

Results of the SMM model

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Model Codes for Spallation Reactions

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Université
de Liège

Outline

1 About SMM

- Structure
- Multifragmentation in spallation reactions

2 Results

- Neutrons
- LCP
- Residue cross sections

3 Conclusions

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- Structure
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Results

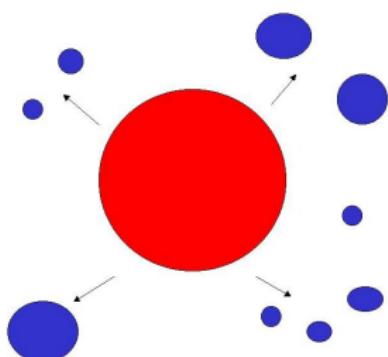
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Conclusions

The SMM model

SMM = Statistical Multifragmentation Model

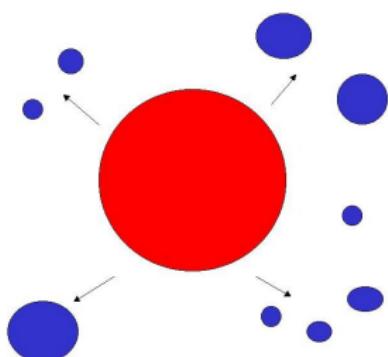


De-excitation mechanisms

- **Multifragmentation stage**
 - Thermodynamical configuration weights
 - **Several hot fragments**
- Secondary de-excitation (compound nucleus)
 - Fermi break-up
 - Evaporation $Z \leq 2$ (Weisskopf-Ewing)
 - Fission (Bohr-Wheeler)

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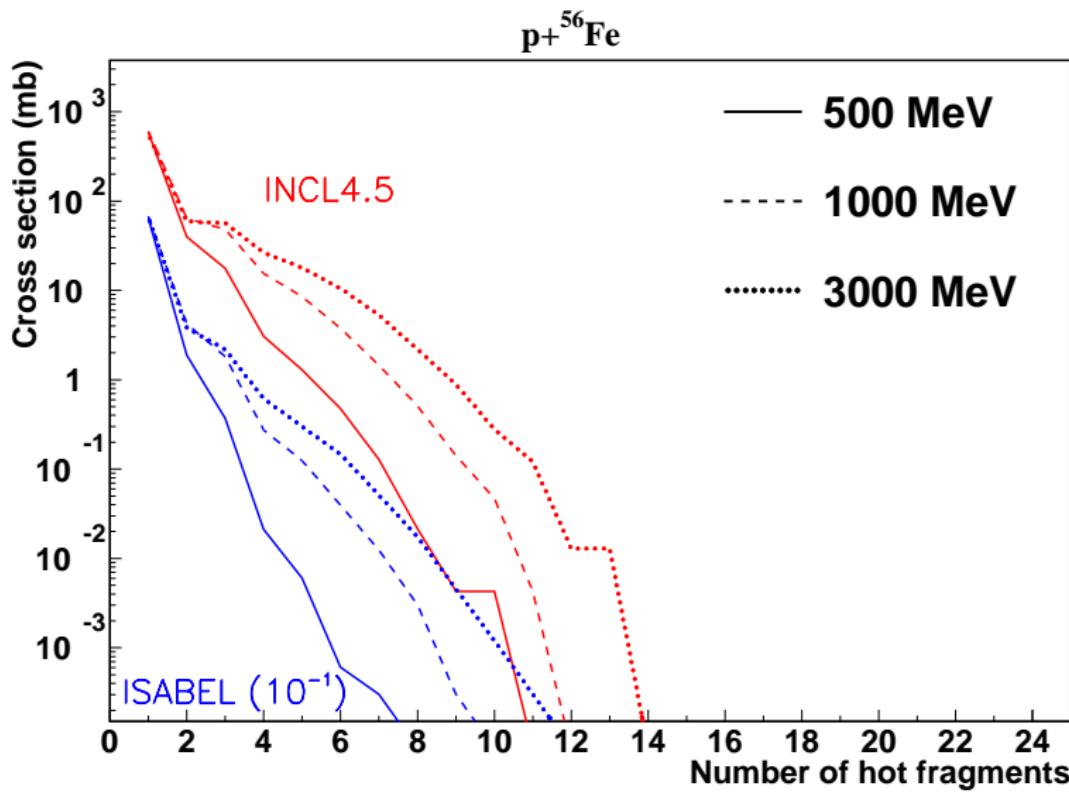
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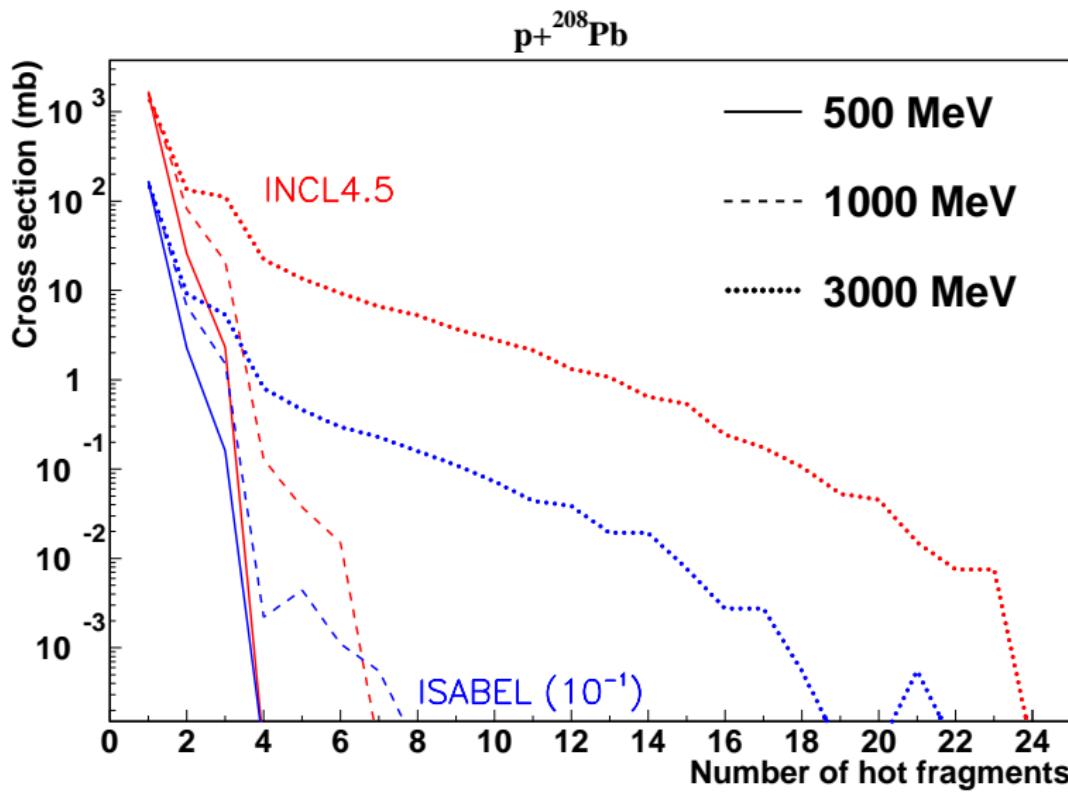
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Incidence of multifragmentation



Incidence of multifragmentation



Multifragmentation events

Multifragmentation $\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} 3+$ hot fragments

MF probability

p + Fe p + Pb

E_p (MeV)	INCL4.5	Isabel
500	3.47%	0.60%
1000	10.42%	3.07%
3000	16.27%	4.51%

$\langle N_{\text{fragments}} \rangle$

E_p (MeV)	INCL4.5	Isabel
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p + Pb

