

INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR DATA COMMITTEE



RENDA 72 (Non-EANDC)

A Compilation of Requests for Neutron Data Measurements for Reactors from Non-EANDC Countries

April 1972

LIST OF ELEMENTS

- 1.1		hydrogen	Kr	36	lenuntan	Lu	71	lute tium
Н	1 2	helium	Rb	37	krypton rubidium	Hf	72	hafnium
He		lithium	Sr	38	strontium	Ta	73	tantalum
Li	3		Y	36 39		W	73 74	tungsten
Be	4 5	beryllium boron	Zr	40	yttrium zirconium	vv Re	7 4 75	rhenium
В		carbon	Nb		niobium	Os	76	osmium
C	6			41	•		70 77	iridium
N	7	nitrogen	Mo	42	molybdenum technetium	lr Pt	78	
0	8	oxygen fluorine	Tc	43 44			76 79	platinum
F	9		Ru		ruthenium	Au	80	gold
Ne	10	neon	Rh	45	rhodium	Hg		mercury thallium
Na	11	sodium	Pd	46	palladium	Ti DL	81 82	lead
Mg	12	mcgnesium	Ag	47	silver	Pb Bi	83	bismuth
Αl	13	aluminium	Cq	48	cadmium			
Si	14	silicon	ln C	49	indium	Po	84	polonium
P	15	phosphorus	Sn St	50	tin	At	85	astatine radon
S	16	sulphur chlorine	Sb	51	antimony	Rn r	86 87	francium
CI	17		Te	52	tellurium	Fr		
Ar	18	argon	· I	53	iodine	Ra	88	radium
K	19	potassium	Xe	54	zenon	Ac	89	actinium
Ca	20	calcium 	Cs	55	cesium	Th	90	thorium
Sc 	21	scandium	Ba	56	barium	Pa	91	protactinium
Ti	22	titanium	La	57	lanthanum	U	92	uranium . •
V	23	vanadium	Ce	58	cerium	Np	93	neptunium
Cr	24	chromium	Pr	59	praseodymium 	Pu	94	plutonium
Mn	2 5	manganese	Nq	60	neodymium	Am	95 04	americium
Fe	26	iron	Pm	61	promethium	Cm	96	curium
Co	27	cobalt	Sm	62	samarium .	Bk	97	berkelium
Ni	28	nickel	Ευ	63	europium	Cf	98	californium
Cu	29	copper	G q	64	gadolinium	Es	99	einsteinium
Zn	30	zinc	ТЬ	65	terbium	Fm	100	fermium
Ga	31	gallium	Dy	66	dysprosium	Md	101	mendelevium
Ge	32	germanium	Но	67	holmium	No	102	nobelium
As	33	arsenic	Er	68	erbium	Lw	103	lawrencium
Se	34	selenium	Tm	69	thulium	Κυ	104	kurchatovium
Br	35	bromine	Yb	70	ytterbium			

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A Compilation of Requests for
Neutron Data Measurements for Reactors
from Non-EANDC Countries

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Preface

This report contains the current (as of April 1972) listing of RENDA* requests for neutron data measurements received by the IAEA* Nuclear Data Section (NDS) from countries in its service area and from the USSR; these countries do not belong to EANDC* and are therefore referred to as the Non-EANDC countries. The service area of NDS comprises Eastern Europe, Central and South America, Africa and the Middle East, Asia and the Far East (except Japan). This list supersedes the Draft Non-EANDC request list for neutron nuclear data measurements INDC*(NDS)-20/G of May 1970; it will form a part of the forthcoming world RENDA request list to be published in the fall of 1972.

The present document contains:

- a new list of 36 requests from the Soviet Union compiled and submitted to IAEA/NDS by M.N. Nikolaev from FEI Obninsk in May 1971 which supersedes all previous USSR requests contained in INDC(NDS)-20/G. Supporting documentation for the USSR requests is contained in INDC(CCP)-17/U and INDC(CCP)-19/U;
- unchanged requests from several Non-EANDC Member States of IAEA submitted to IAEA/NDS in 1969:

Australia (16)
Brazil (9)
Bulgaria (6)
East Germany (5)
Pakistan (15)
Finland (4)
Hungary (12)
India (8)
South Africa (6)
Taiwan (3)

- 16 new or updated requests from IAEA/NDS on the basis of NDS data reviews:
 - a) Fast ²³⁹Pu fission data; supporting document: INDC(NDS)-33/G and publication in Atomic Energy Review, both in preparation;
 - b) Thermal fissile nuclides data; supporting document: Hanna et al., Atomic Energy Review 7 (1969). No.4, p.3.

The comments attached to the individual requests are composed of comments by the requestors and comments of EANDC topical reviewers to similar EANDC requests.

The cooperation of ENEA/NDCC* is acknowledged for operating the computer system and providing a printout of the Non-EANDC part of the complete RENDA file.

ENEA: European Nuclear Energy Agency, Paris

IAEA: International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna

EANDC: European American Nuclear Data Committee

INDC: International Nuclear Data Committee

DESCRIPTION OF THE REQUESTS

In this listing each request is defined by the following quantities:

from left to right

1. Reference number

A serial number, the REFERENCE number, is attached to each entry of the listing sorted in ZAQ order. This number identifies an entry in one specific issue of RENDA only. (The number given in brackets below the reference number is of no use to the reader).

2. Target material

- (a) elements (natural isotopic mixture) are described by the chemical symbol according to Table 1;
- (b) separated isotopes are described by the chemical symbol and, for a specific nuclide, the atomic mass number;
- (c) molecules or mixtures are described by a five-symbol abbreviation for the chemical composition, located in the columns usually reserved for the element symbol and the mass number.

The entries for these compound nuclei are given at the end of the listing.

3. Type of microscopic data (quantity)

All the quantities presently used, along with brief descriptions of the physical notion they represent, are listed in Table 2. The system for quantities follows the scheme used in CINDA, with a few additions to include neutron-producing reactions and information on nuclear structure.

4. Descriptive modifier to the quantity (Table 3)

Some of the quantities are rather comprehensive, and a specification of the request is needed in the "comment" section. The supplementary information is normally given on the line below the standard quantity assignment: in special cases this information is given in the "comment" section.

5. Energy Range

This section is intended primarily to display the minimum and the maximum value of the incident particle or photon energy. Each of the extreme limits is recorded in units of eV as a two-digit number (between 1.0 and 9.9) along with the exponent for the corresponding positive or negative power of 10 (positive exponent if energy is above 1 eV and negative if it is below). Thus:

2.4 + 6 is to be read 2.4 x
$$10^6$$
 eV = 2.4 MeV
2.5 - 2 is to be read 2.5 x 10^{-2} eV = 0.025 eV

Where only one energy is involved, such as the energy of a resonance, it is put in the E_{min} columns, and the E_{max} space is left blank. Where, as in resonance integrals, there is no upper bound, E_{min} gives the low energy limits of the integral. (If, on the contrary, E_{min} is left blank, the E_{max} notation should be interpreted as "up to the E_{max} volue given".) An exponent with a mantissa left blank indicated the order of magnitude of energy, e.g. .. + 3 is to be read "keV energies" or the "keV region".

A limited number of alphabetic abbreviations can be used in special cases, for example for a continuous spectrum of incident neutron energies. The only presently accepted abbreviations are:

Printout	<u>Description</u>
COLD	below thermal
THR	thermal, normally when measured or corrected to a Maxwellian distribution characteristic of 293°K. Variations may be indicated in the "comments" section
PILE	pile spectrum (depends on source)
RES	resonance region
FISS	fission spectrum, normally U235 fissioned by thermal neutrons
TR	threshold or from threshold up to some energy specified in the E _{max} column or the comments section
SPON	spontaneous (or fission)

6. Accuracy Requirements

The accuracy is given in per cent and tenths of per cent relative to the value measured. Thus:

- 10 is to be read 10%
- 1.5 is to be read 1.5%
- < 5 is to be read "better than 5%"

In the entries made up to the December 1968 edition of RENDA, the following special cases should be noted.

- (1) If the original request quates a range of desired accuracy, e.g. 5 to 10%, the notation "better than" the highest figure is given in the "Accuracy" column (e.g. < 10%) and the range given in the "Comments" section.
- (2) If the ariginal request gives many indications of the desired accuracy, e.g. for different parts of the energy range covered, no figure is given in this section and the details are given in the "Comments" section.
- (3) The accuracy requirements for U.K. requests are given in §12.

 A specific notation used in UK requests should be noted, viz.

 (E KE) where K in general equals 1.5 or 2, quoted along with a percentage error. For these requests the uncertainty represents the mean error over the range indicated (from E to KE).

In the new programmes the feature of supplementary information in the "accuracy" column has been included and up to five extra "words" of eight characters can be introduced. This gives the possibility to state precisely the information on accuracy that defines the request, and in most practical cases should be sufficient for the above three situations.

7. Priority Assignment

Three priorities, noted 1, 2 and 3 (1 being the highest), can be attributed to the requests. The priorities are defined as follows:

Priority 1

or

Nuclear data which satisfy the criteria of Priority 2 and which have been selected for maximum practicable attention, taking into account the urgency of nuclear energy programme requirements.

For example, the European American Committee for Reactor Physics assigns its highest priorities for reactor measurements as follows:

"The highest priority should be given to requests for nuclear data far reactors to be built in the near future if:

- a. These data are still necessary to predict the different reactor properties
 after all information from integral experiments and operating reactors
 has been used;
 - information on an important reactor parameter is in principle attainable through mathematical calculation from nuclear data only;
 - c. these data are needed for materials required in reactor physics measurements."

