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**Joint ICTP-IAEA Advanced Workshop on Model Codes for Spallation
Reactions**

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ITEP experiments with thin targets irradiated by upto 2.6 GeV protons

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M o s c o w*

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ITEP experiments with thin targets irradiated by upto 2.6 GeV protons

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Content:

- 1. Residual nuclides measurements**
 - **ITEP accelerator**
 - **γ -spectrometry**
 - **Experimental uncertainties**
 - **Review of experiments performed**
- 2. Comparison with other experiments**
- 3. Comparison with codes**
- 4. Conclusions**

Accelerator-Accumulator Complex ITEP-TWAC

Main parameters:

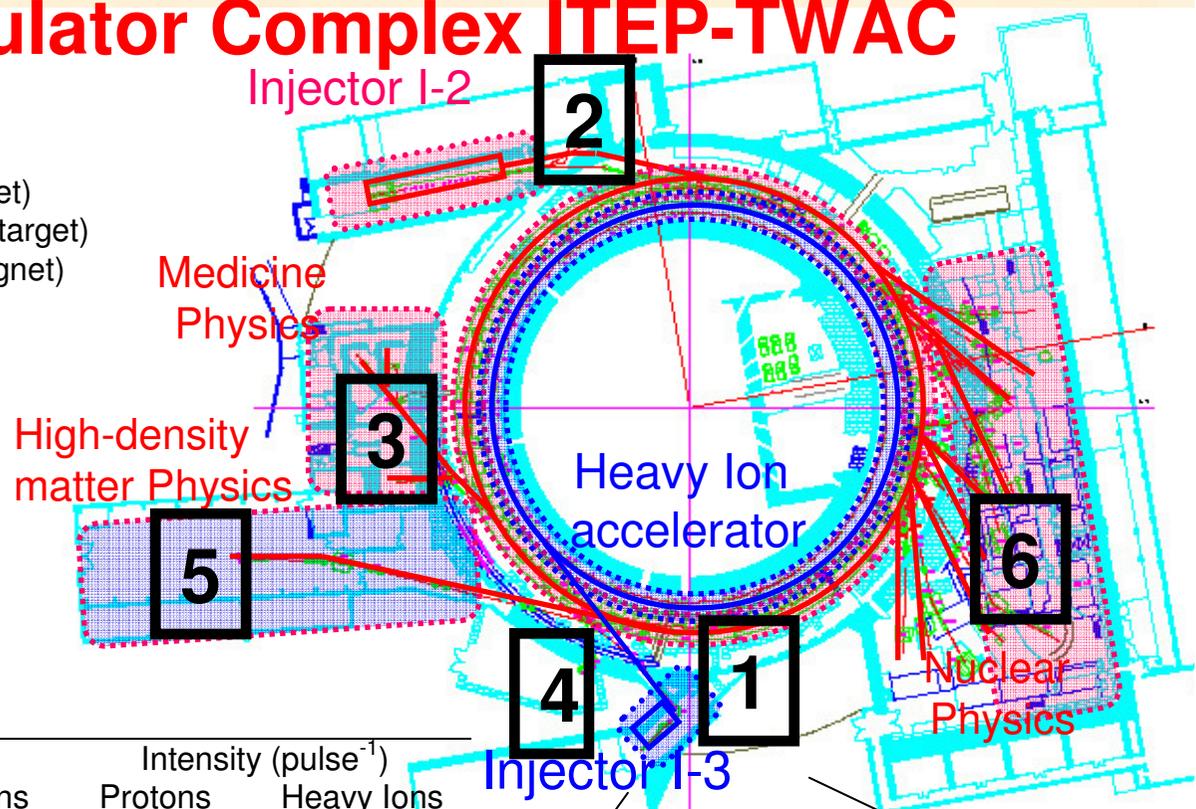
Energy: Any from 25MeV to 9.3GeV
 Intensity: <math><1E12</math> p/pulse (fast via kicker magnet)
 ~1E5-1E6 p/pulse (slow via internal target)
 ~1E10 p/pulse (slow via septum magnet)
 Pulse rate: ~15pulses/min
 Pulse ~100ns (fast)
 Duration: up to ~500ms (slow)

Species:

Proton – since 1961
 ^{12}C – since 2002
 ^{27}Al – to be put in ~Dec2007
 ^{56}Fe – to be put in ~Mar2008
 ^{238}U – to be put ~Dec2008

Beam parameters:

№	Site	Energies		Intensity (pulse ⁻¹)	
		Protons	Heavy Ions	Protons	Heavy Ions
1	I-3: Heavy Ion injector	-	$^{12}\text{C}^{6+}$, $^{56}\text{Fe}^{15+}$, $^{238}\text{U}^{28+}$, 0.1- 2 MeV/A	-	$\sim 10^9 - 10^{11}$
2	I-2: Proton Injector	<25MeV	-	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^{12}$	-
3	Medical beam	<250MeV	-	$\leq 1 \cdot 10^{10}$	-
4	Fast extraction , Magnet Hall	<4GeV/c	<4ZGeV/c	$\leq 1 \cdot 10^{12}$	$\sim 10^9 - 10^{11}$
5	Fast extraction , Experimental Hall #120	<4GeV/c	<4ZGeV/c	-	$\sim 1 \cdot 10^8$ (up to $1 \cdot 10^{10}$ in future)
6	Slow extraction, Main Exp Hall	<10GeV/c	<10ZGeV/c	$10^5 - 10^6$	-/-



Targets Irradiation

U10 Synchrotron at ITEP:

- Proton energy: 40-10000 MeV;
- Beam section: a circle of ~10 mm diameter;
- Intensity: $\sim 1 \cdot 10^{11}$ protons per pulse;
- Extraction runs: 4 100-ns bunches of 1 μ s total duration.

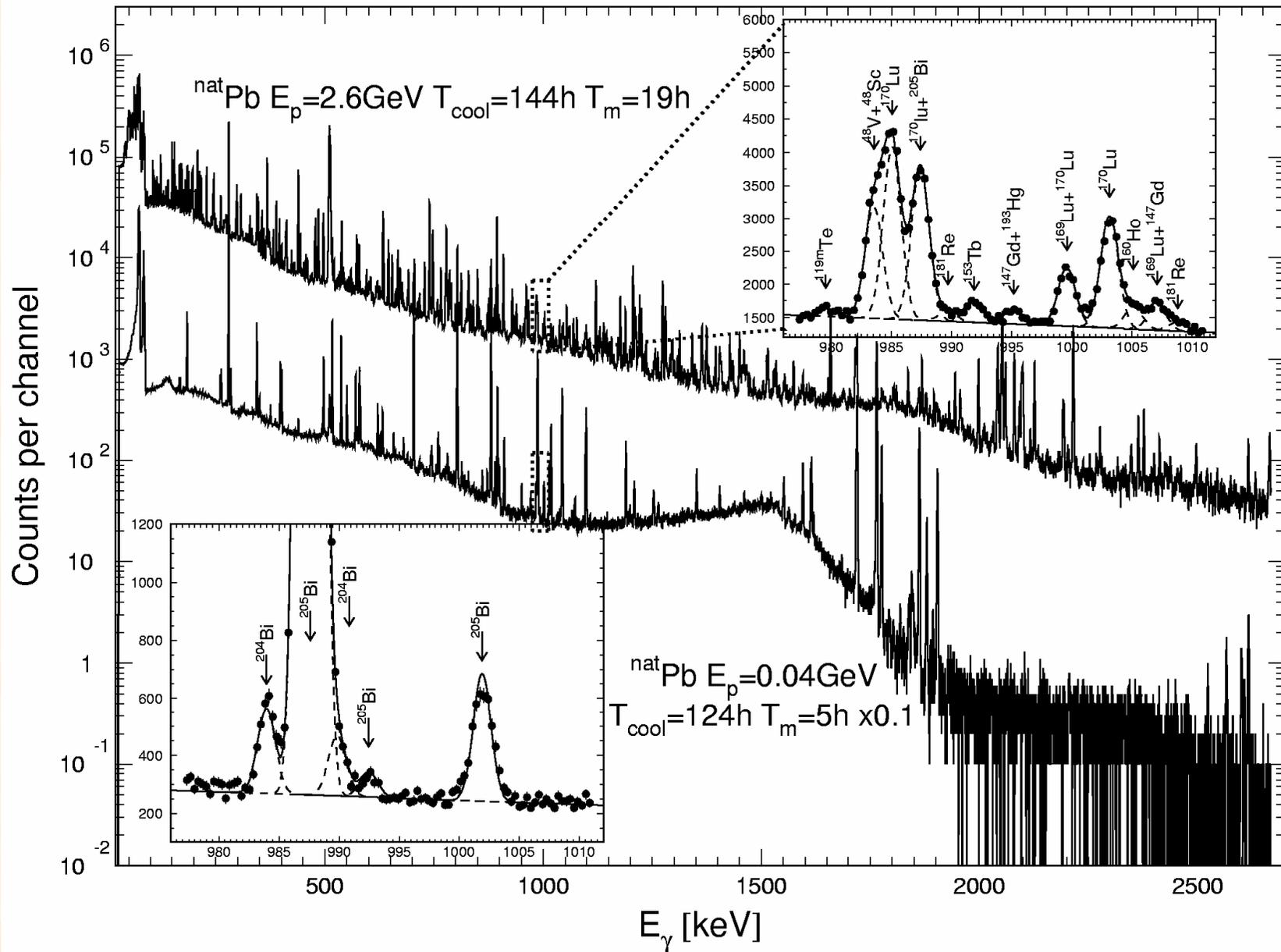


The transport channel schematic together with the elements of proton beam fast extraction.

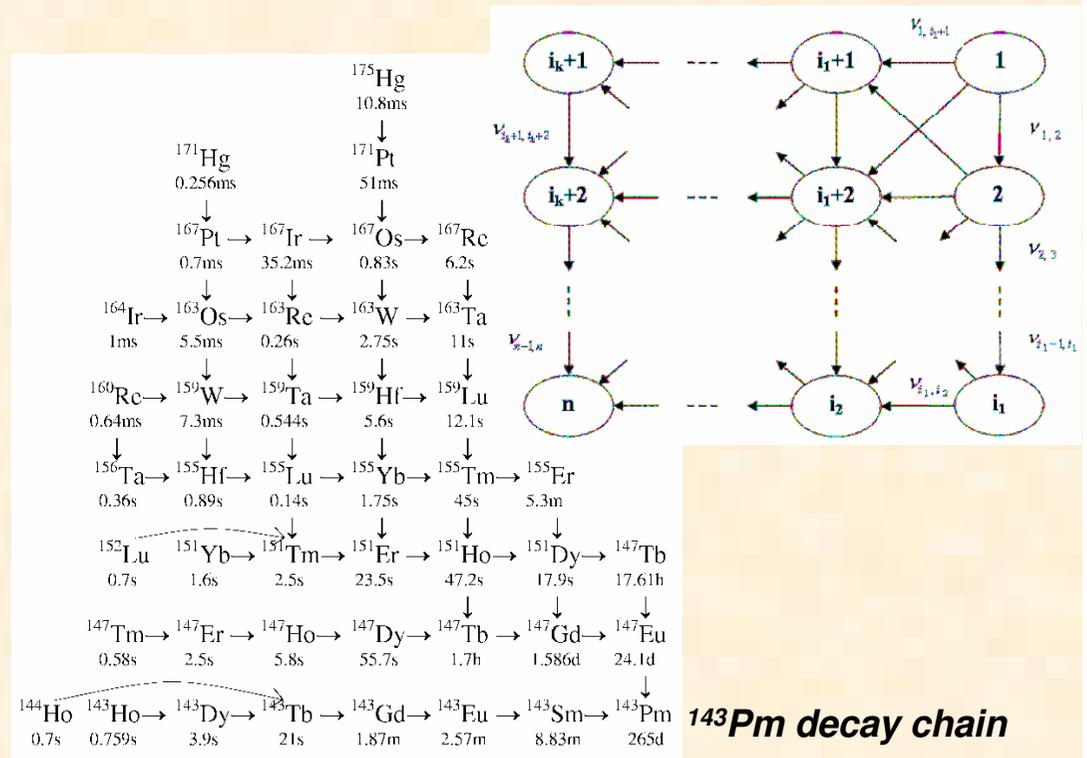
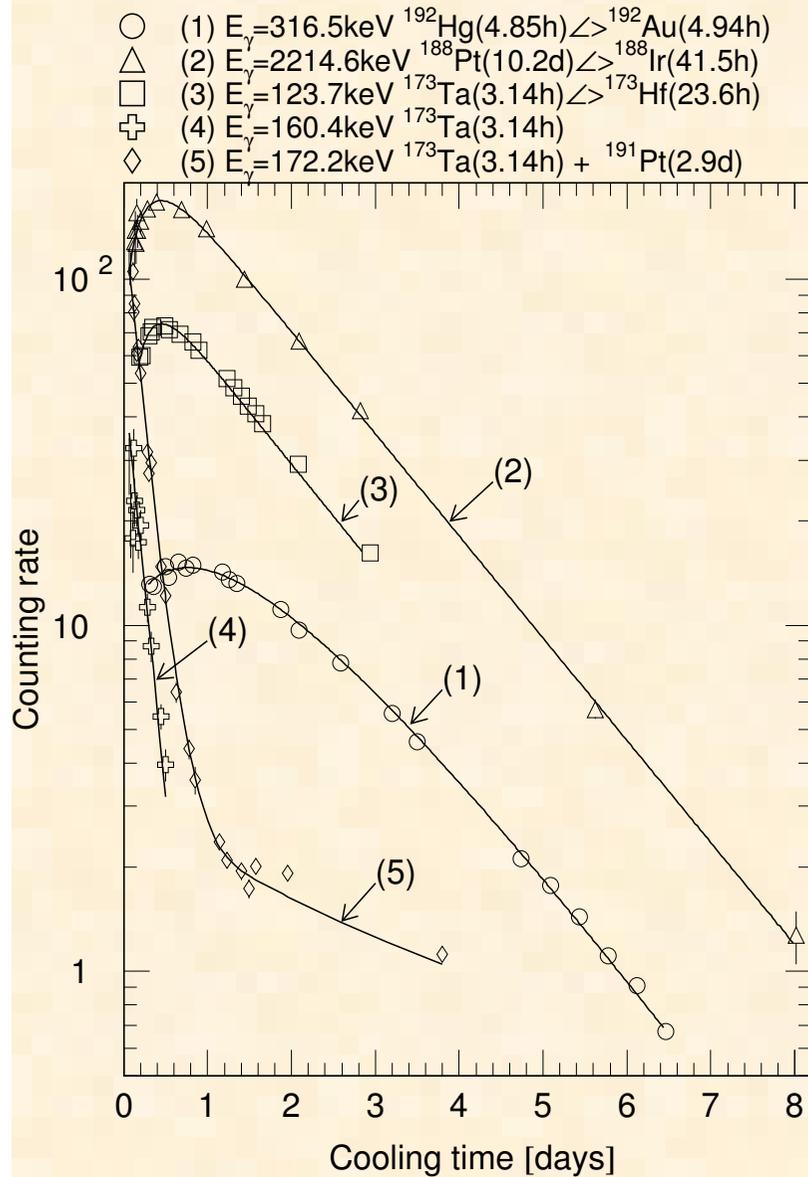
1 - The table to place the irradiated samples. 2 - Current transformer. 3 - Outlet flange of the vacuum proton guide. 4 - Bending magnet. 5,6 - The doublet of quadrupole lenses to provide beam focusing. 7 - Septum magnet. 8,9 - Magnetic units of the accelerating ring. 10 - Kicker magnet with a 15 mrad bending angle



Gamma – spectra measurements



Determination of cross sections



$$R_1^{cum/ind} = \frac{1}{N_{Tag}\eta_2\varepsilon_2} \cdot \frac{B_1^*}{F_1} \cdot \frac{1}{\nu_{12}} \left(1 - \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2}\right),$$

$$R_2^{ind} = \frac{1}{N_{Tag}\eta_2\varepsilon_2} \left[\frac{B_2^*}{F_2} + \frac{B_1^* \lambda_1}{F_1 \lambda_2} \right],$$

$$R_2^{cum} = R_2^{ind} + \nu_{12} R_1^{cum/ind} = \frac{1}{N_{Tag}\eta_2\varepsilon_2} \left[\frac{B_1^*}{F_1} + \frac{B_2^*}{F_2} \right]$$

$$\sigma = R/\Phi_p$$

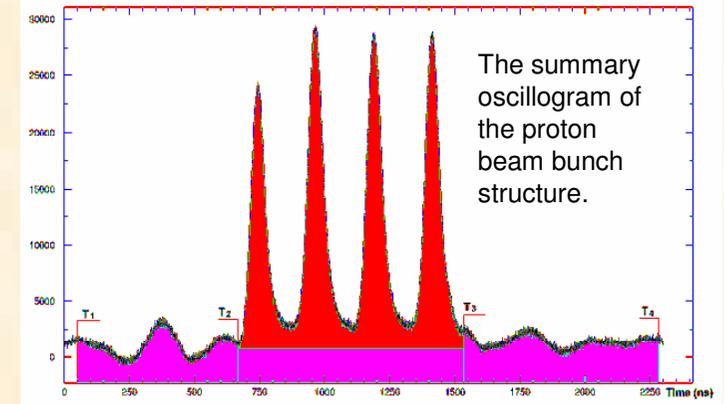
Proton flux determination

Monitor reaction techniques

$$\hat{\Phi} = \frac{R_{st}^{cum}}{\sigma_{st}^{cum}}$$

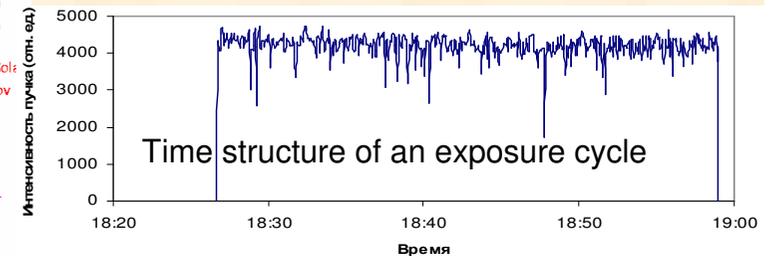
$$\frac{\Delta \hat{\Phi}}{\hat{\Phi}} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta R_{st}^{cum}}{R_{st}^{cum}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta \sigma_{st}^{cum}}{\sigma_{st}^{cum}}\right)^2}$$

Fast Current Transformer techniques



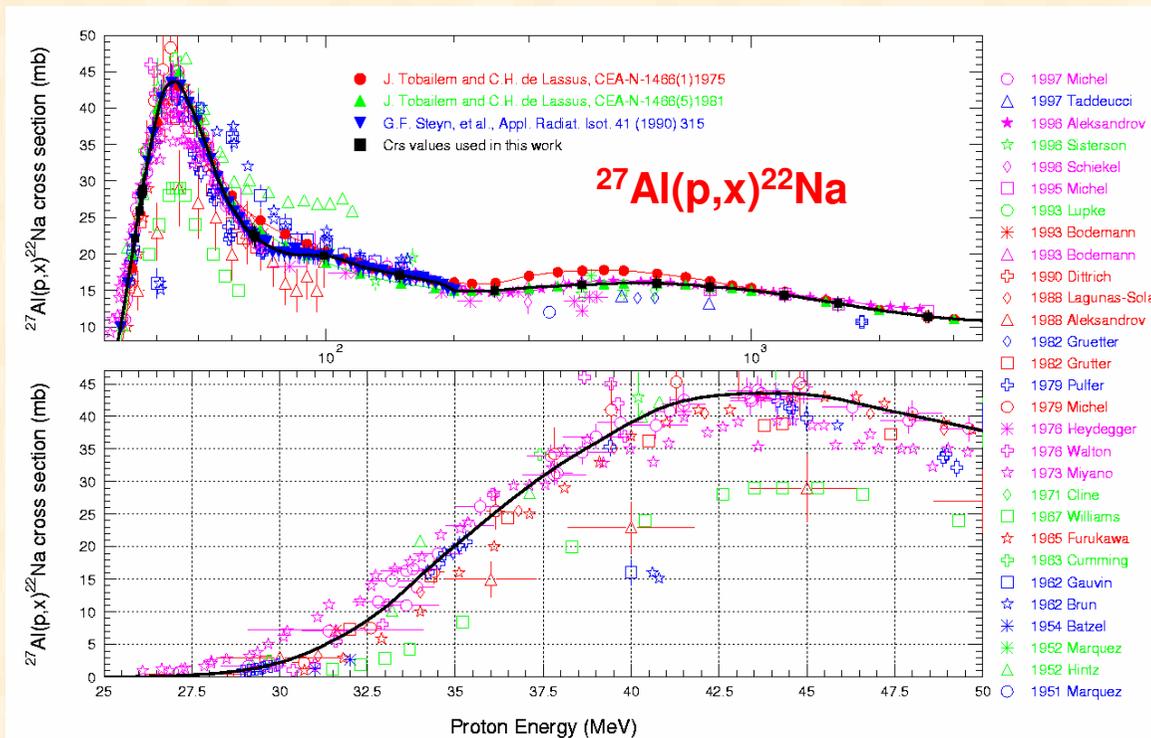
Proton flux by FCT:

$$\Phi_{FCT} = \frac{I \cdot t \cdot k_{flux}}{K \cdot z \cdot e \cdot T_{irr} \cdot S}$$



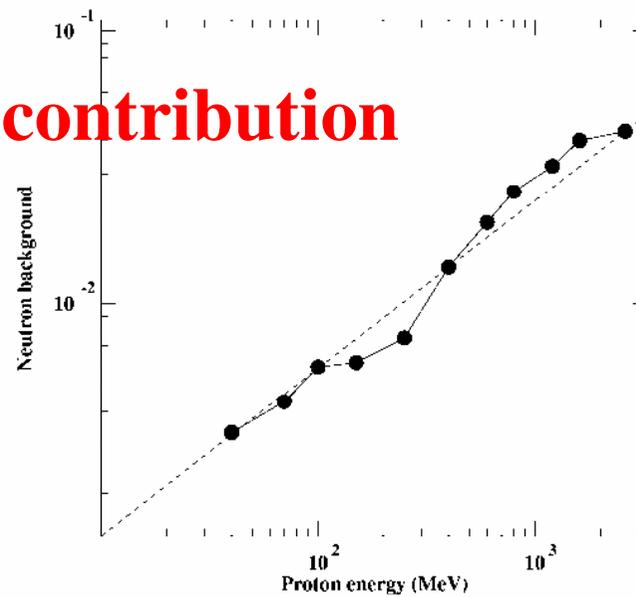
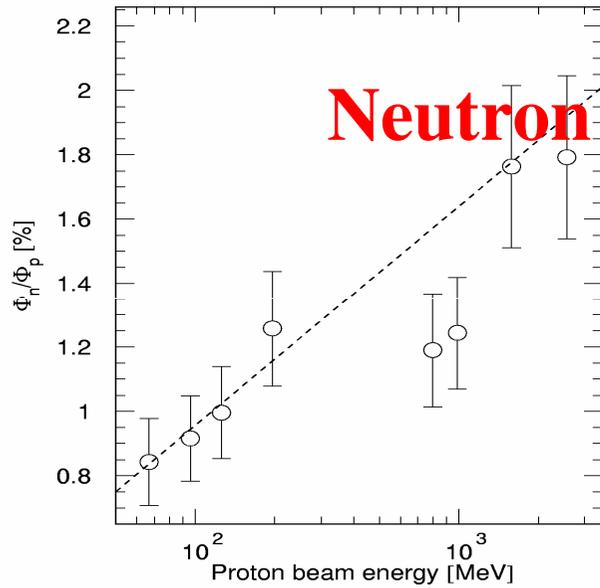
Correction factor to allow decay of short-lived nuclides:

$$k_{f(t)} = \frac{(1 - e^{-\lambda \cdot t_{irr}}) \cdot \sum_{j=1}^K \Phi_j}{\lambda \cdot t_{irr} \cdot \left(\sum_{j=1}^K \Phi_j \cdot e^{-\lambda(t_{irr} - t_j)} \right)}$$