E_p (MeV)	INCL4.5	Isabel
500	0.14%	0.10%
1000	1.18%	0.86%
3000	10.12%	4.32%

$\langle N_{\text{fragments}} \rangle$

E_p (MeV)	INCL4.5	Isabel
500	1.14	1.04
1000	1.37	1.13
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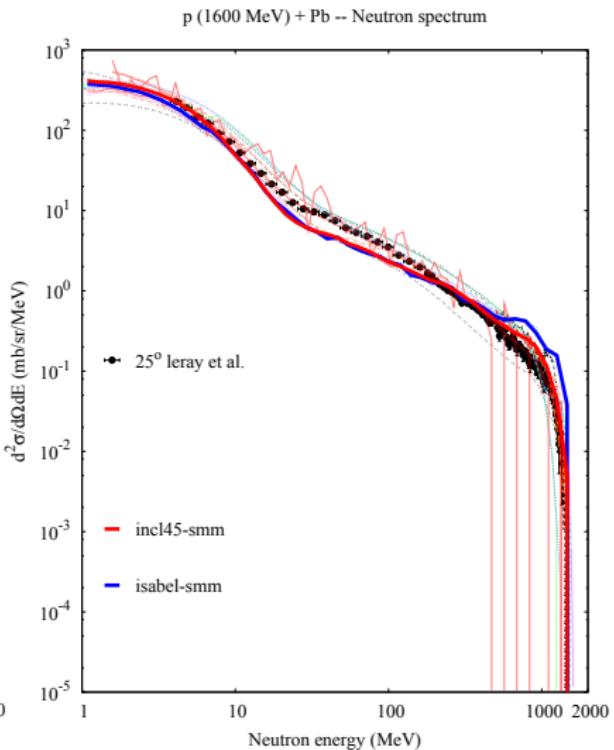
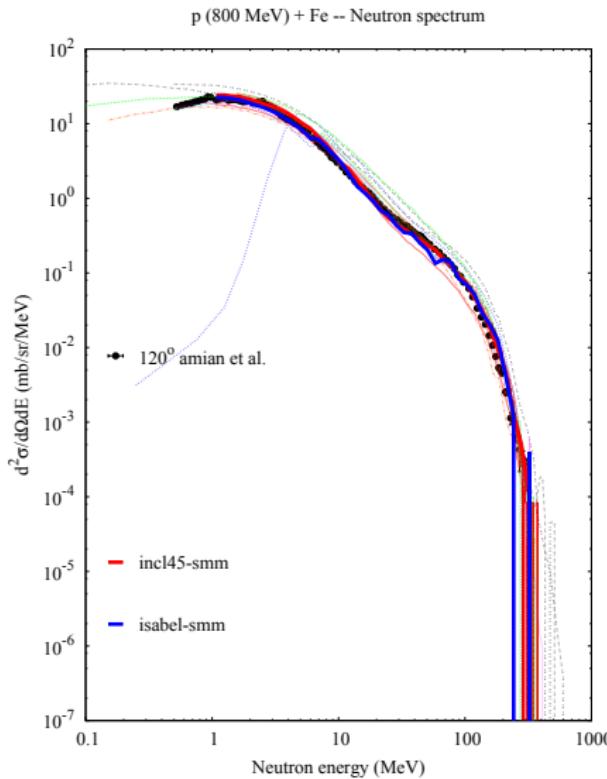
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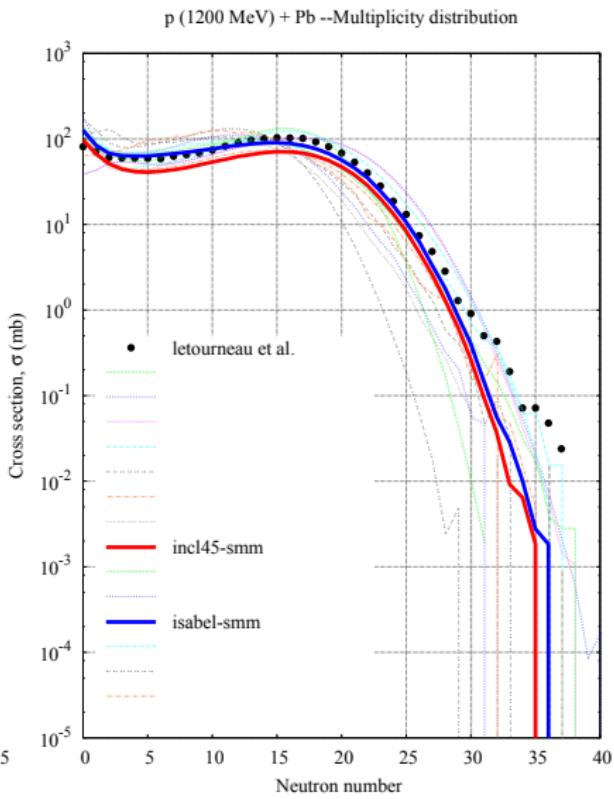
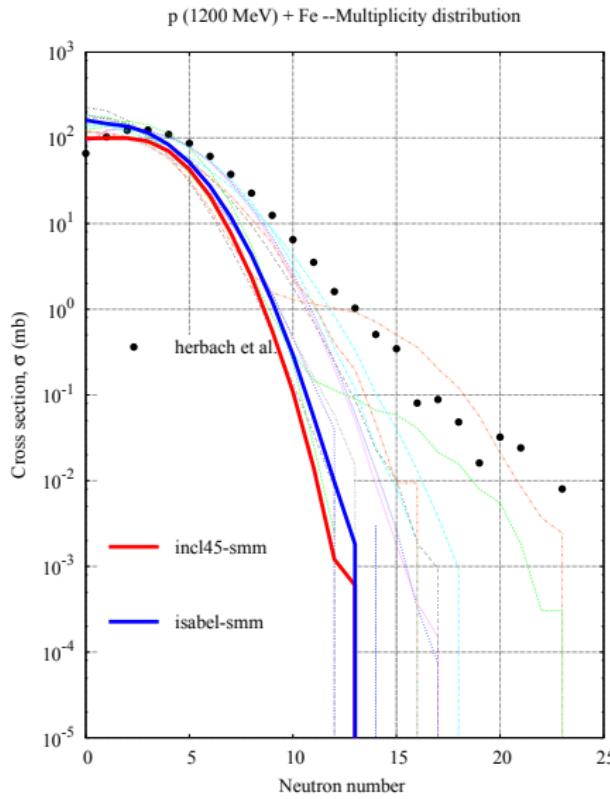
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Neutron spectra



Neutron multiplicity distributions



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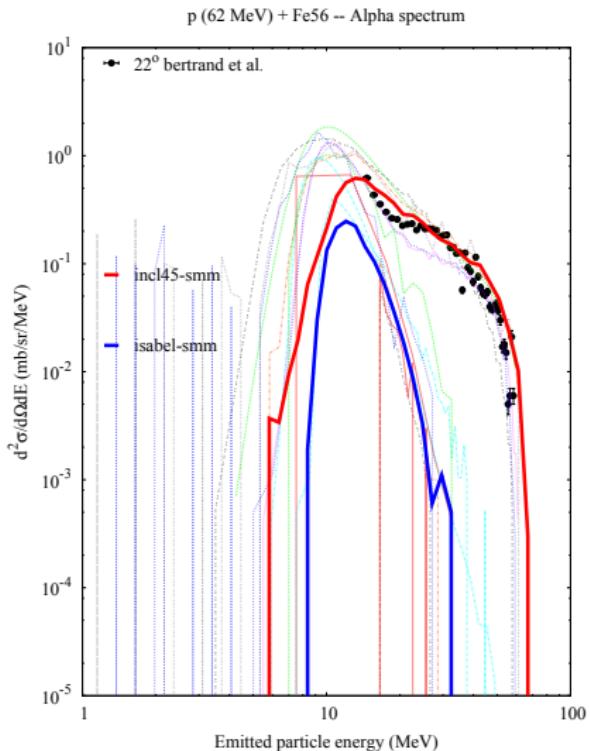
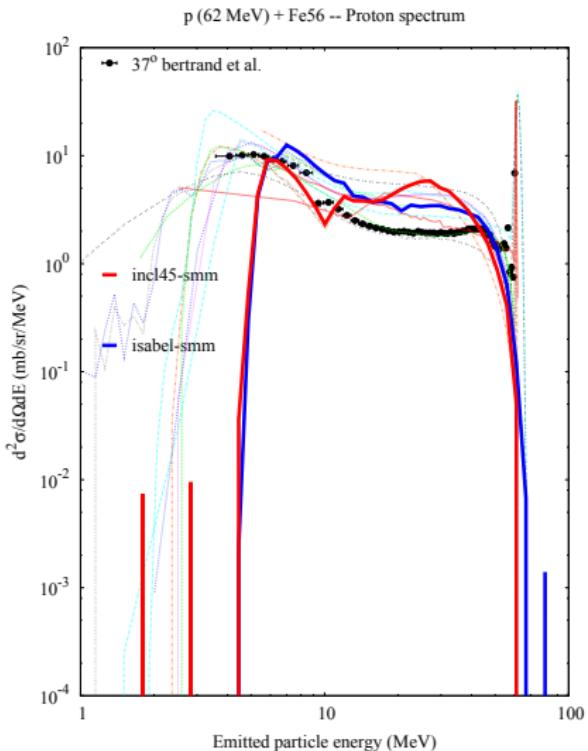
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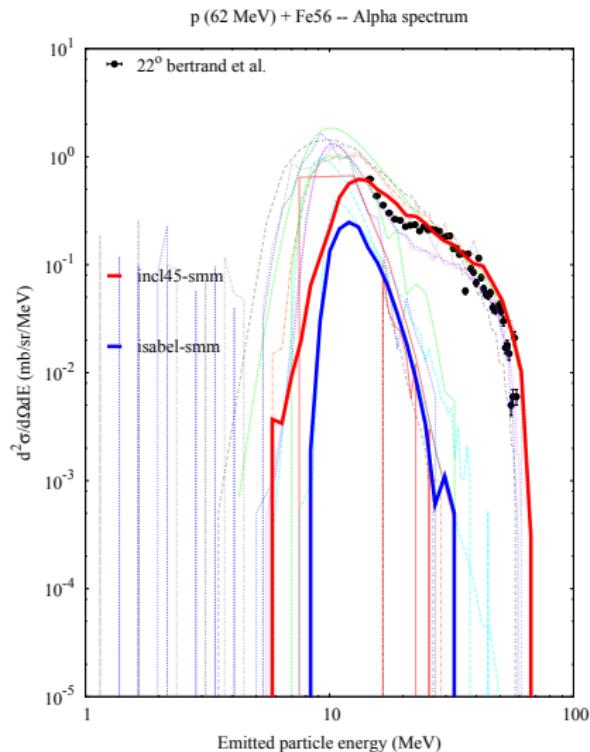
3 Conclusions