Priority 2

Nuclear data which will be required during the next few years in the applied nuclear energy programme (e.g. the design of a reactor or fuel processing plant; data needed for optimum use of reactor fuel and construction materials such as neutron moderators, absorbers and radiation shields; space application and biomedical studies; data required for better understanding of some significant aspect of reactor behaviour).

Priority 3

Nuclear data of more general interest and data required to fill out the body of information needed for nuclear technology.

Note: The priority quoted in the "Friority" column is that of the original request (see list of sources in the present compilation). In some cases, comments give further information on priority assignment.

8. Laboratory, institution (Table 4)

On the first line of a request, the laboratory or institution of the requester(s) is given in the LAB column. The abbreviations are explained in Table 4 (alphabetic order of abbreviations). The name of the requester is given in the "Comments" section immediately following the abbreviation of his laboratory or institution.

The separation between requesters' and measurers' comments (see "Comments" section) is indicated in the LAB column by the sign Laboratory indications below this sign refer to work completed, in progress or planned according to the comment text following.

9. Requesters, measurers

The names of requesters are printed at the beginning of the comments section and adjacent to the corresponding laboratory abbreviation in the LAB column. The names of experimentalists are similarly entered in the comment field in connection to LAB entries below the separation line (see section 8) in the LAB column. This procedure makes the names form part of the fixed format information, which can subsequently be retrieved.

10. Date of request

The year of origin of a request is indicated (when given) at the end of the first line of a request.

11. Comments

This section includes:

- 1. (a) comments and specifications on the quantity requested;
 - (b) comments and specifications on the accuracy requested;
 - (c) comments on the experimental conditions, e.g. calibration, resolution of incident particle and in method of detection, etc.;
 - (d) the motivation of the request;
 - (e) other comments from requesters (for instance, modifications of request in relation to latest issue of the list).
- 11. (a) remarks on existing work;
 - (b) remarks on forthcoming work;
 - (c) remarks on the status of the request.

(The laboratory indications are given in the associated LAB column space).

Sections I and II and separated by the indication __ in the LAB column. The laboratory abbreviations are listed in Table 4. The reference abbreviations (journals, reports) are in general those commonly used for citation in scientific literature. The CINDA reference abbreviations are given in Table 6. A few frequently-used references to conferences on nuclear data might, however, be mentioned:

3rd Conference, Geneva 1964	Proceedings of the 3rd International Conference on the Peaceful Uses of Atomic Energy, Geneva, May 1964
Symposium, Salzburg 1965, or SM/ (contribution number)	Proceedings of the IAEA Symposium on the Physics and Chemistry of Fission, Salzburg, March 1965
Conference, Antwerp 1965	Proceedings of the International Conference on the Study of Nuclear Structure with Neutrons, Antwerp, July 1965
Caufanana Washington 1044	Proceedings of the Conference on

Conference, Washington 1966
or Conference 660303

Neutron Cross Sections and Technology,
Washington, March 1966

Conference, Paris 1966, or CN/(contribution number)

Sections and Other Data Basic for Reactors, Paris, October 1966

Conference, Washington 1968 Proceedings of the Conference on Neutron Cross Sections and Technology, Washington, March 1968

					FEE	nuan:	1 410, 1972
REF NUCLIDE	QUANTITY	ENEFGY MIN	(EV) AC	CURACY (%)	P	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
1 1H N	,GAMMA	THE		0.3	2	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. Absolute measurement of cross section required in context of 2200 m/s fission constants evaluation. Recent existing data are discrepant by 3.5%, although better accuracy is claimed for individual data.
2 H T	HEMLSCATLAW	0. +0	1.0-1		2	HLT	Tunkelo, E. 69 Scattering law for solid and liquid hydrogen wanted, both for ortho and para. For design of refrigerated neutron source.
3 ³He N (2444+]	, PROTON	1 .0+ 5	1.0+7	< 5. 0	1	TRM GA	Navalkar, M.P. 71 For neutron spectrum measurements with sandwiched He ³ spectrometer. Present knowledge is about 10% and worse. Costello reviewed status at EANDC Standards Symposium, Argonne, October 1970, Proc. p.74.
4 °Li N (2445+)	, ALPHA	1.0+5	1.0+7	< 5 .0	1.	TRM HAR	Navalkar, M.P. 71 For neutron spectrum measurements with sandwiched Lie spectrometer. Present knowledge is about 10% and worse. Uttley et al. reviewed status at EANDC Standards Symposium, Argonne, October 1970, Proc. p. 80.
5 14N N	N2N XSECTION	1.4+7		10.0	3	Kos	Csikai, J. 69 Needed for neutron activation analysis and cross section systematics. Incident energy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.En.Rev. 7 (1969),93.
6 160 h	, PROTON	1. 4+7		10.0	3	KOS	Csikai, J. 69 Needed for neutron activation analysis and cross section systematics. Incident energy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.En.Rev. 7 (1969).93.
7 19F N	N2N XSECTION	1.4+7		10.0	3	KOS	Csikai, J. 69 Needed for neutron activation analysis and cross section systematics. Incident energy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.En.Rev. 7 (1969), 93.
	N,GAMMA (res.param)	1.0+2	6.5+4	10.0	2	AUA RPI	Symonds, J. L. 69 Neutron and capture widths and J for 2.85 keV resonance wanted. Available information on capture width inconsistent. Also parameters for 35 keV resonance wanted. Hockenbury et al. give revised capture width value
						GA COL	of 0.45 eV in PR 178(1969),1746. Priesenhahn et al. report capture width of 0.34 eV at Washington Conference 1968 compatible with thermal cross section and resonance integral. Camarda et al., analysis to be done, WASH-1136, 28.
	N, GAMMA	THR	4.0+3	<10	1	PEI	74
•	see comment					RPI	tion of Na activation. Capture width of 2.9 keV resonance should be measured in three different experiments, results should coincide within limits of 5-7%. If high RPI capture width confirmed, energy dependence of capture CS should be measured from thermal to resonance region to investigate interference between direct and resonance capture. Measurements of gamma ray spectra in thermal and first resonance regions desirable for decision about existence of interference effects. Hockenbury et al. give revised capture width value of 0.45 eV in PR 178 (1969), 1746.
						COL	Friesenhahn et al. report capture width of 0.34 eV at Washington Conference 1968 compatible with thermal cross section and resonance integral. Camarda et al., analysis to be done, WASH-1136, 28.

10 Na RESON PARAMS 2.9+3 1.0+5 see comment 11 See comment 12 27A1 CIFF ELASTIC 1.0+3 5.0+6 10.0 2 PEL De Beer, G.P. 12 27A1 DIFF INELAST TR seerefy, angle energy, angle 27A1 NONEL GAMMAS TR benergy, angle 27A1 NONEL GAMMAS TR see comment 13 27A1 NONEL GAMMAS TR see comment 14 3*C1 NONEL GAMMAS TR see comment 15 **OAr N,PROTON 1.4+7 16 **IK N,PROTON 1.4+7 17 **IK N,PROTON 1.4+7 18 **IK N,PROTON 1.4+7 19 **IK N,PROTON 1.4+7 10.0 3 KOS Csikai, J. Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident emergy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and crition systematics. Incident energy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and critical systematics. Incident energy resolution 200 keV. For reference see At.Eu.Rev.Z (1969), Needed for neutron activation analysis and critical systematics. Inc	71
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17 Ti N.GAMMA 1.0+4 1.0+5 20 2 AUA Symonds, J. L.	69
(2458+) Available data not satisfactory. AUA Bird, AARC ,is studying this.	
ORL Allen et al. measured at 30 keV - 3 MeV, anal be completed, NCSAC-33,171.	ysis to
18 55Mn NONEL GAMMAS + 3 IEN Aghina, L.O.B. (2459+] see comment Gamma spectra between resonances wanted. Special contents of interest on interference and direct capture.	69 cial
19 55Mn N,GARMA 3.3+2 2.0 2 AUA Symonds, J.L.	69
(2460+) (res.param) Capture width with 2% accuracy desired for accuracy)nitor.
20 56Pe NONEL GAMMAS + 3 IEN Aghina, L.O.B. (2461+) see comment Gamma spectra between resonances wanted. Special control of the control of t	69 cial
21 Fe N,GAMMA 5.0+2 5.0+5 10 1 PBI Nikolaev, M.N. (2462+) ratio x-sect For fast reactor BR prediction with 1.6% accomplete Self-shielding of capture cross section must known. For this resonance parameters including	be
ture widths of all strong s wave resonances of determined. Contribution of majority of p wa	must be ve and fficient
to know. All measurements wanted relative to	fission
HAR Evaluation in progress indicates 20% uncerta	inty be-
ORL Macklin and Gibbons measured 125-182 keV, P	R 159
HAR Moxon (Antwerp Conf. 1965) measured 1-100keV racy should be improved.	, Accu-
resolution data 1-200 keV, 1 capture width {	L L . L
KPK Ernst et al. have high resolution data 7-200 capture width at 27.8 keV, AIEA CH-26/11. Hent on Pesa in progress.	hed high at 27.8

