

# **A Temperature Dependent ENDF/B-VI, Release 7 Cross Section Library**

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**November 22, 2000**

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Work performed under the auspices of the U. S. Department of Energy by the University of California Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract W-7405-Eng-48.

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UCRL-ID-127776, Rev. 1

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## **Introduction**

The ENDF/B data library has recently been updated and is now freely available through the National Nuclear Data Center (NNDC), Brookhaven National Laboratory. This most recent library is identified as ENDF/B-VI, Release 7. Release 7 completely supersedes all preceding releases.

As distributed the ENDF/B-VI, Release 7 data includes cross sections represented in the form of a combination of resonance parameters and/or tabulated energy dependent cross sections, nominally at 0 Kelvin temperature.

For use in applications this library has been processed into the form of temperature dependent cross sections at eight temperatures between 0 and 2100 Kelvin, in steps of 300 Kelvin. At each temperature the cross sections are tabulated and linearly interpolable in energy.

All results are in the computer independent ENDF/B-VI character format [1], which allows the data to be easily transported between computers. In its processed form this library is approximately 1.6 gigabyte in size and is distributed on three CDs.

## **Earlier Versions of ENDF/B-VI**

Between the original distribution (Release 0) and Release 2 libraries, 74 evaluations were updated and distributed in July 1994 (see, UCRL-ID-117797). Between Release 2 and 3 libraries, 18 evaluations were updated and distributed in January 1996 (see, UCRL-ID-124171). Between Release 0 and 3 no completely new evaluations were added to the library. Between Release 3 and 4(see, UCRL-ID-127776), 87 evaluations were updated and five completely new evaluations were added, namely for  $Gd^{152}$ ,  $Gd^{154}$ ,  $Ir^{191}$ ,  $Ir^{193}$  and  $Pu^{236}$ . In addition the evaluation for natural Cd was deleted and replaced by evaluations for the individual isotopes. The result was a library of 321 evaluations. For details, see the

above mentioned three reports: UCRL-ID-117797, UCRL-ID-124171, and UCRL-ID-127776.

### ENDF/B-VI, Release 7 Data

Between the last version of this library (POINT97), which was based on release 4 data, and the current version (POINT2000), which is based on release 7 data, the following changes were made to the evaluations (listed below in ascending ZA order),

Material	MAT	Changes
1-H -1	125	Minor changes to low energy cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.
1-H -2	128	Cross section changes above 40 keV. Extended to 150 MeV.
6-C -Nat	600	Major changes to low energy cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.
7-N -14	725	Cross section changes only above 20 MeV. Extended to 150 MeV.
8-O -16	825	Cross section changes above 6 MeV. Extended to 150 MeV.
13-Al-27	1325	Cross section changes only above 20 MeV. Extended to 150 MeV.
14-Si-28	1425	New evaluation up to 150 MeV.
14-Si-29	1428	New evaluation up to 150 MeV.
14-Si-30	1431	New evaluation up to 150 MeV.
15-P -31	1525	Extended to 150 MeV.
16-S -Nat	1600	I removed bogus "fission widths" from resonance parameters
20-Ca-Nat	2000	Extended to 150 MeV.
24-Cr-50	2425	Extended to 150 MeV.
24-Cr-52	2431	Extended to 150 MeV.
24-Cr-53	2434	Extended to 150 MeV.
24-Cr-54	2437	Extended to 150 MeV.
25-Mn-55	2525	Minor changes to energy-angle correlated data.
26-Fe-54	2625	Extended to 150 MeV.
26-Fe-56	2631	Extended to 150 MeV.
26-Fe-57	2634	Extended to 150 MeV.
26-Fe-58	2637	Minor changes to energy-angle correlated data.
28-Ni-58	2825	Extended to 150 MeV.
28-Ni-60	2831	Extended to 150 MeV.
28-Ni-61	2834	Extended to 150 MeV.
28-Ni-62	2837	Extended to 150 MeV.
28-Ni-64	2843	Extended to 150 MeV.
29-Cu-63	2925	Extended to 150 MeV.
29-Cu-65	2931	Extended to 150 MeV.
41-Nb-93	4125	Extended to 150 MeV.
46-Pd-102	4625	New cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.
46-Pd-104	4631	New cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.
46-Pd-105	4634	New cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.
46-Pd-106	4637	New cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.
46-Pd-108	4643	New resonance parameters and cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.
46-Pd-110	4649	New cross sections above 210 eV. Extended to 30 MeV.
55-Cs-133	5525	New resonance parameters and cross sections.
55-Cs-134	5528	New resonance parameters and cross sections.
55-Cs-135	5531	New resonance parameters and cross sections.
56-Ba-134	5637	New resonance parameters and cross sections.
59-Pr-141	5925	New resonance parameters and cross sections.