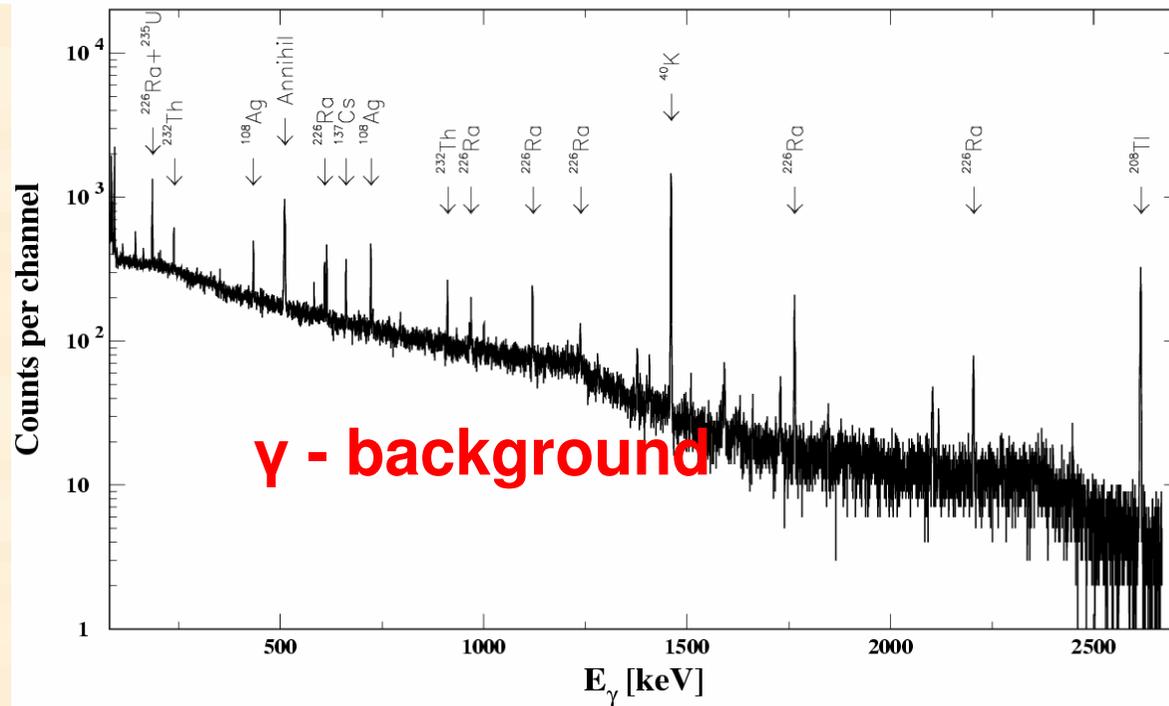
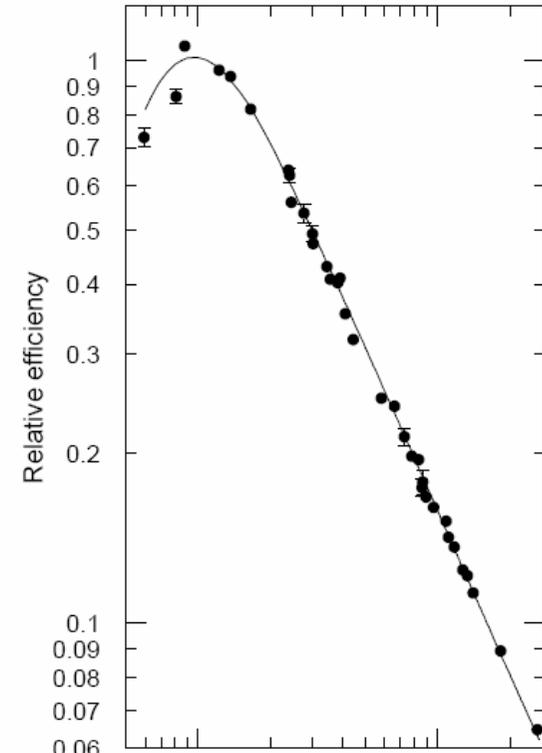


Specific uncertainties

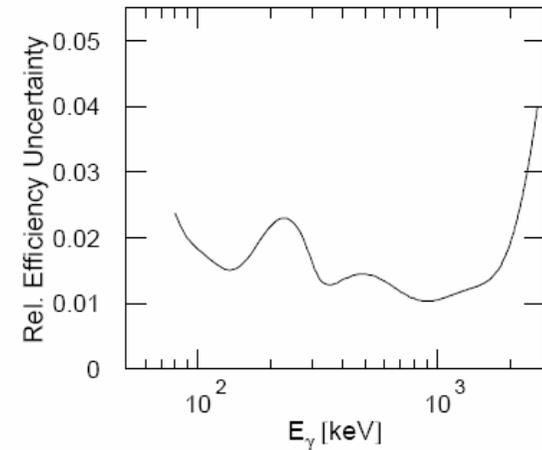
Neutron contribution



HPGe-efficiency



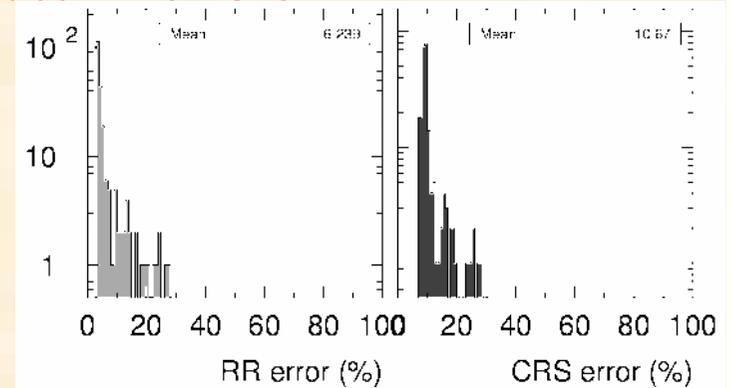
γ - background



Experimental uncertainties

$$\bar{R}_i^{cum/ind} = \frac{rel \bar{R}_{ij}^{cum/ind}}{k_{\gamma_i} \cdot k_{\epsilon} \cdot N_{tag}}$$

$$\Delta \bar{R}_i^{cum/ind} = \bar{R}_i^{cum/ind} \cdot \sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta rel \bar{R}_i^{cum/ind}}{rel \bar{R}_i^{cum/ind}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta k_{\gamma_i}}{k_{\gamma_i}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta k_{\epsilon}}{k_{\epsilon}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta N_{tag}}{N_{tag}}\right)^2}$$



Sources of errors	Value in % in case of $^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$	
	Experim. samples	Monitor samples
Statistical error of count rate in total absorption peak with due allowance for correction of unresolved γ -lines under the peak, for γ -spectrum transients, and for the spectrometer dead time and count loss.	1.1 – 27	0.79 – 3.5
Uncertainty in the correction for γ -absorption in samples.	0.03 – 0.07	0.01 – 0.02
Uncertainty in the absolute spectrometer detection effectiveness with due allowance for uncertainty in cascade summation effects and in contributions from the peaks of double and single ejections.	3.3 – 3.4	3.3
Uncertainty in the relative spectrometer detection effectiveness and in the relative-to-absolute effectiveness scaling factor.	1.05 – 1.5 0.71	-
Uncertainty in the γ -abundances. Uncertainty in the γ -abundance to relative yield scaling factor.	0 – 7.1	0.01
Uncertainty in the number of experimental sample nuclei.	0.05	0.05
Total uncertainty of measured Reaction Rates	3.3 - 28	3.4 – 4.8
Uncertainty in the $^{27}\text{Al}(p,x)^{22}\text{Na}$ monitor reaction cross section	6.3 - 7.9	
Uncertainty of Proton Flux	7.1 – 9.2	
Total uncertainty of measured Cross Sections	8 - 29	

ISTC Project #839 (1997-1998; 1999-2000, Japan, EU, Norway)

Experimental and Theoretical Study of the Residual Product Nuclide Yields in Thin Targets Irradiated with 100-2600 MeV Protons

Proton Energy [GeV]	Targets																			
	⁵⁶ Fe	⁵⁸ Ni	⁵⁹ Co	⁶³ Cu	⁶⁵ Cu	⁹³ Nb	⁹⁹ Tc	¹⁸² W	¹⁸³ W	¹⁸⁴ W	¹⁸⁶ W	natW	natHg	²⁰⁶ Pb	²⁰⁷ Pb	²⁰⁸ Pb	natPb	²⁰⁹ Bi	²³² Th	natU
0.1			25	11	6		18						44	22	22	20		26	87	108
0.2			29	29	29		39	32	35	36	36		65						128	123
0.8							72	70	76	77	62								130	195
1.0							64									114				
1.2			41	47	54		67						103						214	226
1.5				35	36									92	93	94	93	99		
1.6			41	42	47		78	109	111	114	119		141						212	231
2.6	36	38	41	42	48	85	85					129								
ADS element	SM, Sh, TM	SM	SM	SM	SM	SM	FP	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	TM	Th-cycle	Fuel

SM – Structure Material; Sh – Shielding Material; FP – Fission Product;
 TM - Target material; Th - Th fuel cycle, breeding; Fuel - Fuel compositions

More than 5000 products were determined. Final Technical Report is available via <http://www-nds.iaea.org/reports/indc-ccp-434.pdf>; EXFOR Data files#: 00781, 00782, 00978-00987, 01018-01021

ISTC Project #2002 (2002-2004, funded by EC)

Experimental and theoretical studies of the yields of residual product nuclei produced in thin Pb and Bi targets irradiated by 40-2600 MeV protons

Target	Proton Energy (GeV)										
	0.04	0.07	0.1	0.15	0.25	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.6
^{nat} Pb	18	28	43	63	95	116	141	154	171	181	178
²⁰⁸ Pb	8	28	36	63	94	113	141	154	170	182	172
²⁰⁷ Pb	9	29	42	65	94	112	140	152	170	180	171
²⁰⁶ Pb	13	28	46	65	94	112	139	156	170	180	171
²⁰⁹ Bi	13	35	50	71	106	128	147	162	183	192	198

TOTAL number of measured yields:
5972 (+11 ¹⁹⁴Hg)

- Detailed information on reaction rates per each gamma-line presented!
- Decay chains description presented

■ Isotopic composition of targets

Targets	Isotopic composition, %				
	²⁰⁴ Pb	²⁰⁶ Pb	²⁰⁷ Pb	²⁰⁸ Pb	²⁰⁹ Bi
²⁰⁸ Pb	<0.01	0.87	1.93	97.2	-
²⁰⁷ Pb	<0.01	1.39	93.2	5.41	-
²⁰⁶ Pb	0.19	92.3	5.1	2.41	-
^{nat} Pb	1.4	24.1	22.1	52.4	-
²⁰⁹ Bi	-	-	-	-	>99.9

Final Technical report: <http://www.nea.fr/html/science/egsaatif/ISTC2002-final-report.pdf>

ISTC Project #3266 (2006-2009, funded by EC)

Experimental and theoretical study of the residual nuclide production in 40-2600 MeV proton-irradiated thin targets of ADS structure materials

Targets	Proton energies (MeV)										
	40	70	100	150	250	400	600	800	1200	1600	2600
$^{56}\text{Fe}^+$	x	x	x	x				38	39	38	40
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Cr}$	x	x	x	x				30	31	32	32
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Ni}$	x	x	x	x				43	42	46	46
^{93}Nb	x	x	x	x				105	110	123	128
^{181}Ta	x	x	x	x							
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	x	x	x	x							

^{56}Fe is also measured at 300, 500, 750, 1000, and 1500 MeV to be compared with recent GSI measurements (P. Napolitani et al., PRC (2007))

Isotopic composition of the targets		
Isotope	Number of samples	Isotopic composition, %
^{56}Fe	15	^{54}Fe -0.3, ^{56}Fe -99.5±0.1, ^{57}Fe -0.2, ^{58}Fe -<0.05.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Cr}$	11	^{50}Cr -4.345, ^{52}Cr -83.789, ^{53}Cr -9.501, ^{54}Cr -2.365.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{Ni}$	11	^{58}Ni -68.077, ^{60}Ni -26.223, ^{61}Ni -1.140, ^{62}Ni -3.634, ^{64}Ni -0.926
^{93}Nb	10	^{93}Nb > 99.9
^{181}Ta	15	^{180}Ta -0.012, ^{181}Ta -99.988.
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	14	^{180}W -0.12, ^{182}W -26.50, ^{183}W -14.31, ^{184}W -30.64, ^{186}W - 28.43.

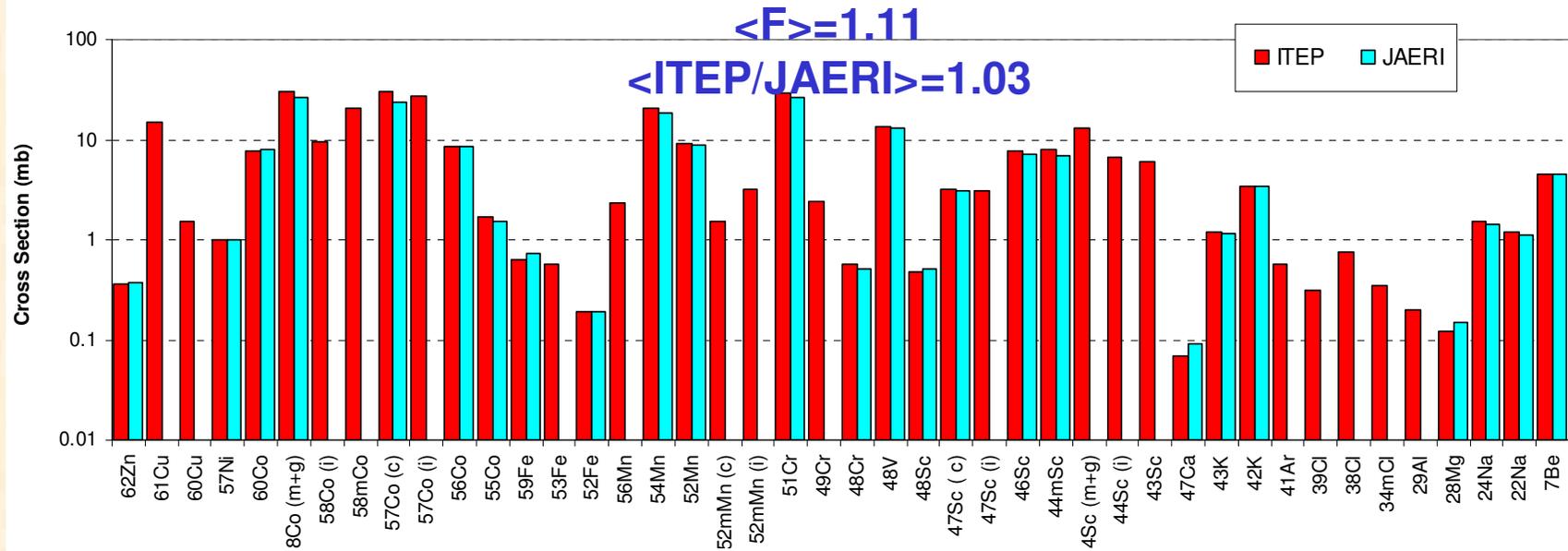
Targets	List of irradiation runs for alpha-active nuclide (^{148}Gd) production measurements.			
	Proton energies (MeV)			
	600	800	1600	2600
^{181}Ta				
$^{\text{nat}}\text{W}$	i	i	i	i

Comparison with other experiments

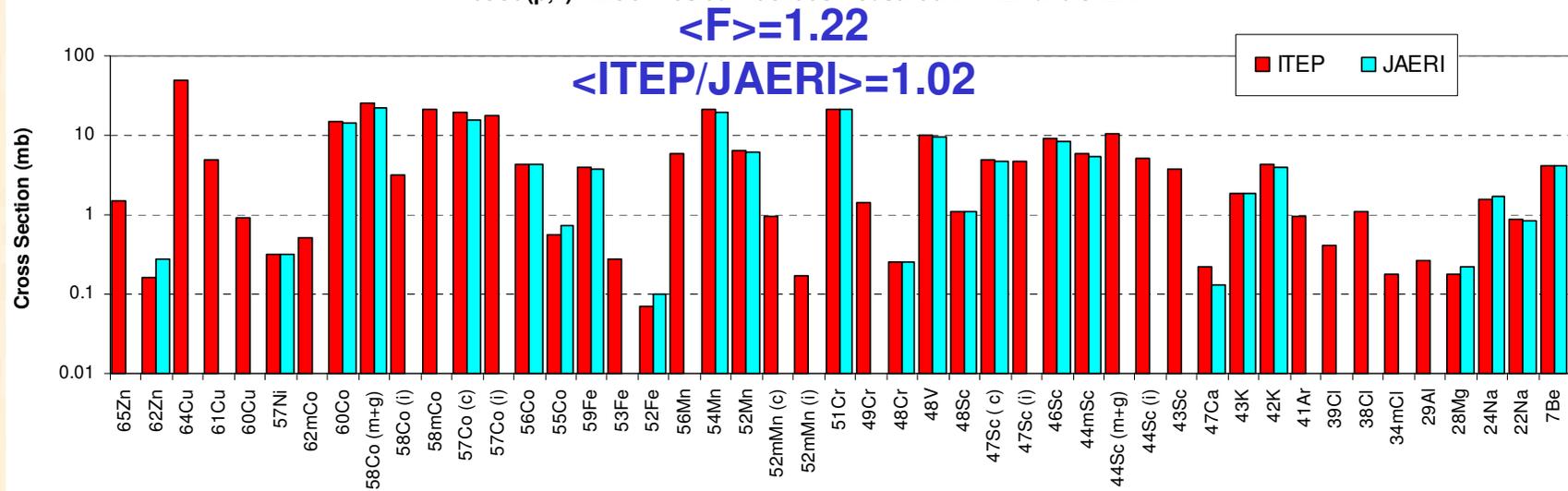
- ITEP and JAERI intercalibration on ^{63}Cu and ^{65}Cu irradiated with 1.2 GeV protons;
- ITEP / GSI comparison for the residual nuclide yields in ^{56}Fe irradiated with 0.3, 0.5, 0.75, 1.0, 1.5 GeV protons (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al., PRC 75 (2007) 044603);
- ITEP / GSI / ZSR comparison ^{197}Au , ^{208}Pb , and ^{238}U irradiated with 0.5, 0.8, and 1.0 GeV protons (Nucl. Phys. A686, 481 (2001), Nucl. Instr. Meth., A464, 593 (2001))

63,65Cu(p,x)-1.2GeV: ITEP vs. JAERI

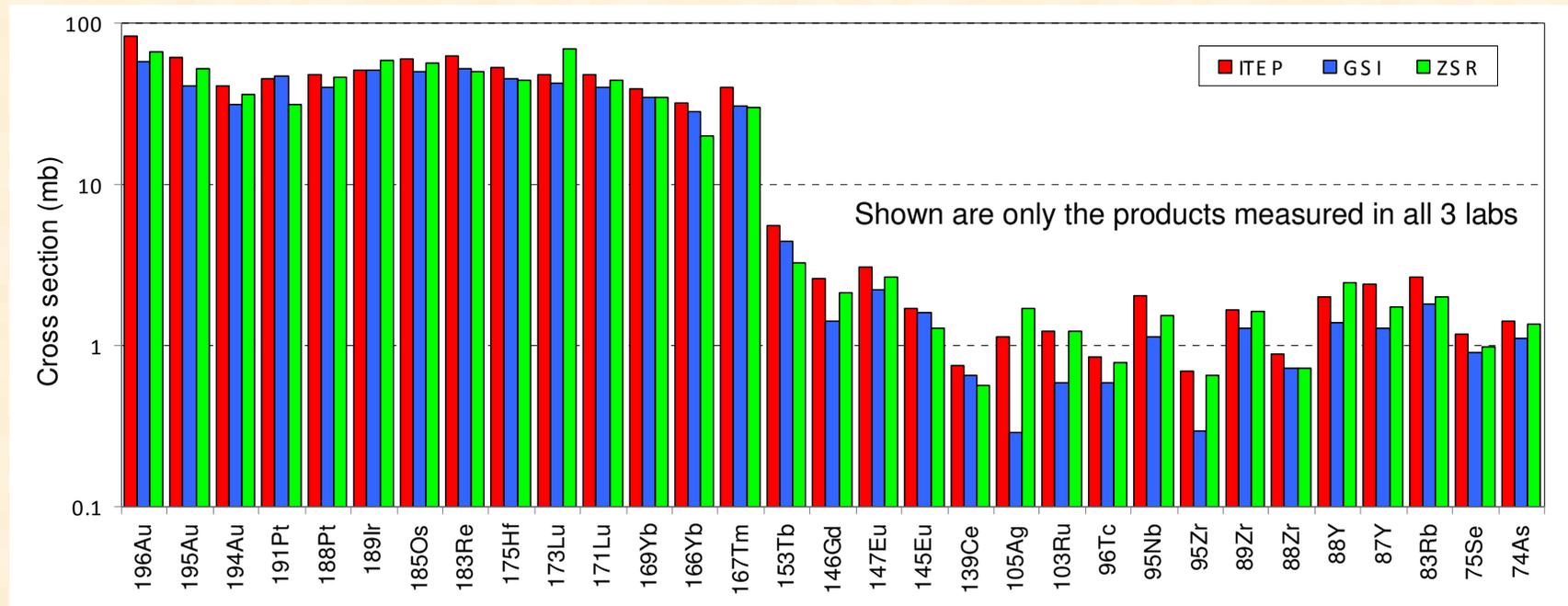
63Cu(p,x)-1.2GeV residual nuclides measured in ITEP and JAERI