REF NUCLIDE	QUANTITY		ACCURACY	P	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
35 151Eu (2476+)	ACTIVATION	0. +0 1.0)+ 0 5. <i>0</i>	2	BUL	For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination.
36 151Eu (2477+]	RES INT ACT	0. +0 1.)+0 5. 0 :	2	BUL	Christov, V. 69 For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination.
37 151 <u>F</u> u (2478+]	ACTIVATION	1.0-3 1.)+1 5 .0	2	ROS	Albert, D. 69 Cross section data needed for evaluation of measured activation rates by means of foils (especially spectral indices) for thermal neutron fluxes. Poortmans measured: expected accuracy of shape <3%; absolute accuracy of 5% at 20 meV - 0.6 eV. Isomeric ratio of bound level (and parameters) and of first two resonances determined, EANDC (E)-115U, 188. When analysis complete, request probably fulfilled.
38 1512u (2479+]	RES INT ACT	THR 1.)+4 5 . 0	2	ROS	Albert, D. 69 Cross section data needed for evaluation of measured activation rates by means of foils (especially spectral indices) for thermal neutron fluxes.
39 164Dy (248 0 +]	N,GAMMA	1.0-3 1.	0+1 5.0	2	ROS	Albert, D. 69 Cross section data needed for evaluation of measured activation rates by means of foils (especially spectral indices) for thermal neutron fluxes. Vertebny measured 0.01 - 10 eV, AIEA CN-26/87.
4 0 168 <u>Br</u> (2481+]	N, ALPHA	THE	10.0	3	KOS	Csikai, J. Por neutron activation analysis and cross section systematics wanted. Ionisation chamber measurement available from Andreev, YF 1 (1965), 252.
47 168Yb (2482+)	ACTIVATION	0. +0 1.	0+0 5 .0	2	BUL	Christov, V. 69 For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination.
42 168Yb (2483+]	RES INT ACT	0. +0 1.	0+0 5.0	2	BUL CNE	Christov, V. 69 For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination. Ricabarra measured, AIEA CN-26/1.
43 176Lu (2484+]	N, GAMMA	1.0-3 1.	0+1 5.0	2	ROS	Albert, D. 69 Cross section data needed for evaluation of measured activation rates by means of foils (especially spec- tral indices) for thermal neutron fluxes.
44 176Lu (2485+)	RES INT ACT	THR 1.	0+4 5.0	2	ROS	Albert, D. 69 Cross section data needed for evaluation of measured activation rates by means of foils (especially spectral indices) for thermal neutron fluxes.
45 176Lu (2486+]	ACTIVATION	0. +0 1.	0+0 5• 0	2	BUL	Christow, V. 69 For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination.
46 176Lu (2487+)	RES INT ACT	0. +0 1.	0+0 5.0	2	BUL	Christov, V. 69 For activation detectors for thermal neutron flux determination.
47 179Hf (2488+]	N, GAMMA	THR 1.	0+1 5.0	2	CHP	Chien, J.P. 69 Capture reaction leading to Hf. eo metastable state at 1.143 MeV with 5.5 h half life required. No measurements available. Needed for reactor control rod design.

5

wanted.

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REF (REG)	NUCLIDE	QUANTITY	ENERGY MIN	Z(EV) A MAX	CCURACY (%)	P	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS	YEAR
63	235()	FISSION	1.0+0	5.0+6	5.0	2	UPR	Koen, J.	69
(2504+)						_	ANL	For calculations of pulsed heterogeneous systems.	
								VS4 (p,n), EANDC (US)-143-U. Czirr is measuring fission and capture 50 eV - 28	
								keV , EANDC (US) -143-U.	
							LRL	EANDC (US) -143-U.	
							LAS	Keyworth has data from Physics 8 event 30 eV to 100 keV.	
							LAS	Barton et al. are planning measurements relative to hydrogen 2 - 20 MeV.	
							SAC		
							CAD	Szabo et al. have data 25 keV to 1 MeV, absolute	
							HAR	accuracy ±3%. AIEA CN-26/69. Evaluation of existing data in progress above 100 eV. See Sowerby and Patrick AIEA CN-26/34.	
64	2350	DIFF INELAST	3.0+5	1.0+7	10	1	RAM	Islam, McNo	69
(25 0 5+)	1	energy, angle					GEL	For fast reactors. Coppola and Knitter have data at 1.5, 1.9 and 2.3	
								MeV.	
							AN L HAR	Smith has data to 1.5 MeV. Ferguson measured 0.13-1.5 MeV. AIEA CM-23/22.	
65 (2506+)		INELASTGAMMA energy, angle	3 , 0 +5	4.0+6	10	1	RAM	Islam, M. M. For fast reactors,	69
		NONELASTIC	1.0+5	1.0+7	10	2	RA		69
< 25 0 7+]	1						IAE	Por fast reactors. No recent measurements.	
67	235()	FISSION	THR	1.5+7	5.0	1	RAM	Islam, H.M.	69
(25 0 8+	1						ANL	For fast reactors. Poenitz reports new results 500 - 700 keV using	
							LRL	V51 (P,n) , EANDC (US) -143-0.	
								keV , EANDC (US) -143-U.	
					•,.		LRE	EAN DC (OS) -143-0.	
							LAS	100 keV.	
							LAS	Barton et al. are planning measurements relative to hydrogen 2 - 20 MeV.	
							SAC		
							CAD	Szabo et al. have data 25 keV to 1 MeV, absolute	
							HAR	accuracy ±3%. AIEA CN-26/69. Evaluation of existing data in progress above 100 eV. See Sowerby and Patrick AIEA CN-26/34.	
60	2350	N C. MM.	m II z	3 0	2.0	•			69
(25 0 9+]	N,GABUA	THE	3.W+4	3.0	2	RAH	For fast reactors.	. 03
							LRL	Czirr is measuring alpha 50 eV - 28 keV, EANDC(US)-143U.	
	2350	FISSION	2.0+4	2.0+6	3.0	2	ITK	Mehta, G.K.	69
(25 10+]							Cross section required at 60, 150, 200, 500 keV	and
							ANL	Poenitz reports new results 500 - 700 keV using V51(p,n), EANDC(US)-143-U.	
							LRL	Czirr is measuring fission and capture 50 eV - 28 keV , EANDC(US)-143-U.	
							LRL	Bowman has relative measurements 1.5 - 500 keV.	
							LAS		
							LAS	100 keV. Barton et al. are planning méasurements relative	
							SAC	to hydrogen 2 - 20 MeV.	
								AIEA CN-26/60. Szabo et al. have data 25 keV to 1 HeV, absolute	
		and American						accuracy ±3% AIBN CN-26/69.	
		1					HAR	Evaluation of existing data in progress above 100 eV. See Sowerby and Patrick AIEA CM-26/34.	

REF NUCLID	E QUANTITY	ENERGY MIN	(EV) A	CCURACY (%)	P	LA B	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
75 235U (2516+]	NU see comment	THR	2.5+6	0. 5	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. Por accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.5 % in conversion ratio for fast U ²³⁵ fuelled converters. 0.5 % accuracy required for measurement of ratio nu U ²³⁵ to nu Cf ²⁵² . Energy dependence of nu is wanted with 0.7 % accuracy and 10 % energy resolution in the re-
						HAR	AIEA CN-26/99.
						AN L I A E	Evaluation by Davey, NSE $\frac{44}{1971}$, 345. Manero and Konshin, evaluation in progress.
76 235U (2517+)	NU see comment	THR	2.5+6	0.1		PEI HAR	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.5 % in conversion ratio for fast U ²³⁵ fuelled converters. 0.1 % accuracy required for measurement of ratio nu U ²³⁵ to nu Cf ²⁵² , evaluated from optimum distribution of uncertainties over uncorrelated nuclear data. Colvin reviewed status before Helsinki Conference,
						ANL	AIEA CN-26/99. Evaluation by Davey, NSE 44 (1971), 345. Manero and Konshin, evaluation in progress.
77 236U (2518+]	NO	TR	5.0+6	1.0	1		Nikolaev, M.N. Por calculation of fast U235 fuelled converters. Evaluation by Davey, NSE 44 (1971), 345.
78 236U (2519+]	FISSION ratio x-sect		5 .0 +6	5 . 0			Nikolaev, M.N. For calculation of fast U ²³⁵ fuelled converters. Relative to U ²³⁵ fission CS wanted. Auchampaugh has fission data from Physics 8 event. Mc Nally has fission data from Physics 7 event at 0.1 to 2 MeV, EANDC (US) -143U.
79 236g (252 0 +]	N,GAMMA ratio x-sect		1.4+6	7 . 0	1	FEI GA	74
80 236U (2521+]	RESON PARAMS see comment	1.0+1	5.0+3		1	FEI KPK MTR GA	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For calculation of fast U235 fuelled converters. Neutron and capture widths wanted for evaluation of selfshielding in resolved resonance region. Average s and p wave resonance parameters should be derived. Statistical analysis of measured res. par. wanted.
81 2360 (2522+)	DIPP INELAST energy dist		5 .0 +6	10	1	PEI IAE	For calculation of fast U235 fuelled converters. CS for inelastic removal below fission thresholds of U236 and U238 wanted with 10% accuracy.
82 238 U (2523+]	FISSION	TR	6.0+6	5 .0	2	UPR ANL	Koen, J. For calculations of pulsed heterogeneous systems. Meadows has results below 1.5 MeV, EANDC(US)-143U.
83 236U (2524+]	FISSION	TR	1.5+7	5.0	1	RAM	Islam, M.M. 69 For fast reactors.