Low-energy systems



Low-energy systems

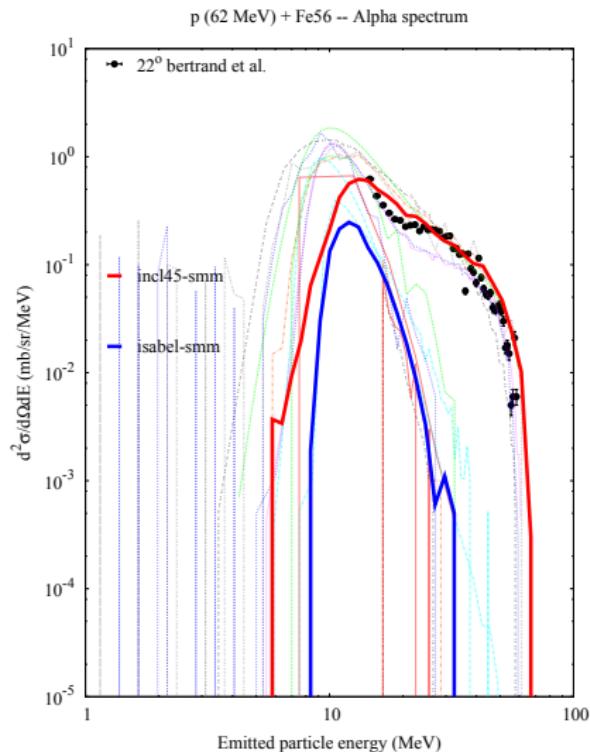
- De-excitation \ll INC
- $E \lesssim$ INC theoretical limit



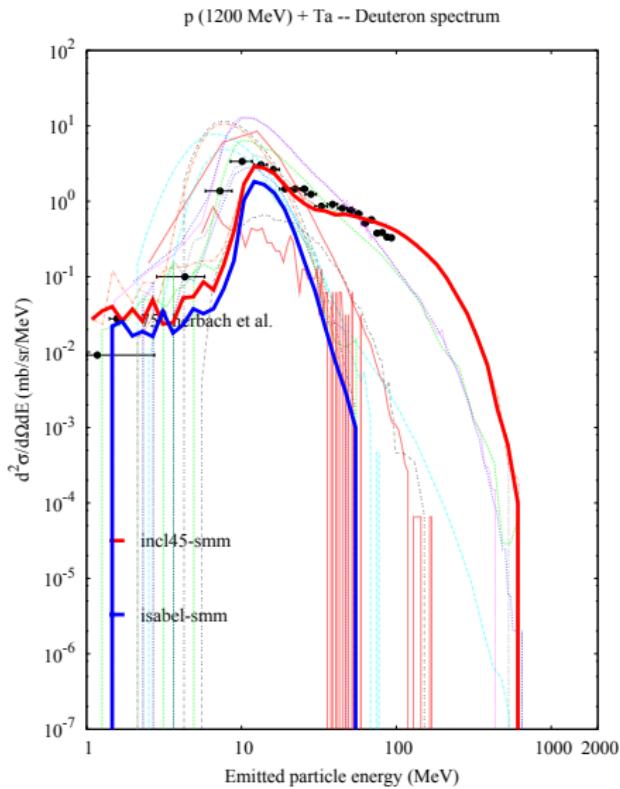
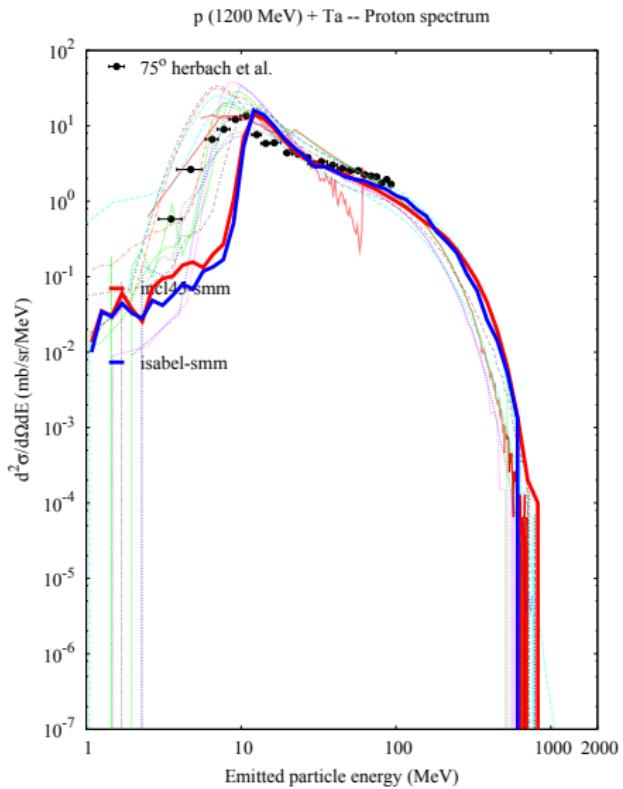
Low-energy systems

No pre-equilibrium clusters from Isabel!

