	15	1-h-1g.jeff4t5
2022-02-TENDL-2021	4	22-ti-44g.jeff4t5
2025-02-INDEN-LAST	7	24-cr-52g.jeff4t5
2025-03-TENDL2025b	164	10-ne-21g.jeff4t5
JEFF-4T5	272	12-mg-24g.jeff4t5
Total=	494	

FULL New Evaluation with a mix of MFs/MTs of different evaluations

First appearance at ...:	#	Examples:
2017-11-JEFF-3.3	4	96-cm-242g.jeff4t5
2025-02-INDEN-LAST	1	25-mn-55g.jeff4t5
JEFF-4T5	9	92-u-232g.jeff4t5
Total=	14	
Total=	593	

5.2 User's updates for visualization: Processing into JANIS format...

□ Processing ENDF/B-VIII.1 into JANIS format:

○ HENDF + INTER + BOXER

Figure 1. Flowchart of processing JANIS database from ENDF tapes

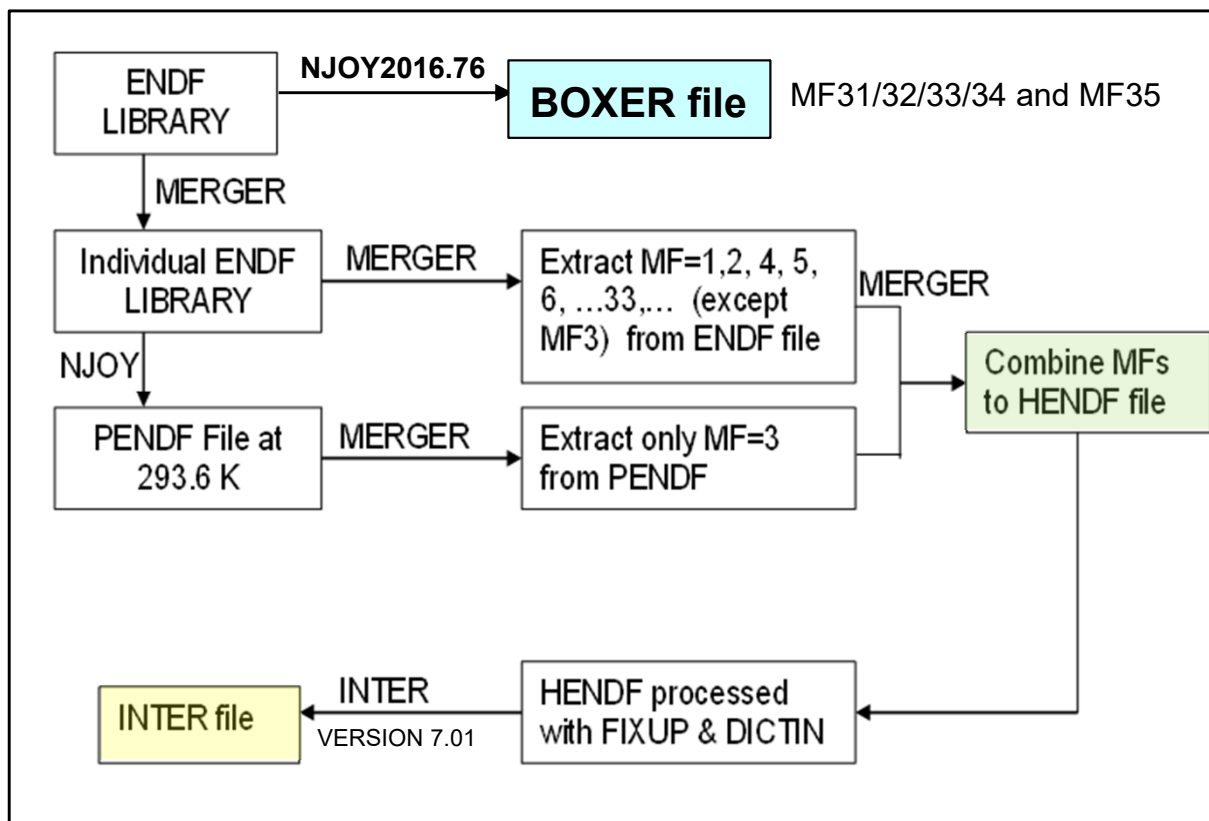


Figure 2. Example of input deck to process in PENDF format

```

moder /tape20 from MERGER                                tape20 = ENDF file
20 -31                                                    =====
reconr /Reconstruct XS data
-31 -32
' PENDF tape      ' /
9437 2 /
.005 /
' MAT=pu239  ENDF Library:JENDL-5.0upd' /
' Processed NJOY2016-UPM,2023
0/
broadr /Doppler broaden XS
-31 -32 -33
9437 1 /
.005 /
293.60
0/
thermr / Add thermal scattering data
0 -33 -34
0 9437 12 1 1 0 0 1 221 0
293.60
0.005 10.0
unresr
-31 -34 -35
9437 1 1 0 /
293.60
1.0e+10 /
0/
heatr / Add heating kerma and damage energy
-31 -35 -36 40/
9437 7 0 0 0 2/
302 303 304 318 401 403 407 /
heatr / Add heating kerma and damage energy
-31 -36 -37 41/
9437 6 0 0 0 2 0 1/
442 443 444 445 446 447 /
gaspr /Gas production
-31 -37 -38
moder
-38 26
stop
  
```

❑ Processing ND libraries into JANIS format:

- JEFF-4T?, JENDL-5.0-upd, ...
- ENDF/B-VIII.1
 - Logs reported when importing JANIS database
- # - HENDF: Hybrid format ENDF+PENDF **including KERMA and DAMAGE cross-sections**
- # - INTER
- # - BOXER: covariances **MF31, MF32/MF33, MF34 and MF35**

Download at the following links – **“UN-OFFICIAL JANIS Databases”**:

ENDF/B-VIII.1 with BOXER in 33g: <https://drive.upm.es/s/mzGbRoZt5CBw20G>
password: janis