					1 2.	MOAN	1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
REF NUCLIDE	QUANTITY	ENERGY MIN	(EV) AC	CURACY (%)	Þ	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YFAR
84 23eg (2525+]	N,GAMMA	тнъ	3 .0+ 4	3 .0	2	RAM ANL	For fast reactors. Davey, NSE 39 (1970),337, reviews status before Hel-
							sinki Conference above resonance range. Several relevant papers at Hels. Conf. (CN-26/18, 43,77, 78, 111).
						COL	(FANDC (US)-143U, p.50). Moxon (AERE-R 6074) estimates accuracy of data bet-
						ORL NPL KFK	Ryves et al. plan activation meas. 120-600 keV.
						IAE	Konshin, evaluation in progress.
	DIFF INELAST energy, angle	3 .0+ 5	1.0+7	10	1	RAM	Islam, M. M. For fast reactors.
						HAR ANL	Armitage, in progress. Smith has new data to 1.7 MeV, to be publ. in NSE.
	INELASTGAMMA erergy, angle	3 . 0 +5	4.0+6	10	1	RAM	Islam, M.M. 69 For fast reactors.
						CCP	Bakov has data to 10 MeV, AE 29(1970), 338. Poenitz measured at 0.8-1.6 MeV, WASH-1155,6; AIEA CN-26/111.
						SUN	Mc Murray et al. measured at 0.75-1.5 MeV, INDC (SAF)-2/G.
87 238ij (2528+]	NONELASTIC	1.0+5	1.0+7	10	2	RAM	Islam, M.M. 69 For fast reactors.
						BNL	Prince made most recent optical model calculations, AIEA CN-26/91. Pitterle, most recent evaluation, AIEA CN-26/83.
	RESON PARAMS	n to or year. Marie (*)	5 .0 +3		1	FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. Careful identification of s and p wave resonances
(2)294]	energy dist						needed for determination of p wave strength function. Attention to be paid to distribution of reduced neutron widths of p wave resonances and its agreement with the Porter- Thomas distribution. Request connected with problem of selfshielding evaluation in
							unresolved resonance region. Carraro et al. measured neutron widths up to 5.7 keV AIFA CN-26/17. See also Knoxville Conference,1971. Rohr et al. measured capture widths for 28 resonances below 1 keV, AIFA CN-26/18. Rahn et al. measured neutron widths up to 5 keV,
						COL	Knoxville Conference, 1971.
89 238 (253 0 +)	N,GAMMA see comment	5 .0 +2	1.4+6	3.0	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders.
							Between 1 and 100 keV information on resonance self- shielding factors (see book by Abagyan et al., Con- sultants Bureau, New York, 1964) with 2% accuracy
							and averaged over 0.2 lethargy intervals desired. Ratios of capture CS of U238 to fission CS of U235 wanted. For selfshielding evaluation transmission
							measurements requested with flat response and cap- ture detectors and with attenuations of primary beam
							down to 1 and 0.1%. Experiments wanted at different temperatures from 70 to 2500°K. Temperature differences of selfshielding factors must be known with 7% accuracy.
						ANI	Davey, NSE 39(1970),337, reviews status before Helsinki Conference above resonance range. Several relevant papers at Hels. Conf. (CN-26/18, 43,77, 78,
						COL	111). Arbo et al. plan low keV TOF measurement (EANDC (US)-1430, p.50).
	o entre al jugare di Me entre akke akke ji ku ji akke manara entre ak	10 g k a 1				HAR	Moxon (AERE-R 6074) estimates accuracy of data between 0.5 and 100 keV to 3-7%.
						ORL NPL KFK	De Saussure et al., capture work in progress. Ryves et al. plan activation meas. 120-600 keV. Froehner et al. plan meas. rel. to (n,p),100-500keV.
						IAE	Konshin, evaluation in progress.

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REF (REG]	NUCLIDE	QUANTITY	ENERGY MIN	(EV) A	CCURAC (%)	CY I	p '	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
9 0 (2531+)	238()	DIFF INELAST energy dist	5 ,0 +4	1.5+7			t	FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. 71 Por accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. CS for inelastic removal below fission
									thresholds of U236 (1.5-2.0% acc.y) and of Pu240 (or Np237) (3-5% acc.y) wanted. Precision meas. of
									these integral parameters in shell transmission ex- periments with Cf ²⁵² neutron source and U ²³⁸ and
									Np237 fission threshold detectors seems very impor- tant. Level exc. CS to be remeasured esp.y in region 1-2 MeV with highest possible resolution and 5%
									accuracy. For judgment of importance of direct inter- action meas. of exc. CS for 44 keV level at 1.5-2.5
									MeV of great interest. Decision about tot. inel. CS at 1.0-2.5 MeV wanted. T for calc. of inel. scatt. neutron spectra to be measured with 5% acc.y at 2.5-
								7.T.	15 MeV. Spectra and CS for direct inel. scatt. processes to be investigated in MeV region. Smith has new data to 1.7 MeV, to be publ. in NSE.
								ANL GEL HAR ALD	Ahmed et al. have results at 1.5,1.9 and 2.3 MeV. Barnard et al. measured to 1.5 MeV, NP 80 (1966),46. Cookson measured at 9.7 MeV, AWRE CNR/PR/10.
91 (2532+	23eti 1	FISSION see comment	8, 0+5	1.5+7			1	PHI	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for
	,								fast breeders. Ratio of U236 to U235 fission CS wanted. Requested accuracies: 5% below 1.3 MeV; 2% at 1.3-6.5 MeV; 5% above 6.5 MeV. At least three diffe-
									rent measurements with these accuracies wanted. Absolute fission CS measurements with 2-3% accuracy
								ANL	also desirable. Meadows has results below 1.5 MeV, EANDC(US)-143U.
92 (2533+)]	NONELASTIC see comment	1.0+4	1.5+7			1	PEI	Nikolaev, M. N. 71 For evaluation of inelastic scattering CS for fast reactors. Direct measurements by shell transmission desirable with 3-5% accuracy.
93 (2534+	38 ()	N2N XSECTION energy dist	TR	1.5+7	<10		1	FEI	For fast breeder reactors. 5-10% accuracy wanted.
								WEW	
								BRC FR	AIEA CN-26/83. Frehaut has data, AIEA CN-26/66. Voigner measured value at 14 MeV, CEA-R-3503.
							 	ALD	Mather has data below 10 MeV and plans measurements at 12-15 MeV.
								JAP	Masanobu et al. measured CS value for fission neutrons, J. Nucl. Sci. Technol. (Tokyo) 5 (1968), 265.
94 (2535+		NU	TR	5. +6	< 0.	7	1	FEI	For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Ratio to nu of Cf ²⁵² must be
									measured with 0.7 % accuracy. Energy dependence must be known with 0.7 % accuracy and about 10 % energy resolution.
								BRC	
								ANL	
95 (2536+		N,GAMMA	THE		1.0	0	2	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 Confirmation of existing alpha values desirable.
96 (253 7 +	239 Pu]	ETA	1.0-2	1.0+0	0.	5	2	IAE	Lemmel, H. D. 69 Discrepancy between Macklin Mn bath (NSE 14 (1969) 101) and Smith monokinetic measurements (IDO-17083,1966).
97 (2538+		SPECT PISS N see comment			1.		1	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 Mean spectrum energy with 1% accuracy plus spectrum shape requested for calibration of nu-bar measure-
X1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -									ments. Absolute or relative to other fissile isotopes wanted.

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REP NUCLIDE QUANTITY (REG)		V) ACCURAC AX (%)	Y P	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
106 239Pu FRAG NEUTRNS (2547+) see comment	5.0+4 1.0	0+6 10.0	2	ITK	Mehta, G.K. Prompt neutrons as function of fprod mass wanted.
107 239Pu ALPHA (2548+)	1.0+2 1.0	0+ 5 5 .0	2	AU A	Symonds, J.L. Available data do not satisfy request. Farrell et al. have data above 20 eV from Physics 8,
				LRL	AIEA CN-26/46. Czirr has data 0.1-30 keV, EANDC(US)-122U.
				ITE	Sukhoruchkin, review of avail. data, AIEA CN-26/127. Sowerby and Konshin, evaluation in progress.
108 239Pu FISSION (2549+] ratio x-sect	1.0+3 5.0	0+4 3.0	1	IAE	Byer, T.A. 71 Relative to U235 fission CS. Upper energy limit about 50 keV to give overlap with
Marin Bayar da Bayar (1994) Bayar Ali					data of Pfletschinger (NSE 40 (1970), 375) and of Allen and Ferguson (Proc. Phys. Soc. 70 A (1957), 573). Thick target should be used to produce continuous
				ĪĀĒ	"white"spectrum of neutrons. Byer, recent evaluation (INDC(NDS)-33/G) indicates
					that Lehto data (NSE <u>39</u> (197 0),361) are inadequate below 10 keV.
109 239Pu FISSION (255%+)	2.0+4 1.	0+6 < 3.0	1	IAE	Byer, T. A. 71 Absolute measurement required to 2-3% accuracy over entire energy range to confirm data of Szabo et al.
		*			(71KNOX 2,573, and EANDC Standards Symposium, Argonne, 1971, Proc. p. 257). Confirmation of Szabo data
					very important since they play the most prominent role in all Pu ²³⁹ fission CS evaluations.
110 ²³⁹ Pu FISSION (2551+) ratio x-sect	6 . 0+ 5 ° 2. : , <- °	0+6 2.0	2	IAE	Byer, T.A. 71 Relative to U. 235 fission CS. To confirm strong dip in Pfletschinger ratios (NSE
					40 (1970),375) between 0.8 and 1.0 MeV. Between 1 and 2 MeV to better establish shape and magnitude of ratio, since Savin (AE29 (1970),218) and Soleilhac
				ĀNL	(AIEA CN-26/67) ratios inconsistent with other ratio data. Poenitz performing measurements.
111 239Pu FISSION	1.0+6 1.	0+7 < 5.0	2	TAP	Byer, T.A. 71
(2552+)			. * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1.1.1	Absolute measurement required to 4-5% accuracy from 1-10 MeV. No absolute Pu ²³⁹ fission CS data available extending over this energy range.
112 239Pu DIFF INELAS: (2553+) energy dist	TR 1.	5+7	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For 1.0 % accuracy in Keff of fast breeders. CS for inelastic removal below fission thresholds
eranis. Periodo esta de la proposición de la composición de la composición de la composición de la composición de la c					of U ²³⁸ and of Pu ²⁴⁰ (or Np ²³⁷) desired with 10% accuracy. Excitation CS for low lying levels reque-
				HAR	of Cavanagh et al. (AERE-R 5972, EANDC (UK) -101) co-
					ver level exc. CS for energies of 150-1550 keV.
113 239 Pu ALPHA (2554+)		0+5 7.0	1	FEI	For accuracy of 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. In region 1-100 keV better accuracy desirable (4-5%).
					For evaluation of differences in capture and fission resonance selfshielding, measurements of transmission curves by self-detection method with fission and ab-
					sorption detectors very desirable. Beam attenuation down to 1% wanted. Lethargy resolution of 0.2 sufficient for region 0.1-30 keV. At least three different
				LAS	results must coincide within requested accuracy. Farrell et al. have data above 20 eV from Physics 8, AIEA CN-26/46.
				LRL ITE	Czirr has data 0.1-30 keV, EANDC (US)-122U. Sukhoruchkin, review of avail. data, AIEA CN-26/127.
				IAE	Sowerby and Konshin, evaluation in progress.