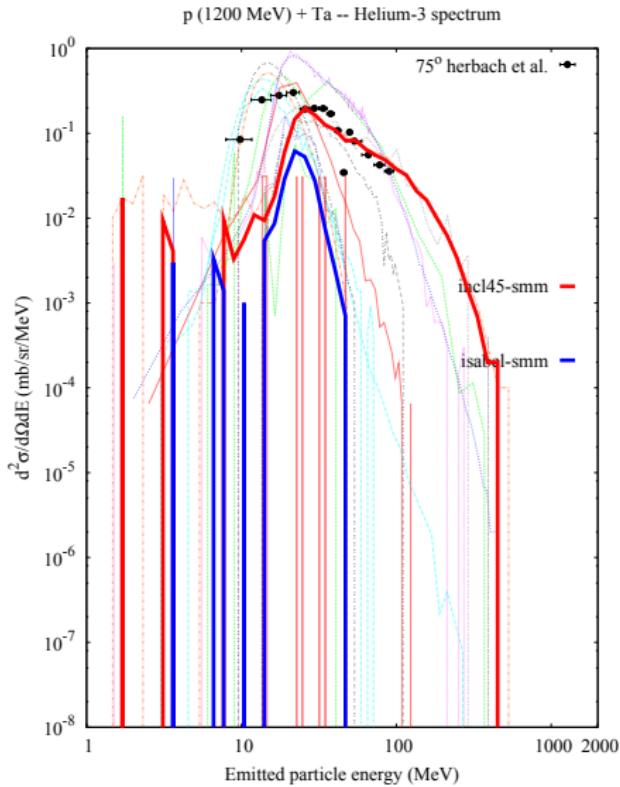
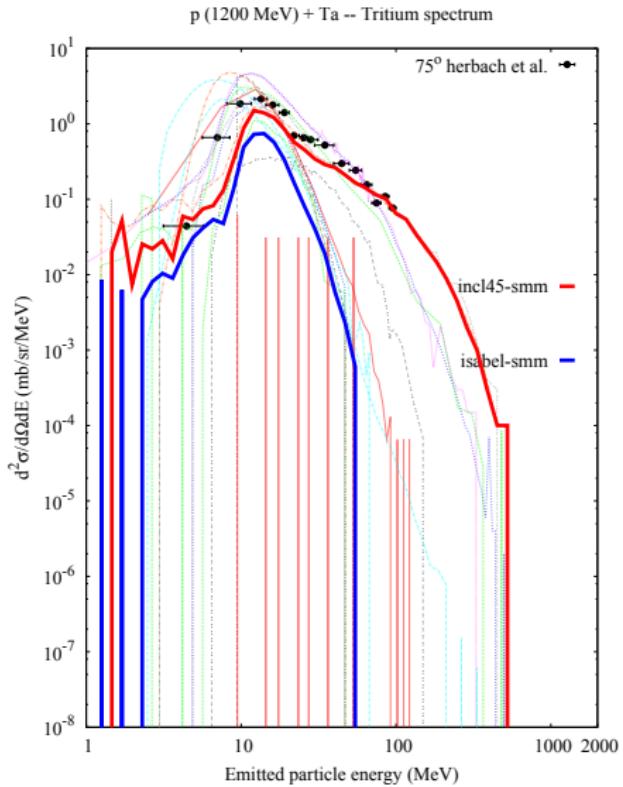
- Difficult to assess the cascade contribution
- Meaningful comparison only with INCL4.5



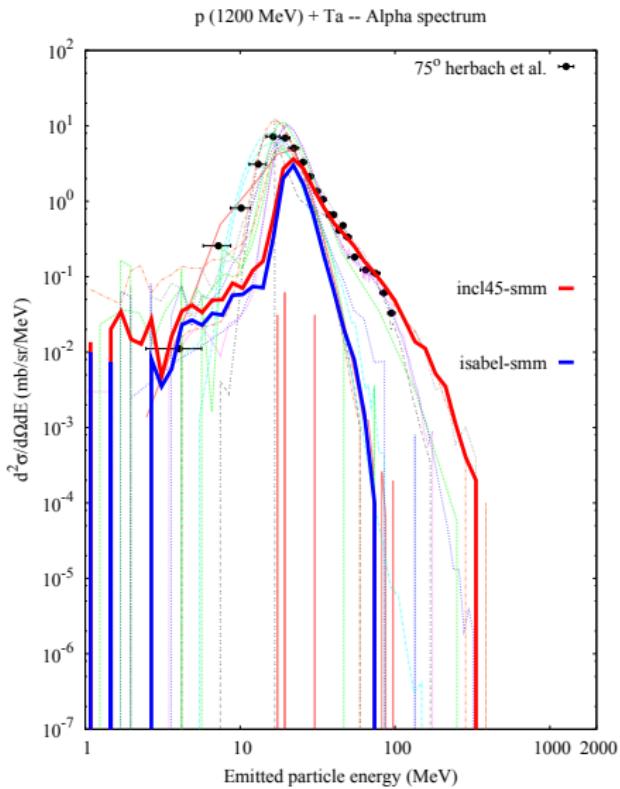
High-energy systems



High-energy systems



High-energy systems



LCP spectra

- Yields OK within a factor of 2
- Barriers are too sharp!
 - On the to-do list

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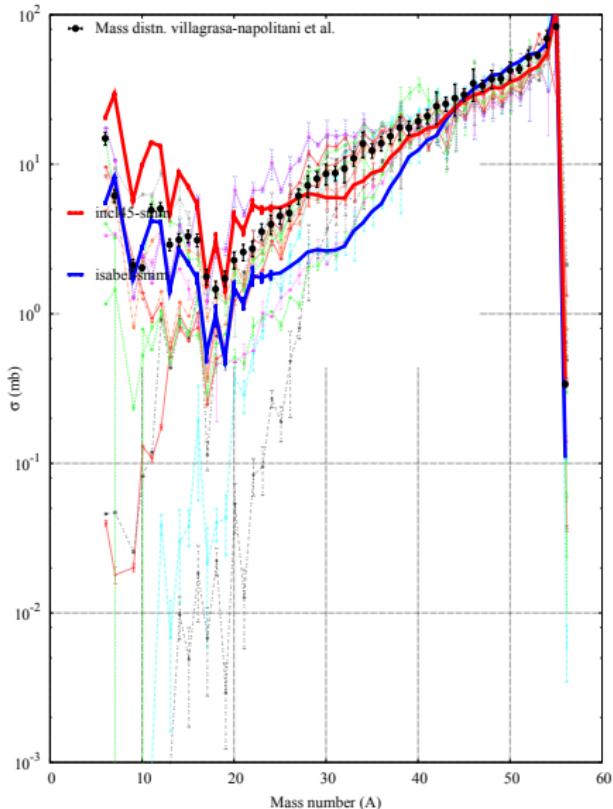
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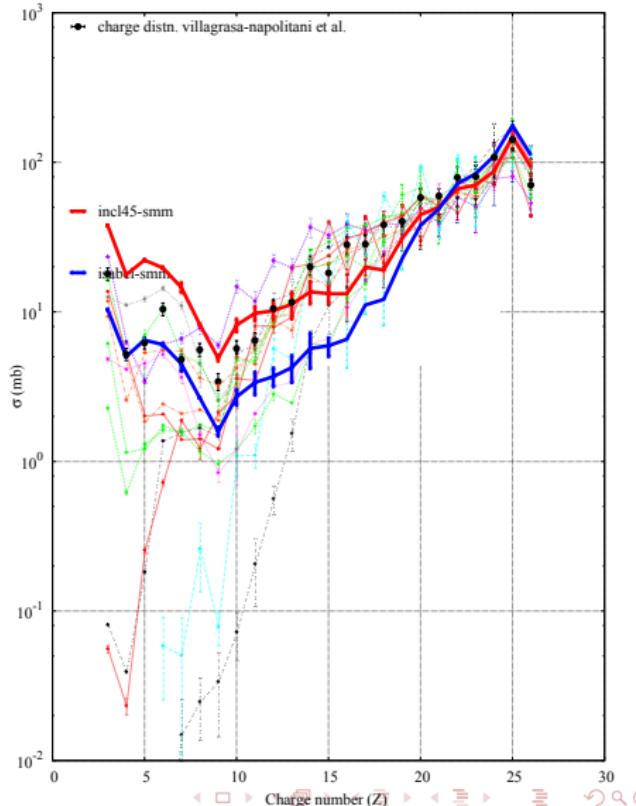
Conclusions