62-Sm-147 6234 I removed bogus “fission widths” from resonance parameters

62-Sm-149 6240 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

63-Eu-153 6331 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

63-Eu-154 6334 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

63-Eu-155 6337 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

66-Dy-160 6637 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

66-Dy-161 6640 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

66-Dy-162 6643 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

66-Dy-163 6646 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

66-Dy-164 6649 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

67-Ho-165 6725 Changes in resonance parameters.

71-Lu-175 7125 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

71-Lu-176 7128 New resonance parameters and cross sections.

74-W –182 7431 New resonance parameters and cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.

74-W –183 7434 New resonance parameters and cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.

74-W –184 7437 New resonance parameters and cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.

74-W –186 7443 New resonance parameters and cross sections. Extended to 150 MeV.

82-Pb-206 8231 Extended to 150 MeV.

82-Pb-207 8234 Extended to 150 MeV.

82-Pb-208 8237 New cross sections above 1 MeV. Extended to 150 MeV.

83-Bi-209 8325 Extended to 150 MeV.

92-U –235 9228 New nu-bar. New resonance parameters.

92-U –238 9237 Minor changes to resonance parameters.

94-Pu-239 9437 Minor changes to resonance parameters.

95-Am-243 9549 New nu-bar. New cross sections. Extended to 30 MeV.

96-Cm-243 9634 New nu-bar. New resonance parameters and cross sections.

96-Cm-245 9640 New nu-bar. New resonance parameters and cross sections.

96-Cm-246 9643 New nu-bar. New resonance parameters and cross sections.

The result is a library of 324 evaluations.

### PREPRO2000 Codes

In addition to the changes in the ENDF/B-VI evaluations, it should be noted that between the last version of this report, where the PREPRO’97 codes were used, and the current version, where the PREPRO2000 codes were used, there have been major improvements in the ENDF/B Pre-processing codes. The major improvements were both in terms of improving the basic methods used by the codes and in terms of incorporating the latest ENDF/B-VI Formats and Procedures used by the current evaluations. The result is more accurate cross section data throughout the POINT2000 library.

**WARNING** – due to recent changes in ENDF/B-VI Formats and Procedures only the latest version of the ENDF/B Pre-processing codes, namely PREPRO2000, can be used to accurately process all current ENDF/B-VI evaluations. If you fail to heed this warning and you use any earlier versions of these codes the results will be inaccurate.

The PREPRO2000 codes run on virtually any computer, and are now available FREE on-line from the Nuclear Data Section, IAEA, Vienna, Austria, website at,

<http://IAEAND.IAEA.OR.AT/ndspub/endl/prepro>

## Requesting this Data

Please do not contact the author of this report to request this data; I do not have the resources necessary to directly respond to requests for this data. This data has been distributed to and is Internationally available from nuclear data/code centers throughout the World,

- 1) Within the United States: contact the National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Vicki McLane at [services@bnlnd2.dne.bnl.gov](mailto:services@bnlnd2.dne.bnl.gov)
- 2) Within Western Europe: contact the OECD Nuclear Energy Agency/ Data Bank (NEA/DB), Paris, France, Enrico Sartori at [sartori@nea.fr](mailto:sartori@nea.fr)
- 3) Otherwise: contact the Nuclear Data Section, international Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria, Vladimir Pronyaev at [v.pronyaev@iaea.org](mailto:v.pronyaev@iaea.org)

## Data Processing

As distributed the original evaluated data includes cross sections represented in the form of a combination of resonance parameters and/or tabulated energy dependent cross sections, nominally at 0 Kelvin temperature. For use in applications, this data has been processed using the 2000 version of the ENDF/B Pre-processing codes (PREPRO2000) to produce temperature dependent, linearly interpolable in energy, tabulated cross sections, in the ENDF/B-VI format.

Data is included for eight temperatures between 0 and 2100 Kelvin, in steps of 300 Kelvin.

The steps required and codes used to produce room temperature, linearly interpolable tabulated cross sections, in the ENDF/B-VI format, are described below (the name of each code is given in parenthesis; for details of each code see reference [2]).

Here are the steps, and PREPRO2000 codes, used to process the data, in the order in which the codes were used.

- 1) Linearly interpolable, tabulated cross sections (**LINEAR**)
- 2) Including the resonance contribution (**RECENT**)
- 3) Doppler broaden all cross sections to temperature (**SIGMA1**)
- 4) Check data, define redundant cross sections by summation (**FIXUP**)

For the "cold" (0 Kelvin) data steps 1), 2) and 4) were used. For the data at other temperatures, after steps 1) and 2), the data was Doppler broadened to each temperature using step 3), and the results were then made consistent with the ENDF/B formats and conventions using step 4), to produce the final distributed data.