REP NUCLIDE QUANTITY	ENERGY (EV) ACCURACY PLAEMIN MAX (%)	REQUESTER , COMMENTS YEAR
114 239Pu NU (2555+) see comment		
115 ²³⁹ Pu NU (2556+) see comment	THR 2.5+6 0.1 2 FEI HAR ANL IAE	AIEA CN-26/99. Evaluation by Davey, NSE 44 (1971), 345.
116 ²³⁹ Pu FISSION (2557+) see comment	1.0+3 4.0+6 < 2.0 1 FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Measurements mainly wanted relative to fission CS of 1235. Optimum precision of 1.5 % desired in region 20 keV to 1 MeV. Below 30 keV measurements of transmission curves by flat response detector and by self detection method with fission detector wanted for selfshielding evaluation. These curves must be measured with attenuations of the primary beam down to 1%. Lethargy resolution of about 0.2 considered sufficient for such measurements. Request considered fulfilled, when at least three measurements with different methods agree within requested accuracy. Farrell et al. have data from Physics 8 above 20 eV.
	ANL LRL SAC CAD HAR	AIEA CN-26/46. Poenitz measured fission ratio to U235, 130 keV to 1.4 MeV, EANDC (US)-143-U.
117 2*OPu NU (2558+)	TR 5.0+6 1.0 1 FEI KUR	AIEA CN-26/40.
118 240Pu FISSION (2559+] ratio x-sec		Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Reff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Measurements wanted relative to 0^{235} fission CS.
119 240Pu N,GAMMA (2560+) ratio x-sec	turk ja jalikus erikus kaja ja	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Measurements wanted relative to U ²³⁵ fission CS. Hockenbury et al. report new capture data at 4-60 keV 30-40% higher than Harwell data, EANDC (US)-143U.

REF NUCLIDE	PTITHAUO	ENERGY MIN	(EV) AC	CURACY (%)	P	LAB	PEQUESTER , COMMENTS TEAR
120 240 Pu (2561+)	RESON PARAMS see comment	1.0+1	5 .0+ 3		1	FEI	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 Neutron and capture widths wanted for evaluation of selfshielding in resolved resonance region. Average s and p wave resonance parameters should be derived.
						GEL	Statistical analysis of measured res. par. wanted.
121 240 Pu (2562+]	DIFF INELAST energy dist	TR	5 .0 +6	10	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M.N. 71 For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BF for fast breeders. CS for inelastic removal below fis- sion thresholds of U ²³⁶ and Pu ²⁴⁰ (or Np ²³⁷) wanted
en e						ANI	with 10% accuracy. Smith has results to 1.5 MeV.
122 241Pu (2563+]	NO CONTRACTOR	THR	1.0+7	1.0	1	AUA FOA	Available data do not satisfy request. Conde and Holmberg measured five values from 0.52 to
						ANL	
	ALPHA	1.0+2	1.0+6	10.0	2	AUA	
(2564+]						ALD INC	
124 241pu (2565+]	ETA	THR		1, 5	2	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 For thermal reactors.
125 241Pu (2566+)	SPECT FISS N see comment	ΨHR		1.0	1	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 Mean spectrum energy with 1% accuracy plus spectrum shape requested for calibration of nu-bar measurements. Absolute or relative to other fissile isotopes wanted.
126 241Pu (2567+]	MISCELLANEOS see comment	• +		0. 2	1	IAE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 Beta decay half-life required for 2200 m/s fission constant evaluation. Recent data are discrepant by 6% although better acc.y is claimed for individual data.
127 252Cf (2568+]	ทบ	SPON		0. 5	1	IAE	Iemmel, H.D. 69 Serious discrepancies between available direct mea- surements.
						ĪĀĒ	
						NPL	evaluate nu(tot) = 3.725 ± 0.0015. Axton, work in progress.
120 25206	CDICM DICC N	CDON		1.0	•		Boldeman, liqu. scint. work in progress.
(2569+]	SPICT FISS N see comment	SPUN		1.0	•	INE	Lemmel, H.D. 69 Mean spectrum energy with 1% accuracy plus spectrum shape requested for calibration of nu-bar measurements. Absolute or relative to other fissile isotopes
							wan ted.
129 252Cf (257 0 +]		SPON		0. 5	2	AUA	Symonds, J.L. 69 For obtaining nu from relative measurements on U233, U235, Pu239 and Pu241.
						IAE	Hanna ét al. evaluation, At. En. Rev. $\underline{7}$ (1969) No. 4, gives nu (tot) = 3.765 \pm 0.012. De Volpi and Porges, Phys. Rev. $\underline{C1}$ (1970), 683,
						NPL	evaluate nu(tot) = 3.725 ± 0.0015. Axton, work in progress. Boldeman, liqu. scint. work in progress.
130 252Cf (2571+]	F NEUT DELAY see comment	SPON		2 0	2		Symonds, J.L. 69 Delayed gamma yield wanted. Required for correcting Cf252 nu calibrations. Refer Hanna et al. evaluation
						ĀŪĀ	At.En.Rev.7(1969),3. Boldeman planning measurements to 20%.

REF NUCLIDE	QUANTITY	ENERGY MIN	(EV) A	CCURACY (%)	P	LAB	REQUESTER , COMMENTS	YEAR
131 252Cf 1 (2572+]	NU	SPCN		< 0.5	1		Nikolaev, M.N. For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders.	71
						IAE	Hanna et al. evaluation, At. En. Rev. $\underline{7}$ (1969) No. 4 gives nu(tot) = 3.765 \pm 0.012. De Volpi and Porges, Phys. Rev. $\underline{C1}$ (1970), 683,	'
						NPL	evaluate nu(tot) = 3.725 ± 0.0015. Axton, work in progress.	
				_		AUL	Boldeman, liqu. scint. work in progress.	74
132 252Cf (2573+)	NU	SPON		0. 1	2	FEI	Nikolaev, M.N. For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Evaluated from optimum distri- bution of uncertainties over uncorrelated nuclear data.	71
						IAE	Hanna et al. evaluation, At. En. Rev. $\underline{7}$ (1969) No. gives nu(tot) = 3.765 ± 0.012.	4,
						ANL		
						NPL AUL	Axton, work in progress. Boldeman, ligu. scint. work in progress.	
133 H20 (2574+]	THRMLSCATLAW	0. +0	2 .0-1		2	HLT	Jauho, P. Scattering law for water at higher temperature (100°C) wanted for calculation of reactivity effects as function of temperature. Esch et al. measured at 0.04-0.63 eV and at 27, 170 and 270°C, RPI-328-210.	69 0
134 METAN (2575+)	THRMISCATLAW	0. +0	1.0-1		2	HLT	Tunkelo, E. Scattering law for solid and liquid methan wanted. For design of refrigerated neutron source.	69
	N,GAMMA ratio x-sect	5 .0 +2	5 .0 +5	10	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M. N. For fast reactor BR prediction with 1.6% accuracy. Analysis of fast critical assemblies indicates, the capture CS of stainless steel much greater than evoluted from microscopic data. Measurement wanted re lative to fission CS of U ²³⁵ .	at a-
136 FPROD (2577+)	N,GAMMA	1.0+2	1.0+ 5	20	1	FEI	Nikolaev, M.N. For accuracies of 1.0 % in Keff and 1.6 % in BR for fast breeders. Average capture CS for gross fission products (sta and long-lived as well as equilibrium fiss. prod. for fast reactors) wanted. Pata for fiss. prod. of U235, U236, Pu239 and Pu240 are of great interes	•
137 FPROD (2578+)	N,GAMMA (res.param)	THR	1.0+5		2	AUA	Symonds, J.L. Capture CS and s, p and d wave strength functions desired for theoretical predictions of cross sections are sections.	69 ons
						ĀŪĀ	for masses 80-160. Bird et al. working in keV region using capture gamma rays.	
						BOL	Benzi et al., extensive evaluation, CEC (70)-2,1970.	

TABLE 1

LIST OF REQUESTORS

AGHINA, L.O.B.
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AAEC Research Establishment
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Australia

TUNKELO, E.
Helsinki Technical University
Otaniemi, Helsinki
Finland

VAN DER WALT, R. Atomic Energy Board Private Bag 256 Pretoria South Africa

TABLE 2

QUANTITIES (CROSS SECTIONS AND PARAMETERS)

(Notation used is that of H. Goldstein: "Nomenclature Scheme for Experimental Monoenergetic Nuclear Cross Sections", Fast Neutron Physics, Vol. II, p. 2227, Interscience, New York (1963).)