65Cu(p,x)-1.2GeV residual nuclides measured in ITEP and JAERI



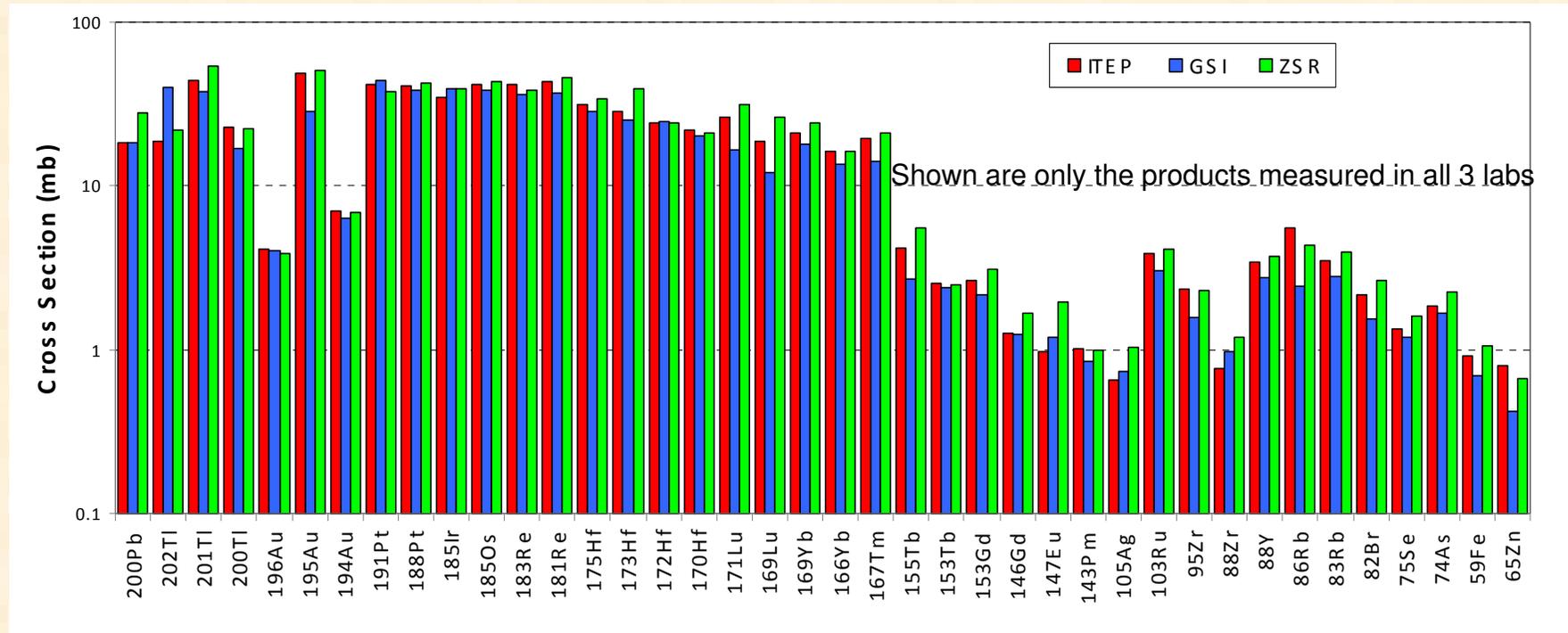
Au(p,x)-0.8GeV: ITEP; GSI; ZSR



	$\langle F \rangle$	$\langle \sigma_{1,i} / \sigma_{2,i} \rangle$
ITEP/GSI	1.54	1.45
GSI/ZSR	1.56	0.88
ITEP/ZSR	1.28	1.17

GSI < ZSR < ITEP

$^{208}\text{Pb}(p,x)-1.0\text{GeV}$: ITEP; GSI; ZSR

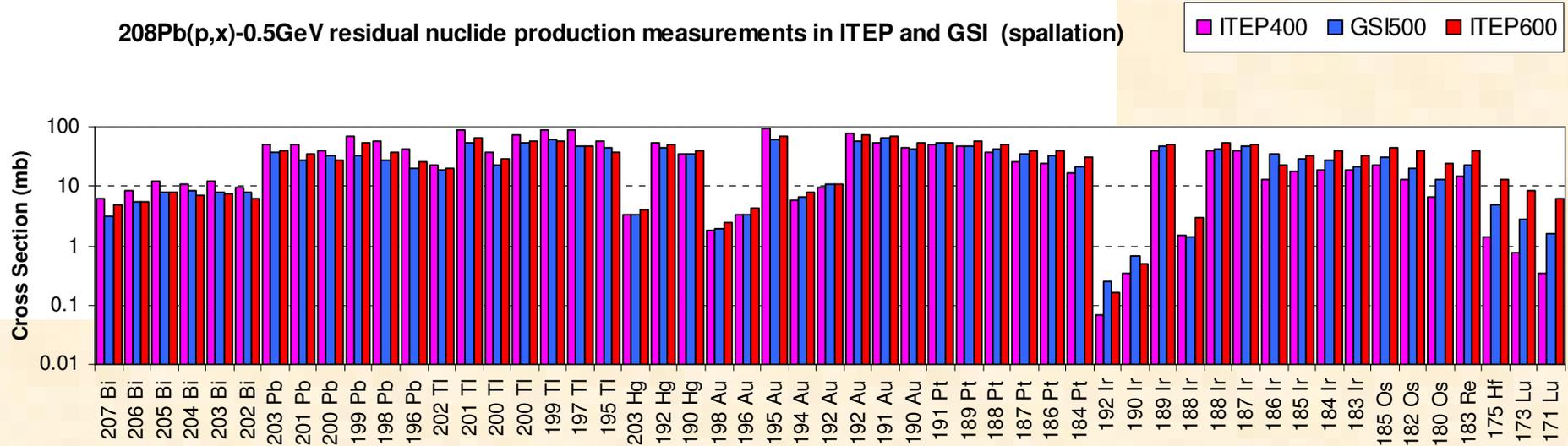


	$\langle F \rangle$	$\langle \sigma_{1,i} / \sigma_{2,i} \rangle$
ITEP/GSI	1.35	1.20
GSI/ZSR	1.45	0.79
ITEP/ZSR	1.25	0.90

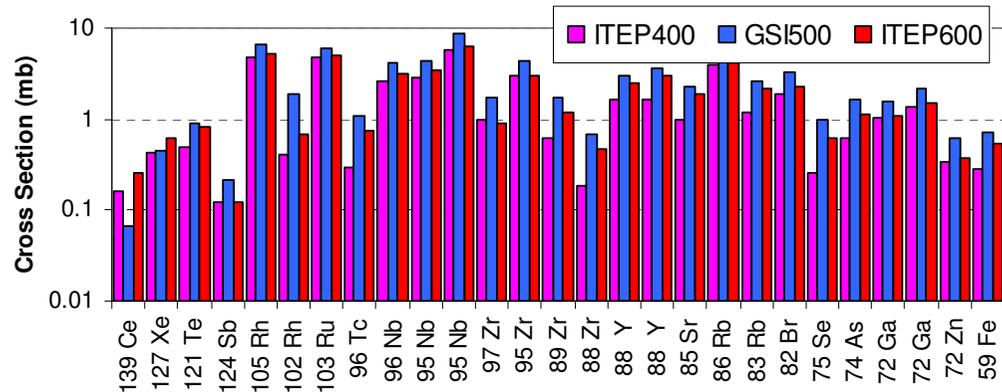
GSI < ITEP < ZSR

$^{208}\text{Pb}(p,x)-0.5\text{GeV}$: ITEP, GSI

$^{208}\text{Pb}(p,x)-0.5\text{GeV}$ residual nuclide production measurements in ITEP and GSI (spallation)



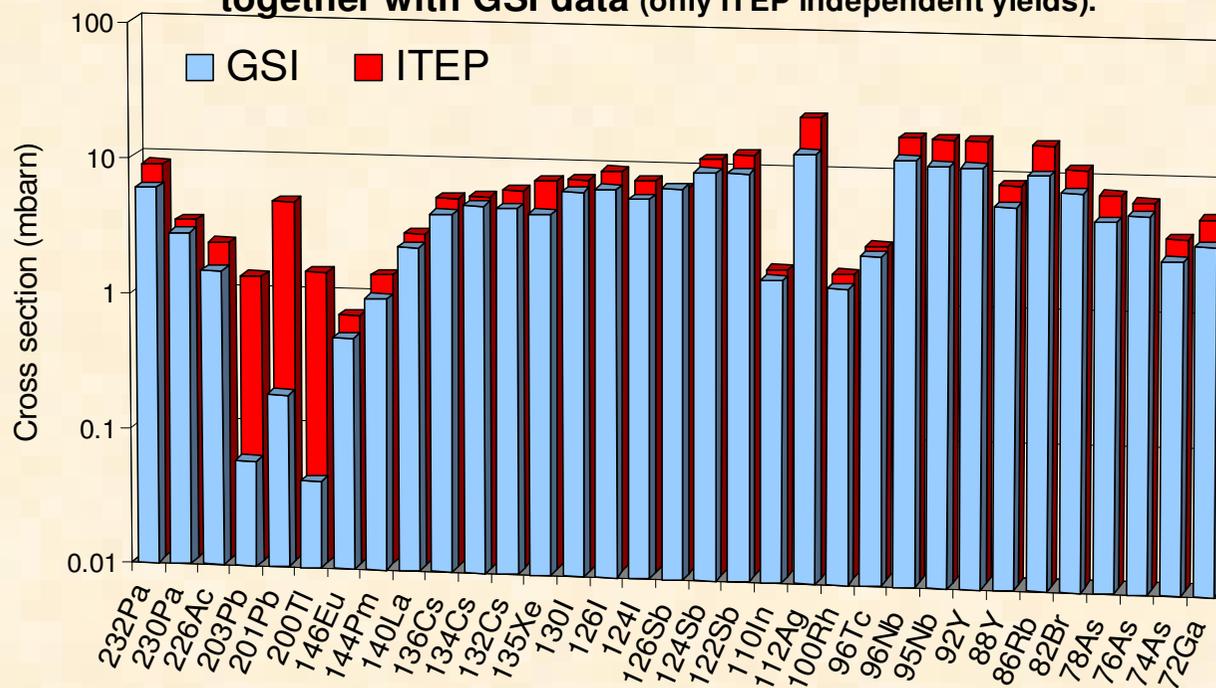
$^{208}\text{Pb}(p,x)-0.5\text{GeV}$ residual nuclide production measurements in ITEP and GSI (fission)



	<F>	<ITEP/GSI>
All products	1.51	0.98
Spallation pr.	1.32	1.12
Fission pr.	1.81	0.71

$^{238}\text{U}(p,x)-1.0\text{GeV}$: ITEP, GSI

ITEP measured nuclide yields in $^{\text{nat}}\text{U}$ irradiated with 1.0GeV protons together with GSI data (only ITEP independent yields).



	$\langle F \rangle$	$\langle \text{ITEP/GSI} \rangle$
All products – ^{203}Pb , ^{201}Pb , ^{200}Tl	1.39	1.35

Conclusion on exp-comparisons

- A large set of comparisons between ITEP, GSI and ZSR data is shown.

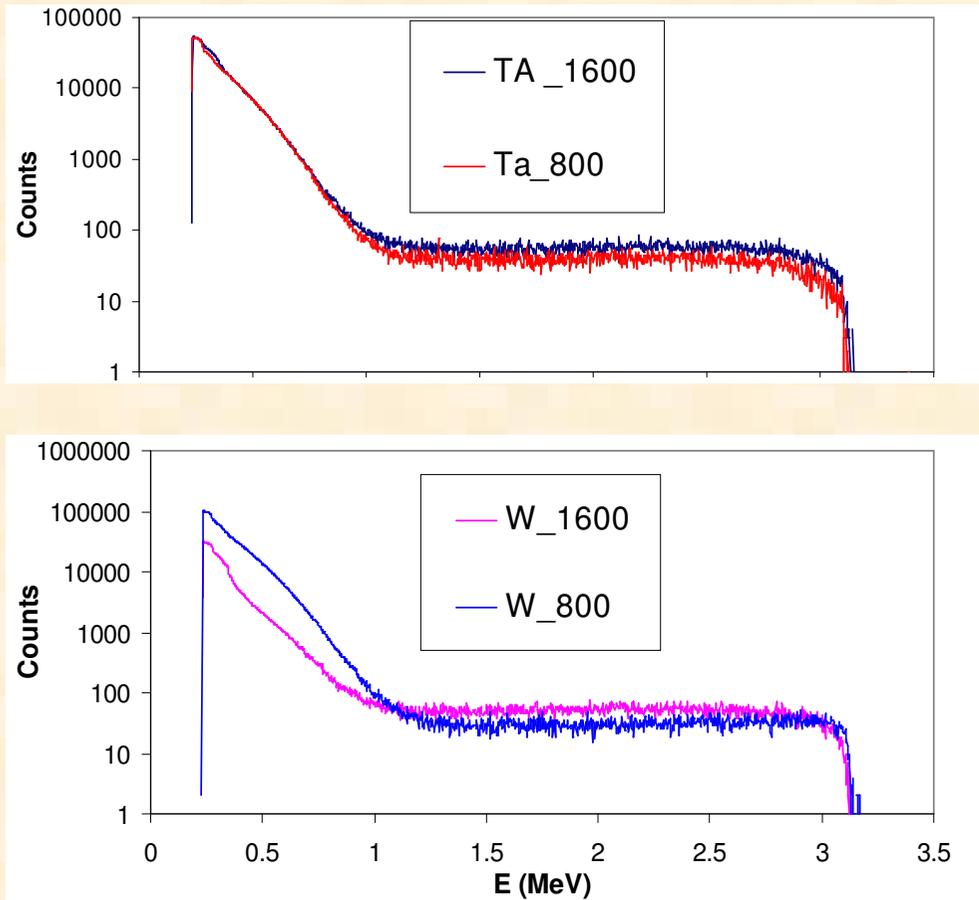
Target	Energy (GeV)	set	$\langle F \rangle$	$\langle \sigma_{1,i} / \sigma_{2,i} \rangle$
⁶³ Cu ⁶⁵ Cu	1.2GeV	ITEP/JAERI	1.11	1.03
			1.22	1.02
⁵⁶ Fe	0.3, 0.5, 0.75 1.0, 1.5	ITEP/GSI	1.36	
¹⁹⁷ Au	0.8GeV	ITEP/GSI	1.54	1.45
		GSI/ZSR	1.56	0.88
		ITEP/ZSR	1.28	1.17
²⁰⁸ Pb	0.5GeV		1.51 – all products	0.98 – all products
		ITEP/GSI	1.32 – spallation pr.	1.12 – spallation pr.
			1.81 – fission pr.	0.71 – fission pr.
	1.0GeV	ITEP/GSI	1.35	1.20
GSI/ZSR		1.45	0.79	
	ITEP/ZSR	1.25	0.90	
²³⁸ U	1.0GeV	ITEP/GSI	1.39	1.35

- $\langle F \rangle$ varies from ~1.1 to ~1.5:
 - ITEP/JAERI – 1.1-1.2
 - ITEP/ZSR – 1.2-1.3
 - ITEP/GSI – 1.4-1.5
 - ZSR/GSI – 1.5

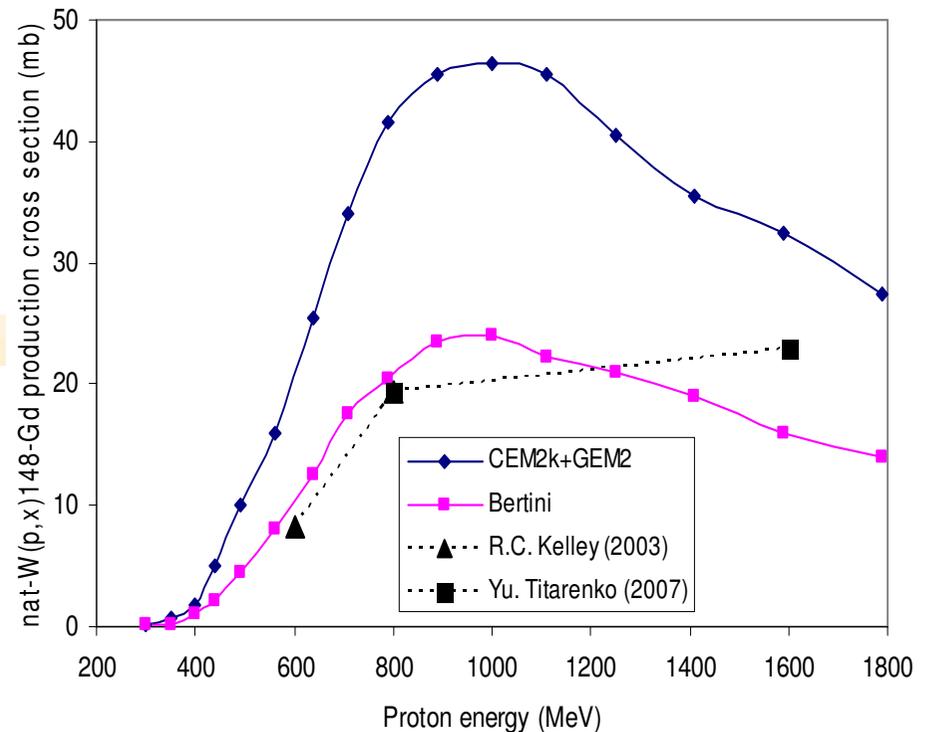
The data from the same type of experimental methods agree better than from the different

- 1) Inverse kinematics data (GSI) data are valuable for theory modifications
- 2) Gamma-spectroscopy (ITEP,ZSR) data are valuable for testing codes for applications

α -active ^{148}Gd measurements in Ta, W(p,x) reactions

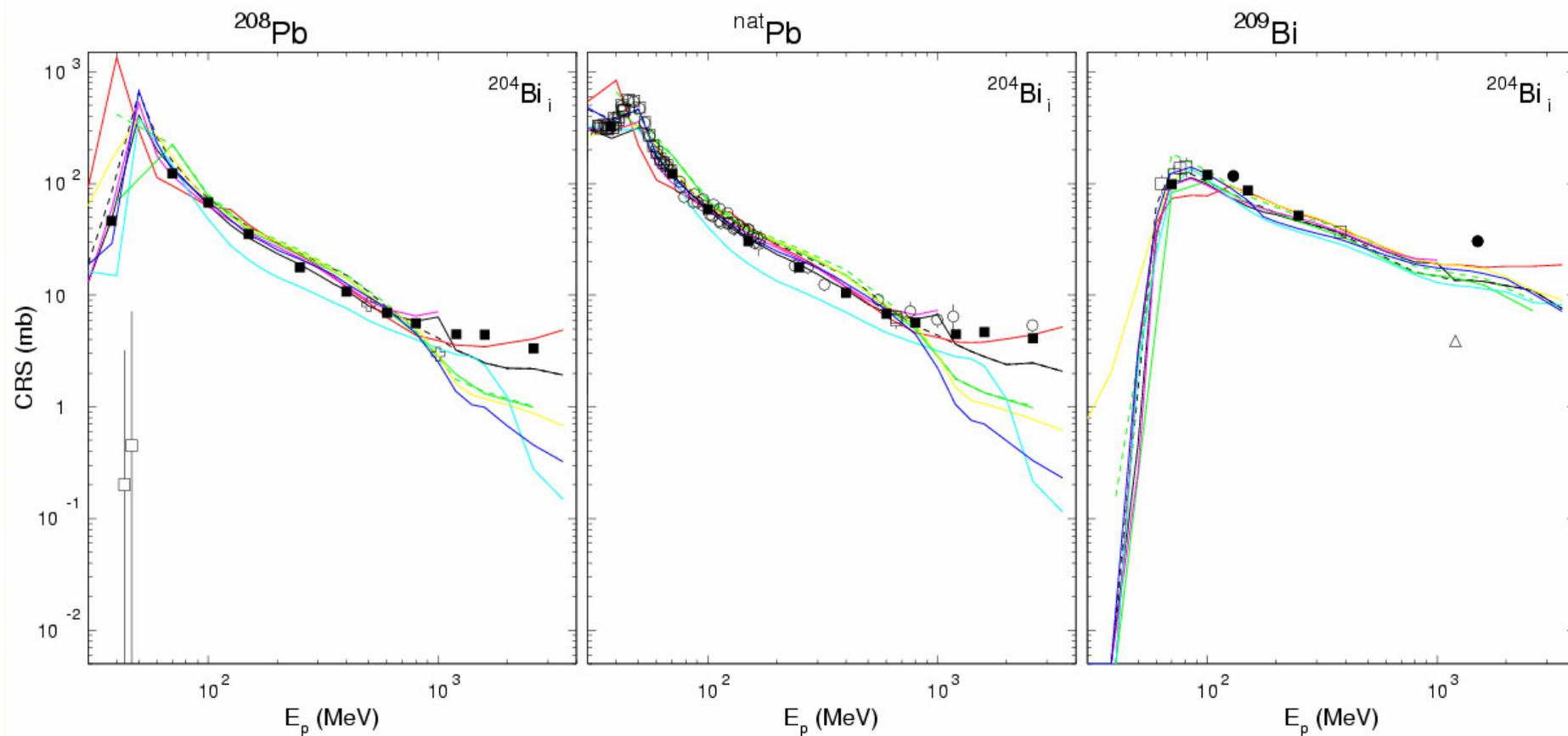


α - + β -spectra from irradiated Ta and W with
800 and 1600 MeV protons



Excitation functions of ^{148}Gd production in
W(p,x) measured and predicted via
CEM2k+GEM2 and MCNPX(Bertini) codes.