The result is linearly interpolable in energy, tabulated, temperature dependent cross sections, in the ENDF/B-VI format, ready to be used in applications.

**Note** - this processing only involved the energy dependent neutron cross sections. All other data in the evaluations, e.g., angular and energy distributions, was not effected by this processing, and is identical in all versions of the final results, i.e., is the same in all of the directories, ORIGINAL, as well as K0

through K2100, on the CDs.

## Accuracy of Results

Each of the codes described above that was used to process data to obtain tabulated, linearly interpolable in energy cross sections, processed the data to within a user defined accuracy, or allowable uncertainty. The ENDF/B Pre-processing codes (PREPRO2000) are self-documenting, in the sense that the ENDF/B formatted output data that each code produces includes comments at the beginning of each evaluation defining the accuracy to which the cross sections were calculated. The combination of comments added by all of the codes defines the sequence and accuracy used by all of them. The accuracy is the same for all evaluations. Therefore, for exact details of the accuracy of the data, see the comments at the beginning of any evaluation.

Compared to the processing of earlier versions of ENDF/B-VI, the current results were generated to higher accuracy, which is why the resulting data base is larger. Also, they were generated using an energy dependent accuracy, to allow the low energy cross sections, where there are no narrow resonances, to be generated to much higher accuracy, without a significant increase in the overall size of the data base. This was done in order to improve the cross sections for use in thermal and slow neutron applications. Again, for details see the comments in any evaluation.

## Contents of the Library

This library **contains** all of the evaluations in the ENDF/B-VI general purpose library. The following table summarizes the contents of the ENDF/B-VI general purpose library. This library contains evaluations for 324 materials (isotopes or naturally occurring elemental mixtures of isotopes).

This library **does not contain** data from special purpose ENDF/B-VI libraries, such as fission products, thermal scattering, photon interaction data. To obtain any of these special purpose libraries contact the National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory,

[ENDF@bnlnd2.dne.bnl.gov](mailto:ENDF@bnlnd2.dne.bnl.gov)

In this library each evaluation is stored as a separate file. The following table defines each material and the corresponding filename. The entire library is in the computer independent ENDF/B-VI character format, which allows the data to be easily transported between computers. The entire library requires approximately 1.6 gigabyte of storage and is distributed on three CDs; see below for details of the CD contents.

This library contains data for some metastable materials, which are indicated by an "M" at the end of their descriptions.

The majority of these evaluations are complete, in the sense that they include all cross sections over the energy range  $10^{-5}$  eV to at least 20 MeV. However, the following are only partial evaluations that either only contain single reactions and no total cross section ( $\text{Mg}^{24}$ ,  $\text{K}^{41}$ ,  $\text{Ti}^{46}$ ,  $\text{Ti}^{47}$ ,  $\text{Ti}^{48}$ ,  $\text{Ti}^{50}$  and  $\text{Ni}^{59}$ ), or do not include energy dependent cross sections above the resonance region ( $\text{Ar}^{40}$ ,  $\text{Mo}^{92}$ ,  $\text{Mo}^{98}$ ,  $\text{Mo}^{100}$ ,  $\text{In}^{115}$ ,  $\text{Sn}^{120}$ ,  $\text{Sn}^{122}$  and  $\text{Sn}^{124}$ ).

## CD Format and Layout

The CDs were written using ISO 9660 format that can be read on almost any computer. One restriction of the ISO 9660 format is that it is similar to DOS diskettes, in that it does not distinguish between upper and lower case characters. Therefore when the data is read from the CDs, on some computers the filenames will end up in upper case, and on other computers they will be lower case.

The three CDs are divided into ten directories,

### CD # 1

DOCUMENT - A copy of this report in various formats.

ORIGINAL - The original ENDF/B data before it was processed.

K0 - 0 Kelvin cross sections

K300 - 300 Kelvin cross sections

### CD # 2

K600 - 600 Kelvin cross sections

K900 - 900 Kelvin cross sections

K1200 - 1200 Kelvin cross sections

### CD # 3

K1500 - 1500 Kelvin cross sections

K1800 - 1800 Kelvin cross sections

K2100 - 2100 Kelvin cross sections

With the exception of DOCUMENT, each of these directories contains 324 files, one file for each evaluation. Each file is a complete ENDF/B "tape" [1], including a starting "tape" identification line, and ending with a "tape" end line [1]. In this form, each file can be used by a wide variety of available computer codes that treat data in the ENDF/B format.