Printout	Symbolic notation	Description
TOTAL XSECT	σ _{nT} (E)	Total neutron cross section
RESON PARAMS	r, r, r, r, etc.	Parameters characterizing a resonance or derived from properties of sets of resonances
ELASTIC	σ _{n,n} (E)	Total elastic scattering cross section
DIFF ELASTIC	σ _{n,n} (Ε,θ)	Differential elastic scattering cross section
SCATTERING	σ _{nS} (E) σ _{nS} (E, θ)	Information on the total scattering cross section; $\sigma_{nS} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{n,n}$
N PRODUCTION	σ _{nP} (E) σ _{nP} (E,θ) σ _{nP} (E, E') σ _{nP} (E; E',θ)	Information on the collection of all processes in which one or more neutrons are produced; $\sigma_{nP} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{nM} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{n,n} + 2\sigma_{n,2n} + 3\sigma_{n,3n} + \bar{\nu}\sigma_{n,f} + \sigma_{n,np} + \dots$
NONELASTIC	σ _{nX} (E) σ _{nX} (E, θ) σ _{nX} (E, E') σ _{nX} (E; E', θ)	Information on the cross section for nonelastic processes: $\sigma_{nX}(E) = \sigma_{T}(E) - \sigma_{n,n}(E)$
EMISS XSECT	σ _{nM} (E) σ _{nM} (E, θ) σ _{nM} (E, E') σ _{nM} (E, E', θ)	Information on neutron emission, i.e. on the collection of all processes in which one or more neutrons are emitted; $\sigma_{nM} = \sigma_{nP} - \sigma_{n,n}$
NONEL GAMMAS	σ _{nG} (E) σ _{nG} (E; E _γ) σ _{nG} (E; E _γ ,ψ)	Information on the production of gamma rays by neutron interactions
TOT INELASTIC	σ _{n,n} (E)	Total neutron inelastic scattering cross section
DIFF INELAST	σ _{n,n} (E,θ) σ _{n,n} (E, E') σ _{n,n} (E; E',e)	Cross section for inelastic scattering of neutrons represented as a function of angle, energy (or both) for the scattered neutron

Printout	Symbolic notation	Description Selfs (Disc City State (Disc Selfs))
INELST GAMMA	σ _{n,n'γ} (Ε,ψ) σ _{n,n'γ} (Ε, Ε _γ)	Information on photons emitted in inelastic neutron scattering processes
2000年代 - 1000年代 - 1000年代	σ _{n,n'γ} (Ε; Ε _γ ,ψ)	a militari i mindrata da talente i militari eta
N2N XSECTION	σ _{n,2n} (E) σ _{n,2n} (E, E') σ _{n,2n} (E; E',θ)	All information on the (n,2n) cross section, whether or not accompanied by other particles
N3N XSECTION	σ _{n,3n} (E)	All information on the (n,3n) cross section, whether or not accompanied by other particles
THRMLSCATLAW		All information on the thermal scattering law, on the scattering, both elastic and inelastic, of neutrons of thermal energies from molecules, liquids, crystals, etc.
FISSION	on,f(E)	Cross section for neutron induced fission
		Number of neutrons emitted per neutron absorption; $\eta = \overline{\nu} \cdot \frac{\sigma_{n,f}}{\sigma_{n,Y} + \sigma_{n,f}}$
ALPHA	C	The capture to fission ratio; $\alpha = \frac{\sigma_{n, \gamma}}{\sigma_{n, f}}$
NU		All information on the number of neutrons emitted per fission, chiefly as $\overline{\nu}$ total, where not otherwise specified, but <u>not</u> delayed yields
	gandi, uti tu es usua bid Angela Situa Angela unu engan naga	All information, yields, energies, etc., on delayed neutrons from fission
FRAG NEUTS		Information on neutrons emitted by a given fission fragment
SPECT FISS N	70.5 N _f (E, E')	Spectrum of neutrons emitted in fission
SPECT FISS G	N _f (E, E _y)	Spectrum of prompt photons emitted in fission
FISS YIELD	the recognition of the second	Yields of fission products or fission frag- ments
o ja produkta samtina s	rauda par en dare en en en en europe en en der de proteste en en en en en en en en den en e	Information on the energy, angle or velocity distribution of the fission fragments as a function of each other or of the fragment mass
FRAG CHARGE		Information on the charge distribution of fission fragments

Printout	Symbolic notation	Description
PHOTO-FISSN	en jaron kan kan kan kan kan di salah s Salah salah sa	Information on photon induced fission
FISS PROD GS	en de la produce de la production de la companya de	Information on gamma rays from fission products
RES INT FISS	$\int \frac{\sigma_{n,f}(E)}{E} dE$	Resonance integral for fission
ABSORPTION	σ _{nA} (E)	Absorption cross section; $\sigma_{nA} = \sigma_{nT} - \sigma_{nS}$
RES INT ABS	$\int \frac{\sigma_{nA}(E)}{E} dE$	Resonance integral for absorption (For fissionable nuclei includes RES INT FISS and RES INT CAPT)
DISAPPEARANC	σ _{nD} (E)	Neutron disappearance (or removal) cross sections; $\sigma_{nD}(E) = \sigma_{n,Y} + \sigma_{nC}(C = charged particle)$
ACTIVATION	oact ^{(E} ^A Z)	Activation cross section for nuclide AZ
RES INT ACT	$\int \frac{\sigma_{act}(E)}{E} dE$	Resonance integral for activation
RES INT CAPT	$\int \frac{\sigma_{n,\gamma}(E)}{E} dE$	Resonance integral for capture. Restricted in principle to fissionable nuclides – for non-fissionable nuclides see RES INT ABS
N, GAMMA	on, Y (E)	Radiative capture cross section
SPECT NGAMMA	N _Y (E; E _Y)	Spectrum of gamma rays from radiative neutron capture
N, PROTON	σ _{n,p} E) σ _{n,p} (E,θ)	Information on reactions emitting one or more protons only
N, DEUTERON	σ _{n,d} (E) σ _{n,d} (E,e)	Information on reactions emitting one or more deuterons only
N, TRITON	σ _{n,t} (E) σ _{n,t} (E,θ)	Information on reactions emitting one or more tritons only
N, HELIUM3	σ _{n,³He} (E) σ _{n,³He} (E,θ)	Information on reactions emitting one or more helium-3 particles only
N, ALPHA	σ _{n,α} (E) σ _{n,α} (E,θ)	Information on reactions emitting one or more alpha-particles only
N, N PROTON	σ _{n,np} (E)	Information on the (n,np) reactions
PROTON, N	σ _{p,n} (E)	Information on the (p,n) reactions

M. Dieba, N

Information on various quantities defined

in the associated comment, which are not naturally included in any one of the

functional forms, etc.

quantities listed

Printout	Symbolic notation	<u>Description</u>
GAMMA, N	σ _{Υ,η} (Ε _Υ)	Cross sections of photoneutron reactions
NUCL. LEVELS		Information on details of nuclear structure: levels, spins and parities, etc.
LVL DEN LAW	Allell our longer of the policy	All information on the density of levels in the continuum range: temperature,

MISCELLANEOS

A few of the "collective" cross sections might be unfamiliar, and some "sum rules" for these cross sections may be helpful.

Total =
$$\sigma_{nT} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{nX} = \text{Elastic} + \text{Nonelastic}$$

= $\sigma_{nS} + \sigma_{nA} = \text{Scattering and Absorption}$
Scattering = $\sigma_{nS} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{n,n'} = \text{Elastic} + \text{Inelastic}$
Nonelastic = $\sigma_{nX} = \sigma_{nT} - \sigma_{n,n}$
N Production = $\sigma_{nP} = \sigma_{n,n} + \sigma_{n,n'} + 2\sigma_{n,2n} + 3\sigma_{n,3n} + \overline{\nu}\gamma_{n,f} + \cdots$
Emission = $\sigma_{nM} = \sigma_{n,n'} + 2\sigma_{n,2n} + 3\sigma_{n,3n} + \overline{\nu}\gamma_{n,f} + \cdots$
Absorption = $\sigma_{nA} = \sigma_{nT} - \sigma_{nS}$
Disappearance = $\sigma_{nD} = \sigma_{nM} + \sigma_{nC}$ (C = charged particle)

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TABLE 3

QUANTITY MODIFIERS

Printout	Description
energy dist	energy distribution (spectrum) of emitted particles or photons
(energy)	energy distribution requested as a secondary or alternative quantity
< energy >	average over the energy interval stated is requested as a supplementary or alternative quantity
angular dist	angular distribution of emitted particles or photons
expans.coeff	coefficients for expansion in orthogonal polynomials
energy, angle	energy distributions requested as a function of angle
(averaged)	a specified average (see comment) of the principal quantity is requested as secondary or alternative quantity
spectrum	(specified in comment)
ratio xsect	ratio of cross sections or cross section measured relative to standard specified in comment
relative	quantity other than cross section measured relative to standard specified in comment
(alpha)	capture to fission ratio
(eta)	the number of neutrons emitted per absorption
reson.integ	resonance integral of principal quantity
(res. int)	resonance integral requested as secondary or alternative quantity
() res. int	resonance integral requested for region above energy range stated for principal request
(res. param)	resonance parameters requested as secondary or alternative quantity
see comment	more extensive explanation given in comment
gammaspectra	energy spectra of emitted gamma rays
absolute	an absolute measurement (i.e. not directly or indirectly related to a standard)
yield	yield of emitted particles is requested as secondary or alternative quantity
res.energy \	
alpha width	
fissionwidth	-
gamma width	For requests on resonance parameters the Quantity "Resonance Parameters" is used
neutronwidth (and the request is specified by supplementary
protonwidth	modifiers or in the comment

protonwidth total width absorpwidth

TABLE 4

LABORATORIES (ALPHABETIC BY ABBREVIATION)