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Spallation products (1)



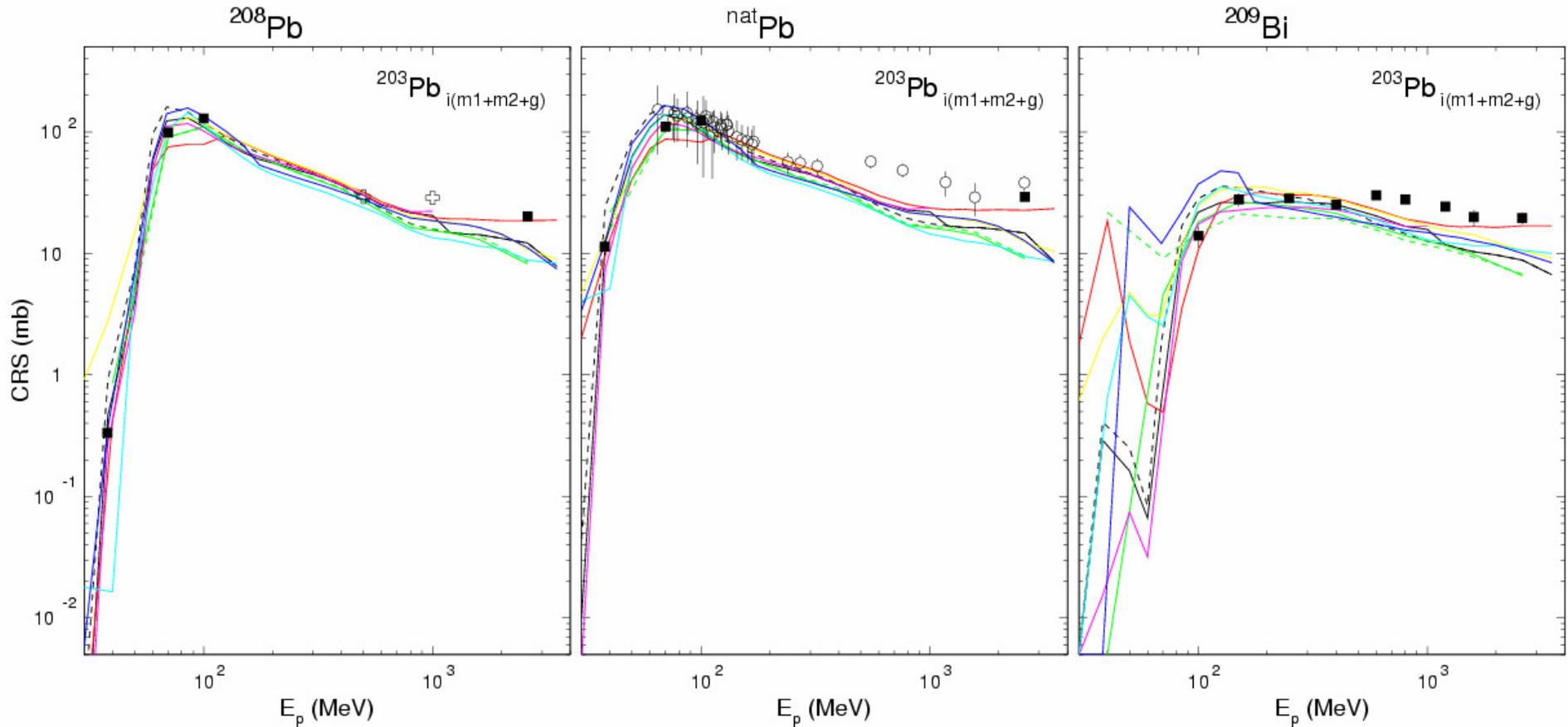
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and ^{209}Bi (p,x) excitation functions Spallation products (2)



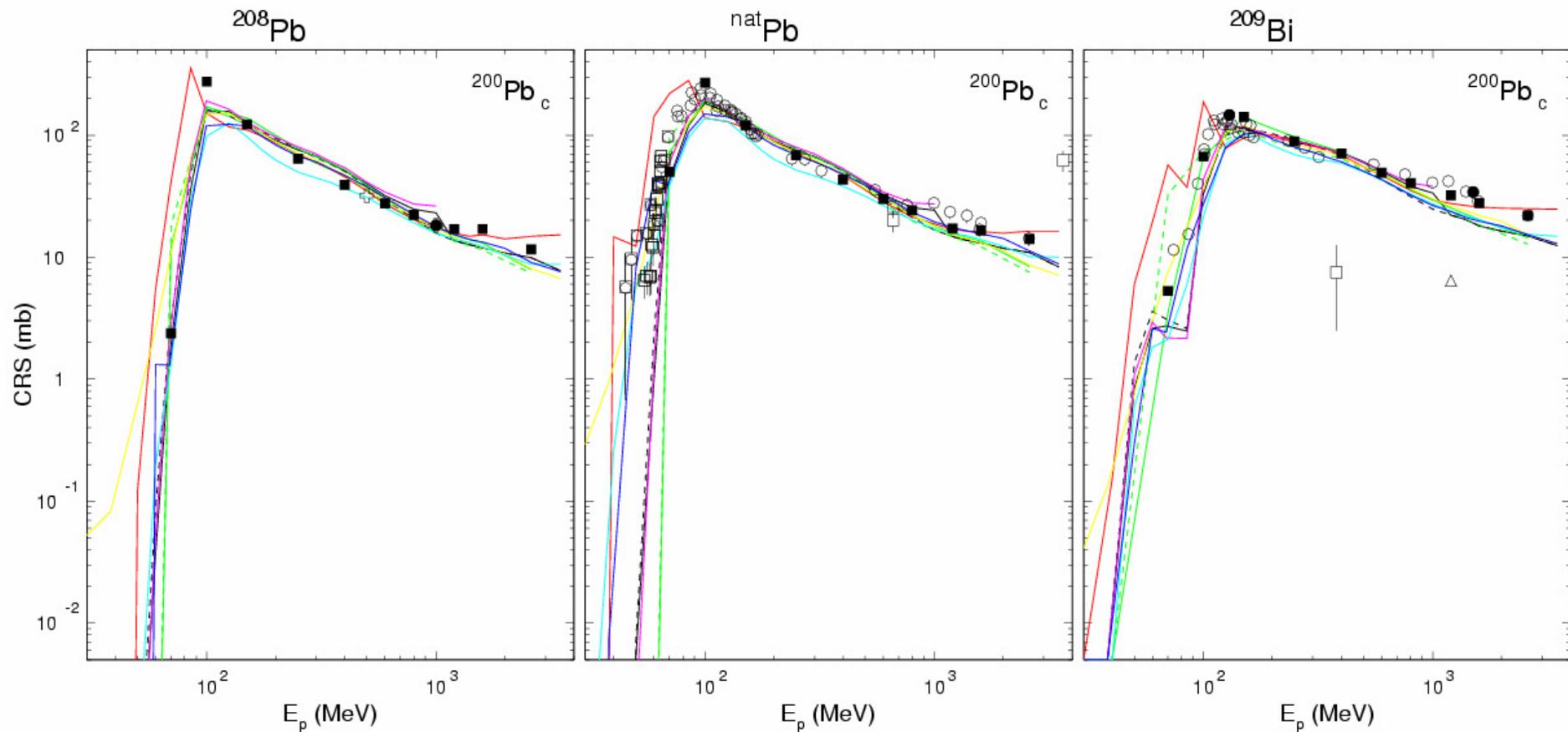
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LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

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^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (3)



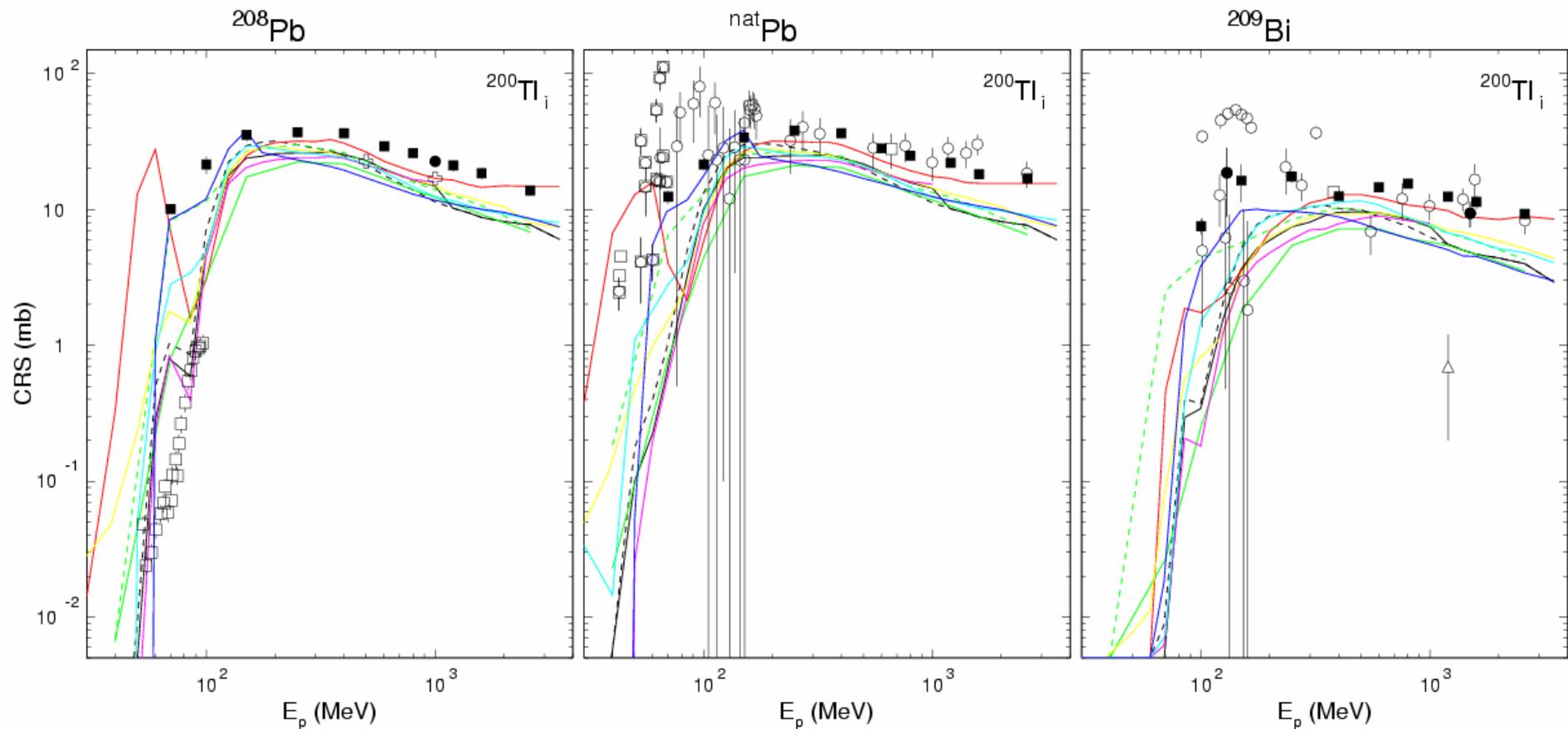
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^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (4)



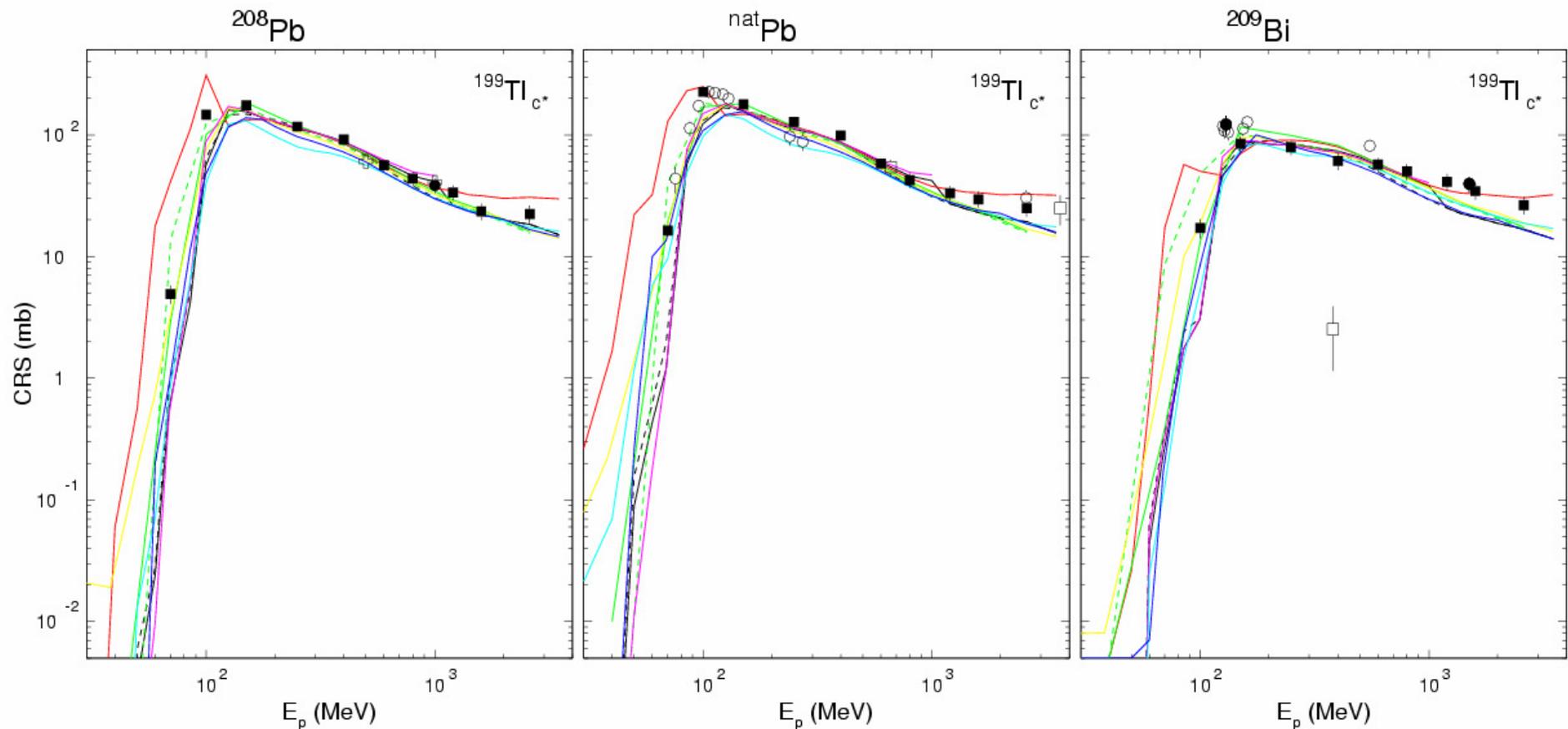
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^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (5)



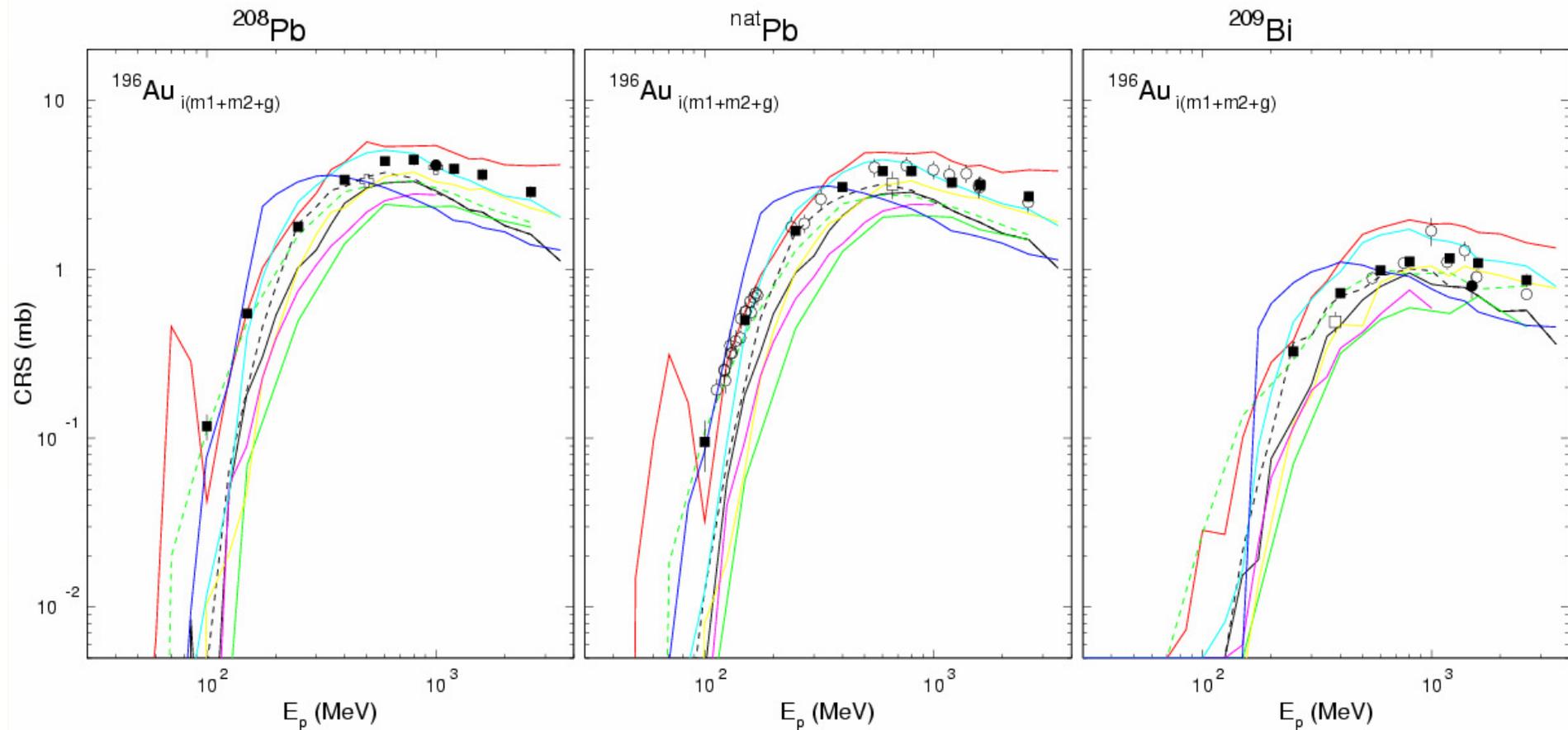
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LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (6)



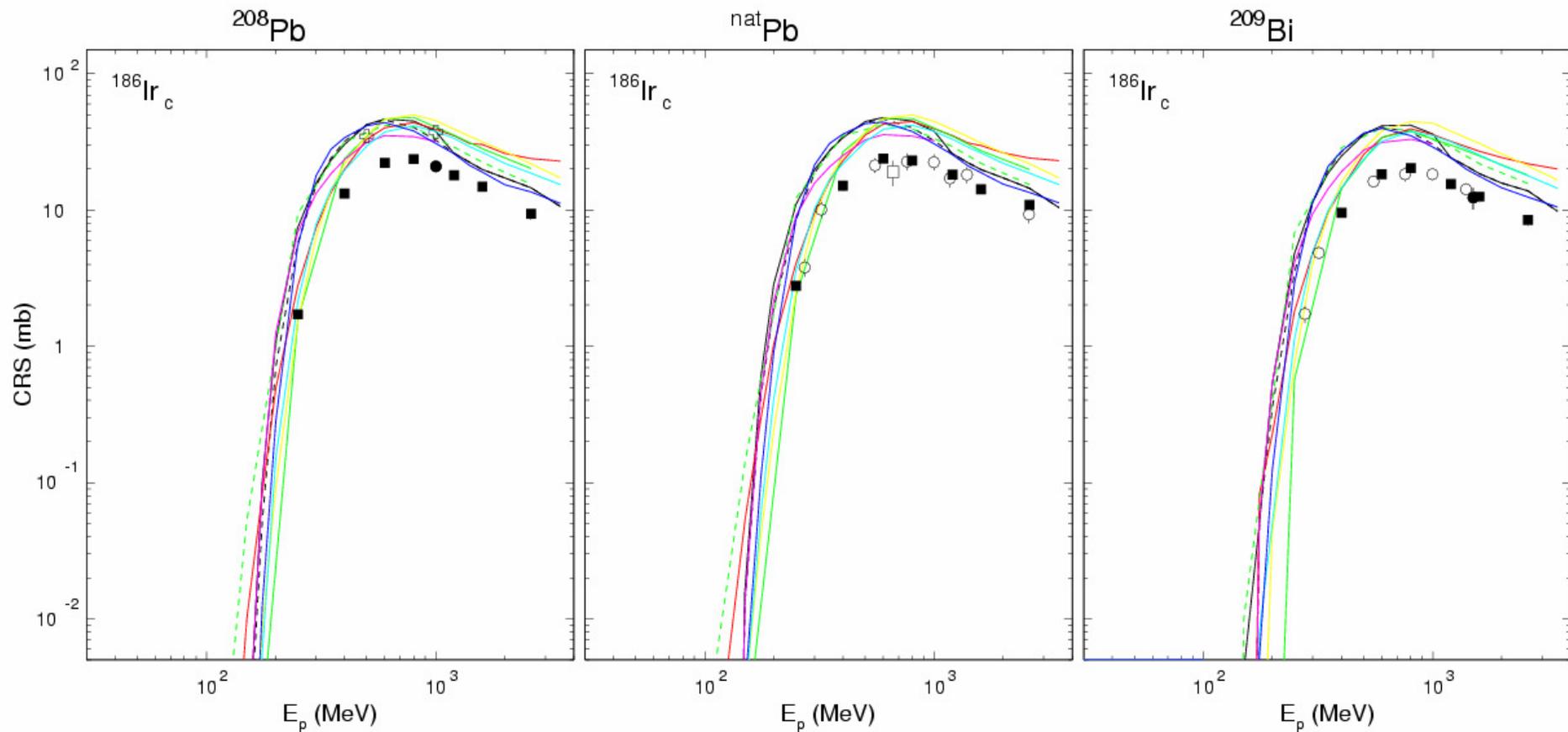
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, □ - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (7)