“Readme.txt” file, it explains how to download and import the database in JANIS

❑ Import WIZARD tool: Use the “Database > Import Wizard”

Steps:

- Use “JANIS toolbar -> Database -> Load” function
- Set “.h2.db file” to select the downloaded “.h2.db” file
- Set “Root Folder” to the folder where the “.h2.fb” is located
(Leave the other default options as they are)



6. Dissemination and training

6.1 The EU/Gre@tPionner Project

6.2 The UPM/INGENIA - CDIO Course



GRE@T-
PIONEER

Coordination and Support Action
NFRP-2019-2020

Course Handbook

**Nuclear Data for Energy and
non-Energy Applications**

Author: Oscar Cabellos (UPM)
November 2022

by Oscar Cabellos
September 27th, 2022
Review:
by Naohiko Otsuka
October 11th, 2022

 This project has received funding from the European Union's Euratom research and training programme 2019-2020 under the Grant Agreement n°890675.

Handbook on ND - Content

- Chapter 1: Nuclear Data for Nuclear Applications (pp.1-70)
- **Chapter 2: The Experimental Nuclear Data (pp.1-43)**
- Chapter 3: Evaluated Data Libraries (pp. 1-55)
- **Chapter 4: Nuclear Data Visualization Tools (pp.1-24)**
- Chapter 5: Tools for Processing Nuclear Data (pp.1-84)
- Chapter 6: Benchmarking and Validation (pp.1-35)
- Chapter 7: Sensitivity Analysis and Uncertainty Quantification (pp. 1-27)
- Chapter 8: Nuclear Data Adjustment Methodologies (pp. 1-21)
- Chapter 9: Nuclear data needs (pp. 1-16)
- Chapter 10: Overview of International Organizations (pp.1-13)

Quizzes/tests/videos + exercises

Methodology: Active Learning + Flipped Classes +

Hybrid – onsite/online (3 ECTS – 30h + 30h)



GRE@T-
PIONEER

Handbook on Nuclear Data

Chapter 4: Nuclear Data Visualization Tools

The NEA/JANIS and IAEA/NDS tools

Prof. Oscar Cabellos
Polytechnic University of Madrid



**Next GRE@T-PIONEER course on
“Nuclear data for energy and non-energy applications”**

See info at: <https://great-pioneer.eu/>

Registration is open till June 29th, 2025 !!