$p + {}^{56}\text{Fe}$, Z distributions

p (1000 MeV) + Fe56 -- Residue mass production

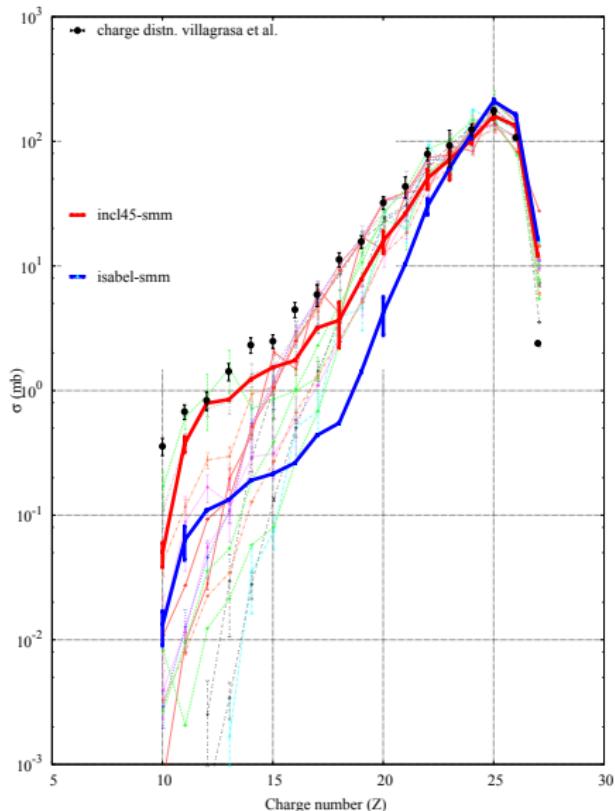


p (1000 MeV) + Fe56 -- Residue charge production

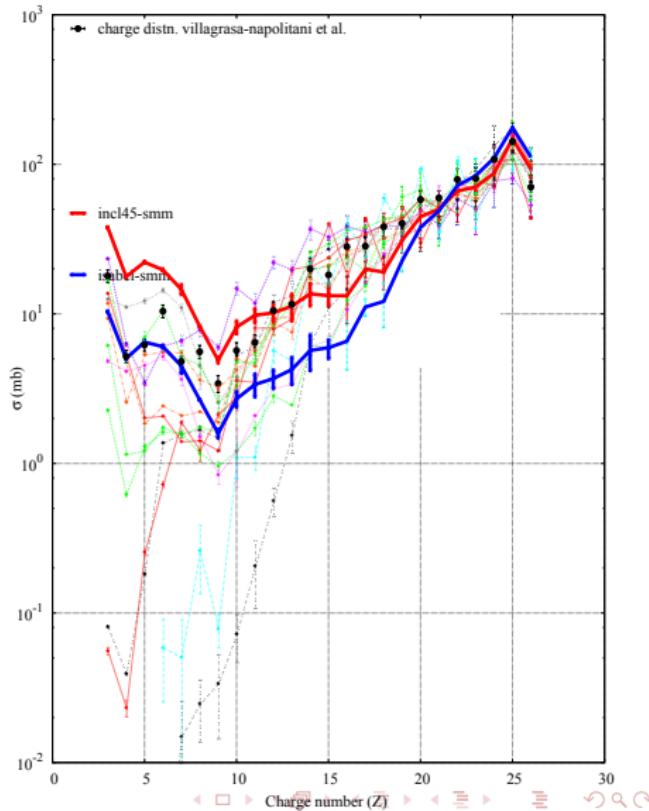


$p + {}^{56}\text{Fe}$, Z distributions

p (300 MeV) + Fe56 -- Residue charge production



p (1000 MeV) + Fe56 -- Residue charge production



$p + {}^{56}\text{Fe}$, Z distributions

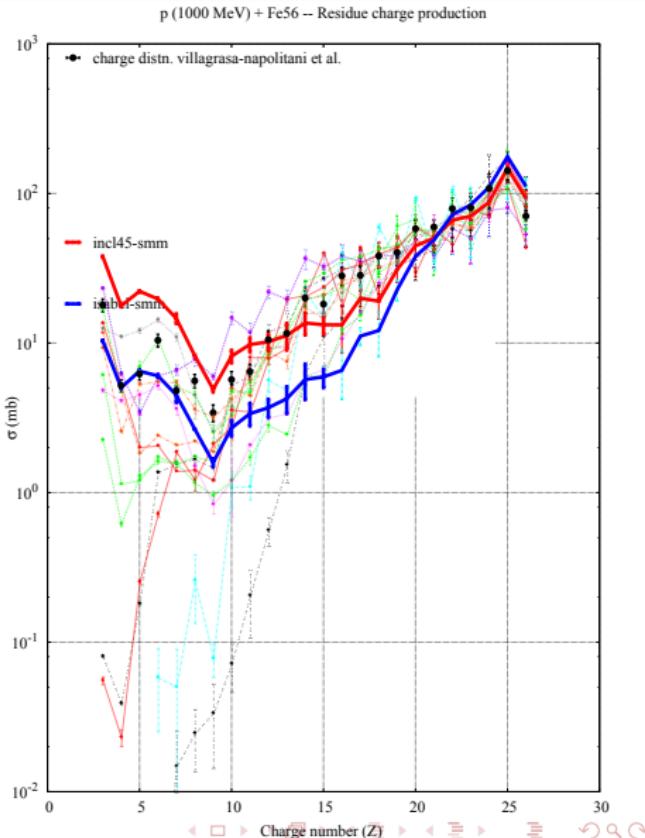
Sensitivity to INC

Isabel:

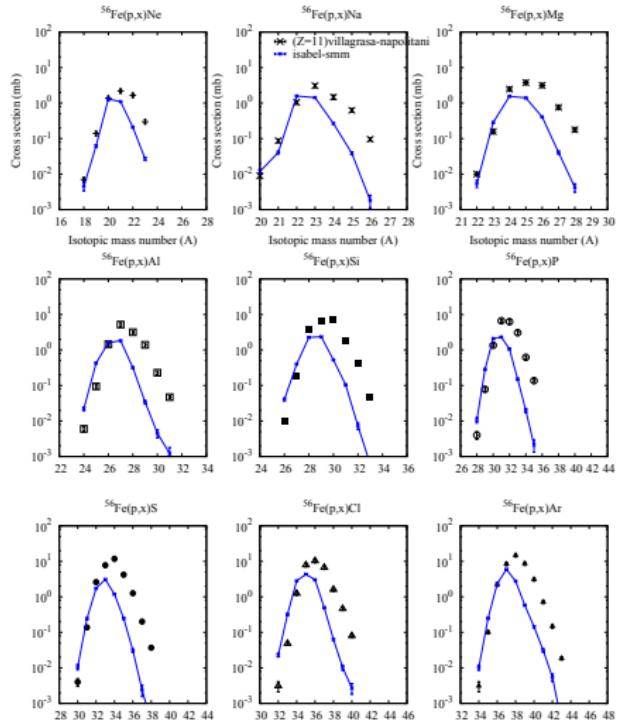
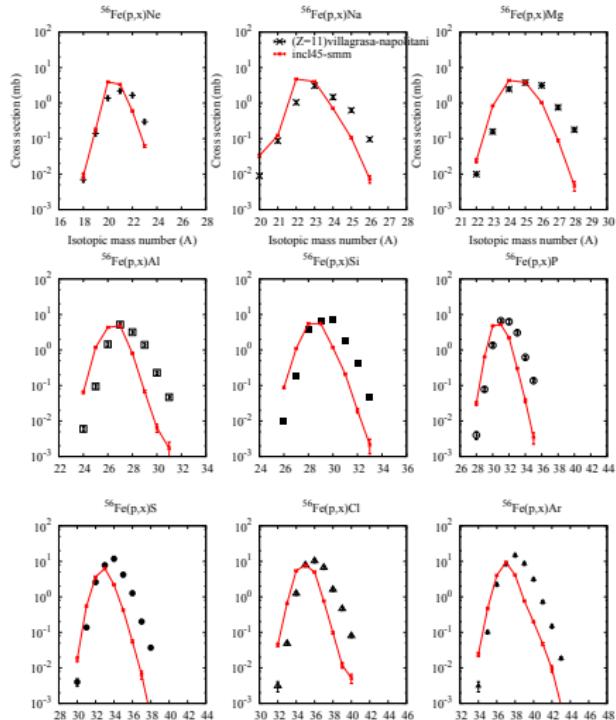
- ✗ not enough evaporation products
- ✓ IMFs \sim OK

INCL4.5:

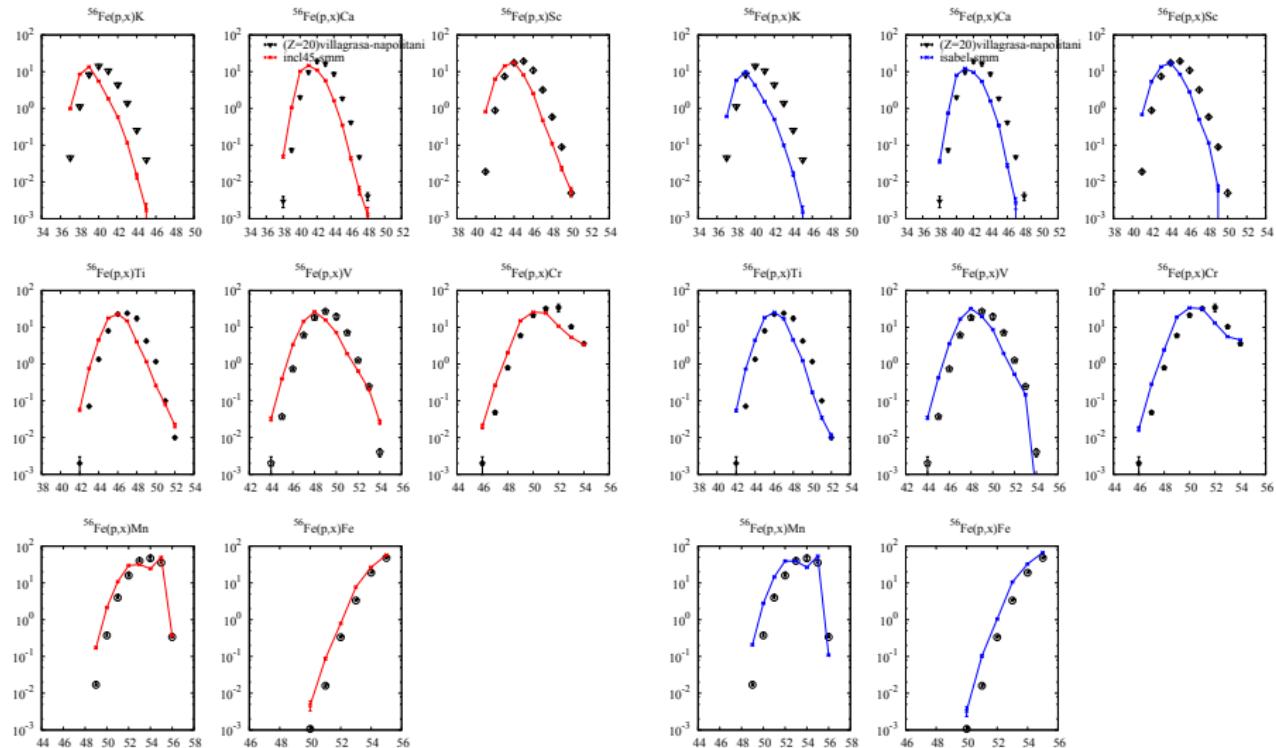
- ✓ evaporation products \sim OK
- ✗ too many IMFs



$p + {}^{56}\text{Fe}$, isotopic distributions



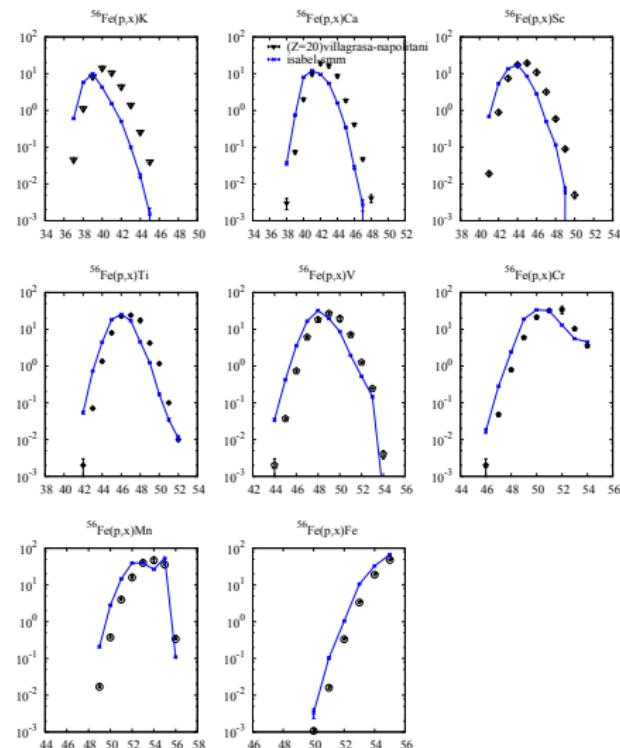
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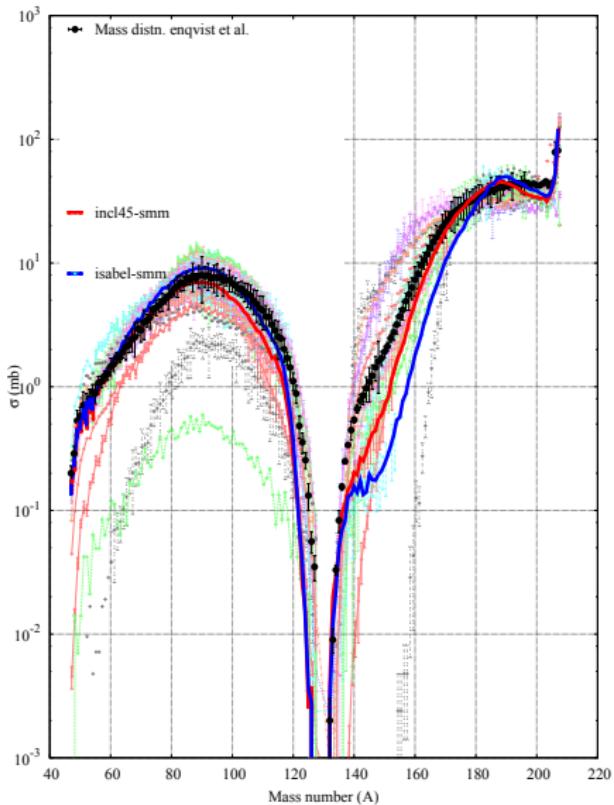
Solid result