## The Effects of Temperature and Doppler Broadening

For those readers who are not familiar with the effects of temperature and Doppler broadening on neutron cross sections and transport, I suggest that you read references [3] and [4], listed below.

Users of neutron cross sections should be aware that there are several important effects of temperature and Doppler broadening,

1) There is the well known effect in the neutron resonance region, where as the temperature increases resonances become broader, hence the name Doppler broadening. Figure 1 illustrates the effect of temperature on the  $U^{238}$  capture cross section. From this figure we can see that as temperature increases the peaks of the resonances become lower, and the minima between resonances become higher. At extremely high temperature the entire resonance structure disappears and the cross sections approaches a simple  $1/v$  (where  $v$  is the neutron speed) shape. This temperature effect will have a very important effect on resonance self-shielding in any neutron transport calculation.

2) Another, less well known, effect of Doppler broadening is at lower energies where as temperature increases the low energy constant scattering cross section increases, and at very low energies approaches a simple  $1/v$  (where  $v$  is the neutron speed) shape. Figure 2 illustrates the effect of temperature on the hydrogen total cross section. From this figure we can see that starting from a "cold" (0 Kelvin) cross

section that is constant at about 20 barns, as temperature increases the cross section increases. Compared to the "cold" 20 barn cross section, at thermal energy the Doppler broadened cross section is about 30 barns, i.e., 50 % higher. Note also from this figure that this effect extends well above thermal energy. For example, at 300 Kelvin the thermal energy is 0.0253 eV, but we can see this effect up to about 1 eV. From the lower half of figure 2 we can see that at very low energy the cross section approaches  $1/v$  (where  $v$  is the neutron speed) and the cross sections at various temperatures become proportional to one another. This effect on the cross sections at low energy is very important for thermal and low energy neutron systems.

3) Yet another important effect of temperature is that at lower energies neutrons do not slow down in energy as quickly and neutron scatter can even result in the upscatter of neutrons, i.e., when neutrons scatter they can gain, rather than lose, energy. This is a well known effect at low energies, where thermal scattering law data or a free gas model is used to model the interaction of neutrons with target atoms that are moving about with thermal motion. This effect can also be important at higher energies, particularly near narrow resonances, where thermal motion of the target atoms can cause neutrons to slightly upscatter, but even slight upscatter can cause a neutron to scatter from below to above the energy of a very narrow resonance. See reference [4], below for a routine designed to be used in conjunction with the SIGMA1 method of Doppler broadening [3], to handle neutron thermal scattering. This routine [4] is completely compatible for use with the cross sections included here, since these cross sections were Doppler broadened using the SIGMA1 method [3].

The combination of SIGMA1 [3] Doppler broadened cross sections and THERMAL [4] to handle thermal scattering, is currently used in the TART98 Monte Carlo transport code [5].

## Acknowledgments

I thank Vicki McLane and Marion Blennau, of the National Nuclear Data Center (NNDC), Brookhaven National Laboratory, for supplying the original ENDF/B, Release 7 data, used in this project. I thank Vladimir Pronyaev and Kevin McLaughlin, of the Nuclear Data Section, International Atomic Energy Agency, for supplying the ENDF/B Pre-processing codes, PREPRO2000, used in this project.

## References

- [1] Data Formats and Procedures for the Evaluated Nuclear Data File ENDF-6, BNL-NCS-44945, Rev. 11/95, edited by V. McLane, C.L. Dunford, P.F. Rose, National Nuclear Data Center, Brookhaven National Laboratory
- [2] "PREPRO2000: The 2000 ENDF/B Pre-Processing Codes," by D.E. Cullen, Nuclear Data Section, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Austria, IAEA-NDS-39, Rev. 10, April 1, 2000.
- [3] "Exact Doppler Broadening of Tabulated Cross Sections," by D.E. Cullen and C.R. Weisbin, Nuclear Science and Engineering 60, p. 199 (1975)
- [4] "THERMAL: A Routine Designed to Calculate Neutron Thermal Scattering," by D.E. Cullen, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, UCRL-ID-120560-Rev-1, Sept. 1995.
- [5] "TART98: A Coupled Neutron-Photon 3-D, Time Dependent, Combinatorial Geometry Monte Carlo Transport Code," by D.E. Cullen, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, UCRL-ID-126455, Rev. 2, November, 1998.