A total of 10 ENEN2+ mobility grants available

- **Asynchronous sessions between August 8 - September 7, 2025**
- **Synchronous course Chalmers University (Sweden)- September 8-12, 2025**



<https://great-pioneer.eu/>



@GREATPIONEER_EU



@GREAT-PIONEER



6.2 Dissemination and training:

“INGENIA/NUCLEAR” at the UPM since 2018

Methodology: CDIO – Conceive + Design + Implement + Operate (<https://cdio.org/>)

12 ECTS – 5h/week – 2 semesters



TOPICS “... from nuclear data to nuclear applications”

2018-2019: Design and simulations of PWRs

2019-2020: ... ATFs

2020-2021: ... ML

2021-2022: ... SMRs

2022-2023: ... Nuclear Data – P&V – B&V

2023-2024: ... Space Applications

2024-2025: ...Medical Applications

2025-2026: ...Medical Applications

CDIO Course Development for Design and Simulation of PWRs

C. Gómez, D. Ostilla, O. Cabellos and INGENIA-NUCLEAR Group (A. Alonso, E. Buitrago, F. Burón, E. de la Fuente, G. Fernández, M. Gómez, A. González, S. López, G. López, B. Martínez, J. Melguizo, F.J. Muñoz, M. Pérez, A. Sánchez, L. Serra and L. Venturi)
 Department of Energy Engineering / Nuclear Engineering
 Universidad Politécnica de Madrid (UPM). Spain

Introduction

Safe operation of current nuclear power plants requires a thorough training and education of engineers and technicians in simulation skills for neutronic, thermohydraulic, fuel behaviour, etc. A very important feature in the development of nuclear simulations is the flow of information from nuclear data productions to the applications in real operation of nuclear power plants [1]. However, currently courses on nuclear simulations for design of core reactors are fragmented and do not contain all the steps.

What is the 'INGENIA' course?

- Course within the UPM "Master in Industrial Engineering" (together with 14 different INGENIA courses) and the "Master of Nuclear Science and Technology"
- 12 ECTS : 5hours/week from September to May
- INGENIA is based on the CDIO (Conceive, Design, Implement and Operate) initiative, which has been also adopted by other Universities: MIT, Stanford, TU Delft, Politecnico di Milano, etc.
- See more information about CDIO at: www.cdio.org

Our 'INGENIA-NUCLEAR': "PWR Design and Simulation"

Lectures

Nuclear Data
 ND Processing & Verification
 ND Benchmarking & Validation
 PWR design and operation
 Simulation of PWRs
 Optimizations & Manoeuvres

Main Activities

Update & Optimization SEANAP System
 Methods and codes used in SEANAP
 Generation of a nuclear data library based on ENDF-B-VIII.0 and JEFF-3.3
 Validation of SEANAP System
 Comparison with Design and Real Measurements
 Nominal operation and optimization of manoeuvres
 Uncertainty Propagation of ND in PWRs
 Familiarization with SANDY code
 Uncertainty Quantification in PWRs

Invited Speakers

Nuclear Data Activities at NEA
 (NEA/DNA, T. Alenxandru)
 Introduction to IAEA Nuclear Data Service and introduction to EXFOR Library-Roster of all libraries (IAEA, V. Chiriac)
 Introduction into the field of nuclear data evaluation and Reactor developments in the field of nuclear data evaluation (TUWU, H. Lohr)
 Experience in the Use and Development of Simulators (TECNATOM, I. Paramés)
 SEADON Core Monitoring System (ENUSA, J. Hengero)
 Development of the SEANAP simulator (UPM, C. Alvarado)
 PWR - Interactive Graphic Simulator (UPM, D. Prieto)

Codes & databases

Nuclear Data: JEFF-3.3, JENDL, ND visualization, NUJOY, processing ND, V4 UP, V4MSP5 libraries, WIMS5D Lattice code, IAEA/NEL PWR Simulator, SEANAP System, PWRs, SANDY ND Uncertainty

Main Results

Processed JEFF-3.3 and ENDF-B-VIII.0 into WIMS5D format
 Updated SEANAP System
 Participation in Technical Meetings
 JEFF ND Week, April 2019, Paris, France
 CERN Workshop for experts in Nuclear Data, May 2019, Madrid, Spain
 WIMS5D, June 2019, Madrid, Spain

Transversal abilities

Sustainability
 Communication
 Creativity
 Teamwork
 SGD knowledge

Conclusions

Our main goal is to strengthen students' knowledge in the state-of-art of nuclear simulation in PWRs. The syllabus includes matters related to the understanding of nuclear libraries, together with their implementation in a PWR nuclear reactor simulator. Students attended two types of lectures: theoretical lectures, focused mainly in the understanding of nuclear data fundamentals and applications; and practical lectures, orientated towards the reactor simulation and the subsequent analysis.