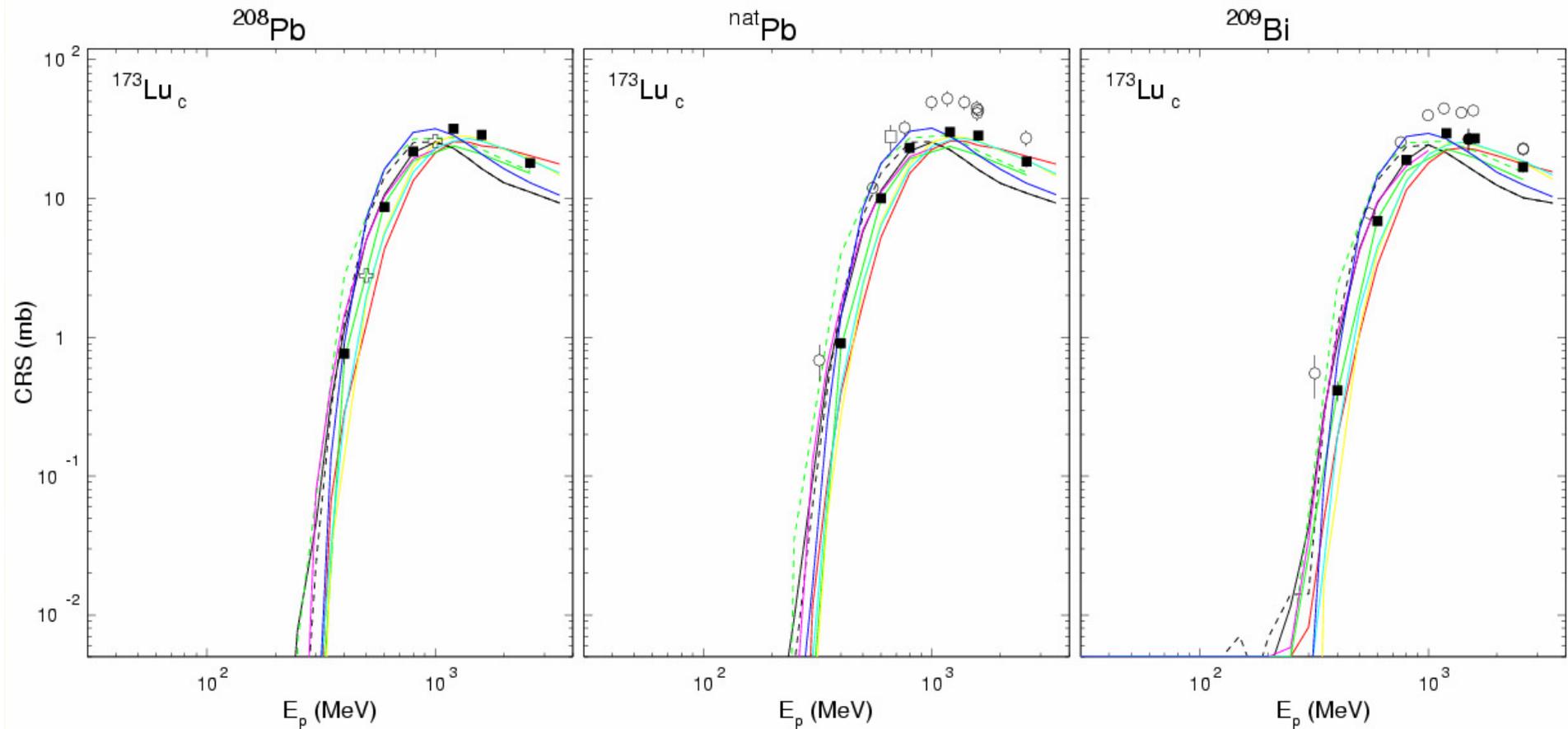
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (9)



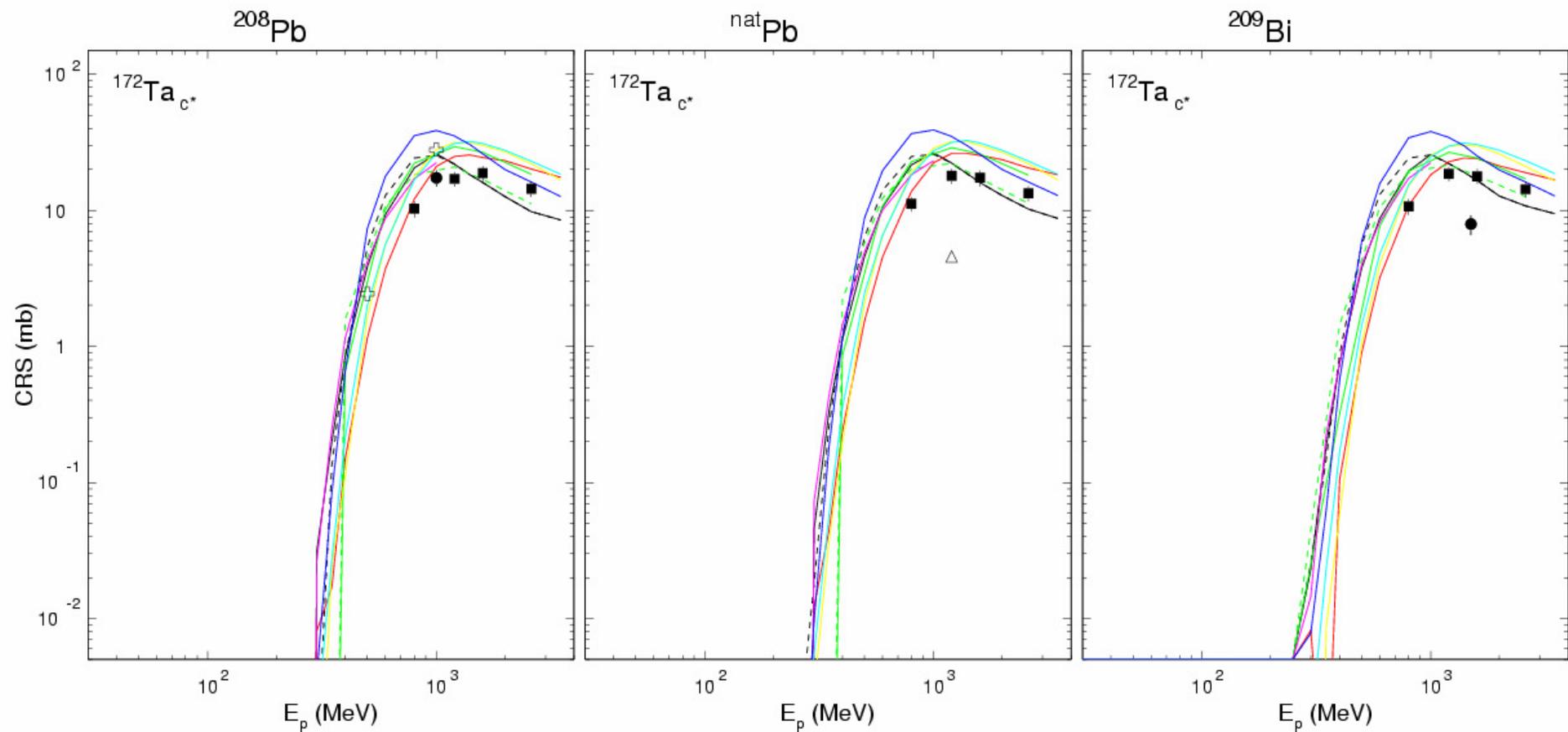
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions Spallation products (8)



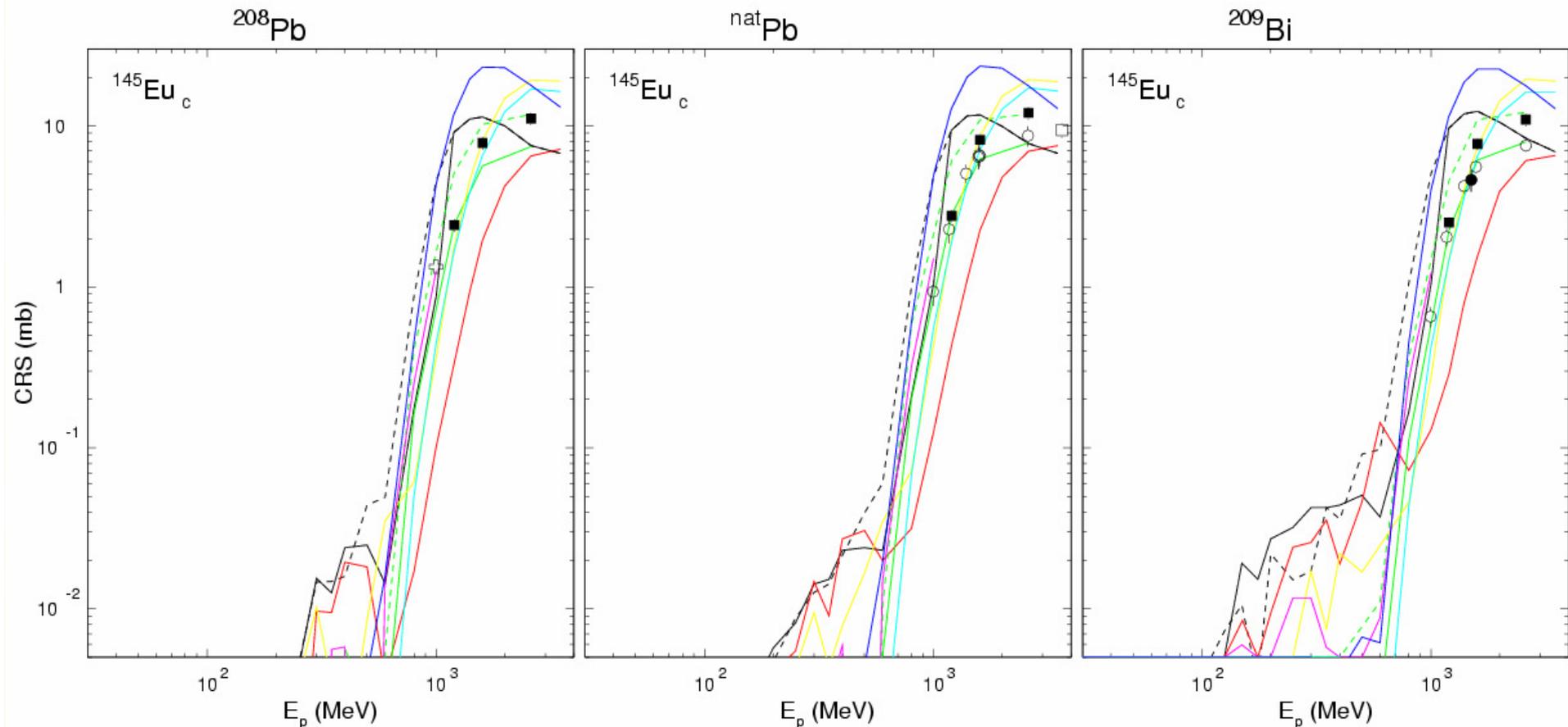
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Spallation+Fission products (1)



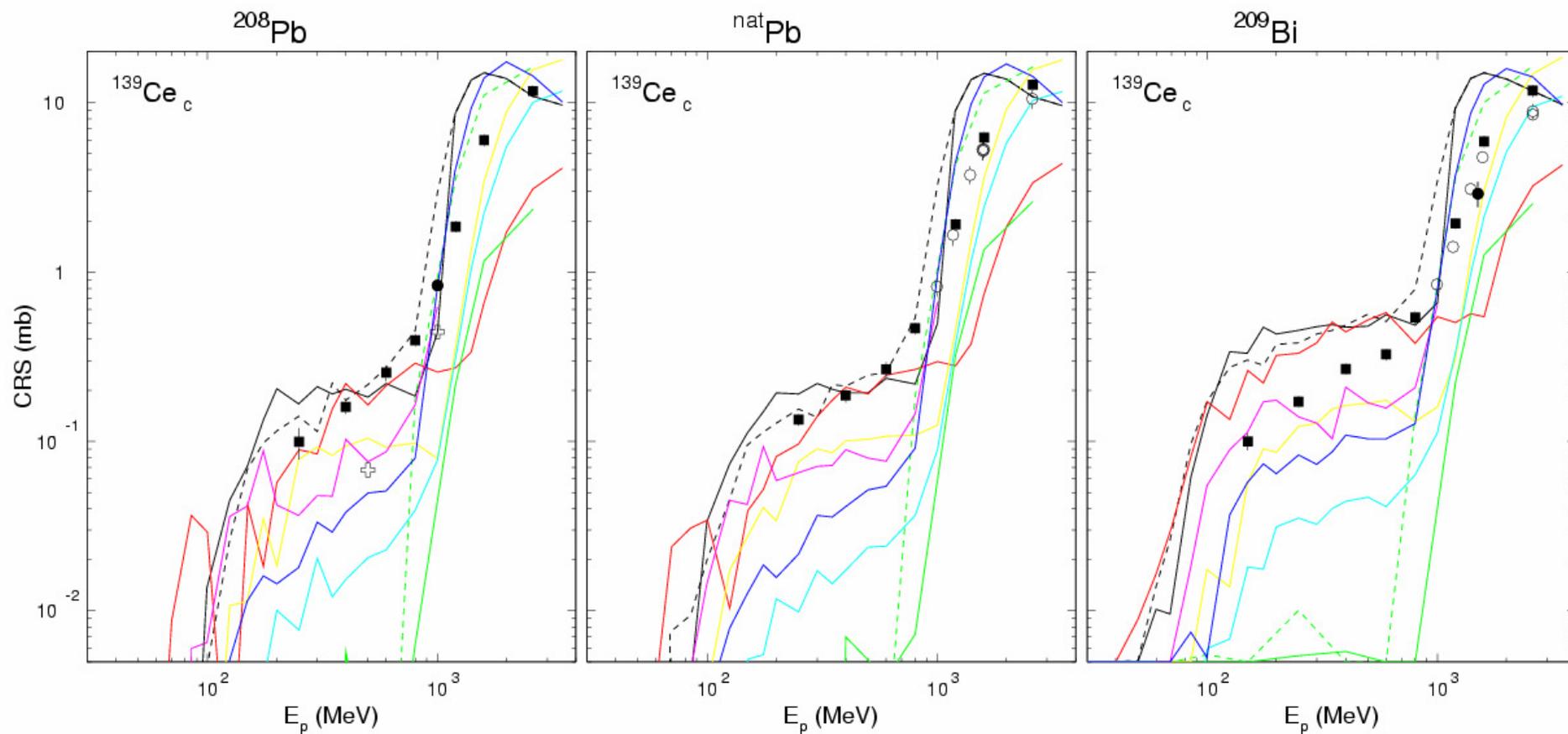
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, ⊕ - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Spallation+Fission products (2)



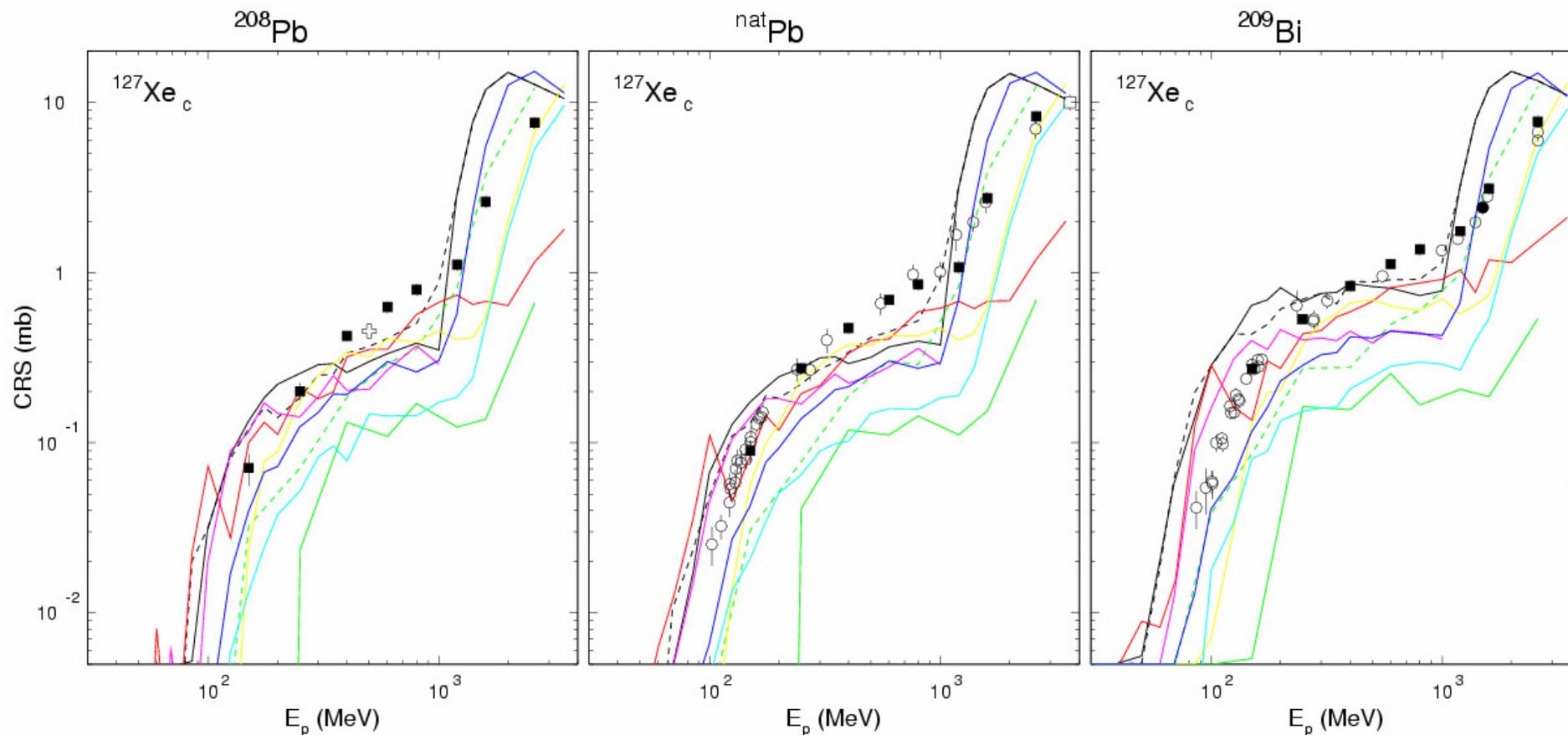
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Spallation+Fission products (3)



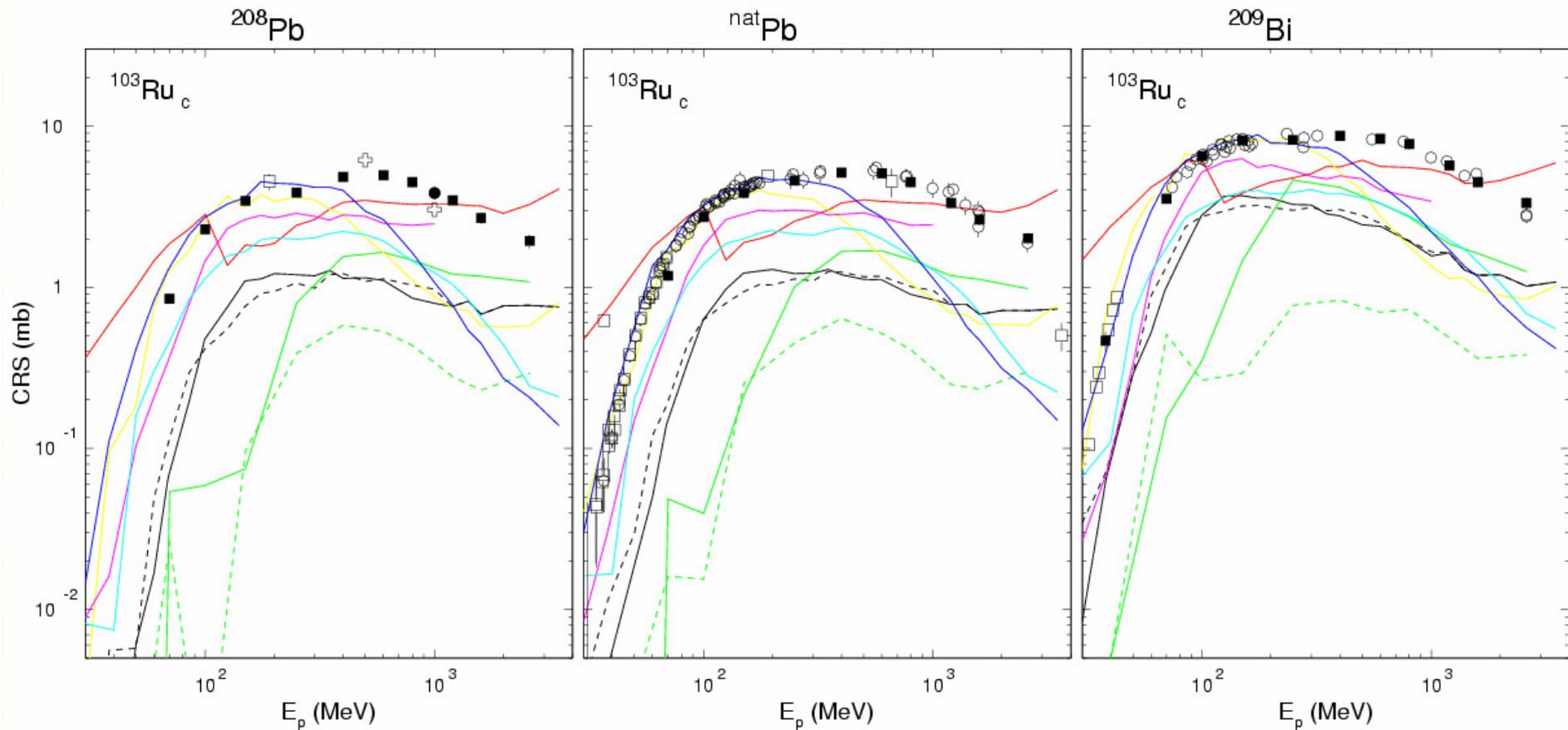
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission products (1)



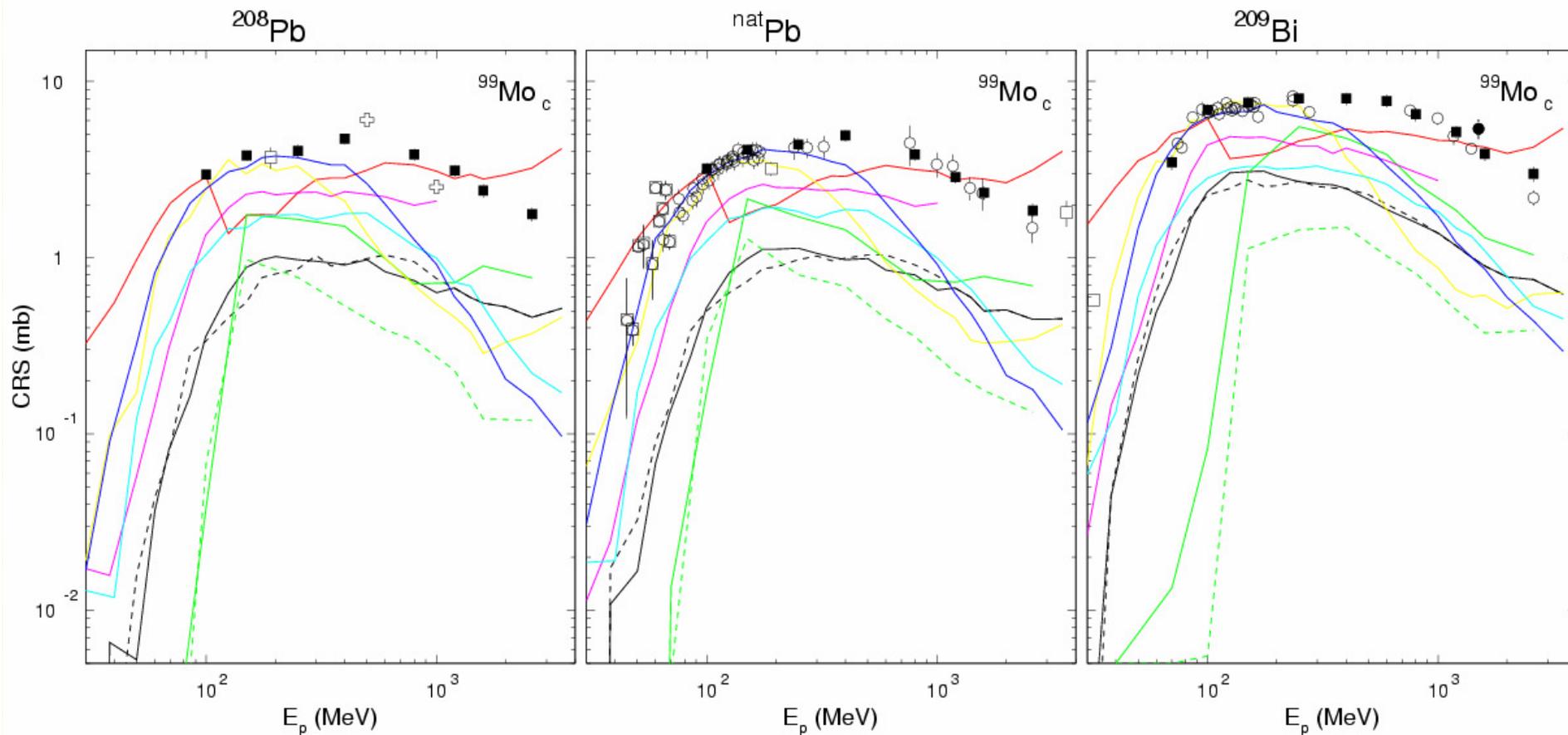
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission products (2)