# ENDF/B-VI Release 7 Library (Z = 1 to 51)

Filename	Material	Filename	Material	Filename	Material
ZA001001	1-H -1	ZA028064	28-Ni-64	ZA042099	42-Mo-99
ZA001002	1-H -2	ZA029063	29-Cu-63	ZA042100	42-Mo-100
ZA001003	1-H -3	ZA029065	29-Cu-65	ZA043099	43-Tc-99
ZA002003	2-He-3	ZA031000	31-Ga-Nat	ZA044096	44-Ru-96
ZA002004	2-He-4	ZA032072	32-Ge-72	ZA044098	44-Ru-98
ZA003006	3-Li-6	ZA032073	32-Ge-73	ZA044099	44-Ru-99
ZA003007	3-Li-7	ZA032074	32-Ge-74	ZA044100	44-Ru-100
ZA004009	4-Be-9	ZA032076	32-Ge-76	ZA044101	44-Ru-101
ZA005010	5-B -10	ZA033075	33-As-75	ZA044102	44-Ru-102
ZA005011	5-B -11	ZA034074	34-Se-74	ZA044103	44-Ru-103
ZA006000	6-C -Nat	ZA034076	34-Se-76	ZA044104	44-Ru-104
ZA007014	7-N -14	ZA034077	34-Se-77	ZA044105	44-Ru-105
ZA007015	7-N -15	ZA034078	34-Se-78	ZA044106	44-Ru-106
ZA008016	8-O -16	ZA034080	34-Se-80	ZA045103	45-Rh-103
ZA008017	8-O -17	ZA034082	34-Se-82	ZA045105	45-Rh-105
ZA009019	9-F -19	ZA035079	35-Br-79	ZA046102	46-Pd-102
ZA011023	11-Na-23	ZA035081	35-Br-81	ZA046104	46-Pd-104
ZA012000	12-Mg-Nat	ZA036078	36-Kr-78	ZA046105	46-Pd-105
ZA012024	12-Mg-24	ZA036080	36-Kr-80	ZA046106	46-Pd-106
ZA013027	13-Al-27	ZA036082	36-Kr-82	ZA046107	46-Pd-107
ZA014000	14-Si-Nat	ZA036083	36-Kr-83	ZA046108	46-Pd-108
ZA014028	14-Si-28	ZA036084	36-Kr-84	ZA046110	46-Pd-110
ZA014029	14-Si-29	ZA036085	36-Kr-85	ZA047107	47-Ag-107
ZA014030	14-Si-30	ZA036086	36-Kr-86	ZA047109	47-Ag-109
ZA015031	15-P -31	ZA037085	37-Rb-85	ZA047111	47-Ag-111
ZA016000	16-S -Nat	ZA037086	37-Rb-86	ZA048106	48-Cd-106
ZA016032	16-S -32	ZA037087	37-Rb-87	ZA048108	48-Cd-108
ZA017000	17-Cl-Nat	ZA038084	38-Sr-84	ZA048110	48-Cd-110
ZA018040	18-Ar-40	ZA038086	38-Sr-86	ZA048111	48-Cd-111
ZA019000	19-K -Nat	ZA038087	38-Sr-87	ZA048112	48-Cd-112
ZA019041	19-K -41	ZA038088	38-Sr-88	ZA048113	48-Cd-113
ZA020000	20-Ca-Nat	ZA038089	38-Sr-89	ZA048114	48-Cd-114
ZA021045	21-Sc-45	ZA038090	38-Sr-90	ZA048115.M	48-Cd-115m
ZA022000	22-Ti-Nat	ZA039089	39-Y -89	ZA048116	48-Cd-116
ZA022046	22-Ti-46	ZA039090	39-Y -90	ZA049000	49-In-Nat
ZA022047	22-Ti-47	ZA039091	39-Y -91	ZA049113	49-In-113
ZA022048	22-Ti-48	ZA040000	40-Zr-Nat	ZA049115	49-In-115
ZA022050	22-Ti-50	ZA040090	40-Zr-90	ZA050112	50-Sn-112
ZA023000	23-V -Nat	ZA040091	40-Zr-91	ZA050114	50-Sn-114
ZA024050	24-Cr-50	ZA040092	40-Zr-92	ZA050115	50-Sn-115
ZA024052	24-Cr-52	ZA040093	40-Zr-93	ZA050116	50-Sn-116
ZA024053	24-Cr-53	ZA040094	40-Zr-94	ZA050117	50-Sn-117
ZA024054	24-Cr-54	ZA040095	40-Zr-95	ZA050118	50-Sn-118
ZA025055	25-Mn-55	ZA040096	40-Zr-96	ZA050119	50-Sn-119
ZA026054	26-Fe-54	ZA041093	41-Nb-93	ZA050120	50-Sn-120
ZA026056	26-Fe-56	ZA041094	41-Nb-94	ZA050122	50-Sn-122
ZA026057	26-Fe-57	ZA041095	41-Nb-95	ZA050123	50-Sn-123
ZA026058	26-Fe-58	ZA042000	42-Mo-Nat	ZA050124	50-Sn-124
ZA027059	27-Co-59	ZA042092	42-Mo-92	ZA050125	50-Sn-125
ZA028058	28-Ni-58	ZA042094	42-Mo-94	ZA050126	50-Sn-126
ZA028059	28-Ni-59	ZA042095	42-Mo-95	ZA051121	51-Sb-121
ZA028060	28-Ni-60	ZA042096	42-Mo-96	ZA051123	51-Sb-123
ZA028061	28-Ni-61	ZA042097	42-Mo-97	ZA051124	51-Sb-124
ZA028062	28-Ni-62	ZA042098	42-Mo-98	ZA051125	51-Sb-125