Three Working Groups were formed to work on: 1) updating SEANAP system with current ND libraries (JEFF-3.3 and ENDF-B-VIII.0); 2) comparison of PWR calculations with real measurements and performing operational manoeuvres; 3) uncertainty quantification assessments to study the impact of ND uncertainties.

These activities have been presented in Technical Meetings.

References

[1] A. Trkov, "Status and Perspective of Nuclear Data: Production, Evaluation and Validation", Nuclear Engineering and Technology 37(1) 2005.
 [2] www.cdio.org

Acknowledgments

OECD/NEA, IAEA/NDS, TUW, TECNATOM, ENUSA and UPM

❑ The “manipulation” of ENDF data

- **ENDFtk** (see Haeck’s talk)
- **ENDFparser_py** (see Schnabel’s talk)
- **FRENDY** (see Tada-san’s talk)
- T. Kawano, **DeCE**: the ENDF-6 data interface and nuclear data evaluation assist code, Journal of Nuclear Science 439 and Technology 56 (2019) 1029–1035.
doi:[10.1080/00223131.2019.1637797](https://doi.org/10.1080/00223131.2019.1637797)
 - facilitates all ENDF-6 data file manipulations, for example, add two data sections, renormalize data, add/delete data point,
 - convert model calculation results into ENDF-6 format,
 - reconstruct pointwise cross sections from resonance parameters,
 - convert ENDF-6 formatted data file into more human friendly format.

<https://github.com/toshihikokawano/DeCE>

- ❑ **Would we be able in a short-term playing as Evaluators to create “Frankenstein” files? with no-errors merging different data?**

❑ The “compilation” of EXFOR data

- ❑ **Would we be able in a short-term playing as EXFOR’s consultant to create “EXFOR” files? with no-errors and/or lack of crucial experimental information? NO**

EXFOR compilation of thermal neutron scattering data

Consultants’ Meeting, November 2015

- ❑ The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the key characteristic of the thermal neutron scattering measurement and evaluation techniques to provide **guidelines for compilation** of such data in the EXFOR data library.

EXFOR Data in Resonance Region and Spectrometers' Response Function

Consultants’ Meeting, October 2013

- ❑ **Prepare templates** that include the information required to be compiled in EXFOR and submit such information for different type of experiments and facilities based on the developed templates

“In an idyllic world any experimentalist could be an EXFOR compiler (at least with a 90% of the entry file completed with default templates).” O. Cabellos, Nov. 13th, 2024.

... in practice very very few experimentalists are doing it... how to increase these numbers?...

Acknowledgments

*This work is part of the APRENDE project (**A**ddressing **PR**iorities of **E**valuated **N**uclear **D**ata in **E**urope) that has received funding from the European Union's HORIZON-EURATOM under grant agreement No. 101164596*





Back-up Slides

-> Searching data in different formats?"

Q/A: Explore the different formats of the evaluated. Download libraries in different formats with: <https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/endl.htm> .How many formats do you find?

Advanced Request Examples: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Go to: Standard Request; ENDF-Explorer

Examples of requests:

- 1 Cross section: MF3
- 2 Angular distributions: MF4
- 3 Energy distributions of secondary particles: MF5
- 4 Product energy-angle distributions: MF6
- 5 Cross sections for production of radioactive elements: MF10
- 6 Search for production cross section (MF6/MT5/Law=0) [Photo](#) [PD](#)
- 7 Covariances of neutron cross sections: MF33 [Li-6\(n,t\)](#)
- 8 Covariances for production of radioactive nuclei: MF40
- 9 Covariances for energy distributions of secondary particles: MF35
- 10 Search for decay data in the ENDF files (NSUB=4)
- 11 Differential data for ion beam analysis (IBA-EVAL); [Li-6\(p,p\)](#)
- 12 Search for "smooth" photon interaction cross sections: MF23
- 13 Fission product yield /MF8/: [Ind.](#) [Cum.](#)
- 14 He-4 production cross section from $n \rightarrow {}^7\text{Li}$
- 15 Radioactive decay data [N-16](#) [Y-98](#) [Pm-148M](#) [Th-230](#)

Parameters: [Submit](#) [Reset](#)