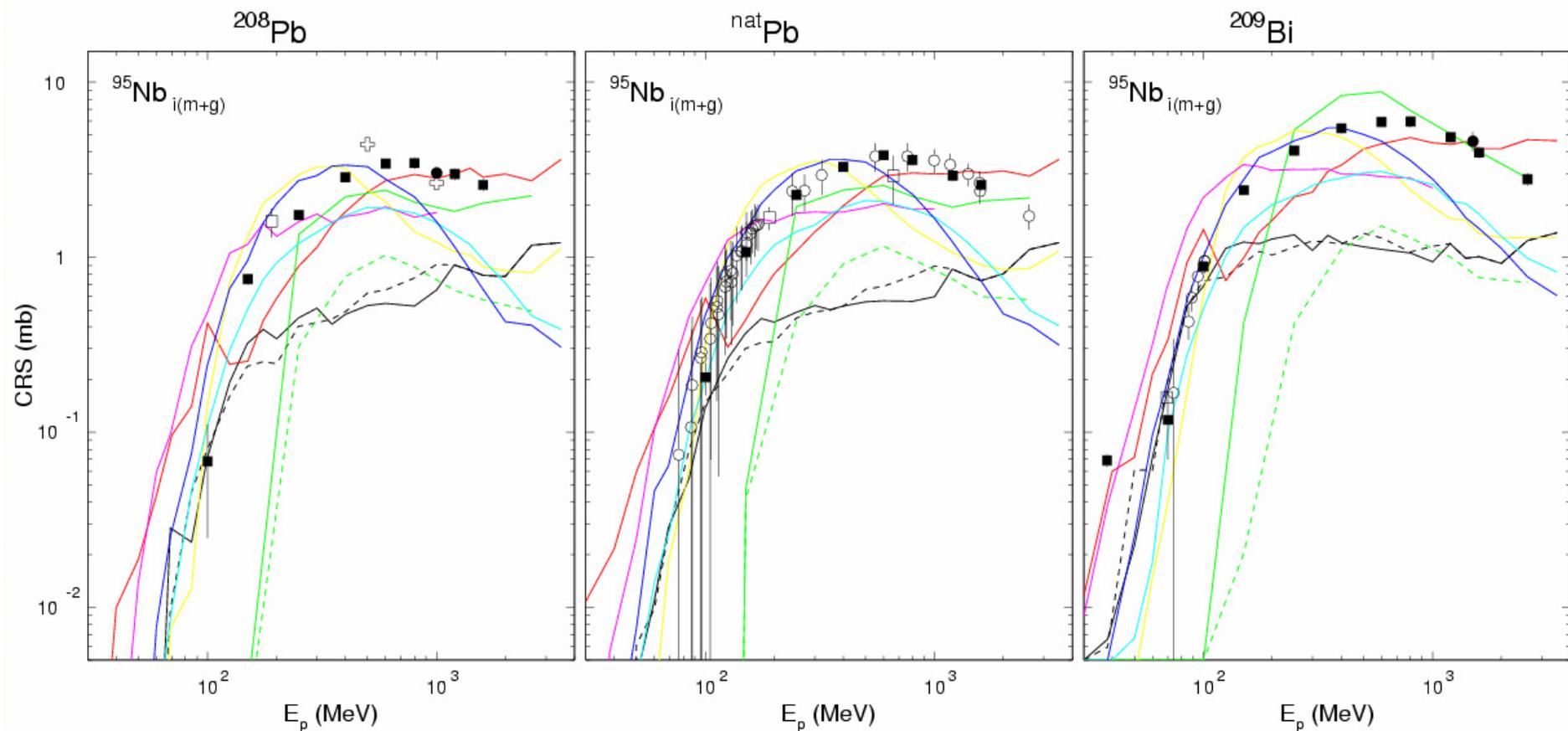
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission products (3)



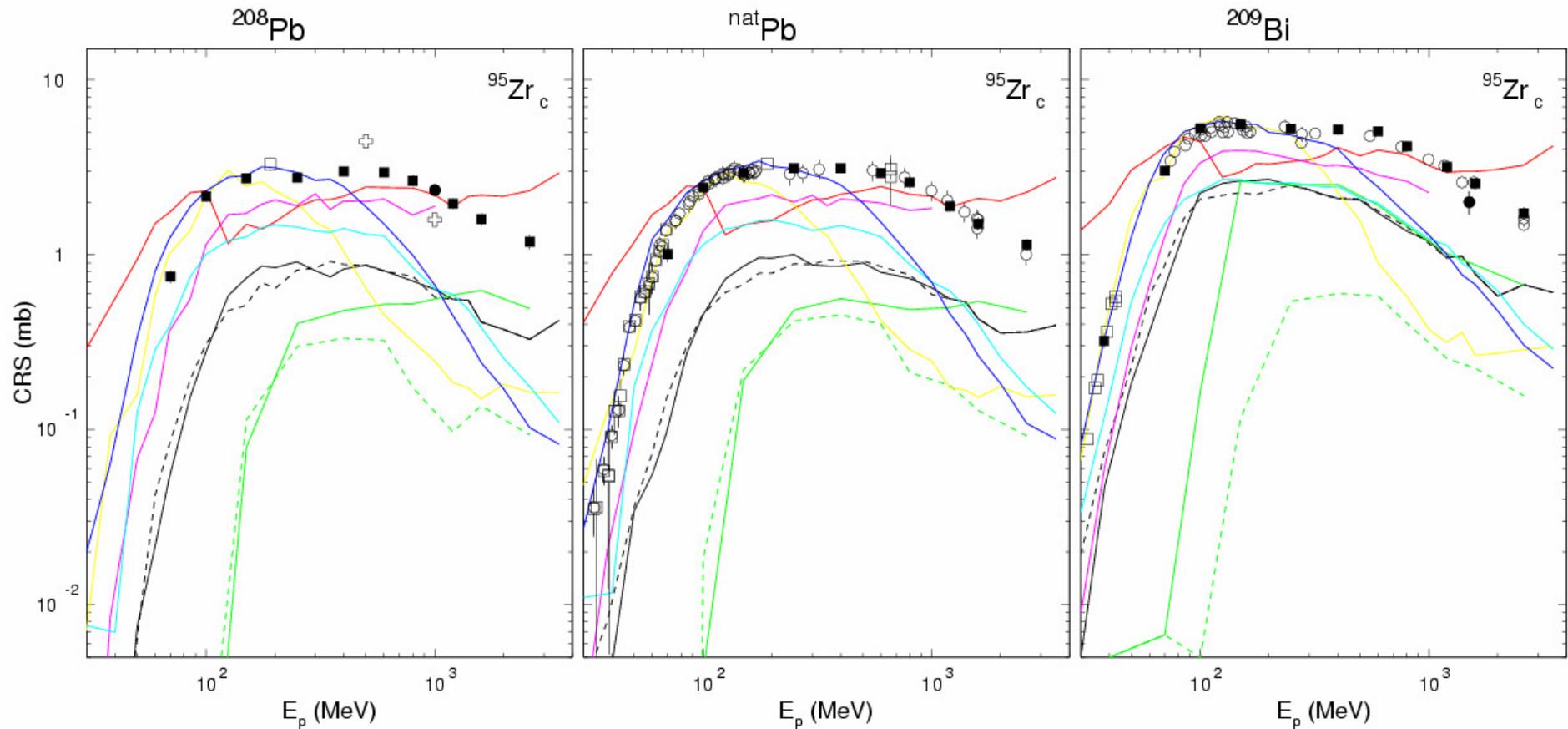
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission products (4)



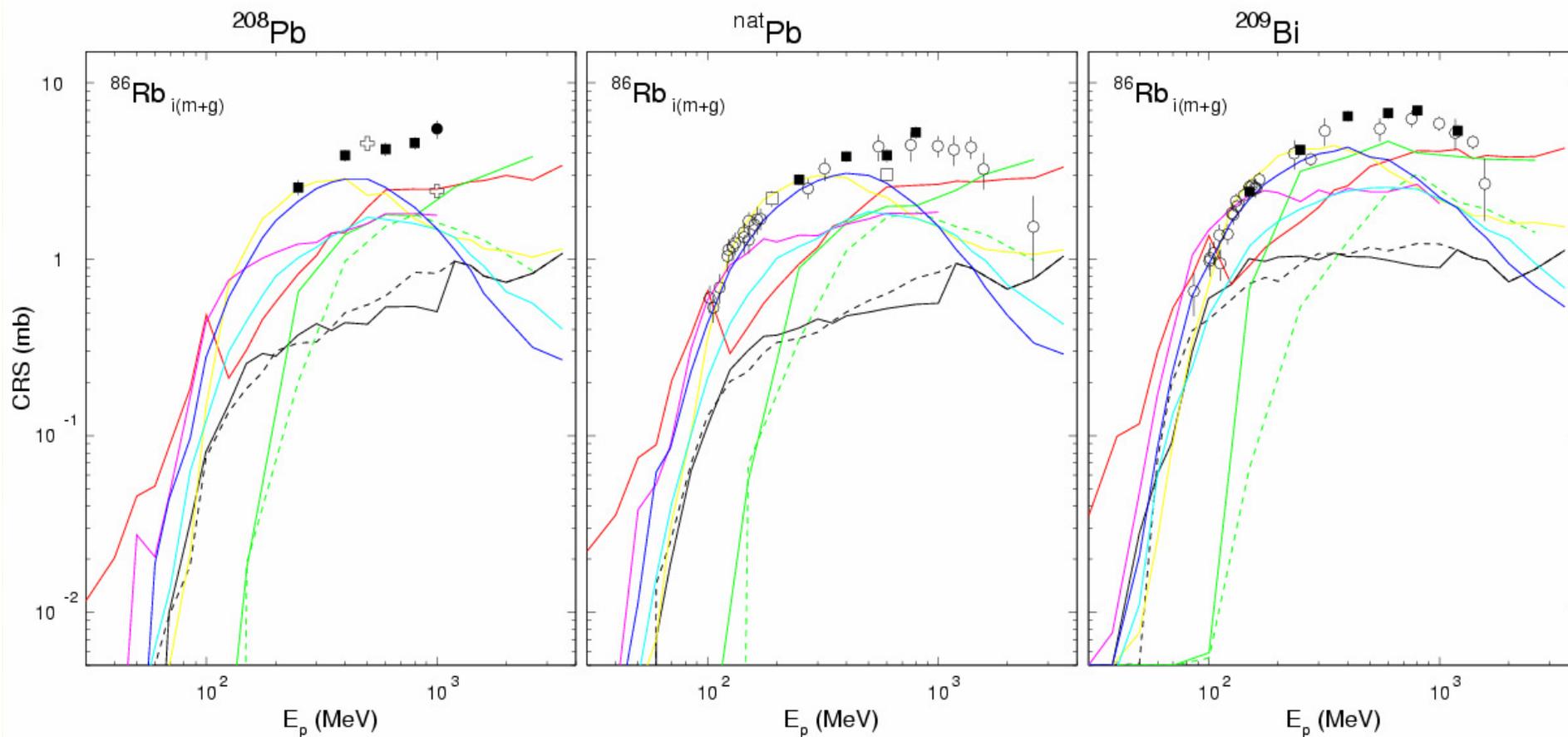
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission products (5)



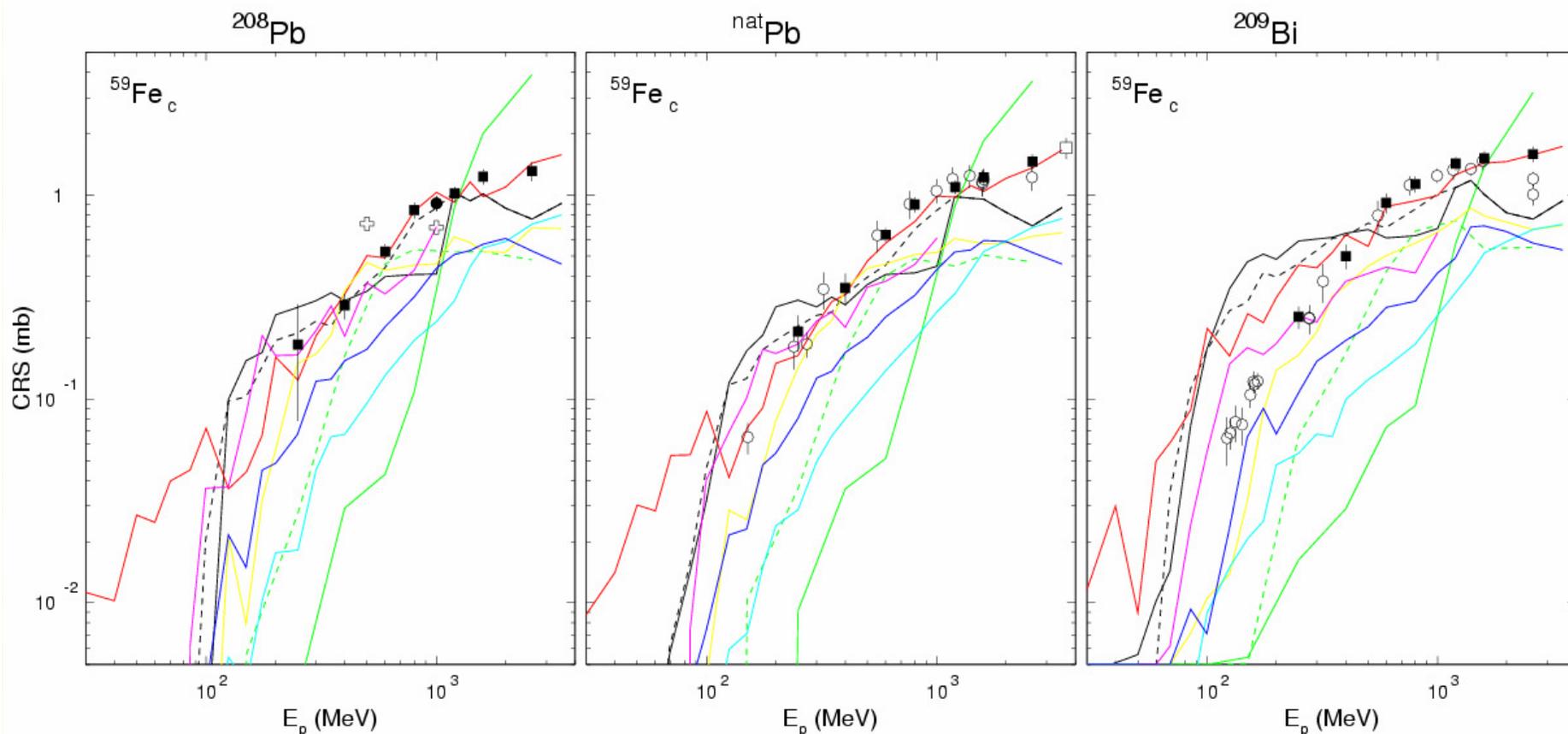
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fission+Fragmentation products



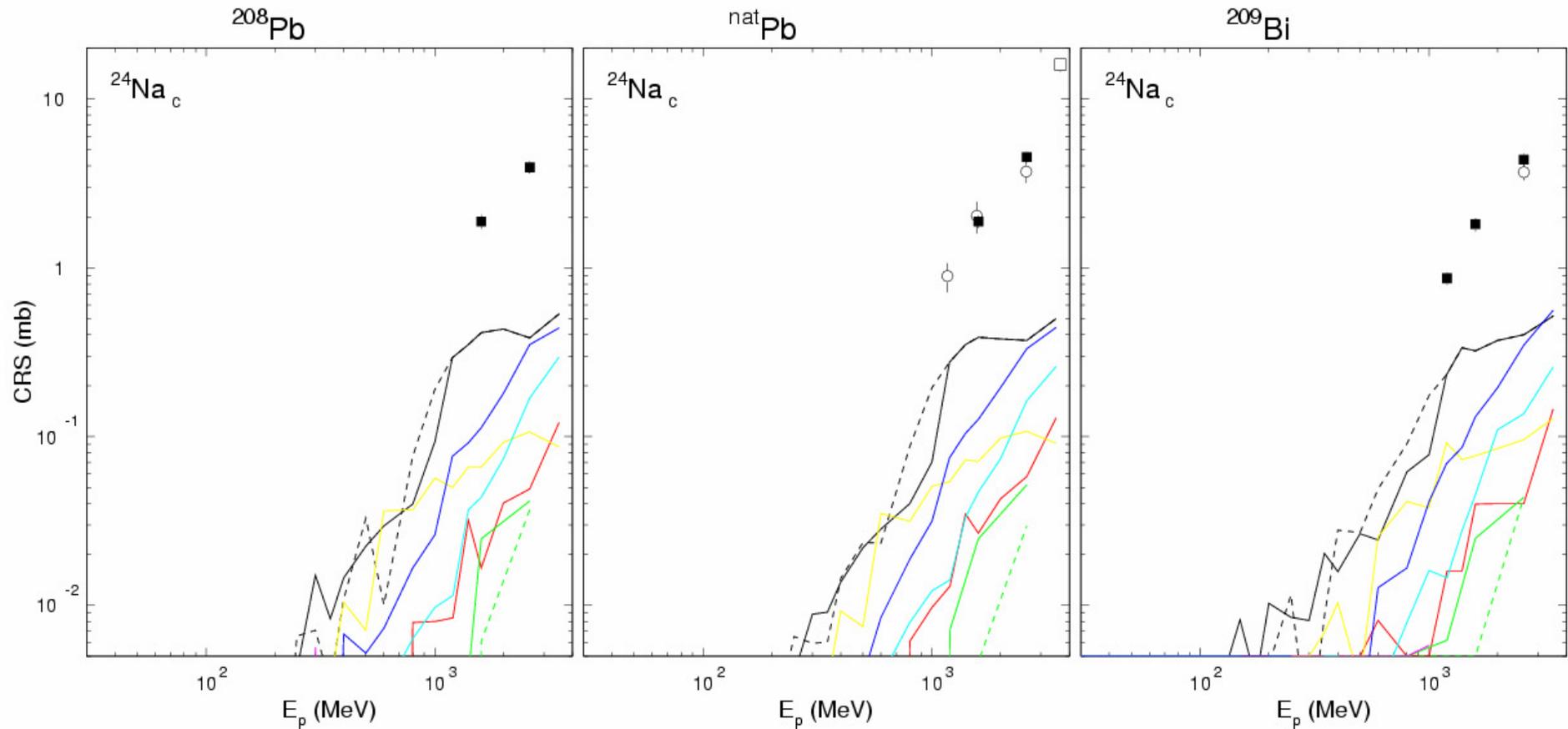
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, ⊕ - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fragmentation products (1)



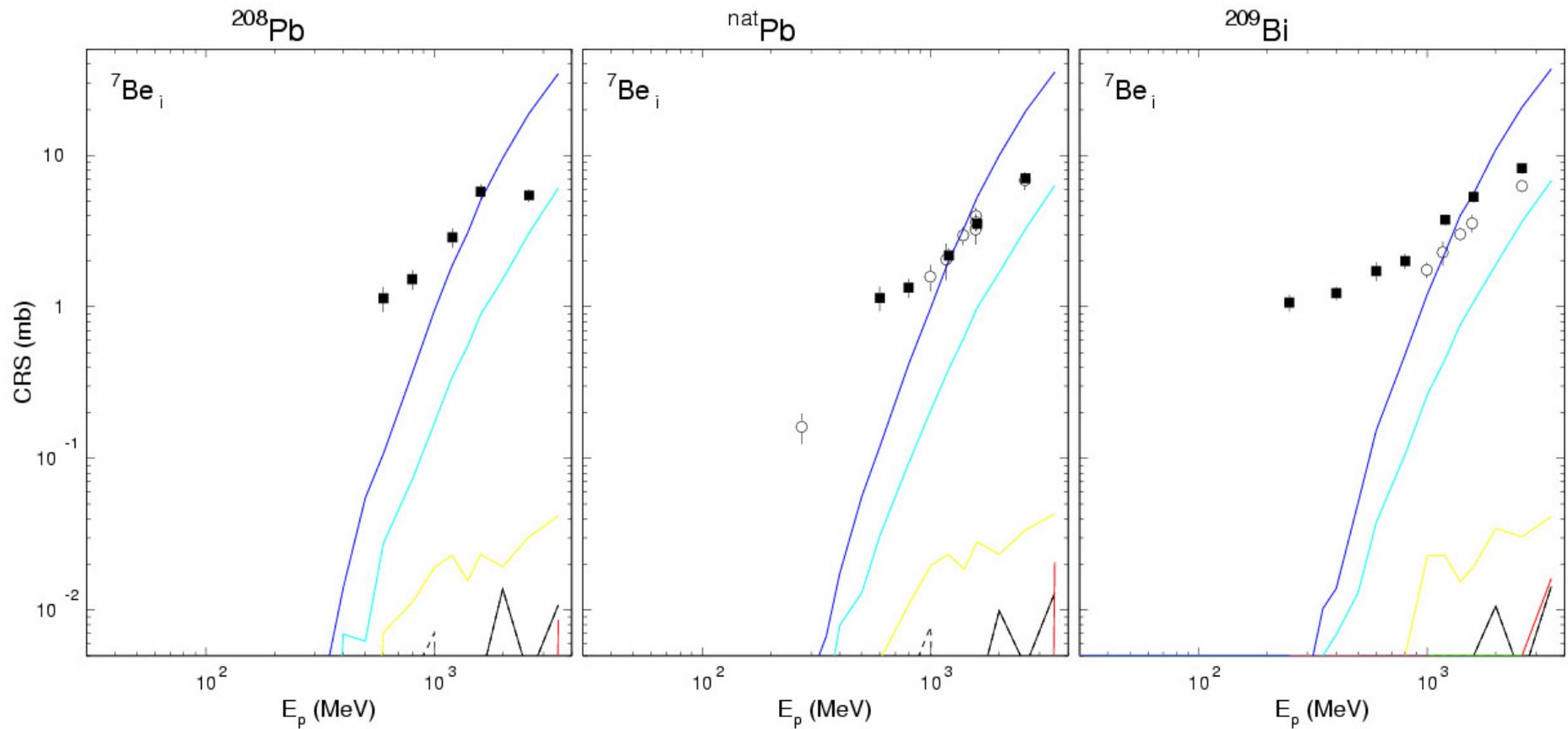
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, ⊕ - GSI, □ - others