ENDF/B-VI Release 7 Library (Z = 51 to 99)

Filename	Material	Filename	Material	Filename	Material
ZA051126	51-Sb-126	ZA060147	60-Nd-147	ZA074183	74-W -183
ZA052120	52-Te-120	ZA060148	60-Nd-148	ZA074184	74-W -184
ZA052122	52-Te-122	ZA060150	60-Nd-150	ZA074186	74-W -186
ZA052123	52-Te-123	ZA061147	61-Pm-147	ZA075185	75-Re-185
ZA052124	52-Te-124	ZA061148	61-Pm-148	ZA075187	75-Re-187
ZA052125	52-Te-125	ZA061148.M	61-Pm-148m	ZA077191	77-Ir-191
ZA052126	52-Te-126	ZA061149	61-Pm-149	ZA077193	77-Ir-193
ZA052127.M	52-Te-127m	ZA061151	61-Pm-151	ZA079197	79-Au-197
ZA052128	52-Te-128	ZA062144	62-Sm-144	ZA082206	82-Pb-206
ZA052129.M	52-Te-129m	ZA062147	62-Sm-147	ZA082207	82-Pb-207
ZA052130	52-Te-130	ZA062148	62-Sm-148	ZA082208	82-Pb-208
ZA052132	52-Te-132	ZA062149	62-Sm-149	ZA083209	83-Bi-209
ZA053127	53-I -127	ZA062150	62-Sm-150	ZA090230	90-Th-230
ZA053129	53-I -129	ZA062151	62-Sm-151	ZA090232	90-Th-232
ZA053130	53-I -130	ZA062152	62-Sm-152	ZA091231	91-Pa-231
ZA053131	53-I -131	ZA062153	62-Sm-153	ZA091233	91-Pa-233
ZA053135	53-I -135	ZA062154	62-Sm-154	ZA092232	92-U -232
ZA054124	54-Xe-124	ZA063151	63-Eu-151	ZA092233	92-U -233
ZA054126	54-Xe-126	ZA063152	63-Eu-152	ZA092234	92-U -234
ZA054128	54-Xe-128	ZA063153	63-Eu-153	ZA092235	92-U -235
ZA054129	54-Xe-129	ZA063154	63-Eu-154	ZA092236	92-U -236
ZA054130	54-Xe-130	ZA063155	63-Eu-155	ZA092237	92-U -237
ZA054131	54-Xe-131	ZA063156	63-Eu-156	ZA092238	92-U -238
ZA054132	54-Xe-132	ZA063157	63-Eu-157	ZA093237	93-Np-237
ZA054133	54-Xe-133	ZA064152	64-Gd-152	ZA093238	93-Np-238
ZA054134	54-Xe-134	ZA064154	64-Gd-154	ZA093239	93-Np-239
ZA054135	54-Xe-135	ZA064155	64-Gd-155	ZA094236	94-Pu-236
ZA054136	54-Xe-136	ZA064156	64-Gd-156	ZA094237	94-Pu-237
ZA055133	55-Cs-133	ZA064157	64-Gd-157	ZA094238	94-Pu-238
ZA055134	55-Cs-134	ZA064158	64-Gd-158	ZA094239	94-Pu-239
ZA055135	55-Cs-135	ZA064160	64-Gd-160	ZA094240	94-Pu-240
ZA055136	55-Cs-136	ZA065159	65-Tb-159	ZA094241	94-Pu-241
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ZA056137	56-Ba-137	ZA066163	66-Dy-163	ZA095242	95-Am-242
ZA056138	56-Ba-138	ZA066164	66-Dy-164	ZA095242.M	95-Am-242m
ZA056140	56-Ba-140	ZA067165	67-Ho-165	ZA095243	95-Am-243
ZA057139	57-La-139	ZA068166	68-Er-166	ZA096241	96-Cm-241
ZA057140	57-La-140	ZA068167	68-Er-167	ZA096242	96-Cm-242
ZA058140	58-Ce-140	ZA071175	71-Lu-175	ZA096243	96-Cm-243
ZA058141	58-Ce-141	ZA071176	71-Lu-176	ZA096244	96-Cm-244
ZA058142	58-Ce-142	ZA072000	72-Hf-Nat	ZA096245	96-Cm-245
ZA058143	58-Ce-143	ZA072174	72-Hf-174	ZA096246	96-Cm-246
ZA058144	58-Ce-144	ZA072176	72-Hf-176	ZA096247	96-Cm-247
ZA059141	59-Pr-141	ZA072177	72-Hf-177	ZA096248	96-Cm-248
ZA059142	59-Pr-142	ZA072178	72-Hf-178	ZA097249	97-Bk-249
ZA059143	59-Pr-143	ZA072179	72-Hf-179	ZA098249	98-Cf-249
ZA060142	60-Nd-142	ZA072180	72-Hf-180	ZA098250	98-Cf-250
ZA060143	60-Nd-143	ZA073181	73-Ta-181	ZA098251	98-Cf-251
ZA060144	60-Nd-144	ZA073182	73-Ta-182	ZA098252	98-Cf-252
ZA060145	60-Nd-145	ZA074000	74-W -Nat	ZA098253	98-Cf-253
ZA060146	60-Nd-146	ZA074182	74-W -182	ZA099253	99-Es-253