Residues are too neutron-poor

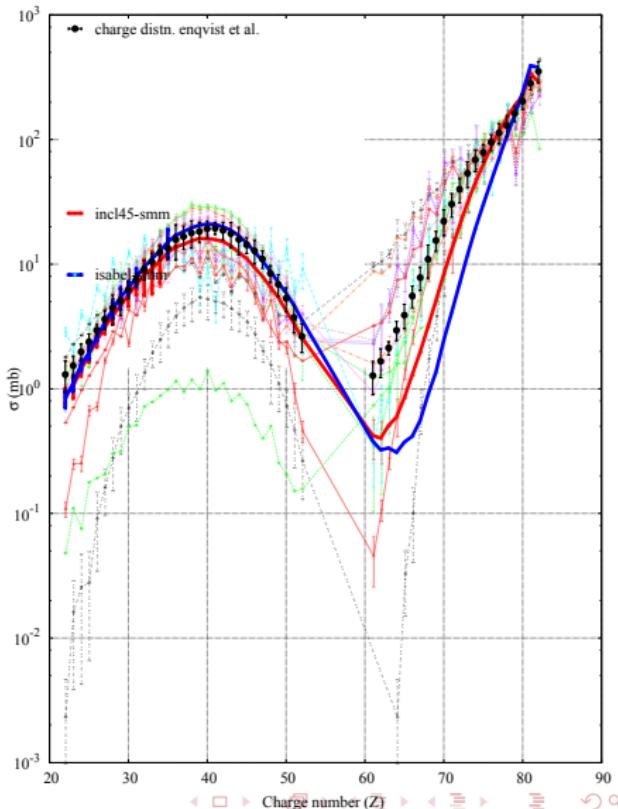


$p + {}^{208}\text{Pb}$, Z distributions

p (1000 MeV) + Pb208 -- Residue mass production

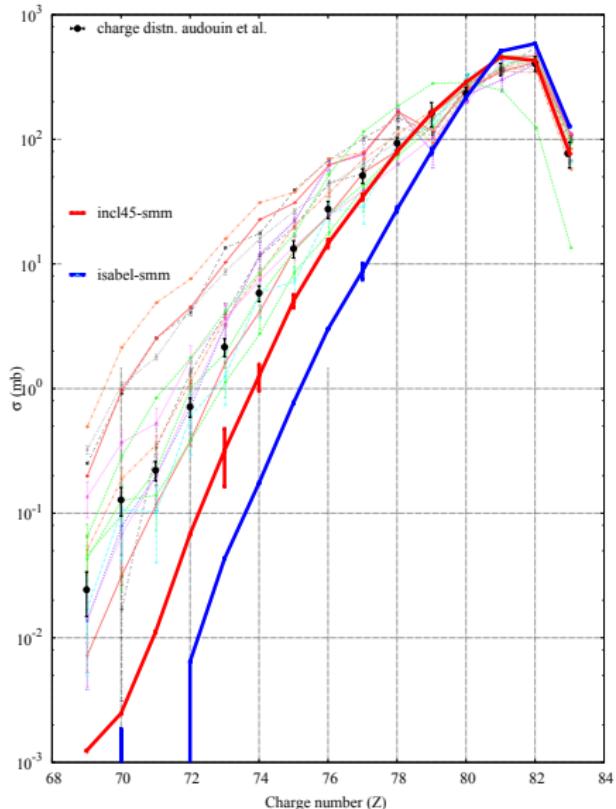


p (1000 MeV) + Pb208 -- Residue charge production

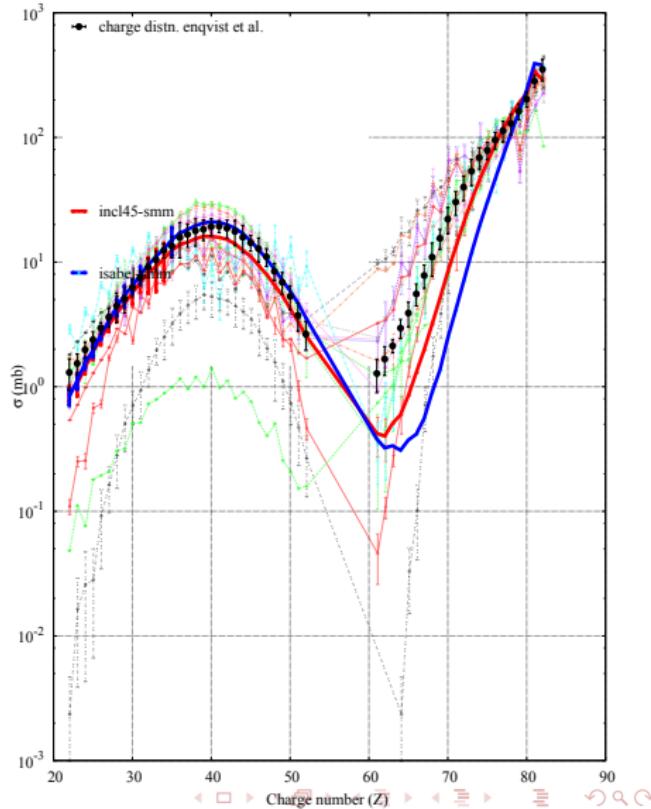


$p + {}^{208}\text{Pb}$, Z distributions

p (500 MeV) + Pb208 -- Residue charge production



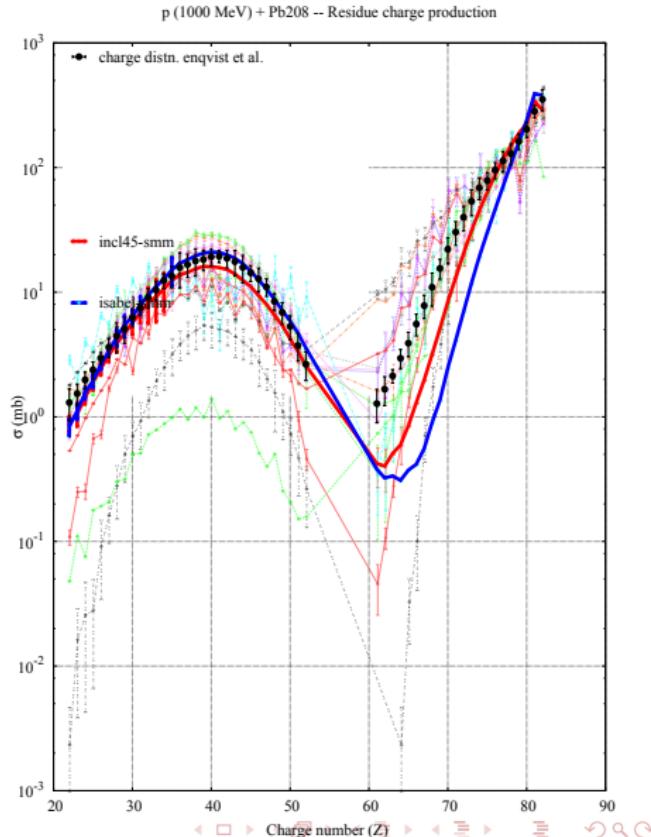
p (1000 MeV) + Pb208 -- Residue charge production



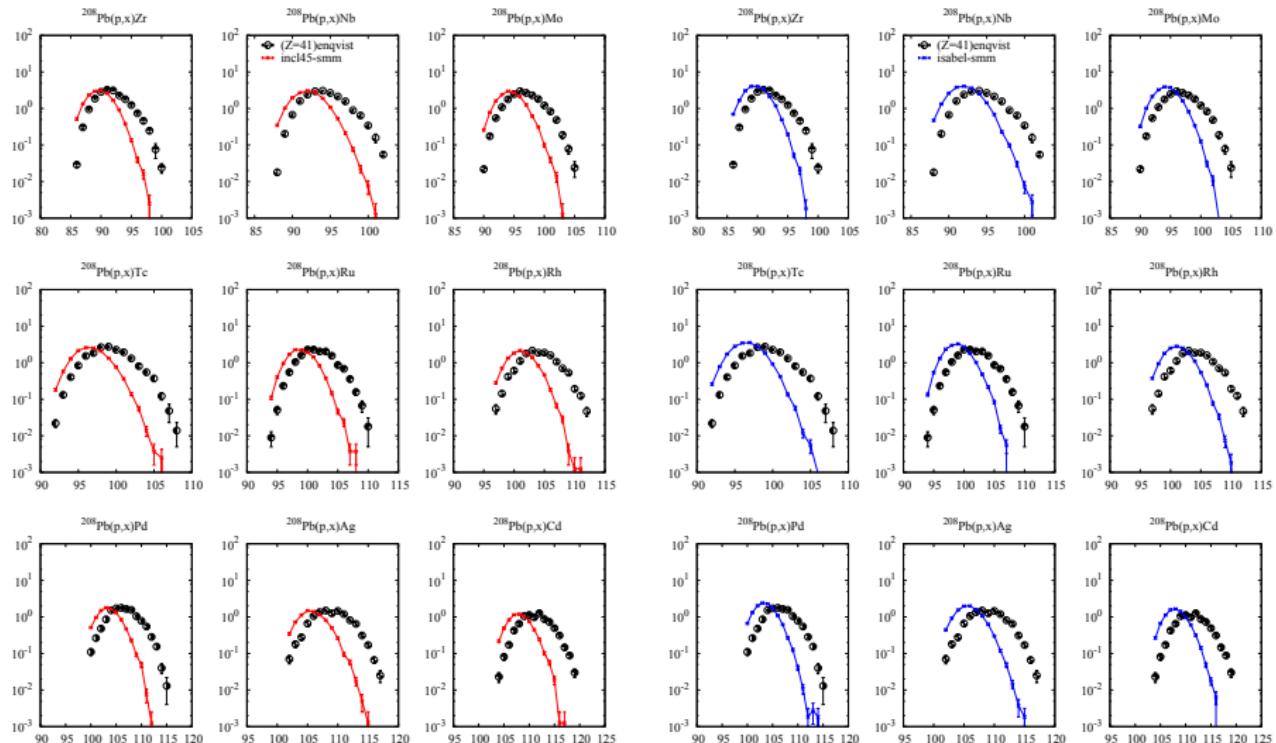
$p + {}^{208}\text{Pb}$, Z distributions

Solid results

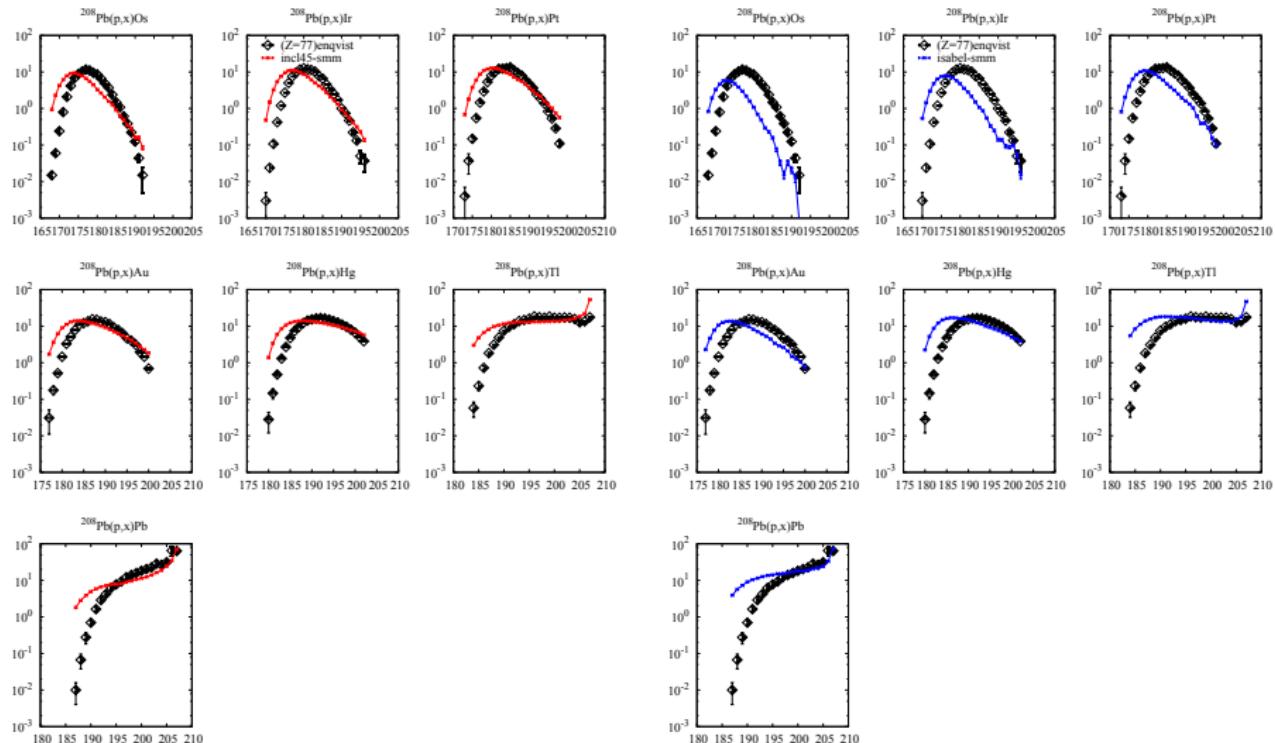
- ✓ Fission XS \sim OK
- ✗ Evaporation shoulder
 - IMF emission?