^{208}Pb -, $^{\text{nat}}\text{Pb}$ -, and $^{209}\text{Bi}(p,x)$ excitation functions: Fragmentation products (2)



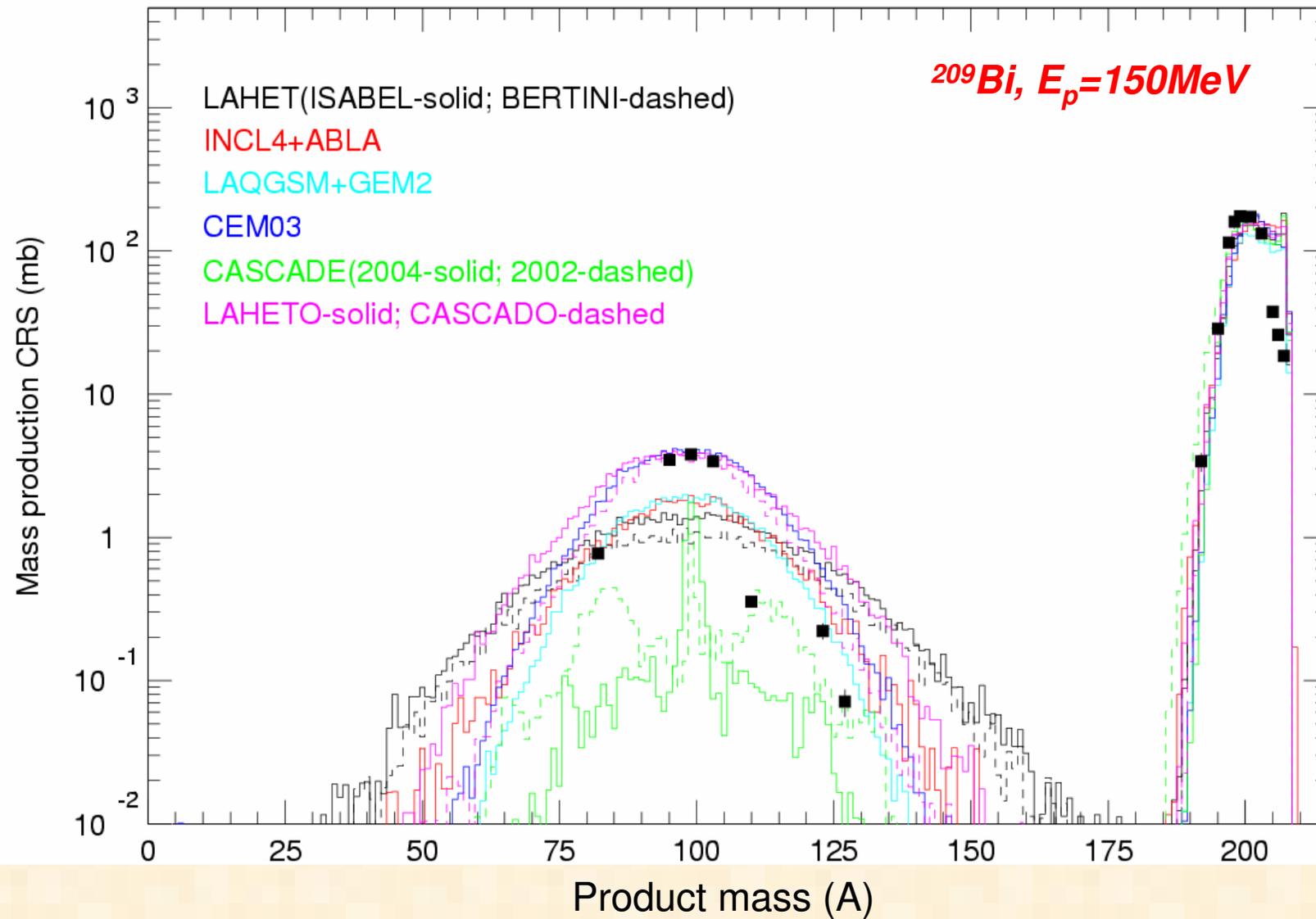
LAHET(ISABEL-solid; BERTINI-dashed) CEM03

INCL4+ABLA CASCADE(2004-solid; 2002-dashed)

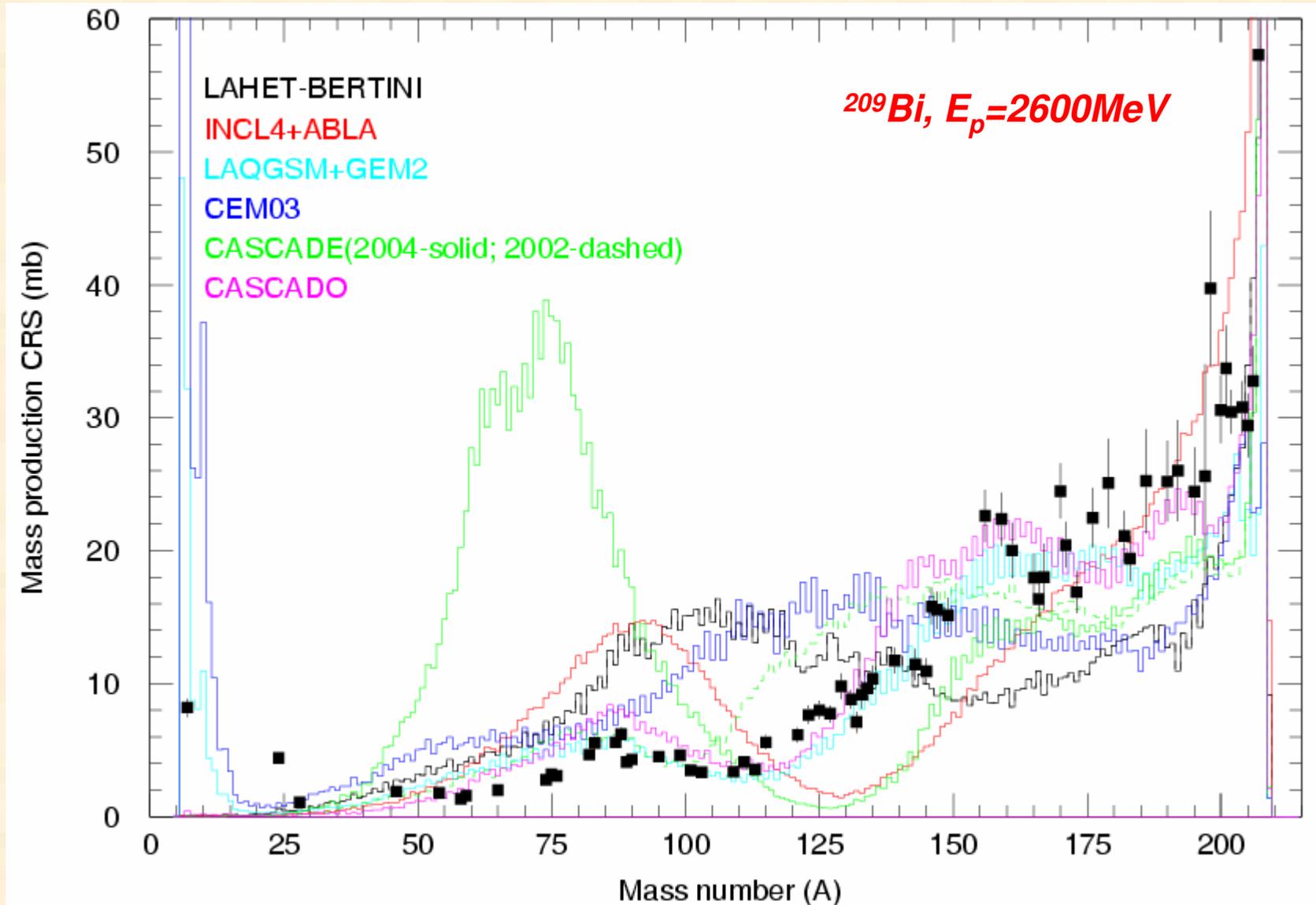
LAQGSM+GEM2 LAHETO CASCADO

■ - ITEP, ○ - ZSR, + - GSI, □ - others

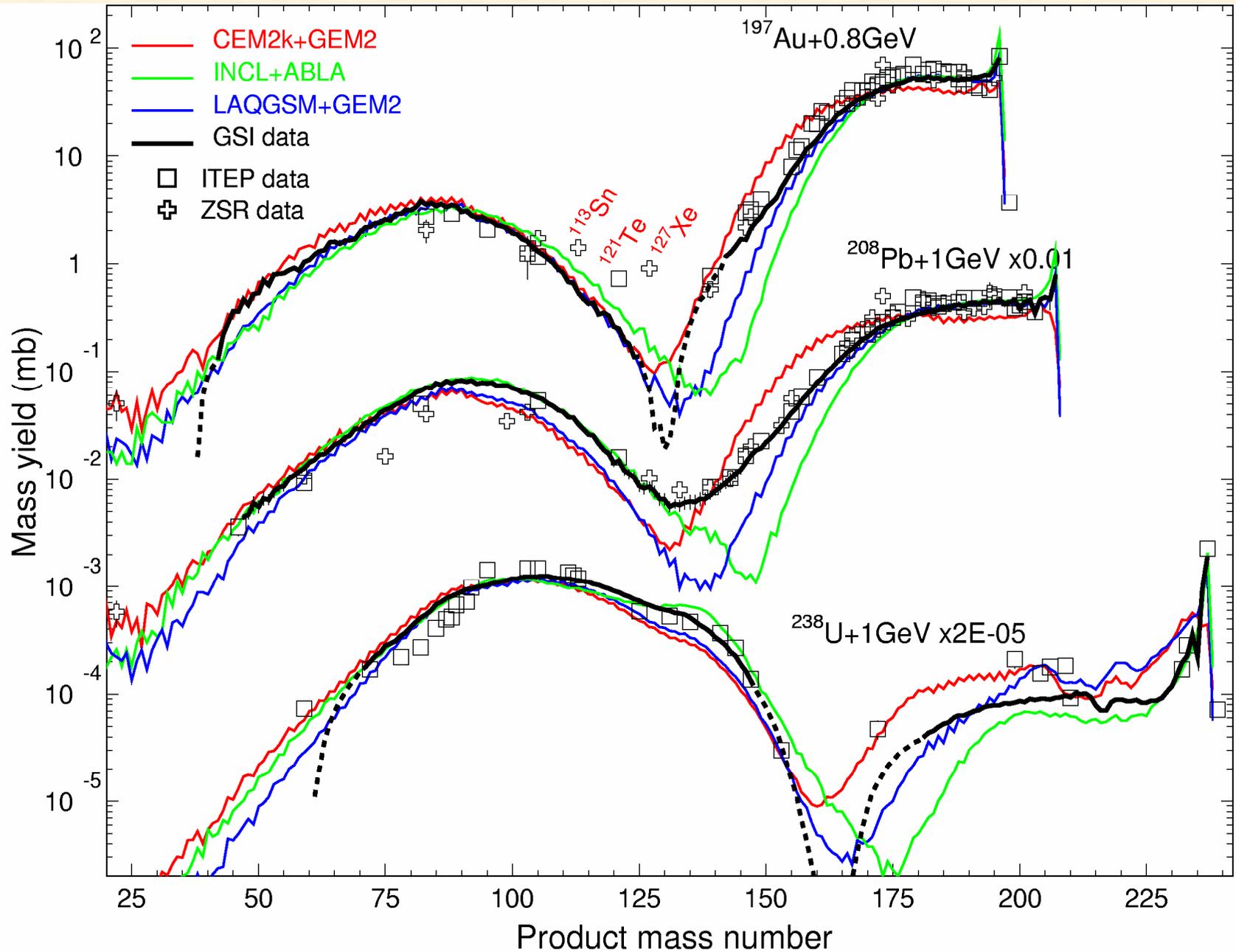
Mass production at low energy (150MeV)



Mass production at high energy (2600MeV)



Product mass distributions (GSI, ITEP, ZSR)



The simulation codes prediction power

Mean squared deviation factor $\langle F \rangle$

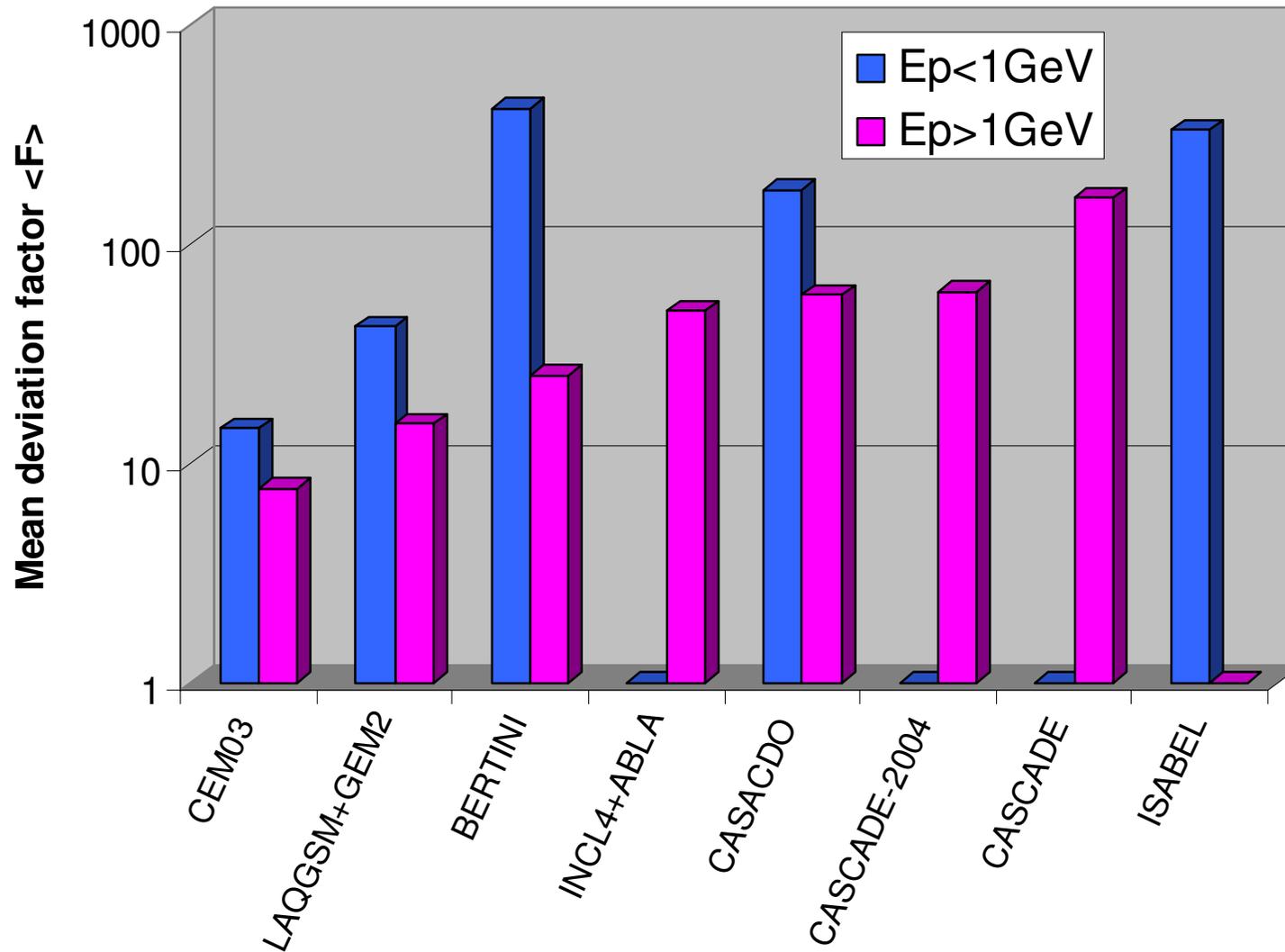
$$\langle F \rangle = 10^{\sqrt{A}},$$

$$A = \langle (\lg(\sigma_{cal,i} / \sigma_{exp,i}))^2 \rangle$$

Table 44: Mean squared deviation factors $\langle F \rangle$ separately for different energy groups and ranges of products ($A > 30$) and for all comparisons as well.

Code	Product mass (A)			Proton energy (E_p , GeV)			Total
	A > 170	140 < A < 170	30 < A < 140	$E_p < 0.1$	$0.1 < E_p < 1.0$	$E_p > 1.0$	
ISABEL	1.81	1.81	2.87	4.88	2.13	–	2.16
BERTINI	1.75	1.93	2.75	4.26	2.06	1.97	2.10
INCL4+ABLA	1.90	3.74	2.22	4.63	2.18	2.13	2.25
CASCADE	1.77	2.01	6.93	4.93	3.93	2.44	3.25
CASCADE-2004	1.93	1.47	5.54	6.54	3.23	2.42	2.94
LAQGSM+GEM2	1.98	2.32	2.71	3.03	2.35	2.09	2.26
CEM03	1.98	2.07	2.25	2.08	1.77	2.39	2.07
CASCADO	1.99	2.22	2.83	2.69	2.33	2.22	2.29
LAHETO	1.99	1.96	1.98	4.85	1.76	–	1.98

Mean squared deviation factor $\langle F \rangle$ for products from Pb's&Bi with A below 30



$^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$ [1]

INCL/MCNPX (solid) BRIEFF (dashed)

CEM03.01 (solid) CEM2k/MCNPX (dashed) CEM03.G1 (dotted) CEM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

BERTINI (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

ISABEL (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

LAQGS03.01 (solid) LAQGS03.G1 (dotted) LAQGS03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

CASCADE-2004

LAHETO

● ITEP (This work)

○ GSI (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al.)

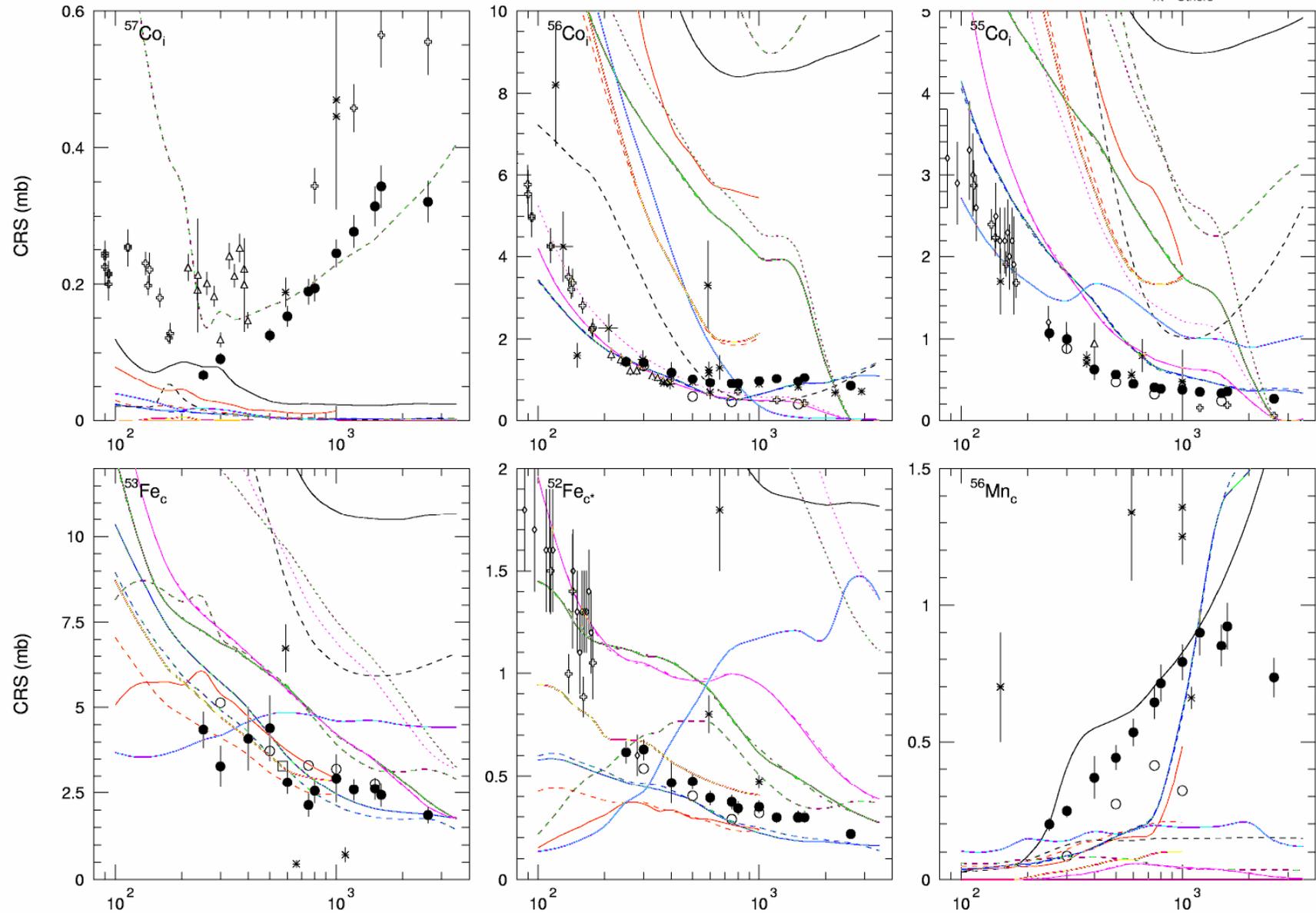
⊕ ZSR (R. Michel et al.)

△ Th. Schiekel et al.

◇ M. Fassbender et al.

□ SATURNE (W.R. Webber et al.)