AE	AB ATOMENERGI, STUDSVIK + STOCKHOLM	SWEDEN
AFW	AIR FORCE WEAPONS LABORATORY, KIRTLAND, NEW MEXICO	USA
Al	ATOMICS INTERNATIONAL, CANOGA PARK, CALIF.	USA
AIN	A.I.N.S.E., LUCAS HEIGHTS, NSW	AUSTRALIA
ALD	AWRE, ALDERMASTON	UNITED KINGDOM
AML	U. OF MELBOURNE	AUSTRALIA
AMS	U. OF AMSTERDAM + IKO	NETHERLANDS
ANL	ARGONNE NATIONAL LAB., LEMONT, ILLINOIS	USA
ARK	U. OF ARKANSAS, FAYETTEVILLE	USA
AUA	A.A.E.C. RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT, N.S.W.	AUSTRALIA
AUL	AUSTRALIA	AUSTRALIA
BBC	BROWN-BOVERI/KRUPP, MANNHEIM	GERMANY
BET	WESTINGHOUSE, BETTIS ATOMIC POWER LAB.PITTSBURGH	USA
BHU	BANARAS HINDU UNIV. VARANASI	INDIA
BLG	BELGIUM	BELGIUM
BN	BELGONUCLEAIRE	BELGIUM
BNL	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LAB., UPTON, N.Y.	USA
BNW	BATTELLE-NORTHWEST, RICHLAND, WASH. (FORM. HANF. AT. PROD.)	USA
BOL	BOLOGNA	ITÄLY
BOS	BOSE INST., CALCUTTA	INDIA
BRC	CEN BRUYERE LE CHATEL	FRANCE
BUL	BULGARIA	BULGARIA
CAD	CADARACHE, BOUCHES DU RHONE	FRANCE
CAN	CANADA	CANADA
CAS	CENTRO DI STUDI NUCLEARI DELLA 'CASACCIA', ROME	ITALY
CCP	USSR granders for any or its approach to the second	USSR
CHF	FORMOSA De la companyant de la companyan	FORMOSA
CNE	COM. NACIONAL DE ENERG. ATOM., BUENOS AÍRES	ARGENTINA

ම විධාපති කර සිදු නොස්ත වෙනව සිත වෙන සිදු නොස්තුව දැකි. ම රතු වෙරු පිහිට නොවන සිත කර සිත කර පරිගත නොවන දැකි. ම රතු වෙරු සිත සිත සිත සිත සිතු කර වැන්න සිට මෙනව සිත සිත සිත සිත සිත සිට සිත සිට සිත සිත සිට සි

COL	COLUMBIA U., NEW YORK CITY, N.Y.	USA	
CRC	CHALK RIVER, ONTARIO	CANADA	
CSE	CASE INSTITUTE OF TECH., CLEVELAND, OHIO	USA	
DEB	ATOMMAG KUTATO INTEZETE, DEBRECEN	HUNGARY	
DUB	JOINT INSTITUTE FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH, DUBNA	USSR	
FAR	FONTENAY-AUX-ROSES, SEINE	FRANCE	
FEI	FIZIKO-ENERGETICHESKIJ INSTITUT, OBNINSK	USSR	
FLA	U. OF FLORIDA, GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA	USA	
FOA	RESEARCH INSTITUTE OF NAT'L DEFENSE, STOCKHOLM	SWEDEN	
FR	FRANCE	FRANCE	
FRK	J.W. GOETHE UNIVERSITY, FRANKFURT	GERMANY	
GA	GENERAL ATOMIC, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA	USA	7.54
GDT	GENERAL DYNAMICS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS	USA	
GE	GENERAL ELECTRIC - NUCLEAR MATERIALS	USA	
GEL	B.C.M.N. EURATOM, GEEL	BELGIUM	
GES	GE-SCHENECTADY (DIFFERENT FROM KAPL)	USA	
GIT	GEORGIA INST. OF TECHNOLOGY, ATLANTA	USA	
GRE	GRENOBLE (CEA AND UNIVERSITY)	FRANCE	
HAM	INST. FUR EXPERIMENTAL PHYSIK, HAMBURG	GERMANY	
HAR	AERE, HARWELL	UNITED KING	DOM
HLT	TECH. UNIV. OF HELSINKI, OTANIEMI	FINLAND	
IAE	INTERN. ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY, VIENNA	AUSTRIA	
IEN	INSTITUTO DE ENGENHARIA NUCLEAR, RIO DE JANEIRO	BRAZIL	
IFU	INSTITUT FIZIKI AN UKRAINSKOI SSR, KIEV	USSR	
INC	IDAHO NUCLEAR CORPORATION, IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO	USA	
IRK	INSTITUT FUR RADIUMFORSCHUNG UND KERNPHYSIK, VIENNA	AUSTRIA	
ISP	EURATOM, ISPRA	ITALY	
IST	IMP. COLL. OF SCI. + TECHN., LONDON	UK	i we figh
ITE	INST. TEORETICHESKOI I EXPERIMENTALNOI FIZIKI MOSCOW	USSR	
ITK	INDIAN INST. OF TECHNOLOGY, KANPUR	INDIA	(1974)
JAE	JAPAN ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH INST. TOKAI	JAPAN	
JAP	JAPAN ASSOCIATION ASSOCIATIONI	JAPAN	137

JUL	KERNFORSCHUNGSANLAGE JUELICH	GERMANY
KAP	KNOLLS ATOMIC POWER LAB., SCHENECTADY, NEW YORK	USA
KAZ	INST. JAD FIZIKI, KAZAKHSTAN	USSR
KFK	KERNFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE	GERMANY
KIL	U. OF KIEL	GERMANY
KOS	KOSSUTH UNIV., INST. FOR EXP. PHYSICS, DEBRECEN	HUNGARY
KTY	U. OF KENTUCKY, LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY	USA
KUR	I.V. KURCHATOV ATOMIC ENERGY INST., MOSCOW	USSR
LAS	LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LAB., NEW MEXICO	USA
LOK	LOCKHEED AIRCRAFT, SUNNYVALE, CALIF.	USA
LON	U. OF LONDON	UNITED KINGDOM
LRC	NASA LEWIS RES.CENTRE, CLEVELAND, OHIO	USA
LRL	LAWRENCE RADIATION LAB., LIVERMORE, CALIFORNIA	USA
мнс	U. OF MICHIGAN	USA
MIT	MIT. CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS	USA
MOL	CEN MOL	BELGIUM
MTR	PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMTR., IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO	USA
MUN	TECHNISCHE HOCHSCHULE MUENCHEN, MUNICH	GERMANY
NAP	U. OF NAPLES	ITALY
NBS	NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WASHINGTON, D.C.	USA
NDL	U.S. ARMY NUCLEAR DEFENCE LAB.	USA
NED	NETHERLANDS	NETHERLANDS
NEU	U. OF NEUCHATEL	SWITZERLAND
NIR	NAUCHNO-ISSLEDOV.INST. ATOMNYKH REAKTOROV	USSR
SLM	NUK INST JOZEF STEFAN. LJUBLJANA	YUGOSLAVIA
NPL	NATIONAL PHYSICAL LABORATORY, TEDDINGTON	UNITED KINGDOM
NRD	U.S. NAVAL RADIOLOGICAL DEFENSE LAB., SAN FRANCISCO	USA
ОНО	OHIO U., ATHENS, OHIO	USA
ORL	OAK RIDGE NATIONAL LAB., TENNESSEE	USA
OTU	U. OF OTTAWA, ONTARIO	CANADA
PAD	U. OF PADUA	ITALY
PEL	AE BOARD, PELINDABA, PRETORIA	SOUTH AFRICA

RAM	ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRE, RAMNA, DACCA	PAKISTAN
RDT	DIV. OF REACTOR DEV. + TECH., USAEC	USA
RIS	RISO, R OSKILDE	DENMARK
ROS	ROSSENDORF BEI DRESDEN	GERMANY
RPI .	RENSSELAER POLYTECHNIC INST., TROY, NEW YORK	USA Baran Hara
SAC	CEN SACLAY, (91) GIF-sur YVETTE	FRANCE
SAF	SOUTH AFRICA	SOUTH AFRICA
SAH	SAHA INSTITUTE, CALCUTTA	INDIA
SCT	U. OF CAPE TOWN	SOUTH AFRICA
scu	USSR STATE COMM. FOR ATOMIC ENERGY, MOSCOW	USSR
SRE	SIEMENS REACTORENTWICKLUNG, ERLANGEN	GERMANY
SRL	SAVANNAH RIVER LAB., AIKEN, S.C.	USA
STF	STANFORD U., MENLO PARK, CALIFORNIA	USA
SUN	SOUTHERN UNIVERSITIES NUC. INST., FAURE, C.P.	SOUTH AFRICA
TAT	TATA INSTITUTE, BOMBAY	INDIA
TEX	U. OF TEXAS, AUSTIN, TEXAS	USA
TNC	TEXAS NUCLEAR CORP., AUSTIN, TEXAS	USA
TOR	U. OF TORONTO	CANADA
TRM	ATOMIC ENERGY EST. TROMBAY, BOMBAY NOW BHABHA AT.RES.C.	INDIA
TUR	U. OF TORINO	ITALY
UKW	WINDSCALE REACTOR DEVELOPMENT LABS. UKAEA	UNITED KINGDOM
UPR	UNIVERSITY OF PRETORIA	SOUTH AFRICA
VNV	CEN VILLENEUVE	FRANCE
WAL	WESTINGHOUSE ASTRONUCLEAR LAB., PITTSBURGH	USA
WAS	WASHINGTON U., ST.LOUIS, MISSOURI	USA
WES	WESTINGHOUSE RESEARCH, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA	USA
WEW	WESTINGHOUSE ADVANCED REACTORS DIV., MADISON, PENN.	USA
WIN	AEE, WINFRITH	UNITED KINGDOM
WRU	CASE WESTERN RESERVE UNIVERSITY	USA
WUR	EIDG. INSTITUT FUER REAKTORFORSCHUNG, WUERENLINGEN	SWITZERLAND
WWA	U. OF WARSAW + PAN.	POLAND