Sub-Lib (projectile) ☒ N

Target ☒ N-14

MF (quantity) #

MT (reaction) #

LR flag #

Product

Energy extends above MeV

Laboratory

Author(s)

Ranges:

	Target	Product
Z		
A		
Isomer		

[Submit](#)

Libraries: ☐ All ☒ Selected(1) [Check](#) [Reset](#)

Major Libraries

- ☒ 1) ENDF/B-VIII.0 (USA,2018)
- ☐ 2) JEFF-3.3 (Europe,2017)
- ☐ 3) JENDL-5 (Japan,2021)
- ☐ 4) JENDL-4.0u2 (Japan,2012)
- ☐ 5) CENDL-3.2 (China,2020)
- ☐ 6) BROND-3.1 (Russia,2016)
- ☐ 7) TENDL-2019 (TALYS, 2019)

Special Libraries

- ☐ Archival
- ☐ Derived

IAEA Project Libraries

- ☐ 8) FENDL-3.2b, Fusion, 2022
- ☐ 9) INDEN-2022
- ☐ 10) IAEA-Med radioisot.prod.2019
- ☐ 11) IAEA-Med diagnostic ri.prod.2001
- ☐ 12) IAEA-Med therapeutical ri.prod.2009
- ☐ 13) IAEA-Photonuclear, 2019
- ☐ 14) IAEA Standards, 2017
- ☐ 15) IAEA Reference cross sections, 2017
- ☐ 16) IAEA High-Energy fission ref., 2015
- ☐ 17) ADS-HE High energy, 2013
- ☐ 18) IRDFF-II Dosimetry, 2019
- ☐ 19) INDL/TSL Thermal Scattering Law, 2006
- ☐ 20) IBA-EVAL diff.data for ion beam analysis, 2013
- ☐ 21) Wind, U,Np,Pu (up to 100 MeV), 1996
- ☐ 22) HE fission by Yashits for Pb-Pu, 2000

Options:

Sort by: ☐ Reactions ☒ Evaluations

View: ☒ Basic ☐ Extended

Retrieve: ☒ Sections ☐ Sub-Sections

Clone Request: [EXFOR](#) [CINDA](#)

Feedback: [Comments/Questions?](#)

Downloaded formats....

- MAT is **ENDF-6** format - original
- **GNDS** format
- **PENDF** is pointwise at 293.16K
- **INTER** is output of INTER code
- ...
- JSON format
- Plot
- Tabulated – 293K

- ❑ **USERS may find different sources of data (formats) in different retrieval systems**

Request #395

ENDF Data Selection

[Retrieve](#) [Plot](#) ☒ Selected ☐ Unselected ☐ All [Reset](#)

Plotting options: ☒ Quick plot (cross-sections only: σ) ☐ MF3-Plot

☐ Universal plot ($\sigma \pm \Delta\sigma$, $d\sigma/d\Omega$, $d\sigma/dE$, $d^2\sigma/dE/d\Omega$) [beta version](#)

Sorted by: [Libraries] Reorder by: [Reactions] View: ☒ basic ☐ extended: get MAT, PEN, GND, run Inter: resonance integrals, etc.

	1	Info	Summary	MAT	GND-1.2	PEN	Inter	7-N-14	MAT=725 NSUB=10(N)	150MeV	ENDF/B-VIII.0	LANL	M.B.Chadwick,P.G.Young	20111222
MAT=725 MF2 (RES) Resonance parameters														
☐ 1	ENDF-6	N-14(N,RES),RES	MT151											

3. Formats

3.1 Visualization tools able to read/transform formats

- ACE files: **ACELST** - Summarize contents of ACE file and convert into PENDF

https://www-nds.iaea.org/index-meeting-crp/CM_Data_Processing_2015/codes/accelst.for

- **How to use it? Use FRENDY -> perturbation/random n-ACE files -> run n-ACELST to create n-PENDF/WIMSD -> run “n-Burnup” WIMSD5 cases to assess sensitivity/uncertainty in reactivity loss.**

- WIMSD/E: XnWlup within WLUP project: <https://www-nds.iaea.org/wimsd/download/XnWlup.zip>

3.2 Visualization of other Evaluated data

- GNDS ↔ **ENDL (LLNL)** → ENDF6

3.3 Full visualization of the evaluation

- Visualization of **MF32** (identify issue in MF32/Cu63 –ENDF/B-VIII.1?), **MF34**

3.4 Checking formats, anomalous values, etc... on-the-fly

- CHECKR, FIZCON,.... MODER ...How to interpret warnings/errors? Logs in JANIS?
- Checking processed covariances: definite positive, very high values, etc...