Fig.1: Effect of Doppler Broadening on Resonance Cross Sections

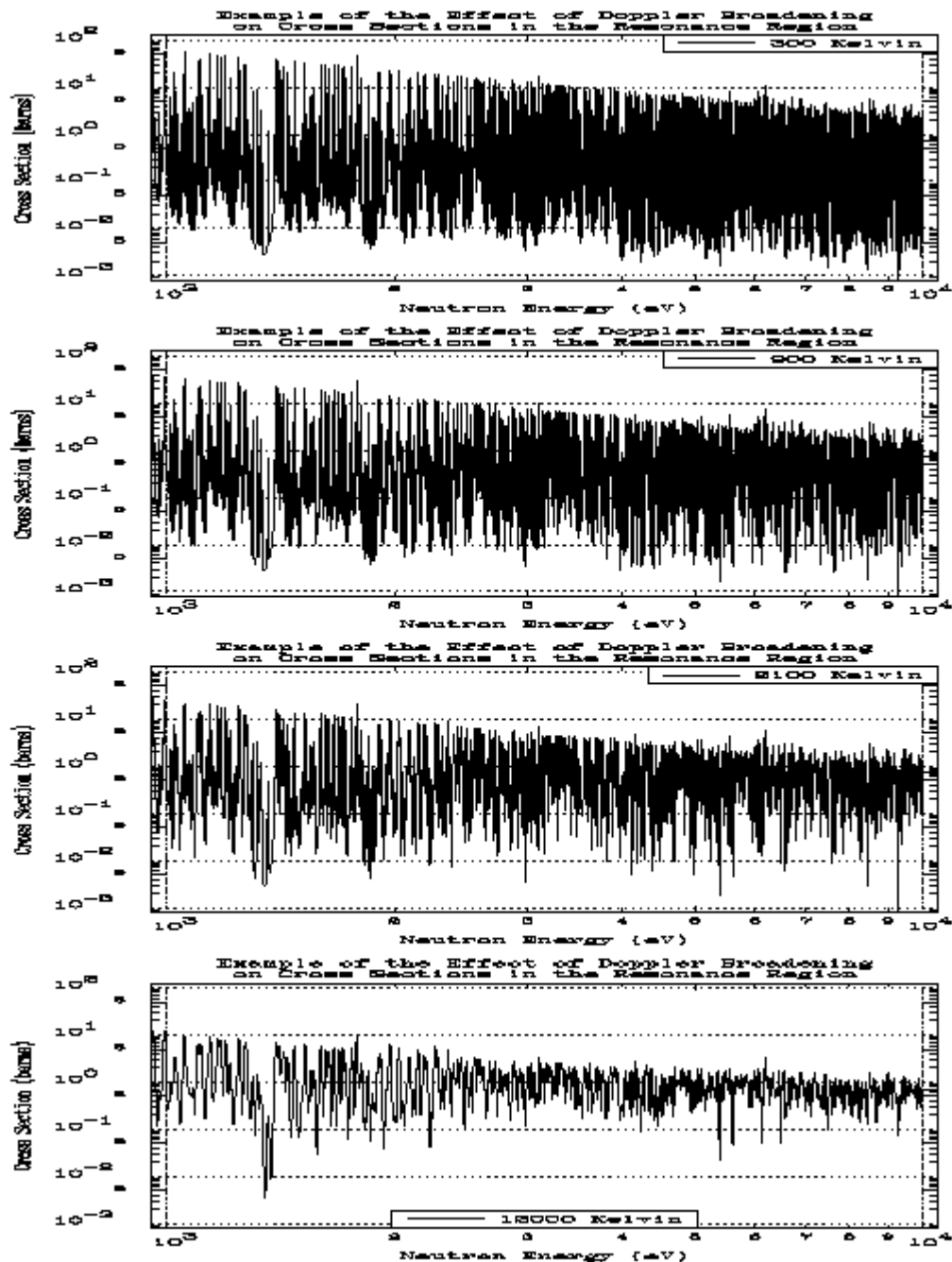
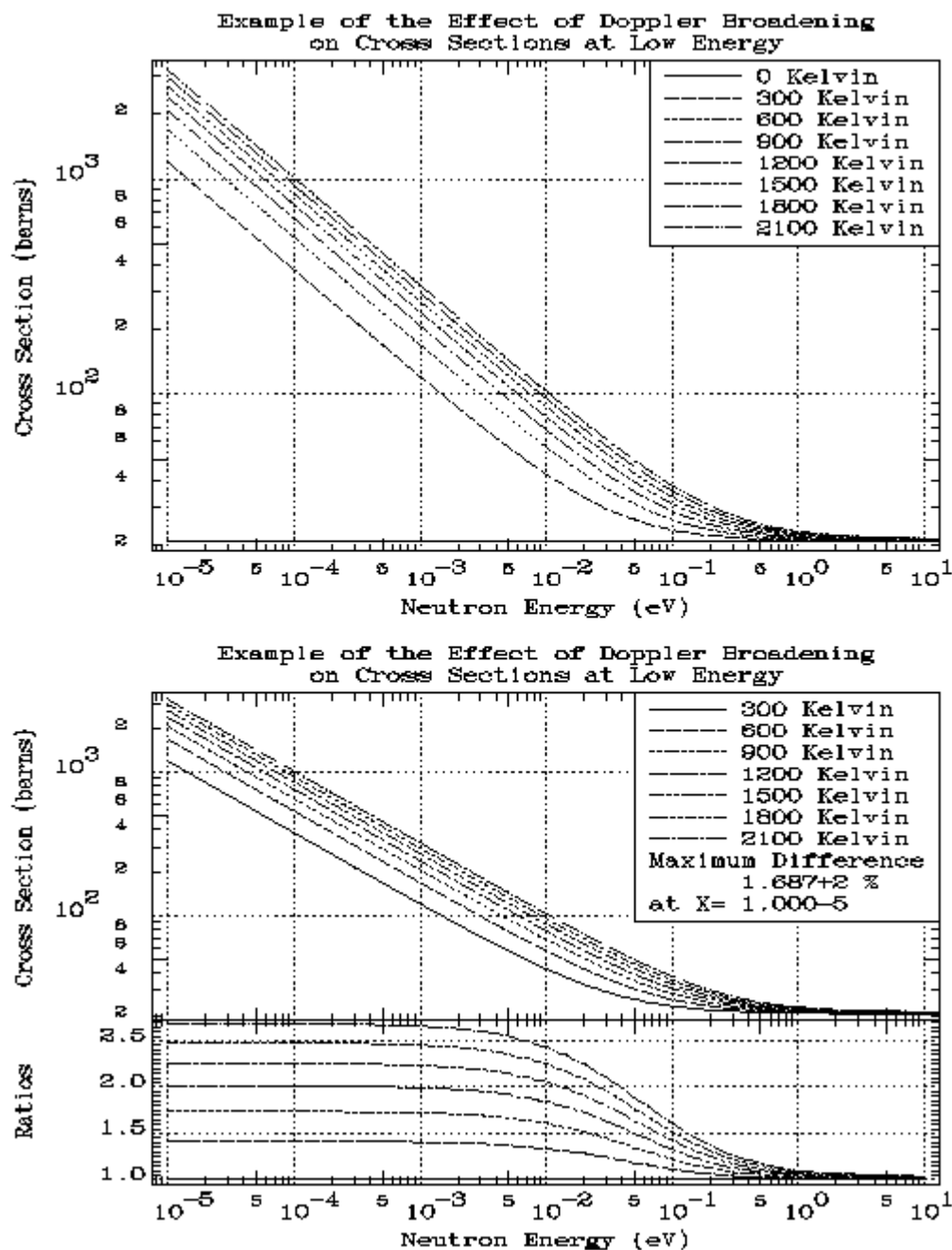


Fig.2: Effect of Doppler Broadening on Low Energy Cross Sections



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