YALE U., NEW HAVEN, CO NNECTICUT

TABLE 5 CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACT

REFERENCES

65ANTWRP	INT. CONF. ON THE STUDY OF NUCLEAR STRUCTURE WITH NEUTRONS, ANTWERP 19-23 JULY 1965. PROCEEDINGS GIVE FOR SOME PAPERS ABSTRACT ONLY.	BELGIUM
i jakitate suust. Su	FOR FULL PAPERS SEE EANDC-50. FOR TECHNICAL MINUTES SEE EANDC-44	
65SALZBG	IAEA SYMPOSIUM ON PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF FISSION, SALZBURG, AUSTRIA, 22-26 MARCH 1965. PREPRINT-CODE = SM-60/ PUBLISHED BY IAEA, VIENNA, JULY 1965 (STI/PUB/101)	IAEA
66PARIS	FIRST IAEA CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR DATA FOR REACTORS PARIS, 17-21 OCT. 1966. PREPRINT-CODE = CN-23/ PROCEEDINGS PUBL. BY IAEA, VIENNA, 1967 (STI/PUB/140) SUPPLEMENT WITH ADDITIONAL PAPERS SEE INDC-156	IAEA
66WASH	CONFERENCE ON NEUTRON CROSS-SECTION TECHNOLOGY, WASHINGTON D.C. 22-24 MAR 1966, PUBL. AS AEC REPORT CONF-660303	USA
68DUBNA	UK-USSR SEMINAR ON NUCLEAR DATA FOR REACTOR COMPUTATIONS, DUBNA JUNE 1968	USSR
68WASH	2ND CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR CROSS-SECTIONS AND TECH. WASHINGTON D.C. 4-7 MARCH 1968, PUBLISHED AS NBS SPECIAL PUBLICATION 299	USA
69VIENNA	IAEA SYMPOSIUM ON PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY OF FISSION VIENNA JULY-AUGUST 1969, PUBLISHED 1969 AS STI/PUB/234	IAEA
70HELS	SECOND IAEA CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR DATA FOR REACTORS HELSINKI, 15-19 JUNE 1970. PREPRINT-CODE = SM-122/ PROCEEDINGS PUBL. BY IAEA, VIENNA, 1970 (STI/PUB/259)	IAEA
71ALBANY	INTERNATIONAL CONF. ON STATISTICAL PROPERTIES OF NUCLEI ALBANY 23-27 AUGUST, 1971	USA Propries
71KNOX	3RD CONFERENCE ON NEUTRON CROSS-SECTIONS AND TECHNOLOGY. UNIVERSITY OF TENNESSEE. KNOXVILLE. 15-17 MARCH 1971	USA
AAEC/E-	AUSTRALIAN AEC REPORT SERIES	AUSTRALIA
AE _{FO} SARA (POSEQ	ATOMNAYA ENERGIYA /SJA/EAF/(/JNF/)	USSR
AE- Service	AKTIEBOLAGET ATOMENERGI, STOCKHOLM, REPORT SERIES	SWEDEN
AECL, LINGS OF THE	ATOMIC EN. OF CAN. LIM., CHALK RIVER, REPORT SERIES	CANADA
AEEW CARREST	AEEW-WINFRITH REPORT SERIES	UK
AERE	AERE-HARWELL REPORT SERIES	UK
AF	ARKIV FOR FYSIK	SWEDEN
AFWL	AIR FORCE WEAPONS LAB., KIRTLAND, NEW MEXICO	USA
AHP	ACTA PHYS. ACAD. SCI. HUNG.	HUNGARY
AI	ATOMICS INTERNATIONAL, CANOGA PARK, CALIF. REPORTS.	USA
ANCR	AEROJET NUCLEAR COMPANY, IDAHO FALLS.	USA
ANL	ARGONNE NATN'L LABORATORY, REPORT SERIES	USA 🕠
ANS	TRANS. AMER. NUCL. SOC.	USA

AT.EM.REV.	SEE REA	
AWRE	AWRE-ALDERMASTON REPORT SERIES	UK
BAP	BULL. AM. PHYS. SOC.	USA
BARC	TROMBAY REPORT SERIES, FORMERLY AEET	INDIA
BNES	BRITISH NUCL. EN. SOC CONF. ON CHEMICAL NUCLEAR DATA-CANTERBURY	Y UK
BNL	BROOKHAVEN NATIONAL LABORATORY, REPORT SERIES	USA
CCDN	NEUTRON DATA COMP. CENTRE, SACLAY. REPORTS	FRANCE
CEA	CENTRE D'ETUDES NUCLEAIRES, SACLAY, REPORT SERIES	FRANCE
CEC	COM. NAZ. EN. NUCLEARE, INT'L REPORT SERIES	ITALY
CJP	CAN. J. PHYS. (FORMERLY CAN J. OF RESEARCH VOL 1-28)	CANADA
CWR	CURTISS-WRIGHT CORP. REPORT SERIES. EXTINCT	USA
CZJ	CZECHOSLOVAK JOURNAL OF PHYSICS	CHE CHOSLOVAKIA
DA	DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS	USA
DRP	C.E.A. CENTRE D'ETUDES NUCLEAIRES. FONTENAY-AUX-ROSES	FRANCE
DUB	DUBNA REPORT SERIES, ALSO KNOWN AS JINR-REPORTS	USSR
EANDC(CAN)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	CANADA
EANDC(E)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	EUROPE (6)
EANDC(J)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	JAPAN
EANDC(OR)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	OUTER REGION
EANDC(UK)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	UK
EANDC(US)	EUROPEAN-AMERICAN NUCL. DATA COMMITTEE DOCUMENTS	USA
EUR	EURATOM REPORTS (FROM BCMN)	EURATOM
GA	GENERAL ATOMIC DIV. GEN. DYN.CORP., REPORT SERIES	USA
HNDC	UNKNOW	UK
НР	HEALTH PHYSICS	UK-USA
HPA	HELV. PHYS. ACTA	SWITZERLAND
IAE	REPORTS FROM INST. ATOMNOJ ENERGII, KURCHATOV, MOSKVA	USSR
IDO	IDAHO OPERATIONS OFFICE, AEC, REPORT SERIES	USA
IN	REPORTS IDAHO OP-OFFICE, AEC	USA
INDC	REPORTS IAEA NUCL. DATA UNIT, INT.NUCL.DATA COMMITTEE	IAEA
JAERI	ATOMIC ENERGY RESEARCH INST., TOKYO	JAPAN
JIN	J. INORG. NUCL. CHEM.	UK
JINR	DUBNA REPORT SERIES	USSR
JNE	J. NUCL. ENERG.	UK
KAPL	KNOLLS ATOMIC POWER LAB. REPORT SERIES	USA

KERNFORSCHUNGSZENTRUM KARLSRUHE REPORT SERIES

KFK

GERMANY

LA , ,	LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LAB., REPORT SERIES	USA
LA-DC	LOS ALAMOS SCIENTIFIC LAB., REPORT SERIES	USA
NAT	NATURE	UK
NBS	NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, WASHINGTON	USA
NC	NUOVO CIMENTO	ITALY
NCSAC	AEC NUCL., CROSS SECTION ADVISORY COMM.	USA
NIM	NUCLEAR INSTRUMENTS AND METHODS	NETHERLANDS
NP	NUCLEAR PHYSICS	NETHERLANDS
NSE ACCULATION	NUCL. SCI. ENG.	USA
NST	NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	JAPAN
NUCL	(OBSOLETE) NUCLEONICS	USA
NUCL.DATA	NUCLEAR-DATA - ACADEMIC PRESS	UK-USA
NUK	NUKLEONIK	GERMANY
OAWS	(PRFV.OAW) OESTERR.AKAD.WISS.,MATA + NATURW, SITZBER	AUSTRIA
ORNL	OAK RIDGE NATN' L. LAB., REPORT SERIES	USA
ORO	REPORTS OAK RIDGE OPERATIONS OFFICE. AEC	USA
PL .	PHYSICS LETTERS	NETHERLANDS
PPS	PROC. PHYS. SOC. (LONDON)	UK
PR	PHYS. REV.	USA
PRL	PHYS. REV. LETTERS	USA
REA	ATOMIC ENERGY REVIEW	IAEA
RPI	RENNESLAER POLYTECHNIC INST. REPORTS	USA
SAE	UNKNOWN	USSR
TID page part	DIV. OF TECH. INFORM. EXT., AEC REPORT SERIES	USA
UCRL	CALIFORNIA U. REPORT SERIES	USA
UFZ	UKRAINSKIJ FIZICHNII ZHURNAL	USSR
USNRDL	NAVAL RADIOLOG. DEF.LAB., SANS FRANCISCO REP.SERIES	USA
WANL-TME	WESTINGHOUSE ASTRO-NUCLEAR LAB., PITTSBURG	USA
WAPD	WESTINGHOUSE, ATOMIC POWER DIV., REPORT SERIES	USA
WASH (ACCORDANCE)	AEC, WASHINGTON REPORTS TO THE NCSAG	USA
YF	YADERNAYA FIZIKA /SNP/	USSR
YFI 🚕 🎺	JADERNO-FIZICHESKIE ISSLEDOVANIJA (PROGRESS REPORTS)	USSR
ZET	ZH. EKSPERIM. I TEOR. FIZ. /JET/	USSR
ZP q n	Z. PHYSIK	GERMANY