Ref.: HU Zehua et al. , “*Learning Fast Neutron Cross Section by Deep Neural Network*”, Atomic Energy Science and Technology, 2023, Vol. 57 » Issue (4): 812-817.

Technique: Deep neural networks

Objective: Evaluation Uranium files

Results: New U evaluations in the fast energy range

■ Features assessed in the model

- A, Z
- ENDF data at energy E
- Sn
- **Others ?**

□ **Can we find this info in current ND Databases?**

- ^{230}U is used as test
- ^{232}U is used for verification
- other 10 U nuclides are used as training data

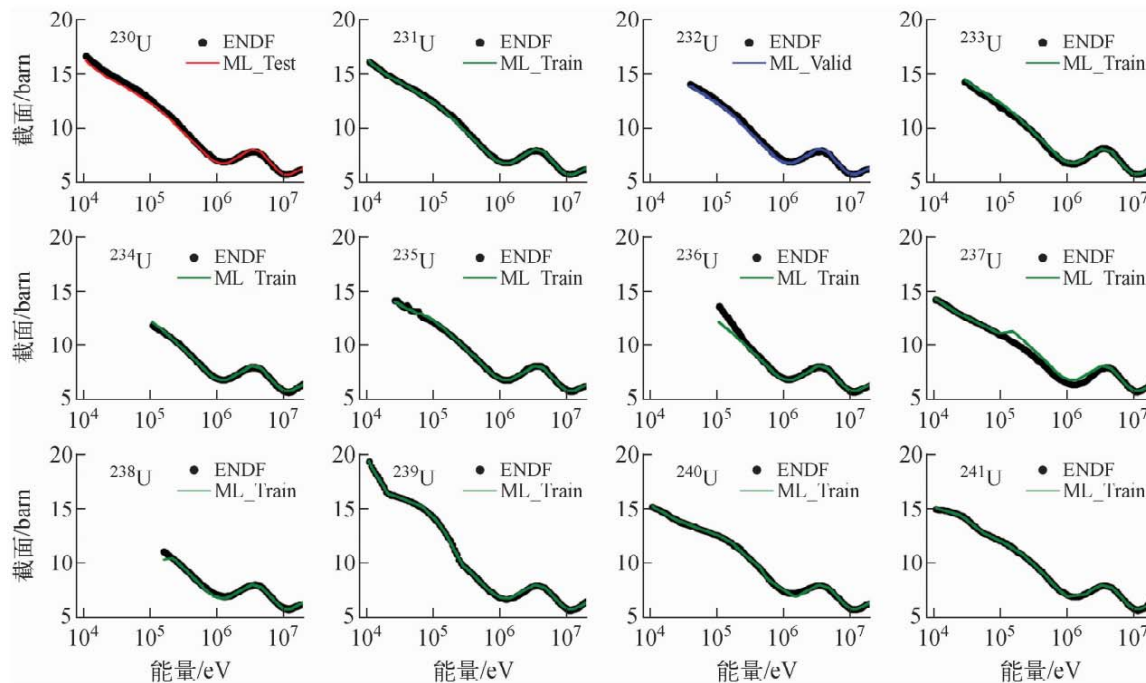


Figure 7. Calculation results, total cross-sections for U

Ref.: X. Sun et al. , “Study of $(n,2n)$ Reaction Cross Section of Fission Product based on Neural Network and Decision Tree Models”, WONDER 2023, June 5-9, 2023

Technique: Artificial neural network (ANN) and decision tree (DT) models

Objective: To predict the $(n,2n)$ reaction cross section, especially those lack of experimental measurements

- Importance of features assessed
 - Z, A
 - Sn and Sp
 - Shell P-Casten factor, the level density
 - the pairing correction, and the incident energy

□ Can we find this info in current ND Databases?

- **Results:** $\sigma_{(n,2n)} = f(\text{incident neutron energy})$

“The ML model can predict the nuclear reaction cross section of a large number of nuclei without the requirement for manual and careful parameter optimization.”

Figure 8. Cross-section $^{96}\text{Zr}(n,2n)$