* Others



$^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$ [2]

INCL/MCNPX (solid) BRIEFF (dashed)

CEM03.01 (solid) CEM2k/MCNPX (dashed) CEM03.G1 (dotted) CEM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

BERTINI (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

ISABEL (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

LAQGSM03.01 (solid) LAQGSM03.G1 (dotted) LAQGSM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

CASCADE 2004

LAHETO

● ITEP (This work)

○ GSI (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al.)

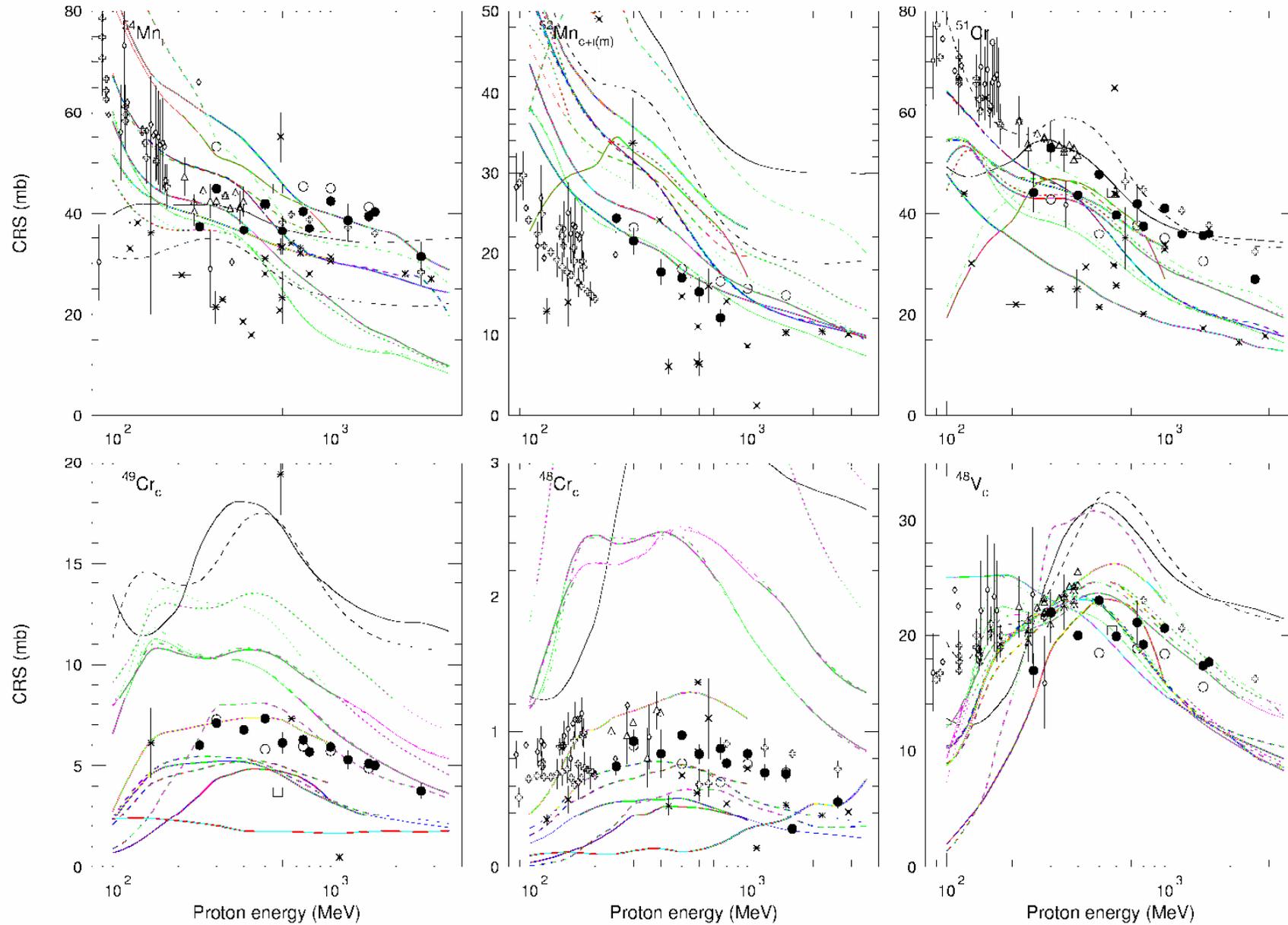
⊕ ZSR (R. Michel et al.)

△ Th. Schiel et al.

◇ M. Fassbender et al.

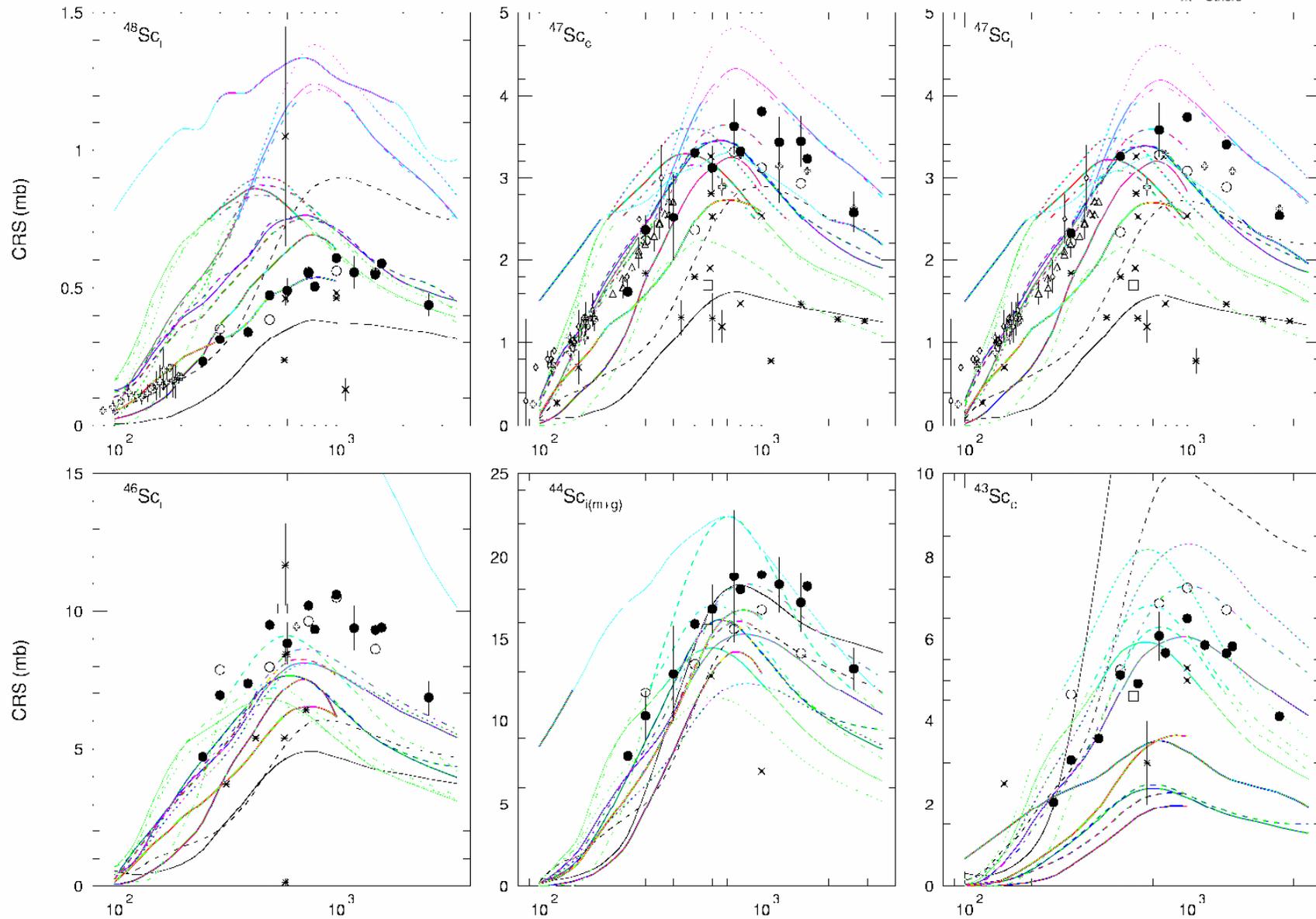
□ SATURNE (W.R. Webber et al.)

* Others



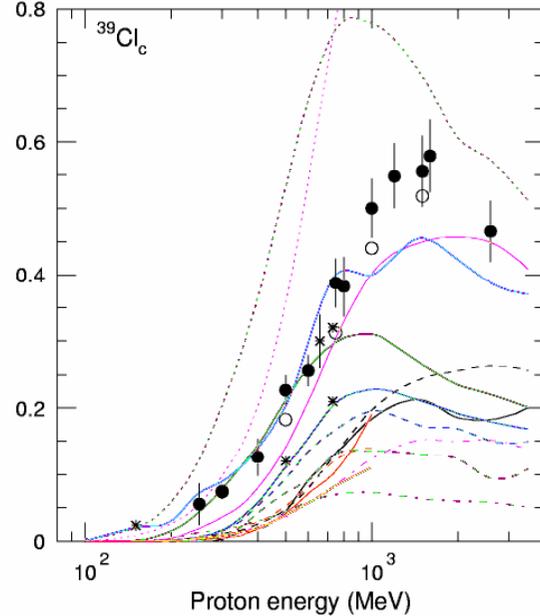
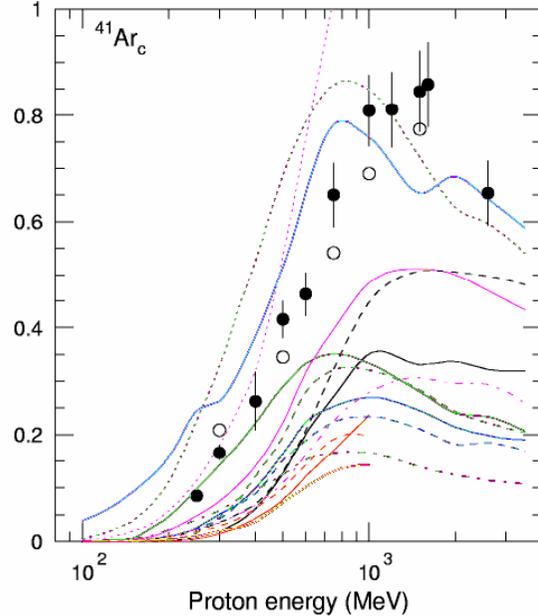
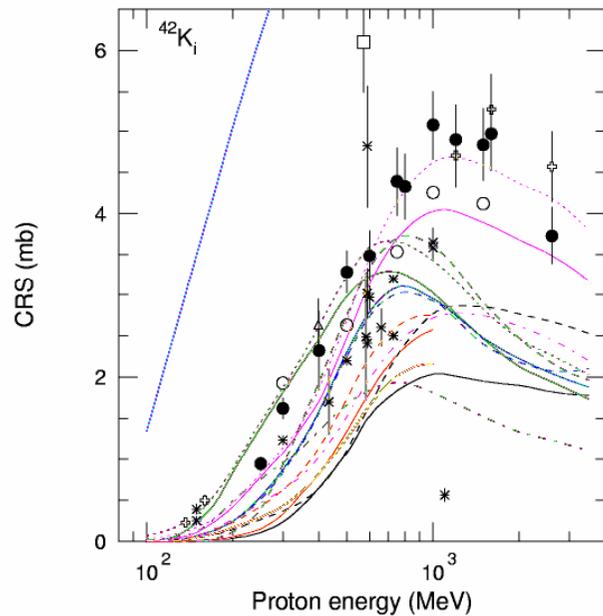
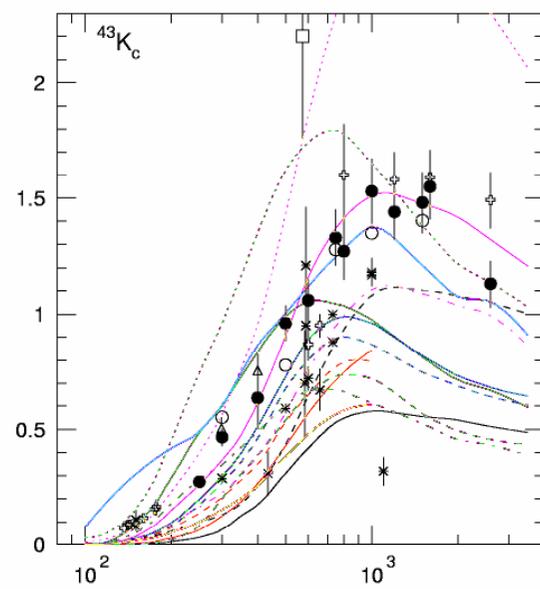
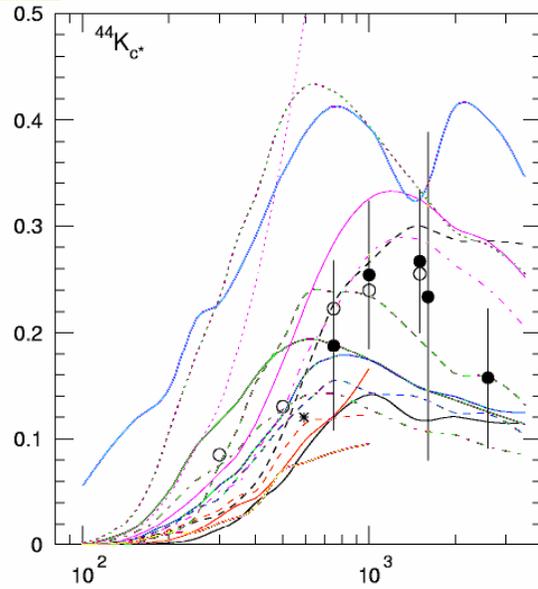
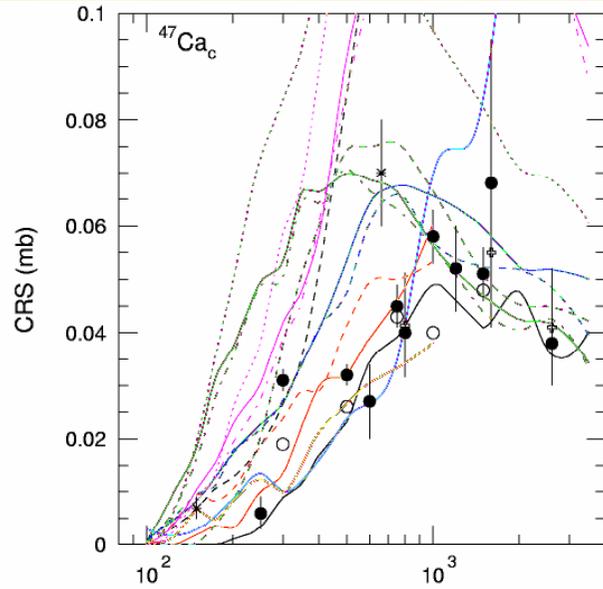
$^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$ [3]

- INCL/MCNPX (solid) BRIEFF (dashed)
- CEM03.01 (solid) CEM2k/MCNPX (dashed) CEM03.G1 (dotted) CEM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)
- BERTINI (MCNPX - solid, LAHET- dashed)
- ISABEL (MCNPX - solid, LAHET- dashed)
- LAQGS03.01 (solid) LAQGS03.G1 (dotted) LAQGS03.S1 (dashed-dotted)
- CASCADE 2004
- LAHETO
- ITEP (This work)
- GSI (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al.)
- ⊕ ZSR (R. Michel et al.)
- △ Th. Schielke et al.
- ◇ M. Fassbender et al.
- SATURNE (W.R. Webber et al.)
- * Others



$^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$ [4]

- INCL/MCNPX (solid) BRIEFF (dashed)
 - CEM03.01 (solid) CEM2k/MCNPX (dashed) CEM03.G1 (dotted) CEM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)
 - BERTINI (MCNPX - solid, LAHET- dashed)
 - ISABEL (MCNPX - solid, LAHET- dashed)
 - LAQGS03.01 (solid) LAQGS03.G1 (dotted) LAQGS03.S1 (dashed-dotted)
 - CASCADE-2004
 - LAHETO
- ITEP (This work)
 - GSI (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al.)
 - ⊕ ZSR (R. Michel et al.)
 - △ Th. Schiekel et al.
 - ◇ M. Fassbender et al.
 - SATURNE (W.R. Webber et al.)
 - * Others



$^{56}\text{Fe}(p,x)$ [5]

INCL/MCNPX (solid) BRIEFF (dashed)

CEM03.01 (solid) CEM2k/MCNPX (dashed) CEM03.G1 (dotted) CEM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

BERTINI (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

ISABEL (MCNPX - solid, LAHET - dashed)

LAQGSM03.01 (solid) LAQGSM03.G1 (dotted) LAQGSM03.S1 (dashed-dotted)

CASCADE-2004

LAHETO

● ITEP (This work)

○ GSI (C. Villagrasa-Canton et al.)

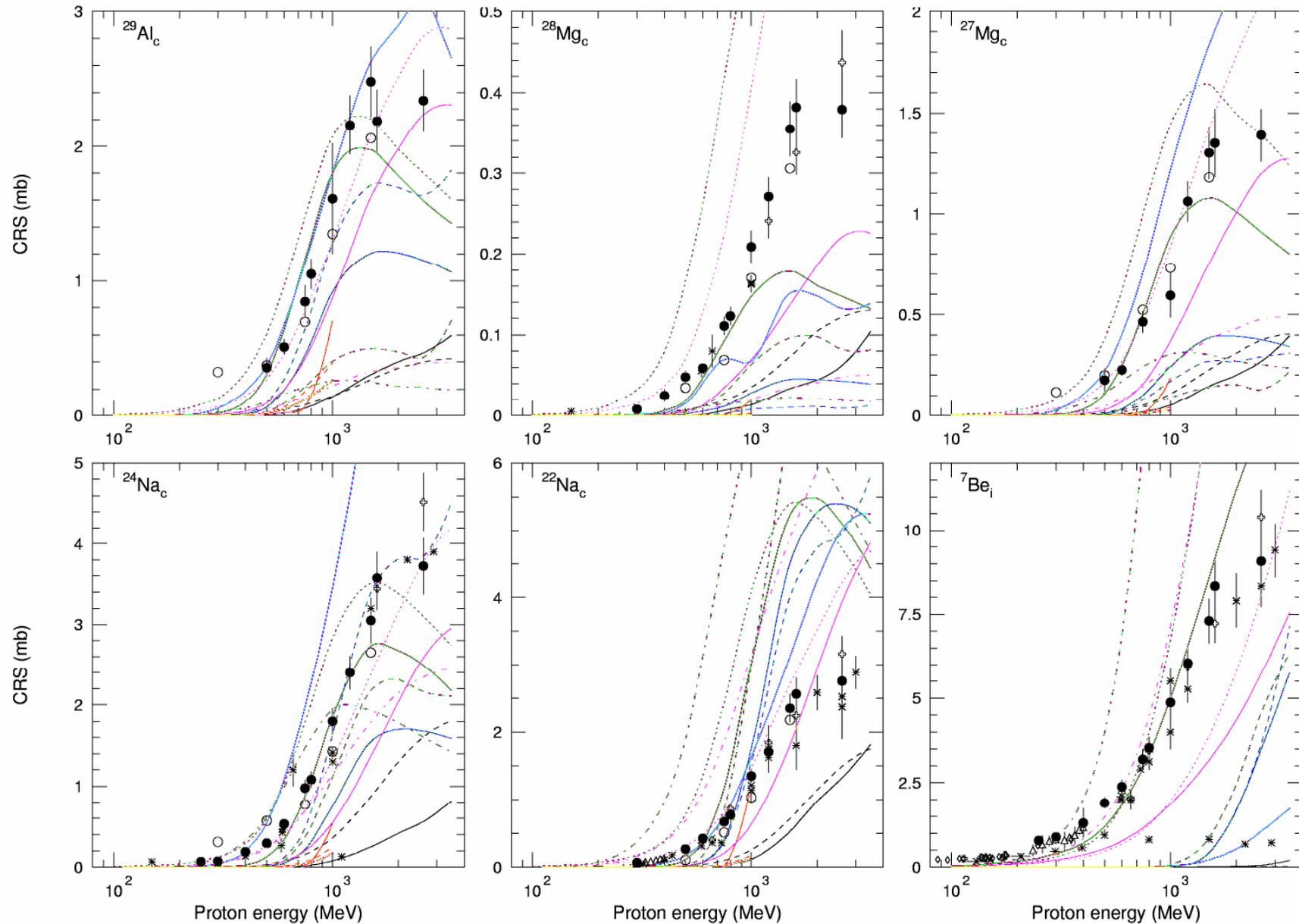
⊕ ZSR (R. Michel et al.)

△ Th. Schiek et al.

◇ M. Fassbender et al.

□ SATURNE (W.R. Webber et al.)

* Others



Conclusions

- 11'962 residual CRS's have been measured at ITEP during 1/10/1997 - 1/01/2008. At least 3 data sets (^{nat}Pb , ^{181}Ta , ^{56}Fe) measured at permanent energy list can well be used in Model Intercomparison. ^{181}Ta , ^{56}Fe data will be finished and available by 1/03/2009.

Target	Proton Energy (GeV)										
	0.04	0.07	0.1	0.15	0.25	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.6	2.6
^{209}Bi	13	35	50	71	106	128	147	162	183	192	198
^{nat}Pb	18	28	43	63	95	116	141	154	171	181	178
^{208}Pb	8	28	36	63	94	113	141	154	170	182	172
^{207}Pb	9	29	42	65	94	112	140	152	170	180	171
^{206}Pb	13	28	46	65	94	112	139	156	170	180	171
^{nat}W	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
^{181}Ta	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	i	i	i	i
^{93}Nb	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	105	110	123	128
^{nat}Ni	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	43	42	46	46
$^{56}\text{Fe} +$	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	38	39	38	40
^{nat}Cr	x	x	x	x	i	i	i	30	31	32	32

- To get smooth excitation function the codes should provide simulations for extended list of energies, e.g. 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 70, 85, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 1000, 1200, 1400, 1600, 2000, 2600, 3000 (or 3500) MeV. (30 energies)
- Statistics of simulations should not be less $N_{inter}(\text{min}) \sim 100 \cdot \sigma_{in} / \sigma_i(\text{min}) = 100 \cdot 1000\text{mb} / 0.01\text{mb} = 10 \cdot 10^6$ interactions ($\sim 30\text{energies} \cdot 3\text{sets} \cdot 10\text{M} = 1\text{B}$ interactions for each code)
- Mean squared deviation factor $\langle F \rangle$ should be estimated separately for low energy proton range (e.g. $20 \leq E_p \leq 200\text{MeV}$ (15 energies) and $200 < E_p \leq 3000\text{MeV}$ (15 energies))
- ITEP experience in calculation cumulative yields can be used
- Future ITEP experiments are planned to include Zr, Mo, Ti, Th, U.