$p + {}^{208}\text{Pb}$, isotopic distributions



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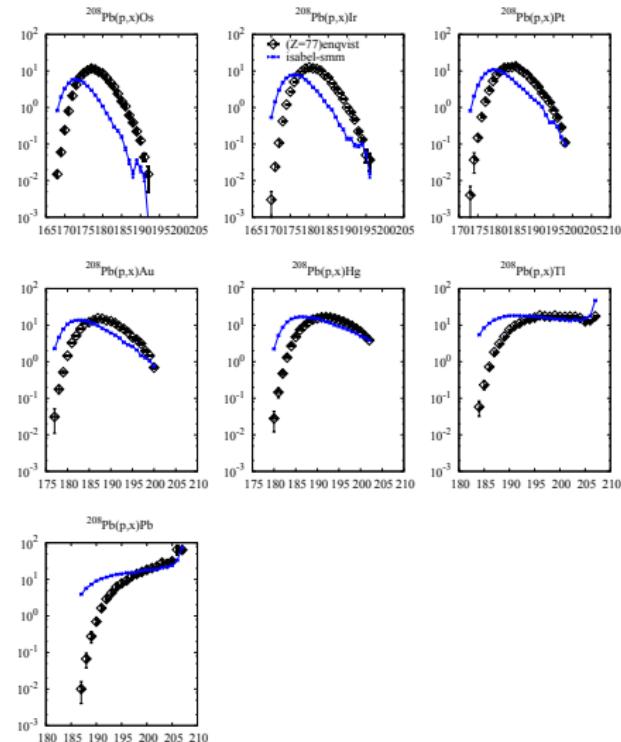


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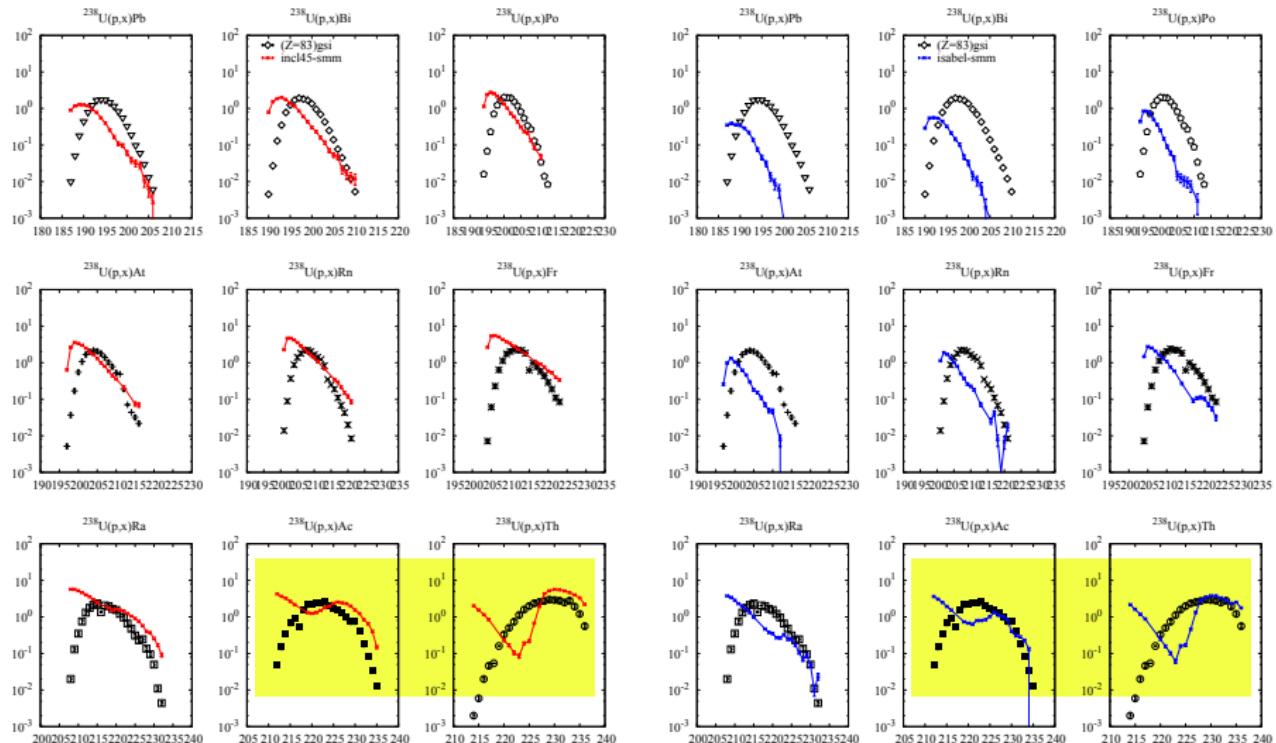
Solid result

Residues are too neutron-poor

- Same conclusion can be drawn for Fe, Pb and U

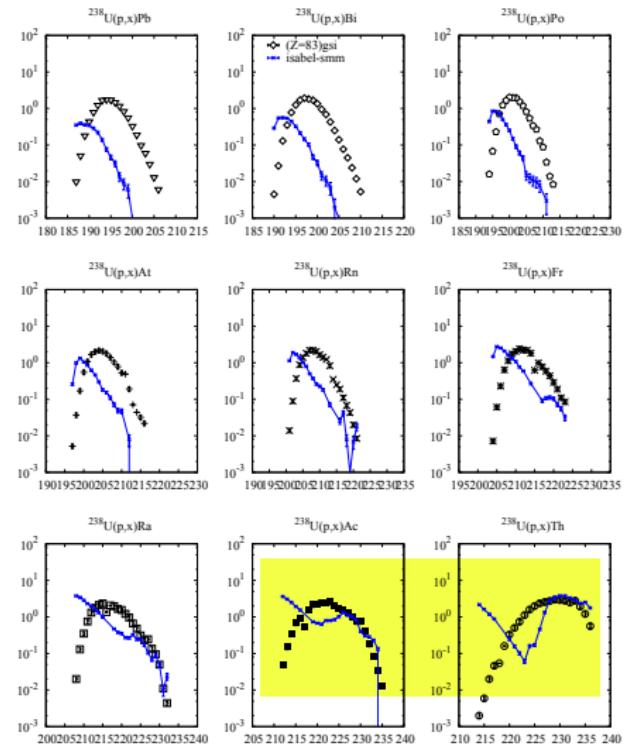


$p + {}^{238}\text{U}$, isotopic distributions



$p + {}^{238}\text{U}$, isotopic distributions

A clue for the neutron-poor residues?



Conclusions

- Multifragmentation in SMM is frequent!
- ✓ Neutrons
- LCP
 - ✓ Yields
 - ✗ Barriers
- Residues
 - ✓ Fission
 - ?? Evaporation residues
 - ✗ Isospin

To do

- Quantify the importance of MF
- Refine CN de-excitation
- Correlations would make this task easier
 - Next intercomparison?

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Thank you!